

## UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMM:SSION REGION II

101 MARIETTA ST., N.W., SUITE 3100 ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30303



### Gentlemen:

The enclosed information notices are provided as an early notification of potentially significant matters. It is expected that recipients will review the information for possible applicability to their facilities. No specific action or response is requested at this time. If further NRC evaluations so indicate, an IE Circular or Bulletin will be issued to recommend or request specific licensee actions. If you have questions regarding this matter, please contact this office.

Sincerely.

James P. O'Reilly Director

#### Enclosures:

- 1. IE Information Notice No. 81-27
- 2. IE Information Notice No. 81-28
- List of Recently Issued Information Notices.

IE91

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# UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION OFFICE OF INSPECTION AND ENFORCEMENT WASHINGTON, D.C. 20555

September 3, 1981

IE INFORMATION NOTICE NO. 81-27: FLAMMABLE GAS MIXTURES IN THE WASTE GAS DECAY TANKS IN PWR PLANTS

### Description of Circumstances:

In July 1981, hydrogen ignition occurred in one gaseous waste decay tank at San Onofre Unit 1 while the plant was in cold shutdown. This resulted in a release of about 8.8 curies of noble gases and minor tank damage. The cause of the hydrogen ignition was air contamination of the inert nitrugen system which is used to control the hydrogen-oxygen concentrations in the tank.

The source of air was identified as instrument air leaking through check valves at the cross connections between instrument air and nitroger lines. Under normal operating conditions, the pressure in the instrument air system is higher than that of the nitrogen system. These cross connections had been installed in response to TMI Action Plan requirement item II.E.1.2 of NUREG-0737. The nitrogen system provided a backup gas supply to the air-operated steam supply valve for the steam-driven auxiliary feedwater pump. This backup was installed to provide a "safety grade" auxiliary feedwater system that satisfies the single-failure criteria. Other cross connections, which apparently did not leak air into the nitrogen system, had been previously installed in response to TMI Action Plan requirement II.G.1 of NUREG-0737 to provide a redundant gas supply to the air-operated pressurizer relief valves and the associated block valves.

Following the occurrence, the licensee sampled all potentially affected tanks and determined that most of the tanks had oxygen levels above 10 to 15 percent. Generally, the gas in pressurized water reactor (PWR) waste gas systems is hydrogen rich and the oxygen concentration is controlled to prevent flammable gas mixtures. Flammable concentration of gas mixtures can be prevented by limiting either the hydrogen or the oxygen concentration to less than 3 percent.

To eliminate the possibility of recurrence, the licensee has now completely separated those portions of the nitrogen system that are a backup supply to the air system from the balance of the nitrogen system that supplies cover gas. Bottles of compressed nitrogen are now used to provide the backup to the air system.

We are aware of another instance of flammable mixtures in waste gas tanks. In August 1980, Arkansas Power and Light Company (AP&L) discovered flammable concentrations of hydrogen and oxygen in the waste gas decay tanks at Arkansas Nuclear One, Unit 1. The flammable gas mixtures were created after the primary coolant picked up oxygen from the air during refueling and maintenance. No ignition or explosion was reported.

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It appears that licensees need to devote more attention to the potential effects of nitrogen-air system cross connections when systems are modified to use nitrogen as a backup to air systems. If cross connections exist, the potential for the formation of flammable gas mixtures should be evaluated. A sampling program to assure that flammable gas mixtures do not exist in tanks should be considered.

No written response to this information notice is required. If you need additional information with regard to this subject, please contact the Director of the appropriate NRC Regional Office.

Attachment: Recently issued IE Information Notices

### RELENTLY ISSUED IE INFORMATION NOTICES

Information		Date of	
Notice No.	Subject	Issue	Issued to
81-26	Compilation of Health Physics Related Information Items	9/3/81	All power reactor facilities with an OL or CP
81-25	Open Equalizing Valve of Differential Pressure Transmitter Causes Reactor Scram and Loss of Redundant Safety Signals	3/21/81	All power reactor facilities with an OL or CP
81-24	Auxiliary Feed Pump Turbine Bearing Failures	8/5/81	All power reactor facilities with an OL or CP
61-23	Fuel Assembly Damaged due to Improper Positioning of Handling Equipment	9/4/81	All power reactor facilities with an OL or CP
81-22	Section 235 and 236 Amendments to the Atomic Energy Act of 1954	7/31/81	All power research reactor, fuel fabrication and reprocessing, and spent fuel storage licensees and applicants
81-21	Potential Loss of Direct Access to Ultimate Heat Sink	7/21/81	All power reactor facilities with an OL or CP
B1-20	Test Failures of Electrical Penetration Assemblies	7/13/81	All power reactor facilities with an OL or CP
81-19	Lost Parts in Primary Coolant System	7/6/81	All power reactor facilities with an OL or CP

OL = Operating Licenses CP = Construction Permits