VOLUME 9
INDUSTRIAL SAFETY CATEGORY

SUBCATEGORY REPORT 90400 PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

UPDATED

TVA NUCLEAR POWER

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REPORT NUMBER: 90400

REPORT TYPE: Watts Bar Nuclear Plant Subcategory

REVISION NUMBER: 2

TITLE: Protective Equipment As Related

to Industrial Safety

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REASON FOR REVISION:

Minor editorial changes and revisions to sections 5.0, 6.0, and 7.0

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*SRP Secretary's signature denotes SRP concurrences are in files.

Preface, Glossary, and List of Acronyms for ECTG Subcategory Reports

HISTORY OF REVISION

REV NUMBER	PAGES 1	EVISED	REASON FOR CURRENT REVISION
:	i		To clarify that one or more attachments will help the reader find where a particular concern is evaluated

TVA EMPLOYEE CONCERNS

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Prefece

This subcategory report is one of a series of reports prepared for the Employee Concerns Special Program (ECSP) of the Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA). The ECSP and the organization which carried out the program, the Employee Concerns Task Group (ECTG), were established by TVA's Manager of Nuclear Power to evaluate and ruport on those Office of Nuclear Power (ONP) employee concerns filed before February 1, 1986. Concerns filed after that date are handled by the ongoing ONP Employee Concerns Program (ECP).

The ECSP addressed over 580 employee concerns. Each of the concerns was a formal, written description of a circumstance or circumstances that an employee thought was unsafe, wo just, inefficient, or inappropriate. The mission of the Employee Concern. Special Program was to thoroughly investigate all issues presented in the concerns and to report the results of those investigations in a form accessible to CNP employees, the NRC, and the general public. The results of these investigations are communicated by four levels of ECSP reports: element, subcategory, category, and final.

Element reports, the lowest reporting level, will be published only for those concerns directly affecting the restart of Sequoyah Nuclear Plant's reactor unit 2. An element consists of one or more closely related issues. An issue is a potential problem identified by ECTG during the evaluation process as having been raised in one or more concerns. For efficient handling, what appeared to be similar concerns were grouped into elements early in the program, but issue definitions emerged from the evaluation process itself. Consequently, some elements did include only one issue but often the ECTG evaluation found more than one issue per element.

Subcategory reports summarize the evaluation of a number of elements. However, the subcategory report does more than collect element level evaluations. The subcategory level overview of element findings leads to an integration of information that cannot take place at the element level. This integration of information reveals the extent to which problems overlap more than one element and will therefore require corrective action for underlying causes not fully apparent at the element level.

To make the subcategory reports easier to understand, three items have been placed at the front of each report: a preface, a glossary of the terminology unique to ECSP reports, and a list of acronyms.

Additionally, at the end of each subcategory report will be a Subcategory Summary Table that includes the concern numbers; identifies other subcategories that share a concern; designates nuclear safety-related, safety significant, or non-safety related concerns; designates generic applicability; and briefly states each concern.

Either the Subcategory Summary Table or another attachment or a combination of the two will enable the reader to find the report section or sections in which the issue raised by the concern is evaluated.

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The subcategories are themselves summarized in a series of eight category reports. Each category report reviews the major findings and collective significance of the subcategory reports in one of the following areas:

- · management and personnel relations
- · industrial safety
- · construction
- · material control
- ' operations
- quality assurance/quality control
- · welding
- · engineering

A separate report on employee concerns dealing with specific contentions of intimidation, harassment, and wrongdoing will be released by the TVA Office of the Inspector General.

Just as the subcategory reports integrate the information collected at the element level, the category reports integrate the information assembled in all the subcategory reports within the category, addressing particularly the underlying cause, of those problems that run across more than one subcategory.

A final report will integrate and assess the information collected by all of the lower level reports done for the ECSP, including the Inspector General's report.

For more detail on the methods by which ECTG employee concerns were evaluated and reported, consult the Tennessee Valley Authority Employee Concerns Task Group Procedure Manual. The Manual spells out the program's objectives, scope, organization, and responsibilities. It also specifies the procedures that were followed in the investigation, reporting, and close-out of the issues raised by the over employee concerns.

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ECSP SUBCATEGORY REPORT GLOSSARY OF TERMS*

- classification of evaluated issues the evaluation of an issue leads to one of the following determination:
 - Class A: Issue can not be verified as factual
 - Class B: Issue is factually accurate, but what is described is not a problem (i.e., not a condition requiring corrective action)
 - Class C: Issue is factual and identifies a problem, but corrective action for the problem was initiated before the evaluation of the issue was undertaken
 - Class D: Issue is factual and presents a problem for which corrective action has been, or is being, taken as a result of an evaluation
 - Class E: Issue itself does not identify a problem, but as a result of the evaluation another problem was discovered for which corrective action was initiated or is needed
- collective significance an analysis which determines the importance and consequences of the findings in a particular ECSP report by putting those findings in the proper perspective.
- concern (see "employee concern")
- revealed by a negative finding and, when necessary, to correct causes in order to prevent recurrence.
- criterion (plural: criteria) a basis for defining a performance, behavior, or quality which ONP imposes on itself (see also requirement").
- element or element report an optional level of ECSP report, below the subcategory level, that deals with one or more issues.
- employee concern a formal, written description of a circumstance or circumstances that an employee thinks unsafe, unjust, inefficient or inappropriate; usually documented on a K-form or a form equivalent to the K-form.

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evaluator(s) the individual(s) assigned the responsibility to assess a specific grouping of employee concerns.

findings includes both statements of fact and the judgments made about those facts during the evaluation process; negative findings require corrective action.

issue a potential problem, as interpreted by the ECTG during the evaluation process, raised in one or more concerns.

K-form (see "employee concern")

requirement a standard of performance, behavior, or quality on which an evaluation judgment or decision may be based.

root cause the underlying reason for a problem.

*Terms essential to the program but which require detailed definition have been defined in the ECTG Procedure Manual (e.g., generic, specific, nuclear safety-related, unreviewed safety-significant question).

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Acronyms

AI	Administrative Instruction
AISC	American Institute of Steel Construction
ANS	American Nuclear Society
ANSI	American National Standards Institute
ASME	American Society of Mechanical Engineers
ASTM	American Society of Testing and Materials
AWS	American Welding Society
BFN	Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant
BLN	Bellefonte Nuclear Plant
CAQ	Condition Adverse to Quality
CAR	Corrective Action Report
CATD	Corrective Action Tracking Document
CCTS	Corporate Commitment Tracking System
CEG-H	Category Evaluation Group Head
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CI	Concerned Individual
CMTR	Certified Material Test Report
COC	Certificate of Conformance/Compliance
DCR	Design Change Request
DNC	Division of Nuclear Construction (see also NU CON)

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DNE Division of Nuclear Engineering

DNQA Division of Nuclear Quality Assurance

DNT Division of Nuclear Training

DOE Department of Energy

DPO Division Personnel Officer

DR Discrepancy Report or Deviation Report

ECN Engineering Change Notice

ECP Employee Concerns Program

ECP-SR Employee Concerns Program-Site Representative

ECSP Employee Concerns Special Program

ECTG Employee Concerns Task Group

EEOC Equal Employment Opportunity Commission

EQ Environmental Qualification

ERT Employee Response Team or Emergency Response Team

FCR Field Change Request

FSAR Final Safety Analysis Report

FY Fiscal Year

GET General Employee Training

HVAC Heating, Ventilating, Air Londitioning

II Installation Instruction

INPO Institute of Nuclear Power Operations

IRN Inspection Rejection Notice

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L/R Labor Relations Staff

MEAI Modifications and Additions Instruction

MI Maintenance Instruction

MSPB Merit Systems Protection Board

MT Magnetic Particle Testing

NCR Nonconforming Condition Report

NDE Nondestructive Examination

NPP Nuclear Performance Plan

NOAM Nuclear Quality Assurance Manual

NRC Nuclear Regulatory Commission

NSB Nuclear Services Branch

NSRS Nuclear Safety Review Staff

NU CON Division of Nuclear Construction (obsolete abbreviation, see DNC)

NUMARC Nuclear Utility Management and Resources Committee

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration (or Act)

ONP Office of Nuclear Power

OWCP Office of Workers Compensation Program

PHR Personal History Record

PT Liquid Penetrant Testing

QA Quality Assurance

QAPP Quality Assurance Program Plan

QC Quality Control

QCI Quality Control Instruction

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QCP Quality Control Procedure

QTC Quality Technology Company

RT Radiographic Testing

SON Sequoyah Nuclear Plant

SI Surveillance Instruction

SOP Standard Operating Procedure

SRP Senior Review Panel

SWEC Stone and Webster Engineering Corporation

TAS Technical Assistance Staff

TVA Tennessee Valley Authority

UT Ultrasonic Testing

VT Visual Testing

WBECSP Watts Bar Employee Concern Special Program

WBN Watts Bar Nuclear Plant

WR Work Request or Work Rules

WP Workplans

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1.0 CHARACTERIZATION OF ISSUES

Personal protective equipment (PPE) includes hardhats, safety glasses, ear plugs, gloves, foot protectors, and respirators. This equipment is normally used to prevent injuries from hazards that cannot be eliminated by equipment design or engineering controls. One of the limitations of PPE is that it prevents injuries only if a safety program that motivates employees to wear the equipment is implemented.

This subcategory contains concerns relating to the adequacy, availability, and use of PPE. These concerns are grouped into six elements based on the following perceived problems. None of the issues in this subcategory are nuclear safety-related.

1.1 Opposition To Use (Four Concerns)

Opposition was expressed to wearing hardhats and safety glasses at all times even though hazards may not be present.

1.2 Safety Glasses Obstruct Vision (Seven Concerns)

Safety glasses with side shields obstruct vision. Vision is also obstructed by poor quality lens that distort vision and cause eye strain. Also the required side shields cause debris to be blown into the eye. An employee attempting to avoid obstructed vision caused by distortion in lens of standard issue safety glasses was not able to obtain zero correction prescription lens from the construction organization.

1.3 Inconsistent Enforcement (Eight Concerns)

Enforcement of personal protective equipment rules is inconsistent between annual, Trades and Labor (T&L), plant and construction employees.

1.4 Failure To Use Shielding (Five Concerns)

Concerns indicated a failure to use portable shields when welding or grinding and failure to provide overhead protection in the Reactor Building 2 annulus area.

1.5 Inadequate Supply of Equipment (Eight Concerns)

The site does not have an adequate supply (summer 1985) of safety glasses or safety belts. Construction employees are not issued work gloves.

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1.6 Sandblasting (Two Concerns)

Are concerns expressed about Kentucky Dam sand blasting equipment a problem at WBN?

The concerns from Kentucky Dam list problems such as wornout equipment and inoperable devices that the operator can use to stop airflow (deadman safety device).

2.0 SUMMARY

2.1 The six elements in this subcategory form two larger issues. The first issue deals with questions about the rules requiring PPE to be worn in work areas at all times. Also inconsistent enforcement of these rules is questioned.

The second issue addresses employee dissatisfaction with the availability of protective equipment and the use of protective barriers.

- 2.2 The method of evaluation was to review the previously completed employee concern reports to provide background information. Then applicable plant instructions, procedures, and correspondence were obtained and reviewed. The procedures and instructions were then compared with OSHA standards and ANSI standards. Field investigation included inspection of plant and construction areas, inspection of personal protective equipment available for issue, and interviews with employees, supervisors, and safety engineers.
- 2.3 No negative findings were identified relating to the requirement for use of PPE at all times while in work areas. Evaluation of the work reveals that hazards are not found only in specific areas or associated with certain jobs. These hazards can be effectively controlled only by wearing PPE at all times. Although there is personal inconvenience involved by wearing hardhats and safety glasses, accident experience has proven the ability of this equipment to prevent injuries. The value of preventing potentially serious injuries outweighs the associated inconvenience of the PPE.

The issue that enforcement of PPE policies is inconsistent between site groups such as plant, construction, annual, or T&L employees was not substantiated, but it was determined that site policy is not being effectively enforced. It was noted that 10 to 15 percent of all the above groups were not wearing safety glasses where required and many plant employees were violating rules by wearing athletic shoes in areas controlled by construction.

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Although temporary shortages have occurred, good quality and adequate supplies of protective equipment are normally provided. Most of the shortages of safety glasses occurred when the site policy changed to 100-percent usage and adequate stocks of glasses were not on site.

No negative findings were identified relating to the use of protective barriers such as welding or grinding shields. However, interviews determined the construction organization is not fully implementing requirements to provide overhead protection for employees working in the reactor 2, annulus area.

- 2.4 The collective significance of these issues is that the Industrial Safety Program will be more effective if the rules for PPE are made uniform and are consistently enforced. Employee effectiveness will be improved if all employees have one set of PPE rules to follow.
- 2.5 The differing rules were caused by the construction and plant organizations developing over many years as separate organizations. In 1985 the organizations were combined into the Office of Nuclear Power.

3.0 EVALUATION PROCESS

3.1 Method of Evaluation

The method of evaluation was to review the previously completed employee concern reports to provide background information. Then applicable plant instructions, procedures, and correspondence were obtained and reviewed. Field investigation included inspection of plant and construction areas, inspection of personal protective equipment available for issue, and interviews with employees, supervisors, and safety engineers.

The method of evaluation was selected because the combination of interviews, field observations and equipment inspections provided a balanced and complete source of data.

Specific details for each of the issues are shown below:

3.1.1 Opposition To Use

Applicable plant and construction procedures were reviewed. Accident data on eye injuries before and after the change in safety glasses requirements were obtained.

Interviews were conducted with both plant and construction safety engineers. Ten observations were made of the use of personal protective equipment by employees.

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3.1.2 Safety Glasses Obstruct Vision

Interviews were conducted with twenty plant and construction personnel followed by inspection of safety glasses available for issue at the warehouse. Finally, contact was made with Medical Services for their opinion on whether eye strain is caused by safety glasses.

3.1.3 Inconsistent Enforcement

Applicable plant and construction procedures or memorandums were reviewed. Then interviews with plant and construction safety engineers were conducted, followed by observations of protective equipment usage in plant and construction areas.

3.1.4 Failure To Use Shielding

Previously completed employee concern investigation reports were reviewed for background information. Then 14 employees were interviewed and work areas were observed to determine the extent of compliance with requirements.

3.1.5 Inadequate Supply of Equipment

Safety equipment was inspected in the plant and construction warehouses on September 1985 and April 1986. The WBN construction management assistant was contacted April 4, 1986, for information on the issuance of work gloves.

3.1.6 Sandblasting

Information was obtained in interviews with plant and construction employees involved in sandblasting and by inspection of sandblasting equipment.

3.2 Criteria and correspondence utilized

A. Memorandum from W. T. Cottle to Guenter Wadewitz dated January 10, 1985, "Watts Bar Nuclear Plant - Eye Protection Program Policy"

This memorandum states why eye protection is necessary, details what type of protection is required, and describes when or where it is required.

B. Watts Bar Nuclear Plant Hazard Control Instruction PPE2 - "Requirements for Wearing Hardhats and Safety Glasses"

This is the instruction for plant employees regarding use of hardhats and safety glasses.

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C. Hemorandum from Guenter Wadewitz dated June 12, 1985, " tts Bar Nuclear Plant - Policy Changes - Employee Use of Personal Protective Equipment"

This memorandum provides additional details concerning the implementation of the personal protective equipment regulations.

D. Memorandum from Guenter Wadewitz dated July 11, 1985, "Employee Noncompliance with Personal Safety Requirements"

This memorandum instructs supervisors to enforce rules equally for both annual and T&L employees.

E. Memorandum from W. T. Cottle dated September 19, 1985, "Safety Program - Dress Code Reminder"

This memorandum details what the construction organization PPE requirements are and instructs plant employees to conform to these rules when in areas controlled by construction.

- F. Memorandum from R. C. Smith cated October 25, 1985, relating to employee concerns involved with medical problems resulting from wearing safety glasses.
- G. DOL Standard 29 CFR 1926.451.A.(16)

This standard requires overhead protection for personnel on a scaffold exposed to overhead hazards.

4.0 Findings

4.1 Generic

The majority of the issues addressed by this subcategory are site-specific in nature. However, since the use of protective equipment is universal at all ONP sites, these findings and conclusions may be generally applied at other such sites. Therefore, these issues are being addressed through the development of ONP Standards (which are generic documents for all of ONP) and through the development of site procedures (which deal with site-specific circumstances).

The findings and conclusions of this subcategory report are not in conflict with any findings and conclusions generated as a result of previous investigations of the employee concerns addressed by this report.

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4.2 Site-Specifi: - WBN

4.2.1 Opposition To Use

Discussion

Overhead hazards and eye hazards exist throughout the plant, not just in specific locations. Sources of overhead hazards are overhead work associated with construction or maintenance. Sources of eye hazards are welding, prinding, chemicals, high pressure lines, etc.

It is accepted industry practice to use hardhats and safety glasses to control hazards that cannot be eliminated by equipment design or engineering controls. When hazards exist at transitory locations in a facility, a 100-percent protective equipment program is more effective in preventing accidents than a policy requiring protective equipment only when performing specific tasks.

Before April 1985, the site required protective equipment only for persons performing specific tasks. Since adopting the 100-percent protective equipment rule, eye injuries to plant employees have been reduced by 63 percent. Eye injuries to construction employees were reduced by 33 percent.

When the safety glasses policy was changed, employees not accustomed to wearing glasses experienced some discomfort. To minimize this problem, a selection of glasses were available and the glasses met the recognized standards for the manufacture of glasses. Glasses with antifog lens or antifog glasses cleaner are available. It is site policy that if employees are not satisfied with a pair of glasses they can exchange them for another pair. The glasses available in the warehouse are of good quality.

Conclusions

Some employees do oppose the wearing of personal protective equipment, but this resistance does not constitute a valid concern. The protection afforded by the PPE is more important than the wearer's discomfort.

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4.2.2 Safety Glasses Obstruct Vision

Discussion

A comprehensive 100-percent eye protection program to minimize eye injuries was adopted by the site on January 10, 1985. Because they were not accustomed to wearing glasses at all times, many people had difficulty adjusting to wearing safety glasses. While some safety glasses do partially obstruct peripheral vision, this problem soon disappears after the person begins wearing glasses.

In addressing the issue that lens distortion obstructs vision TVA Medical Services was contacted. They advise that correctly prescribed lens or good quality industrial safety glass lens have not been shown to produce eye ctrain. They also state that because of the potentially serious nature of traumatic eye injuries, appropriate protective eyewear is essential in industrial environments where eye hazards exist. Inspection of safety glasses available for issue reveals that they are good quality glasses with no noticeable distortion.

If a plant employee is not satisfied with the fit or lens quality of safety glasses, they can obtain zero correction prescription through TVA. The construction organization's policy is to not provide this type of eye wear. While this does not present a safety problem, the conflict between interacting organizations creates a perception that safety is not equally important to all organizations.

To alleviate the concern that wearing safety glasses obstructs vision while backing trucks, construction supervision now permits drivers to remove safety glasses while backing. The concern that safety glasses side shields direct debris into the wearer's eyes was not substantiated. While this might happen in a peculiar case, side shields provide a greater degree of protection from blowing debris or flying particles than regular glasses.

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Conclusions

Concerns addressing obstructed vision caused by safety glasses are not substantiated. The glasses that are available for issue are of good quality and the benefits of wearing glasses outweigh the discomfort of wearing them.

4.2.3 Inconsistent Enforcement

Discussion

Both the plant and construction organizations have specific rules for the use of personal protective equipment. One significant difference is that the plant allows leather athletic shoes to be worn and construction does not. Site rules require each organization to conform to the other's rules when in areas controlled by that organization.

In a memorandum dated July 11, 1985, the construction organization recognized that safety rules for T&L and for their salaried employees were not being enforced equally. The memorandum called for supervisors to take action to correct the problem. Inspections did not reveal that unequal enforcement now exists. The concern that construction employees must wear protective equipment at lunch is addressed in a memorandum dated June 12, 1985, that states personal protective equipment is not normally required to be worn during lunch periods.

A January 10, 1985 memorandum states that hardhats and safety glasses are required in "work areas." Observations in most plant and construction areas indicate approximately 85-percent conformance with safety glasses rules. Violators were not confined to a particular group, but included annual, T&L, plant, and construction personnel. Observations in the Temporary Service and Office Building (TSO) area and the Interim Office Building (IOB) area revealed widespread nonuse of hardhats and safety glasses. Observations reveal that many plant employees violate rules by wearing leather athletic shoes in construction areas.

Conclusion

The concern that groups, such as T&L, are being singled out for enforcement of safety glasses rules was not substantiated.

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4.2.4 Failure to Use Shielding

Discussion

Plant and construction organizations require protective screens to be erected around welding or grinding operations when other employees are exposed to debris. Inspections reveal good compliance with requirements to provide shielding in shop areas. Work areas near walkways in construction areas have adequate shielding. The construction safety engineer states that occasional deficiencies in shielding do occur, primarily because work areas change frequently. Enforcement of the use of welding screens by supervisors is a continuing effort.

The annulus areas are arranged so that platforms and work areas are positioned over each other, and it is more than 100 feet from top to bottom. This is an area where construction and maintenance work can be expected to occur. Six inspections of this area have detected no work being performed over others, but the potential does exist. Paragraph 3.2.G above requires overhead protection for personnel on a scaffold exposed to overhead hazards.

An interview with a craftsman working in the annulus indicated that his crew works over and under others with no precautions taken for overhead hazards. He states he is aware of accidents where items have fallen down through the annulus. Interview with the craftsman's foreman confirms that working under or over others is an accepted hazard and that overhead protection is rarely erected.

Conclusion

The concern that adequate shields and barriers are not used when welding was not substantiated. The concern that overhead protection in the annulus is inadequate was substantiated.

4.2.5 Inadequate Supply of Equipment

Discussion

During the spring of 1985, the site instituted a 100-percent eye protection pr pram with sideshields required by construction. At the beginning of the new program, there were temporary shortages of protective eyewear.

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Plant and construction warehouses and toolrooms were checked during September 1985 and April 1986. An adequate supply and selection of safety glasses and safety belts were available. Safety glasses meet the ANSI Z87.1 standard and are of good quality.

Before institution of this program during April 1985, construction issued safety glasses without side shields. In April 1985, the policy was changed to require side shields on both prescription and nonprescription glasses. During the fall of 1985, construction dropped the requirement for side shields on prescription glasses but continued to purchase side shields on safety glasses.

The construction organization provides special purpose gloves, such as those used for chemical or electrical hazards, but does not provide general use work gloves. General use work gloves are provided by the plant organization.

Construction employees are required to obtain ear plugs from their foreman and not from the subwarehouse. This policy provides a means to account for the number of ear plugs used, but does not impede their issuance.

Conclusion

That portion of this issue which dealt with the adequacy of the supply of protective equipment is not substantiated. The site provides an adequate supply of good quality personal protective equipment. However, since a conflict exists between construction and plant policy on the issuance of general purpose work gloves, that portion of this issue which dealt with the availability of work gloves is substantiated.

4.2.6 Sandblasting

Discussion

Plant and construction painters state that the sandblasting protective equipment is in good condition. If additional or replacement equipment is needed they have no difficulty obtaining this through their supervision. Protective equipment was inspected and it was in apparent good condition. Deadman controls are operable.

Conclusion

This issue was not substantiated at WBN.

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5.0 COLLECTIVE SIGNIFICANCE

5.1 Management Effectiveness

Management has not been effective in the enforcement of existing rules and procedures for personal protective equipment, nor have they been effective in ensuring that such rules and procedures are consistent for all site organizations. Since this is one of the most visible aspects of industrial safety, this lack of enforcement reflects on the entire safety program.

This has resulted in poor employee compliance, decreased employee moral, and unnecessary confusion on the part of employees, and has increased the probability that employees could be injured through their non-compliance with existing protective equipment rules and procedures.

5.2 Employee Effectiveness

Employees are not effective in their compliance with existing personal protective equipment rules and procedures, thereby increasing their risk of injury.

6.0 CAUSES

The major causes for the issues within this subcategory are
(1) inconsistencies in personal protective equipment rules and procedures
among the various site organizations, (2) a general lack of enforcement
of such existing rules and procedures, and (3) a lack of implementation
of existing rules and procedures for providing overhead protection for
employees working under others.

7.0 CORRECTIVE ACTION

There are no outstanding corrective actions from any previous investigations or reports conducted on the employee concerns within this report.

Inconsistencies in policies, procedures, and rules among the various site organizations is a recognized problem at WBN. These inconsistencies are being addressed and resolved through the issuance of site-wide policies, procedures, and rules by a subcommittee composed of members of the various site organizations.

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These inconsistencies and management's lack of support of the safety program are addressed by Corrective Action Tracking Documents (CATDs) within the Hanagement of Safety Subcategory report (Report 90100) of the Industrial Safety Category as follows:

CATD numbers 90100-1, 5, and 9 establish a Central Safety Committee (CSC) at WBN. This committee (which is already in place and functional) has as its primary purpose to improve the enforcement by line management of the safety program. The subcommittee referenced above is a part of the CSC.

The following is a list of CATDs and their respective corrective action plans generated as a result of this evaluation.

7.1 Site-Specific - WBN

A. CATD 90400-1

<u>Problem Description</u>: Overhead protection is not being utilized by construction personnel in the Reactor Building 2 annulus. Employees work over or under others without providing protection from falling objects.

Corrective Action Plan: The construction organization will implement the following action by October 1, 1986.

- a. The inspection processes for the Reactor Building 2 annulus area will target housekeeping on all elevations with no loose materials as the objective.
- b. The Construction Superintendent's Office (CSO) will require craft workers to utilize tool containers, properly tied off, to reduce probability of loose tools being dislodged from work locations.
- c. The CSO will obtain and install a roofing method for scaffolding in the "open space" between containment buckstays (rings) and the shield wall. This process will be required standard operating procedure for any scaffolding elevation other than the top buckstay (ring) where the potential hazard does not exist.
- d. Workplans developed by Construction Engineer's Office (CEO) will note this area as a high potential location for falls and falling objects and will include appropriate safety requirements in the safety section of said plans.

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B. CATD 90400-2

<u>Problem Description</u>: Approximately 85 to 90 percent of the employees in construction areas are wearing the required eye protection. Persons noted not complying with the rules include plant employees, construction employees, annual employees, T&L employees and contractors.

Corrective Action Plan: The construction organization will implement the following to correct the problem above.

- a. Working through the Central Safety Committee (CSC) (rules and procedures subcommittee) develop and distribute a clear, concise, and consistent protective eyewear/footwear policy for all site employees. This will be accomplished by January 1, 1987.
- b. By use of the Nuclear Construction "interlocking safety inspection" process, identify program weaknesses and hold responsible employees and supervisors accountable for their noncompliance. This will be accomplished by December 1, 1986.

In addition, DNC will increase interim enforcement of existing eye protection rules by line management.

C. CATD 90400-3

Problem Description: Approximately 85 to 90 percent of the employees in plant areas are wearing the required eye protection. Persons noted not complying with the rules include plant employees, construction employees, annual employees, T&L employees and contractors.

Corrective Action Plan: One of the site's major goals for the recently developed CSC is to achieve more safety involvement and accountability on the part of line management. This committee will provide the direction necessary to ensure significantly improved line enforcement of all site-safety rules. One of the principal methods to attain this improved enforcement and compliance will be the establishment of a plant safety audit program. The limit program will require system which involves all levels of the management in program system which involves

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inspections to determine unsafe sets and conditions. | Audit findings and resultant correction settle till be tracked and reviewed as a straight grand item for the CSC at least monthage. The plants afect audit program will be initiated by January 1, 1987

In addition these measures, ONP will target eye protection for increased inforcement by line management.

D. CATD 90400-4

600 Problem Description: A high percentage of employees and contractors do not wear hard hats or safety glasses in areas around the ISO, Medifications Building, and the IOB. The policy should either be revised or enforced:

Corrective Action Plan: The rule mequiring openin these areas will be evaluated. If the evaluation dtermines that hazards in these areas do not warrant the use of PFE Chequies will / changed. If PPE is required the rules will be enforced. This decision will be made by March 1, 1987.

E. CATD 90400-5 and 6

Problem Description:\ Plant employees can be provided with zero correction prescription safety glasses and general purpose work cloves, but these are not provided to construction employees.

Corrective action Fram: Overall site policy concerning safety glasses, protective plathing oc., will be brought before the January 1, 1987, by the construction organization.

F. CATD 90400-7

Problem Description: The concerns that rules for footwear are being inconsistently enforced was substantiated. Plant employees wear leather athletic shoes in construction areas in violation of site rules.

Corrective Action Plan: The current rules governing footwear within the construction organization will be targeted for increased enforcement. Working through the CSC (rules and procedures subcommittee) the construction organization will develop and distribute a clear, concise, and consistent protective eyewear/footwear policy for all site employees. By use of the "interlocking safety inspection" process, construction will identify program weaknesses and hold responsible employees and supervisors accountable for their noncompliance.

REPORT NUMBER: 90400

REVISION NUMBER: 2

PAGE 16 OF 16

G. CATD 90400-8

Problem Description: The concerns that gules for footwear are being inconsistently enforced was substantiated. Plant employees wear leather athletic shees in construction areas in violation of site tules.

Corrective Action Plan: Working through the Safety Rules and Procedures Subcommittee, the LSC will develop a consistent protective footweer policy for all site employees. The policy and a memorandum informing all employees of policy revisions will be issued by Berch 1, 1987. Until such policy is implemented, compliance with existing footwear regulations will receive, additional emphasis.

8.0 LIST OF EVALUATORS

J. T. Rogers

9.0 ATTACHMENTS

Attachment A - Subcategory Summary Table

Attachment A

FERENCE - ECPS131J-ECPS131C EQUENCY - REQUEST SFERENCE P - ISSS - RHM

TENHESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY
OFFICE OF NUCLEAR POHER
EMPLOYEE CONCERN PROGRAM SYSTEM (ECPS)
EMPLOYEE CONCERN INFORMATION BY CATEGORY/SUBCATEGORY
SUBCATEGORY: 904 PROTECTIVE EQUIPHENT

PAGE RUN TIME - 16:50:14 RUN DATE - 01/28/87

TEGORY:	21	INDUSTRIAL	SAFETY

TEGORY: SF INDU	STRIA	L SAFE	TY		SU	BCA	TEG	DRY	: 904	PROTECTIVE	EQUIPMEN		
ONCERN NUMBER	CAT	SUB		PLT	3	SAF	RE D C	LAT	ED S	HISTORICAL REPORT	CONCERN ORIGIN	CONCERN DESCRIPTION	REF. SECTION (CAT - SF SUBCAT - 904
785-045-00201 T50162	SF	904	H	нви	1 2 3	NA !	N HA	NA	NO	EX-85-045-002	QTC	SOME OF THE SAFETY PROCEDURES ARE CA RRIED TOO FAR AND SOME SAFETY EQUIPM ENT IS A HINDERANCE IN SOME PLACES. (SAFETY GLASSES) CONSTRUCTION CONCE RN. CI HAS NO ADDITIONAL INFORMATIO N. NO FOLLOWUP REQUIRED.	4.2.1
(-85-066-00301 T50183	SF	904	N	нви	1 2 3	N HA	N I	N NA NA	NO	EX-85-066-003	QTC	SAFETY GLASSES ARE REQUIRED TO BE WORN IN AREAS THEY ARE NOT NEEDED. AT TIMES THEY POSE A HAZARD BECAUSE THEY FOG UP AND A PERSON CANNOT SEE OUT OF THE TOP OF THEM. CONSTRUCTION DEPT. CONLERN. CI HAS NO ADDITIONAL	4.2.2
Y -85-098-00101 T50191	SF	904	H	нви	1 2 3	N HA	N I	N NA NA	NO	EX-85-098-001	QTC	CRAFTHORKERS CANNOT GET EARPLUGS DIR ECTLY FROM SUBHAREHOUSE TOOL ROOM (A LTHOUGH THEY CAN SIGN FOR OTHER EXPENDABLE ITEMS SUCH AS SAFETY GLASSES/SIDE SHIELDS). THIS CAUSES CRAFT TO OCCASIONALLY BE HITHOUT EAR PROTECT HAD NO FURTHER INFORMATION. CONSTRUCTION DEPT. CONCERN.	4.2.5

SFERENCE - ECPS131J-ECPS131C PAGE TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY RUN TIME - 16:50:14 - REQUEST OFFICE OF NUCLEAR POHER EQUENCY P - ISSS - RHM EMPLOYEE CONCERN PROGRAM SYSTEM (ECPS) RUN DATE - 01/28/87 EMPLOYEE CONCERN INFORMATION BY CATEGORY/SUBCATEGORY PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT TEGORY: SF INDUSTRIAL SAFETY SUBCATEGORY: 904 1 REPORT APPL 2 SAF RELATED SUB R PLT 3 FIND CLASS HISTORICAL CONCERN CAT D LOC BF BL SQ HB REPORT ORIGIN CONCERN DESCRIPTION ONCERN NUMBER CAT 4.2.3, 6.0 (2), 1 -85-138-00401 SF 904 N WBN QTC SAFETY RULES (HEARING OF HARD HATS A ND HORK SHOES) ARE NOT EQUALLY IMPOSED ON CRAFT AND ANNUAL PERSONNEL, TH NA NA NA NO T50235 7.1 (G) 3 NA NA NA E OUGH BOTH NORK IN THE SAME AREAS AND ARE EXPOSED TO THE SAME HAZARDS. C DISTRUCTION DEPARTMENT CONCERN. CI OH UP REQUIRED. CAN'T SEE OUT OF SAFETY GLASSES BECA 4.2.2 11 -85-168-00101 N HBN IN-85-168-001 OTC 2 KA NA NA NO USE OF GLARE. TVA IS MORE CONCERNED T50025 WITH THE APPEARANCE OF COMPLIANCE T 3 NA NA NA A O THE SAFETY GLASSES REQUIREMENT THAN THAT THEY ARE WITH THE FUNCTION OF THE GLASSES

IN-85-185-002

QTC

CITED

DOUBLE STANDARDS FOR IMPOSITION OF S

AFETY RULES. CRAFTS ARE CITED FOR N

OT HEARING SAFETY GLASSES/HARD HATS WHETHER IN A "HORK" ZONE OR NOT YET ANNUALS AND OTHER INDIVIDUALS HALK A ROUND HITHOUT SAFETY GLASSES OR HARD REF. SECTION .

CAT - SF SUBCAT - 904

4.2.3, 6.2,

7.2.B

CONCERNS ARE GROUPED BY FIRST 3 DIGITS OF SUBCATEGORY NUMBER.

2 NA HA NA NO

3 NA NA NA C

11 -85-185-00201

150022

EFERENCE - ECPS131J-ECFS131C EFERENCE IP - 1555 - RHM

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY
OFFICE OF NUCLEAR POWER
EMPLOYEE CONCERN PROGRAM SYSTEM (ECPS)
EMPLOYEE CONCERN INFORMATION BY CATEGORY/SUBCATEGORY

PAGE RUN TIME - 13:50:14 RUN DATE - 01/28/87

IEGORY: SF INDUSTRIAL SAFETY

SUBCATEGORY: 904 PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

CONCERN NUMBER	CAT	SUB	S H R PLT D LOC	2	SAF	DRT REL D CL BL S	ASS	HISTORICAL REPORT	CONCERN DRIGIN	CONCERN DESCRIPTION	REF. SECTION * CAT - SF SUBCA) - 904
1 -85-194-00301 150226	SF	904	н нви		HA	N N NA N	A NO		QTC	CRAFT PERSONNEL ARE REQUIRED TO HEAR HARD HATS AND SAFETY GLASSES WHETHE R THEY ARE IN A WORK AREA OR NOT, WHERE AS POWER PRODUCTION PERSONNEL CONSTANTLY WALK THROUGH WORK AREAS WITHOUT THEM. CI HAS NO FURTHER INFORM	4.2.3, 6.0(2), 7.1(B)
1 -85-205-00201 T50007A	SF	904	N HBN	3	NA		A NG	IN-85-205-002	QTC	TVA ISSUE SAFETY GLASSES CAUSE EYE S TRAIN AND LOSS OF DEPTH PERCEPTION D UE TO POOR QUALITY OF THE LENSES. T VA ALSO IMPEDES THE ISSUANCE OF ZERO CORRECTION SAFETY GLASSES (PRESCRIP TION)	4.2.2, 6.°(1), 7.1(E)
N -85-399-00201 T50013	SF	904	н нви	1 2 3	NA	N N NA II NA II	A NO	IN-85-399-002	QTC)	ANNUAL AND OUTAGE EMPLOYEES ARE NOT REQUIRED TO FOLLOW THE SAME SAFETY R ULES CONCERNING HARD HATS AND FOOTME AR THAT ARE APPLICABLE TO CONSTRUCT! ON PERSONNEL, EVEN THOUGH THEY WORE IN THE SAME AREAS OF THE PLANT. CON LS ARE AVAILABLE	4.2.3, 6.0(1), 7.1(E)

- ECPS131J-ECPS131C EFERENCE LEQUENCY - REQUEST P - ISSS - RHM

TEGORY: SF INDUSTRIAL SAFETY

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY
OFFICE OF NUCLEAR POWER
EMPLOYEE CONCERN PROGRAM SYSTEM (ECPS) EMPLOYEE CONCERN INFORMATION BY LATEGORY/SUBCATEGORY SUBCATEGORY: 904 PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

PAGE PU. TIME - 16:50:14 RUN DATE - 01/28/87

ONCERN NUMBER	CAT	SUB		PLT LOC	2 3	FI	R	ELA	PPL TED SS WB	HISTORICAL REPORT	CONCERN ORIGIN	CONCERN DESCRIPTION	REF. SECTION OF CAT SF SUBCAT - 904
1 -85-437-00401 T50027	SF	904	N	нви	2 3	N NA NA	N NA NA	N HA NA	NO	IN-85-437-004	QTC	SAFETY RULES (SAFETY BELTS, GLASSES, H ARD HATS, ETC) ARE ENFORCED FOR CR AFTS (ALL) YET "HHITE HATS" CONTINUE TO VIOLATE THESE RULES WITH NO DISC IPLINARY ACTION TAKEN.	4.2.3, 6.0(2), 7.1(B)
11 -85-487-00201 150065	SF	904	N	HBN	2	N NA NA	N NA NA	N NA	NO	IN-85-487-002	QTC	SAFETY GLASSES ISSUED TO CONSTRUCTION PERSONNEL DO NOT HAVE SIDE SHIELDS BUILT IN, REQUIRING USE OF SLIP-ON SIDE SHIELDS, WHICH HOULD BE ONLY MARGINALLY EFFECTIVE. CRAFT PERSONNEL ASSIGNED TO POMER DIVISION ARE ISSUGRAL SIDE SHIELDS. C/I CONSIDERS THIS SITUATION DISCRIMINATORY, AND DETRINENTAL TO PERSONNEL SAFETY. NO FURTHER SPECIFICS AVAILABLE.	4.2.5
N -85-539-00301 T50042	SF	904	N	нви	1 2 3	N NA NA	N NA NA	NA	Y NO A	IN-85-539-003	QTC	PROVIDE BETTER EYE PROTECTION FOR EMPLOYEES. (DETAILS KNOWN BY QTC)	4.2.5

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY - ECPS131J-ECPS131C EFERENCE PAGE REQUENCY - REQUEST OFFICE OF NUCLEAR POHER RUN TIME - 16:50:14 IP - ISSS - RIM EMPLOYEE CONCERN PROGRAM SYSTEM (ECPS) RUN DATE - 01/28/87 EMPLOYEE CONCERN INFORMATION BY CATEGORY/SUBCATEGORY PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT IEGORY: SF INDUSTRIAL SAFETY SUBCATEGORY: 904 1 REPURT APPL 2 SAF RELATED REF. SECTION . CAT SUR R PLT 3 FIND CLASS HISTORICAL CONCERN CONCERN NUMBER CAT BF BL SQ HB REPORT DRIGIN CONCERN DESCRIPTION SUBCAT - 904 CAT DIOC QTC PERSONNEL SAFETY PROBLEM WITH EQUIPM 1 -85-564-00201 SF 904 N HBN 4.2.5 2 NA NA NA NO 3 NA NA NA A T50048 ENT. (QTC HAS DETAILS) QTC PERSONAL SAFETY REQUIREMENTS OFTEN V 1 -85-578-00101 904 H HBN IN-85-578-001 4.2.4 IOLATED DURING CONSTRUCTION, AS WHEN T50052 2 NA NA NA NO 3 NA NA NA A **NELDERS DO NOT USE CURTAINS/BARRIER** S WHILE GRINDING AND HELDING.

QTC

DOUBLE STANDARD WITH RELATION TO THE

HEARING OF HARDHATS & SAFETY GLASSE

S ON THE JOB AT ALL TIMES. HB EMPLO YEES AT THE ADMIN. BLDG. & SURROUNDI NG AREA ARE NOT REQUIRED TO HEAR SAF ETY EQUIPMENT (HAIS, GLASSES, SHOES) - SF

4.2.3, 6.0(2),

7.1(3)

CONCERNS ARE GROUPED BY FIRST 3 DIGITS OF SUBCATEGORY NUMBER.

N KBN

2 NA NA NA NO

3 NA NA NA B

904

1 -85-651-00101

T50062

FERENCE - ECPS131J-ECP3131C EQUENCY - REQUEST P - ISSS - RHM TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY
OFFICE OF NUCLEAR POHER
EMPLOYEE CONCERN PROGRAM SYSTEM (ECPS)
EMPLOYEE CONCERN INFORMATION BY CATEGORY/SUBCATEGORY
SUBCATEGORY: 904 PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

PAGE - 6 RUN TIME - 16:50:14 RUN DATE - 01/28/87

EGURT	21	INDO2 I KTAL	SWLELL

ONCERN NUMBER	CAT	SUB	S H R PLT D LOC	2	SAF	ID C	LA	TED	HISTORICAL REPORT	CONCERN ORIGIN	CONCERN DESCRIPTION	REF. SECTION • CAT - SF SUBCAT - 904
1 -85-708-00101 T50080	SF	904	н нви	2	NA		NA	NO D	IN-85-708-001	QTC	NUCLEAR POHER PERSONNEL ARE NOT REQUIRED TO COMPLY HITH THE SAME SAFETY RULES AS CONSTRUCTION PERSONNEL, EVE IN THOUGH BOTH GROUPS HORK IN THE SAME AREA. EXAMPLES INCLUDED HEARING OR NOT HEARING OF HARD HATS, SAFETY GOOD FURTHER SPECIFICS.	4.2.3, 6.0(2), 7.1(3)
1 -85-713-00201 T50069	SF	904	N HBN	2	NA	N NA NA	NA	NO	IN-85-713-002	QTC	YELLOW "WRAP-AROUND" SAFETY GLASSES ARE UNSAFE WHEN USED BY ANY INDIVIDU AL DRIVING A VEHICLE HITH A WINDSHIE LD OR HINDOHS. IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO SEE OUT THE "SIDES" OF THE GLASSES WHEN YOU TURN YOUR HEAD TO BACK-UP. NO FURTHER INFORMATION AVAILABLE.	4.2.2
1 -85-776-00101 150082	SF	904	N HBN	1 2 3	NA	N HA NA	NA	110	IN-85-776-001	QTC	THE AVAILABILITY OF SAFETY EQUIPMENT SUCH AS SAFETY GLASSES AND BELTS IS POOR. POHER STORES DOES NOT KEEP SUFFICIENT SAFETY EQUIPMENT ON HAND. THERE IS A NEED FOR A STOCKED SAFETY LOCKER ON POHER SIDE. NO ADDITION	4.2.5

FERENCE - ECPS131J-ECPS131C REQUENCY - REQUEST P - 1555 - RHM TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY
OFFICE OF NUCLEAR POHER
EMPLOYEE CONCERN PROGRAM SYSTEM (ECPS)
EMPLOYEE CONCERN INFORMATION BY CATEGORY/SUBCATEGORY
SUBCATEGORY: 904 PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

PAGE - 7 RUN TIME - 16:50:14 RUN DATE - 01/28/87

TEGORY: SF I	NDUSTRIAL	SAFET
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CONCERN NUMBER	CAT	SUB	S H R PLT D LOC	2 SAI	ND (CLA	PPL TED SS HB	HISTORICAL REPORT	CONCERN ORIGIN	CONCERN DESCRIPTION	REF. SECTION CAT - SF SUBCAT - 904
1 -85-81 9-00101 T50086	SF	904	н нви	1 N 2 NA 3 NA		N HA HA		IN-85-819-001	QTC	THE SIDE SHIELDS FOR EYEGLASSES, DIR ECTS DEBRIS INTO THE EYES WHEN THE WIND BLOWS.	4,2,2

11 -85-819-00201 T50086	SF	904	N HBN	1 H 1 2 HA 1 3 H4	IA III	NO A	IN-85-819-002	Q1C	THE SAFETY DEPARTMENT DOES NOT ENFOR CE REGULATIONS EVENLY IN THAT SOME P EOPLE IN SHOP AREAS HEAR TENNIS SHOE S AND NO SIDE SHIELDS ON EYE GLASSES	7.1(G)	6.0(2),
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1 -85-934-00201 150096	SF	904	H	нви		N HA	N HA		Y NO A	•TC	PORTABLE MELDING SHIELDS ARE OFTEN I NCOMPLETELY INSTALLED (OPEN ON OHE O R MORE SIDES) MHICH SUBJECTS INDIVID UALS MHO MUST MALK PAST THESE OPEN A REAS TO ARE FLASHFS AND FLYING DEBRI S FROM GRINDING OPERATIONS. C/I HAS P REQUIRED.	4.2.4	
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- ECPS131J-ECPS131C - REQUEST EFERENCE EQUENCY P - ISSS - RIHH

TEGORY: SF INDUSTRIAL SAFETY

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY OFFICE OF NUCLEAR POWER

PAGE - 8 RUN TIME - 16:50:14 RUN DATE - 01/28/87

RSONNEL SAFETY DEFT PROBLEM ONGOING

EMPLOYEE CONCERN PROGRAM SYSTEM (ECPS)
EMPLOYEE CONCERN INFORMATION BY CATEGORY/SUBCATEGORY SUBCATEGORY: 904 PRO ECTIVE EQUIPMENT

ONCERN NUMBER	CAT	SUB	S H R P D L			SAF	RE ID C	LA	TED SS	HISTORICAL REPORT	CONCERN ORIGIN	CONCERN DESCRIPTION	REF. SECTION I CAT - SF SUBCAT - 904
1 -85-989-00501 T50104	SF	904	N H	IBN	1 2 3	NA	N NA NA	N NA NA	NO	IN-85-989-005	QTC	RECENT RULE CHANGE REQUIRES THAT EVE RYONE MEAR SAFETY GLASSES PAST BREEZ ENAY, BUT CI AND OTHERS HAVE TRIPPED BECAUSE SAFET/ GLASSES DISTORT VISI ON. CI HAS NO FURTHER INFORMATION. NO FOLLOW UP REQUIRED.	4.2.2
1 -86-031-00101 150113	SF	904	N F	IBN	2	N NA NA	N NA NA	N NA NA	Y NO D		QTC	CRAFTS (KNOWN) HAVE REQUESTED WORK G LOVES, TO NO AVAIL. CI HAS NO FURTH ER INFORMATION (SUBMISSION OF DETAIL S, KNOWN TO QTC, WOULD COMPROMISE CI 'S CONFIDENTIALITY). NO FOLLOW UP R EQUIRED.	4.2.5, 6.0(1), 7.1(G)
1 -86-100-00101 T50120	SF	904	N +	4BN	2	N NA NA	N NA NA	N NA NA	NO	IN-86-100-001	qтс	TVA DOES NOT HAVE AN ADEQUATE SUPPLY OF PROTECTIVE EYENEAR, SPECIFICALLY, CLEAR EYE GOGGLES WHICH PROVIDE FULL FRONT AND SIDE PROTECTION. COMMON TO BOTH UNITS/HUC POHER CONCERN/PE	4.2.5

EFERENCE - ECPS131J-ECPS131C EQUENCY - REQUEST EFERENCE IP - ISSS - RHM

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY
OFFICE OF NUCLEAR POHER
EMPLOYEE CONCERN PROGRAM SYSTEM (ECPS)
EMPLOYEE CONCERN INFORMATION BY CATEGORY/SUBCATEGORY

PAGE RUN TIME - 16:50:14 RUN DATE - 01/28/87

TEGORY: SF INDUSTRIAL SAFETY

SUBCATEGORY: 904 PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

ONCERN NUMBER	CAT	SUB	RI	PLT LOC	3	SAF	D CI	APPI ATEI ASS	D	HISTORICAL REPORT	COHCERN ORIGIN	CONCERN DESCRIPTION	REF. SECTION OF SUBCAT - SF SUBCAT - 904
1 -86-149-00101 150127	SF	904	NI	нви	1 2 3	HA	HA I	I Y	0	IN-86-149-001	QTC	IT IS NOT HEALTHY FOR EMPLOYEES TO BE FORCED TO HEAR SAFETY GLASSES 8 HOURS A DAY, UNLESS THE EMPLOYEE IS IN A HAZARDOUS AREA CONTINUALLY. CIFELS THAT CONTINUOUS WEARING OF SAFETY GLASSES COULD CAUSE EYE STRAIN, A EYE EXAMINATIONS OF EMPLOYEES TO DETECT THIS TYPE OF STRAIN. CONSTRUCTION CONCERN. CI HAS NO FURTHER INFORMATION.	4.2.2
1 -86-182-00301 150123	SF	904	NI	нвн	1 2 3	HA	HA I	I Y	0	IN-86-182-003	QTC	SOME HELDING AREAS DO NOT HAVE ADEQUATE JRAPERY PROTECTION TO PROTECT AD JACENT PERSONNEL FROM EYE/SKIN BURNS. CONSTRUCTION DEPT CONCERN. CI HAS NO ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.	4.2.4
11 -86-251-00101 150145	SF	904	N	нви	1 2 3	MA	HA I	A DI	0	IN-86-251-001	QTC	SAFETY GLASSES MUST BE HORN IN ALL A REAS. DUE TO THE HEAT IN SOME AREAS, IT CAUSES THE GLASSES TO FOG, THER EBY CAUSING AN UNSAFE CONDITION. CONSTRUCTION DEPT. CONCERN. CI HAS NO FURTHER DETAILS. NO FOLLOW UP REQU	4.2.1

EFERENCE - ECPS131J-ECPS131C EQUENCY - REQUEST P - ISSS - RHM TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY
OFFICE OF NUCLEAR POHER
EMPLOYEE CONCERN PROGRAM SYSTEM (ECPS)
EMPLOYEE CONCERN INFORMATION BY CATEGORY/SUBCATEGORY
SUBCATEGORY: 904 PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

1 REPORT APPL

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CONCERN NUMBER	CAT	SUB	R PLT D LOC	2 SAF RELATED 3 FIND CLASS BF BL SQ HB	HISTORICAL REPORT	CONCERNORIGIN	CONCERN DESCRIPTION	REF. SECTION # CAT - SF SUBCAT - 904
1 -86-258-00301 T50145	SF	904	N HBN	1 M N N Y 2 MA HA NA NO 3 MA NA NA B	IN-86-258-003	QTC	HARD HAT AND SAFETY GLASSES MUST BE HORN AT ALL TIMES IF IN A SPECIFIC A REA. CI FEELS SAFETY GLASSES AND HA RD HAT ARE NECESSARY ONLY IF OPERATI NG OR HORKING AROUND A HAZARD. A LE TTER OF DISCIPLINARY ACTION RESULTS PT. CONCERN. CI HAS NO FURTHER DETA ILS. NO FOLLON UP REQUIRED.	4.2.1
11 -86-295-00301 150151	SF	904	N HBN	1 N N N Y 2 NA NA NA NO 3 NA NA NA B	IN-86-295-003	QTC	SAFETY GLASSES ARE MANDATORY FOR ARE AS HHERE HAZARDS EXISTS. CI FEELS THIS IS UNNECESSARY NUC. POHER DEPT CONCERN. CI HAS NO ADDITIONAL INFORMATION. NO FOLLOH-UP REQUIRED.	4.2.1
N -86-302-00601 T50161	SF	904	N HBN	1 N N N Y 2 NA NA NA NO 3 NA NA NA D	IN-86-302-006	QTC	MELDERS ARE ALLOWED TO WORK DIRECTLY ABOVE OTHER WORKERS WITHOUT PROPER PROTECTION FOR THOSE BELOW. SPARKS AND OBJECTS FALL BELOW ON WORKERS; R B #2, ANNULUS AREA. CONSTRUCTION CO NCERN. CI HAS NO ADDITIONAL INFORMA	4.2.4, 6.2, 7.2.A, 6.0(3), 7.1(A)

FERENCE - ECPS131J-ECPS131C EQUENCY - REQUEST 1P - 1555 - RHM

PAGE RUN TIME - 16:50:14 RUN DATE - 01/28/87

TEGORY: SF INDUSTRIAL SAFETY

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY
OFFICE OF NUCLEAR POHER
EMPLOYEE CONCERN PROGRAM SYSTEM (ECPS)
EMPLOYEE CONCERN INFORMATION BY CATEGORY/SUBCATEGORY
SUBCATEGORY: 904 PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

								B. B	
ONCERN NUMBER	CAT	SUB	S H R PLT D LOC	1 REPORT 2 SAF REE 3 FIND CI BF BL	ASS	HISTORICAL REPORT	CONCERN ORIGIN	CONCERN DESCRIPTION	REF. SECTION (CAT - SF SUBCAT - 904
1 -65-001-01001 T50079	SF	904	N HBN	1 N N 2 NA NA 3 NA NA	A A	00-85-001-010	QTC	SANDBLASTING HELMETS (FOR SUPPLYING CLEAN AIR) HAVE HOLES IN THEM AND DO NOT PROTECT PERSONNEL FROM INHALING DEBRIS CAUSED BY SANDBLASTING. (KEN TUCKY DAM HYDRO PLANT) NAME OF SUPER VISOR KNOHN; PERSONS INJURED KNOHN;	4.2.6
-85-001-01101 T50079	SF	904	N HBN	1 N N 2 NA NA 3 NA NA		00-85-001-011	QTC	PROPER EQUIPMENT IS NOT PROVIDED TO PROTECT EMPLOYEES FROM SKIN CONTACT WITH SANDBLASTING DEBRIS. (KENTUCKY DAM HYDRO PLANT) SANDBLASTING SUITS (COVERALLS) ARE NOT PROVIDED, SUPERVISORS NAME KNOWN, TIME OF OCCURANCE	4.2.6
`N-MDM-1 01	SF	904	N HBN	1 N N 2 NA NA 3 NA NA	I Y IA NO IA B		DECP	CI RECOMMENDS PLACING SAFETY BELTS I N THE PLANT NEXT TO STEP LADDERS AND EXTENSION LADDERS. THEY HOULD BE C ONTROLLED BY THE SAME METHOD - COLOR CODED SO THEY HON'T BE REMOVED. AD D DIFFERENT SIZES (S,M,L)	4.2.5

FERENCE - ECPS131J-ECPS131C REQUENCY - REQUEST P - ISSS - REM

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY
OFFICE OF NUCLEAR POWER
EMPLOYEE CONCERN PROGRAM SYSTEM (ECPS)
EMPLOYEE CONCERN INFORMATION BY CATEGORY/SUBCATEGORY

SUBCATEGORY: 904

INNNY

2 NA NA NA NO 3 NA NA NA A PAGE - 12 RUH TIME - 16:50:14 RUH DATE - 01/28/87

4.2.4

IEGORY: SF INDUSTRIAL SAFETY

01

SF

904

M-227

1 REPORT APPL 2 SAF RELATED REF. SECTION . R PLT 3 FIND CLASS SUB HISTORICAL CONCERN CAT - SF ONCERN NUMBER CAT CAT D LOC BF BL SQ HB REPORT ORIGIN SUBCAT - 904 CONCERN DESCRIPTION

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

OECP

INDIVIDUAL IS CONCERNED THAT HELDERS

HERE NOT USING ADEQUATE SHIELDING TO PREVENT MOLTEN METAL FROM FLYING O

UT INTO PASSAGE HAY.

34 CONCERNS FOR CATEGORY SF SUBCATEGORY 904

CONCERNS ARE GROUPED BY FIRST 3 DIGITS OF SUBCATEGORY NUMBER.

N HBN

ECSP CORRECTIVE Action Tracking Document (CATD)

INITIATION						
1. 2. 3. 5. 6.	Stop Work Re CATD No. 90 RESPONSIBLE PROBLEM DESC tection is n	orrective Action commended: 400-1	Yes 4. ONP - NU NOR The zed in the	No INITIATION CON - WB concern the RB-2 annulu	DATE 8-	ad pro- ostantiated
	DDCDARCD BY.	NAME Tom Rog				TTACHMENTS 8-11-86
7. 8.	CONCURRENCE:	CEG-H XO	500,			8/17/8
9.	APPROVAL: E	CTG PROGRAM MG	R. DE	Heurel :	DATE:	2/2/87
CORRECTIVE	ACTION					
10.	PROPOSED COR	RECTIVE ACTION	PLAN:	SEE ATTACE	IMENT	
					O A3	TACHMENTS
11.	PROPOSED BY:	DIRECTOR/MGR	Au 110	inter		8/19/86
12.	CONCURRENCE:	CEG-H:			DATE:	
		SRP:			DATE:	
		ECTG PROGRAM	MGR:		DATE:	
VERIFICATIO	N AND CLOSEO	ūΙ				
13.	Approved cor implemented.	rective action	s have bee	n verified a	s satisfe	ctorily
	SIGN	ATURE		TITLE		DATE

Action Tracking Document (CATD)

INITIATION									
1. 2. 3. 5. 6.	Immediate Corrective Action Required: Yes So No Stop Work Recommended: Yes So No CATD No. 90400-2 RESPONSIBLE ORGANIZATION: ONP-NU CON-WB PROBLEM DESCRIPTION: QR SO NQR Approximately 85 to 90 percent of the employees in plant areas are wearing the required eye protection. Persons noted not complying with the rules include plant employees, construction employees, annual employees, T&L employees and contractors.								
		•							
				- ATTACHMENTS					
7.	PREPARED BY: NAME	Tom Rogers		ATE: 8-11-86					
8.	CONCURRENCE: CEG-	H Lon Elle	7 200	TE: F/12/67					
9.	APPROVAL: ECTG PRO	OGRAM HGR. DUNG	eur or Di	11: <u>2(2/3)</u>					
CORRECTIVE	ACTION								
10.	PROPOSED CORRECTIV	E ACTION PLAN:	SEE ATTACHMENT						
				4.42%					
				ATTACHMENTS					
11.	PROPOSED BY: DIRE			TE: 8/19/86					
12.	CONCURRENCE: CEG-H			ATE:					
	SRP:			ATE:					
	ECTG	PROGRAM MGR:	D/	ATE:					
VERIFICATI	ON AND CLOSEOUT								
13.	Approved corrective implemented.	e actions have been	verified as sa	tisfactorily					
	SIGNATURE		TITLE	DATE					

Action Tracking Document (CAID)

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1.		하나이다. 개발된 이번 나를 되었다. 각이 세계되었다면 되었다.									
			Required: Yes	■ No							
2.		commended:									
3.	CATD No. 90			N DATE 8-11-86							
5.	PROBLEM DESCRIPTION: QR PNQR Approximately 85 to 90 percent of the employees in plant areas are wearing the required eye pro-										
6.											
				rules include plant							
				oyees, T&L employees							
	and contract	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN	ojees, annual empl	ofees, Ida employees							
				A D ATTACHMENTS							
7.		NAME Tom Roger		PATE: 8-11-86							
8.	CONCURRENCE:	CEG-H You S	VIII	DATE: 8/15/64							
9.	APPROVAL: E	CIG PROGRAM MGR.	Divotation!	DATE: 2/2/87							
CORRECTIVE	ACTION		1	/							
10.	PROPOSED COR	RECTIVE ACTION P	LANE AS	//							
	See attache		107								
			11/1/								
			11//	CHAPTER THE PROPERTY OF THE PR							
		- 140									
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	1.53	10									
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			DAMMANA	☐ ATTACHMENTS							
11.		DIRECTOR/MGR:	Tiograph	DATE:							
12.	CONCURRENCE:			DATE:							
		SRP:		DATE:							
		ECTG PROGRAM HG	R:	DATE:							
ERIFICATION	ON AND CLOSEOU	<u>ıı</u>									
			have been verified	as satisfactorily							
13.	implemented.	eccive accions									

ECSP CORRECTIVE Action Tracking Document (CATD)

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TU		 COLE

INITIALION			
1.	Immediate Corrective Action Rec	uired: Yes	a No
2.	Stop Work Recommended: Yes		
3.		4. INITIATION	ATE 8-11-86
5.	RESPONSIBLE ORGANIZATION: ONP-		
6.	PROBLEM DESCRIPTION: QR B N	OR The memo discri	bing the eve
	protection program policy at WE		
	Cottle and Guenter Wadewitz, st		
	shall be worn in work areas. A	high percentage of	f employees and
	contractors do not wear this eq	uloment in areas	round the TSOB.
	Modifications Building, and the	IOB. This policy	should either be
	revised or enforced.		
		/	O ATTACHMENTS
7.	PREPARED BY: NAME Tom Rogers	7/	VATE. 8-11-86
8.	CONCURRENCE: CEG-H Zon Su	111-1	DATE: P/1.7/07
9.	APPROVAL: ECTG PROGRAM MGR.	DVINDING 8	DATE: 2/2/87
	AFFROVAL: Deto racedes non.	1533	- sade
CORRECTIVE	ACTION	/	1)
CORRECTIVE	ACTION	/	
10.	PROPOSED CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN	- 2	
10.		50/	
	See attached.	600/	
	- / / /	7//	
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	The same of the sa		
		MINIMAN	☐ ATTACHMENTS
11.	PROPOSED BY: DIRECTOR/MGR:	1.00000	_ DATE:
12.	CONCURRENCE: CEG-H:		DATE:
	SRP:		DATE:
	ECTG PROGRAM MGR:		DATE:
VERIFICATIO	N AND CLOSEOUT		
13.	Approved corrective actions hav	e been verified as	satisfactorily
•••	implemented.		
	STONATURE	TITIE	DATE
	SIGNATURE	11100	DALE
	SIGNATURE	TITLE	

Action Tracking Document (CATD)

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THITTING				
1.	Immediate Cor	rective Action B	equired: 🗆 Yes	E No
2.		ommended: 🗆 Ye		
3.	CATD No. 904	100-5	4. INITIATION	DATE 8-11-86
5.	RESPONSIBLE C	RGANIZATION: ON	P-NU CON-WB	
6.	PROBLEM DESCRIPTION	IPTION: O QR M	MQR Plent employees tion safety glasses	and general
			only one concern w	
			do not directly aff	
			de site is minimal.	
			scope of the site	
				D ATTACEVENTS
7.	PREPARED BY:	NAME Tom Rogers	The Kome	DATE: 8-11-85
8.	CONCURRENCE:	CEG-H Kon C	4	DATE: 9/15/96
9.	APPROVAL: E	CTG PROGRAM MGR.	Distant o	DATE: 2/8/87
CORRECTIVE	ACTION			
10.	PROPOSED COR	RECTIVE ACTION PL	AN: Overall site	policy concerning
	A CONTRACT OF THE PROPERTY AND THE PROPE			e hrought before the
			subcommittees for	
	Procedures.			
		TELESCE INC.		
				O ATTACETEMES
11.	PROPOSED BY:	DIRECTOR/MGR:	Dent tamber	DATE: 8/20/86
12.	CONCURRENCE:	CEG-H: ZON E	10m	DATE: 8/22 184
		SRP:	"阿斯特里斯克克拉拉"	DATE:
		ECTG PROGRAM HGE		DATE:
VERIFICATI	ON AND CLOSEO	<u>UT</u>		
13.	Approved cor implemented.		save been verified	as satisfactorily

Action Tracking Document (CAID)

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INITIATION						
1.	Immediate Co	rrective Action	Required:	O Yes	ER No	
2.		commended:				
3.	CATD No. 90				DATE 8-11	-86
5.		ORGANIZATION:				
6.	PROBLEM DESC	RIPTION: G QR	M NOR Plan	: employee	s can be pi	ravided
		rrection prescr				
	work gloves.	Because only	one concert	wes subm	itted on ea	ich of
		and they do not				
		to the site is				t would
	be within the	e scope of the	site Centre	I Safety	Committee	
	subcommittee	for Safety Rul	es and Proc	edures.		为一个。 第二章
				/		ACHMENTS
7.	PREPARED BY:	NAME Tom Roger	15 7/8		DATE: 8	
8.	CONCURRENCE:		alle c	0	_ DATE: E	112/86
9.	APPROVAL: E	CTG PROGRAM HGR	TUHE	wit ?	DATE:	2/2/27
CORRECTIVE	ACTION		184	0//		
331113		/	0 1,0	0/		
10.		RECTIVE ACTION		//		
	see attached.	/ 1	· V	/		
		100	1//			
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		46 . 25 8				
		12 181				
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		V				
			1.8/11			ACHMENTS
11.	PROPOSED BY:	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	100 800		DATE:	
12.	CONCURRENCE:	CEG-H:			DATE:	
		SEP:			DATE:	
		ECTG PROGRAM MG	R:		DATE:	
VERIFICATIO	N AND CLOSEOU	<u> </u>				
11	Annual	astina cont				
13.	implemented.	ective actions	uave Deeu	Aetiried W	5 Satistac	cority
	SIGNA	TURE	-	TITLE		DATE

Action Tracking Document (CAID)

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1.		■ No
2.	58400 kapa 45-1000 2-100 km 1000 km 10	N DATE 9-11-86
5.		. DEIL 0-11-00
6.	PROBLEM DESCRIPTION: CO QR F WOR The concerns	that rules for
	footwear is being inconsistently enforced was	
	employees wear leather athletic shoes in const	ruction areas in vio-
	lation of site rules. Differing rules for int	eracting groups has an
	adverse effect on the safety program and makes	enforcement of the
	rules more difficulty.	
		医手腕病 水金属 医神经生物
		☐ ATTACHMENTS
7.		DATE: 8-11-86
	CONCURRENCE: CEG-H TO CILE	DATE: 8/13/86
9.	APPROVAL: ECTG PROGRAM MGR. (1) Willeum	DATE: 2/2/27
CORRECTIV	E ACTION	
10.	PROPOSED CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: SEE ATTACH	MENT
	111	O ATTACHMENTS
11.		DATE: 8/19/86_
12.	CONCURRENCE: CEG-H:	DATE:
	SRF: ECIG PROGRAM MGR:	DATE:
	ECIO PROGRAM RGA:	DATE:
VERIFICAT	ION AND CLOSECUT	
13.	Approved corrective actions have been verified implemented.	as satisfactorily
	SIGNATURE	
	SIGNATURE	DATE

ECSP CORRECTIVE Action Tracking Document (CATD)

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1.	Immediate Corrective Actio	on Required: Yes	a No
2.	Stop Work Recommended:		
3.		4. INITIATION D	ATE 8-11-86
5.	RESPONSIBLE ORGANIZATION:		
6.	PROBLEM DESCRIPTION: QR		t rules for
	footwear is being inconsis		
	employees wear leather att		
	lation of site rules. Dif		
	adverse effect on the Asfe	ety program and makes en	forcement of the
	rules more difficulty.		
			1
			- D ANTACHMENTS
7.	PREPARED BY: NAME Tom Bog		DATE: 8 11-86
8.	CONCURRENCE: CEG-H	sille / 15	DATE: RIPO ISC
9.	APPROVAL: ECTG PROGRAM MG	R. Dustonia	DAID: /2/2/47
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CORRECTIVE	ACTION	1500	//
		1300 07	
10.	PROPOSED CORRECTIVE ACTION	PIAN	
	See attached.		
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	16	0//	
		2011	
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	[11: 1	/	
		1/2011	
		Maria	☐ ATTACHMENTS
11.	PROPOSED BY: DIRECTOR/MGR	: 1.0000	DATE:
12.	CONCURRENCE: CEG-H:		DATE:
	SRP:		DATE:
	ECTG PROGRAM	MGR:	DATE:
VERIFICATIO	N AND CLOSEOUT		
13.	Approved corrective action	s have been verified as	satisfactorily
	implemented.		
	SIGNATURE	TITLE	- DATE
	SIUMATURE	1116	DATE