

Table 1: Appendix P to Part 110—Category 1 and Category 2 Radioactive Material Threshold Limits

Radioactive Material	Category 1		Category 2	
	Terabequerels (TBq)	Curies (Ci) ¹	Terabequerels (TBq)	Curies (Ci) ¹
Americium-241	60	1,600	0.6	16
Americium-241/Be	60	1,600	0.6	16
Californium-252	20	540	0.2	5.4
Curium-244	50	1,400	0.5	14
Cobalt-60	30	810	0.3	8.1
Cesium-137	100	2,700	1.0	27
Gadolinium-153	1,000	27,000	10.0	270
Iridium-192	80	2,200	0.8	22
Plutonium-238 ²	60	1,600	0.6	16
Plutonium-239/Be ²	60	1,600	0.6	16
Promethium-147	40,000	1,100,000	400	11,000
Selenium-75	200	5,400	2.0	54
Strontium-90 (Y-90)	1,000	27,000	10.0	270
Thulium-170	20,000	540,000	200	5,400
Ytterbium-169	300	8,100	3.0	81

Calculation of Shipments Containing Multiple Sources or Radionuclides:

The "sum of fractions" methodology for evaluating combinations of radionuclides being transported, is to be used when import or export shipments contain multiple sources or multiple radionuclides. The threshold limit values used in a sum of the fractions calculation must be the metric values (i.e., TBq).

I. If multiple sources and/or multiple radionuclides are present in an import or export shipment, the sum of the fractions of the activity of each radionuclides must be determined to verify the shipment is less than the Category 1 or 2 limits of Table 1, as appropriate. If the calculated sum of the fractions ratio, using the following equation, is greater than or equal to 1.0, then the import or export shipment exceeds the threshold limits of Table 1 and the applicable security provisions of this part apply.

II. Use the equation below to calculate the sum of the fractions ratio by inserting the actual activity of the applicable radionuclides or of the individual sources (of the same radionuclides) in the numerator of the equation and the corresponding threshold activity limit from the Table 1 in the denominator of the equation. Ensure the numerator and denominator values are in the same units and all calculations must be performed using the TBq (i.e., metric) values of Table 1.

R1 = activity for radionuclides or source number 1

R2 = activity for radionuclides or source number 2

RN = activity for radionuclides or source number n

AR1 = activity limit for radionuclides or source number 1

AR2 = activity limit for radionuclides or source number 2

ARN = activity limit for radionuclides or source number n

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \left[\frac{R_i}{AR_i} + \frac{R_2}{AR_2} + \frac{R_n}{AR_n} \right] \geq 1$$

NOTIFICATIONS: The notifications required by 10 CFR 110.50(b)(4) are to be emailed to hoo1@nrc.gov (preferred method) or faxed to 301-816-5151. In the subject line of the email or on the fax cover page include: "10 CFR 110.50(b)(4) Notification." To contact someone in the Operations Center, use the same e-mail address or call 301-816-5100. The contact information is current at the time of license issuance. Difficulties notifying the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission must be promptly reported to the Office of International Programs' Import/Export licensing staff.

¹ The values to be used to determine whether a license is required are given in TBq. Curie (Ci) values are provided for practical usefulness only and are rounded after conversion.

² The limits for Pu-238 and Pu-239/Be in this table apply for imports to the U.S. The limits for exports of Pu-238 and Pu-239/Be can be found in § 110.21.

OTHER PARTY(IES) TO IMPORT AND/OR EXPORT

1. NSSI/Sources & Services, Inc.
5711 Etheridge Street
Houston, Texas 77087-4009
2. Precision Energy Services, Inc.
A Weatherford Company
500 Winscott Road
Fort Worth, Texas 76126
3. Precision Energy Services, Inc.
A Weatherford Company
16210 West Hardy Road
Houston, Texas 77060-1664

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