RAS M-335

SUBJECT: OE21421 - (Preliminary) Loss of condenser vacuum due to air in-leakage and a degraded steam jet air ejector train

* ** RESTRICTED AND CONFIDENTIAL

Abstract: With Dresden Unit 3 at 100 percent power, a derate was required to maintain condenser vacuum after a step increase in air inleakage to the condenser. The event was compounded by operation on a degraded steam jet air ejector train.

Reason for Message: When evaluating steam jet air ejector trains for operation during summer months consider the health of the trains. Summer months are the largest challenge for air ejectors when condensate temperatures reach their highest levels and degrade the steam jet air ejector inter condenser vacuum and, as a result, the efficiency of the steam jets. Had the 3A steam jet air ejector train been in service, Dresden Unit 3 would have been able to operate with the elevated in-leakage. Additionally, the most probable location of the in-leakage is from the vacuum pump piping that ties into the center waterbox. This was identified as a suspect location of leakage at Quad Cities in 2001.

Event date: 8/15/05.

Station/ Unit Name: NSSS/A-E: & Lundy Turbine Manufacturer:

Dresden /Unit 3 Westinghouse/ Sargent

and the second second

the second s

distante destation and statistical and the second second second second second second second second second second

And the second second

DS-03

Westinghouse

Component Information: Unit 3B Second Stage Air Ejector Manufacturer: Ingersoll Rand (now alstom power) Model Number: #1 4MF-24, #2 4MF-8 Part Number:

Description: The following chronology describes the course of this event and associated actions:

April 2005 Dresden Unit 3 shifted to 3B offgas train for maintenance on the 3A train 8/15/05 Offgas flow increases to 196 SCFM , Reduced load to 860 Mwe due to SJAE "chugging" 8/19/05 8/20/05 Indication of leak in condenser from Helium testing 8/21/05 · Attempted to increase load to 912 Mwe but had to abort due to condenser backpressure transient and onset of SJAE "chugging" 8/25/05 Reduced load to 500 Mwe and shifted to the 3A offgas train Returned to full power (912 Mwe) on the 3A offgas 8/26/05 and the second secon train

Causes:

The most probable cause of air in-leakage (unconfirmed because outage has not been taken yet to confirm the leak) is from the circulating

Inplate Serg-028

| | ٠ <u>٢</u> | |
|--|------------|--|
| | | |
| | | |
| U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION | | |
| In the Matter of <u>Extract</u> <u>November</u> <u>Verset</u> <u>Tenkin</u> Docket No. <u>50-271</u> <u>Official Exhibit No. <u>E 4-17-</u>VY OFFERED by <u>Applicant/Licensee</u> Intervenor</u> | | |
| IDENTIFIED on 7/23/08 Witness/Panel NEC 4 | · · · | |
| | | |
| | | |

,

water vacuum pump (water side of the condenser used for system start-up)

The most probable cause of the lost generation is degraded 2nd stage Steam Jet Air Ejector on the 3B train.

Corrective Actions:

Repair the condenser waterbox leak during next outage of sufficient duration

Repair the 3B steam jet air ejector during next refueling outage

Safety Significance:

None

Information Contact:

S. Miller, 815-416-3872, scott.miller2@exeloncorp.com C. Bowser, 815-416-3808, charlie.bowser@exeloncorp.com

NOTICE:

Please note that access to Nuclear Network is restricted to organizations authorized by INPO. The information exchanged via this network is confidential and for the sole use of the authorized organization. Confidentiality is important to ensure the open and frank exchange of information among authorized organizations. Messages and other information on this web site should not be published, disclosed, abstracted, or otherwise transferred in any form to any third party, and their contents should not be made public without the prior written consent of INPO

> DOCKETED USNRC

August 12, 2008 (11:00am)

OFFICE OF SECRETARY RULEMAKINGS AND ADJUDICATIONS STAFF