

EDO Principal Correspondence Control

FROM: DUE: / /

EDO CONTROL: G20070767

DOC DT: 10/23/07

FINAL REPLY:

Susan Shapiro, et al.,
FUSE USA

TO:

Chairman Klein

FOR SIGNATURE OF :

** GRN **

CRC NO: 07-0718

DESC:

ROUTING:

Request for the GEIS to be Exempted as a
Requirement of Part 10 CFR 51.6 - Requiring
Entergy to Address All Category 1 and Category 2
Issues in the EIS (EDATS: SECY-2007-0478)

Reyes
Virgilio
Kane
Ash
Ordaz
Cyr/Burns
West, OEDO

DATE: 10/31/07

ASSIGNED TO:

CONTACT:

RI

Collins

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS OR REMARKS:

For Appropriate Action.

EDATS

Electronic Document and Action Tracking System

EDATS Number: SECY-2007-0478

Source: SECY

General Information

Assigned To: Region I

OEDO Due Date: NONE

Other Assignees:

SECY Due Date: NONE

Subject: Request for the GEIS to be Exempted as a Requirement of Part 10 CFR 51.6 - Requiring Entergy to Address All Category 1 and Category 2 Issues in the EIS

Description:

CC Routing: NRR; FSME; OGC

ADAMS Accession Numbers - Incoming: NONE

Response/Package: NONE

Other Information

Cross Reference Number: G20070767, LTR-07-0718

Staff Initiated: NO

Related Task:

Recurring Item: NO

File Routing: EDATS

Agency Lesson Learned: NO

Roadmap Item: NO

Process Information

Action Type: Appropriate Action

Priority: Medium

Signature Level: No Signature Required

Sensitivity: None

Urgency: NO

OEDO Concurrence: NO

OCM Concurrence: NO

OCA Concurrence: NO

Special Instructions: For Appropriate Action.

Document Information

Originator Name: Susan Shapiro, et al.,

Date of Incoming: 10/23/2007

Originating Organization: FUSE (Friends United for Sustainable Energy)

Document Received by SECY Date: 10/26/2007

Addressee: Chairman Klein

Date Response Requested by Originator: NONE

Incoming Task Received: Letter

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
CORRESPONDENCE CONTROL TICKET

Date Printed: Oct 25, 2007 14:21

PAPER NUMBER: LTR-07-0718
ACTION OFFICE: ED/GC

LOGGING DATE: 10/25/2007

AUTHOR: Susan Shapiro
AFFILIATION: NY
ADDRESSEE: Dale Klein
SUBJECT: FUSE formal request for GEIS to be exempted as a requirement of 10 CFR 51.6

ACTION: Appropriate
DISTRIBUTION: Chairman, Comrs, OGC

LETTER DATE: 10/24/2007

ACKNOWLEDGED: Yes

SPECIAL HANDLING: Made publicly available in ADAMS via EDO/DPC

NOTES:

FILE LOCATION: ADAMS

DATE DUE:

DATE SIGNED:

FUSE
(FRIENDS UNITED FOR SUSTAINABLE ENERGY)

21 PERLMAN DRIVE
SPRING VALLEY, NY 10977
(845) 371-2100 TEL
(845) 371-3721 FAX
FUSEUSA@YAHOO.COM

10/23/07

Honorable NRC Chairman Dale Klein
11555 Rockville Pike
Rockville Pike, Maryland 20852

Cc: Senator Hillary Clinton
Senator Charles Schumer
Governor Spitzer
Attorney General Andrew Cuomo
Congresswoman Nita Lowey
Congressman John Hall
Congressman Eliot Engel
Congressman Maurice Hinchey

RE: FORMAL REQUEST FOR THE GEIS to be EXEMPTED
AS A REQUIREMENT OF PART 10 CFR 51.6, thereby
requiring ENTERGY to ADDRESS ALL CATEGORY 1 and
CATEGORY 2 ISSUES in the EIS.

Dear Chairman Klein:

This letter is to be construed and interpreted as a formal request by Friends United for Sustainable Energy USA, Inc. (FUSE) in the current license applicant for IP1 LLC, IP2 LLC, and IP3 LLC, (referred to as "Entergy"), for an exemption as is allowed under 10 CFR 51.6 which states:

§ 51.6 Specific exemptions.

The Commission may, upon application of any interested person or upon its own initiative, grant such exemptions from the requirements of the regulations in this part as it determines are authorized by law and are otherwise in the public interest,

FUSE has members living within three mile to fifty miles of the Indian Point Energy Center, which houses NRC licensees in IP1 LLC, IP2 LLC, and IP3 LLC. Therefore, FUSE and the undersigned individuals qualify under 51.6 as a interested person(s) entitled to make application for an exemption from the requirements in 10 CFR 51.6. Further, the exemption sought is A) within the law, and B) is otherwise **in the public interest**.

FUSE formally requests an exemption from any and all parts of the rules and regulations that exempt from consideration Category 1 issues. Said exemption would **thereby require the Applicant, in this case, Entergy, to address all Category 1 and Category 2 issues in the EIS Scoping Process for IP2 and IP3.**

Currently, Entergy has a License Renewal Application (LRA) pending before the Division of License Renewal, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulations. As a part of the review of that application for license renewal, the NRC is at the beginning of the Environmental Scoping process wherein the Environmental Impacts and Costs associated with License Renewal are ascertained, and evaluated. Where appropriate, mitigation alternatives are explored, and eventually all of this information is published in a SEIS Environmental Report. It is in the public's best interest to have all issues (Category 1 and Category 2) at Indian Point fully and adequately examined in the EIS Scoping Process, with all mitigation alternatives, including denial of license renewal fully and completely explored.

FUSE represents thousands of residents living within 20 miles of the Indian Point Energy Center. FUSE and the individual undersigned co-signers qualify under 51.6 as interested person(s) entitled to make application for the Category 1 issues to be included in the site-specific EIS Scoping Process, and request that GEIS be waived/exempted as a requirement of part (10 CFR 51). The exemption sought is within the law, and is in the public interest.

If this requested exemption is not granted, Entergy will be allowed to remain moot on over 60 issues that the NRC has categorized as being generic to all reactors, under 10 CFR 51, the implementing rule to fulfill the obligations of NEPA. Every Category 1 issue has Environmental Impacts that are very unique to the Indian Point Plant, and are site specific. It is pointed out here, that the NRC itself has stated each nuclear reactor site is unique and

different. Avoiding a comprehensive review of these unique issues would amount to criminal negligence on the part of Federal Regulators, in this case, the NRC.

The NRC should grant FUSE and the undersigned co-signers the requested exemption to 10 CFR 51 GEIS criteria, in order to best serve the public interest, thereby requiring Entergy to address all Category 1 and Category 2 issues in the EIS Scoping process in its License Renewal Application for IP2 and IP3 as site-specific issues for the following reasons:

1. The primary purpose of the NRC is to protect human health and the environment. Indian Point is unique among all nuclear reactor sites for the following reasons, including, but not limited to:

- The population mass within a 50 mile radius of Indian Point far exceeds 20 Million citizens, 8% of the U.S. Population, and is located in the most densely populated area surrounding a nuclear facility in the nation. Further, the general area surrounding Indian Point is the only American community to have suffered not one, but two successful terrorist attacks in less than 20 years.
- New York City, located 25 miles from the plant, is the hub of America's financial institutions. A significant nuclear incident (accident) or terrorist attack on the facility that leads to off-site migration of radiological contaminants would be catastrophic in nature not only to the surrounding region, but the entire nation, as it could quickly lead to Environmental Costs in excess of half a trillion dollars which could bankrupt America.
- West Point Military Academy, the training ground for America's future leaders, and a vital American brain trust, which includes a U.S. mint, is located less than 8 miles away.
- Further, Indian Point is the only reactor site that is leaking radioactive strontium 90 into the ground, groundwater and Hudson River.



Radioactive leak in concrete structure at Indian Point
(<http://www.gza.com/index.asp>)

- Indian Point is located on an active fault line, the Ramapo fault. In light of the Japanese Earthquake that hit directly at the heart of the TEPCO reactors this summer, seismic issues should be fully reviewed in the EIS Scoping for Indian Point.
- On 9/11 at least one of the hijacked planes flew directly over Indian Point 2 and 3 reactors before it destroyed the World Trade Center.
- Since 9/11 Indian Point is considered one of the most attractive and vulnerable terrorist targets in the nation.

2. Additionally, the Indian Point site already has numerous non-compliance issues that place it in violation of NRC Rules and Regulations, with said issues already contaminating the environment, and increasing the risk to the general public. These risks include, but are not limited to:

A. Numerous members of Congress, and a majority of the elected officials and local communities question whether Indian Point is safe, and have repeatedly called for, and asked the NRC for an Independent Safety Assessment (ISA) because of non working sirens, a fatally flawed Emergency Plan, known spent fuel leaks, and a poor

safety record, including a host of cross cutting issues, sleeping guards and unethical business practices of Entergy.

B. Despite various extensions granted by the NRC, Entergy has yet to come into compliance with NRC regulations as relates to having a working siren system. FEMA recently failed the system, and a full review of Entergy's own documents shows that the system ordered and installed FAILS to meet the Design Basis Criteria. Further, the old system as NRC records show also fails to come close to being in compliance with 10 CFR Rules and Regulations with a constant litany of assorted failures from alarms not sounding, to alarms sounding when they are not supposed to, thus frightening citizens.

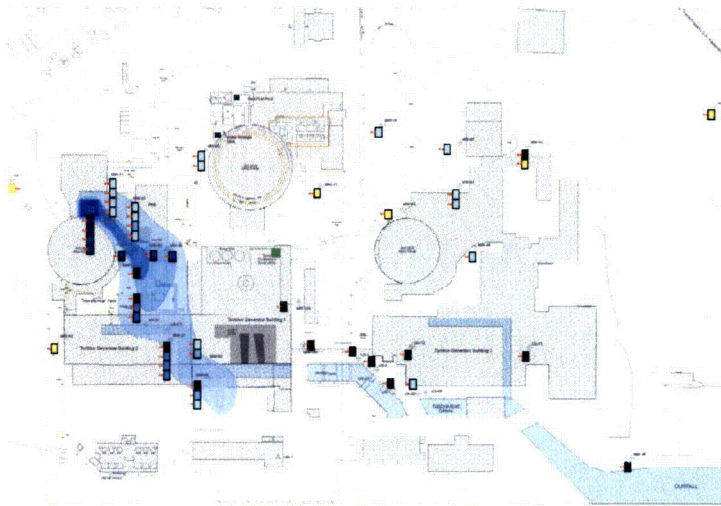
C. The State and County governments within the 10 mile Emergency Evacuation Zone have refused to certify the Emergency Evacuation Plan, and the Witt Report found that the Emergency Evacuation Plans are fundamentally flawed.

Dozens of communities have passed resolutions calling for an ISA. Public interest, and the voice of the public must be heard, and worked into the decision making process, and without this exemption, it is not.

It is pointed out here, that the Emergency Plan tells us, "When you hear the sirens, go inside and follow instructions."

However FEMA has admitted the Siren level is inadequate and therefore the sirens cannot be heard inside a house, or even inside a car. Therefore Entergy's system is useless.

D. Significant spent fuel pool leaks at IP1, IP2 and IP3 sites, which are leaking strontium 90, cesium 137 and tritium. All the spent fuel pools at Indian Point show clear evidence of serious age-related degradation. Yet, since 2005 Entergy has been unable to locate, identify, stop and remediate said leaks, and it appears with the passing of time that more of these leaks will continue to appear, and to worsen.



Tritium Map (<http://www.gza.com/index.asp> which is the home for Geo Environmental, Inc.)

E. A recently discovered leak at IP2 that was incorrectly categorized as a conduit leak was in fact a leak in the fuel transfer tube.

F. Entergy has been unable to locate and identify the leaks associated with reactor cooling system, which were only accidentally discovered when workers saw steam rising through the black top.

G, There are known Tritium, Strontium 90 and Cesium 137 plumes under the entire reactor site that are rapidly migrating towards the Hudson River. Said leaks, of approximately 350,000 gallons of radiological contaminants are polluting the potable water resources of New York State, in violation of New York State Law. Such leaks have been and continue to be unmonitored in violation of the NRC's own regulations.



Indian Point Worker on banks of the Hudson (<http://www.gza.com/index.asp>)

More disturbing, is that the NRC is not enforcing its own regulations by requiring Entergy to immediately remediate the leaks, because Entergy has been unable to identify the source of the leaks. Instead the NRC is just KEEPING AN EYE on them, and addressing them at some future date and time, maybe during decommissioning. To make matters even worse, due to the multi-layered, convoluted corporate ownership structure, Entergy could easily file for bankruptcy during decommissioning, thereby leaving the State and the Stakeholders to foot the bill to clean up the site. This is unacceptable regulatory oversight.

H. Both reactors are suffering severe BAC (Boric Acid Corrosion) of the reactor vessel heads...in fact, the corrosion issues are significant enough that Entergy has a standing order for new reactor vessel heads for IP2 and IP3 with delivery slated for 2011 and 2012 respectively. In order to install these vessel heads, it is probable that containment will have to be breached.

I. IP2 is one of the few reactors (3) in America to have suffered a significant Tube Rupture, back in 2000. Further, a recent Industry study has shown that tube fouling becomes a significant safety issue in pipes adjoining plugged pipes. Indian Point 2 and Indian Point 3 together have literally hundreds of plugged pipes in the reactor cooling system. This serious safety issue creates tremendous risks of tube ruptures from vibrational corrosion and system fatigue.

J. The series 400 stainless steel roller bearings on the traveling water screens for IP3 have huge holes, which it is believed are caused by corrosive microbes or lack of maintenance. This condition has existed since 1991, yet remains unremediated.

K. One of the steel containment plates at Indian Point is failing, which is admitted to in Entergy's License Renewal Application.

L. Indian Point cannot meet the Fire regulations of 10 CFR, and in fact Entergy has just requested that the NRC further lower the SAFETY MARGINS for an already granted exemption from the rules and regulations. A litany of lowered SAFETY MARGINS through a never-ending stream of NRC granted exemptions, variations, reliefs and rule changes is not adequate regulatory oversight, and our community is being needlessly put at grave risk in the name of National Corporate Interests.

M. Due to the closure of Barnwell, the "low-level" radioactive waste site, Entergy is planning to turn Indian Point into a low level radioactive waste storage site without proper application and review.

N. Due to the failure of approval of Yucca Mountain, the spent fuel produced by Indian Point, which by regulation is to be stored on site only on an interim, temporary basis, such storage has now become indefinite and potentially permanent. In fact, EPRI, NEI, DOE and the NRC are exploring ways to justify leaving both high and low level waste streams where they sit on reactor sites for periods in excess of 100 years.

O. The Decommissioning Trust Funds for IP1, IP2 and IP3, are insufficient to restore the site, especially in light of the multiple leaks first noticed in 2005.

P. Indian Point has failed to deliver on numerous commitments made in the original Final Environmental Impact Statements, including but not limited to:

- i) Both IP2 and IP3 commitment for Closed Cooling Systems, instead of a Once Through system.
- ii)) Has failed to create an 80 acre PUBLIC woodland park on the 235 acre Indian Point site, with walking paths.
- iii) Has failed to keep their promises relating to aesthetic issues, specifically landscaping to mitigate as much as possible the INDUSTRIAL BLIGHT on the panoramic view of the area that is so important to our tourist industry.

The NRC has acknowledged that each nuclear reactor site is unique, as clearly evidenced by the above stated non-generic issues. Indian Point has a plethora of site-specific issues that must be comprehensively evaluated in the EIS. The GEIS, and exclusion of all Category 1 issues in 10 CFR 54 unfairly eliminates important issues from the EIS Scoping process, eliminates our FULL RIGHTS to redress as (removed are) guaranteed in the First Amendment, and places our community in grave risk by basically sweeping important site-specific issues at Indian Point under the regulatory carpet.

It is not in the best interest of public health and safety, or the environment, to have a narrowly defined Scope in the EIS Scoping process. By not fully evaluating the Environmental Impacts and Costs of the above stated non-generic issues, the NRC will fail to complete a reasonable and responsible EIS, as required by NEPA. Life, and the world we live in has changed dramatically since September 11, 2001, and the License Renewal GEIS fails to factor in that reality, fails to adequately recognize the fact that all those once Generic Issues are no longer Generic but site-specific important issues for communities living in high target areas such as New York and its surrounding suburbs.

As example, the NRC has attempted to keep the Emergency Plan as well as the Environmental Impacts and Costs of A) a significant nuclear incident with off-site radiological contamination, and B) a successful terrorist attack on a nuclear facility with off-site migration of radiological contaminants from being considered in the site-specific environmental impact statement. The claimed reasoning for this is two fold. First, the Evacuation Plan is a

living document, constantly being revised and reworked as new information and experience dictates. Secondly, the NRC and the nuclear industry claim the likely chance of such events is so remote as to not warrant consideration. However, FEMA and other agencies of the Federal Government including Homeland Security disagree. Below, is an excerpt from the FEMA web site:

Nuclear Power Plant Emergency

Nuclear power plants use the heat generated from nuclear fission in a contained environment to convert water to steam, which powers generators to produce electricity. Nuclear power plants operate in most states in the country and produce about 20 percent of the nation's power. Nearly 3 million Americans live within 10 miles of an operating nuclear power plant.

Although the construction and operation of these facilities are closely monitored and regulated by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC), accidents are possible. An accident could result in dangerous levels of radiation that could affect the health and safety of the public living near the nuclear power plant.

Local and state governments, federal agencies, and the electric utilities have emergency response plans in the event of a nuclear power plant incident. The plans define two "emergency planning zones." One zone covers an area within a 10-mile radius of the plant, where it is possible that people could be harmed by direct radiation exposure. The second zone covers a broader area, usually up to a 50-mile radius from the plant, where radioactive materials could contaminate water supplies, food crops, and livestock.



Even more disturbing on the FEMA web pages, is the fact that they have no information available for citizens on how to RECOVER from a radiological

event. Below, from the FEMA web site are the disasters they give specific recovery information on:

Specific Disaster Recovery Information

- Dam Failure
- Earthquake
- Fire or Wildfire
- Flood
- Hazardous Material Incident
- Landslide
- Thunderstorm
- Tsunami
- Wildfire

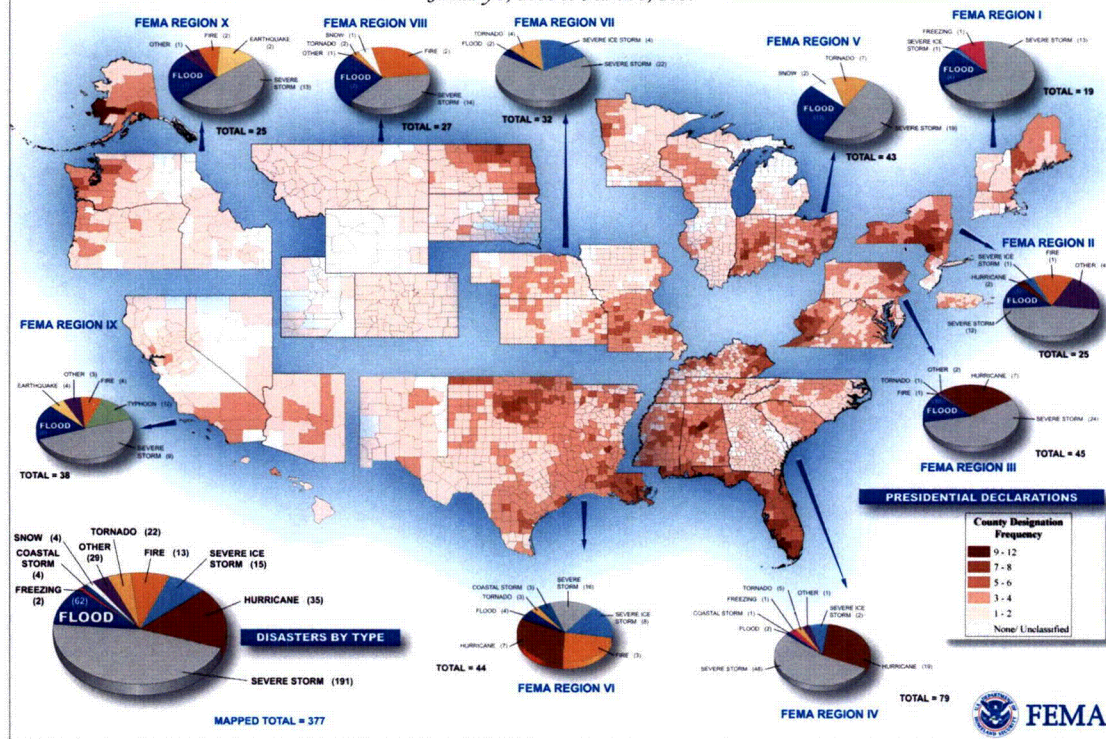
Citizens in New York, Connecticut and New Jersey are in grave peril should a radiological event or terrorist attack occur with off-site migration of radiological contaminants. If, as in Hurricane Katrina, FEMA's emergency response ends up being a dismal failure, vast numbers of human lives are at risk. Those occurrences, the potential of Emergency Plan failure, and the resultant Environmental Impacts and Costs must be examined in the Site Specific Environmental Impact Statement.

A Radiological Disaster Declaration

Some of Us Could Be Dead by the Time Such a Declaration is Issued

PRESIDENTIAL DISASTER DECLARATIONS

January 3, 2000 to March 3, 2007



The NRC must be held accountable to its organizing mandate which is to “give reasonable assurance of adequate protection of public health and safety”. Therefore the only way the NRC can reasonably assure public health and safety adequately is to conduct a comprehensive and fully scoped EIS that investigates ALL Category 1 and Category 2 issues associated with Entergy's License Renewal Application for IP2 LLC and IP3 LLC.

In the public interest the NRC should grant the requested exemption. The requested exemption meets the criteria of 10 CFR 51.6, and should be granted.

FUSE and the undersigned co-signers formally request that an exemption be granted to waive the GEIS for Entergy's specific License Renewal Applications for Indian Point 2 and Indian Point 3, and require Entergy, the Applicant, to evaluate all Category 1 and Category 2 issues, for Indian Point 2 and Indian Point 3.

Additionally, FUSE and the undersigned co-signers formally request that the EIS for Indian Point 2 and Indian Point 3 scopes as two independent and separate EIS documents.

Respectfully Submitted,

Susan Shapiro
Counsel for FUSE USA

Sherwood Martinelli
FUSE USA
Vice President
351 Dyckman Street
Peekskill, NY

Thomas J. Abinanti
Westchester County Legislator - Dist 12
61 Kathwood Road
White Plains, NY 10607

Susan Zimet
Ulster County Legislator, District #10
100 Butternut Rd
New Paltz, NY 12561

Rockland County Conservation Association
P.O. Box 123
Pomona, NY 10970

WestCAN
2A Adrian Court, Cortlandt
Manor, NY 10567

CrotonCIP - representing over 500 local citizens
PO Box 134
Croton on Hudson, NY

Council on Intelligent Energy
& Conservation Policy
265 Madison Rd.
Scarsdale, NY 10583

Janet Burnet, Executive Director
Ramapo River Watershed Intermunicipal Council
PO Box 195
Hillburn, NY 10931

Douglas G. Wehrle
Senior Vice President
Loans and Grants
Empire State Development
633 Third Avenue
New York, NY 10017

Alice Slater
Nuclear Age Peace Foundation, New York
446 E. 86 St.
New York, NY 10028

Remy Chevalier
Rock The Reactors
25 Newtown Turnpike
Weston, CT 06883

Citizens for Safe Energy
Ashley Road
Hastings-on-Hudson, NY 10706

Stephen Filler, Esq.
303 South Broadway, Suite 222
Tarrytown, NY 10591

Michel Lee, Esq.
265 Madison Rd.
Scarsdale, NY 10583

Dr. Sonya Shapiro
34 Scenic Drive
Suffern, New York 10901

Mark Jacobs
46 Highland Drive
Garrison, NY 10524

Judy Allen
24 Seifert Lane
Putnam Valley, NY 10579

Maureen Ritter
Campbell Ave
Suffern, NY 10901

Dorice Madronero
4 Regis Ct.
Suffern, NY 10901

Daniel Wolff
12 Castle Heights
Nyack, NY 10960

Elizabeth C. Segal
33 Fairview Avenue
Tarrytown, NY 10591

Marilyn Elie
2A Adrian Court, Cortlandt
Manor, NY 10567

Merce Williams
609 Columbus Ave.
NY, NY 10024

Laurie Taylor-Williams
609 Columbus Ave.
NY, NY 10024

Lyn Borek
8 Andrew Drive
Chestnut Ridge, NY 10952

Chris Hunt
84 Mendham Ave.
Hasting-On-The Hudson, NY 10706

Tony LaMonte
284 City Island Avenue Apt. 3
The Bronx, New York 10464

Madeline Wilson
284 City Island Avenue Apt. 3
The Bronx, New York 10464

Lois Taylor
160 East Willow Tree Rd.
Spring Valley, N Y
10977

Mary Felegy
138 Old Haverstraw Rd.
Congers, NY 10920

Lee Livney
138 Old Haverstraw Rd
Congers, NY 10920

Betty Hedges
11 Ladentown Road
Pomona, New York 10970

Martha Roth
20 first Ave.
Nyack, NY 10960

Darcy Casteleiro
204 Radcliff drive
Nyack, NY 10960
Mary Cronin
201 Cleveland Drive
Croton-on-Hudson, NY 10520

Cheri Morreale
39 Pamela Road
Cortlandt Manor, NY 10567

Amy B. Goldsmith
132 Cleveland Drive
Croton on Hudson, New York 10520

Jeanne McDermott
One Lakeview Drive
Apt. LL2A
Peekskill, NY 10566

Eloise Vega
1 Cobblestone Road
Airmont, NY 10952

Lee Sneden
1 Cobblestone Road
Airmont, NY 10952

Linda Petros-Gouin
43 Van Ness Court
Maplewood NJ 07040

Katharine M. Swibold
29 Independence St.
Tarrytown, NY 10591

Barbara Hickernell
12 Terrich Court
Ossining, NY 10562

Christy Pennoyer
58 Villard Ave
Hastings-on-Hudson, NY 10706
Dani Glaser
14 Westminster Drive
Croton on Hudson, NY 10520

Cali Gorevic
PO Box 239
Garrison NY 10524

Nancy Kochanowicz
29 Van Wyck St.
Croton on Hudson, NY 10520

Jeff Wanshel
1 Spanish Cove Road
Larchmont, New York 10538

Maria Cudequest
84 Grand St
Croton, NY 10520

Daniel Shearer
120 Sierra Vista Lane
Valley Cottage, NY
10989

Constance Shearer
120 Sierra Vista Lane
Valley Cottage, NY
10989

Elizabeth Phillips
27 Grand Avenue
Nyack, NY 10960

Andrew Ziegler
30 Park Avenue # 3K
Mount Vernon, NY 10550

Annea Lockwood
37 Baron de Hirsch Rd.
P O Box 16
Crompond, NY 10517

Maryann Wagner
1675 Amazon Road
Mohegan Lake, NY 10547

David Gilbert
103 Grandview Avenue
Nanuet, N.Y. 10954-2527

Nancy Gilbert
103 Grandview Avenue
Nanuet, N.Y. 10954-2527

Margaret Yonco-Haines
44 Nelson Lane
Garrison, NY 10524

Don Devine
3 Rocky Road
Chester, NY 10918

Patricia Steinley
134 Lake Rd.
Congers, NY 10920

Dennis Davis
134 Lake Rd.
Congers, NY 10920

Joann Keenan
668 Riverside Drive, Apt. 1i
New York, NY 10031

Maria Elliott
78 Rombout Avenue
Beacon, NY 12508

Greg Miller
4 Woods Rd
Valley Cottage N.Y.10989

Jack McLoryd
308 Orchard drive
Monroe N.Y. 10950

Merry Breden
308 Orchard drive
Monroe N.Y. 10950

Jean Godfrey-June
290 Tweed Blvd
Nyack, NY 10960

Estelle & Joseph Burdige
10 Nansen Court
Spring Valley, NY 10977

Nick Wheeler
314 W. 142 #8
New York, NY 10030

Sam Leonard
124 Raymond Avenue
Vassar College
Poughkeepsie, NY 12604-1162

Susanna Styron
156 Piermont Ave.
Nyack, NY 10960

Melanie DeNicola
P.O. Box 372 (353 Route 22)
Katonah, NY 10536

Laura Seitz
2 Brook Trail
Croton-on-Hudson, NY 1052

Avis Larson
70 Sunset Drive
Ossining, NY 10562

Scott Larson
70 Sunset Drive
Ossining, NY 10562

Mrs. Judy W. Soffler
8 Termakay Drive
New City, NY 10956-6434

Michele Hertz
62 Euclid avenue
Hastings on Hudson, NY 10706

Bill Murawski
530 West 50th Street
New York, NY 10019

Susan Rukeyser
5 Little Lake Rd.
Ossining, NY 10562

David Weinberger
5 Little Lake Rd.
Ossining, NY 10562

Kenneth L. Okin
570 Scarborough Rd
Briarcliff Manor, NY 10510

Elaine Robbins
570 Scarborough Rd
Briarcliff Manor, NY 10510

Dan Cohn
Clifffield Rd,
Bedford, New York (10506?)

Clare Sherwood
Clifffield Rd
Bedford, New York 10506

Henry Cohn
Cliffield Road,
Bedford, New York

Nancy Binder
New York Ave.
Congers, NY 10920

Elizabeth Helbraun
180 Garfield Place
Brooklyn, NY 11215

Sidney Goodman
158 Grandview Lane
Mahwah, NJ 07430

Carolyn Adessa
Mamaroneck, NY

Laurie Sholinsky
112 Teatown Road
Croton-on-Hudson, NY 10520

Steve Sholinsky
112 Teatown Road
Croton-on-Hudson, NY 10520

Jenny Evans
384 Old West Point Road
Garrison, NY 10524

Dean Gallea
28 Wildey Street
Tarrytown, NY 10591

Carolyn Summers
63 Ferndale Drive
Hastings-on-Hudson, NY 10706

Dan Doniger
53 W. 111th St.
NY, NY 10026

Dorothy S. Dangerfield
112 Sterling Street
Beacon, NY 12408

Mary Ann Kirk
100 Thayer Street, #6G,
New York, NY 10040

Robert Huttick
100 Thayer Street, #6G,
New York, NY 10040

John Huttick
100 Thayer Street, #6G,
New York, NY 10040

Batya Halpern
204 Cleveland Drive
Croton-on-Hudson, NY 10520

Robbee Fian
484 west 43 St
NYC, NY 10036

Carolyn Cunningham
18 Soundview Ave.
Rye, NY 10580

Mary Deangelis
PO Box 83
Dobbs Ferry, NY 10522

Arthur K Wing, III
Joan F Wing
7 Van Alstine Avenue
Suffern, NY 10901

Kathy Isbell
60 West 66th St.
NY, NY 10023

Michael Ruiz
309 1st St
Saddle Brook, NJ 07663

Caroline Adessa
401 East 167th Street
Bronx, NY 10456

Lisa North
397 16th St.
Brooklyn, NY 11215

Joyce Bressler
24 First Ave.
Nyack, NY 10960

Harry B. Lichtenstein
2531 Hone Avenue
Bronx, New York 10469

Barbara Greenhut
161 Doxbury Lane
Suffern, NY 10901

Harold Greenhut
161 Doxbury Lane
Suffern, NY 10901

Lisa North
397 16th St.
Brooklyn, NY 11215

Gary Shaw
9 Van Cortlandt Place
Croton on hudson, NY 10520
Kay Levinson
21 Division Ave.
So. Nyack, NY 1096

CHAIRMAN - RE: FUSE Formal Request for GEIS to be Exempted as a Requirement of 10CFR51.6

From: <Palisadesart@aol.com>
To: <chairman@nrc.gov>, <RSB1@nrc.gov>
Date: 10/24/2007 4:04 PM
Subject: RE: FUSE Formal Request for GEIS to be Exempted as a Requirement of 10CFR51.6

**MILTON B. SHAPIRO
SUSAN H. SHAPIRO**

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

21 Perlman Drive, Spring VALLEY, NY 10977
mbs@ourrocklandoffice.com
(845) 371-3721 Fax

(845) 371-2100
(800) 645-8662

10/23/07

Honorable NRC Chairman Dale Klein
11555 Rockville Pike
Rockville Pike, Maryland 20852

RE: FORMAL REQUEST FOR THE GEIS to be EXEMPTED AS A REQUIREMENT OF PART 10 CFR 51.6, thereby requiring ENTERGY to ADDRESS ALL CATEGORY 1 and CATEGORY 2 ISSUES in the EIS.

Dear Chairman Klein:

Please find attached Friends United for Sustainable Energy's (FUSE) FORMAL REQUEST FOR THE GEIS to be EXEMPTED AS A REQUIREMENT OF PART 10 CFR 51.6, thereby requiring ENTERGY to ADDRESS ALL CATEGORY 1 and CATEGORY 2 ISSUES in the EIS.

Sincerely,

Susan Shapiro

See what's new at <http://www.aol.com>

Mail Envelope Properties (471FA51E.FF8 : 21 : 28664)

Subject: RE: FUSE Formal Request for GEIS to be Exempted as a Requirement
of 10CFR51.6

Creation Date Wed, Oct 24, 2007 4:03 PM

From: <Palisadesart@aol.com>

Created By: Palisadesart@aol.com

Recipients

nrc.gov

kp1_po.KP_DO

RSB1 (Richard Barkley)

nrc.gov

OWGWPO02.HQGWDO01

CHAIRMAN

Post Office

kp1_po.KP_DO

OWGWPO02.HQGWDO01

Route

nrc.gov

nrc.gov

Files

MESSAGE

TEXT.htm

ExemptionFinal10.23C.pdf

Mime.822

Size

954

2426

5791513

7941670

Date & Time

Wednesday, October 24, 2007 4:03 PM

Options

Expiration Date: None

Priority: Standard

ReplyRequested: No

Return Notification: None

Concealed Subject: No

Security: Standard

Junk Mail Handling Evaluation Results

Message is eligible for Junk Mail handling

This message was not classified as Junk Mail

Junk Mail settings when this message was delivered

Junk Mail handling disabled by User

Junk Mail handling disabled by Administrator

Junk List is not enabled
Junk Mail using personal address books is not enabled
Block List is not enabled