NRC - PG&E Meeting Cask Handling Enhancements December 4, 2007

Diablo Canyon Power Plant Used Fuel Storage Project







Agenda

- Introduction Purpose
- Project Status
- System Enhancements
 - Cask Load Handling Review
 - FHB Crane Upgrade
 - Spent Fuel Pool Frame
 - Cask Wash-down Area Structure
 - Vertical MPC Handling
 - Storage Cask Handling at CTF
- Dry-run and Loading Schedule J. Strickland
- Summary Conclusions

- T. Grebel
- J. Strickland
- J. Strickland

T. Grebel

Purpose of Meeting

- Update Staff on Project status
- Follow-up on cask handling enhancements discussed in June 2004
- Discuss reasons for the enhancements
 - Improved personnel safety and ALARA
 - Cask thermal capacity and nuclear fuel materials research
 - Proven crane technologies and operating experience
 - Strengthen operational focus on MPC processing
- Address NRC Staff questions on the enhancements
- Identify areas covered under a future License Amendment Request

Project Status

- 10 CFR 72 DC ISFSI License
 - SNM-2511 Issued 03/22/04
- 10 CFR 50 DCPP License Amendment
 - LA 162/163 Issued 09/26/03
- California Coastal Development Permit
 - Issued on 04/20/04 by San Luis Obispo County
- ISFSI Construction will be completed in December 2007
- Plant Modifications to be completed June 2008

System/Facility Enhancements

- FHB Crane main hoist single-failure-proof (S-F-P) upgrade
- Shorten Spent Fuel Pool (SFP) Frame
- Relocate Cask Washdown Area (CWA)
 Restraint Frame Single unit processing
- Vertical handling of loaded MPCs
- Low Profile Transport system at the FHB
- Storage Cask load handling at the Cask Transfer Facility (CTF) to be performed by Cask Transporter in lieu of CTF platform screw jack system

Enhancement FHB Crane Main Hoist Upgrade

- Original Configuration
 - 125T Non-Single-Failure-Proof (S-F-P) Main Hoist
 + Auxiliary Lift used in parallel during selected
 load handling operations for load drop prevention
 - FHB Crane and FHB/AB crane runway structure are seismically-qualified at full crane rated capacity in the fuel handling areas
 - Postulated cask drop accidents with impact limiting hardware for remaining handling operations

Enhancement FHB Crane Main Hoist Upgrade

- Implemented Enhancement
 - Upgrade (at same rated capacity of 125T) to industry-standard S-F-P hardware features and functions per NUREG-0554 criteria in conformance with NUREG-0612 Appendix C
 - Credit single-failure-proof crane in lieu of cask drop accidents and eliminate impact limiter hardware

FHB Crane Main Hoist Upgrade

S-F-P Main Hoist

125T Rated Capacity

55 ft. Reach (approx.)

Seismically-designed

Variable Speed Motor Controls

Load Measurement

Programmable Logic Controls

Diverse Master Crane Stop Switch

Industry standard hardware per NUREG-0554 criteria in conformance with NUREG-0612 Appendix C

Main Hoist + Aux. Lift

125T Rated Capacity

8 ft. Reach (approx.)

Seismically-designed

Variable Speed Motor Controls

Load Measurement

Programmable Logic Controls

Diverse Master Crane Stop Switch

Site-specific aux. lift design in conformance with NUREG-0612 Appendix C



Enhancement FHB Crane Main Hoist Upgrade

Reason for Change

- Improved personnel safety and ALARA
- Equivalent weight and capacity S-F-P trolley is available and in nuclear industry use
- Simplifies MPC processing by eliminating multiple transfer cask rigging and handling activities
- Industry standard crane design and hardware
- Affected Analyses
 - Minor changes to load paths Unit 1 fuel to Unit 2
 - Remove cask handling drop analyses from design and licensing bases
 - Minor changes to update PG&E crane calculations



Enhancement Spent Fuel Pool Frame

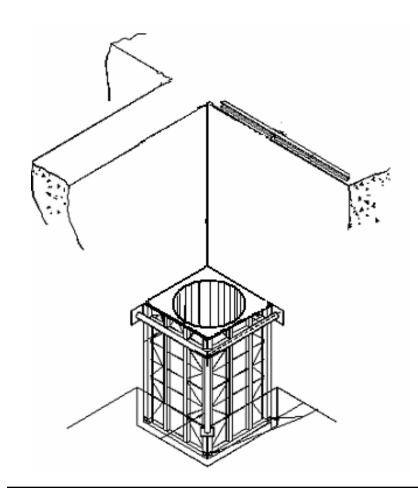
- Original Configuration
 - Frame extends from spent fuel pool cask recess area floor elevation 94'-6" to top of pool walls at elevation 141'
 - Frame relied upon to guide transfer cask and prevent interaction with pool walls during cask vertical movement coincident with a seismic event
 - Gate in frame opens for fuel movement to or from MPC

Enhancement Spent Fuel Pool Frame

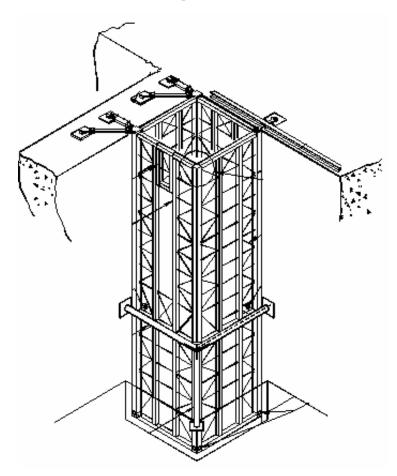
- Current Configuration
 - Credit S-F-P crane to eliminate postulated cask load drop accident in pool
 - Evaluate impact of cask swing into wall during a seismic event, from elevation 141' to 115'
 - Shortened SFP frame precludes adverse interaction of transfer cask with fuel storage racks below elevation 115'
 - Gate in frame structure for fuel movement no longer necessary

Enhancement Spent Fuel Pool Frame

Current



Original

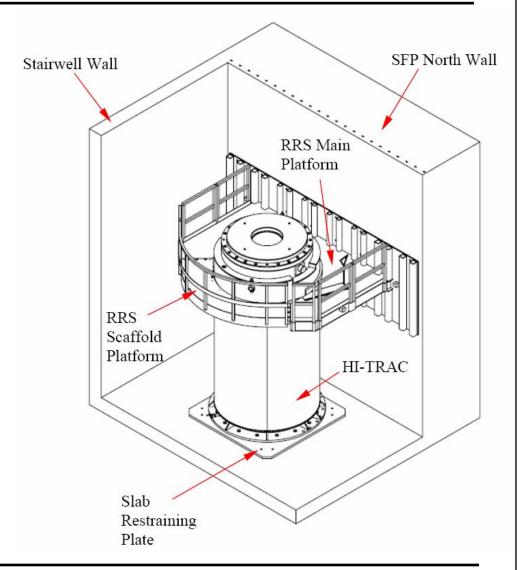


Enhancement Cask Washdown Area Structure

- Current Configuration
 - Credit S-F-P crane to eliminate postulated cask load drop accident into CWA structure
 - CWA structure functions to prevent cask-to-FHB/AB structure seismic interaction during cask and MPC processing operations
 - Relocate structure in CWA to simplify cask decon and MPC processing - ALARA
 - Remove gate feature for cask lateral access

Enhancement Cask Washdown Area Structure

 CWA Structure Relocation

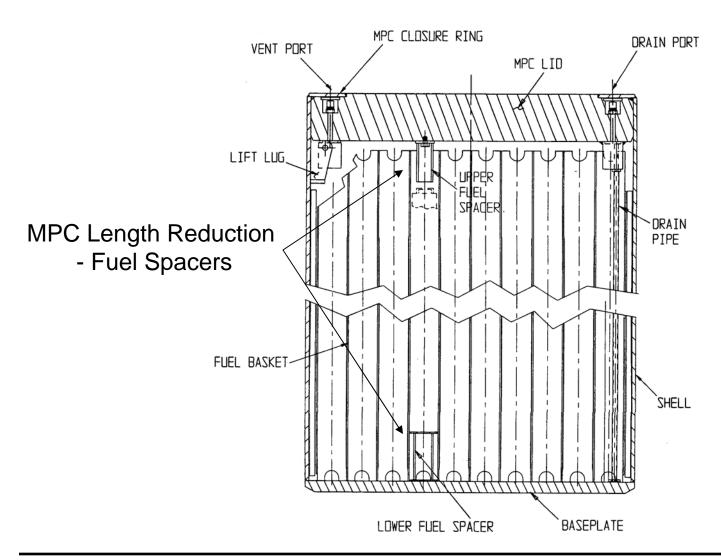


Enhancement Spent Fuel Pool & Washdown Structures

- Reasons for Change
 - Improved personnel safety and ALARA
 - Simplifies MPC processing by eliminating multiple transfer cask rigging and handling activities
- Analyses Affected
 - SFP Frame structural analyses
 - CWA structure structural analyses
 - Minor changes to CWA safe load paths
 - SFP and CWA cask drop analyses eliminated
 - SFP and CWA wall and floor loading analyses

- Original Configuration
 - Holtec HI-TRAC 125D and HI-STORM 100SA MPCs
 - Loaded MPC exits/enters FHB/AB in horizontal orientation
 - Loaded MPC horizontally-transported from FHB/AB to DC ISFSI Cask Transfer Facility (CTF)

- Current Configuration
 - Deploy shortened (approx. 9 in.) MPC and Transfer Cask (used at Trojan ISFSI) for vertically-oriented passage into and out of the FHB/AB exterior door on a low profile dolly
 - Minor modification to FHB/AB exterior door frame to increase height and width
 - Eliminate cask transport frame (no downending/upending operations)
 - Eliminate transfer cask horizontal lift rig



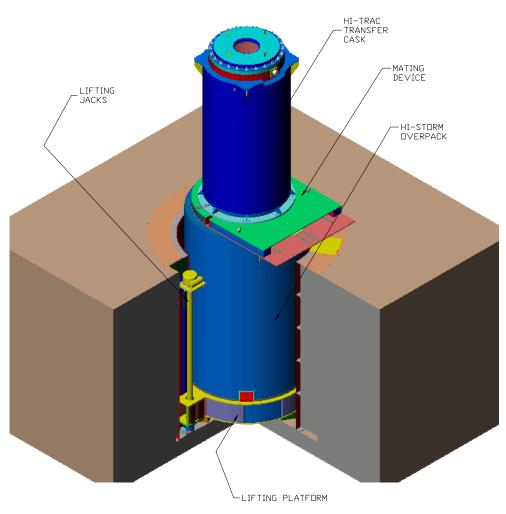
Reason for Change

- Improved MPC Thermal Performance
- Proven configuration (Trojan ISFSI Holtec MPC-24)
- Improved personnel safety and ALARA
- Simplifies MPC processing by eliminating multiple transfer cask rigging and handling activities
- Reduces overall weight of loaded transfer cask

Analyses Affected

- HI-STORM MPC-32 System Analyses (Thermal, Structural)
- Seismic Analyses of loaded cask in FHB/AB (low profile transporter)
- Cask Transporter Seismic Sliding Analyses

- Original Configuration
 - Storage Cask handling using dedicated platform screw jack system once cask is landed on the platform with Cask Transporter



Note: Transporter and lateral restraints not shown.

- Current Configuration
 - Use S-F-P cask transporter for all Storage Cask handling and eliminate CTF handling system
- Reason for Change
 - Cask transporter is designed for all required cask handling
 - CTF screw jack system maintenance eliminated
 - Improved personnel safety and ALARA
 - Simplifies MPC processing by eliminating multiple cask rigging and handling activities

- Analyses Affected
 - Thermal accident analyses
 - CTF structural analyses
 - Eliminates non-mechanistic failure of CTF screw jack accident

Summary - Conclusions

- The System Optimization:
 - Optimized system and facility design
 - Reduced cask handling burden to assure timely processing of the MPC
 - Improved personnel safety and ALARA
 - Utilized standard equipment

Dry-run and Loading Schedule

PG&E Dry-runs - June 2008

NRC Dry-run - July 2008

Start Loading - August 1, 2008

Load 8 cask

Scheduled for 10 days per cask

 Loading to complete by November 2008 to support SGRP activities

License Amendment Request



LAR Changes

- TS 3.1.1, "Multi-Purpose Canister (MPC)" is modified to clarify the required helium leak rate condition and the leak rate testing requirements.
- TS 3.1.4, "Spent Fuel Storage Cask (SFSC) Time Limitation in Cask Transfer Facility (CTF)" is eliminated.
- TS 3.2.1, "Dissolved Boron Concentration", is modified regarding the dissolved boron concentrations required for MPC-32 canisters and to allow linear interpolation for some enrichments.
- A note is added to surveillance requirements of TS 3.2.1, to limit the monitoring requirements.
- TS 4.1 is revised to allow use of Metamic.
- TS 5.1.3 is modified to clarify required maintenance of conditions in the annular gap between the MPC and the HI-TRAC transfer cask during the moisture removal processes.

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS