#### (2) Technical Specifications and Environmental Plan

The Technical Specifications contained in Appendices A and B, as revised through Amendment No.267, are hereby incorporated in the license. The licensee shall operate the facility in accordance with the Technical Specifications.

## (3) Special Low Power Test Program

PSE&G shall complete the training portion of the Special Low Power Test Program in accordance with PSE&G's letter dated September 5, 1980 and in accordance with the Commission's Safety Evaluation Report "Special Low Power Test Program", dated August 22, 1980 (See Amendment No. 2 to DPR-75 for the Salem Nuclear Generating Station, Unit No. 2) prior to operating the facility at a power level above five percent.

Within 31 days following completion of the power ascension testing program outlined in Chapter 13 of the Final Safety Analysis Report, PSE&G shall perform a boron mixing and cooldown test using decay heat and Natural Circulation. PSE&G shall submit the test procedure to the NRC for review and approval prior to performance of the test. The results of this test shall be submitted to the NRC prior to starting up following the first refueling outage.

# (4) Initial Test Program

PSE&G shall conduct the post-fuel-loading initial test program (set forth in Chapter 13 of the Final Safety Analysis Report, as amended) without making any major modifications of this program unless modifications have been identified and have received prior NRC approval. Major modifications are defined as:

- (a) Elimination of any test identified in Chapter 13 of the Final Safety Analysis Report, as amended, as essential;
- (b) Modification of test objectives, methods or acceptance criteria for any test identified in Chapter 13 of the Final Safety Analysis Report, as amended, as essential;
- (c) Performance of any test at a power level different by more than five percent of rated power from there described; and

### 6.9.1.9 CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (COLR)

- a. Core operating limits shall be established prior to each reload cycle, or prior to any remaining portion of a reload cycle, and shall be documented in the COLR for the following:
  - 1. Moderator Temperature Coefficient Beginning of Life (BOL) and End of Life (EOL) limits and 300 ppm surveillance limit for Specification 3/4.1.1.4,
  - 2. Control Bank Insertion Limits for Specification 3/4.1.3.5,
  - 3. Axial Flux Difference Limits and target band for Specification 3/4.2.1,
  - 4. Heat Flux Hot Channel Factor,  $F_{\text{o}}$ , its variation with core height, K(z), and Power Factor Multiplier  $PF_{xy}$ , Specification 3/4.2.2, and
  - 5. Nuclear Enthalpy Hot Channel Factor, and Power Factor Multiplier, PF  $_{\Delta H}$  for Specification 3/4.2.3.
  - 6. Refueling boron concentration per Specification 3.9.1
- b. The analytical methods used to determine the core operating limits shall be those previously reviewed and approved by the NRC, specifically those described in the following documents:
  - 1. WCAP-9272-P-A, Westinghouse Reload Safety Evaluation

    Methodology, (W Proprietary), Methodology for Specifications listed in 6.9.1.9.a.

- 2. WCAP-8385, Power Distribution Control and Load Following Procedures Topical Report, (W Proprietary) Methodology for Specification 3/4.2.1

  Axial Flux Difference
- 3. WCAP-10054-P-A, Westinghouse Small Break ECCS Evaluation Model Using NOTRUMP Code, (W Proprietary), Methodology for Specification 3/4.2.2 Heat Flux Hot Channel Factor.
- 4. WCAP-10266-P-A, The 1981 Version of Westinghouse Evaluation Model Using BASH Code, (W Proprietary) Methodology for Specification 3/4.2.2 Heat Flux Hot Channel Factor.
- 5. WCAP-12472-P-A, <u>BEACON</u> <u>Core Monitoring and Operations Support</u> System, (W Proprietary).
- 6. CENPD-397-P-A, Improved Flow Measurement Accuracy Using Crossflow Ultrasonic Flow Measurement Technology
- 7. WCAP-10054-P-A, Addendum 2, "Addendum to the Westinghouse Small Break ECCS Evaluation Model Using the NOTRUMP Code: Safety Injection into the Broken Loop and COSI Condensation Model."
- c. The core operating limits shall be determined such that all applicable limits (e.g., fuel thermal mechanical limits, core thermal hydraulic limits, Emergency Core Cooling Systems (ECCS) limits, nuclear limits such as SDM, transient analysis limits, and accident analysis limits) of the safety analysis are met.
- d. The COLR, including any mid-cycle revisions or supplements shall be provided upon issuance for each reload cycle to the NRC.

## 6.9.1.10 STEAM GENERATOR TUBE INSPECTION REPORT

A report shall be submitted within 180 days after the initial entry into HOT SHUTDOWN following completion of an inspection performed in accordance with the Specification 6.8.4.i, "Steam Generator (SG) Program." The report shall include:

- a. The scope of inspections performed on each SG,
- b. Active degradation mechanisms found,
  - Nondestructive examination techniques utilized for each degradation mechanism,
  - d. Location, orientation (if linear), and measured sizes (if available) of service induced indications,