

# Evaluation for High Frequency Seismic Input

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**Westinghouse Electric Company**

**April 17, 2007**

**By Dr. William S. LaPay**

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# Evaluation for High Frequency Seismic Input Discussion Topics

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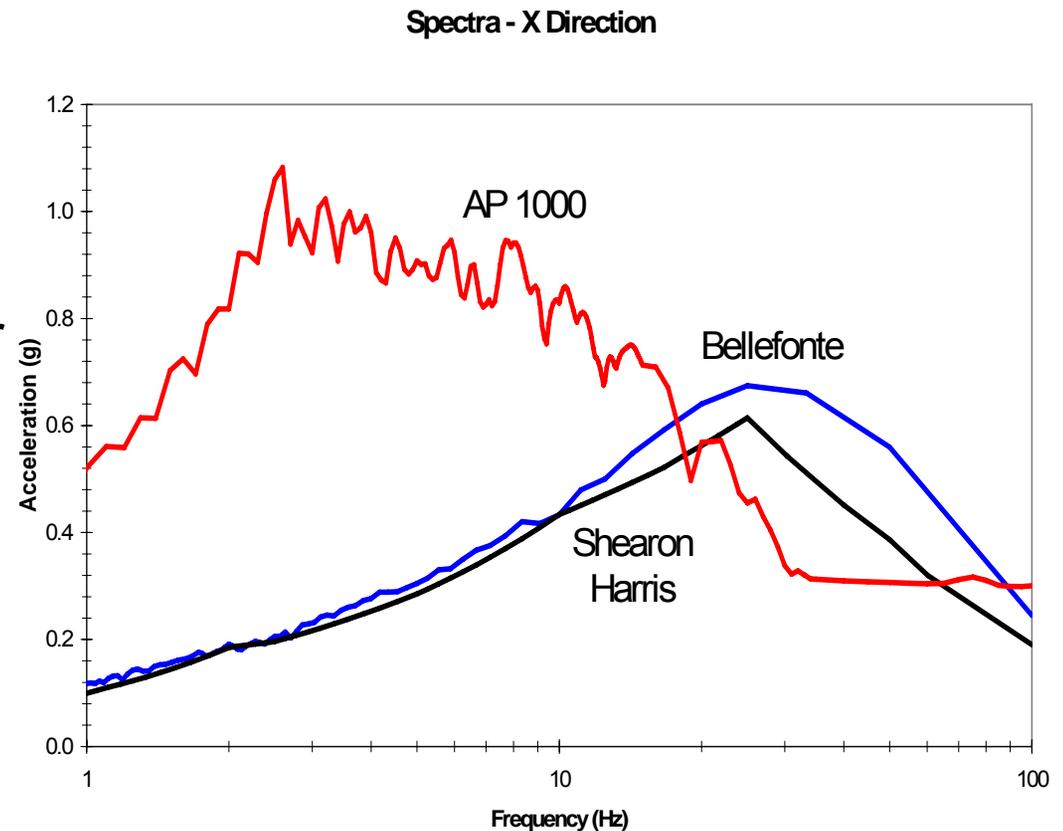


- **Floor Response Spectra for High Frequency Evaluation**
- **Selection screening criteria and evaluation methodology**
- **Evaluation Studies**
  - *Building Structures*
  - *RPV & Internals*
  - *Primary Component Supports*
  - *Primary Loop Nozzles*
  - *Piping*
  - *Equipment*
- **Contents of technical report**

# Hard Rock Design Spectra



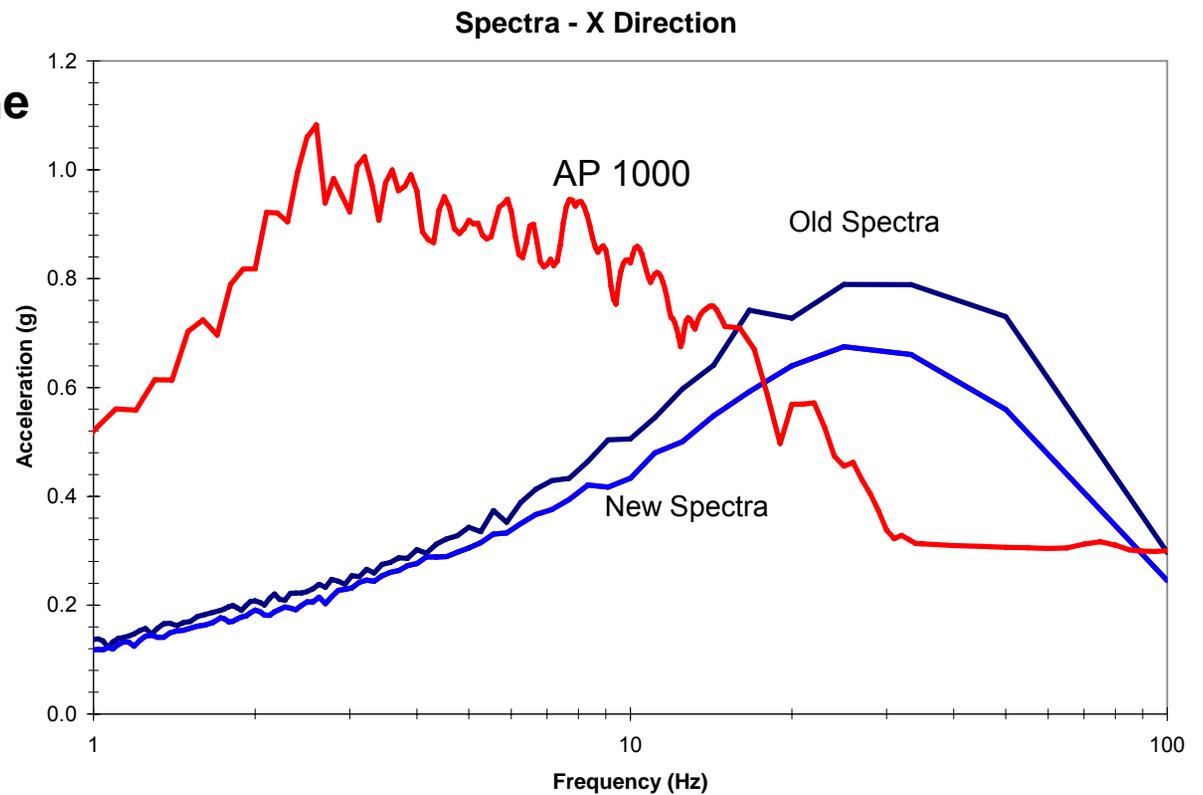
- **Hard Rock sites (Summer, Lee, Shearon Harris) enveloped by revised Bellefonte spectra**
- **Harris spectra shown w/o CAV filter**
- **Bellefonte shown w/ CAV filter**
- **Bellefonte spectra used for High Frequency comparisons**



# Bellefonte Spectra



- Old spectra was used for the results presented
- Anticipate lower results for analysis with new spectra



## Locations for FRS Comparisons for Bellefonte

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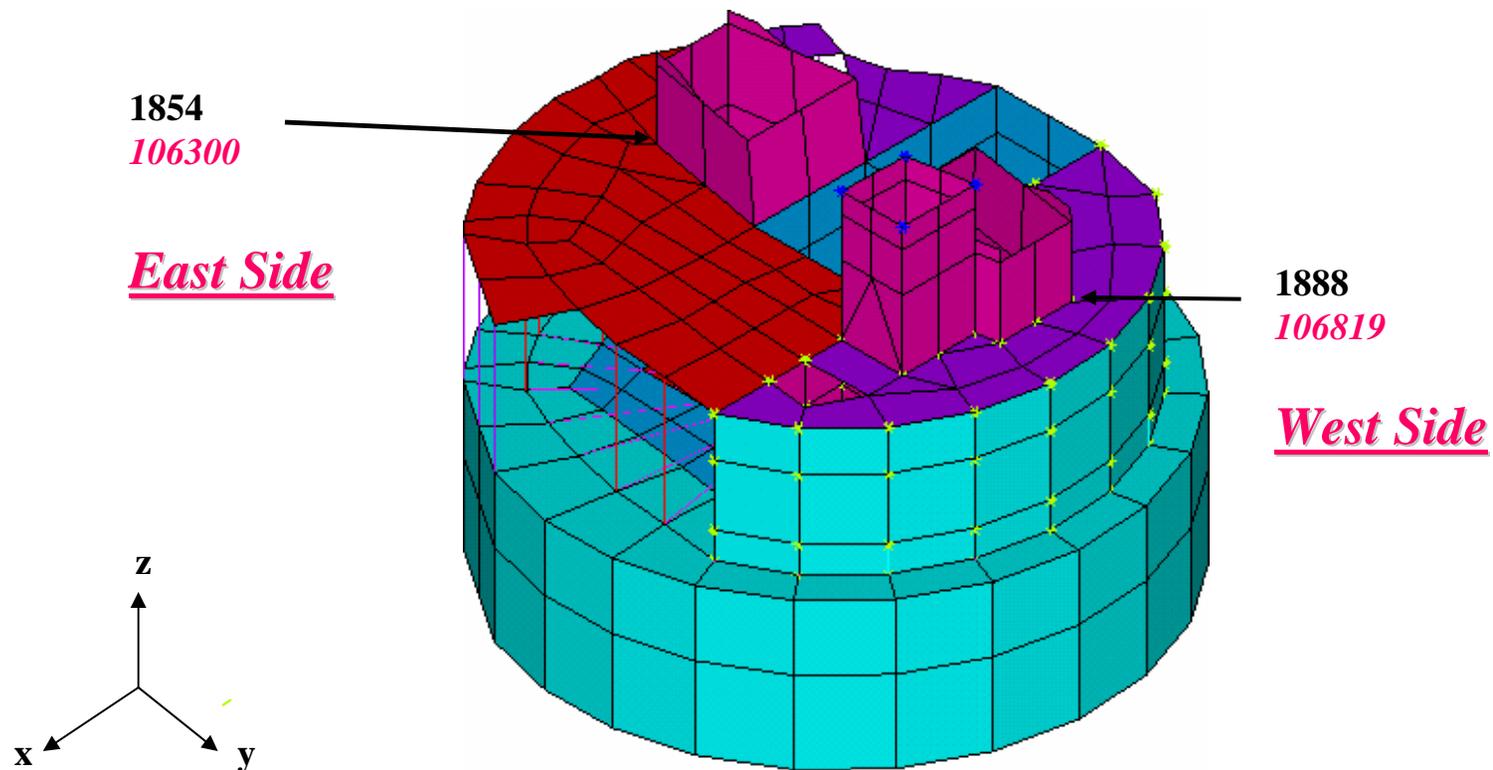
- Containment operating floor (Elevation 134.25')
- ASB at elev. 116.5' (same elev. as control room)
- ASB at northeast corner (Elevation 134.5')
- Reactor vessel support (Elevation 100')

## 3 Cases Compared

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- SSIENV      FRS from AP1000 Design Spectra input, based on the envelope of 3D SASSI soil analyses + ANSYS Hard Rock using ni10 model
  
- ni20BFinc      3D SASSI soil analyses using ni20 model. Bellefonte Design Spectra input and soil conditions, incoherence effects included (August 2005)
  
- ni20BF      3D SASSI soil analyses using ni20 model. Bellefonte Design Spectra input and soil conditions, coherent motion

# Containment operating floor (Elevation 134.25')



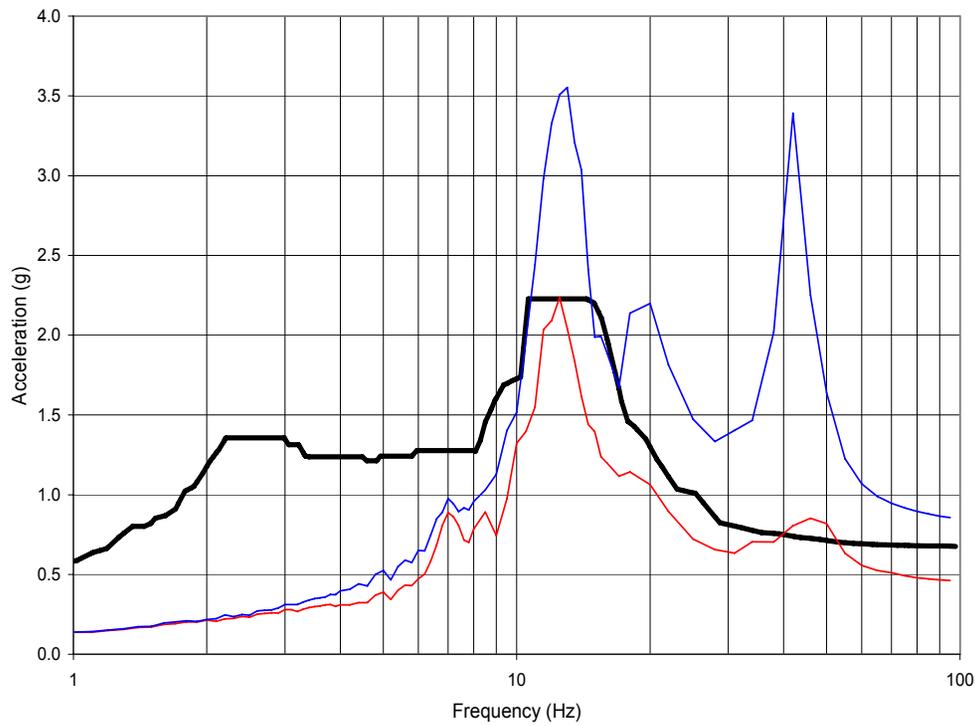
Critical nodes at isometric view

# Containment operating floor (Elevation 134.25')



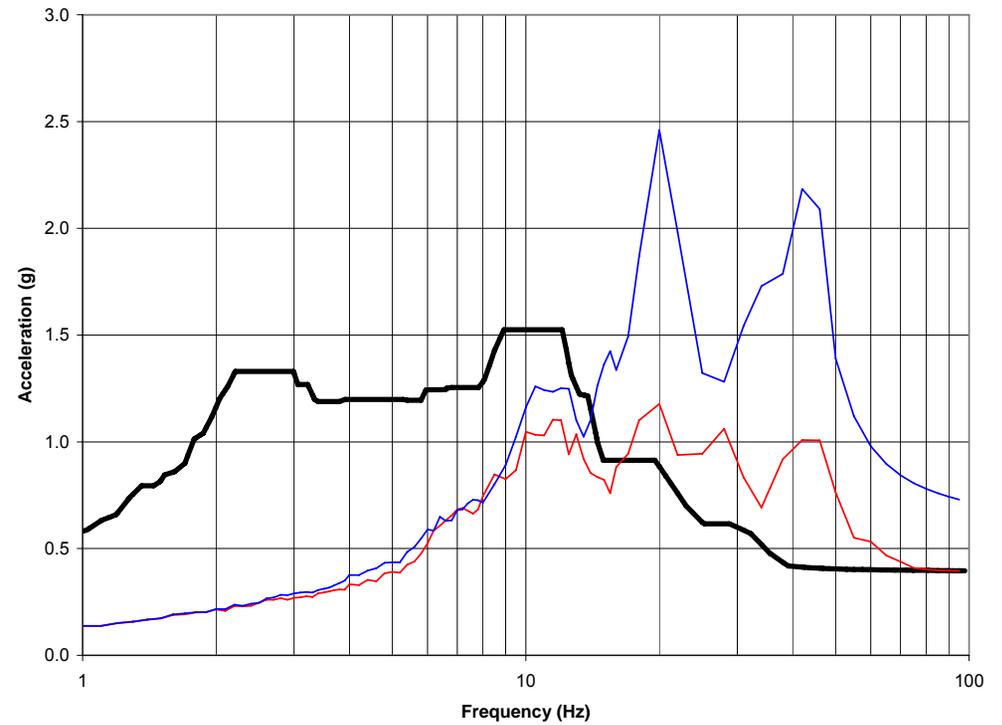
*West side*

FRS Comparison X Direction



*East side*

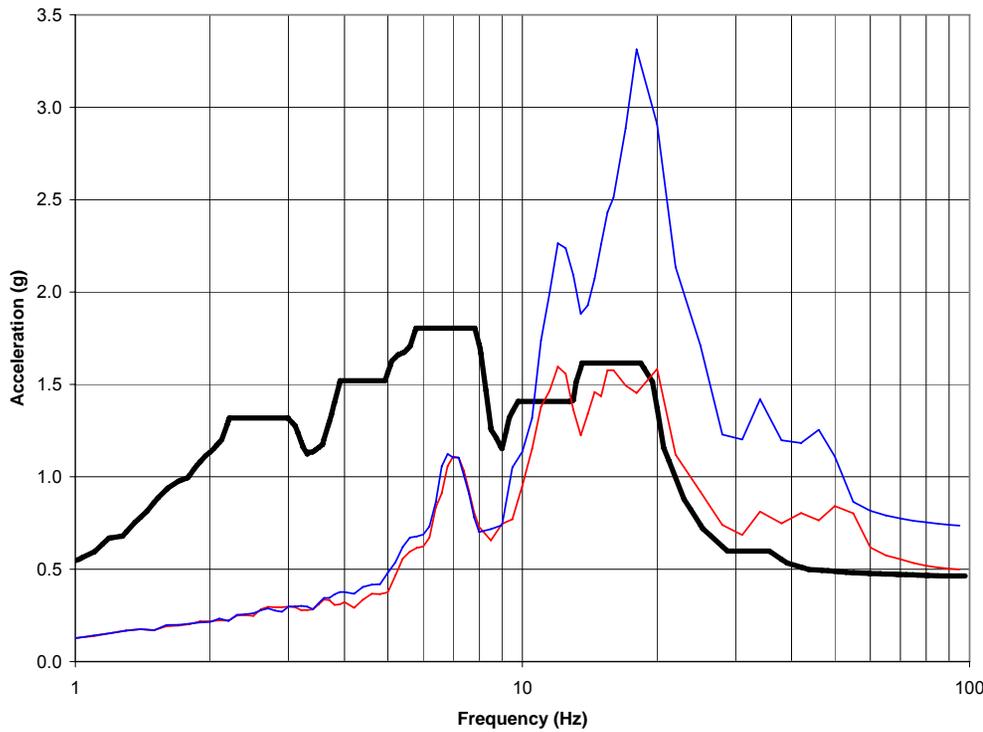
FRS Comparison X Direction



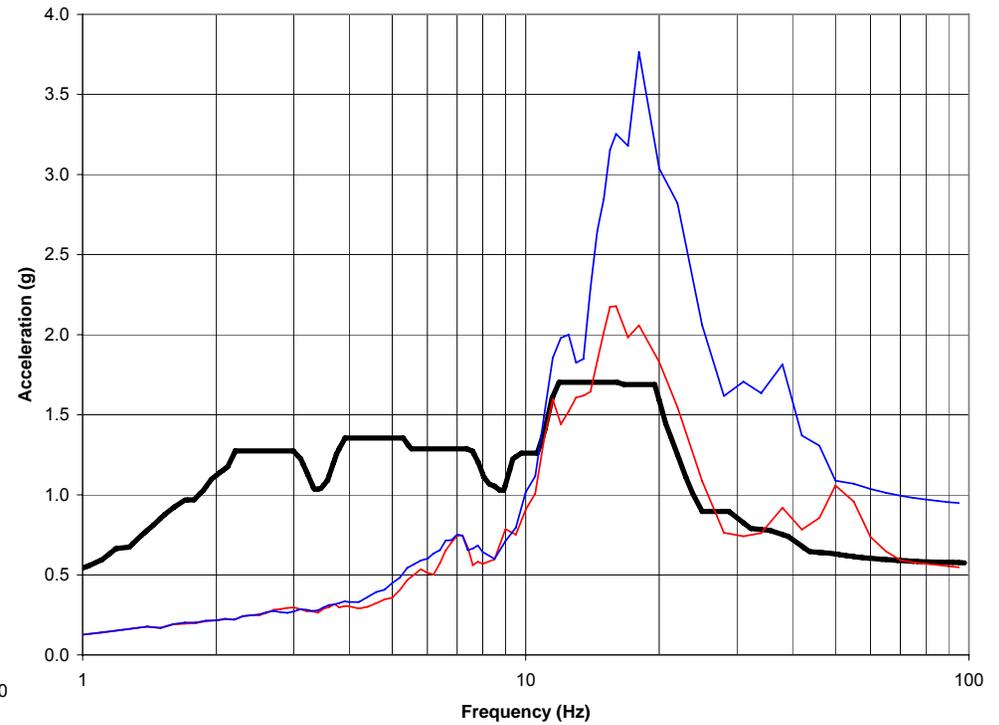
# Containment operating floor (Elevation 134.25')



*West side*  
FRS Comparison Y Direction



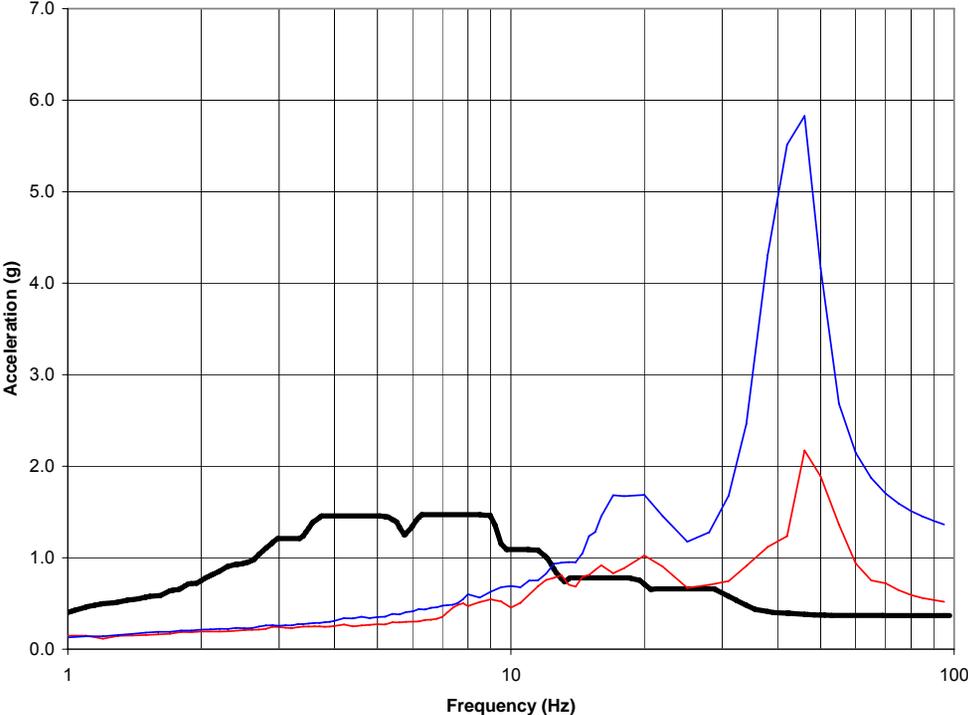
*East side*  
FRS Comparison Y Direction



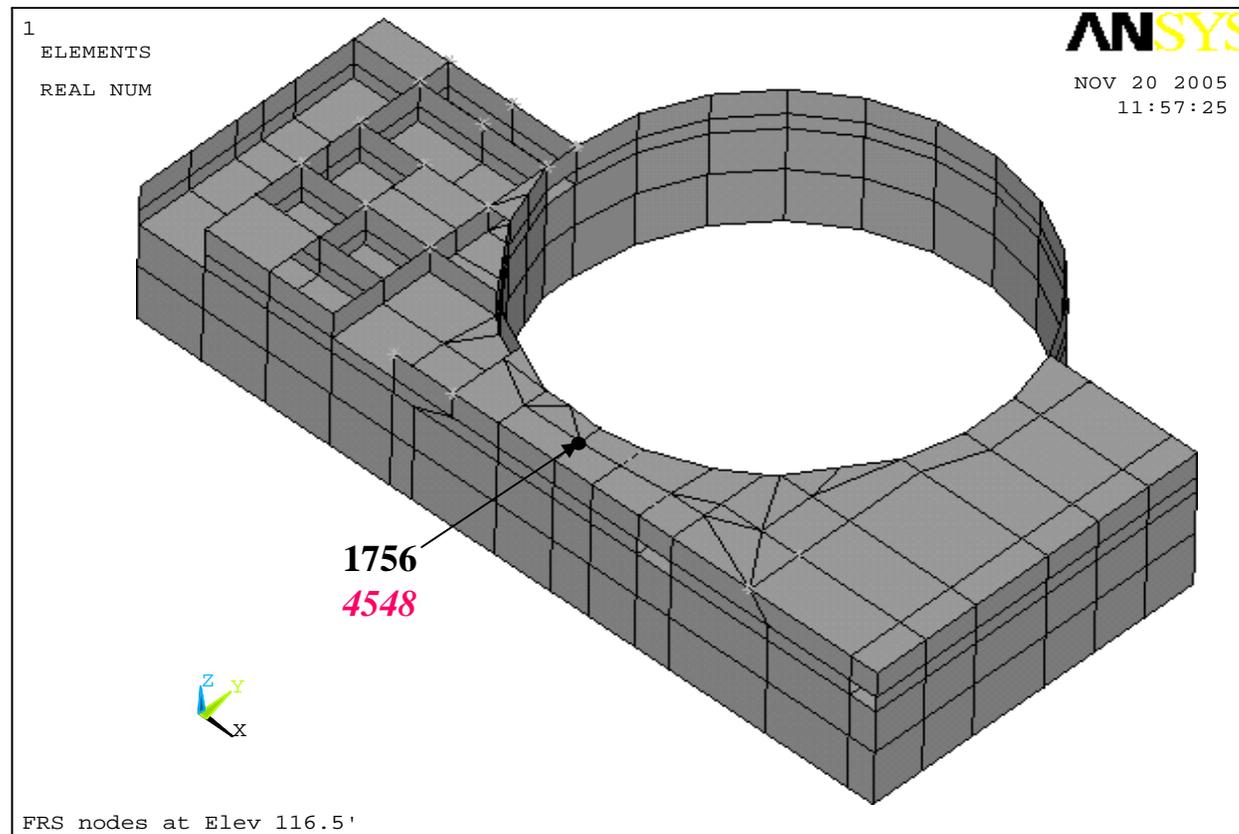
# Containment operating floor (Elevation 134.25')



FRS Comparison Z Direction

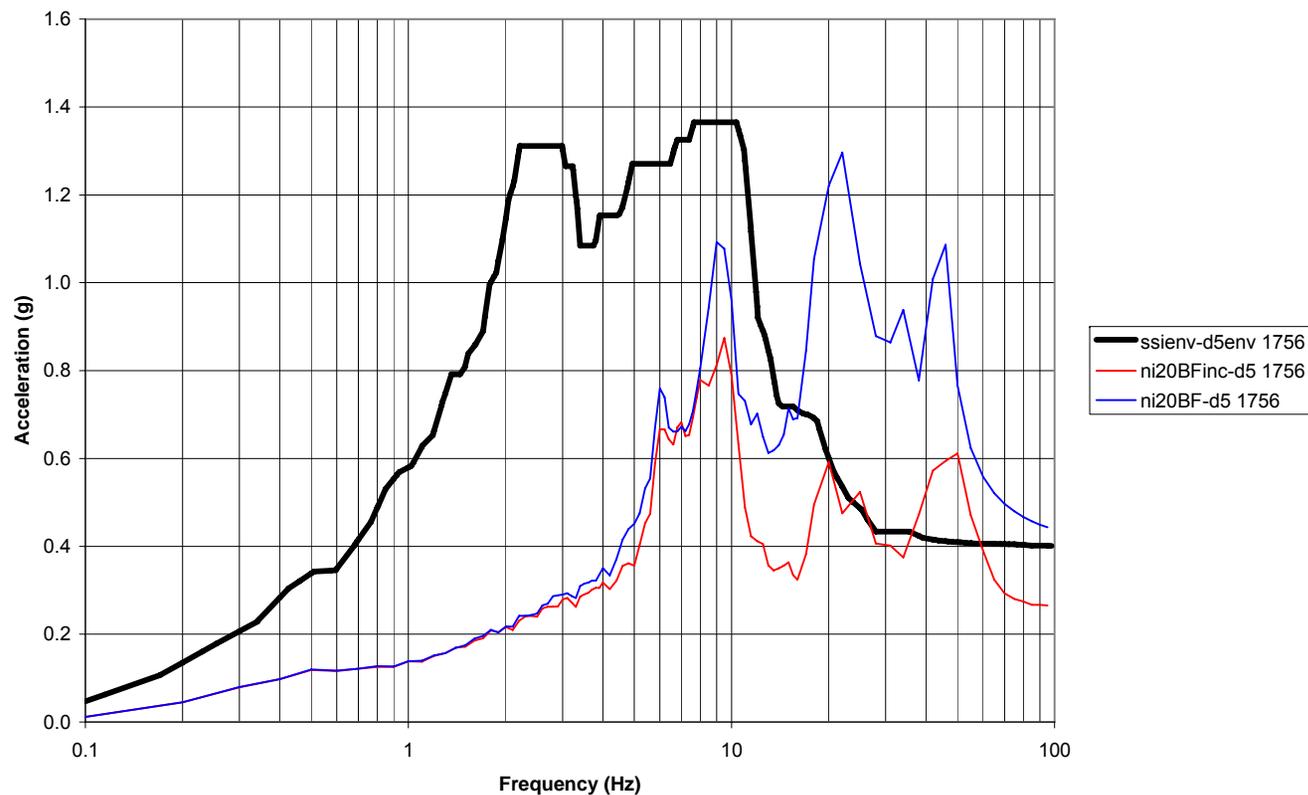


# ASB at elev. 116.5' (same elev. as control room)



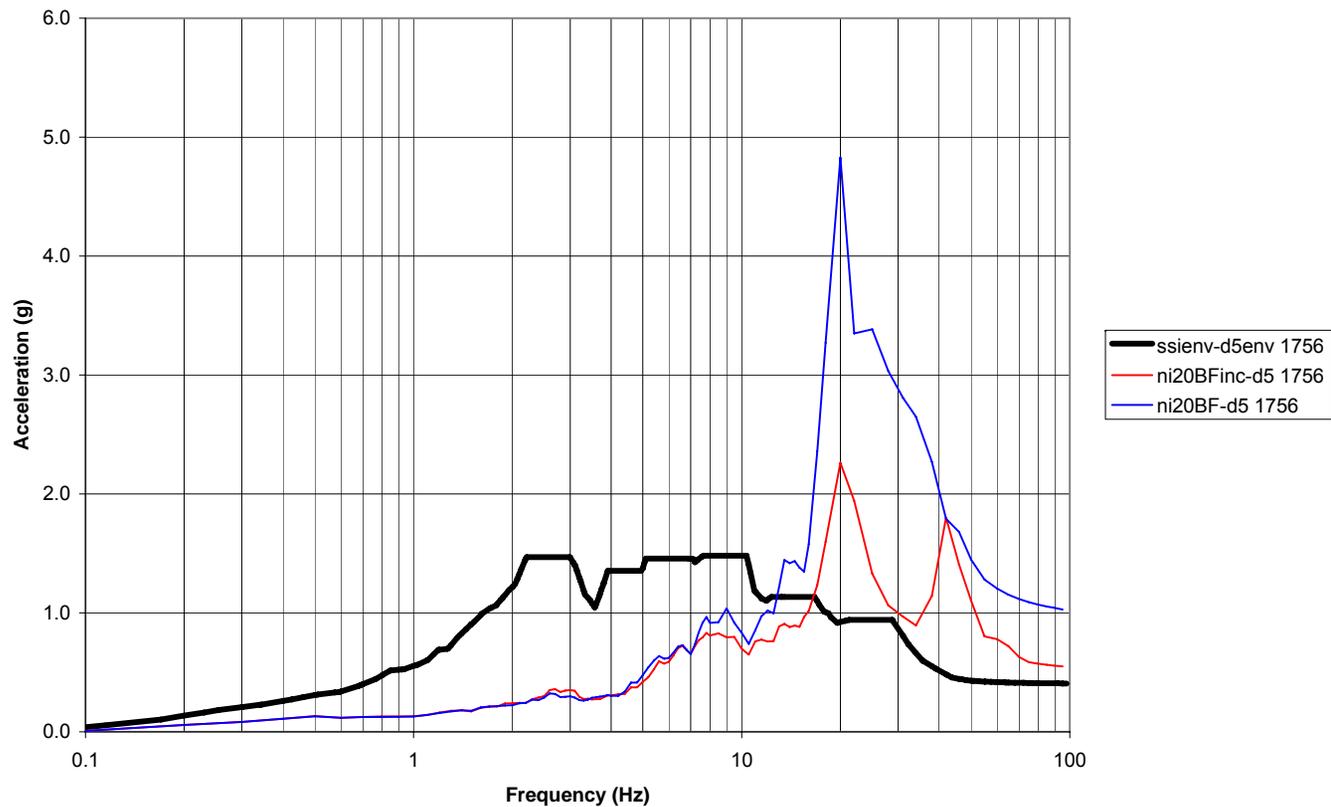
# ASB at elev. 116.5' (same elev. as control room)

FRS Comparison X Direction



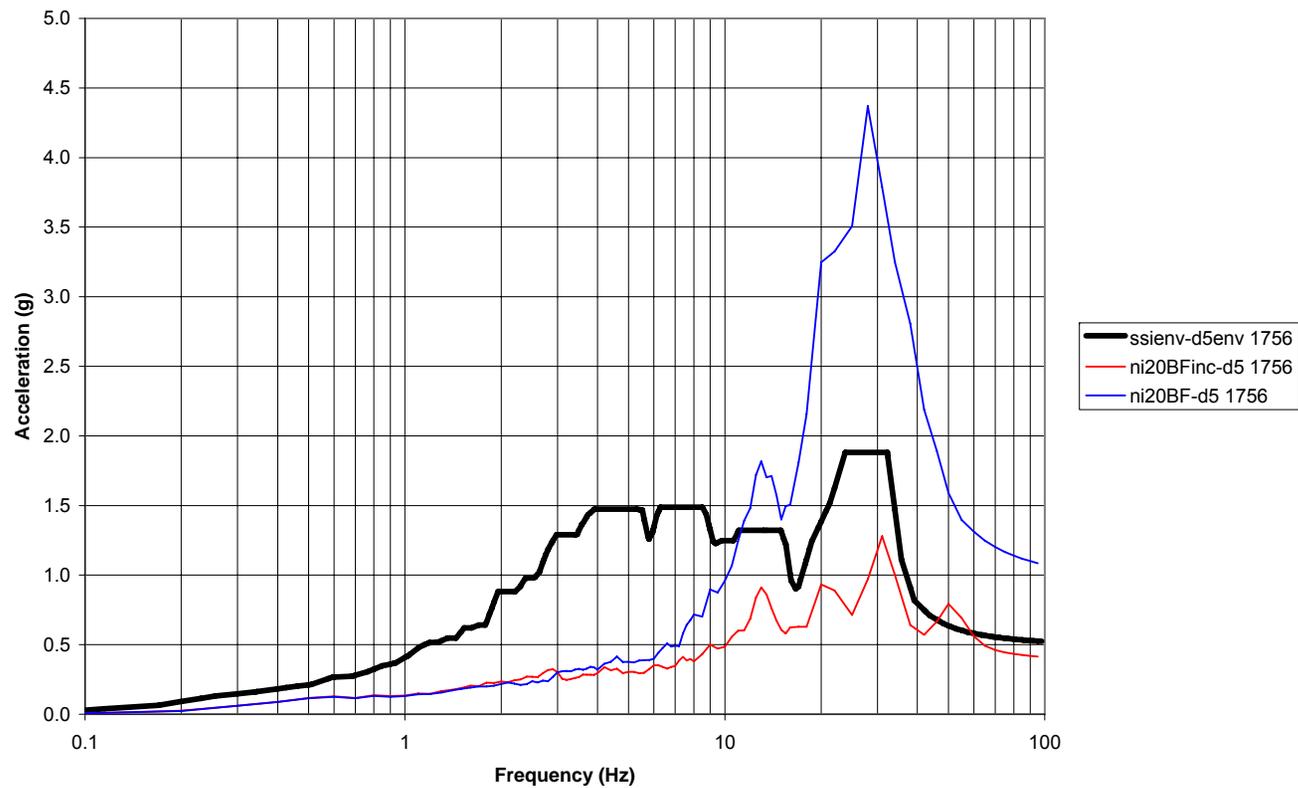
# ASB at elev. 116.5' (same elev. as control room)

FRS Comparison Y Direction

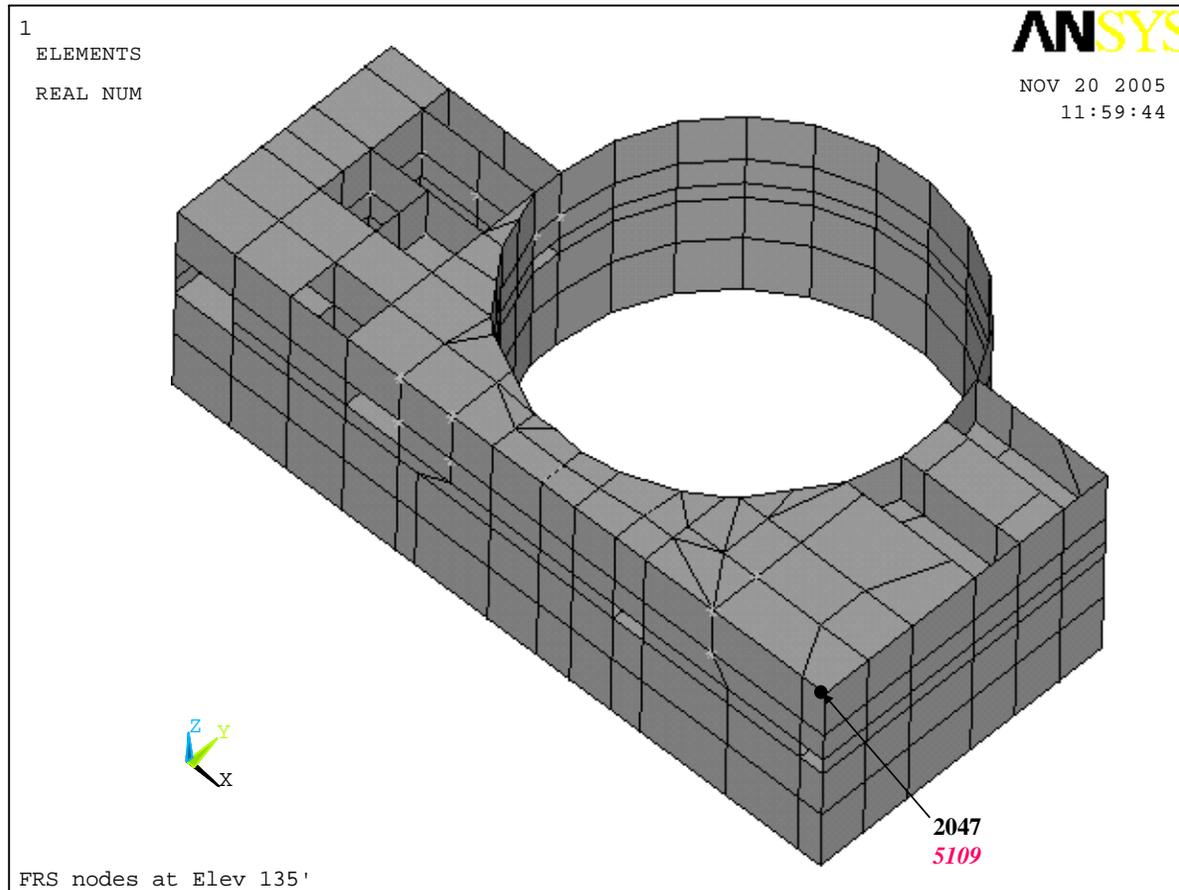


# ASB at elev. 116.5' (same elev. as control room)

FRS Comparison Z Direction

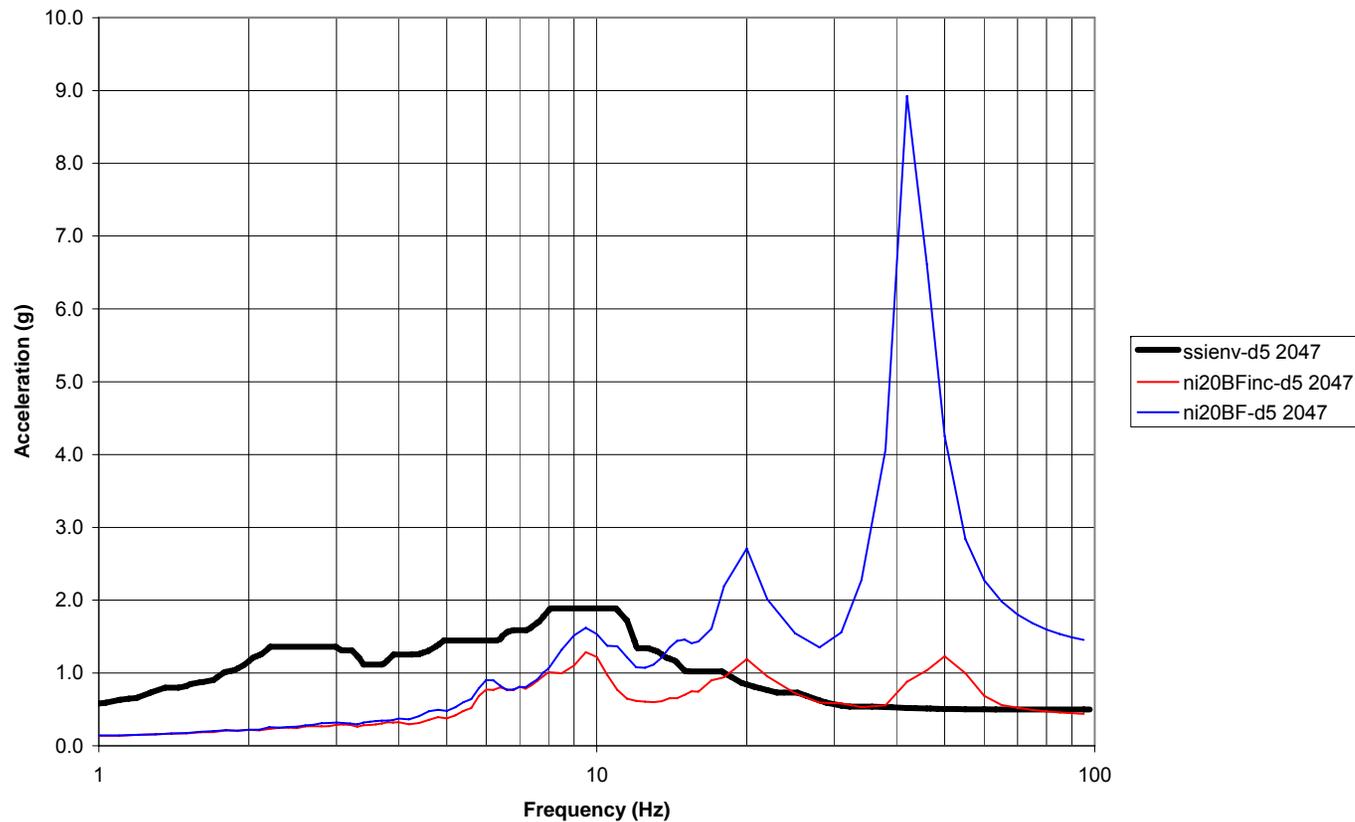


# ASB at northeast corner (Elevation 134.5')



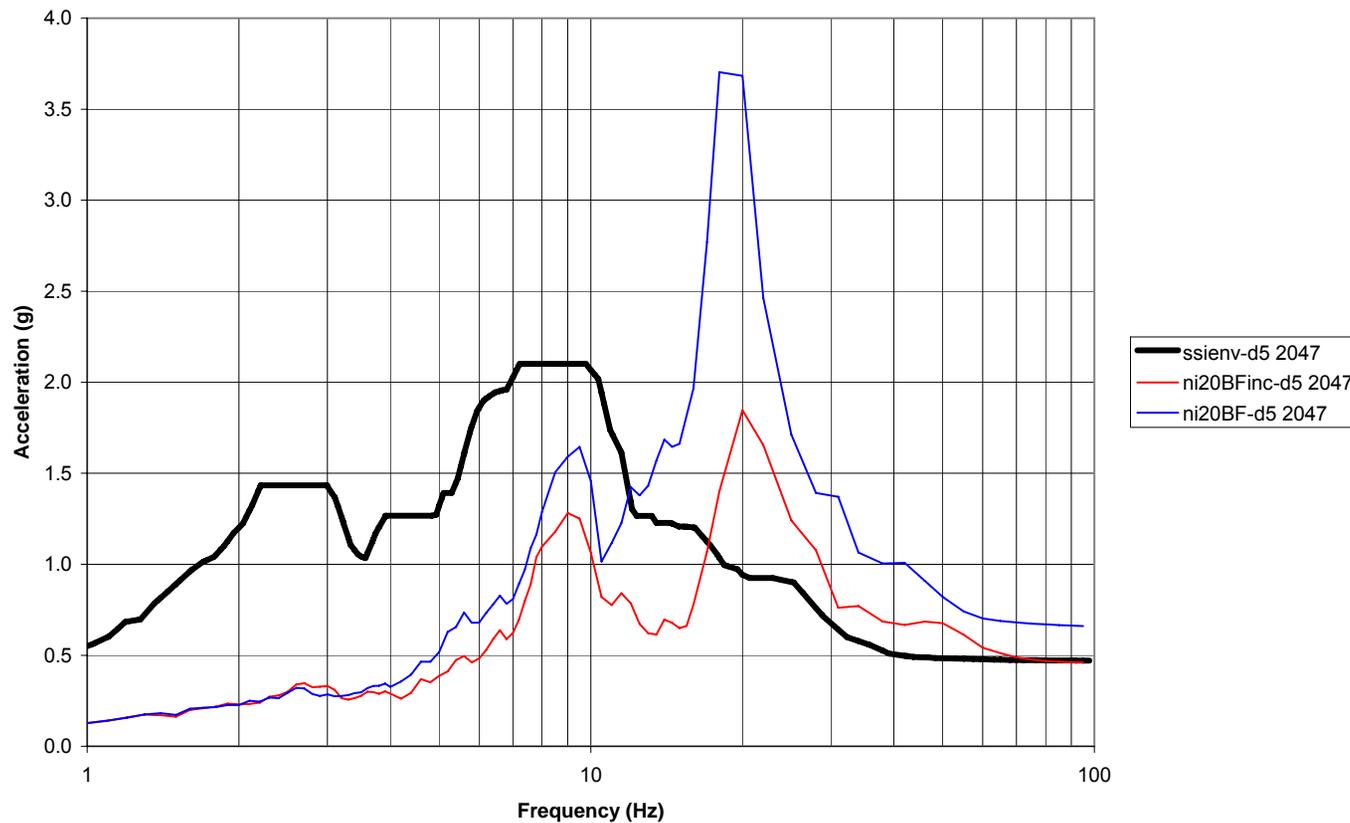
# ASB at northeast corner (Elevation 134.5')

FRS Comparison X Direction



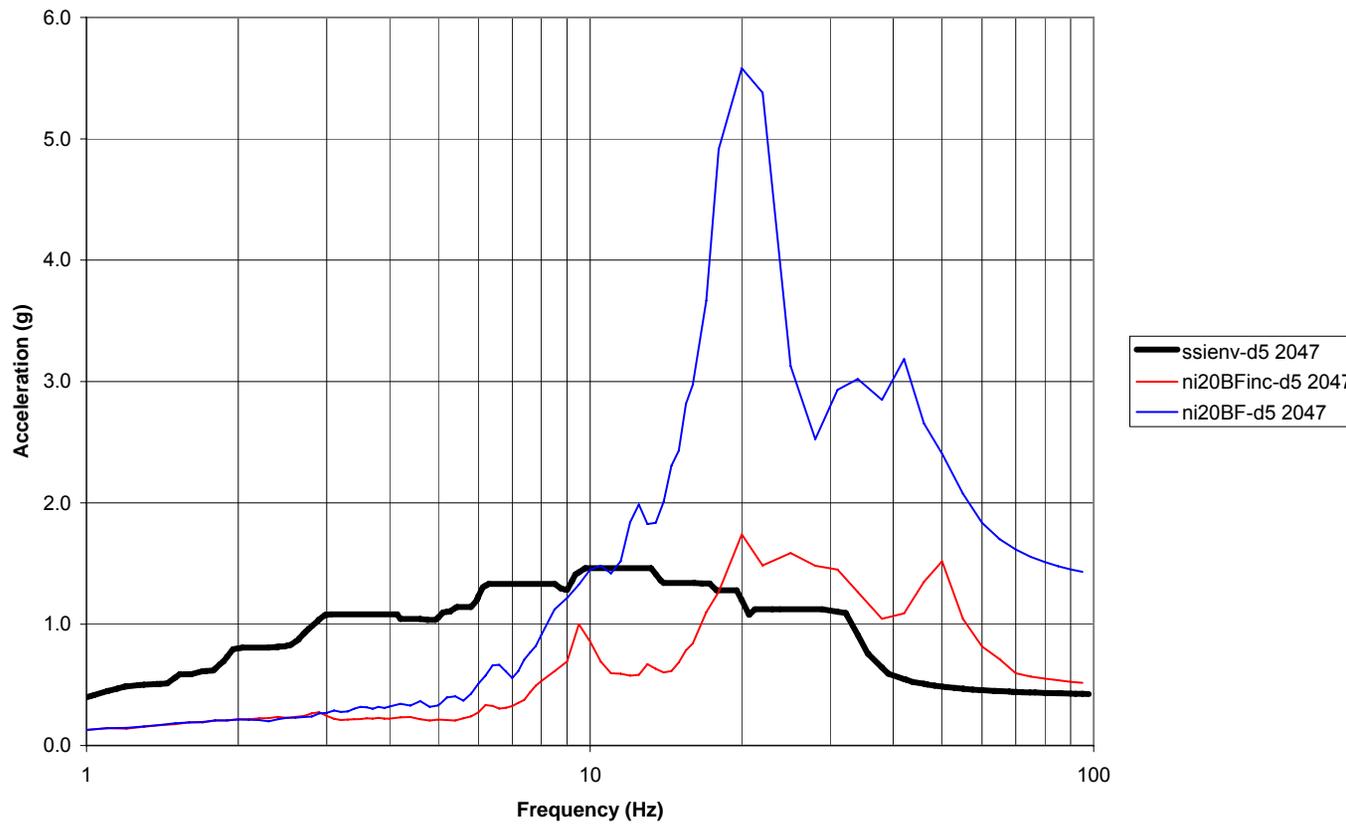
# ASB at northeast corner (Elevation 134.5')

FRS Comparison Y Direction



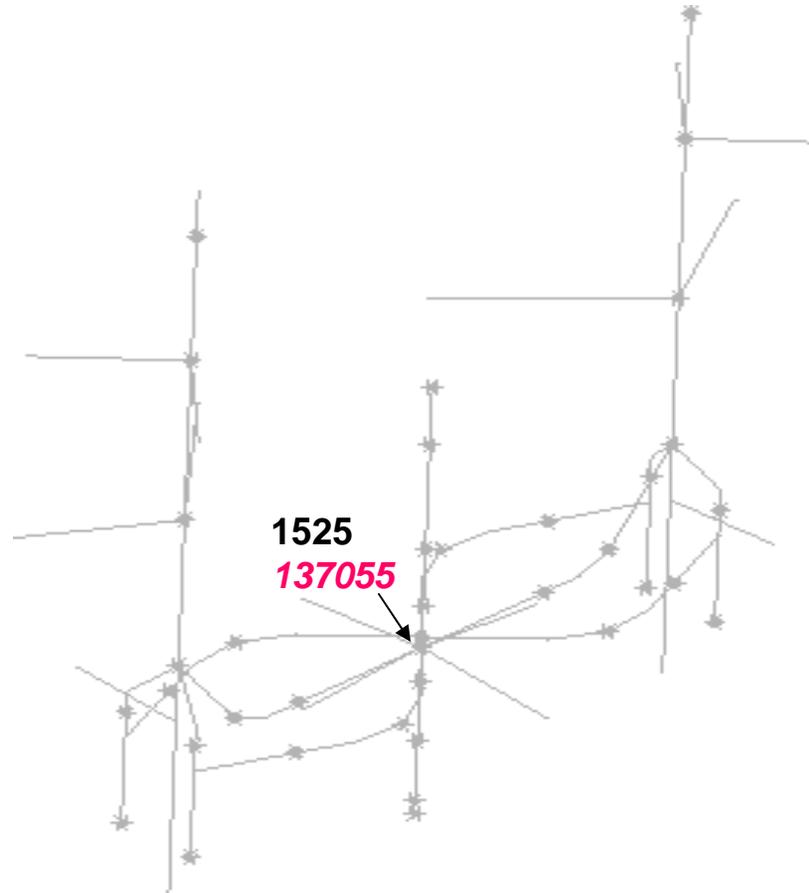
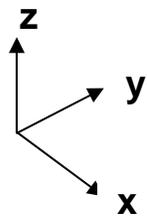
# ASB at northeast corner (Elevation 134.5')

FRS Comparison Z Direction



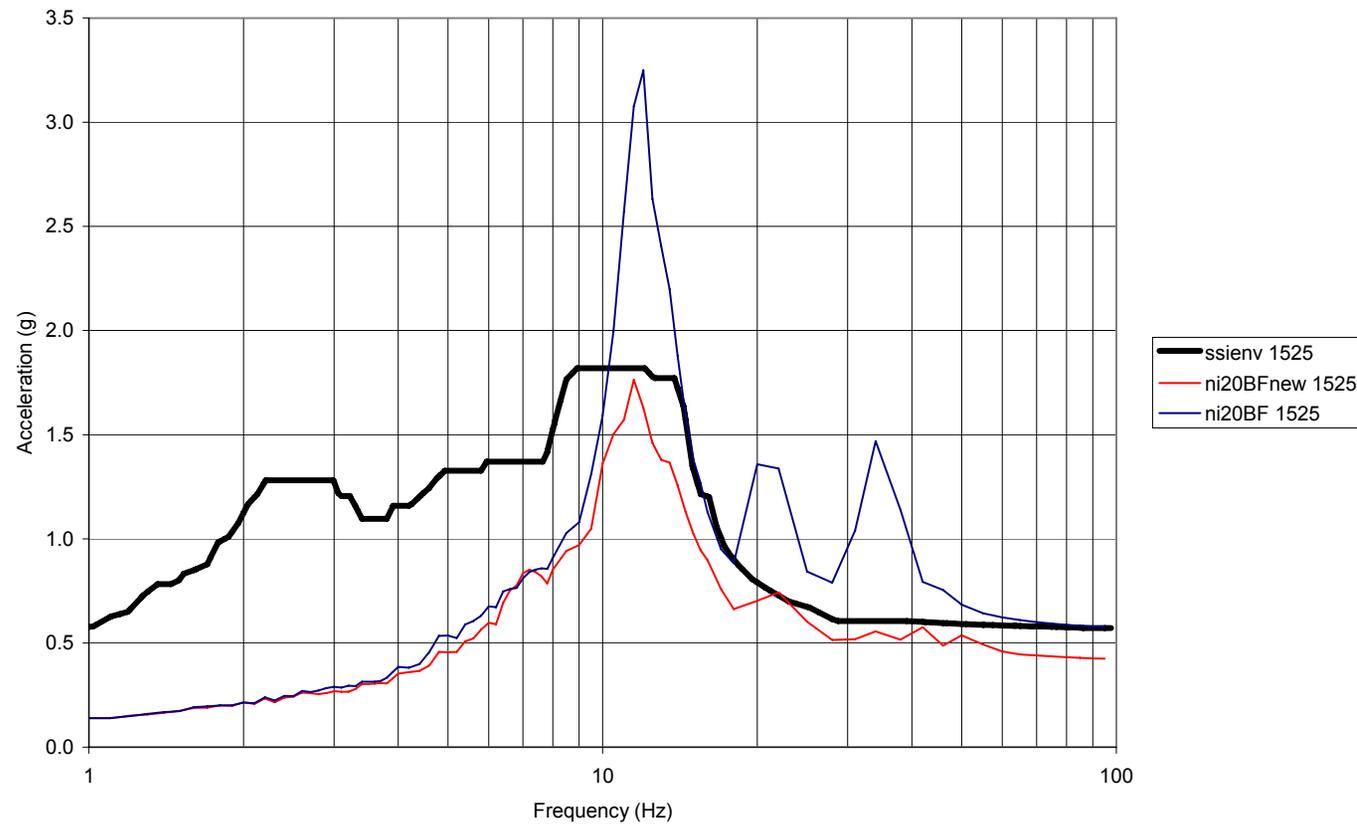
## Reactor vessel support (Elevation 100')

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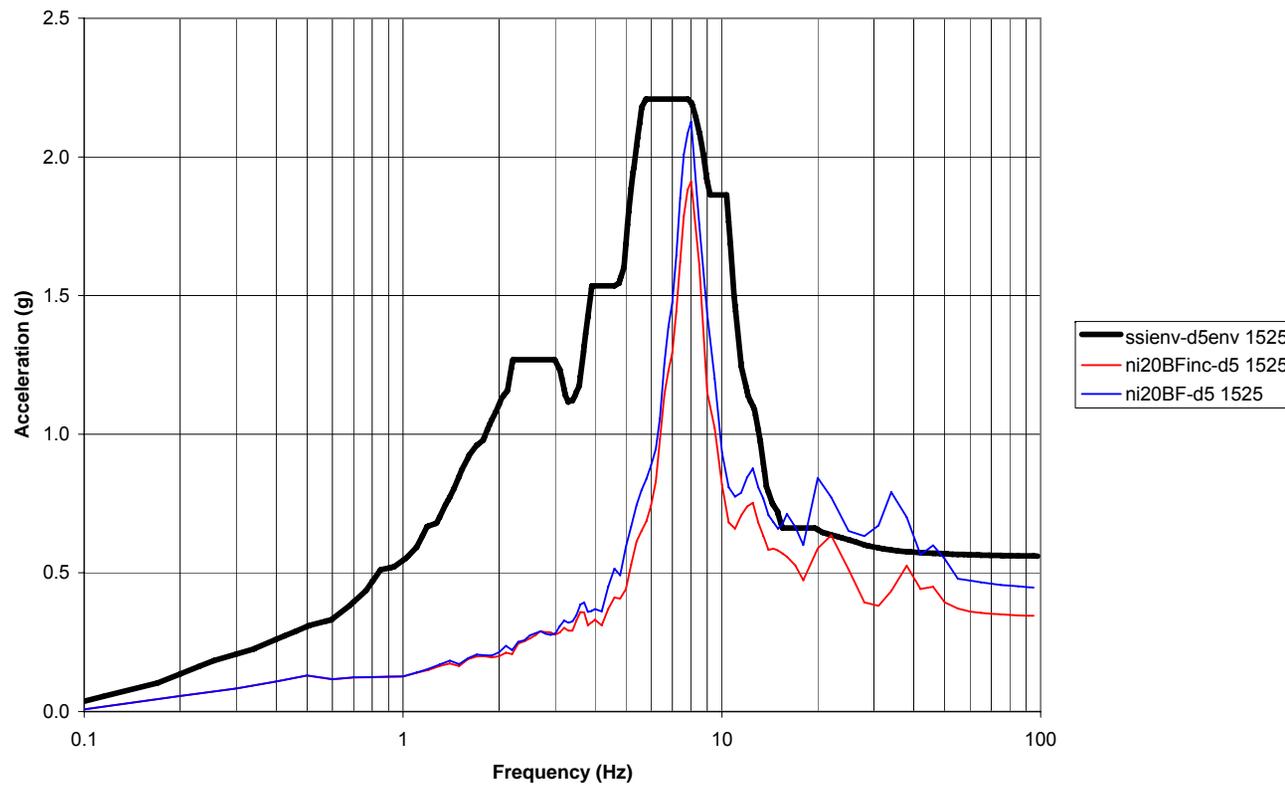
# Reactor vessel support (Elevation 100')

FRS Comparison X Direction



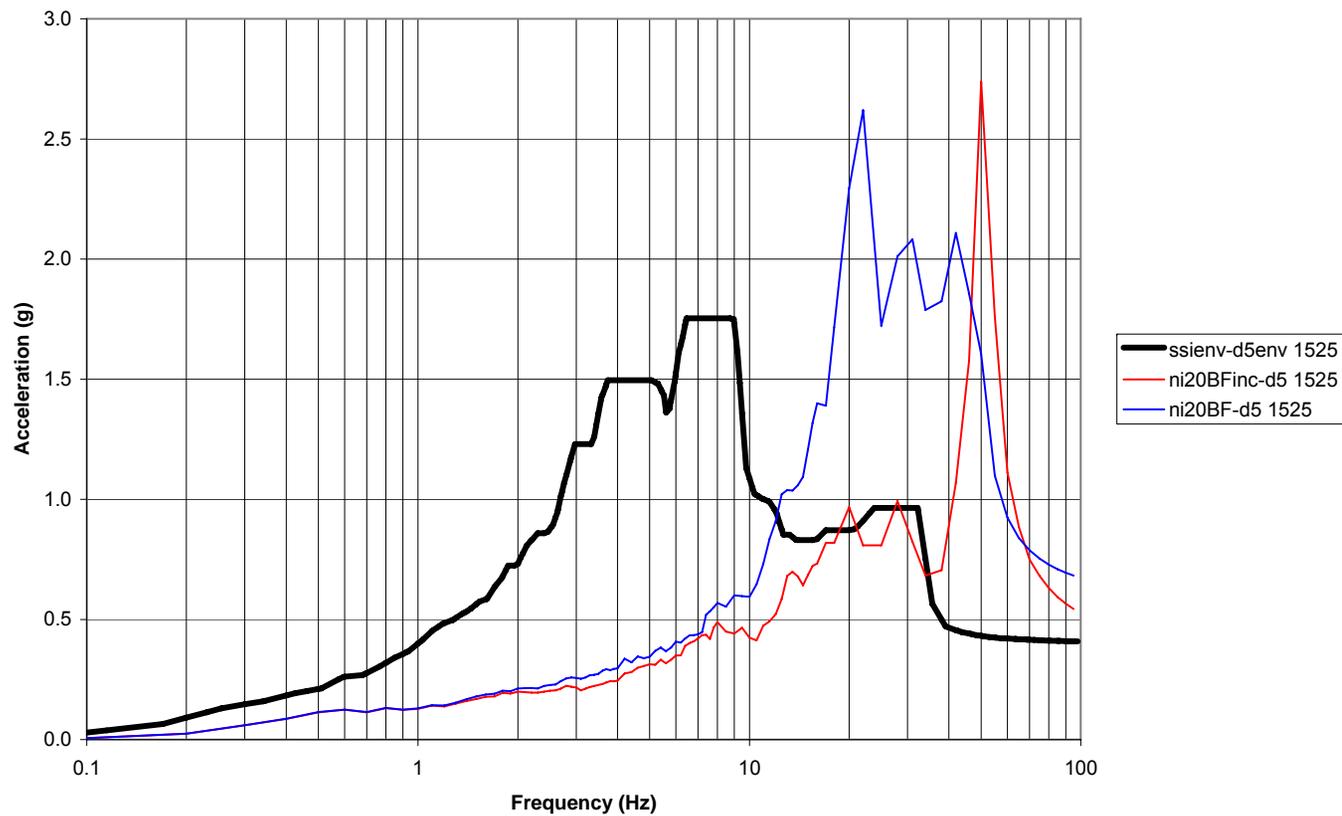
# Reactor vessel support (Elevation 100')

FRS Comparison Y Direction



# Reactor vessel support (Elevation 100')

FRS Comparison Z Direction



# Selection Screening Criteria



- **System, Structure, or Equipment important to safety**
  - *Review component safety function for SSE event and potential failure modes due to SSE.*
  - *Select components whose failure in an SSE could challenge the integrity of reactor coolant pressure boundary or containment.*
  - *Do not select components whose failure modes would result in safe shutdown*
- **Location is in vicinity of peak high frequency response**
  - *Select equipment that is located in areas of plant which experience large high frequency seismic response (such as at high elevations or edges)*
- **Significant modal response within region of high frequency amplification**
  - Significance defined by:
    - *Modal mass*
    - *Participation factor*
    - *Deflection*
    - *Stress*

# Evaluation Methodology



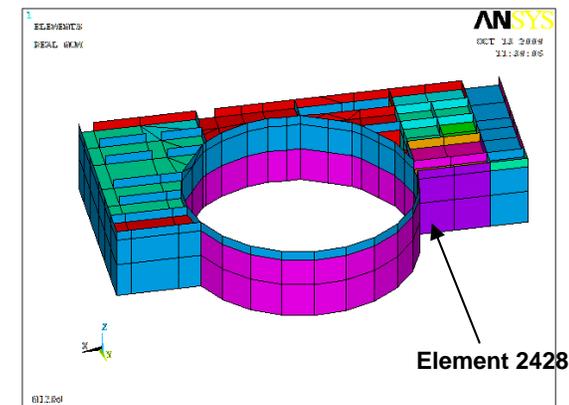
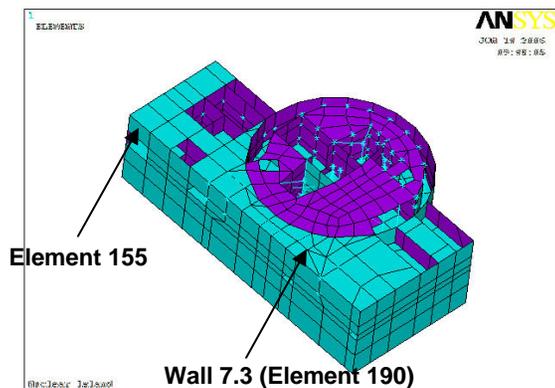
- **Not a total plant Qualification – Evaluation made of representative systems, structures, and components selected by screening as potentially sensitive to high frequency input**
- **Perform analyses using high frequency spectra that is broadened**
  - *Equipment designed for the R.G. 1.60 (modified) AP1000 design spectra are evaluated for high frequency spectra for hard rock site such as Bellefonte*
  - *Time history analysis is also acceptable*
- **Assess the ability of the system, structure, or component to maintain safety function**
- **Perform supplementary analyses as needed that reduces high frequency response**
  - *Include gap nonlinearities*
  - *Include material inelastic behavior*
  - *Perform multi point response spectra analyses where the high frequency response excites a system locally*
- **Specify tests on equipment as needed where function cannot be demonstrated by analysis**

# Evaluation - Building Structures



- **Representative selection of locations made**
  - *Shield building base shear and overturning*
  - *Areas that may amplify high frequency input*
    - *Floors*
    - *Walls*
- **Building Structures are not expected to be sensitive to high frequency input**
  - *Small displacements*
  - *Low stress*
  - *Ductile behavior*

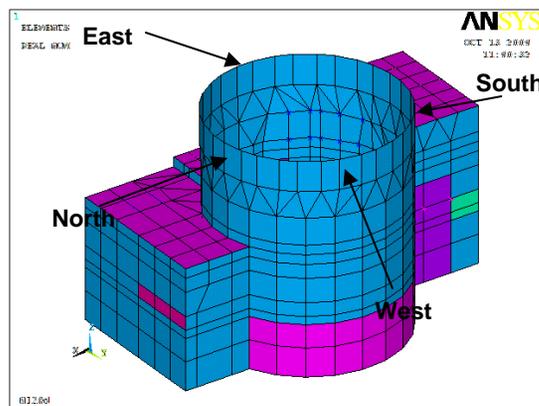
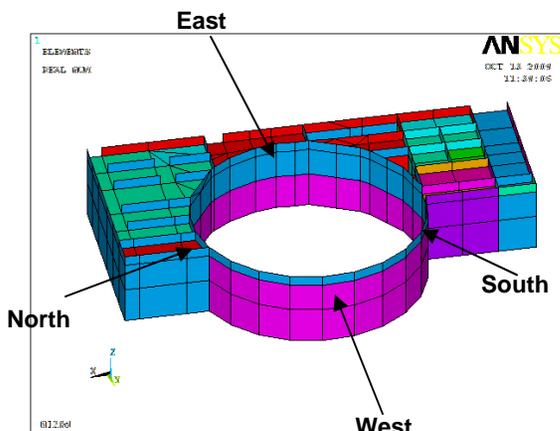
# Evaluation - Building Structures



## Auxiliary Building

Element #	Bellefonte Time History Forces (Kips/ft)			HR Time History Forces (Kips/ft)		
	TX	TY	TXY	TX	TY	TXY
<b>155</b>	9.0	15.6	9.8	14.5	33.2	18.1
<b>190</b>	3.2	30.7	26.9	3.5	127.4	97.3
<b>2428</b>	8.7	41.2	19.1	11.4	95.3	32.5

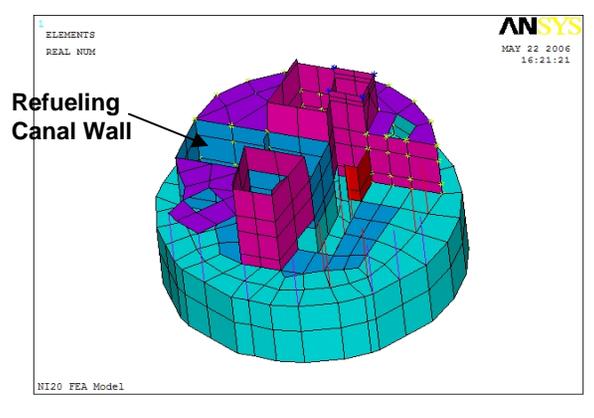
# Evaluation - Building Structures



## Shield Building

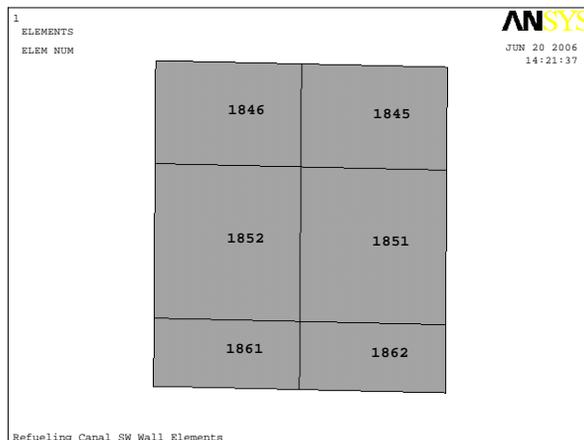
Element #	Location	Bellefonte Time History Forces (Kips/ft)			HR Time History Forces (Kips/ft)		
		TX	TY	TXY	TX	TY	TXY
<b>Elevation 107</b>							
<b>651</b>	<b>North</b>	6.4	45.0	46.5	16.0	153.1	118.6
<b>2886</b>	<b>East</b>	9.2	63.6	25.6	25.4	197.6	52.2
<b>668</b>	<b>West</b>	10.4	89.5	49.5	43.0	340.8	160.4
<b>664</b>	<b>South</b>	11.1	68.7	35.7	36.5	205.9	95.0
<b>Elevation 211</b>							
<b>924</b>	<b>North</b>	16.6	45.0	37.7	28.3	188.5	119.3
<b>916</b>	<b>East</b>	13.0	46.4	32.7	26.1	144.8	109.7
<b>900</b>	<b>West</b>	14.0	33.3	25.7	27.4	123.1	95.0
<b>908</b>	<b>South</b>	18.3	60.4	42.7	25.8	172.1	134.2

# Evaluation - Building Structures

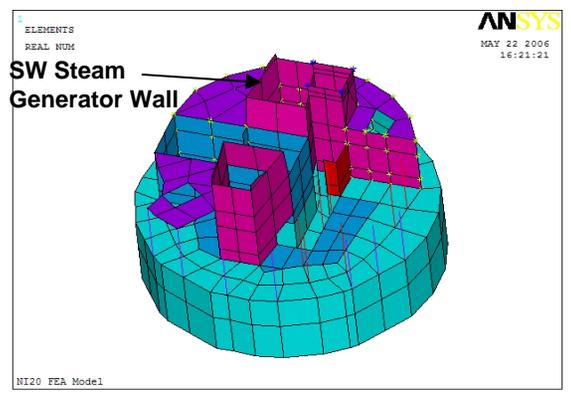


## CIS – SW Refueling Canal Wall

Element #	Bellefonte Time History Forces (Kips/ft)			HR Time History Forces (Kips/ft)		
	TX	TY	TXY	TX	TY	TXY
<b>1846</b>	5.8	6.7	12.5	7.8	8.3	23.2
<b>1845</b>	9.1	10.3	19.8	20.9	15.6	42.0
<b>1852</b>	4.7	18.7	21.6	7.7	26.8	35.7
<b>1851</b>	7.9	14.1	28.1	13.5	18.8	42.9
<b>1861</b>	9.3	35.0	28.8	22.2	47.6	41.1
<b>1862</b>	9.6	15.8	31.4	16.7	21.6	45.4

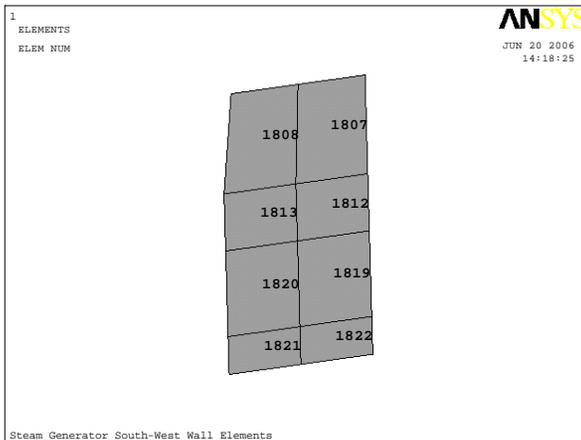


# Evaluation - Building Structures

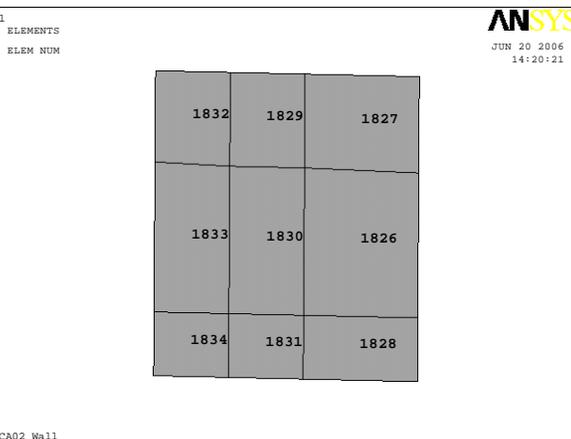
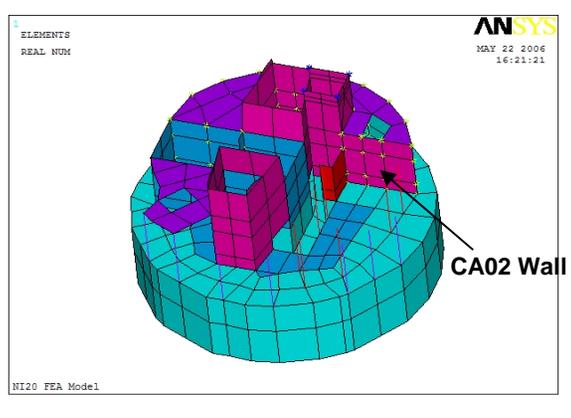


## CIS – SW Steam Generator Wall

Element #	Bellefonte Time History Forces (Kips/ft)			HR Time History Forces (Kips/ft)		
	TX	TY	TXY	TX	TY	TXY
<b>1808</b>	13.7	9.5	17.8	22.1	14.5	34.8
<b>1807</b>	15.1	8.2	12.6	25.5	11.9	25.4
<b>1813</b>	6.1	11.3	22.4	7.1	10.4	42.7
<b>1812</b>	8.4	23.3	17.0	9.7	27.5	26.6
<b>1820</b>	6.3	15.9	33.6	12.0	15.8	43.6
<b>1819</b>	5.2	39.2	25.4	6.6	50.7	33.7
<b>1821</b>	12.0	17.5	29.4	25.6	16.3	34.2
<b>1822</b>	11.4	57.9	33.8	28.3	84.2	40.0



# Evaluation - Building Structures



## CIS – CA02 Wall

Element #	Bellefonte Time History Forces (Kips/ft)			HR Time History Forces (Kips/ft)		
	TX	TY	TXY	TX	TY	TXY
<b>1832</b>	10.9	18.9	29.4	12.6	18.4	31.4
<b>1829</b>	7.8	6.9	20.7	7.8	7.3	21.7
<b>1827</b>	3.9	9.9	8.7	5.6	10.9	10.7
<b>1833</b>	8.0	15.8	25.6	12.8	16.3	36.8
<b>1830</b>	9.1	17.2	25.2	13.8	17.2	33.3
<b>1826</b>	5.0	26.3	13.9	7.6	28.3	17.2
<b>1834</b>	7.9	14.3	28.6	12.8	17.8	44.4
<b>1831</b>	8.4	18.6	24.9	15.3	26.0	37.0
<b>1828</b>	9.8	45.2	20.2	19.6	55.1	28.7

# Evaluation - Reactor Vessel and Internals Basis of Selection



- 
- Vertical and horizontal modes of upper internals, and RV modes are in relatively high frequency range.
  - High frequencies associated with nonlinear impact
  - Vertical amplification is significant at supports of RPV
  - Relative complex structural systems including gap nonlinearity and sliding elements
  - Representative analysis of major primary system

# Evaluation - Reactor Vessel and Internals

## General Observations of Evaluation



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### Preliminary time history analysis using conservative input

- *Vertical forces are generally larger from a CEUS event*
- *Horizontal forces are generally lower from CEUS events*
- *Although vertical forces are larger from CEUS events they do not result in liftoff of fuel or increased sliding at core barrel flange*
- *Zero period accelerations (horizontal and vertical) can be larger from CEUS event*
- *Some impact forces observed are slightly larger (upper core plate alignment plates, lower radial restraints)*
- *Fuel grid impact lower for CEUS events*
- *Increases in seismic forces are relatively insignificant when considered in combination with LOCA and steady loads.*
- *There is no expected change in design of reactor vessel and internals as a result of the CEUS response*
- *The RV and internals generally have robust design capable of much higher loads from LOCA*

# Evaluation - Primary Component Supports

## Reactor vessel support (Elevation 100')

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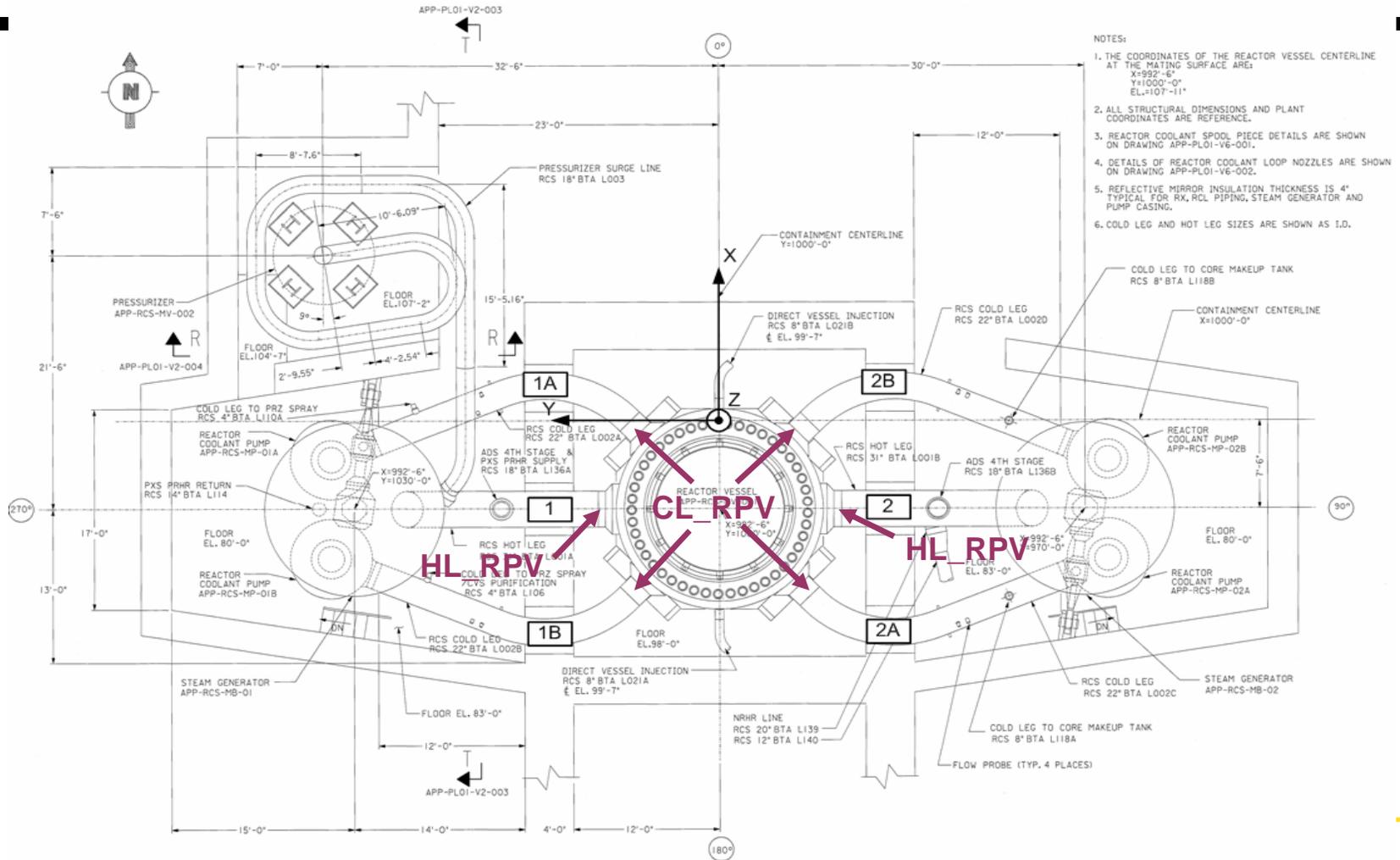
<b>RPV Support Forces (kips)</b>	<b>Bellefonte (coherent) (kips)</b>	<b>AP1000 Design (kips)</b>
Tangential	1057	1213
Vertical	494	588

# Evaluation - Primary Component Supports Steam Generator Supports

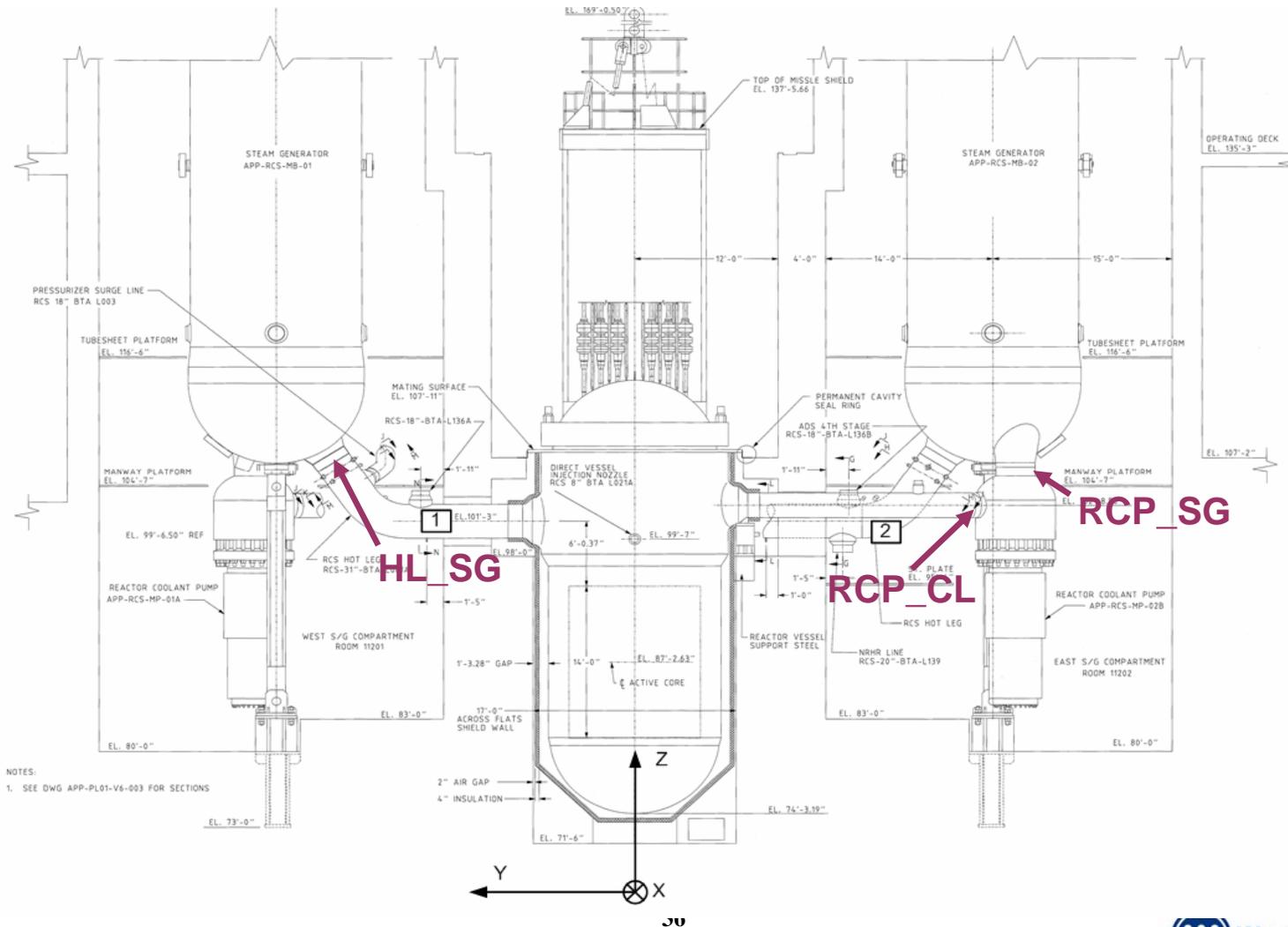


<b>RCL Supports</b>	<b>Bellefonte (coherent) (kips)</b>	<b>AP1000 Design (kips)</b>
Lower Vertical	852	1922
Lower Lateral	672	1103
Intermediate	633	1162
Upper	491	844

# Reactor Coolant Loop Nozzle Locations



# Nozzle Locations (cont.)



# Evaluation - Reactor Coolant Loop Nozzles



RCL Nozzle	Bending Moment (kip-ft)	
	Bellefonte (Coherent)	AP1000 Design
<b>SG to RCP</b>	2973	7389
<b>CL to RCP</b>	177	1081
<b>CL to RPV</b>	536	1971
<b>HL to RPV</b>	502	2159
<b>HL to SG</b>	964	1946

# Evaluation - Equipment Qualification

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- **Road Map consists of four elements**
  - *Seismic analysis of representative equipment*
  - *Review of seismic testing data*
  - *Development of a process for screening of seismically sensitive equipment and components*
  - *Development of a methodology for high frequency seismically sensitive equipment*

# Evaluation - Equipment Qualification



- **Selection Process**
  - *Typical equipment provided for nuclear power plants*
  - *Safety-related equipment that may be sensitive to high frequency input*
  - *Cabinet type equipment which are relatively sensitive to seismic inputs*
- **Select finite element models of typical safety-related cabinets (MCC or SWGR)**
  - *Develop mathematical relations of cabinets dynamic properties, non-linearity effects, mountings configurations, base isolation and tendency to amplify high frequency inputs*
- **Perform time history analysis**
  - *Subject models to AP1000 Design input (RG 1.60 modified) and high frequency floor RRS (Bellefonte) input separately*
  - *Compare results; in-equipment seismic demand, maximum displacements, structural loads, member stresses and mounting loads*

# Evaluation - Equipment Qualification Seismically Sensitive Equipment

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- **Screening Criteria**
  - *Evaluate existing test results of hundreds of test units*
  - *Identify components to be used in AP1000*
  - *Develop list of sensitive equipment*

# Evaluation - Equipment Qualification Potential Sensitive Equipment List

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- *Equipment or components with moving parts and required to perform a switching function during the seismic event (circuit breakers, contactors, etc.)*
- *Components with moving parts that may bounce or chatter such as relays*
- *Molded case circuit breakers*
- *Unrestrained components*
- *MCC Starters*
- *Potentiometers*
- *Interfaces such as secondary contact interface*
- *Auxiliary switches*
- *Components with accuracy that may drift due to seismic loading*
- *Connectors and connections*

# Evaluation - Equipment Qualification Seismically Sensitive Equipment

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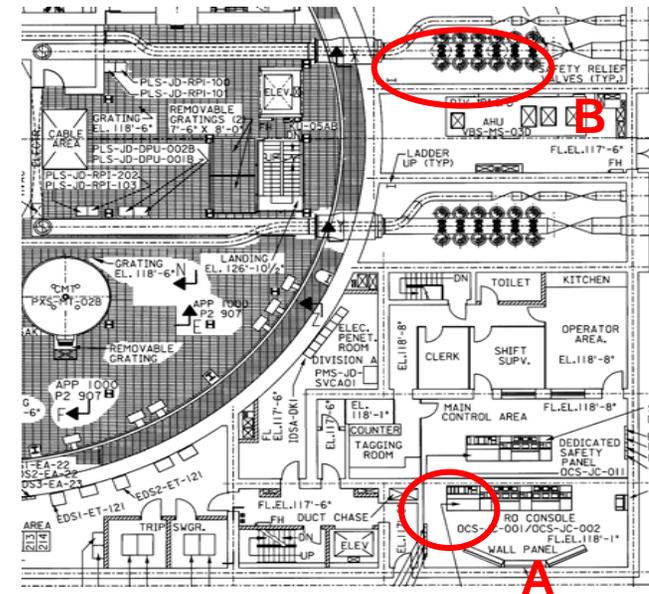


- **Seismic Treatment of Sensitive Equipment**
  - *Develop a method for treatment of seismically sensitive equipment*
  - *Equipment or components that can not be screened out, evaluation will be performed*

# Evaluation – Piping Systems Chosen for Evaluation



- A:** 4" MCR emergency habitability over-pressurization relief valves and piping: Class 3
- B:** 1" and 8" containment fan cooler return piping: Class 2 - Containment isolation



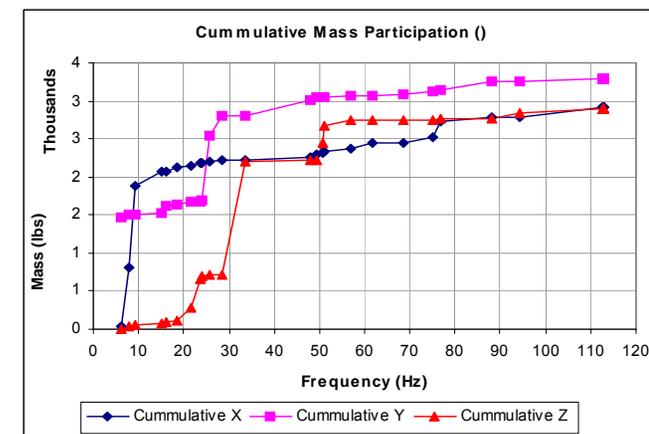
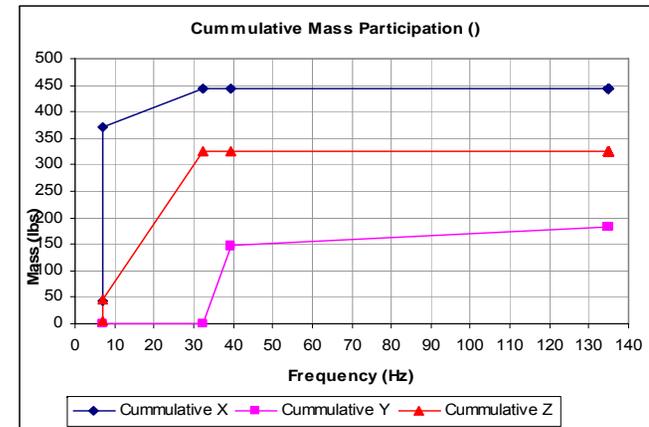
North-West area of NI EL:  
117'-6"

# Evaluation - Piping



## Look for mass participation at higher frequencies

- Obtain cumulative masses from PIPESTRESS results and graph verses frequency
  - 4" MCR emergency habitability over-pressurization relief valves and piping
  - 1" and 8" containment fan cooler return piping



# Evaluation - Piping



- **Perform PIPESTRESS analyses comparing:**
  - *AP1000 Design Spectra (Reg Guide 1.60 spectra modified)*
  - *Spectra having high frequency content (Bellefonte)*
- **Compare results and check allowables**
  - *Valve accelerations*
  - *Pipe stresses*
  - *Nozzle loads*
  - *Support Loads*
- **Perform supplementary analysis as needed**
  - *Multi-Point Response Spectra input*
  - *Non linear analysis with gap and material nonlinearities*

# Technical Report

## Evaluation for High Frequency Seismic Input



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- **Introduction**

- *Provided in this introduction is the background of the high frequency issue and the purpose of this seismic evaluation. The structures and equipment evaluated are identified.*

- **High Frequency Response**

- *Rock Design Motion Description*
  - *Describe how the motion was developed*
- *Structural Models used to develop High Frequency Seismic Motion.*
- *Comparison of AP1000 Modified Reg. Guide 1.60 spectrum Response and High Frequency Structural Response.*
- *Provide Floor Response Spectra used for evaluation*

# Technical Report

## Evaluation for High Frequency Seismic Input

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- **Evaluation of Building Structures**
  - *Describe the portions of structures evaluated and the basis of their selection.*
  - *Models used for evaluation and analyses performed*
  - *Show models and dynamic characteristics (modal mass and frequencies)*
  - *Compare member forces in representative elements in SSI analysis due to high frequency response with those from AP1000 modified Reg. Guide 1.60 spectra.*

# Technical Report

## Evaluation for High Frequency Seismic Input

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- **Evaluation of Major Components included in SSI Analyses**
  - *RCL nozzles, RCL supports, CMT supports*
  - *Compare high frequency response with the AP1000 modified Reg. Guide 1.60 spectra*
- **Reactor Vessel and Internals**
  - *Show and describe models.*
  - *Provide dynamic characteristics (modal mass and frequencies)*
  - *Describe models along with the time history analysis*
  - *Compare high frequency results with AP1000 modified Reg. Guide 1.60 spectra*

# Technical Report

## Evaluation for High Frequency Seismic Input



- **Piping Systems**
  - *Description and Basis of Piping Systems Chosen*
  - *Show and describe models.*
  - *Provide dynamic characteristics (modal mass and frequencies).*
  - *Compare high frequency results with AP1000 modified Reg. Guide 1.60 spectra*
- **Equipment**
  - *Screening Criteria for Equipment*
  - *Equipment Analyzed*
    - *Compare results for both the AP1000 modified Reg. Guide 1.60 spectra and the high frequency spectra*
  - *Equipment Tested*
    - *Compare TRS with RRS (both high frequency & modified Reg. Guide 1.60 spectra)*
  - *Supplemental test specification for potentially high frequency sensitive components*

# Summary



- 
- **Analyses to be performed for Bellefonte seismic input with incoherent motion**
  - **Structures, RCL supports and nozzles to be evaluated for results from nuclear island time history analyses**
  - **Two piping systems selected for high frequency analyses**
  - **Two cabinets selected for high frequency analyses**
  - **Function of high frequency sensitive components to be confirmed by supplemental testing**
  - **Assuming results of ongoing work demonstrate existing design samples to be acceptable, then AP1000 is acceptable on a hard rock site such as Bellefonte**