# GEOTECHNICAL SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION DATA REPORT (REVISION NO. 1)

### CGG Combined Operating License Application (COLA) Project Calvert Cliffs Nuclear Power Plant (CCNPP) Calvert County, Maryland

April 13, 2007

**Prepared By:** 

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Binder No. 2 of 3

Including:

Appendix F: Cone Penetration Testing (CPT) Appendix G: Borehole Geophysics Appendix H: SPT Hammer Energy Study

**Schnabel Project No**. 06120048 **Appendix F:** Cone Penetration Testing (CPT)

### **CPT REPORT**

Presentation of In Situ Testing Program Results ConeTec, Inc. August 31, 2006

### PRESENTATION OF IN SITU TESTING PROGRAM RESULTS Revision 1

### Calvert Cliffs Nuclear Power Plant Calvert County, Maryland July 11 through 31, 2006

**Prepared for:** 

Schnabel Engineering Gaithersburg, MD

Prepared by:



**ConeTec Inc.** Charles City, Virginia

November 13, 2006

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### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of a peizo cone penetrometer testing (CPTU) program carried out at the site of the proposed nuclear power plant structure adjacent to the existing Calvert Cliffs Nuclear Power Plant. The work was performed under subcontract to Schnabel Engineering, Inc. of Gaithersburg, Maryland. The CPTU program took place during the period of July 11<sup>th</sup> through 31<sup>st</sup>, 2006.

A total of sixty-three CPTU and SCPTU soundings were completed at selected locations. The majority of the CPT soundings encountered refusal conditions before the target termination depth was achieved. In several locations, the CPT was continued below the refusal depths after pre-drilling operations were conducted. The CPT testing was performed to evaluate in situ geotechnical as well as seismic criteria. CPT sounding locations were selected and numbered under the direction and supervision of Mr. Bill Bradfield of Schnabel Engineering.

# 2.0 FIELD EQUIPMENT AND PROCEDURES

# 2.1 CONE PENETRATION TESTING

The cone penetrometer tests were carried out using an integrated electronic seismic piezo cone. The piezo cone used was a compression model cone penetrometer with a 15 cm<sup>2</sup> tip and a 225 cm<sup>2</sup> friction sleeve. The cone is designed with an equal end area friction sleeve and a tip end area ratio of 0.85. The piezo cone dimensions and the operating procedure were in accordance with ASTM Standard D-5778-95. A diagram of the cone penetrometer used for this project is shown as Figure 1.

Pore pressure filter elements, made of porous plastic, were saturated under a vacuum using silicone oil as the saturating fluid. The pore pressure element was six millimeters thick and was located immediately behind the tip (the  $U_2$  location) for all soundings.

The cone was advanced using a unitized, track-mounted, purpose-built 15 ton CPT rig. The following data were recorded every five centimeters (approximately every 2 inches) as the cone was advanced into the ground:

- Tip Resistance (qc)
- Sleeve Friction (fs)
- Dynamic Pore Pressure (U)

The field data recorded is included on the attached CD.

Before each sounding a complete set of analog baseline readings are taken with an integated multi-meter and compared with the digitized value on the computer screen. This provides a check on the analog to digital conversion board.

Evaluation of the analog baselines is key to consistent readings. The baseline data should be stable and should not wander excessively during the course of a sounding. Baseline data can be used to apply corrections to the cone data where necessary. For this project, the baseline shift from sounding to sounding was small, typically less than 0.1% of full scale, and no data corrections were applied.

During seismic testing, the seismic signals were recorded using a geophone mounted in the cone as shown in Figure 1 and an up-hole integrated digital oscilloscope. A sledge hammer hit against a beam was used for the seismic source. Normal reaction for the beam was provided by the dead weight of the rig placed upon the beam. A schematic of the shear wave testing configuration is shown in Figure 2.



FIGURE 1 - TYPICAL CONE PENETROMETER

ConeTec, Inc.



### FIGURE 2 - SCHEMATIC OF SHEAR WAVE TESTING CONFIGURATION

### 2.2 PORE PRESSURE DISSIPATION TESTS

When cone penetration is stopped, the piezo cone essentially becomes a piezometer. While stopped, pore water pressures are automatically recorded at five-second intervals and the readings are stored in a dissipation file. Dissipation data can then be plotted onto a dissipation curve consisting of pore water pressure (U) verses time (t). The shapes of dissipation curves are very useful in evaluating soil type, drainage and in situ static water level.

A flat curve that stabilizes quickly (i.e. less than 30 seconds) is typical of a free draining sand. In this case, the final measured pore water pressure is the static in situ water pressure.

Soils that generate excess dynamic pore water pressure during penetration will dissipate this excess pressure when penetration stops. The shape of the dissipation curve and the time of dissipation can be used to estimate  $c_h$ , the coefficient of consolidation that can in turn be used to calculate  $K_h$ , the horizontal permeability.

Figure 3 shows some idealized shapes of various pore water pressure dissipation curves. The reader is referred Robertson et. al., 1992 to reference dissipation test data analytical techniques.

# Estimation of Ground Water Table from CPT Dissipation Tests



1psi = 0.704m	= 2.31 feet	(water)
1tsf  = 0.958 bar = 13.9 psi		
1m = 3.28 feet		
	1psi = 0.704m 1tsf = 0.958 ba 1m = 3.28 feet	1psi = 0.704m = 2.31 feet 1tsf = 0.958 bar = 13.9 psi 1m = 3.28 feet

### FIGURE 3 - TYPICAL DISSIPATION TESTS

ConeTec, Inc.

### 3.0 CONE PENETRATION TEST DATA AND INTERPRETATION

### 3.1 ANALYSIS OF PIEZOCONE DATA - GENERAL

A total of sixty three CPT soundings, involving approximately 2555 feet of CPTU testing and 996 feet of SCPTU soundings were completed.

The interpretation of cone data is based on the relationship between cone bearing, qc, sleeve friction, fs, and penetration pore water pressure, U. The friction ratio, Rf, (sleeve friction divided by cone bearing) is a calculated parameter which is used to infer soil behavior type. Generally, saturated cohesive soils have low tip resistance, high friction ratios and generate large excess pore water pressures. Cohesionless soils have higher tip resistances, lower friction ratios and do not generate significant excess pore water pressure.

The interpretation of soils encountered on this project was carried out using established correlations presented in Appendix D. It should be noted that it is not always possible to clearly identify a soil type based on qc, fs and U. Occasionally soils will fall within different soil categories on the classification charts. In these situations, experience and judgment and an assessment of the pore pressure dissipation data should be used to infer the soil behavior type. Computer tabulations of the interpreted soil types along with certain other geotechnical parameters for each cone hole is presented in Appendix B.

Each of the parameters measured in the sounding is discussed briefly below. A detailed explanation of CPTU testing and interpretation of the results can be found in Robertson et. al. 1992.

*TIP RESISTANCE* ( $q_c$ ): The resistance to penetration, measured at the cone tip, provides an accurate profile of subsurface strata. The recorded tip resistance is a composite of the penetration resistance of the soils located five to ten cone diameters (7 to 14 inches) in front of and behind the tip. The actual resistance "sensed" by the tip depends on the soil properties and on the relative stiffness of the layers encountered. Tip resistance is often corrected for pore pressure effects when testing in soft saturated cohesive soils.

For this project the correction was made and the tip resistance shown,  $q_t$  is the corrected tip resistance.

The correction used is:  $q_t = q_c + (1-a)U$ 

Where:

qt = corrected tip resistance

 $q_c$  = measured tip resistance

a = net area ratio for cone (0.85 for this project)

U = dynamic pore water pressure measured behind tip

SLEEVE FRICTION ( $f_s$ ) The resistance recorded on the friction sleeve, is a measure of the remolded strength of the soil. Values of sleeve friction in very soft soils (such as peat) may fluctuate due to the measured force being small relative to the capacity of the measuring load cell.

*FRICTION RATIO* ( $R_f$ ) The ratio of sleeve friction to tip resistance expressed as a percentage, is an indicator of soil type. Cohesive soils generally have friction ratios that are greater than two, while sands and non-plastic silts have friction ratios that are lower than two.

*PORE PRESSURE* (U) Dynamic pore water pressure is measured during penetration. Dynamic pore water pressure data can be found in the .cor and .xls files. Static pore water pressure is measured when cone penetration is stopped. The measured dynamic pore water pressure changes with the location of the porous filter and negative readings are possible when the filter is located behind the tip.

It is important to note that the CPT classifies soil by physical behavior, not by grain size; therefore, the CPT classification should be verified against samples obtained from a conventional drilling program. While the CPT soil classification may not always be accurate in terms of the actual label it applies to a particular soil, it is very accurate in grouping soils with similar mechanical properties.

Table 1 presents a summary of the CPT sounding, including sounding depth.

# 3.2 CONE PLOTS

The data from the sounding was plotted using the computer program ScreenZ4. The CPT plot is included in Appendix A. ScreenZ4 was developed by ConeTec Inc. and it incorporates soil behavior type (SBT) classification as part of the plot. The soil classification is based on the classification chart reproduced chart in Appendix D.

# 3.3 PORE PRESSURE DISSIPATION TEST RESULTS

When conducting CPT investigations, pore water pressure dissipations are automatically recorded during pauses in penetration. The pore water pressure data is recorded at five second intervals. Pore pressure dissipation test plots are included in Appendix C. Usually, the water table depths used in the data interpretation are derived from the pore water pressure dissipation tests in freely draining layers below the water table. Because the predominant soil profile on this site consisted of silts and clays below the water table (within the exploration depths), it was not practical to record dissipation data until hydrostatic pressure was achieved on every sounding location. This was realized very early in testing program. This was then discussed with Schnabel representatives and it was decided to



		Depth		Dissipation	Estimated Water Table	
Sounding ID	Filename	(ft)	Date	(minutes)	(ft)	Comments
C-301	948Cp51	52.33	24-Jul	101	48	seismic
C-302-2	948cp05	55 28	26-Jul	121	53	
C-302-2a	948cp58	137.96	26-Jul	4	53	85 ft predrill
C-303	948cp04	25.43	12-Jul		25	
C-303a	948cp54	47.08	25-Jul		15	45 ft predrill
C-303a-1	948cp55	71.36	25-Jul	10	15	50 ft predrill
C-303D	948Cp56	123.36	25-Jul 12 Jul	18	15	80 ft predrill
C-305	948cn06	74.31	12-Jul 12-Jul	10	23	SCISITIC
C-306	948cp08	56.92	12-Jul	45	53	
C-306a	948cp59	102.53	27-Jul		53	80 ft predrill
C-307	948cp07	75.29	12-Jul		30	seismic
C-308	948cp25	48.23	17-Jul		27	seismic
C-309	948cp24	70.05	17-Jul 11 Jul	26	27	
C-312	948cp02	56 43	11-Jul 11-Jul		35	
C-313	948cp23	37.24	17-Jul		35	
C-314	948cp22	39.53	17-Jul		35	
C-401	948cp11	28.05	13-Jul		30	seismic
C-401-2a	948cp60	81.86	27-Jul		30	55 ft predrill, seismic
C-401-2b	948cp61	131.23	27-Jul	26	30	85 ft predrill, seismic
C-402 C-403	948cp10 948cp52	34.45 43.80	13-Jul 24- Jul	61	30 35	
C-404	948cp20	80.05	14-Jul	14	72	seismic
C-405	948cp43	40.03	20-Jul		25	o o lo line
C-406	914cp15	15.58	13-Jul	33	16	
C-407	948cp12	32.32	13-Jul	87	22	seismic
C-407-2a	948cp62	96.29	28-Jul	10	22	50 ft predrill, seismic
C-407-D	9480p63	77 43	3 I-JUI 17- Jul	5	22	95 ft predrill, seismic
C-408a	948cp53	98.26	24-Jul		77	98 ft predrill, no casing
C-408-2a	948cp64	123.69	31-Jul		77	105 ft predrill, seismic
C-409	948cp49	80.54	21-Jul	50	34	
C-411	948cp50	80.38	24-Jul	76	34	
C-412	948cp44	76.77	20-Jul		18	
C-413	948Cp28	13.62	18-Jul 18- Jul	55	17	
C-415	948cp14	20.01	13-Jul	00	see footnote	
C-701	948cp46	29.53	21-Jul	1	see footnote	
C-701a	948cp48	28.05	21-Jul		see footnote	offset 15 ft
C-702	948cp45	20.34	21-Jul		see footnote	
C-703	948cp19	32.64	14-Jul	23	see footnote	
C-704 C-705	9400017 948cn18	40.23	14-Jul 14- Jul		ZZ see footnote	
C-705	948cp09	50.03	13-Jul		50	
C-707	948cp16	19.52	14-Jul		see footnote	
C-708	948cp42	50.03	20-Jul		22	
C-709	948cp38	50.03	19-Jul		36	
C-710	948cp31	21.16	18-Jul		see footnote	
C-712	948cn35	29 69	20-Jui 19-Jui	10	see footnote	
C-713	948cp13	41.83	13-Jul		see footnote	
C-714	948cp37	85.14	19-Jul	19	14	
C-715	948cp32	57.25	18-Jul		40	
C-716	948cp41	20.51	20-Jul	50	see footnote	
C-/1/	948Cp33	00.0U	19-Jul	50	18 see footnoto	
C-719	948cn34	54.12 11.97	19-Jul 19-Jul		see footnote	
C-720	948cp39	70.70	20-Jul	60	21	
C-721	948cp27	52.00	18-Jul		30	
C-722	948cp30	38.39	18-Jul		see footnote	
C-723	948cp26	68.73	18-Jul	9	50	

Footnote: Sounding terminated above estimated water table depth



#### Table 2: Dissipation Test Summary

	Test Depth	Duration	Ch
Sounding ID	(ft)	(minutes)	(cm²/min)
C-302	34.94	121	3.24
C-302-2a	127.46	4	4.148
C-303b	97.11	18	20.281
C-304	16.57	18	0.962
C-306	46.1	45	0.338
C-309	59.06	26	0.532
C-401-2b	128.12	25	6.246
C-402	21.33	61	0.936
C-404	66.11	14	1.551
C-406	13.12	33	3.401
C-407	11.15	18	1.419
C-407	13.78	31	2.651
C-407	18.54	40	0.31
C-407-2a	87.27	10	25.961
C-407-b	116.8	5	3.378
C-409	59.06	50	0.268
C-411	56.76	60	0.207
C-411	70.37	16	0.831
C-414	44.46	55	0.237
C-701	29.2	1	331.65
C-703	20.01	23	0.65
C-712	26.25	10	4.72
C-714	57.09	19	0.77
C-717	50.85	50	0.287
C-720	51.67	60	0.222
C-723	38.55	9	1.756

correlate groundwater information with nearby monitoring wells. At the time of this report, the well information was not made available. The water table depths used in the data correlations and sounding logs should be considered approximate. There were several soundings that also refused above the suspected water table. The water table was arbitrarily set to 100 ft (i.e. significantly below the termination depth) for data processing purposes.

### 3.4 SHEAR WAVE VELOCITY MEASUREMENTS

Shear wave velocity measurements were conducted in thirteen CPT soundings The shear wave measurements were taken on approximately 5-ft intervals in the soundings. Tabular summaries of the results and shear wave velocity plots are presented in Appendix B.

### 3.5 CPT DATA PROCESSING

The electronic data files were processed using the program CPTSumm. CPTSumm is a program developed by ConeTec to calculate common engineering parameters from CPT data. The processed data files are included on the data CD. The calculations used are summarized in the table in Appendix D. Each calculation is derived according to the referenced article.

For this project, a piezometric surface depths used in the data interpretation calculations are given in Table 1, as well as in the header of each .xls file.

Several pore pressure dissipation tests were conducted at this site. The dissipation test summary is presented in Table 2, and the plots are presented in Appendix C.

### 5.0 REFERENCES

- **Robertson, P.K.**, 1989, "Soil Classification using the Cone Penetration Test", Canadian Geotechnical Journal, vol. 27, pages 151-158.
- Robertson, P.K., Sully, J., Woeller, D.G., Lunne, T., Powell, J.M., and Gillespie, D.J., 1992, "Estimating Coefficient of Consolidation from Piezocone Tests", Canadian Geotechnical Journal, vol. 29, pages 539-550.

# APPENDIX A CPT)PLOTS

Presentation of In Stu Texting Program Results ConeTec, Inc. November 13, 2006





























































































































## APPENDIX B SHEAR WAVE VELOCITY TEST DATA

Presentation of In Situ Testing Program Results ConeTec, Inc. November 13, 2006

		CONETEC		Shear Wave Velocity- C-301 CCNPP 06-948 July 24, 2006		
	0	0	500	Shear Wave Velocity (ft/s) 1000	1500	2000
	5					
	10					
	15					
	20					
ow Grade (ft)	25					
Depth Belo	30					
	35					
	40					
	45					
	50					
	55					



Hole:	C-301
Location:	CCNPP
Cone:	AD-195
Date:	24-Jul-06
Source:	Beam
Source Depth	0.00 m
Source Offset	2.15 m

Tip Depth (m)	Geophone Depth(m)	Travel Path (m)	Interval time (ms)	Velocity (m/s)	Velocity (ft/s)	Interval Depth (m)	Interval Depth (ft)
0.00							
3.05	2.85	3.57					
4.60	4.40	4.90	4.43	299.7	983.3	3.62	11.89
6.10	5.90	6.28	6.04	229.0	751.2	5.15	16.90
7.65	7.45	7.75	5.65	261.0	856.1	6.67	21.90
9.15	8.95	9.20	5.02	288.9	947.7	8.20	26.90
10.70	10.50	10.72	4.83	313.4	1028.2	9.72	31.91
12.20	12.00	12.19	5.02	293.4	962.5	11.25	36.91
13.75	13.55	13.72	4.49	340.8	1118.1	12.77	41.91
15.25	15.05	15.20	3.73	398.0	1305.9	14.30	46.92
15.90	15.70	15.85	2.45	263.0	863.0	15.37	50.44



CONETEC	Shear Wave Velocity- C-304 CCNPP 06-948 July 12, 2006					
0 0	500	Shear Wave Velocity (ft/s) 1000	1500	2000		
5						
10						
( <b>t</b> )						
or Grade 12						
Depth Be						
20						
25						
30						



Hole:	C-304
Location:	CCNPP
Cone:	AD195
Date:	12-Jul-06
Source:	Beam
Source Depth	0.00 m
Source Offset	2.15 m

Tip Depth (m)	Geophone Depth(m)	Travel Path (m)	Interval time (ms)	Velocity (m/s)	Velocity (ft/s)	Interval Depth (m)	Interval Depth (ft)
0.00							
3.05	2.85	3.57					
4.60	4.40	4.90	4.69	282.9	928.0	3.62	11.89
6.40	6.20	6.56	4.87	341.8	1121.4	5.30	17.39
7.65	7.45	7.75	2.98	399.5	1310.7	6.83	22.39



		CONETEC	:	Shear Wave Velocity CCNPP 06-948 July 12, 2006	- C-307		
	0	0	500	Shear Wave Velocity (ff 1000	t/s)	1500	2000
	5						
	10						
	15						
	20						
	25						
	30						
e (ff)	35						
elow Grade	40						
Depth B	45						
	50						
	55						
	60						
	65						
	70						
	75						
	80						



Hole:	C-307
Location:	CCNPP
Cone:	AD195
Date:	12-Jul-06
Source:	Beam
Source Depth	0.00 m
Source Offset	2.15 m

Tip Depth (m)	Geophone Depth(m)	Travel Path (m)	Interval time (ms)	Velocity (m/s)	Velocity (ft/s)	Interval Depth (m)	Interval Depth (ft)
0.00		( )	( )	( )	( )		1 ()
3.05	2.85	3.57					
4.60	4.40	4.90	3.96	335.5	1100.7	3.62	11.89
6.10	5.90	6.28	5.36	257.7	845.4	5.15	16.90
7.75	7.55	7.85	4.23	371.5	1218.7	6.72	22.06
9.15	8.95	9.20	3.83	354.0	1161.2	8.25	27.07
10.70	10.50	10.72	4.84	313.0	1026.8	9.72	31.91
12.20	12.00	12.19	5.31	277.6	910.6	11.25	36.91
13.75	13.55	13.72	6.57	232.8	763.7	12.77	41.91
15.25	15.05	15.20	5.88	252.2	827.6	14.30	46.92
16.80	16.60	16.74	5.46	281.0	922.0	15.82	51.92
18.30	18.10	18.23	4.74	313.9	1029.9	17.35	56.92
19.85	19.65	19.77	5.35	287.8	944.3	18.87	61.92
21.35	21.15	21.26	3.86	386.2	1267.0	20.40	66.93
22.90	22.70	22.80	3.62	426.2	1398.1	21.92	71.93



		CONETEC	S	hear Wave Velocity- C-308 CCNPP 06-948 July 17, 2006		
	0	0	500	Shear Wave Velocity (ft/s) 1000	1500	2000
	5					
	10					
	15					
	20					
3elow Grade (ft)	25					
Depth E	30					
	35					
	40					
	45					
	50					



Hole:	C-308
Location:	CCNPP
Cone:	AD195
Date:	17-Jul-06
Source:	Beam
Source Depth	0.00 m
Source Offset	2.15 m

Tip Depth (m)	Geophone Depth(m)	Travel Path (m)	Interval time (ms)	Velocity (m/s)	Velocity (ft/s)	Interval Depth (m)	Interval Depth (ft)
0.00							
3.05	2.85	3.57					
4.60	4.40	4.90	6.75	196.7	645.5	3.62	11.89
6.10	5.90	6.28	4.93	280.5	920.2	5.15	16.90
7.65	7.45	7.75	5.41	272.7	894.6	6.67	21.90
9.15	8.95	9.20	5.31	272.9	895.4	8.20	26.90
10.70	10.50	10.72	5.69	265.8	871.9	9.72	31.91
12.20	12.00	12.19	4.59	321.3	1054.1	11.25	36.91
13.75	13.55	13.72	3.33	459.5	1507.6	12.77	41.91
14.70	14.50	14.66	2.52	372.9	1223.5	14.02	46.01



	Shear Wave Velocity- C-401 CCNPP 06-948 July 13, 2006						
0	500	Shear Wave Velocity (ft/s) 1000	1500	2000			
5							
10							
ade (ft)							
65 x 05 N 05 N 05 N 05 N 05 N 05 N 05 N 05 N							
Dept							
20							
25							
30							



Hole:	C-401
Location:	CCNPP
Cone:	AD195
Date:	13-Jul-06
Source:	Beam
Source Depth	0.00 m
Source Offset	2.15 m

Tip Depth (m)	Geophone Depth(m)	Travel Path (m)	Interval time (ms)	Velocity (m/s)	Velocity (ft/s)	Interval Depth (m)	Interval Depth (ft)
0.00							
3.05	2.85	3.57					
4.60	4.40	4.90	5.79	229.3	752.4	3.62	11.89
6.10	5.90	6.28	4.59	301.0	987.6	5.15	16.90
7.65	7.45	7.75	4.44	332.0	1089.1	6.67	21.90
8.55	8.35	8.62	3.66	237.1	777.8	7.90	25.92



		CONETEC	Sh	near Wave Velocity- C-401-2a CCNPP 06-948 July 27, 2006		
	0	0	500	Shear Wave Velocity (ft/s) 1000	1500	2000
	5					
	10					
	15					
	20					
	25					
	30					
rade (ft)	40					
pth Below G	45					
Del	50					
	55					
	60					
	65					
	70					
	80					
	85					



Hole:	C-401-2a
Location:	CCNPP
Cone:	AD195
Date:	27-Jul-06
Source:	Beam
Source Depth	0.00 m
Source Offset	2.15 m

Tip Depth (m)	Geophone Depth(m)	Travel Path (m)	Interval time (ms)	Velocity (m/s)	Velocity (ft/s)	Interval Depth (m)	Interval Depth (ft)
0.00							
18.30	18.10	18.23					
19.85	19.65	19.77	4.45	346.2	1135.7	18.87	61.92
21.35	21.15	21.26	5.98	249.4	818.4	20.40	66.93
22.90	22.70	22.80	5.02	307.2	1007.8	21.92	71.93
24.40	24.20	24.30	3.06	487.7	1600.1	23.45	76.93



	CONETEC	Sh	ear Wave Velocity- C-401-2b CCNPP 06-948 July 27, 2006		
	0	500	Shear Wave Velocity (ft/s) 1000	1500	2000
	50				
	55				
	60				
	65				
	70				
	75				
	80				
; (ft)	85				
elow Grade	90				
Depth Be	95				
	100				
	105				
	115				
	120				
	125				
	130				
	135				



Hole:	C-401-2b
Location:	CCNPP
Cone:	AD195
Date:	27-Jul-06
Source:	Beam
Source Depth	0.00 m
Source Offset	2.15 m

Tip Depth (m)	Geophone Depth(m)	Travel Path (m)	Interval time (ms)	Velocity (m/s)	Velocity (ft/s)	Interval Depth (m)	Interval Depth (ft)
0.00							
25.90	25.70	25.79					
27.55	27.35	27.43	4.38	375.6	1232.4	26.52	87.02
29.00	28.80	28.88	4.49	322.4	1057.6	28.07	92.11
30.50	30.30	30.38	3.63	412.5	1353.5	29.55	96.95
32.05	31.85	31.92	3.77	410.2	1345.7	31.07	101.95
33.55	33.35	33.42	4.54	330.0	1082.8	32.60	106.95
35.10	34.90	34.97	3.86	400.5	1313.9	34.12	111.96
36.60	36.40	36.46	4.06	369.2	1211.2	35.65	116.96
38.15	37.95	38.01	5.31	291.2	955.3	37.17	121.96
39.05	38.85	38.91	4.11	218.8	718.0	38.40	125.98



		CONETEC	S	hear Wave Velocity- C-404 CCNPP 06-948 July 14, 2006		
	0	0	500	Shear Wave Velocity (ft/s) 1000	1500	2000
	5					
	10					
	15					
	20					
	25					
	30					
e (ft)	35					
elow Grad	40					
Depth E	45					
	50					
	55					
	60					
	65					
	70					
	75					
	80					



Hole:	C-404
Location:	CCNPP
Cone:	AD195
Date:	14-Jul-06
Source:	Beam
Source Depth	0.00 m
Source Offset	2.15 m

Tip Depth (m)	Geophone Depth(m)	Travel Path (m)	Interval time (ms)	Velocity (m/s)	Velocity (ft/s)	Interval Depth (m)	Interval Depth (ft)
0.00							
3.05	2.85	3.57					
4.60	4.40	4.90	8.06	164.6	540.1	3.62	11.89
6.10	5.90	6.28	5.39	256.6	841.8	5.15	16.90
7.65	7.45	7.75	3.63	405.9	1331.5	6.67	21.90
9.15	8.95	9.20	5.21	278.2	912.6	8.20	26.90
10.70	10.50	10.72	4.34	348.5	1143.4	9.72	31.91
12.20	12.00	12.19	4.39	335.4	1100.5	11.25	36.91
13.75	13.55	13.72	5.75	265.8	872.0	12.77	41.91
15.25	15.05	15.20	6.80	218.0	715.3	14.30	46.92
16.80	16.60	16.74	5.84	262.8	862.2	15.82	51.92
18.30	18.10	18.23	5.36	277.8	911.5	17.35	56.92
19.85	19.65	19.77	5.46	281.8	924.6	18.87	61.92
21.35	21.15	21.26	4.92	303.1	994.4	20.40	66.93
22.90	22.70	22.80	4.49	343.4	1126.6	21.92	71.93



	CONETEC Shear Wave Velocity- C-407 CCNPP 06-948 July 13, 2006								
	0	0	500	Shear Wave Velocity (ft/s) 1000	1500	2000			
	5								
	10								
Below Grade (ft)	15								
Depth	20								
	25								
	30								
	35								



Hole:	C-407
Location:	CCNPP
Cone:	AD195
Date:	13-Jul-06
Source:	Beam
Source Depth	0.00 m
Source Offset	2.15 m

Tip Depth (m)	Geophone Depth(m)	Travel Path (m)	Interval time (ms)	Velocity (m/s)	Velocity (ft/s)	Interval Depth (m)	Interval Depth (ft)
0.00							
3.05	2.85	3.57					
4.60	4.40	4.90	5.94	223.5	733.4	3.62	11.89
6.10	5.90	6.28	3.87	357.2	1172.0	5.15	16.90
7.65	7.45	7.75	4.25	347.1	1138.6	6.67	21.90
9.15	8.95	9.20	4.34	334.1	1096.0	8.20	26.90
9.85	9.65	9.89	2.03	335.8	1101.6	9.30	30.51


	CONETEC		Shear Wave Velocity- CCNPP 06-948 July 28, 2006	C-407-2a		
	0	500	Shear Wave Velocity (f	ft/s) 1500	2000	2500
	0		1000		2000	2000
	5					
	10					
	15					
	20					
	25					
	30					
	40					
5						
Grade (f	45					
th Below	50					
Dep	55					
	60					
	65					
	70					
	75					
	80					
	85					
	90					
	95					
	100					



Hole:	C-407-2a
Location:	CCNPP
Cone:	AD195
Date:	28-Jul-06
Source:	Beam
Source Depth	0.00 m
Source Offset	2.15 m

Tip Depth (m)	Geophone Depth(m)	Travel Path (m)	Interval time (ms)	Velocity (m/s)	Velocity (ft/s)	Interval Depth (m)	Interval Depth (ft)
0.00							
15.25	15.05	15.20					
16.80	16.60	16.74	4.65	330.3	1083.8	15.82	51.92
18.30	18.10	18.23	5.79	257.2	843.9	17.35	56.92
19.85	19.65	19.77	5.25	293.3	962.3	18.87	61.92
21.35	21.15	21.26	3.77	395.7	1298.3	20.40	66.93
22.90	22.70	22.80	2.51	614.4	2015.6	21.92	71.93
24.40	24.20	24.30	4.89	305.8	1003.2	23.45	76.93
25.95	25.75	25.84	4.05	381.4	1251.4	24.97	81.94
27.45	27.25	27.33	4.24	352.4	1156.3	26.50	86.94
29.00	28.80	28.88	4.01	385.1	1263.6	28.03	91.94



		S	hear Wave Velocity- C-407-b CCNPP 06-948 July 31, 2006		
	0 50	500	Shear Wave Velocity (ft/s) 1000	1500	2000
	55				
	60				
	65				
	70				
	75				
	80				
	85				
e (ft)	90				
low Grad€	95				
Depth Be	100				
	105				
	110				
	120				
	125				
	130				
	135				
	140				
	145				



Hole:	C-407-b
Location:	CCNPP
Cone:	AD195
Date:	31-Jul-06
Source:	Beam
Source Depth	0.00 m
Source Offset	2.15 m

Tip Depth (m)	Geophone Depth(m)	Travel Path (m)	Interval time (ms)	Velocity (m/s)	Velocity (ft/s)	Interval Depth (m)	Interval Depth (ft)
0.00							
30.50	30.30	30.38					
32.05	31.85	31.92	4.02	384.7	1262.0	31.07	101.95
33.55	33.35	33.42	4.19	357.6	1173.3	32.60	106.95
35.10	34.90	34.97	3.93	394.0	1292.6	34.12	111.96
36.60	36.40	36.46	4.38	342.0	1122.0	35.65	116.96
38.15	37.95	38.01	3.63	426.7	1400.0	37.17	121.96
39.65	39.45	39.51	4.59	326.6	1071.6	38.70	126.97
41.30	41.10	41.16	4.83	341.2	1119.5	40.27	132.13
42.70	42.50	42.55	4.30	325.3	1067.1	41.80	137.14



		CONETEC	:	Shear Wave Velocity- C-408 CCNPP 06-948 July 17, 2006		
		0	500	Shear Wave Velocity (ft/s) 1000	1500	2000
	0					
	5					
	10					
	15					
	20					
	25					
	30					
(H)	35					
ow Grade (	40					
Depth Belc	45					
	50					
	55					
	60					
	65					
	70					
	75					
	80					



Hole:	C-408
Location:	CCNPP
Cone:	AD195
Date:	17-Jul-06
Source:	Beam
Source Depth	0.00 m
Source Offset	2.15 m

Tip Depth (m)	Geophone Depth(m)	Travel Path (m)	Interval time (ms)	Velocity (m/s)	Velocity (ft/s)	Interval Depth (m)	Interval Depth (ft)
0.00							
3.05	2.85	3.57					
4.60	4.40	4.90	4.97	267.0	875.8	3.62	11.89
6.10	5.90	6.28	5.69	242.8	796.5	5.15	16.90
7.65	7.45	7.75	3.00	492.0	1614.2	6.67	21.90
9.15	8.95	9.20	3.62	400.7	1314.7	8.20	26.90
10.70	10.50	10.72	5.32	284.4	932.9	9.72	31.91
12.20	12.00	12.19	5.68	259.4	850.9	11.25	36.91
13.75	13.55	13.72	6.33	241.5	792.2	12.77	41.91
15.25	15.05	15.20	5.07	292.5	959.6	14.30	46.92
16.80	16.60	16.74	5.35	287.0	941.6	15.82	51.92
18.30	18.10	18.23	4.84	307.9	1010.0	17.35	56.92
19.85	19.65	19.77	5.23	294.6	966.4	18.87	61.92
21.35	21.15	21.26	4.53	329.4	1080.8	20.40	66.93
22.90	22.70	22.80	3.86	399.3	1310.1	21.92	71.93



	CONETEC	Sh	near Wave Velocity- C-408-2a CCNPP 06-948 July 31, 2006		
	0	500	Shear Wave Velocity (ft/s)	1500	2000
5	50	500	1000	1500	2000
5	55				
6	60				
F	85				
, c					
7	70				
7	75				
8	80				
ç	85				
, c	55				
ç	90				
€ g	95				
Grade					
≥ 10	00				
≞ ₁	05				
	5				
11	10				
11	15				
12	20				
40					
12	20				
13	30				
13	35				
14	40				
	15				
14	45				
15	50				

]	
Hole:	C-408-2a
Location:	CCNPP
Cone:	AD195
Date:	31-Jul-06
Source:	Beam
Source Depth	0.00 m
Source Offset	2.15 m

Tip Depth (m)	Geophone Depth(m)	Travel Path (m)	Interval time (ms)	Velocity (m/s)	Velocity (ft/s)	Interval Depth (m)	Interval Depth (ft)
0.00							
33.55	33.35	33.42					
35.10	34.90	34.97	4.73	327.2	1073.4	34.12	111.96
36.60	36.40	36.46	3.76	397.9	1305.5	35.65	116.96
37.95	37.75	37.81	4.44	303.4	995.5	37.07	121.64



### APPENDIX C PORE PRESSURE DISSIPATION TESTS

Presentation of In Situ Testing Program Results ConeTec, Inc. November 13, 2006











































