
Westinghouse
FULL SPECTRUM LOCA STATUS UPDATE
Considered Statistical Approach for Treatment of
Uncertainties in FSLOCA Methodology

December 3, 2007

Rev. 0

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Meeting Objectives

- Update NRC Staff on Full Spectrum LOCA Development Status
- Focus on Uncertainty Methodology →
 - Statistical Treatment of Uncertainties
- Obtain NRC Staff Feedback

Meeting Agenda – 12/03/2007

1:00 – 1:30

- Introductions (W and NRC)
- Recap from prior meetings and status (Nissley)

1:30 – 3:30

Overview of Considered Statistical Approach (Frepoli)

- Review of ASTRUM approach and FSLOCA considerations
- Objectives/Functional Requirements for FSLOCA
- Overview of the new methodology
- Preliminary testing of the method

3:30 – 4:00 Discussion (All)

Update NRC Staff on Full Spectrum LOCA Development Status

Mitch Nissley

FSLOCA – Scenario Description

FSLOCA Scenario

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Focus of Prior Meetings

- December 13, 2005
 - Drivers
 - Integrated PIRT approach
 - Code selection
 - Assessment matrix

Focus of Prior Meetings

- October 18, 2006
 - Code development update
 - Assessment matrix update
 - Mapping of tests to PIRT
 - Intent to focus on ROSA for integral effects
 - Outline of submittal

Focus of Prior Meetings

- June 11-12, 2007
 - PIRT review of selected highly ranked phenomena
 - Code development update
 - Code assessment status

Focus of This Meeting

- Statistical Methods for Estimating Figures of Merit at 95/95
 - Dramatic improvement over order statistics
 - New to US reactor licensing

Status of Overall Program

- Code Development
 - Near completion
 - Current version features
 - Expect one more frozen version prior to submittal (Jan-Feb 2008)
 - Additional features

Status of Overall Program

- Code Assessment
 - Formal Engineering Reviews to be completed in December 2007
 - Review teams of 10-12 peers
 - Final assessments will be performed with final frozen code version

Status of Overall Program

- Uncertainty Methodology
 - Physical model ranging based on PIRT, code assessment results
 - Plant operating conditions based on parameters known to influence LOCA results (ICs, BCs)

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– Approach & theory follow

Projected Submittal Schedule

- Volumes 1 & 2 – April 2008
 - Models and correlations
 - Code assessment results
- Volumes 3 & 4 – July 2008
 - Uncertainty methodology
 - Demonstration plant analyses
- Schedule to be finalized at the pre-submittal meeting

Overview of Considered Statistical Approach

Cesare Frepoli

Outline

- Review the lessons learned from licensing and use of the ASTRUM methodology
- Review of Regulatory Guides
- FSLOCA Uncertainty Method Functional Requirements
- Description of the method:
 - Generation of the Full Spectrum LOCA sample
 - Statistical method for the analysis
 - Compliance with 10 CFR 50.46 criteria
- Testing of the approach and discussion of results
- Conclusions

Lesson Learned from ASTRUM Implementation

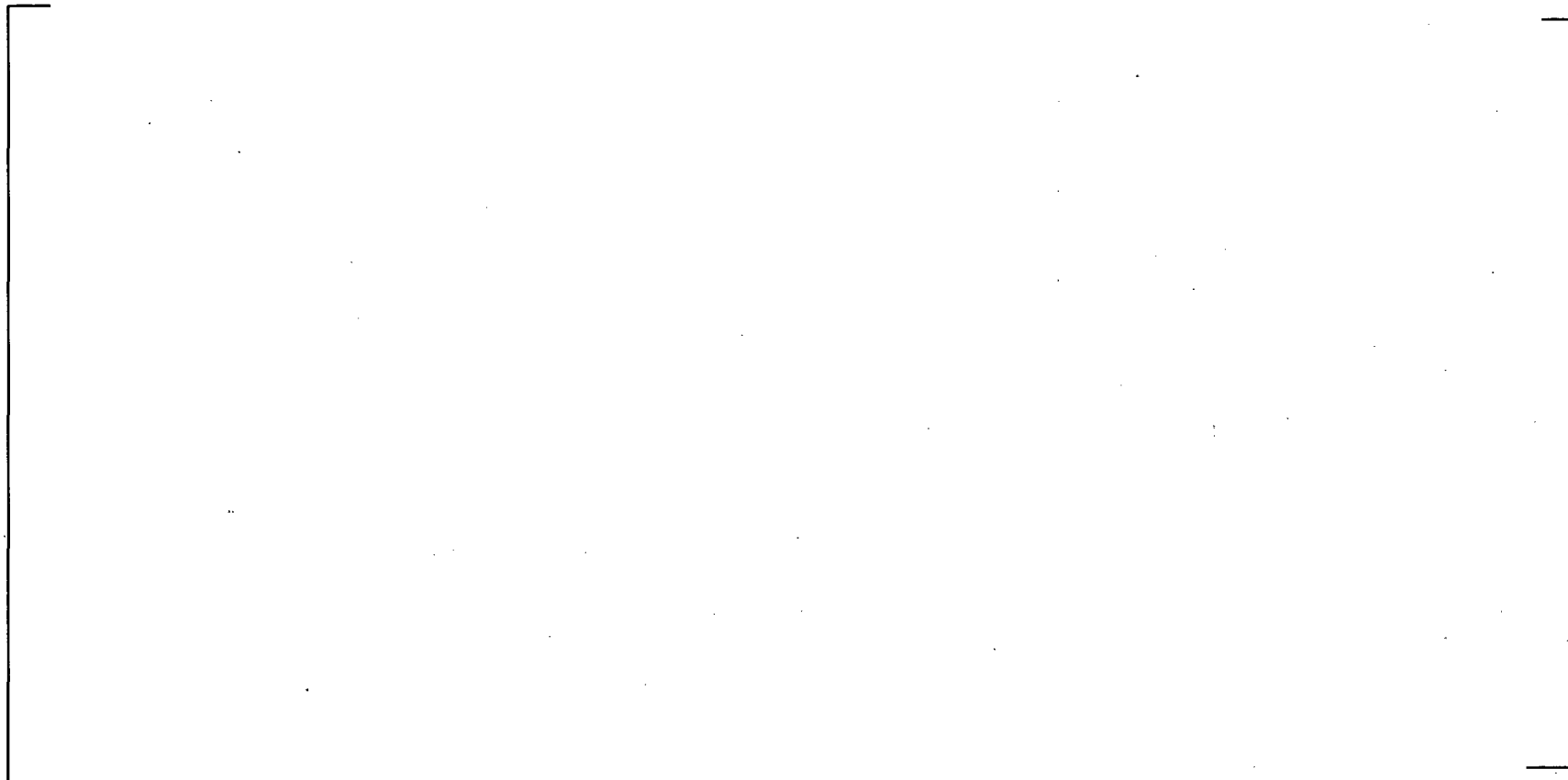
- Use of direct Monte Carlo methods for the treatment of uncertainties has proven several advantages when compared to response surface methods:
- ASTRUM approach addressed disadvantages of responses surface methods identified in Appendix A of RG 1.203:
 - “*dependency of the number of computer simulations on the number of phenomena or processes determined in the PIRT that may be needed to estimate the total uncertainty*”
 - “*cross-product runs must be made when several of the phenomena or processes have significant covariance*”

Lesson Learned From ASTRUM Implementation (cont'd)

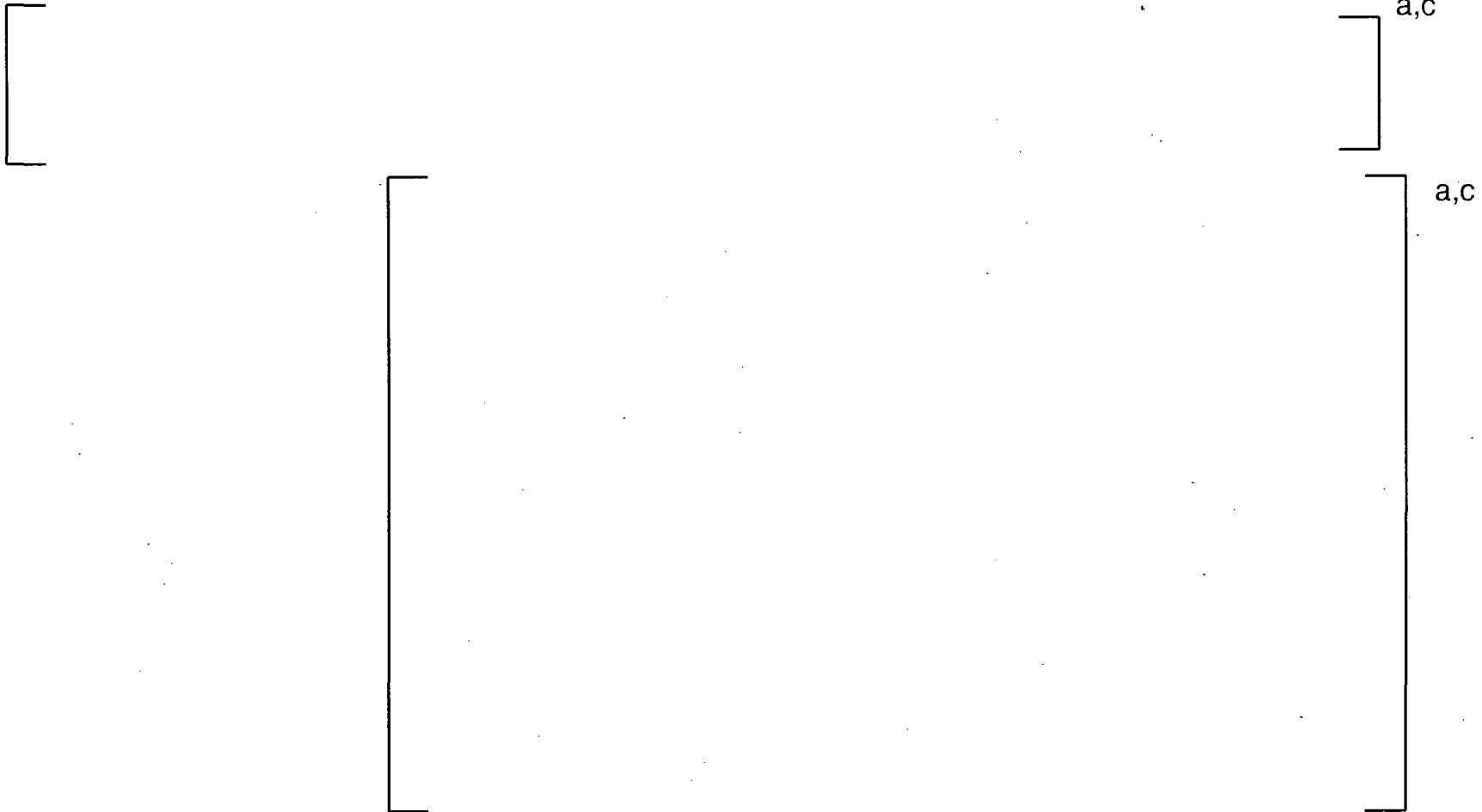
- ASTRUM is considered a rather conservative approach in addressing compliance with the three 10 CFR 50.46 criteria:
 - A singular uncertainty statement was required to address three independent variables: PCT, MLO, and CWO
 - The maximum value of PCT, MLO, and CWO within a sample of 124 runs have been selected as bounding “estimators” of the 95th percentile for each of the variables with 95% probability.
 - According to Guba-Makai (2003), the sample size requires up to 124 runs in the sample.
 - No statements with regard to the correlation between the MLO/CWO and PCT are required/needed.

Lesson Learned From ASTRUM Implementation (cont'd)

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Lesson Learned From ASTRUM and ASTRUM-FS Objective

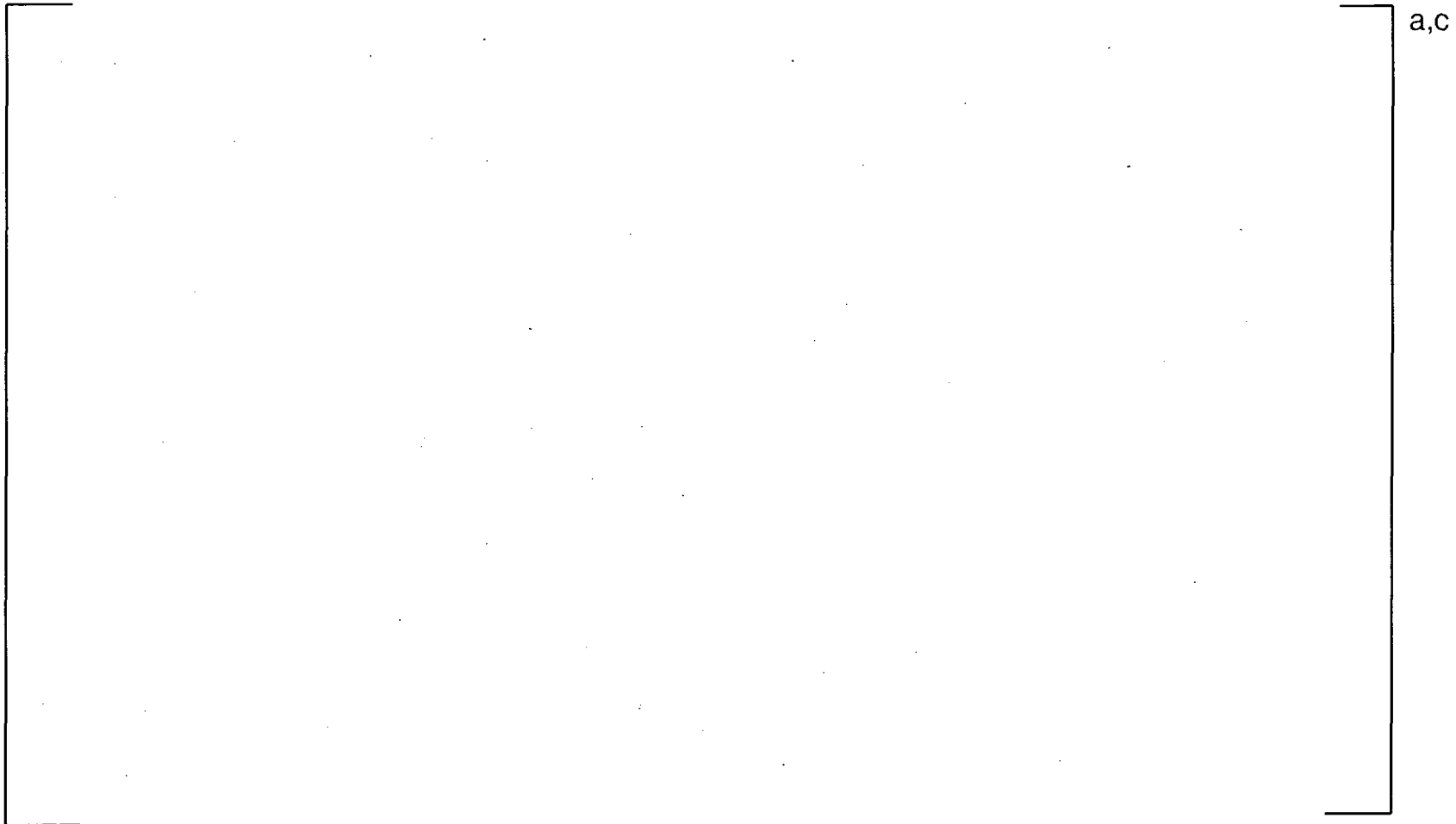


FSLOCA Statistical Treatment of Uncertainty Method - Objectives/Functional Requirements



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Statistical Treatment of Uncertainty Method in Full Spectrum LOCA (ASTRUM-FS)



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Overview of FSLOCA Statistical Treatment of Uncertainty Method (ASTRUM-FS)



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Overview of FSLOCA Statistical Treatment of Uncertainty Method (ASTRUM-FS) – cont'd



PART I – Sample Generation Overview

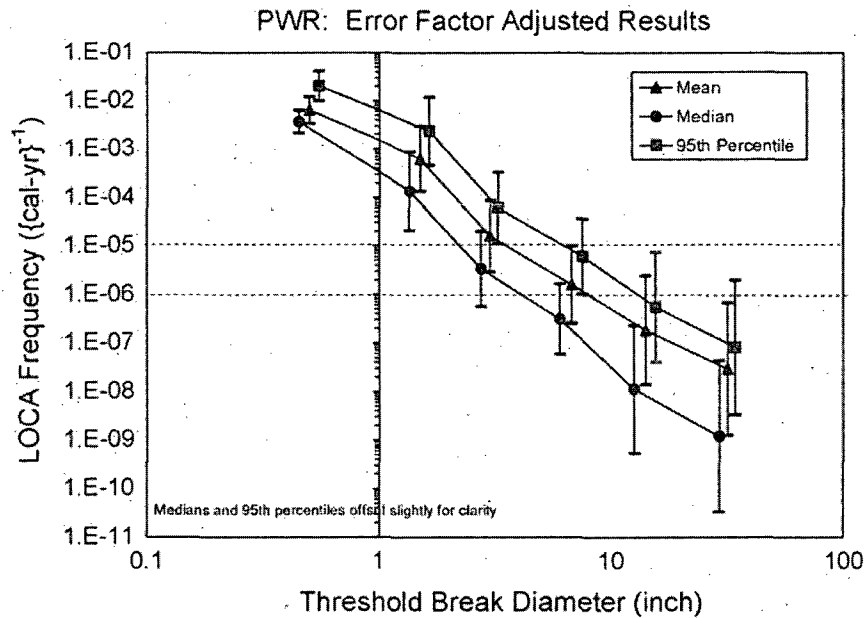
- Sample Generation
 - Main Objective: Generate a sufficient sample to allow a stable and robust estimate of the 95/95 PCT and MLO
- Fundamental Considerations
 - Treatment of Break Size
 - Treatment of LOOP/NO-LOOP

Treatment of Break Size General Considerations



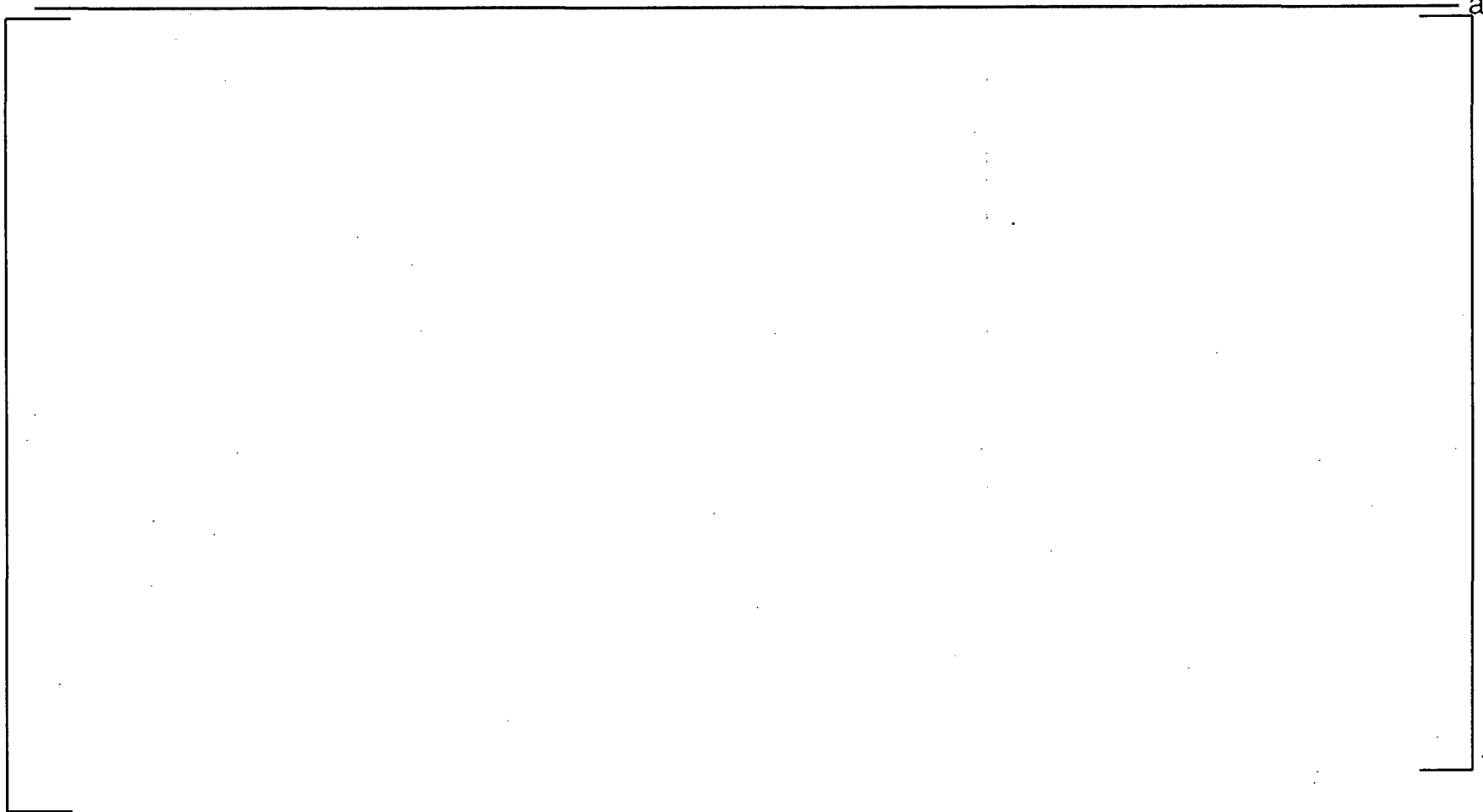
Treatment of Break Size General Considerations (cont'd)

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See 2006 NED "LOCA frequency evaluation using expert elicitation" by R.L. Tregoning, et. al

Treatment of Break Size FSLOCA Approach



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Treatment of Break Size FSLOCA Approach - Benefits



Treatment of Break Size FSLOCA Practical Implementation



Treatment of Break Size FSLOCA Practical Implementation



Treatment of Offsite Power Availability General Considerations

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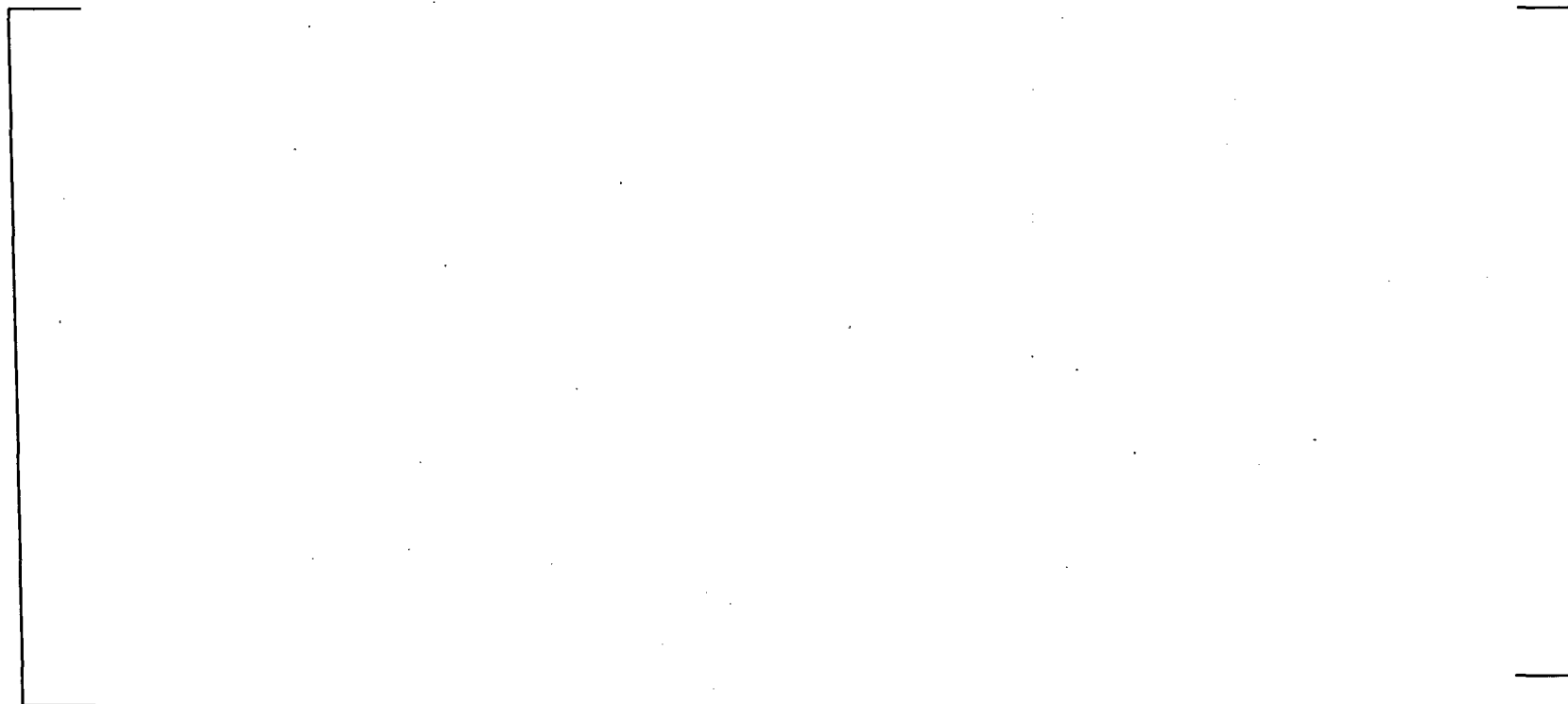
Treatment of Offsite Power Availability Treatment for LB region



Treatment of Offsite Power Availability Treatment for LB region (cont'd)



Part I - Sample Generation Conclusions

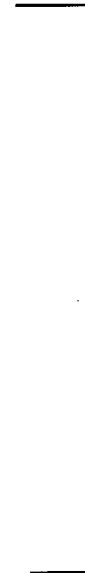


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Part II - Statistical Analysis and 95/95 Statements



Part II - Statistical Analysis and 95/95 Statements (cont'd)

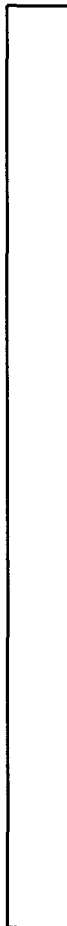


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Part II - Statistical Analysis



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Part II - Statistical Analysis

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Part II - Statistical Analysis

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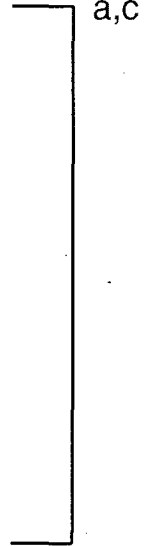
Part II - Statistical Analysis and 95/95 Statements

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Part II - Statistical Analysis

95/95 Statements



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Part II - Statistical Analysis

Q95 of the original sample



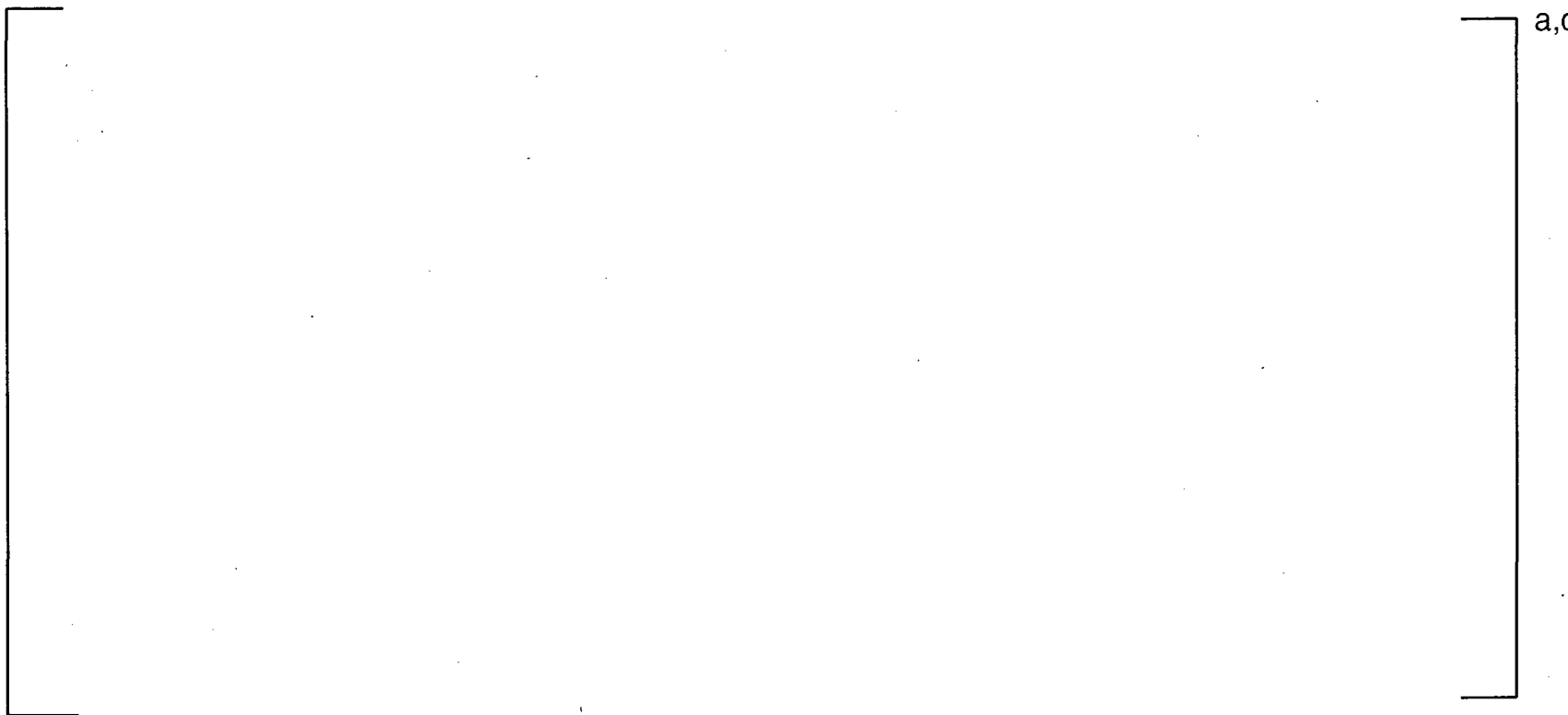
Part II - Statistical Analysis

Confidence Level



Part II - Statistical Analysis

95/95 Statements



Part II - Statistical Analysis and 95/95 Statements - Conclusions

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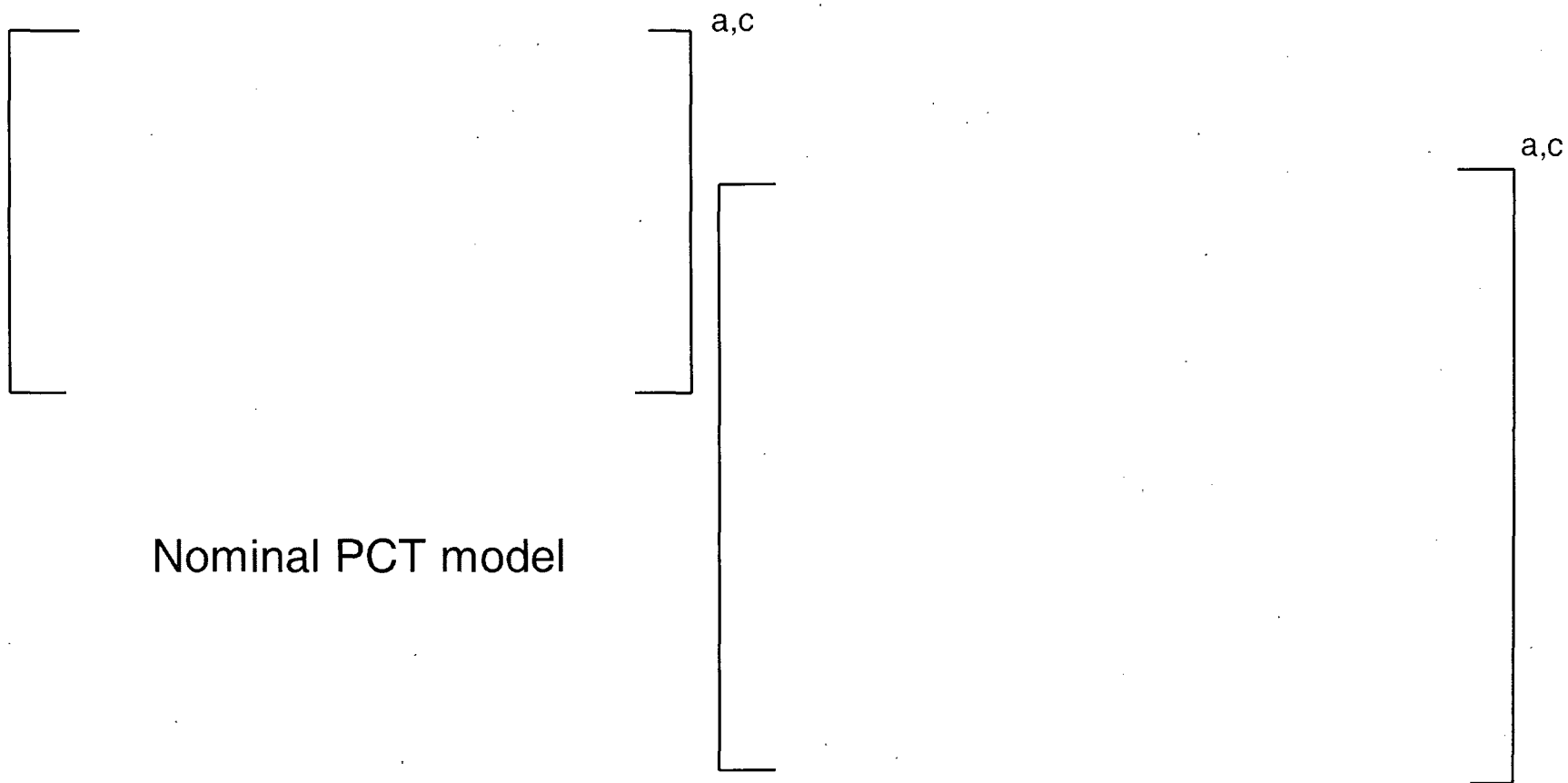


PART III – Feasibility Studies and Preliminary Demonstration

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Test Model Definition

Surrogate PCT Generator Model



Nominal PCT model

Test Model Definition

Nominal PCT Model + Noise

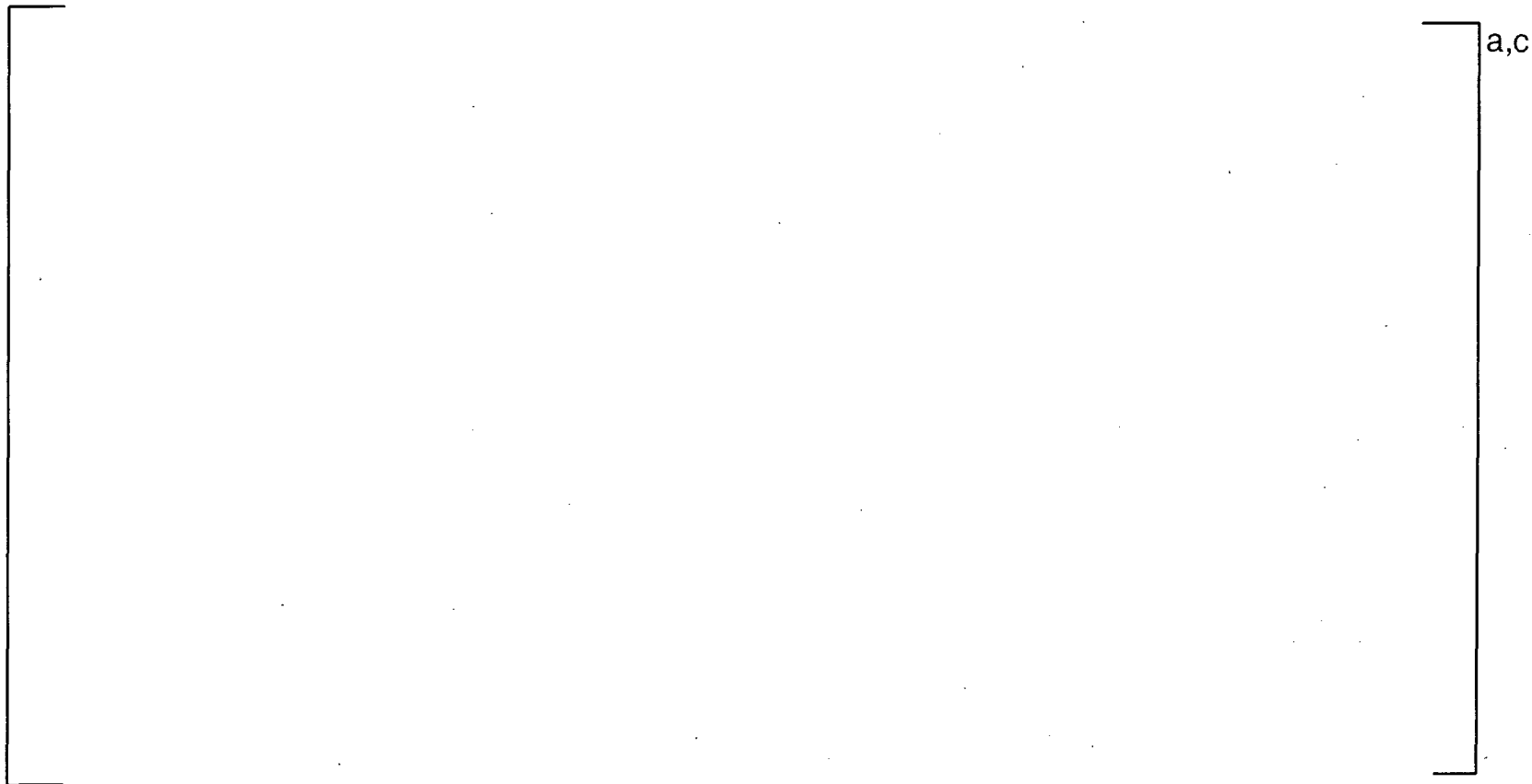


Test Model Definition Surrogate PCT Models



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Simulation Analysis on Test Model General Considerations



Simulation Analysis on Test Model Main Results – TM#1



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Simulation Analysis on TM#1

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Simulation Analysis on TM#1

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ASTRUM-FS



Simulation Analysis on TM#1

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Simulation Analysis on TM#1

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Simulation Analysis on TM#1

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Results From Test Model #1.1



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Simulation Analysis on Test Model Main Results – TM#1.1

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Simulation Analysis on TM#1.1

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Simulation Analysis on TM#1.1

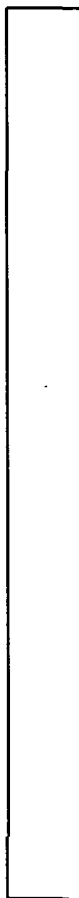
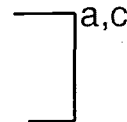


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Simulation Analysis on TM#1.1



Simulation Analysis on TM#1.1

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PART III – Feasibility Study on TM#1 & #1.1 Conclusions



PART III – Feasibility Study on TM#1 & #1.1 Conclusions

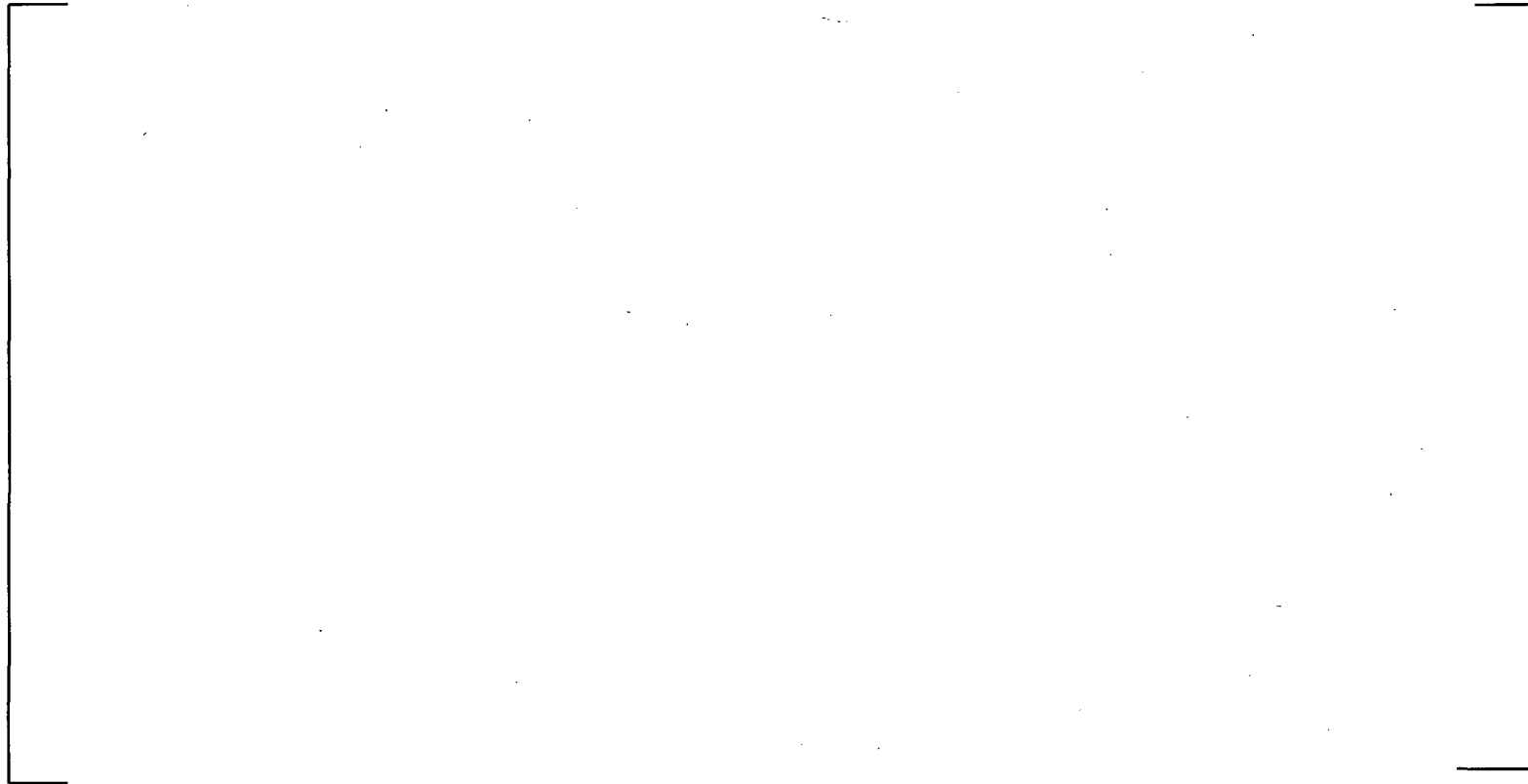


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PART IV – Planned Studies and Models



Other Planned Test Models Objectives



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PART V - Other Considerations/Positions

Break Type Position



PART V - Other Considerations/Positions

Core Wide Oxidation Position



Conclusions

