

Terry J. Garrett Vice President, Engineering May 10, 2008

ET 08-0031

U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission ATTN: Document Control Desk Washington, DC 20555

Subject:

Docket No. 50-482: Wolf Creek Generating Station Cycle 17 Core Operating Limits Report

Gentlemen:

Enclosed is Revision 0 of the Wolf Creek Generating Station Cycle 17 Core Operating Limits Report (COLR). This document is being submitted pursuant to Section 5.6.5 of the Wolf Creek Generating Station Technical Specifications.

This letter contains no commitments. If you have any questions concerning this matter, please contact me at (620) 364-4084, or Mr. Richard D. Flannigan at (620) 364-4117.

Sincerely,

Terry J. Garrett

TJG/rlt

Enclosure

cc: E. E. Collins (NRC), w/e V. G. Gaddy (NRC), w/e B. K. Singal (NRC), w/e Senior Resident Inspector (NRC), w/e

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WOLF CREEK GENERATING STATION CYCLE 17

CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT Revision 0

March 2008

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Approved by:	William Kennamore	03/04/08	
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1.0 CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT

The CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (COLR) for Wolf Creek Generating Station Cycle 17 has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Technical Specification 5.6.5.

The core operating limits that are included in the COLR affect the following Technical Specifications:

2.1.1 Reactor Core Safety Limits

- 3.1.1 Shutdown Margin (SDM)
- 3.1.3 Moderator Temperature Coefficient (MTC)
- 3.1.4 Rod Group Alignment Limits
- 3.1.5 Shutdown Bank Insertion Limits
- 3.1.6 Control Bank Insertion Limits
- 3.1.8 PHYSICS TESTS Exceptions MODE 2
- 3.2.1 Heat Flux Hot Channel Factor $(F_0(Z))$ (FQ Methodology)
- 3.2.2 Nuclear Enthalpy Rise Hot Channel Factor (F_{AH}^N)
- 3.2.3 AXIAL FLUX DIFFERENCE (AFD) (Relaxed Axial Offset Control (RAOC) Methodology)
- 3.3.1 Reactor Trip System (RTS) Instrumentation
- 3.3.2 Engineered Safety Feature Actuation System (ESFAS) Instrumentation
- 3.4.1 RCS Pressure, Temperature, and Flow Departure from Nucleate Boiling (DNB) Limits
- 3.9.1 Boron Concentration

The portions of the Technical Specification Bases affected by the report are listed below:

ASA B 3.4.1 RCS Pressure, Temperature, and Flow Departure from Nucleate Boiling (DNB) Limits



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2.0 OPERATING LIMITS

The cycle-specific parameter limits for the specifications listed in Section 1.0 are presented in the subsections below:

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2.1 <u>Reactor Core Safety Limits</u> (SL 2.1.1)

In MODES 1 and 2, the combination of THERMAL POWER, Reactor Coolant System (RCS) highest loop average temperature, and pressurizer pressure shall not exceed the limits in Figure 2.1.

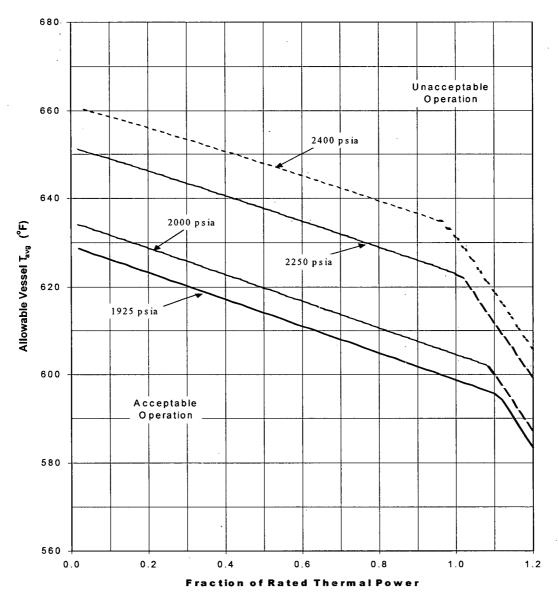


Figure 2.1 Reactor Core Safety Limits



* x 4

2.2 <u>Moderator Temperature Coefficient (MTC)</u> (LCO 3.1.3, SR 3.1.3.2)

The MTC shall be less positive than the limit provided in Figure 2.2.

The MTC shall be less negative than -50 pcm/°F.

The 300 PPM MTC Surveillance limit is -41 pcm/°F (equilibrium, all rods withdrawn, RATED THERMAL POWER condition).

The 60 PPM MTC Surveillance limit is -46 pcm/°F (equilibrium, all rods withdrawn, RATED THERMAL POWER condition).

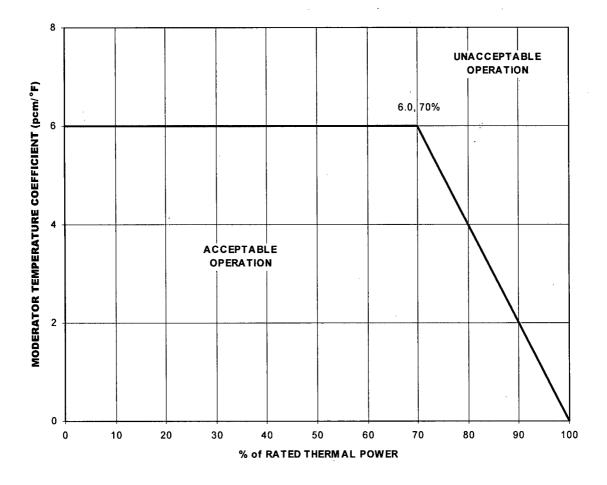


Figure 2.2 Moderator Temperature Coefficient Vs. RATED THERMAL POWER



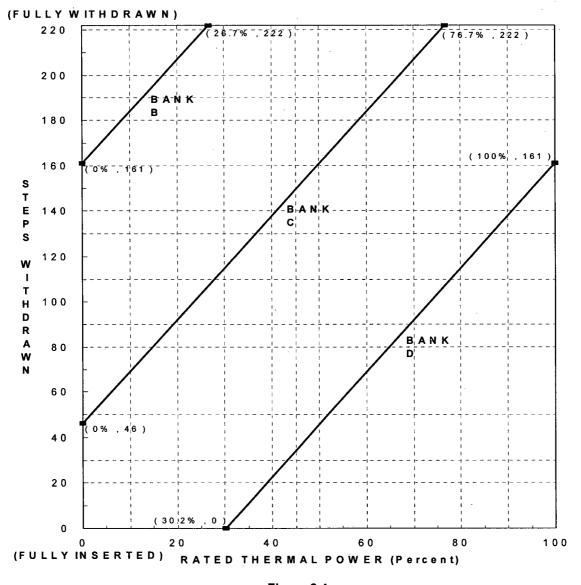
2.3 <u>Shutdown Bank Insertion Limits</u> (LCO 3.1.5)

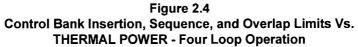
1.1

The shutdown banks shall be fully withdrawn (i.e., positioned within the interval of ≥ 222 and ≤ 231 steps withdrawn).

2.4 Control Bank Insertion Limits (LCO 3.1.6)

The Control Bank insertion, sequence, and overlap limits are specified in Figure 2.4.



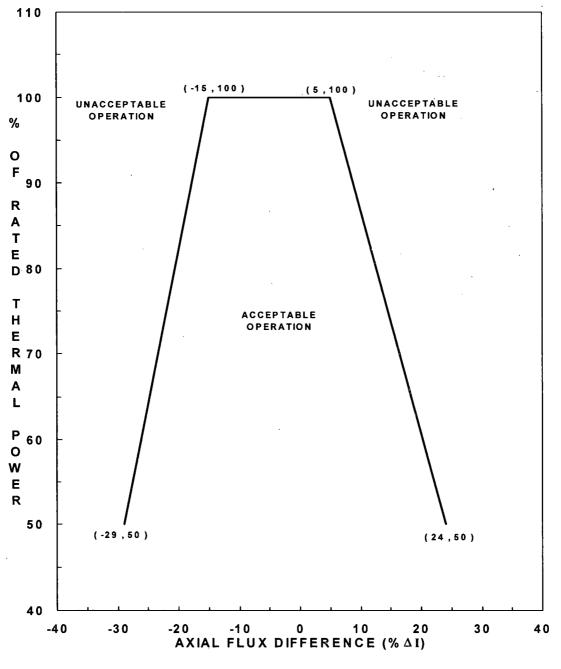


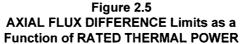
Fully withdrawn shall be the condition where control banks are at a position within the interval of \ge 222 and \le 231 steps withdrawn.



2.5 <u>AXIAL FLUX DIFFERENCE (AFD) (Relaxed Axial Offset Control (RAOC)</u> <u>Methodology</u>) (LCO 3.2.3)

The indicated AXIAL FLUX DIFFERENCE (AFD) allowed operational space is defined by Figure 2.5.







2.6 <u>Heat Flux Hot Channel Factor $(F_{o}(Z))(F_{o} \text{ Methodology})$ (LCO 3.2.1, SR 3.2.1.2)</u>

$$F_{Q}(Z) \leq \frac{CFQ}{P} * K(Z), \text{ for } P > 0.5$$

$$F_{Q}(Z) \leq \frac{CFQ}{0.5} * K(Z), \text{ for } P \leq 0.5$$

where, $P = \frac{\text{THERMAL POWER}}{\text{RATED THERMAL POWER}}$

$$CFQ = F_O^{RTP}$$

 $F_{O}^{RTP} = F_{O}(Z)$ limit at RATED THERMAL POWER (RTP)

= 2.50, and

K(Z) = as defined in Figure 2.6.

 $F_Q^C(Z) = F_Q^M(Z)(1.03)(1.05) = F_Q^M(Z)(1.0815)$

where, $F_Q^M(Z)$ = Measured value of $F_Q(Z)$ from incore flux map

 $F_Q^W(Z) = F_Q^C(Z)W(Z)$

where, W(Z) = a cycle dependent function that accounts for power distribution transients encountered during normal operation (see Appendix A).

See Appendix A for:

 F_Q Penalty Factor



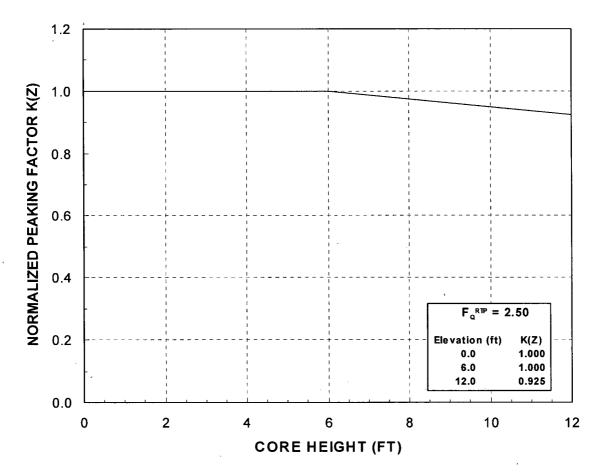


Figure 2.6 K(Z) - Normalized Peaking Factor Vs. Core Height



2.7 <u>Nuclear Enthalpy Rise Hot Channel Factor $(F_{\Delta H}^{N})$ </u> (LCO 3.2.2)

 $F_{\Delta H}^{N}$ shall be limited by the following relationship:

$$F_{\Delta H}^{N} \leq F_{\Delta H}^{RTP} \left[1.0 + PF_{\Delta H} (1.0 - P) \right]$$

Where, $F_{\Delta H}^{RTP} = F_{\Delta H}^{N}$ limit at RATED THERMAL POWER (RTP)

= 1.586

 $PF_{\Delta H}$ = power factor multiplier for $F_{\Delta H}^{N}$

= 0.3

- $P = \frac{THERMAL POWER}{RATED THERMAL POWER}$
- $F_{\Delta H}^{N}$ = Measured values of $F_{\Delta H}^{N}$ obtained by using the movable incore detectors to obtain a power distribution map. The measured values of $F_{\Delta H}^{N}$ shall be used since an uncertainty of 4% for incore measurement of $F_{\Delta H}^{N}$ has been included in the above limit.



2.8 <u>Reactor Trip System Overtemperature ΔT Setpoint Parameter Values</u> (LCO 3.3.1)

Parameter	Value	
Overtemperature ΔT reactor trip setpoint	K ₁ = 1.10	
Overtemperature ΔT reactor trip setpoint T_{avg} coefficient	K ₂ = 0.0137/°F	
Overtemperature ΔT reactor trip setpoint pressure coefficient	$K_3 = 0.000671/psig$	
Nominal T _{avg} at RTP	T′ ≤ 586.5°F	
Nominal RCS operating pressure	$P' \ge 2235 \text{ psig}$	
Measured RCS ΔT lead/lag constant	$\tau_1 = 6 \sec \tau_2 = 3 \sec \tau_2$	
Measured RCS ΔT lag constant	$\tau_3 = 2 \sec \theta$	
Measured RCS average temperature lead/lag constant	$ τ_4 = 16 sec $ $ τ_5 = 4 sec$	
Measured RCS average temperature lead/lag constant	$\tau_6 = 0$ sec	

 $f_1(\Delta I) = -0.0227 \{23\% + (q_t-q_b)\}$ when $(q_t-q_b) < -23\%$ RTP

0% of RTP when -23% RTP $\leq (q_t-q_b) \leq 5\%$ RTP

 $0.0184 \{(q_t-q_b) - 5\%\}$ when $(q_t-q_b) > 5\%$ RTP

Where, q_t and q_b are percent RTP in the upper and lower halves of the core, respectively, and $q_t + q_b$ is the total THERMAL POWER in percent RTP.



2.9 <u>Reactor Trip System Overpower <u>AT Setpoint Parameter Values</u> (LCO 3.3.2)</u>

Parameter	Value	
Overpower ΔT reactor trip setpoint	K ₄ = 1.10	
Overpower ΔT reactor trip setpoint T_{avg} rate/lag coefficient	K_5 = 0.02/°F for increasing T_{avg} = 0/°F for decreasing T_{avg}	
Overpower ΔT reactor trip setpoint T_{avg} heatup coefficient	K_6 = 0.00128/°F for T > T'' = 0/°F for T ≤ T''	
Indicated T_{avg} at RTP (calibration temperature for ΔT instrumentation)	T′′ ≤ 586.5°F	
Measured RCS ∆T lead/lag constant	$\tau_1 = 6 \sec \tau_2 = 3 \sec \tau_2$	
Measured RCS ∆T lag constant	$\tau_3 = 2 \text{ sec}$	
Measured RCS average temperature lead/lag constant	$\tau_6 = 0 \text{ sec}$	
Measured RCS average temperature rate/lag constant	τ ₇ = 10 sec	

 $f_2(\Delta I) = 0\%$ RTP for all ΔI



2.10 <u>RCS Pressure, Temperature, and Flow Departure from Nucleate Boiling (DNB)</u> <u>Limits</u> (LCO 3.4.1)

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Parameter	Indicated Value	
Pressurizer pressure	Pressure ≥ 2220 psig	
RCS average temperature	$T_{avg} \le 590.5 \ ^{\circ}F$	
RCS total flow rate	Flow ≥ 371,000 gpm	

2.11 Boron Concentration (LCO 3.9.1)

The refueling boron concentration shall be greater than or equal to 2300 PPM.

- 2.12 <u>SHUTDOWN MARGIN</u> (LCO 3.1.1, 3.1.4, 3.1.5, 3.1.6, & 3.1.8) The SHUTDOWN MARGIN shall be greater than or equal to 1300 pcm (1.3% ∆k/k).
- 2.13 <u>Departure from Nucleate Boiling Ratio (DNBR) Limits</u> (B 3.4.1, ASA)
 Safety Analysis DNBR Limit
 WRB-2 Design Limit DNBR
 1.23



APPENDIX A

1404-1844 1

A. Input relating to LCO 3.2.1:

$$W(Z) = \frac{F_{Q}(Z)^{\text{max transient}}}{F_{Q}(Z)^{\text{steady state}}}$$

These values are issued in a controlled report which will be provided on request.

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Input relating to SR 3.2.1.2

Cycle Burnup (MWD/MTU)	$F_Q^{W}(Z)$ Penalty Factor (%)		
≥0	2.00		
	$F_Q^{W}(Z)$ Exclusion Zone		
Cycle Burnup	(%	6)	
(MWD/MTU)	Тор	Bottom	
≥0	15	15	



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Wolf Creek Generating Station Cycle 17 Core Operating Limits Report Revision 0

B. Approved Analytical Methods for Determining Core Operating Limits

The analytical methods used to determine the core operating limits shall be those previously reviewed and approved by the NRC, specifically those described in the following documents.

 WCNOC Topical Report TR 90-0025 W01, "Core Thermal Hydraulic Analysis Methodology for the Wolf Creek Generating Station." (ET 90-0140, ET 92-0103)

NRC Safety Evaluation Report dated October 29, 1992, for the "Core Thermal Hydraulic Analysis Methodology for the Wolf Creek Generating Station."

2. WCAP-11397-P-A, "Revised Thermal Design Procedure," April 1989.

NRC Safety Evaluation Report dated January 17, 1989, for the "Acceptance for Referencing of Licensing Topical Report WCAP-11397, Revised Thermal Design Procedure."

3. WCNOC Topical Report NSAG-006, "Transient Analysis Methodology for the Wolf Creek Generating Station" (ET-91-0026, ET 92-0142, WM 93-0010, WM 93-0028).

NRC Safety Evaluation Report dated September 30, 1993, for the "Transient Analysis Methodology for the Wolf Creek Generating Station."

EPRI Topical Report NP-7450(A), "RETRAN-3D – A Program for Transient Thermal-Hydraulic Analysis of Complex Fluid Flow Systems," including NRC Safety Evaluation Report dated January 25, 2001, "Safety Evaluation Report on EPRI Topical Report NP-7450(P), Revision 4, "RETRAN-3D – A Program for Transient Thermal-Hydraulic Analysis of Complex Fluid Flow Systems," (TAC No. MA4311)." RETRAN-3D code is only utilized in the RETRAN-02 mode.

 WCAP-10216-P-A, Revision 1A, "Relaxation of Constant Axial Offset Control - F_Q Surveillance Technical Specification," February 1994.

NRC Safety Evaluation Report dated November 26, 1993, "Acceptance for Referencing of Revised Version of Licensing Topical Report WCAP-10216-P, Rev. 1, Relaxation of Constant Axial Offset Control - F_Q Surveillance Technical Specification" (TAC No. M88206).

5. WCNOC Topical Report NSAG-007, "Reload Safety Evaluation Methodology for the Wolf Creek Generating Station" (ET 92-0032, ET 93-0017).

NRC Safety Evaluation Report dated March 10, 1993, for the "Reload Safety Evaluation Methodology for the Wolf Creek Generating Station."

6. NRC Safety Evaluation Report dated March 30, 1993, for the "Revision to Technical Specification for Cycle 7" (NA 92-0073, NA 93-0013, NA 93-0054).



7. WCAP-10266-P-A, Revision 2, "The 1981 Version of the Westinghouse ECCS Evaluation Model Using the BASH Code," March 1987.

NRC letter dated November 13, 1986, "Acceptance for Referencing of Licensing Topical Report WCAP-10266 "The 1981 Version of the Westinghouse ECCS Evaluation Model Using the BASH Code.""

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WCAP-10266-P-A, Addendum 1, Revision 2, "The 1981 Version of the Westinghouse ECCS Evaluation Model Using the BASH Code Addendum 1: Power Shape Sensitivity Studies," December 1987.

NRC letter dated September 15, 1987, "Acceptance for Referencing of Addendum 1 to WCAP-10266, BASH Power Shape Sensitivity Studies."

WCAP-10266-P-A, Addendum 2, Revision 2, "The 1981 Version of the Westinghouse ECCS Evaluation Model Using the BASH Code Addendum 2: BASH Methodology Improvements and Reliability Enhancements," May 1988

NRC letter dated January 20, 1988, "Acceptance for Referencing Topical Report Addendum 2 to WCAP-10266, Revision 2, "BASH Methodology Improvements and Reliability Enhancements."

8. WCAP-11596-P-A, "Qualification of the Phoenix-P/ANC Nuclear Design System for Pressurized Water Reactor Cores," June 1988.

NRC Safety Evaluation Report dated May 17, 1988, "Acceptance for Referencing of Westinghouse Topical Report WCAP-11596 - Qualification of the Phoenix-P/ANC Nuclear Design System for Pressurized Water Reactor Cores."

9. WCAP 10965-P-A, "ANC: A Westinghouse Advanced Nodal Computer Code," September 1988.

NRC letter dated June 23, 1986, "Acceptance for Referencing of Topical Report WCAP 10965-P and WCAP 10966-NP."

10. WCAP-12610-P-A, "VANTAGE+ Fuel Assembly Reference Core Report," April 1995.

NRC Safety Evaluation Reports dated July 1, 1991, "Acceptance for Referencing of Topical Report WCAP-12610, 'VANTAGE+ Fuel Assembly Reference Core Report' (TAC NO. 77258)."

NRC Safety Evaluation Report dated September 15, 1994, "Acceptance for Referencing of Topical Report WCAP-12610, Appendix B, Addendum 1, 'Extended Burnup Fuel Design Methodology and ZIRLO Fuel Performance Models' (TAC NO. M86416)."

11. WCAP-8745-P-A, "Design Bases for the Thermal Overpower ΔT and Thermal Overtemperature ΔT Trip Function." September 1986.

NRC Safety Evaluation Report dated April 17, 1986, "Acceptance for Referencing of Licensing Topical Report WCAP-8745(P)/8746(NP), 'Design Bases for the Thermal Overpower ΔT and Thermal Overtemperature ΔT Trip Functions."