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Title: QAP-001 SCIENTIFIC NOTEBOOK CONTROL

EFFECTIVITY AND APPROVAL

Revision 8 of this procedure became effective on 12/20/06. This procedure consists of the pages and changes listed below.

Page No.	<u>Change</u>	Date Effective
1	2	4/02/2007
2	0	12/20/2006
3	2	4/02/2007
4-5	0	12/20/2006
6-7	1	2/20/2007

Change 1 addresses minor corrections.

Change 2 clarifies entries relating to sample control.

Supersedes Procedure No: QAP-001, Rev 8, Chg 1, dated 2/20/2007/				
Prepared by	Date	Approved by	/ Date	
ZD Suet	3/4/2007	Mature	3/19/207	
Bob Brient		Wes Patrick	1-07	

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QAP-001 SCIENTIFIC NOTEBOOK CONTROL

1. PURPOSE

This procedure describes the use and control of scientific notebooks that record technical activities such as field work, laboratory experiments, theoretical/computer analyses, and other technical tasks of the Geosciences and Engineering Division (Division).

- 2. RESPONSIBILITY
- 2.1 Personnel performing technical activities are responsible for obtaining and maintaining a scientific notebook in compliance with this procedure.
- 2.2 The cognizant manager is responsible for the overall implementation of this procedure.
- 3. PROCEDURE
- 3.1 General
- 3.1.1 The scientific notebook records the decision paths leading to performance of activities, identifies the methods used, allows for quality verification, and documents the results. The scientific notebook is intended to provide adequate control of activities affecting quality while allowing flexibility and adaptability for developmental and experimental technical activities.
- 3.1.2 Upon request, a scientific notebook shall be issued and assigned a control number by Division Document Control. When a notebook is assigned to more than one individual, a primary notebook holder shall be designated. This individual shall be a Division staff member. When simultaneous activities are being conducted within a task, additional notebooks may be issued to assure that activities are documented on an orderly and timely basis. When a new notebook is needed for continuing activities, cross references shall be made between the new notebook and its predecessor.
- 3.1.3 Scientific notebooks may be either hardbound or electronic.
- 3.2 Scientific Notebook Entries
- 3.2.1 Each scientific notebook, including those continued from previous notebooks, shall include initial and in-process entries. Entries shall be sufficiently detailed so that an individual with technical qualifications equivalent to those required to perform the original work would be able to duplicate the work without recourse to the author.

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3.2.2 Initial entries provide the documentation of planning, experimental or software design, experimental or analyses methods, and equipment as appropriate. Initial entries shall be made before affected activities begin. Initial entries shall include:

- Title of the experiment, field investigation, computer simulation, or other technical task.
- Names and initials of the individuals performing the activity.
- Description of the objectives of the task and the proposed approach or procedure for achieving the objectives.
- Special personnel training or qualification requirements.

Scientific notebook initial entries shall be made in the beginning of the notebook and whenever substantive changes to the objectives, approach, or methods are made.

- 3.2.3 Laboratory and field activity initial entries shall also include, as appropriate:
 - Equipment and materials to be employed during the experiment, including any necessary design or fabrication of experimental equipment and any material/chemical characterizations.
 - Measurement parameters and test equipment calibration, accuracy, and precision requirements.
 - As applicable, description of suitable and controlled environmental conditions.
 - Potential sources of uncertainty and error, and the magnitude of such, if known.
 - Sample storage needs and special sample handling requirements.
- 3.2.4 Theoretical/numerical analyses initial entries shall also include, as appropriate:
 - Description of the hypothesis to be evaluated and/or list of objectives to be accomplished.
 - Summary of the technical approach to be used in the analysis.
 - Brief description of the mathematical theory, assumptions, initial/boundary conditions, solution algorithm, and computer code(s) or reference document(s) where this information is contained.
 - Identification of (a) configuration management status of code(s) in relation to Technical Operating Procedure (TOP)–018 requirements, (b) computer platform used, and (c) directory and file names where codes can be located. If an unconfigured code is used (i.e., not fully under TOP–018), list the test cases used to check the correctness of the calculations. The computer language and compiler used shall be identified.
 - Identification of aspects potentially affecting computational reliability (e.g., adequacy of gridding, timestep, stability) and approach to be used to evaluate these aspects (e.g., grid and timestep refinement and comparisons with other calculational approaches).
 - A brief description of primary data/information sources to be used in the theoretical analysis.

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3.2.5 In-process entries document the specific conduct of the technical activity and results. Scientific notebook in-process entries shall be made at the time work is performed.

- 3.2.6 Laboratory and field activity in-process entries shall include, as appropriate:
 - Evidence that experiment/test prerequisites have been met (i.e., special environmental conditions, equipment calibrations, etc.).
 - If not covered in initial entries, a description of the experiment or field investigation, including detailed description of the step-by-step process followed, either by reference to a TOP or industry Standard Method, or by description in the scientific notebook. Variance from Standard Methods shall be clearly identified as such and documented.
 - Description of conditions that may adversely affect the results.
 - Identification of samples used and any additional equipment and materials not included as initial entries. Measuring and test equipment shall be identified by item and its calibration status documented.
 - Significant data taken and a brief description of the results, to include notation of any unaccepted results.
 - Any interim conclusions reached, as appropriate.
- 3.2.7 In-process entries for theoretical/computer analyses activities shall include, as appropriate:
 - If not covered in the initial entries, a description of the theoretical/computer analysis attempted, including description of the major steps followed, either by reference to a TOP, computer manual/user guide, or by description in the scientific notebook. These steps may include, for example (a) analysis of data to derive model parameters (e.g., curve fitting, statistical regression); (b) discretization of physical problem; (c) implementation of method; (d) verification, benchmarking, or testing of method; (e) application of models and codes to simulate physical phenomena; (f) evaluation of the sensitivity of results to parameter variations; (g) evaluation of the propagation of uncertainty as a function of uncertainty representations of input data; and (h) interpretation of theoretical/computer analysis.
 - Key data sets, code test results, and/or analysis results. Where this information
 is too voluminous or in electronic form, it shall be captured on appropriate
 electronic media attached to the notebook.
 - Description of problems encountered, alternative actions considered, and action(s) taken in response to problems. Summary of results achieved by the actions taken.
 - Documentation of significant changes or variance from the initial plan.
 - Concise description of principal computational results and interim conclusions drawn.

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• Significant computational results shall be saved and incorporated on appropriate electronic media attached to the notebook.

- Brief discussion of final interpretations and/or conclusions drawn for each step of the analysis process. Reference to planned document(s) where interpretations and conclusions are expected to be formally documented (e.g., report, journal article, etc.).
- 3.2.8 In-process entries for other types of activities shall include:
 - Descriptions of the methods used to conduct the activity.
 - Significant data taken, calculations and analyses performed, and interpretation made during the activity.
 - Documentation of significant changes or variance from the initial plan.
- 3.3 Hard-Copy Notebooks
- 3.3.1 Each initial and in-process entry shall be signed (or initialed) and dated by the authorized individual making the entry. If initials are used, the notebook shall document the full name associated with the initials.
- 3.3.2 Scientific notebook entries shall be made in permanent ink suitable for reproduction.
- 3.3.3 Corrections to entries shall be made by a single line through the incorrect information and shall be initialed and dated by the individual making the correction. Corrections are permitted only by the individual making the entry originally, the Principal Investigator, or the manager.
- 3.3.4 Scientific notebooks may be of any size or form so long as the pages are bound and sequentially numbered. Photographs, charts, and excerpts from other documents may be included as entries. If used, these shall be labeled to identify their source and securely taped or glued in place.
- 3.3.5 Entries may be made on previously prepared pages so long as the individual entries are initialed and dated. Scientific notebook pages should be completed consecutively; however, pages may be skipped to allow space to add equipment lists, additional data, etc. If a page or portion of a page is left blank and is not being reserved for future use, a diagonal line shall be placed across the blank area to prevent future unauthorized entries.
- 3.3.6 Data, such as computer programs, input files, and output files may be incorporated on a compact disk or other electronic storage medium. The storage medium shall be clearly labeled as an attachment to a specific scientific notebook.

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3.3.7 Copyrighted material included in scientific notebooks shall be fully referenced and shall be identified by a tab or other means. The copyrighted materials shall be redacted from the scanned files before being transmitted to the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission to meet Licensing Support Network requirements.

- 3.3.8 Upon completion of a scientific notebook, the project manager shall review the notebook using the Scientific Notebook Checklist, form QAP–01. When all review criteria are satisfied, the form shall be signed by the manager and included as the last page of the notebook. The notebook shall be submitted to Quality Assurance records for processing.
- 3.4 Electronic Notebooks
- 3.4.1 Each initial and in-process entry shall be identified as to the individual making the entry and dated. When all entries on a page are made by the same person, the name of that person in a header or footer of each page in lieu of a name on each entry is acceptable. If several persons make entries on a notebook page, each entry requires an identification of the contributor and the date. Initials may be used to identify contributors provided that the notebook records the full name of the person associated with the initials, usually on the first page of the notebook.
- 3.4.2 Provisions shall be established so that only authorized persons have access to electronic notebook files. Notebooks shall be maintained on password-protected computers on Division "D" drives (or a shared drive). When shared drives are used to provide access by several persons, controls shall allow only authorized persons to have "write" privileges.
- 3.4.3 Electronically maintained scientific notebook pages shall identify the scientific notebook number and the sequential page numbers. Volume, chapter, or section numbers shall be included when appropriate (e.g., SN No. 185, Vol. 5, p. 1).
- 3.4.4 In accordance with paragraph 3.2.5, entries to electronic notebooks shall be made at the time the activity is conducted. Entries, once made, shall not be deleted. Corrections shall be made by a single line through the corrected entry by using the available features of the software (e.g., redline/strike out), identification of the person making the correction, and the date of the correction.
- 3.4.5 If a page or portion of a page is left blank, a diagonal line shall be placed across the blank area to prevent future unauthorized entries, or a statement such as "No new entries on this page" may be used.
- 3.4.6 Copyrighted material included in scientific notebooks shall be fully referenced and shall be appropriately identified to permit redaction. If the notebook is to be transmitted to the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission to meet Licensing Support Network requirements, copyrighted materials shall be redacted from the scanned files. If an electronic version

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of the notebook is provided in the native software (e.g., WordPerfect), a redacted version of the file shall be produced, appropriately labeled as such, and retained as a separate record.

- 3.4.7 Completed electronic scientific notebooks shall be printed. Any corrections to notebook entries made after printing shall be made only by an authorized individual using a single line through the incorrect entry, initialed, and dated.
- 3.4.8 Data, such as computer programs, input files, and output files may be incorporated on a compact disk or other electronic storage medium. The storage medium shall be clearly labeled as an attachment to a specific scientific notebook.
- 3.4.9 Upon completion of an electronic notebook, the project manager shall review the notebook using the Scientific Notebook Checklist, form QAP–01. When all review criteria are satisfied, the form shall be signed by the manager and included as the last page of the notebook. The notebook shall be submitted to QA records for processing.

RECORDS

- 4.1 While project work is being conducted, scientific notebooks, including electronic media containing codes, databases, and the like, shall be considered as records-in-process and shall be suitably stored and protected from loss by the notebook holder(s). Protection measures shall also include either (a) the copying/scanning and submittal of hard-copy notebooks to QA Records (at intervals not to exceed 6 months); (b) continual maintenance of electronic notebooks on an individual computer "D" drive (or a shared drive) to assure automatic daily backup by the network; or (c) inclusion by the primary notebook holder of externally maintained electronic notebooks onto a "D" or shared drive (at intervals not to exceed 6 months).
- 4.2 Completed notebooks submitted to QA Records by the cognizant manager shall be processed in accordance with QAP–012, Quality Assurance Records Control, and AP–019, Records Management.