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Scientific Notebook No. 735: Calculation of Radionuclides in Groundwater (08/26/2005 through 10/09/2006)

LABORATORY NOTEBOOK

LABORATORY NOTEBOOK

NOTEBOOK NO.	
CONTINUED FROM NOTEBOOK NO.	CONTINUED TO NOTEBOOK NO.
ASSIGNED TO:	
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DATE NOTEBOOK COMPLETED	NUMBER OF PAGES FILLED IN
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LABORATORY NOTEBOOK GUIDELINES[†]

LABORATORY NOTEBOOK INTRODUCTION

Using a Laboratory Notebook to record ideas, inventions, experimentation records, observations and all work details is a vital part of any laboratory process. Careful attention to how you keep your Laboratory Notebook can have a positive impact on the patent outcome of a pending discovery or invention.

Following are some overall recommendations to help you keep more efficient and accurate Laboratory Notebook entries. Remember, however, that these are simply a suggested set of guidelines. Only your attorney can supply the exact guidelines she would like you to follow to satisfy specific legal requirements. That is why we recommend that you consult your legal counsel.

RECORDING DATA

Your Laboratory Notebook is a vital record of your work whether it is for patent purposes, legal records or documenting drug research under FDA guidelines. The Laboratory Notebook can help you prove:

- a. Exact details and dates of conception
- b. Details and dates of reduction to practice
- c. Diligence in reducing your invention to practice
- d. Details regarding the structure and operation of your invention
- e. Experimentation observations and results
- f. A chronological record of your work
- g. Other work details

Follow a few simple rules of thumb

- 1. Always record entries legibly, neatly and in permanent ink.
- Immediately enter into your notebook and date all original concepts, data and observations, using separate headings to differentiate each.
- Record all concepts, results, references and other information in a systematic and orderly manner. (Language, charts and numbering systems should be maintained consistently throughout.)
- It is acceptable to make your entries brief. Always, however, include enough details for someone else to successfully duplicate the work you have recorded.
- 5. Label all figures and calculations.
- Never, under any circumstances, remove pages from your notebook.

Remember to treat your Laboratory Notebook as a legal document: It records the chronological history of your activities. The following guidelines should help you maintain the consistent and accurate entries needed for future legal purposes.

- Start entries at the top of the first page, and always make successive, dated entries, working your way to the bottom of the last page.
- 2. After completing a page, sign it before continuing to the next
- Make sure that you record the date of each entry clearly and unambiguously.
- Never let anyone other than yourself write in your Notebook (excluding witness signatures, discussed later).

- Never leave blank spaces, and never erase or remove material you have added. Simply draw lines through any blank spaces at the same time you are making your entries.
- Do not erase errors. Just draw a single line through any erroneous entry, then add your initials. Enter the correct entry nearby.
- You can supplement your entries with supporting material (e.g., test-result printouts and other documentation). But you must permanently affix the material onto a page in its proper chronological location.
- Never rely solely on any supplemental attachment. Always include your own entry describing the attachment and add any conclusions that you might draw from its substance.
- Occasionally, secondary sources might be too large or inappropriate to attach directly to your notebook. In this case, you can add all secondary sources to an ancillary record maintained precisely for this purpose. However, always remember to write a description of these secondary sources, clearly and unambiguously, in your notebook.

DOCUMENTING PATENT ACTIVITIES

A primary purpose of a Laboratory Notebook is the support of documenting work that may be patentable. To support patent activities, it is necessary to provide clear, concise, chronological entries with specific dates. To rely on these dates, you must have at least one non-inventor corroborate that the events actually happened and that he or she understood your invention by signing and dating the "Disclosed to and Understood by" signature blocks.

Your Laboratory Notebook should help you document and prove:

- Conception Date—The date that you knew your invention would solve the problem.
- 2. Date of reduction to practice—The moment that you made a working embodiment of your invention.
- 3. Diligence in reducing your invention to practice—Diligence refers to your intent and conscious effort to make a working embodiment. You are not required to rush, or even to take the most efficient development strategy. But your Notebook must include details relating to your diligent activities. These are dates and facts that show what activities you have conducted to reduce the invention to practice, and when such activities were conducted. Since you may still be diligent despite periods of not working on reducing your invention to practice, always remember to provide reasonable excuses for these periods of inactivity by supplying facts relating to why there was no activity during the period in question. (e.g., unavailability of test conditions or equipment).
- How to make and use your invention—provide documentation details sufficient to teach a colleague how to make and use your invention.
- 5. The best mode of practicing your invention—document the best way to practice your invention.

A non-inventor colleague should corroborate each of these events/facts by signing the "Disclosed to and Understood by" on the relevant pages.

† BookFactory provides these sample guidelines "AS IS" without any warranty.

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PAGE	SUBJECT	DATE
1	<u>Objectives</u>	8/26/05
2	This notebook documents work performed on project # 06002.01.282	
3	Concentration of Redismudides in Consumbusater. In posticular, the notebook	
4	documents usork performed to support the evaluation of potential plane 51700	
5	that may occur at the 18km regulating compliance boundary after 10,000 years	
6	following a release from the repository. The simulations were performed using the	
7	grandwater flow model for the region previously developed by J. Winterle, and	
8	documented is Winterte et al. (2002) and Wintertle (2003), and The HTBDHS	
9	computer code. HTBDHS is a solute transport code capable of simulating	
10	the transport of solutes that may be conservative or that are indugeding	
11	radioachine decay and symphon. For the purposes of This work it is assumed	
12	that solutes emarchy from the bruton of the repository are conservative,	
13	that is, the soutes do not industry radicaline decay for corphin, or any other	
14	O A	6105)
15	p. 47. (8/26/05) roducent son may mer predict, is terms of size, places	71-7
16	expected at the compliance boundary dury the 10,000 year regulations compliance	
17	models also assume that counter transport only in the saturated time.	
18	models also assume that counter transport only in the saturated zone.	
19	Tramport in the undaturated zone is currently ignored. This note book is	
20	as extersion of CNWRA Scientific Notebook 728E currently arranged to	
21	V. Brieno Rankin. This referred documents simulations proformed by D. Farrell	
22	That are not ucluded in SN 728E. The grandations documented in Ilm nitebook	,
23	will be used to support the CHERA deductable 06002.01.282.531.	
24		
25		
26	Summary of the Solute Transport Hodel.	
27	Solute transport meduling was performed using NT30MS version 4.5 developed	
28	by they and wang (1999). As noted the model sepreacute white transport	
29	in the saturated zone. Solutes are assumed to be conservative. The simulation	
30	grid reed to support the symmetrian is symples to that reach by Winterle et al. (2002) and	
31	Writerle (2003), Alak is, AX = AY = 300 m and AZ variable push that	
32	50m < 62 ≤ 200m. At the watertable BZ=50 m and near the boson of the	

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PAGE	SUBJECT	DATE
33	model DZ = 200 m. Gred cells above the watertable were not considered in the	- }
34	numical procedure. However, only a mulast of the gold vand for the MODFLOW	
35	Simulations were used for the Transport simulations. The region used for the	
36	transport simulations was focused on the region through which the plane was	
37	expected to migrate. This reduction is the 5120 of the demais sucreased the	
38	computational efficiency of the simulations. Figure 1 shows a comparison	
39	between the computational flow and transport presidence grids. The two years	
40	are readily displayed by cluby on the MEDFIDEL OF MIBDAS techos in and (Cont v. 5.1). (0.44 \$/26/05)	
41	the Groundwater residency Lyptian, graphical user intoface. Note that GMS report	
42	files exist for all simulations prepared under thes project. These are included on the co's	
43	contained in this notebook and natebook 728E.	
44		
45	In this analysis, the repository footprint is projected to the watertable. Grid	
46	Dumbahan cells within the reposition footprint were considered petential source	
47	calls for the reversal simulation. Potential source cells are shown in Figure 2.	
48	Note that because the watstable slopes in the vicinity of the Succe Moulain	
49 (Saf. epops) Source (sported source cells are assigned bover several layers of the model. The political CMT. 8/26/65) Foliantial source (mignitration is each cell was 10 mg/L.	
50	Fortular source (mentrahan à each cell was 10 mg/L.	-
51		
52	Transport was simulated using MTBOMS version 4.5 (Hang and Wang, 1999).	
53	The transport solution used uson the HMOC Hybrid Method of Characterstics	
54	which combines the MOC (Method of Characterstico) with the MMOC (Modyled	
55	Method of Characterstico). The HMOC formulation essentially draws on the	
56	relature advantages of each method to overcome this industrial measuresses. In	
57		
58	grid peclet numbers and efficient in 15 var of porticle tracking Scheme. More	
59	information on the Horise method is contained in They and way (1999 MTBDMS:	
60	A Modular Three-Dimensional Multispeeres Transport Model for Simulation of	
61	Advection, Dispession, and Chemical Reactions of Contaminants in Grandisates	
62	Systems; Documentation and User's Cavide Prepared for the U.S. truy	
63	Carp of Engineers. Note that the grown (D.A.J 8/26/W)	
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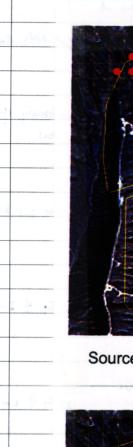
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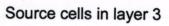
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37	3	Flow simulation grid	
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91		Figure 1a	21 27 20 20
92		The state of the second of the	
	The grande	enter relauties required to Rupport the Simulations were based on	
	the steady-state	groundwater model developed by Winterle et al. (2002) and Winterle	41 20 pt = 2 Cas
	(2003) for the	region.	

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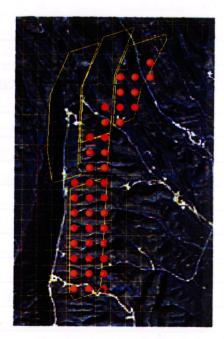




Source cells in layer 4



Source cells in layer 5



Source cells in layer 6

Figure 16

Winterte, J., "Evaluation of Alternature Concepts for Saturalist Zone Flow: Effects of
Recharge and Watertable Ruse on Flow Patho and Travel Times at Yucca Montan", CANVILL. 2013

Transport simulation grid

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Westerle, J., M. Hill, and C. Marepally. "Concepts of Saturaled Ine Modely for Development of a Site-Scale Corondwater Flow Model for Yucca Montain. CNURA. 2002.

INVENTOR SIGNATURE

PRINTED NAME

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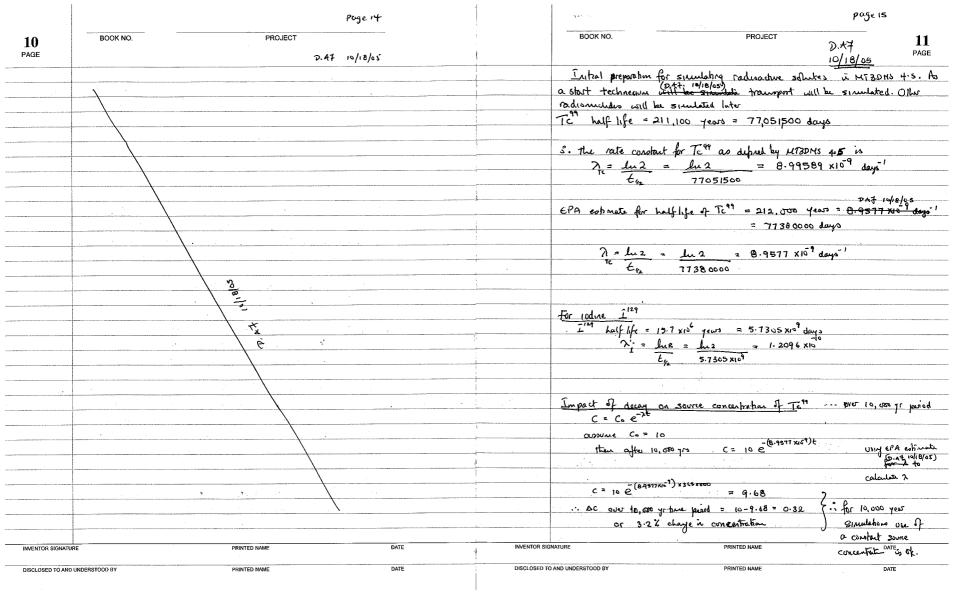
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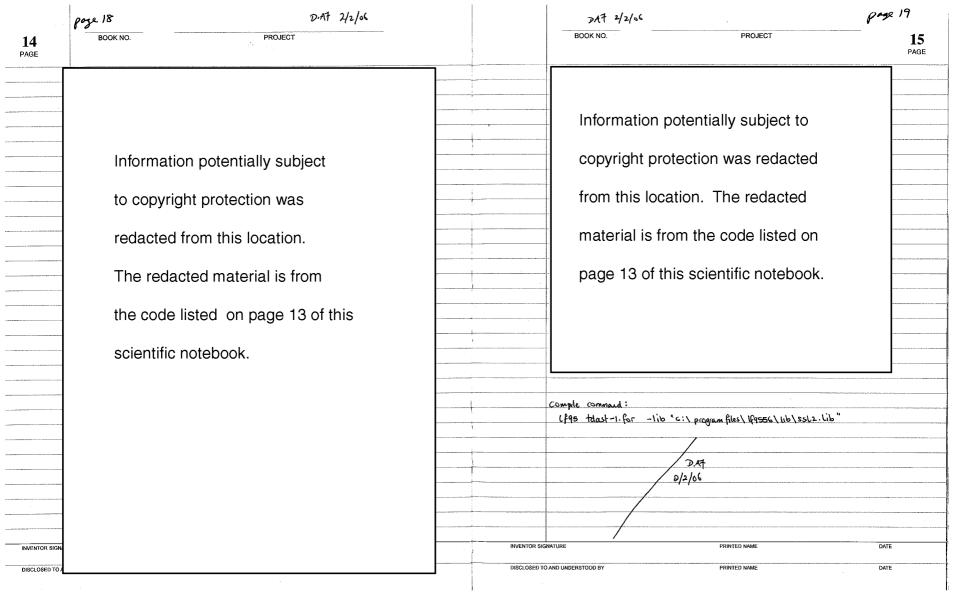
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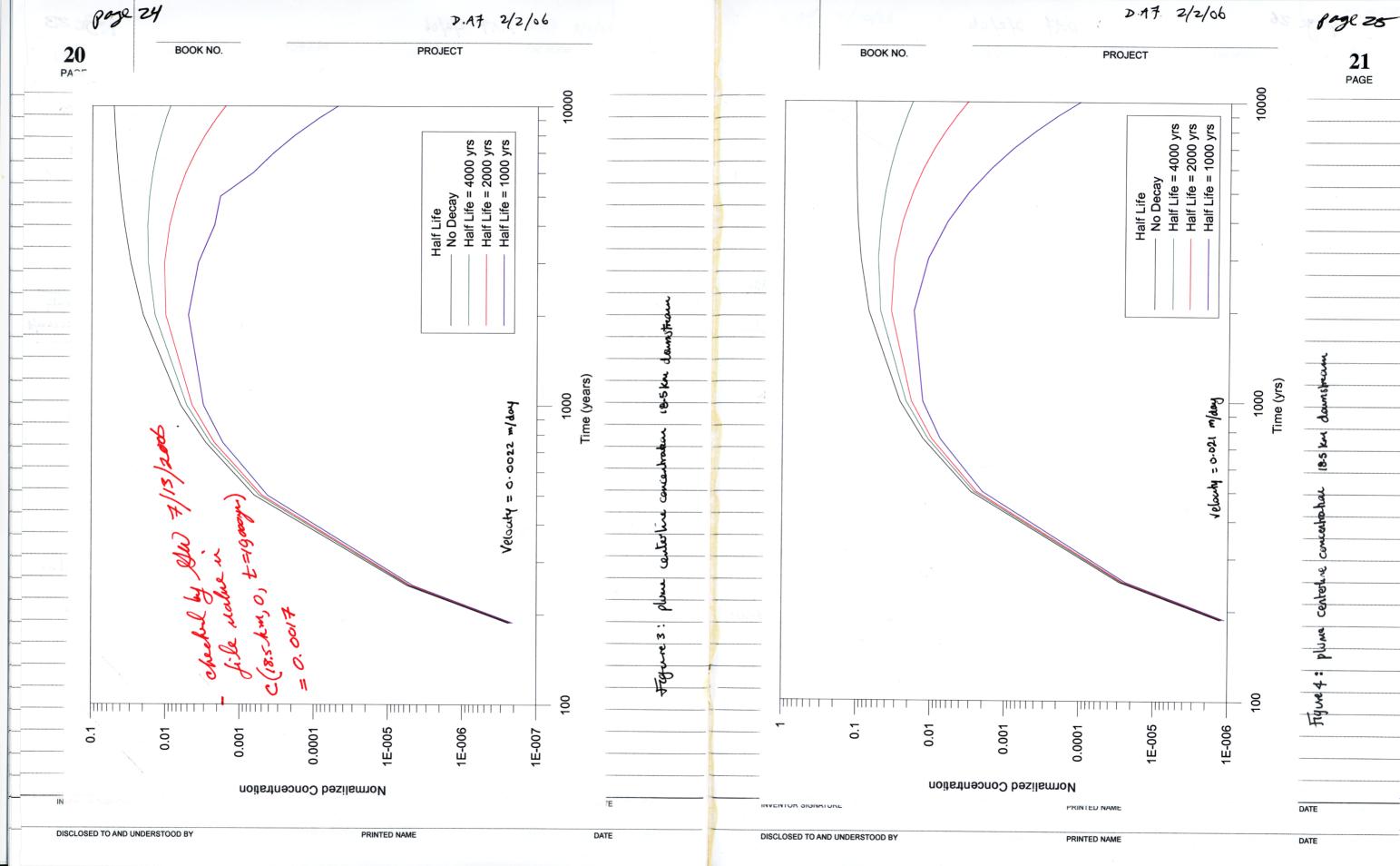
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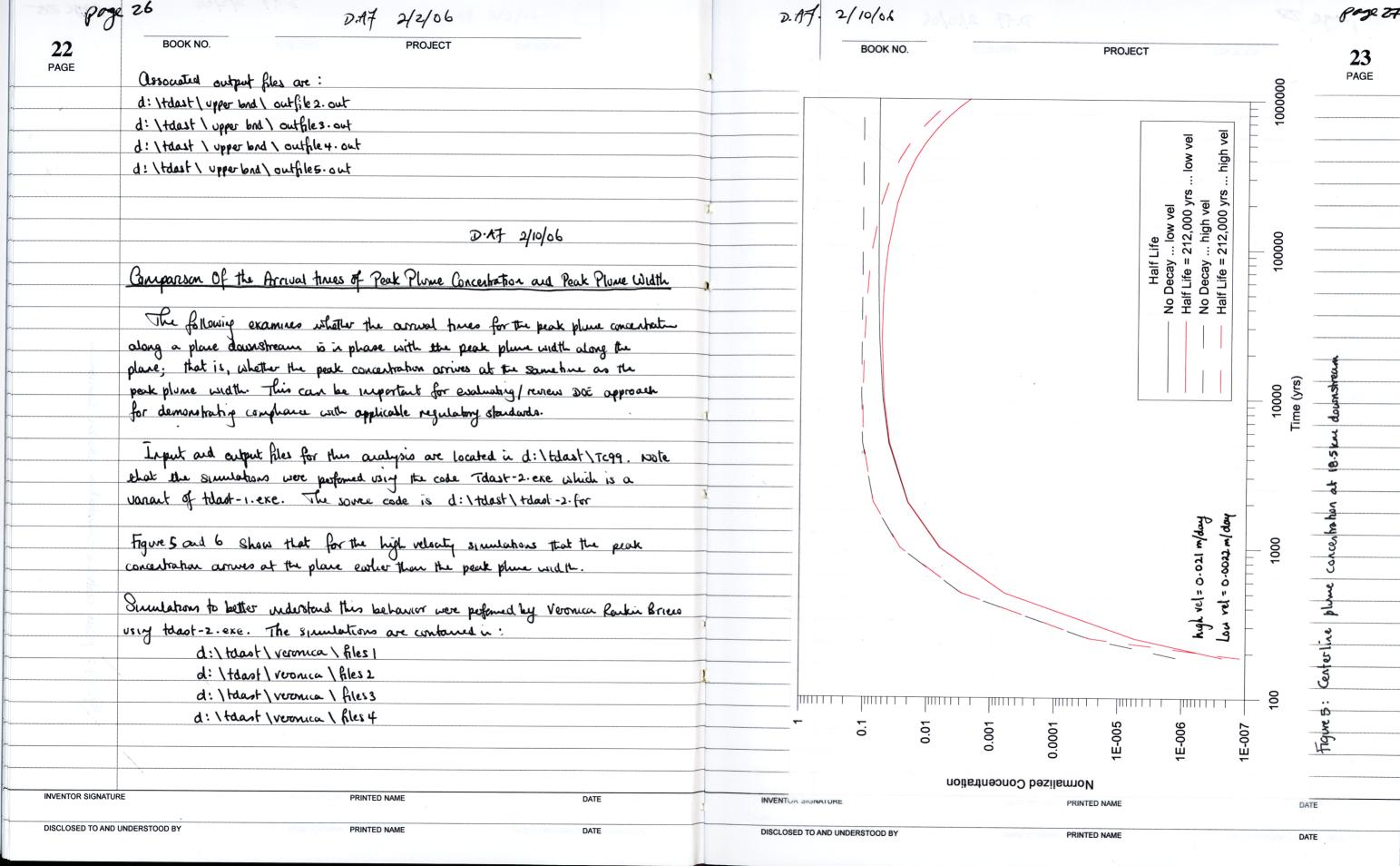


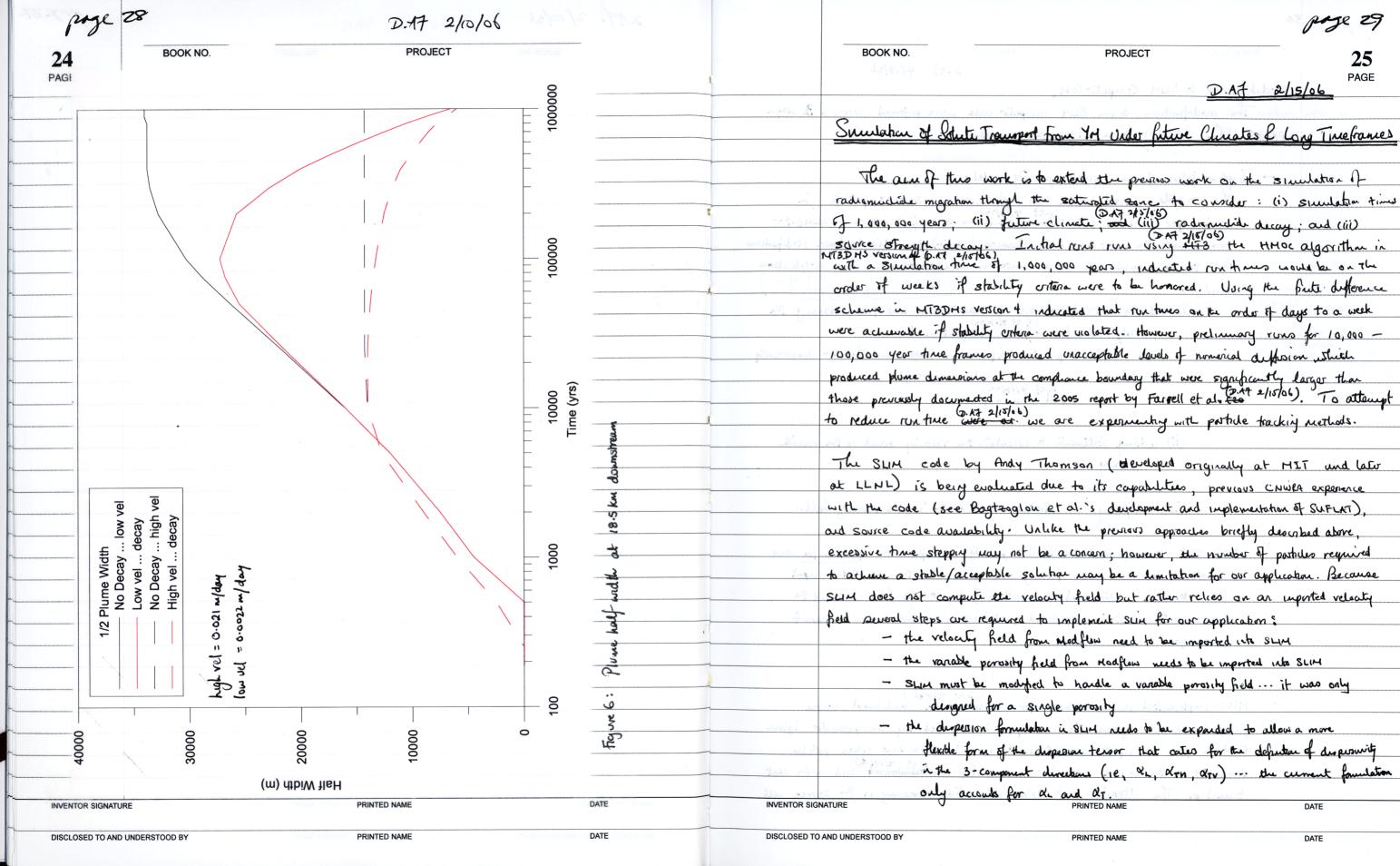


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18 PAGE		0.400D+02 0.350D-03 0.450D+02 0.311D-03 0.500D+02 0.177D-03 0.550D+02 0.425D-04		BOOK NO.	PROJECT	19 PAGE
	0.600D+02 0.600D+02	0.600D+02 0.342D-05 0.700D+02 0.643D-09		Illustration of the Behavior of	of the Concentration Along the Cen	ter Line of A blume for the
	0.750D+02	0.800D+02 0.999D-15 0.000D+00 0.382D-05 0.500D+01 0.382D-05		Case where the Solute ind	dugoes Radionuclide Decay A	nd the Strength of the
	0.750D+02 0.750D+02	0.100D+02 0.382D-05 0.200D+02 0.382D-05		Source Also Decreases Due	to Decay: (ngut files for the	is problem are listed in:
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***************************************	0.100D+03	0.700D+02 0.491D-15 0.800D+02 0.929D-21		d: \tdast\outfile		ta. Ima Stranger to 0 and 1 and
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	0.125D+03 0.125D+03	0.450D+02 0.342D-15		Figure 3 shows a plat 1-th	me results: (location in approxim	rately 18.5 km downstream)
	0.125D+03 0.125D+03	0.600D+02 0.464D-17				1
	0.125D+03	0.700D+02 0.121D-20 0.800D+02 0.249D-26		The Egence Thoms that of	the half life of the solute is in the period) then o	much shorter than the
	0.150D+03	0.000D+00 0.397D-22 0.500D+01 0.397D-22 0.100D+02 0.397D-22		period of performance than (10, the pumulation period) their o	significant decrease in
	0.150D+03 0.150D+03	0.200D+02 0.397D-22 0.300D+02 0.397D-22			Note that a peak concentration	is reached prior to the
	0.150D+03 0.150D+03 0.150D+03	0.450D+02 0.346D-22		antequent destries	***************************************	
	0.150D+03 0.150D+03	0.550D+02 0.516D-23 0.600D+02 0.481D-24			4	
	0.150D+03	0.700D+02 0.132D-27 0.800D+02 0.294D-33 0.000D+00 0.188D-30				is ucreased to 0.021 m/d
	0.175D+03 0.175D+03	0.500D+01 0.188D-30 0.100D+02 0.188D-30		approximately XII in the p	newsons case. Note the light	r central concentrations
4.00	0.175D+03 0.175D+03 0.175D+03	0.200D+02 0.188D-30 0.300D+02 0.188D-30 0.400D+02 0.185D-30		ligher velocity.	ne3 reflect the earlier arruph	Thus that result from the
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