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UNION CARBIDE CORPORATION

CHEMICALS AND PLASTICS

P. O. BOX 8361, SOUTH CHARLESTON, W. VA. 25303

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

August 29, 1967

Mr. Richard E. Cunningham Chief, Isotopes Branch U. S. Atomic Energy Commission Division of Materials Licensing Washington, D. C. 20545

Dear Mr. Cunningham:

Two copies of the attached application are submitted for the renewal of License Number 47-00260-040 which expires September 30, 1967. In this renewal application, we have removed the name of W. J. Skraba under Item 4 and added the name of Fred Williams under Item 5.

Since we are supplying complete information at this time, we request that this application replace previous letters and communications submitted with earlier applications.

Very truly yours,

F. Johnston, Director Chemicals and Plastics Research and Development

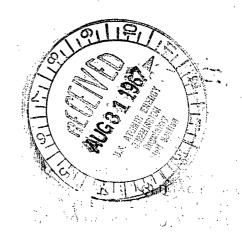
Department

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Attachments

FOR DIV. OF COMPLIANCE

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representation to any department or agency of the United States as to any mother within its jurisdiction.

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UNITED STATES ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION

APPLICATION FOR BYPRODUCT MATERIAL LICENSE

Budget Bureau No. 38-RO27

INSTRUCTIONS.—Complete Items 1 through 16 if this is an initial application or an application for renewal of a license. Information contained in previous applications filed with the Commisson with respect to Items 8 through 15 may be incorporated by reference provided references are clear and specific. Use supplemental sheets where necessary. Item 16 must be completed on all applications. Mail two copies to: U.S. Atomic Energy Commission, Washington, D.C., 20545, Attention: Isotopes Branch, Division of Materials Licensing. Upon approval of this application, the applicant will receive an AEC Byproduct Material License. An AEC Byproduct Material License is issued in accordance with the general requirements contained in Title 10, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 30, and the Licensee is subject to Title 10, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 20.

(a) NAME AND STREET ADDRESS OF APPLICANT. (Institution, firm, hospital, Include ZIP Code.)

Union Carbide Corporation Technical Center

(b) STREET ADDRESS(ES) AT WHICH BYPRODUCT MATERIAL WILL BE USED. (IF different from 1 (a). Include ZIP Code.)

Chemicals and Plastics Research and Dev. South Charleston, West Virginia

Union Carbide Corporation Chemicals and Plastics Research and Development Technical Center South Charleston, West Virginia 25303

2. DEPARTMENT TO USE BYPRODUCT MATERIAL

3. PREVIOUS LICENSE NUMBER(S). (If this is an application for renewal of a license, please indicate and give number.)

Research and Development Department

47-260-4 Amendment No. 5

4. INDIVIDUAL USER(S). (Name and title of individual(s) who will use or directly supervise use of byproduct material. Give training and experience in Items 8 and

5. RADIATION PROTECTION OFFICER (Name of person designated as radiation protection officer if other than individual user. Attach resume of his training and experience as in Items 8 and 9.;

F. G. Young, Jr. Ph. D. - Senior Research Scientist

Fred Williams

6. (a) BYPRODUCT MATERIAL. (Elements

Cobalt⁶⁰

(b) CHEMICAL AND/OR PHYSICAL FORM AND MAXIMUM NUMBER OF MILLICURIES OF EACH CHEMICAL AND/OR PHYS-ICAL FORM THAT YOU WILL POSSESS AT ANY ONE TIME. (If sealed source(s), also state name of manufacturer, model number, number of sources and maximum activity per source.)

Sealed Sources (AECL Types KCP - I)

1200 curies

Sealed Sources (AECL Type C-129) (total - 39 s.s. pencils)

1000 curies

7. DESCRIBE PURPOSE FOR WHICH BYPRODUCT MATERIAL WILL BE USED. (If byproduct material is for "human use," supplement A (Form AEC-313a) must be completed in lieu of this item. If byproduct material is in the form of a sealed source, include the make and model number of the storage container and/or device in which the source will be stored and/or used.)

To be used in irradiation facility for research and development as described in this application.

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8. TYPE OF TRAINING - Frank G. Young, Jr.

Where Trained	Duration of Training	On Job	Formal Course
 Oak Ridge Institute of Nuclear Studies Massachusetts Institute of Technology 	1948 1955	yes	yes
 Same as above and UCC - Technical Center 	18 years	yes	yes
c. Same as <u>b</u>	18 years	yes	yes
d. *Oak Ridge Institute of Nuclear Studies UCC – Technical Center	1948 18 years	yes	yes
demonstration of the second			

^{*}Proficient in radiation calculations

Fred Williams

Union Carbide Corporation	12 years
Nuclear Division	•
Y-I2 Plant	•
Oak Ridge, Tennessee	. ,
Union Carbide Corporation	5 years ²
Chemicals and Plastics Division	
Technical Center	
South Charleston, West Virginia	. ·

On-the-job training at the Y-12 Plant from 1950 - 62 included:

(a) Analysis of uranium, plutonium and therium 3 years

(b) Non-Destructive testing training program (Cobalt⁶⁰ and X-ray) 6 months

(c) Supervisor of Bio-Analysis Laboratory (PC2 proportional counters, Geiger – Mueller detectors, automatic scintillation counter, vibrating reed electrometer and film badge program) 3 years

(d) Industrial Hygienist

Member of radiation survey team for emergency trailer at Y-I2. Attended lectures and courses offered by the Y-I2 Plant and Oak Ridge National Laboratory on Radiochemistry and Radiation Safety.

²Technical Center Industrial Hygienist – 5 years; Radiation Protection Officer; Air and Water Pollution Control and a member of the Area Radioactive Material Committee for license 47–260–6.

9. EXPERIENCE WITH RADIATION - Frank G. Young, Jr.

Isotope	Max. Amt.	Where	Duration	Type of Use
Carbon ¹⁴	Millicuries	UCC-Tech Center	18 years	Synthesis
Phosph er us ³²	Millicuries	UCC-Tech Center	l year	Synthesis
Sulfur ³⁵	Millicuries	UCC-Tech Center	18 months	Synthesis
Calcium ⁴⁵	Millicuries	UCC-Tech Center	6 months	Synthesis
Cobalt ⁶⁰	Curies	UCC-Tech Center	9 years	Irradiation Studies

Fred Williams

Isotope	Max. Amt.	Where	Duration	Type of Use
Uranium	Kilograms	Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tenn.	12 years	Classified
Plutonium	Micrograms	Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tenn.	3 years	Classified
Tritium	Microcuries	Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tenn.	3 years	Classified
Cobalt60	Curies	Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tenn.	6 months	Non-destructive testin
Thorium ²²⁸	Micrograms	Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tenn.	3 years	Classified
lodine 3	Microcuries	ORNL, Oak Ridge, Tenn.	l month	Air Pollution Studies
lodine ^[3]	Millicuries	UCC, South Charleston, W. Va	. 2 years	Instrumentation
Radium ²²⁶	Millicuries	UCC, South Charleston, W. Va		Instrumentation
Strontium ⁹⁰	Curies	UCC, South Charleston, W. Va		Instrumentation
Cesium 137	Curies	UCC, South Charleston, W. Va		Instrumentation
Cobalt ⁶⁰	Curies	UCC, South Charleston, W. Va		R & D
Carbon ¹⁴	Millicuries	UCC, South Charleston, W. Va		Tracer
Gold ¹⁹⁸	Millicuries	UCC, South Charleston, W. Va		Tracer
Cesium 131	Millicuries	UCC, South Charleston, W. Va		Tracer
Krypton ⁷⁹	Millicuries	UCC, South Charleston, W. Va		Tracer
Xenon 133	Millicuries	UCC, South Charleston, W. Va	。 I month	Tracer
Tritium (H ³)	Curies	UCC, South Charleston, W. Va	. 5 years	Instrumentation and Tracer

10. RADIATION DETECTION INSTRUMENTS

Type of Instrument	Number Available	Radiation Detécted	Sensitivity Range mr/hr	Window Thickness	<u>Use</u>
Universal Atomics, Model 700	1	Beta, Gamma	0-50	·	Monitoring
Tracerlab, Model SU-14		Alpha, Beta, Gamma	0-25		Monitoring and Surveying
Jordan RAMS II Remote Area Monitoring System (4 stations)	1 .	Beta, Gamma	0 mr 100,000R		Monitoring
Dumont Type VM-8 Monitor	i				Visual Observation
RCL Mark 13, Model 1 Scaler (unit) Model 10104 halogen – quench end window; 30100	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
vertical iron shield and mount	1	Beta, Gamma			Measuring

11. Methods, Frequency, and Standards used in Calibrating Instruments Listed On 10

The survey meters are calibrated with a 1.11 Millicuries Cobalt⁶⁰ point source that was obtained from Tracerlab, Inc. The instrument to be calibrated is fastened to a movable carriage. The distance from the source to the instrument is accurately measured. The decay correction is applied for the source and calculations are made by substituting the figures in the following equation:

Milliroentgens per hour = $\frac{S' \times 13,500}{D^2}$ Where S' = Millicuries of Co⁶⁰ in the decay corrected source and D = the distance from the source in centimeters.

Survey meters must be calibrated at least once per year; however, more frequent calibrations are made to assure that the instruments are dependable.

The Jordan RAMS II Remote Area Monitoring System is set to activate at the 25.0 milliroentgen per hour level by using a 0.06 millicurie radium 226 source with the radiation emission previously measured at a given distance.

The counter is calibrated with a known source each day the equipment is in operation.

12. FILM BADGES, DOSIMETERS, AND BIO-ASSAY PROCEDURES USED

Personnel who are assigned to work routinely in the Research and Development Department's Radiation Facility are issued film badges supplied by Nuclear - Chicago Corporation. These badges are returned monthly for evaluation and a report is received from Nuclear - Chicago showing the results for each badge and the accumulative exposure.

Keleket Dosimeters are worn by assigned personnel and visitors in the facility. These are read on a Model K - 430A Charge - Reader and the results are recorded in a log book with date and name of wearer.

There are no routine bio - assay procedures in use but facilities are available should such services be required.

13. FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT

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See attached print of building.

"Fail-safe" interlocking electrical system.

Panic button and crash bar on door from radiation area.

Stainless steel pencils stored under water (recirculated, filtered, with automatic water level gauge).

Storage vault in corner below bottom of pool, covered with large lead plug.

Pictures show:

- 1. Jordan RAMS II Area Monitoring System
- 2. Pool, water and monitoring devices.
- 3. Panic button and monitoring device near door into maze.

14. RADIATION PROTECTION PROGRAM

Only trained personnel approved by Dr. F. G. Young, Jr. shall operate the Research and Development Department's Radiation Facility.

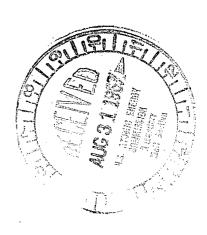
A "fail safe" system that utilizes an interlocking electrical system which includes the position of the elevator platform (raised or lowered), dual control entry button and switch, and the Jordan RAMS II Area Monitoring System.

The door is locked when no personnel are working in the building.

The building is surveyed each year by the Radiation Protection Officer for radiation leakage via cracks in the concrete structure.

A leak test is made by or under the direction of the Radiation Protection Officer every 6 months or prior to draining the water from the pool. (The stainless steel pencils are placed in a storage well in the corner of the pool and covered with a large lead plug before draining.) A sample of 500 milliliters of the water is collected, evaporated to dryness on a stainless steel planchet and counted in the measuring system that is capable of detecting <0.005 microcuries of radiation.

The following emergency procedure is used:



RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT'S RADIATION FACILITY EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

IN CASE OF:

POWER FAILURE (source raised)

JAMMED ELEVATOR (source lowered)

(source raised)

FIRE NEAR SOURCE (source raised, failure of thermal release on elevator)

LOSS OF WATER LEVEL IN WELL (source lowered)

PENCIL LOST FROM SOURCE RACK (Inside well)

(outside well)

Lower source elevator into water manually by turning motor shaft in control pit.

Remove submerged source from elevator platform with tongs. Withdraw elevator from water well for repairs.

Remove elevator platform coupling - pin from outside of shield, dropping elevator and source into well. Proceed as above.

Lower source elevator as under Power Failure or Jammed Elevator as necessary.

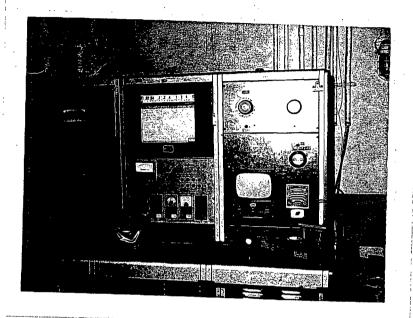
Open valve to fill and maintain water level in well. If necessary, use auxiliary fire hose to maintain level. Remove source to emergency storage for repair of well as necessary.

Lower source into well. Pick up pencil in tongs and replace in rack.

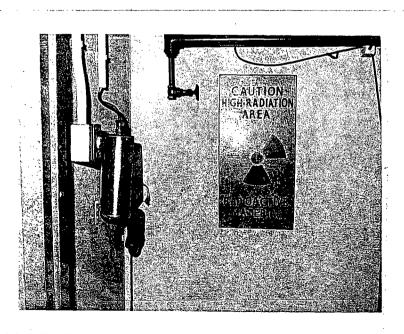
Radiation - level alarm will be activated with source lowered. Entrance gate will be locked. This emergency will require "fishing" for pencil through access port in roof. Consult group leader and Radiation Protection Officer.

In this last rare emergency the plan of action calls for closing all openings to the cell by temporary bulkheads, flooding the cell with 6 feet of water, removal of the concrete access plug in roof by means of a mobile crane and "fishing", from behind temporary shielding, with a magnet attached to a pole and line to maneuver pencil into water well. Continuous monitoring will be employed during this operation. When pencil is safely submerged, procedure will be as for pencil lost inside well.

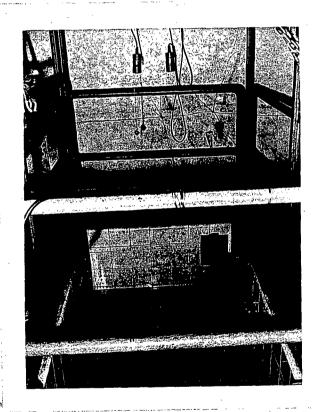
I. AREA MONITORING SYSTEM



3. PANIC BUTTON AND DETECTOR



2. POOL AND DETECTOR





15. WASTE DISPOSAL

If waste disposal is required, an AEC approved service will be contracted.

