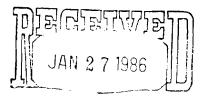
Mobil Alternative Energy Inc.

PIO BOX 17772 DENVER, COLORADO 80217

January 22, 1986

Mr. Felix R. Miera, Program Manager Uranium Licensing Section Radiation Protection Bureau Environmental Improvement Division P. O. Box 968 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504



RADIATION PROTECTION BUREAU

RESTORATION PROGRESS REPORT CROWNPOINT SECTION 9 PILOT IN SITU LEACH PLANT

Dear Mr. Miera:

The purpose of this letter is to provide the New Mexico Environmental Improvement Division and the Bureau of Land Management with an update on Mobil's restoration efforts at the Crownpoint Section 9 Pilot In Situ Leach Test Site.

Restoration Activities

Hydrogen Sulfide Injection: The procedure of injecting H₂S into the wells which was begun May 1, 1984 and described in the 1984 Restoration Progress Report was continued in early 1985. The final H₂S injection was completed March 18, 1985. The H₂S treated wells continued to be sampled and monitored at intervals of once every two to four weeks. Produced waters were analyzed for pH, $\rm U_3O_8$, and molybdenum.

After final H₂S injection, the wells were allowed to sit inactive to allow time for the chemical reactions to occur and were periodically sampled. Of the 13 wells treated, the September 1985 laboratory analysis (Attachment 6) shows that molybdenum concentration has decreased in 10 wells and increased in 3 wells. The well field average for molybdenum has decreased from 7.7 mg/l in September 1984 and 10.4 mg/l in December 1984 to 4.8 mg/l in September 1985. Eight of the wells were below the NMWQCC standard for molybdenum in the September 1985 sampling compared to two wells below the standard in the September 1984 sampling.

Well Maintenance Program: A well maintenance program was begun in October 1985 with the approval of the State Engineer's Office. This program consisted of cleaning out the wells, and acidizing selected wells in preparation for the next phase of restoration. The selected wells were Numbers 211, 215, 216, 217, and 220. The acidizing work consisted of spotting a 15% hydrochloric acid solution in perforated zones of the selected wells to redevelop the perforations. After allowing sufficient time for redevelopment of the perforations, the acidic waters were removed from the wells. The static water level quickly returned to normal,

indicating successful redevelopment of the perforations. A pump test to help define the remainder of the restoration program is scheduled for early 1986.

Sample Analyses - Results to Date: Field assays of the production stream corresponding to cumulative gallons produced since October 1, 1980 are shown in Attachment 1. Attachments 2, 3, and 4 are graphic presentations of molybdenum data and the majority of the other data in Attachment 1. All six parameters of concern have shown very significant drops in concentration since the beginning of restoration efforts and several parameters continue to decrease in concentration as restoration efforts proceed. Reduction in parameter concentrations range from a high of 99.8% for uranium to 78% for bicarbonate (see Attachment 1).

With respect to trace metals and other minor constituents, the September 1985 analytical data (see Attachments 5 and 6) show the average concentration in the well field are below the New Mexico Standards (Section 3-103 NMWQCC Regulations) for all parameters except molybdenum. Molybdenum, which was approximately 80 mg/l at the start of restoration, has been reduced approximately 94%, based on the September 1985 sampling. Eight of the thirteen wells sampled were at or below the 1.0 mg/l standard compared to three at or below the standard in the September 1984 sampling.

Radiometric data (see Attachment 6) was also secured in the September 1985 sampling. The activity levels for these parameters have shown significant decreases since the beginning of restoration. The combined radium 226 and 228 concentration was at a 37.4 \pm 2 pCi/l level, which is slightly above the September 1984 level and Section 3-103 NMWQCC Standards, but well within the naturally occurring range (0.0 \pm 2.7 to 89.4 pCi/l) observed during baseline water quality sampling at the Section 9 Pilot Site location. Percent reductions in radiometric activity levels are shown in Attachment 7.

In summary, the data available at this time demonstrate that 25 of 27 pertinent parameters listed in Section 3-103 of the NMWQCC Regulations are less than levels specified in the Regulations. The radium 226 and 228 parameter is slightly above the standard, but consistent with baseline water quality values. Molybdenum concentration is also above the standard, but it has been reduced approximately 37% from the September 1984 value. This reduction in molybdenum concentration can be attributed to the utilization of $\rm H_2S$ as a reductant and allowing time for the chemical reactions related to the use of $\rm H_2S$ to occur. We feel we have been diligent in trying to reduce molybdenum concentrations and have shown marked improvement over previous results.

<u>Individual Well Variations</u>: As stated in previous reports, there have been variations in parameter concentrations in different wells, most

Mr. Felix R. Miera January 22, 1986 Page 3

markedly with respect to molybdenum. In comparing the September 1984 sampling results with September 1985 sampling results, two wells show molybdenum increases with only one of any significance. The elevated level of molybdenum in several wells is believed to be related to both the amount of naturally occurring molybdenum in the formation at that particular location and the degree of sweep efficiency at that location during restoration efforts. However, wells have begun to show decreases in molybdenum levels due to the use of $\rm H_2S$ as a reductant.

USGS Observation Well No. 9U-277: Clean up of Well No. 9U-277, related to molybdenum concentration, was completed since the last restoration progress report. Molybdenum levels decreased from 3.2 mg/l in December 1984 to less than 0.2 mg/l in June 1985 and have remained at this low level through November 1985.

Future Restoration Plans

Following the pump test of the well field previously mentioned, a ground water sweep restoration method is scheduled to be employed. It is Mobil's intention to continue restoration efforts based on ground water hydraulic principles rather than ground water chemistry due to the less than expected success of the $\rm H_2S$ injection program.

We appreciate your cooperation throughout our restoration efforts and the granting of the necessary approvals that have allowed us to use a variety of restoration techniques in our effort to achieve complete restoration of the affected portion of the aquifer. We look forward to your continued cooperation.

If you have any questions, please contact me at (303) 293-6300.

Very truly yours,

DGGANEY/jrh:212/c Attachments

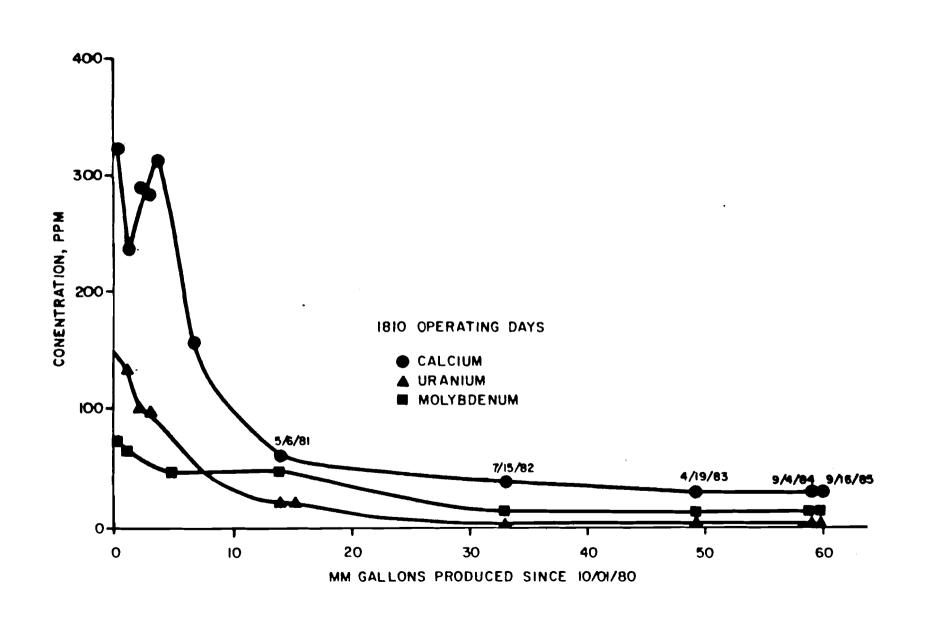
Engineering Manager

ATTACHMENT 1

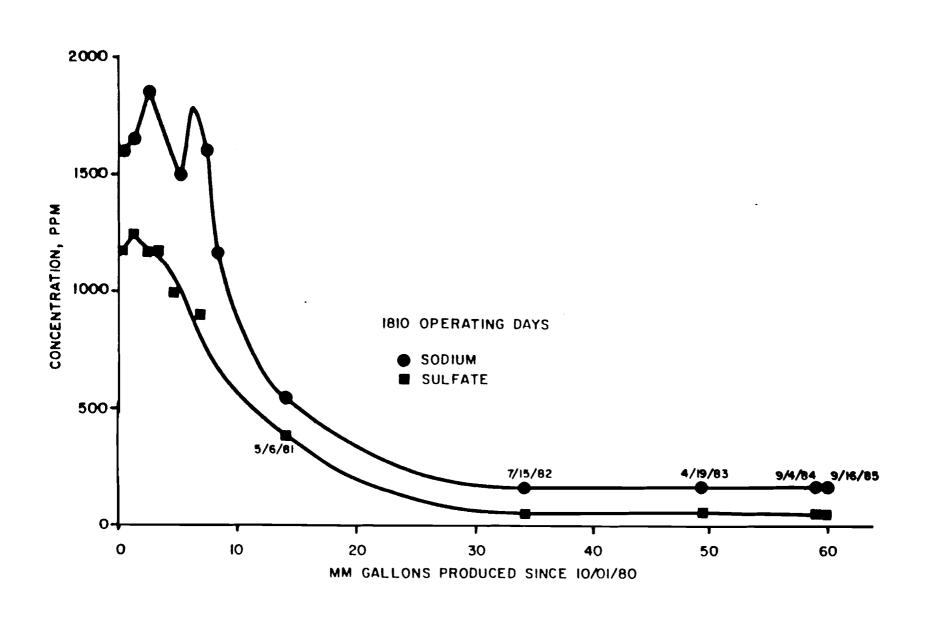
PRODUCTION STREAM FIELD ASSAYS

Cumulative Gallons Produced Since October 1, 1980	U ₃ 0 ₈ ppm_	Ca ppm	So ₄	NCO3	Na ppm	C1 _ppm
-	145	320	1176	1005	1600	1671
374,762	142	326	1150	1023	1650	1671
736,639	132	317	1275	915	1620	1548
1,088,626	125	304	1175	874	1510	1656
1,373,375	103	280	1150	769	1850	1760
1,707,067	106	231	1100	800	1780	1795
2,075,608	97	276	1100	781	1510	175 5
2,425,021	101	291	1050	737	1580	1728
2,721,818	89	282	1075	683	1640	1714
3,061,598	72	277	1150	683	1470	1678
3,446,723	72	306	975	698	1710	1860
3,791,287	62	310	925	612	1730	1800
4,117,896	58	282	9 75	585	1520	1787
5,007,311	48	228	977	622	1506	1639
5,384,309	42	235	902	617	1460	1405
5,757,729	40	193	866	649	1449	1213
6,126,444	34	157	787	634	1070	1010
6,362,630	32	156	775	610	1130	978
10,278,269	26	93	578	552	581	559
13,833,820	4	55	348	415	379	174
34,361,987	0.54	38	43	122	156	150
44,036,014	0.42	18	69	183	181	101
58,332,122	0.59	19	81	173	1.63	115
59,173,469	0.28	<u>46</u>	85	225	141	<u> 101</u>
% Reduction in						
Concentration	99.8%	86%	93%	78%	92%	94%

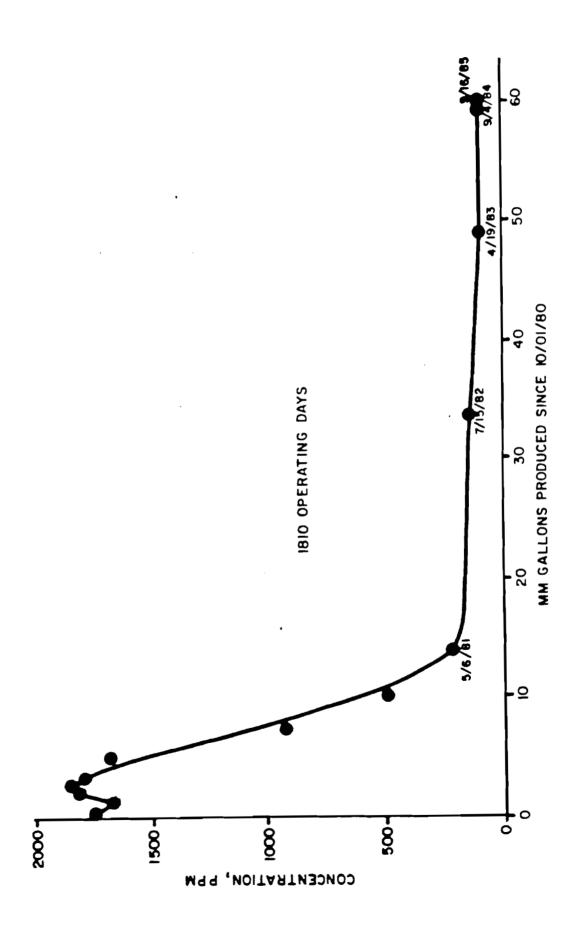
CALCIUM, URANIUM, MOLYBDENUM RESTORATION



SODIUM, SULFATE RESTORATION



ATTACHMENT 4
CHLORIDE RESTORATION



ATTACHMENT 5

Comparison of Parameter Concentrations for Production Stream Versus New Mexico Standards for Ground Water of 10,000~mg/1~TDS Concentration or Less

(Samples Taken September 4, 1984 and September 16, 1985)

Parameter	New Mexico Standard (mg/1)	Production Stream 1433 Days of Operation Section 9 Pilot Leach (mg/1)	Production Stream 1810 Days of Operation Section 9 Pilot Leach (mg/1)
Aluminum	5.0	< 0.5	< 0.5
Arsenic	0.1	0.057	0.032
Barium	1.0	0.26	0.22
Boron	0.75	0.1	0.22
Cadmium	0.01	< 0.005	< 0.007
Chloride	250.0	115.0	101.0
Chromium	0.05	0.007	0.011
Cobalt	0.05	< 0.02	0.026
Copper	1.0	< 0.005	0.012
Cyanide	0.2	< 0.005	< 0.007
Fluoride	1.6	< 0.5	< 0.5
Iron	1.0	0.06	0.37
Lead	0.05	< 0.005	< 0.006
Manganese	0.2	0.048	0.096
Molybdenum	1.0	7 .6 5	4.80
Mercury	0.002	< 0.0001	< 0.0001
Nickel	0.2	0.02	< 0.02
Nitrate	10.0	0.94	< 0.05
pH*	6-9	8.4	8.2
Phenols	0.005	< 0.002	0.004
Radium-226 and -228	30.0 pCi/		37.4 ± 2
Selenium	0.05	0.017	0.032
Silver	0.05	< 0.005	< 0.006
Sulfate	600.0	81.5	85.0
TDS	1000.0	479.0	517.0
Uranium	5.0	0.59	0.28
Zinc	10.0	0.027	0.030

^{*} Dimensionless (Units)



Accu-Labs Research, Inc. 11485 W. 48th Avenue Wheat Ridge, Colorado 80033

(303) 423-2766

November 4, 1985 Page 1 of 2

Mr. Joe Sciba Mobil Oil Corp. P.O. Drawer F Crownpoint, NM 87313

RE: 8752-20717-2 Date Samples Rec'd 9-30-85

ALR Designation Sponsor Designation	8752-20717-2-1 208 9-23-85	8752-20717-2-2 210 9-23-85
Determination: mg/L		
Arsenic, dissolved Barium, dissolved Cadmium, dissolved Chromium, dissolved Cyanide Fluoride Lead, dissolved Mercury, total Nitrate (as N) Selenium, dissolved Silver, dissolved Chloride Copper, dissolved Iron, dissolved Iron, dissolved Phenols Sulfate (as SO ₄) TDS (at 180°C) Zinc, dissolved pH Aluminum, dissolved Boron Cobalt, dissolved	0.005 0.4 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 140 0.005 0.06 0.22 <0.002 130 760 0.019 7.9 <0.5 0.2	0.007 <0.2 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.007 <0.0001 <0.05 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005 4 0.008 0.14 0.009 <0.002 40 270 0.043 8.2 <0.5 0.2 <0.02
Molybdenum, dissolved Nickel, dissolved Conductivity, µmhos/cm	0.26 <0.02 1400	0.43 0.03 490

Accu-Labs Research, Inc.

November 4, 1985 Page 2 of 2

Mr. Joe Sciba Mobil Oil Corp.

RE: 8752-20717-2

ALR Designation

Date Samples Rec'd 9-30-85

8752-20717-2-1 208 9-23-85 8752-20717-2-2 210 9-23-85

REPORT OF ANALYSIS

Determination: mg/L

Sponsor Designation

Sodium, dissolved	2 00	97
Calcium, dissolved	69	1.8
Magnesium, dissolved	2.5	0.06
Potassium, dissolved	1.8	0.4
Carbonate (as CO ₃)	< 5	< 5
Bicarbonate (as HCO ₃)	34 0	24 0
Silica (as SiO ₂)	53	19

These samples are scheduled to be disposed of 30 days after the date of this report.

Cathy Cairns

Water Laboratory

Supervisor

cc/dh

Accu-Labs Research, Inc. 11485 W. 48th Avenue Wheat Ridge, Colorado 80033 (303) 423-2766

October 24, 1985 Page 1 of 6

Mr. Joe Sciba Mobil Oil Corp. P.O. Drawer F Crownpoint, NM 87313

RE: 8752-20647-11 Date Samples Rec'd 9-19-85

ALR Designation Sponsor Designation	8752-20647-11-1 209 9-16-85	8752-20647-11-2 211 9-16-85	8752-20647-11-3 212 9-16-85	8752-20647-11-4 213 9-16-85	8752-20647-11-5 214 9-16-85
Arsenic, dissolved	900*0	0.18	0.007	<0,005	0.011
Barium, dissolved	<0.2	0.2	<0.2	0.2	<0.2
Cadmium, dissolved	<0.00	0.008	<0.00	0.005	<0.005
Chromium, dissolved	0.013	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010
Cyanide	<0.00	<0.00	<0.005	<0.005	<0.00
Fluoride	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Lead, dissolved	<0.00	0.005	0.009	<0.00	<0.005
Mercury, total	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001
Nitrate (as N)	<0.05	<0.0>	<0.0>	<0.05	<0.05
Selenium, dissolved	<0.005	0.15	0.018	<0.00	<0.005
Silver, dissolved	<0.00	0.014	<0.00	<0.005	900.0
Chloride	88	190	4	70	87
Copper, dissolved	0.007	0.032	0.020	0.008	0.008
Iron, dissolved	0.07	1.6	0.12	0.11	0.63
Manganese, dissolved	0.14	0.36	<0.005	0.063	<0.005
Phenols	<0.002	0.002	0.005	<0.002	0.005
Sulfate (as SO _A)	87	130	51	120	< 5
TDS (at 180°C)	570	750	270	540	320

October 24, 1985 Page 2 of 6

Mr. Joe Sciba Mobil Oil Corp. RE: 8752-20647-11 Date Samples Rec'd 9-19-85

ALR Designation Sponsor Designation Determination: mg/l	8752-20647-11-1 209 9-16-85	8752-20647-11-2 211 9-16-85	8752-20647-11-3 212 9-16-85	8752-20647-11-4 213 9-16-85	8752-20647-11-5 214 9-16-85
Zinc, dissolved	0.027	0.028	0.037	0.015	0.027
Aluminum, dissolved	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Boron Cobalt, dissolved	0.03	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3
Molybdenum, dissolved	0.20	35	0.30	0.47	09.0
Nickel, dissolved	<0.02 040	<0.02 1100	<0.02	<0.02 1200	<0.02
Sodium, dissolved	140	150	120 120	160	140
Calcium, dissolved	52	80	3.9	43	2.6
Magnesium, dissolved	0.82	3.2	0.23	0.75	<0.05
Potassium, dissolved	1.2	1.5	1.1	1.2	8.0
Carbonate (as CO ₃)	9	\$	16	\$	110
Bicarbonate (as HCO3)	310	150	220	310	< 5
Silica (as 510_2)	50	92	22	20	32

October 24, 1985 Page 3 of 6

Mr. Joe Sciba Mobil Oil Corp. RE: 8752-20647-11 Date Samples Rec'd 9-19-85

ALR Designation Sponsor Designation	8752-20647-11-6 215 9-16-85	8752-20647-11-7 216 9-16-85	8752-20647-11-8 217 9-16-85	8752-20647-11-9 218 9-16-95	8752-20647-11-10 219 9-16-95
Determination: mg/L		6001			20 01
Arsenic, dissolved	0.074	0.025	0.059	<0.005	9000
Barlum, dissolved	<0.2	<0.2	0.2	0.2	<0.2
Cadmium, dissolved	0.009	0.008	0.014	<0.005	0.011
Chromium, dissolved	0.010	0.010	0.015	0.010	0.020
Cyanide	<0.005	<0.005	0.061	<0.005	<0.005
Fluoride	9.0	<0.5	0.5	<0.5	0.5
Lead, dissolved	<0.00	<0.005	<0.00	<0.005	0.005
Mercury, total	<0,0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001
Nitrate (as N)	<0.0>	<0.05	<0.0>	<0.05	<0.05
Selenium, dissolved	0.012	0.028	0.11	0.054	<0.005
Silver, dissolved	<0.005	<0.00	0.005	<0.00	<0.005
Chloride	110	210	190	10	180
Copper, dissolved	0.010	0.009	0.031	<0.005	900.0
Iron, dissolved	0.33	1.4	0.19	0.05	0.05
Manganese, dissolved	0.036	0.20	0.16	0.008	0.042
Phenols	0.002	0.016	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002
Sulfate (as SO _A)	160	72	59	46	120
TDS (at 180°C)	099	640	620	270	700

October 24, 1985 Page 4 of 6

Mr. Joe Sciba Mobil Oil Corp. RE: 8752-20647-11 Date Samples Rec'd 9-19-85

ALR Designation Sponsor Designation	8752-20647-11-6 215 9-16-85	8752-20647-11-7 216 9-16-85	8752-20647-11-8 217 9-16-85	8752-20647-11-9 218 9-16-85	8752-20647-11-10 219 9-16-85
Determination: mg/L					
Zinc, dissolved	0.032	0.043	0.032	0.029	0.032
Ha	8.6	0.6	8.5	8.4	7.7
Aluminum, dissolved	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Boron	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Cobalt, dissolved	0.03	<0.02	<0.0>	<0.02	0.04
Molybdenum, dissolved	1,1	3.7	12	0.52	0.16
Nickel, dissolved	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
Conductivity, µmhos/cm	1200	1000	1100	520	1100
Sodium, dissolved	130	180	130	110	140
Calcium, dissolved	98	26	95	5.5	100
Magnesium, dissolved	0.81	2.0	96.0	0.11	2.2
Potassium, dissolved	1.0	1.3	1.0	0.4	1.2
Carbonate (as CO ₁)	12	12	10	\$	\$\$
Bicarbonate (as HCO3)	220	170	250	250	240
Silica (as Si02)	59	71	210	18	140

October 24, 1985 Page 5 of 6

Mr. Joe Sciba Mobil Oil Corp.

RE: 8752-20647-11 Date Samples Rec'd 9-19-85

ALR Designation Sponsor Designation Determination: mg/L	8752-20647-11-11 220 9-16-85
Arsenic, dissolved	0.024
Barium, dissolved	<0.2
Cadmium, dissolved	<0.005
Chromium, dissolved	0.014
Cyanide	<0.005
Fluoride	<0.5
Lead, dissolved	0.017
Mercury, total	0.0001
Nitrate (as N)	<0.05
Selenium, dissolved	0.009
Silver, dissolved	<0.005
Chloride	31
Copper, dissolved	<0.005
Iron, dissolved	0.08
Manganese, dissolved	<0.005
Pheno1s	0.003
Sulfate (as SO ₄)	89
TDS (at 180°C)	350

October 24, 1985 Page 6 of 6

Mr. Joe Sciba Mobil Oil Corp.

RE: 8752-20647-11

Date Samples Rec'd 9-19-85

REPORT OF ANALYSIS

8752-20647-11-11	9-16-85	0.029	<0.5 0.2	0.02	7.7	<0.02 640	140	L-9	0.18	7.0	€\$	220 25
ALR Designation Sponsor Designation	Determination: mg/L	Zinc, dissolved pH	Aluminum, dissolved Boron	Cobalt, dissolved	Molybdenum, dissolved	Nickel, dissolved Conductivity, µmhos/cm	Sodium, dissolved	Calcium, dissolved	Magnestum, dissolved	Potassium, dissolved	Carbonate (as CO ₂)	Bicarbonate (as HCO_3) Silica (as SiO_2)

These samples are scheduled to be disposed of 30 days after the date of this report.

Water Laboratory Supervisor

CC/dh & Cc: John Kauffman



Accu-Labs Research, Inc. 11485 W. 48th Avenue Wheat Ridge, Colorado 80033

(303) 423-2766

November 5, 1985 Page 1 of 1

Mr. Joe Sciba Mobil Oil Corp. P.O. Drawer F Crownpoint, NM 87313

RE: 8752-20717-2

Date Samples Rec'd 9-30-85

REPORT OF ANALYSIS

ALR Designation Sponsor Designation	8752-20717-2-1 208 9-23-85	8752-20717 <i>-</i> 2-2 210 <u>9-23-85</u>
Determination: pCi/L		
Uranium (as U), dissolved, mg/L Radium-226, dissolved, ± counting error* Radium-228, dissolved, ± counting error* Combined Ra-226 and Ra-228, ± counting error* Gross Alpha, dissolved,	0.12 90 ± 4 0.4 ± 1.7 90 ± 4	0.10 1.7 ± 0.8 1.4 ± 1.5 3.1 ± 1.7
<pre>± counting error* Gross Beta, dissolved,</pre>	250 ± 30	150 ± 20
<pre>± counting error* Lead-210, dissolved,</pre>	84 ± 8	39 ± 4
<pre>± counting error*</pre>	17 ± 2	9 ± 2
Thorium-230, dissolved, ± counting error*	0.0 ± 0.1	0.1 ± 0.1

*Variability of the radioactive disintegration process (counting error) at the 95% confidence level, 1.96o. These samples are scheduled to be disposed of 45 days after the date of

this report.

Bud Summers Radiochemistry Supervisor

BS/dh dh



Accu-Labs Research, Inc. 11485 W. 48th Avenue Wheat Ridge, Colorado 80033

(303) 423-2766

October 25, 1985 Page 1 of 3

Mr. Joe Sciba Mobil Oil Corp. P.O. Drawer F Crownpoint, NM 87313

RE: 8752-20647-11

Date Samples Rec'd 9-19-85

ALR Designation Sponsor Designation Determination: pCi/L	8752-20647-11-1 209 9-16-85	8752-20647-11-2 211 9-16-85	8752-20647-11-3 212 9-16-85	8752-20647-11-4 213 9-16-85	8752-20647-11-5 214 9-16-85
becermination: polyE					
Uranium (as U),					
dissolved, mg/L	0.18	0.36	0.55	0.36	0.044
Combined Ra-226 and Ra-2					
± counting error*	55 ± 3	87 ± 12	4.5 ± 1.2	32 ± 2	1.8 ± 1.1
Radium-226, dissolved,					
± counting error*	54 ± 3	85 ± 12	3.6 ± 0.8	32 ± 2	1.2 ± 0.5
Radium-228, dissolved,	10.00				
± counting error*	1.0 ± 0.9	1.7 ± 1.2	0.9 ± 0.9	0.5 ± 0.8	0.6 ± 1.0
Gross Alpha, dissolved,	250 + 20	770 . 40	770 . 20	F40 + 20	60 + 10
± counting error*	350 ± 30	770 ± 40	770 ± 30	540 ± 30	68 ± 10
Gross Beta, dissolved,	130 ± 10	250 ± 10	160 ± 10	130 ± 10	20 ± 4
<pre>± counting error* Lead-210, dissolved,</pre>	130 1 10	230 I IU	100 1 10	130 1 10	20 I 4
± counting error*	27 ± 4	38 ± 4	-0.5 ± 2.8	0.9 ± 3.0	0.7 ± 2.5
Thorium-230, dissolved,	C1 1 4	30 I 4	-0.0 I C.O	U.7 I J.U	U./ I 2.5
± counting error*	-0.3 ± 0.4	0.0 ± 0.1	0.1 ± 0.1	0.0 ± 0.1	0.0 ± 0.1

October 25, 1985 Page 2 of 3

Mr. Joe Sciba Mobil Oil Corp.

RE: 8752-20647-11 Date Samples Rec'd 9-19-85

ALR Designation Sponsor Designation Determination: pCi/L	8752-20647-11-6 215 9-16-85	8752-20647-11-7 216 9-16-85	8752-20647-11-8 217 9-16-85	8752-20647-11-9 218 9-16-85	8752-20647-11-10 219 9-16-85
Uranium (as U),					
dissolved, mg/L	0.57	0.36	0.20	0.33	0.29
Combined Ra-226 and Ra-2 ± counting error*	28, 68 ± 3	26 ± 9	58 ± 4	5.5 ± 1.3	38 ± 3
Radium-226, dissolved,		26 ± 9			
<pre>± counting error* Radium-228, dissolved,</pre>	66 ± 3		56 ± 4	5.4 ± 1.0	38 ± 3
<pre>± counting error* Gross Alpha, dissolved,</pre>	1.9 ± 0.8	-0.1 ± 1.0	1.8 ± 1.0	0.1 ± 0.8	0.1 ± 0.8
± counting error*	740 ± 40	530 ± 30	490 ± 30	450 ± 20	350 ± 30
Gross Beta, dissolved, ± counting error*	260 ± 10	130 ± 10	130 ± 10	100 ± 10	100 ± 10
Lead-210, dissolved, ± counting error*	20 ± 4	9.6 ± 3.2	4.3 ± 3.2	16 ± 3	12 ± 4
Thorium-230, dissolved, ± counting error*	0.3 ± 0.1	0.0 ± 0.1	0.1 ± 0.1	0.9 ± 0.3	0.4 ± 0.2

Radiochemistry Bud Summers

Supervisor

October 25, 1985 Page 3 of 3

Mr. Joe Sciba Mobil Oil Corp.

Date Samples Rec'd 9-19-85 RE: 8752-20647-11

REPORT OF ANALYSIS

Sponsor Designation ALR Designation

8752-20647-11-11 9-16-85

 0.9 ± 0.9 600 ± 30 250 ± 10 140 ± 10 17 ± 2 16 ± 2 0.20 Combined Ra-226 and Ra-228. Gross Alpha, dissolved, Thorium-230, dissolved, Radium-226, dissolved, Radium-228, dissolved, Gross Beta, dissolved, Determination: pCi/L Lead-210, dissolved, ± counting error* dissolved, mg/L Uranium (as U),

*Variability of the radioactive disintegration process (counting error) at the 95% confidence level, 1.960. These samples are scheduled to be disposed of 45 days after the date of this report.

 20 ± 2

± counting error*

BS/dh dl

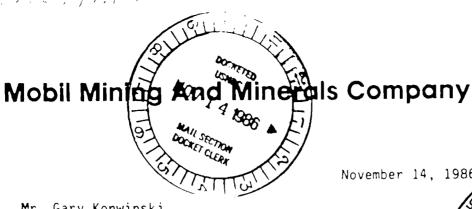
cc: John Kauffman

ATTACHMENT 7

PRODUCTION STREAM SAMPLES - RADIOMETRICS

Date Sampled	Gross Alpha pCi/l	Gross Beta pCi/l	Ra-226 Dissolved pCi/l	Ra-228 Dissolved pCi/l
10/08/80	88, 000 ± 700	5,7,200 ± 1,300	200 ± 30	5.8 ± 1.5
10/28/80	52,500 ± 800	31,800 ± 500	49 ± 7	0.5 ± 1.4
11/18/80	4 8,700 ± 1,000	31,100 ± 300	140 ± 10	1.8 ± 0.8
12/03/80	39,100 ± 900	32,100 ± 600	68 ± 12	1.2 ± 1.0
01/29/81	8,700 ± 200	4,200 ± 100	52 ± 7	2.1 ± 1.4
02/04/81	7,800 ± 200	2,700 ± 100	38 ± 6	0.5 ± 3.8
05/06/81	5,300 ± 100	1,300 ± 100	46 ± 6	0.7 ± 1.4
07/15/82	3 86 ± 3 0	149 ± 10	26 ± 3	0.7 ± 1.4
09/04/84	510 ± 30	120 ± 10	34 ± 3	0.4 ± 0.7
09/16/85	470 ± 30	140 ± 10	37 ± 4	0.9 ± 1.0
% Reduction in Activity Level	9 9%	99%	82%	84%

DGG 12/85 jrh:212



RETURN ORIGINAL TO PDR. HQ.

PO BOX 12772 DENVER COLORADO 80211

A DIVISION OF MOBIL OIL CORPORATION

Mr. Gary Konwinski Project Manager U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Region IV P. O. Box 25325 Denver, Colorado 80225 MOBIL PILOT IN-SITULERCH TO NM

Dear Mr. Konwinski:

In accordance with the provisions and stipulations to the Interim Mining and Reclamation Plan for the Pilot testing of in-situ uranium leaching near Crownpoint, New Mexico, please be advised that Mobil herein declares that restoration of the mining zone is complete. All water quality parameters are returned to a level consistent with the prescribed restoration standards.

As support for our restoration declaration, attached are:

- O Current water quality based on samples taken during September, 1986 (Attachment 1).
- o Historical annual water quality prior to development (Attachment 2) and through production and restoration (Attachment 3).
- o A production and restoration history of the project (Attachment 4).

To demonstrate the completeness of restoration, Mobil proposes to enter a nine (9) month "stability period". During this period samples will be taken monthly in accordance with Appendix "A".

Mobil proposes to begin the "stability period" during November, 1986. Please contact me if you need any additional information and to select a mutually agreeable date—to-obtain the initial samples.

750316 15072 E Am D 1116 Em B702050301 861114 PDR ADDCK 04008911

Very truly yours,

J. F. Cullen Manager Technical Services

JFC:sdm:29

cc: Kevin Lambert John Andrews

Manage a Miller

87-44

Mobil Mining And Minerals Company

PO BOX 17777

DENYER COLORADO 8.7 7

A DIVISION OF

MOBIL OIL CORPORATION

November 14, 1986

Mr. Kevin Lambert Environmental Improvement Division Grandwater and Hazardous Waste Bureau P. O.. Box 968, Crcwn Building Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-0968

MOBIL PILOT IN-SITU LEACH URANIUM PROJECT, CROWNPOINT, NM

Dear Mr. Lambert:

In accordance with the provisions and stipulations to the Interim Mining and Reclamation Plan for the Pilot testing of in-situ uranium leaching near Crownpoint, New Mexico, please be advised that Mobil herein declares that restoration of the mining zone is complete. All water quality parameters are returned to a level consistent with the prescribed restoration standards.

As support for our restoration declaration, attached are:

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To demonstrate the completeness of restoration, Mobil proposes to enter a nine (9) month "stability period". During this period samples will be taken monthly in accordance with Appendix "A".

Mobil proposes to begin the "stability period" during November, 1986. Please contact me if you need any additional information.

Very truly yours,

J. F. Cullen Manager Technical Services

JFC:sdm.28

cc: Gary Konwinski John Angrews

Mobil Mining And Minerals Company

PO BOX ******
DENVER COLORADO BIX ***

A DIVISION OF MOBIL OIL CORPORATION

November 14, 1986

Mr. John M. Andrews, Jr. U. S. Department Interior Geological Survey Conservation Div. P. O. Box 26124 Albuquerque, NM 87125

MOBIL PILOT IN-SITU LEACH URANIUM PROJECT, CROWNPOINT, NM

Dear Mr. Andrews:

In accordance with the provisions and stipulations to the Interim Mining and Reclamation Plan for the Pilot testing of in-situ uranium leaching near Crownpoint, New Mexico, please be advised that Mobil herein declares that restoration of the mining zone is complete. All water quality parameters are returned to a level consistent with the prescribed restoration standards.

As support for our restoration declaration, attached are:

- O Current water quality based on samples taken during September, 1986 (Attachment 1).
- o Historical annual water quality prior to development (Attachment 2) and through production and restoration (Attachment 3).
- A production and restoration history of the project (Attachment 4).

To demonstrate the completeness of restoration, Mobil proposes to enter a nine (9) month "stability period". During this period samples will be taken monthly in accordance with Appendix "A".

Mobil proposes to begin the "stability period" during November, 1986. Please contact me if you need any additional information.

Very truly yours.

J. F. Cullen Manager Technical Services

JFC:sdm:30

cc: Kevin Lambert Gary Konwinski

ATTACHMENT 1

Current Water Quality - Crownpoint Section 9 Wellfield September 1986

Chemical Constituent	New Mexico Standard mg/liter	Restoration Standard mg/liter	1986 Average mg/liter
Aluminum, dissolved	5.0	5.0	0.808
Arsenic	0.1	0.1	0.014
Barium	1.0	1.0	0.277
Boron	0.75	0.75	0.238
Cadmium	0.01	0.036	0.006
Chloride	250.0	250.0	54.538
Chromium	0.05	0.074	0.005
Cobalt, dissolved	0.05	0.05	0.021
Copper, dissolved	1.0	1.0	0.008
Cyanide	0.2	0.780	<0.005
Fluoride	1.6	1.6	<0.5
Iron, dissolved	1.0	5.50	0.146
Lead, dissolved	0.05	0.063	0.016
Manganese, dissolved	0.2	0.456	0.035
Molybdenum, dissolved	1.0	1.0	1.118
Mercury, total	0.002	0.002	0.0003
Nickel, dissolved	0.2	0.2	0.022
Nitrate (as N)	10.0	10.0	0.556
PH	6 to 9	6 to 9	9.062
Phenols	0.005	0.047	0.008
Combined Ra-226 & 228	30.0	97.2	59.939
Selenium, dissolved	0.05	0.05	0.006
Silver, dissolved	0.05	0.05	<0.005
Sulfate (as SO4)	600.0	600.0	47.615
TDS (at 180 C)	1000.0	1000.0	356.154
Uranium (as U)	5.0	5.0	0.319
Zinc, dissolved	10.0	10.0	0.039



Accu-Labs Researcin, Inc. 11485 W. 48th Avenue Wheat Ridge, Colorado 80033 (303) 423-2766

October 24, 1986 Page 1 of 4

Mr. Joe Sciba Mobil Oil Corporation P.O. Drawer F Crownpoint, NM 87313

RE: 8752-22793-8 Date Samples Rec'd 9-25-86

		REPORT OF ANALYSIS	YSIS		•
ALR Designation Sponsor Designation	8752-22793-8-1 208	8752-22793-8-2 209	8752-22793-8-3 216	8752-22793-8-4 211	8752-22793-8-5 212
Determination: mg/l	9-22-86	9-22-86	9-22-86	9-22-86	9-22-86
ار د					• •
Arsenic, dissolved	<0.00	0.007	0.03	0,025	0.005
Barium, dissolved	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Cadmium, dissolved	<0.005	<0.00	<0.005	<0.00>	<0.00
Chromium, dissolved	0.007	<0.00	<0.00>	<0.00	<0.00
	<0.00	<0.005	<0.00	<0.005	<0.00
	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
	0.011	0.10	<0.005	<0.005	0.005
	0.0002	0.0015	0.0002	0.0002	<0.0001
	0.14	<0.05	<0.05	0.07	0.0
Selenium, dissolved	0.008	0.011	<0.00	<0.00	0,005
Silver, dissolved	<0.005	<0.00	<0.00	<0.00	<0.00
	53	35	56	110	12
Copper, dissolved	0.01	0.042	0.005	<0.005	<0.00
	0.10	0.26	0.02	<0.02	<0.02
Manganese, dissolved	0.015	0.029	0.020	0.16	0,010
	0.016	0.005	0.004	0.018	0.008
	44	70	31	44	51
	310	360	280	420	300

Mr. Joe Sciba Mobil Oil Corporation RE: 8752-22793-8 Date Samples Rec'd 9-25-86

ALR Designation Sponsor Designation	8752-22793-8-1 208 9-22-86	8752-22793-8-2 209 0-22-86	8752-22793-8-3 210 9-22-86	8752-22793-8-4 211 9-22-86	8752-22793-8-5 212 9-22-86
Determination: mg/L	00 33 6	00-22-6	00-33-6	00-33-6	00 33 6
Zinc, dissolved	0.038	0.21	0.012	0.011	0.013
Ha	9.1	8.7	9.1	8.7	10
Aluminum, dissolved	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Boron	0.1	0.1	0.2	9*0	0.5
Cobalt, dissolved	0.02	0.02	0.03	<0.02	<0.02
Molybdenum, dissolved	1.4	2.7	29.0	1.5	0.56
Nickel, dissolved	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
Conductivity, µmhos/cm	550	610	520	770	260
Sodium, dissolved	120	120	110	120	110
Calcium, dissolved	6.3	5.7	2.5	52	3.0
Magnesium, dissolved	0.12	0.17	60.0	0.81	<0.05
Potassium, dissolved	6.0	0.8	0.7	1.4	1.3
Carbonate (as CO_3)	9	12	18	12	87
Bicarbonate (as HCO ₃)	210	190	200	170	86
Silica (as 510_2)	28	58	14	22	27

October 24, 1986 Page 3 of 4

Mr. Joe Sciba Mobil Oil Corporation

RE: 8752-22793-8 Date Samples Rec'd 9-25-86

	8752-22793-8-8 220 9-22-86	00 77-6	0.028	<0.2	<0.00	\$00 * 0> `	<0.00	<0.5	<0.00	<0.0001	<0.0>	<0.00	<0.00	61	<0.000	0.02	0.026	900*0	48	260
REPORT OF ANALYSIS	8752-22793-8-7 216	00-27-6	0.030	0.4	900*0	<0.00	<0.00	<0.5	<0.00	<0.0001	4.0	<0.000	<0.00	88	<0.00	<0.02	0.035	0.015	45	380
REPOR	8752-22793-8-6 215 0-22-86	00-32-6	0.040	0.3	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0,5	0,005	<0.0001	0.62	<0.005	<0.005	78	0.005	0.10	0.048	0.005	46	370
	ALR Designation Sponsor Designation	Determination: mg/L	Arsenic, dissolved	Barlum, dissolved	Cadmfum, dissolved	Chromium, dissolved	Cyanide	Fluoride	Lead, dissolved	Mercury, total	Nitrate (as N)	Selenfum, dissolved	Silver, dissolved	Chloride	Copper, dissolved	Iron, dissolved	Manganese, dissolved	Phenols	Sulfate (as SO_4)	TDS (at 180°C)

October 24, 1986 Page 4 of 4 Mr. Joe Sciba Mobil Oil Corporation RE: 8752-22793-8 Date Samples Rec'd 9-25-86

REPORT OF ANALYSIS

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	1		
ALR Designation Sponsor Designation	8752-22793-8-6 215	8752-22793-8-7	8752-22793-8-8 220
Determination: mg/L	9-22-86	9-22-86	9-22-86
Zinc, dissolved	0.016	0.013	0.013
	1,00	8.0	8.7
	°0,0	<0.5	<0.5
Cobalt, dissolved	2°0 2°0	0.2	0.1
Molybdenum, dissolved	1.0	20.0V	20 ° 0> .
Nickel, dissolved	0.02	10° 0	66.0
Conductivity, µmhos/cm	630	680	50.02
Sodfum, dissolved	100	001	000
Calcium, dissoived	21	23	32
Magnesium, dissolved	0.44	0.37	11
Potassium, dissolved	1.2	α c	0.31
Carbonate (as CO ₂)	18	,	/•n
Bicarbonate (as HCO ₂)	140	160	21
Silica (as SiO ₂)	28	23	140
ı		,,,,	24

These samples are scheduled to be discarded 30 days after the date of this report.

Cathy Cairns Shugarth Water Laboratory Supervisor

W 4P/500



Accu-Labs Research, Inc. 11485 W. 48th Avenue Wheat Ridge, Colorado 80033 (303) 423-2766

October 24, 1986 Page 1 of 2

Mr. Joe Sciba ; Mobil Oil Corporation P.O. Drawer F Crownpoint, NM 87313

RE: 8752-22863-5 Date Samples Rec'd 10-6-86

ALR Designation Sponsor Designation	8752-22863-5-1 213	8752-22863-5-2	8752-22863-5-3 217	8752-22863-5-4 218	8752-22863-5-5 219
Determination: mg/L	9-30-89	9-30-86	9-30-86	9-30-86	9-30-80
Aluminum, dissolved	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	4.5
Arsenic, dissolved	<0.005	<0.005	<0.00>	0.015	0.008
Barium, dissolved	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	6.0
Bicarbonate (as HCO ₃)	170	160	93	180	190
Boron	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2
Cadmium, dissolved	600.0	<0.00	900.0	0.007	<0.00
Calcium, dissolved	5.7	2.4	8.5	2.2	18
Carbonate (as ${\rm CO}_3$)	18	31	37	25	18
Chloride	40	38	88	25	79
Chromium, dissolved	<0.00	<0.005	<0.005	<0.00	<0.00
Cobalt, dissolved	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
Conductivity, umhos/cm	550	290	610	520	800
Copper, dissolved	<0.00	<0.005	<0.005	<0.00	<0.00
Cyanide	<0.00	<0.005	<0.00	<0.00	<0.00
Fluoride	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Iron, dissolved	0.12	0.07	0.03	<0.02	1.1
Lead, dissolved	<0.00	<0.005	<0.005	<0.00	0.043
Magnesium, dissolved	0.11	<0.05	0.14	90*0	0.47

October 24, 1986 Page 2 of 2

Mr. Joe Sciba Mobil Oil Corporation

RE: 8752-22863-5 Date Samples Rec'd 10-6-86

REPORT OF ANALYSIS

ALR Designation Sponsor Designation	8752-22863-5-1 213 9-30-86	8752-22863-5-2 214 9-30-86	8752-22863-5-3 217 9-30-86	8752-22863-5-4 218 9-30-86	8752-22863-5-5 219 9-30-86
		000	300 07	500 0>	0.076
Manganese, dissolved Mercury, total	0.0002	<0.003	<0.0001	<0.0001	0.0012
Molybdenum, total	0.98	0.67	1.1	0.92	1.5
Nickel, total	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	20°0>
Nitrate/Nitrite (as N)	98.0	<0.05	1.1	<0.05	0.10
H 0	9.1	8.6	9.6	9.1	8.00
Phenols	<0.002	<0.002	0.010	0.003	0.00/
Potassium, dissolved	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.4	9.0
Selenium, dissolved	<0.00	<0.00	<0.005	<0.00	<0.00 30
Silica (as SiO ₂)	22	19	25	18	38
Silver, dissolved	<0.00	<0.005	<0.00\$	<0.00	<0.0°
Sodium, dissolved	110	140	110	120	140
TDS (at 180°C)	320	350	360	340	580
Sulfate (as SOA)	33	55	19	33	100
Zinc, dissolved	0.015	0.013	0.012	0.017	0.13

These samples are scheduled to be discarded 30 days after the date of this report.

Water^ULaboratory Supervisor



Accu-Labs Research, Inc. 11485 W. 48th Avenue Wheat Ridge, Colorado 80033

(303) 423-2766

October 3, 1986

Mr. Joe Sciba Mobil Oil Corporation P.O. Drawer F Crownpoint, NM 87313

RE: 8752-22831-3

Date Samples Rec'd 10-1-86

REPORT OF ANALYSIS

ALR Designation Sponsor Designation	8752-22831-3-1 Well 214 9-30-86	8752-22831-3-2 Well 218 9-29-86	8752-22831-3-3 Well 219 9-30-86
Determination: pCi/L			
Radon-222, ± counting error*	10 ± 5	11 ± 6	120 ± 10

*Variability of the radioactive disintegration process (counting error) at the 95% confidence level, 1.960. These samples are scheduled to be disposed of 45 days after the date of this report.

> Bud Summers Radiochemistry

Supervisor

BS/dh

y. 28/1/



Accu-Labs Research, Inc.

11485 W. 48th Avenue Wheat Ridge, Colorado 80033 (303) 423-2766

September 29, 1986 Page 1 of 1

Mr. Joe Sciba Mobil Oil Corporation P.O. Drawer F Crownpoint, NM 87313

RE: 8752-22783-5

Date Samples Rec'd 9-24-86

REPORT OF ANALYSIS

ALR Designation Sponsor Designation	8752-22783-5-1 Well 213 9-23-86	8752-22783-5-2 Well 215 9-22-86	8752-22783-5-3 Well 216 9-22-86	8752-22783-5-4 Well 217 9-22-86	8752-22783-5-5 Well 220 9-22-86
Determination: pCi/L					
Radon-222, ± counting error	410 ± 20	1400 ± 100	850 ± 30	1700 ± 100	62 ± 9

*Variability of the radioactive disintegration process (counting error) at the 95% confidence level, 1.960. These samples are scheduled to be disposed of 45 days after the date of this report.

BS/Ch

Bud Summers

Radiochemistry Supervisor



Accu-Labs Research, Inc.

11485 W. 48th Avenue Wheat Ridge, Colorado 80033 (303) 423-2766

September 22, 1986 Page 1 of 1

Mr. Joe Sciba Mobil Oil Corporation P.O. Drawer F Crownpoint, NM 87313

RE: 8752-22757-2 Date Samples Rec'd 9-19-86

REPORT OF ANALYSIS

ALR Designation Sponsor Designation	8752-22757-2-1 No. 211 9-18-86	8752-22757-2-2 No. 212 9-18-86
Determination: pCi/L		

Radon-222, ± counting error*

28 ± 6

 10 ± 5

*Variability of the radioactive disintegration process (counting error) at the 95% confidence level, 1.96 σ .
These samples are scheduled to be disposed of 45 days after the date of this report.

Bud Summers Radiochemistry

Supervisor

BS/dh

dh

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Accu-Labs Research, Inc.

11485 W. 48th Avenue Wheat Ridge, Colorado 80033 (303) 423-2766

September 22, 1986 Page 1 of 1

Mr. Joe Sciba Mobil Oil Corporation P.O. Drawer F Crownpoint, NM 87313

RE: 8752-22748-3

Date Samples Rec'd 9-18-86

REPORT OF ANALYSIS

ALR Designation Sponsor Designation	8752-22748-3-1 Well 208	8752-22748-3-2 Well 209	8752-22748-3-3 Well 210	
Determination: pCi/L				
Radon-222, ± counting error*	440 ± 30	13,000 ± 1000	140 ± 20	

*Variability of the radioactive disintegration process (counting error) at the 95% confidence level, 1.96 σ . These samples are scheduled to be disposed of 45 days after the date of this report.

Bud Summers Radiochemistry Supervisor

BS/dh

dl



Accu-Labs Research, Inc.

11485 W. 48th Avenue Wheat Ridge, Colorado 80033 (303) 423-2766

November 13, 1986 Page 1 of 2

Mr. Joe Sciba Mobil Oil Corporation P.O. Drawer F Crownpoint, NM 87313

RE: 8752-22793-8

Date Samples Rec'd 9-25-86

ALR Designation Sponsor Designation	8752-22793-8-1 208 9-22-86	8752-22793-8-2 209 9-22-86	8752-22793-8-3 210 9-22 - 86	8752-22793-8-4 211 9-22-86	8752-22793-8-5 212 9-22-86
Determination: pCi/L					
Gross Alpha, dissolved,					
± counting error*	310 ± 20	2200 ± 100	49 ± 8	84 ± 12	28 ± 7
Gross Beta, dissolved,					
± counting error*	140 ± 10	1000 ± 100	10 ± 5	16 ± 10	17 ± 5
Lead-210, dissolved,	43 . 3	770 . 10	21.16	0.4.1.6	0.0.1.5
± counting error*	47 ± 3	770 ± 10	3.1 ± 1.6	2.4 ± 1.6	-0.2 ± 1.5
Radium-226, dissolved,	11 ± 2	120 ± 10	4.3 ± 1.2	34 ± 3	0.6 ± 0.4
<pre>± counting error* Radium-228, dissolved,</pre>	11 1 2	120 1 10	4.3 I 1.2	34 I 3	U.O I U.4
± counting error*	0.9 ± 0.9	0.0 ± 1.4	-0.3 ± 0.8	0.2 ± 1.1	0.3 ± 1.0
Combined Radium-226 and	0.5 2 0.5	0.0 1 1.4	0.5 1 0.0	V.L 1 1.1	0.3 1 1.0
Radium-228, ± counting					
error*	12 ± 2	120 ± 10	4.0 ± 1.4	34 ± 3	0.9 ± 1.1
Thorium-230.					
± counting error*	5.9 ± 1.4	72 ± 2	0.0 ± 0.1	0.0 ± 0.1	0.2 ± 0.2
Uranium (as U),					
dissolved, mg/L	0.28	0.68	0.034	0.037	0.033

November 13, 1986 Page 2 of 2 Mr. Joe Sciba Mobil Oil Corporation RE: 8752-22793-8 Date Samples Rec'd 9-25-86

REPORT OF ANALYSIS

ALR Designation Sponsor Designation	8752-22793-8-6 215 9-22-53	8752-22793-8-7 216 9-22-86	8752-22793-8-8 220 9-22-86
Determination: pCi/L	7 77		
Gross Alpha, dissolved, t counting error*	700 ± 30	160 ± 20	210 ± 20
<pre>Gross Beta, dissolved,</pre>	260 ± 10	53 ± 7	34 ± 6
Lead-ZIU, dissolved, ± counting error*	30 ± 2	11 ± 2	2.0 ± 1.5
<pre>kdulum=220, dissolved,</pre>	58 ± 3	47 ± 4	26 ± 3
<pre>kadlum=228, dissolved, t counting error* Combined Radium=226 and</pre>	1.3 ± 0.8	1.1 ± 0.9	0.3 ± 0.9
Radium-228, ± counting error*	59 ± 3	48 ± 4	26 ± 3
inorium=230, ± counting error*	46 ± 2	1.4 ± 0.4	0.4 ± 0.2
oranium (as U), dissolved, mg/L	0.80	0.16	0.26

*Variability of the radioactive disintegration process (counting error) at the 95% confidence level, 1.96 σ . These samples are scheduled to be discarded 45 days after the date of this report.

BS/dh dle cc: Jerry Lyons, Mobil

Radiochemistry Supervisor



Accu-Labs Researcn, Inc.

11485 W. 48th Avenue Wheat Ridge, Colorado 80033 (303) 423-2766

November 14, 1986 Page 1 of 1

Mr. Joe Sciba Mobil Oil Corporation P.O. Drawer F Crownpoint, NM 87313

RE: 8752-22863-5

Date Samples Rec'd 10-6-86

PARTIAL REPORT

REPORT OF ANALYSIS

		1127 0117 01 711711			
ALR Designation Sponsor Designation	8752-22863-5-1 213 9-30-86	8752-22863-5-2 214 9-30-86	8752-22863-5-3 217 9-30-86	8752-22863-5-4 218 9-30-86	8752-22863-5-5 219 9-30-86
Determination: pCi/L					
Radium-226, dissolved, ± counting error*	11 ± 2	4.4 ± 1.3	7.1 ± 1.6	2.2 ± 1.0	45 0 ± 1 0
Radium-228, dissolved, ± counting error*	0.5 ± 0.9	0.0 ± 0.7	-0.3 ± 0.6	-0.1 ± 0.8	3.6 ± 1.1
Combined Radium-226 and Radium-228, ± counting error*	12 ± 2	4.4 ± 1.5	6.8 ± 1.7	2.1 ± 1.3	450 ± 10
Uranium (as U), dissolved, mg/L	0.21	0.047	0.11	0.19	1.3

Bud Summers Radiochemistry Supervisor

BS/dh

OFFICIAL FILE COPY

ATTACHMENT 2
Baseline Water Quality
Data, Crownpoint, Section 9

FILE 1. A.1,2,1

November 10, 1980

Mr. Gerald W. Stewart Environmental Program Manager Uranium Licensing Section Radiation Protection Bureau P. O. Box 968 Santa Fe. New Mexico 87503

> Pilot In Situ Test Crownpoint, Section 9 Radioactive Material License NM-MOB-UL-02 Baseline and Restoration Data

Dear Mr. Stewart:

Please find enclosed the final compilation and balculation of baseline and restoration values for all of the ground water-sampling and analyses completed prior to initiating injection of leaching fluids at the Crownpoint, Section 9 Pilot In Situ Uranium Test Project. These data are submitted in compliance with Radioactive Material License MM-MOB-UL-02.

As can be seen in reviewing the data, wells 202 through 225 were sampled from five to six times for baseline determination while wells 276 through 280 were sampled three times for baseline determination. The mean, mean plus three standard deviations, maximum value, applicable New Mexico Mater Quality Control Commission Standards, and restoration values are tabulated for each parameter for each well or group of wells in accordance with the USGS stipulations. The average value (baseline value) for each parameter for all wells is reported for both the Mestwater Canyon and Dakota Aquifers.

If you have any questions, please contact me at (303) 572-2585 or W. A. Steingraber at (303) 572-5764.

Sincerely,

G. A. Créssuell

Hydrological & Environmental Affairs Manager-Uranium

750-41

MAS:gh Enclosures

STEMP FILE CAPTION

FILE 1, A, 1, 2,1

November 10, 1980

Ms. Maxine S. Goad Program Manager Ground Water Section Water Pollution Control Bureau P. O. Box 968 Santa Fe. New Mexico 87503

> Pilot In Situ Test Crownpoint, Section 9 Discharge Plan DP-26 Baseline and Restoration Data

Dear Ms. Goad:

Please find enclosed the final compilation and calculation of baseline and restoration values for all of the ground water sampling and analyses completed prior to initiating injection of leaching fluids at the Crownpoint, Section 9 Pilot In Situ Uranium Test Project. These data are submitted in compliance with Discharge Plan DP-26.

As can be seen in reviewing the data, wells 202 through 225 were sampled from five to six times for baseline determination while wells 276 through 280 were sampled three times for baseline determination. The mean, mean plus three standard deviations, maximum value, applicable New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission Standards, and restoration values are tabulated for each parameter for each well or group of wells in accordance with the USGS stipulations. The average value (baseline value) for each parameter for all wells is reported for both the Westwater Canyon and Dakota Aquifers.

If you have any questions, please contact me at (303) 572-2585 or W. A. Steingraber at (303) 572-5764.

Sincerely.

G. A. Cresswell

Hydrological & Environmental Affairs Manager-Uranium

MAS:gh Enclosures

BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA

ALUMINUM mo/l

			mg/1			
WELL Number	AVERAGE	MEAN	MEAN + 3o	MAXIMUM VALUE	NMWQCC STANDARD	RESTORATION VALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	0.2 0.1 0.3 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.4 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.1	0.2	1.3	1.6	5.0	5.0
202 221 222 223 224 225	0.1 0.3 0.2 <0.1 0.6 0.1				5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0
207	0.3				5.0	5.0
277 278 279 280	<0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	5.0	5.0
276-A 276-B	<0.5 <0.5				5.0 5.0	5.0 5.0

BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA

ARSENIC mg/l

WELL NUMBER	AVERAGE	MEAN	MEAN + 3σ	MAXIMUM VALUE	NMWQCC STANDARD	RESTORATION VALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	0.002 0.003 0.017 0.003 0.002 0.003 0.002 0.003 0.005 0.005 0.003	0.004	0.025	0.04	0.100	0.10
202 221 222 223 224 225	0.003 0.003 0.002 0.003 0.002 0.003				0.100 0.100 0.100 0.100 0.100 0.100	0.100 0.100 0.1 0.100 0.100 0.100
207	0.002				0.100	0.100
277 278 279 280	0.008 0.003 0.005 0.003	— 0.005	0.015	0.01	0.100	0.100
276-A 276-B	0.002 0.006				0.100 0.100	0.100 0.100

BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA

BARIUM mo/l

			mg/1	•		
WELL NUMBER	AVERAGE	MEAN	MEAN + 3 °	MAXIMUM VALUE	NMWQCC STANDARD	RESTORATION VALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	0.1 0.2 0.1 0.3 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2	_ 0.2	0.7	0.6	1.0	1.0
202 221 222 223 224 225	0.2 <0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1				1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
2 07	<0.1				1.0	1.0
277 278 279 280	<0.1 0.1 <0.1 <0.1	- <0.1	0.1	0.1	1.0	1.0
276-A 276-B	0.1 <0.1				1.0 1.0	1.0 1.0

BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA

ΒO	R	0	N
ma	1	١	

			mg/	1		
WELL Number	AVERAGE	MEAN	MEAN + 30	<u>NYT NE</u> MYXIMIM	OPPHAN PRANKÉZ PRANKÉZ	RESTORATION VALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.2	— 0.1	0.5	0.4	0.75	0.75
202 221 222 223 224 225	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1				0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75	0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75
2 07	0.3				0.75	0.75
277 278 279 280	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	- 0.1	0.1	0.1	0.75	0.75
276-A 276-B	0.1				0.75 0.75	0.75 0. 7 5

BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA

CADITUTE mg/l

			J, .			
WELL NUMBER	AVERAGE	MEAN	MEAN + 3 ò	MAXIMUM VALUE	NMWQCC STANDARD	RESTORATION VALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	<0.001 <0.001 0.005 0.009 0.004 0.007 0.008 0.007 0.011 0.009 0.007 0.011	0.007	0.036	0.03	0.01	0.036
202 221 222 223 224 225	0.001 0.011 0.007 0.011 0.005 <0.001				0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01	0.010 0.011 0.010 0.011 0.010 0.010 0.010
207 277 278 279 280	0.001 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	0.01	0.01
276-A 276-B	<0.01 <0.01 <0.01				0.01	0.010 0.010

BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA

CHLORIDE mg/l

WELL NUMBER	AVERAGE	MEAN	ΜΕΑΝ + 3σ	MAXIMUM VALUE	NMWQCC STANDARD	RESTORATION VALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	37.2 19.8 28.0 31.2 8.8 13.9 20.4 37.8 10.2 47.0 15.5 21.0 30.1	_ 25.3	99.8	146.0	250	250.0
202 221 222 223 224 225	9.4 8.5 5.6 5.8 26.3 9.2				250 250 250 250 250 250	250.0 250.0 250.0 250.0 250.0 250.0
207	30.0				2 50	250.0
277 278 279 280	6.0 7.0 7.0 9.0	_ 7.3	11.1	9.0	2 50	250.0
276-A 276-B	6.0 95.3				25 0 250	25 0.0 25 0.0

BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA

CHROMIUM mg/l

WELL NUMBER	AVERAGE	<u>MEAN</u>	<u>MEAN + 3 ö</u>	MAXIMUM VALUE	NMWQCC STANDARD	RESTORATION VALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	0.002 0.002 0.002 0.002 0.003 0.003 0.001 0.004 0.002 0.002 0.002 0.002	— 0.005	0.074	0.190	0.05	0.074
202 221 222 223 224 225	0.003 0.013 0.007 0.003 0.002 0.002				0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05	0.050 0.050 0.050 0.050 0.050
207	0.003				0.05	0.050
277 278 279 280	<0.05 <0.05 <0.05 <0.05	- <0.05	<0.05	< 0.05	0.05	0.050
276-A 276-B	<0.05 <0.05				0.05 0.05	0.05 0 0.050

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BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA

COBALT mg/l

WELL Number	AVERAGE MEAN	MEAN + 30	MAXIMUM VALUE	NMWQCC STANDARD	RESTORATION VALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	<0.05 <0.05 <0.05 <0.05 <0.05 <0.05 <0.05 <0.05 <0.05 <0.05 <0.05 <0.05 <0.05 <0.05 <0.05	<0.05	0.06	0.05	0.05
202 221 222 223 224 225	<0.05 <0.05 <0.05 <0.05 <0.05 <0.05			0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05	0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05
207	<0.05			0.05	0.05
277 278 279 280	<0.06 <0.06 <0.06 <0.06	< 0.06	0.08	0.05	0.05
276-A 276-B	<0.06 <0.06			0.05 0.05	0.06 0.06

BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA

COPPER mg/l

			mg/l			
WELL Number	AVERAGE	MEAN	MEAN + 3 o	MAXIMUM VALUE	NMWQCC STANDARD	RESTORATION VALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	0.010 <0.001 0.005 <0.05 <0.05 <0.002 0.001 0.019 <0.05 <0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.002	— 0.003	0.029	0.07	1.0	1.000
202 221 222 223 224 225	0.001 0.029 0.010 0.015 0.030 0.025				1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000
207	0.005				1.0	1.000
277 278 279 280	0.04 0.04 0.04 0.04	— 0.040	0.058	0.05	1.0	1.000
2 76-A 2 76-B	0.04 0.04				1.0 1.0	1.000 1.000

BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA

CYANIDE mg/l

WELL NUMBER	AVERAGE	ME AN	<u>ΜΕΑΝ + 3σ</u>	MAXIMUM VALUE	NMWQCC STANDARD	RESTORATION VALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	0.083 0.100 0.050 0.200 0.175 0.150 0.050 0.133 0.020 0.120 0.050 0.180 0.067	0.097	0.780	1.4	0.2	0.780
202 221 222 223 224 225	0.020 0.017 0.017 0.380 0.017 0.200				0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.200 0.200 0.200 0.380 0.200 0.200
2 07	0.050				0.2	0.200
277 278 279 280	<0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005	_ <0.005	<0.005	<0.005	0.2	0.200
276-A 276-B	<0.005 <0.008				0.2 0.2	0.200 0.200

BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA

IRON mg/l

WELL NUMBER	AVERAGE	MEAN	MEAN + 3o	MAXIMUM VALUE	NMWQCC STANDARD	RESTORATION VALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	1.29 0.18 1.88 0.06 0.08 0.41 0.43 0.83 0.34 0.08 0.59 0.19 1.46	0.64	5.50	8.50	1.00	.5.50
202 221 222 223 224 225	2.05 0.14 0.24 0.42 2.46 0.19				1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	2.05 1.00 1.00 1.00 2.46 1.00
207	2.20				1.00	2.20
277 278 279 280	0.08 0.35 0.15 0.09	0.16	0.51	0.38	1.00	1.00
276-A 276-B	0.06				1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00

BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA

LEAD mg/l

WELL NUMBER	AVERAGE	MEAN	MEAN + 3o	MAXIMUM VALUE	NMWQCC STANDARD	RESTORATION VALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	0.001 0.004 0.002 < 0.001 0.006 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.029 0.001 0.001	- 0.003	0.063	0.170	0.05	0.063
202 221 222 223 224 225	0.001 0.007 0.001 0.002 0.001 0.001				0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05	0.050 0.050 0.050 0.050 0.050 0.050
207 277 278 279 280	0.003 < 0.01 < 0.01 < 0.01 < 0.01 < 0.01	< 0.01	<0.01	< 0.01	0.05	0.050
276-A 276-B	< 0.01 < 0.01				0.05 0.05	0.050 0.050

BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA

MANGANESE mg/l

WELL NUMBER	AVERAGE	MEAN	MEAN + 3o	MAXIMUM VALUE	NMWQCC STANDARD	RESTORATION VALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	0.181 0.062 0.108 0.052 0.009 0.044 0.041 0.150 0.018 0.022 0.069 0.050 0.031	0.066	0.456	0.94	0.2	0.456
202 221 222 223 224 225	0.096 0.027 0.016 0.010 0.050 0.006				0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20
207	0.121				0.2	0.20
277 278 279 280	<0.01 <0.01 <0.01 0.01		0.013	0.02	0.2	0.20
276-A 276-B	<0.01 0.19				0.2 0.2	0.20 0.20

BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA

MOLYBDENUM mg/l

WELL				MAXIMUM	NMWQCC	RESTORATION
NUMBER	AVERAGE	MEAN	MEAN + 3σ	VALUE	STANDARD	VALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	0.291 0.078 0.582 0.020 0.165 0.209 0.044 0.077 0.078 0.066 0.486 0.673 0.272	0.238	0.661	2.3	1.0	1.0
202 221 222 223 224 225	0.099 0.012 0.011 0.052 0.010 0.329				1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
2 07	0.003				1.0	1.0
277 278 279 280	0.042 0.033 0.036 0.021	— 0.033	0.042	0.046	1.0	1.0
276-A 276-B	0.020 0.007				1.0	1.0 1.0

BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA TOTAL MERCURY

mg/l

WELL Number	AVERAGE	ME AN_	MEAN + 30	MAXIMUM VALUE	NMWQCC STANDARD	RESTORATION VALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	0.00087 0.00040 0.00094 0.00018 0.00013 0.00088 0.00080 0.00042 <0.00004 0.00008 0.00008 0.00024 0.00080	0.00053	0.00194	0.0055	0.002	0.0020
202 221 222 223 224 225	0.0010 0.00083 0.00010 0.00002 <0.00004 <0.00004				0.002 0.002 0.002 0.002 0.002 0.002	0.0020 0.0020 0.0020 0.0020 0.0020 0.0020
2 07	<0.00004				0.002	<0.0020
277 278 279 280	<0.00003 <0.00003 <0.00003 <0.00003	_ <0.00003	<0.00003	<0.00003	0.002	0.0020
276-A 276-B	<0.00003 <0.00004				0.002 0.002	0.0020 0.0020

BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA

NICKEL mg/l

WELL NUMBER	<u>AVERAGE</u>	MEAN	<u>ΜΕΑΝ + 3σ</u>	MAXIMUM VALUE	NMWQCC STANDARD	RESTORATION VALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	0.01 0.02 0.02 0.03 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.02 0.03 0.03	— 0.02	0.11	0.10	0.2	0.20
202 221 222 223 224 225	0.01 0.02 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.03				0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20
207	0.02				0.2	0.20
277 278 279 280	0.03 0.04 <0.02 <0.02	0.02	0.08	0.06	0.2	0.20
276-A 276-B	0.03 <0.02				0.2 0.2	0.20 0.2 0

BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA

NITRATE (asN) mg/l

WELL NUMBER	AVERAGE	ME AN	MEAN + 3σ	MAXIMUM VALUE	NMWQCC STANDARD	RESTORATION VALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	0.08 0.08 0.12 0.08 0.22 0.08 <0.10 0.10 0.09 0.04 0.07 0.11 0.05	- 0.08	0.69	1.9	10.0	10.0
202 221 222 223 224 225	0.08 0.07 0.07 0.04 0.32 0.12				10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0	10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0
2 07	0.08				10.0	10.0
277 278 279 280	<0.04 <0.04 0.08 0.14	- 0.05	0.23	0.15	10.0	10.0
276-A 276-B	<0.04 <0.05				10.0 10.0	10.0 10.0

BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA

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WELL NUMBER	<u>AVERAGE</u>	MEAN_	MEAN + 30	MAXIMUM VALUE	NMWQCC STANDARD	RESTORATION VALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	7.9 7.4 7.3 7.8 8.0 7.4 7.2 7.8 8.3 7.4 7.3 7.8	7.4	N/A	9.1	6 to 9	6 to 9
202 221 222 223 224 225	7.6 7.9 7.9 7.8 7.5 7.6				6 to 9 6 to 9 6 to 9 6 to 9 6 to 9	6 to 9 6 to 9 6 to 9 6 to 9 6 to 9
207	7.2				6 to 9	6 to 9
277 278 279 280	8.9 8.7 8.6 9.0	8.2	N/A	9.2	6 to 9	6 t o 9
276-A 276-B	8.8 7.6				6 to 9 6 to 9	6 to 9 6 to 9

BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA

PHENOLS mg/l

WELL NUMBER	AVERAGE	ME AN	MEAN + 30	MAXIMUM VALUE	NMWQCC STANDARD	RESTORATION VALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	0.004 0.010 0.010 0.020 0.023 0.012 0.008 0.011 0.016 0.004 0.012 0.009	— 0.011	0.047	0.066	0.005	0.047
202 221 222 223 224 225	0.010 0.004 0.009 0.015 0.009 0.020				0.005 0.005 0.005 0.005 0.005	0.010 0.005 0.009 0.015 0.009 0.020
2 07	0.004				0.005	0.005
277 278 279 280	0.003 0.004 0.005 0.003	— 0.004	0.008	0.007	0.005	0.008
276-A 276-B	0.003 0.009				0.005 0.005	0.005 0.009

BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA

COMBINED DISSOLVED RADIUM 226 & RADIUM 228 pCi/l

			' '		
WELL NUMBER	AVERAGE MEAN	MEAN + 30	MAXIMUM VALUE	NMWQCC STANDARD	RESTORATION VALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	<32.3 <48.2 4.5 <43.8 <6.9 <4.2 <11.6 <58.4 3.8 <6.6 <12.3 <29.0 <23.7	<97.2	89.4±3.0	30.0	97.2
202 221 222 223 224 225	<1 <2.2 <1 <1 <1.1 <8.3			30.0 30.0 30.0 30.0 30.0	30.0 30.0 30.0 30.0 30.0 30.0
207	<1.1			30.0	30.0
277 278 279 280	5.1 1.6 0.5 2.5	8.3	7.2±5.8	30.0	30.0
276-A 276-B	0.6 2.4			30.0 30.0	30.0 30.0

BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA

SELENIUM mg/l

			mg/i			
WELL NUMBER	AVERAGE	MEAN	MEAN + 3o	MAXIMUM VALUE	NMWQCC STANDARD	RESTORATION VALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	<0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01	<0.01	<0.01	0.01	0.05	0.05
202 221 222 223 224 225	<0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01				0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05	0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05
207	<0.01				0.05	0.05
!77 27 8 27 9 2 80	0.014 0.013 0.019 0.014	0.015	0.025	0.022	0.05	0.05
276-A 276-B	0.016 0.005				0.05 0.05	0.05 0.05

BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA

SILVER mg/l

WELL NUMBER	AVERAGE MEAN	MEAN + 3σ	MAXIMUM VALUE	NMWQCC STANDARD	RESTORATION VALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	<0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01	<0.01	0.02	0.05	0.05
202 221 222 223 224 225	<0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01			0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05	0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05
207	<0.01			0.05	0.05
277 278 279 280	<0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005	<0.005	<0.005	0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05	<0.005 0.05 0.05 0.05
276-A 276-B	<0.005 <0.005			0.05 0.05	0.05 0.05

BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA

SULFATE mg/l

			mg/ 1			
WELL Number	A / PRAGE	ME AN	MEAN + 3σ	MAXIMUM VALUE	NMWQCC STANDARD	RESTORATION VALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	52 16 59 30 22 61 66 30 24 23 51 18 50	40	138	158	600	600
202 221 222 223 224 225	51 40 37 33 36 28				600 600 600 600 600	600 600 600 600 600
2 07	217				600	600
277 278 279 280	32 26 32 31	. 30	43	37	600	600
276-A 276-B	36 111				600 600	600 600

BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA

TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS mg/l

			5,			
WELL Number	AVERAGE	MEAN	MEAN + 30	MAXIMUM VALUE	NMWQCC STANDARD	RESTORATION VALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	390 355 388 366 325 390 443 383 316 386 376 370 338	_ 373	589	701	1,000	1,000
202 221 222 223 224 225	412 331 315 309 326 331				1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000
207	601				1,000	1,000
277 278 279 280	322 317 308 323	_ 318	340	325	1,000	1,000
276-A 276-B	3 4 2 558				1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000

BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA

TOTAL URANIUM mg/l

			mg/ i	•		
WELL NUMBER	AVERAGE	MEAN	MEAN + 3o	MAXIMUM VALUE	NMWQCC STANDARD	RESTORATION VALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	0.023 0.006 0.014 0.007 0.010 0.008 0.007 0.014 0.008 0.005 0.009 0.010 0.043	0.013	0.062	0.082	5	5.0
202 221 222 223 224 225	0.002 0.005 0.008 0.006 0.007 0.012				5 5 5 5 5 5	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0
2 07	0.007				5	5.0
277 278 279 280	<0.002 <0.002 <0.002 <0.002	- < 0.002	<0.002	0.003	5	5.0
276-A 276-B	<0.002 0.002				5 5	5.0 5.0

BASELINE GROUNDWATER DATA

ZINC mg/l

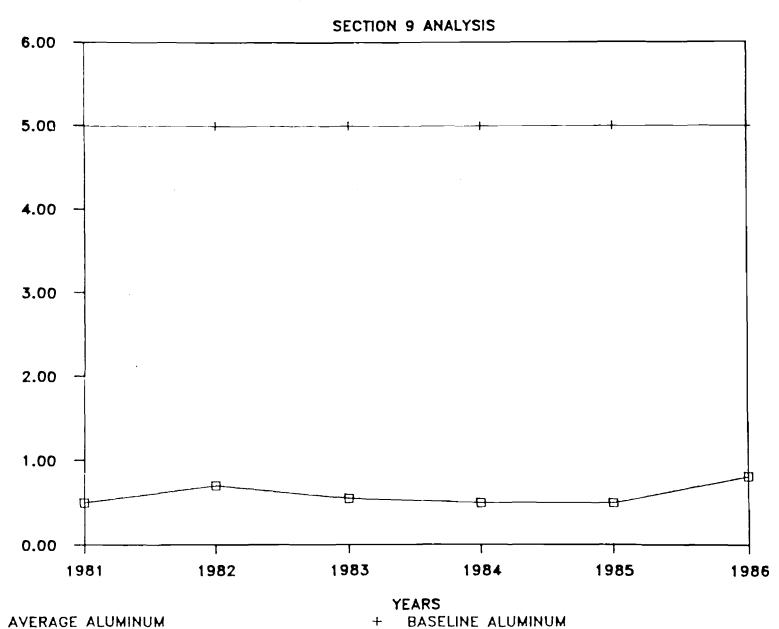
WELL Number	AVERAGE	ME AN	MEAN + 3σ	MAXIMUM VALUE	NMWQCC STANDARD	RESTORATIONVALUE
208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	<0.01 <0.01 0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 <0.01 0.01 0.01	- 0.01	0.19	0.51	10.0	10.0
202 221 222 223 224 225	0.01 0.01 0.01 <0.01 0.02 <0.01				10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0	10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0
207	0.02				10.0	10.0
277 278 279 280	0.03 0.02 0.02 0.03	_ 0.03	0.05	0.03	10.0	10.0
276-A 276-B	0.04 0.03				10.0 10.0	10.0 10.0

HISTORICAL ANNUAL WATER QUALITY

Chemical Constituent	New Mexico Standard mg/liter	Restoration Standard mg/liter	1981 Average of Values	1982 Average of Values	1983 Average of Values	1984 Average of Values	1985 Average of Values	1986 Average of Values
Aluminum, dissolved	5.0	5.0	0.500		0.550	•	0.500	0.80
Arsenic	0.1	0.1	0.086	•	•	0.057	0.032	0.01
Barium	1.0	1.0	0.227	•	•	•	0.215	0.27
Boron	0.75	0.75	0.191	0.155	0.088	0.108	0.215	0.238
Cadmium	0.01		0.005		0.005	0.005	0.007	0.006
Chloride	250.0	250.0	127.273	•	•	•	111.5	54.538
E	0.05	0	0.004	0.005	•	0.007	0.011	0.005
	0.05		0.016	•	0.020	•	0.026	0.021
Copper, dissolved	1.0	٠.	0.007		•	•	0.012	0.008
Cyanide	0.2	0.780	0.005	•	•	0.005	0.009	<0.005
Fluoride	1.6	Θ.	0.336	•	•	•	0.508	<0.5
Iron, dissolved	1.0		0.130	•	•	•	0.372	0.146
Lead, dissolved	0.05	0.	0.005	•	•	•	900.0	0.016
Manganese, dissolved	0.2	0.456	0.217	•	•	•	960.0	0.035
Molybderum, dissolved	ў. О	1.0	27.667	•	•	•	4.803	1.118
Merrury, total	0.005		9.0002	0.0019	•	•	0.0001	0.000
Nickel, dissolved	0.2	0	0.030	•	•	•	0.021	0.022
Nitrate (as N)	10.0	10.0	0.050	•	0.050	•	0.050	0.556
Hd	6 to 9	to	6.665	•	*	•	8.446	9.062
Phenols	0.005	04	0.005	0	0.003	0	0.004	0.008
Combined Ra-226 & 228	30.0	. 2		•		•	48.677	59.939
Selenium, dissolved	0.05		.01	•	•	0.017	0.032	0.006
Silver, dissolved	0.05	0.	00.	•	•	•	900.0	<0.005
(as	0.009	<u>.</u>	131.091	4	6	•	80.846	47.615
TDS (at 180 C)	1000.0	1000.0	23.18	529.727	785.000	6	\mathbf{u}	356.154
\Box	5.0		*	•	•	•	0.303	0.319
Zinc, dissolved	10.0	10.0	0.014	0.031	•	•	0.027	0.039

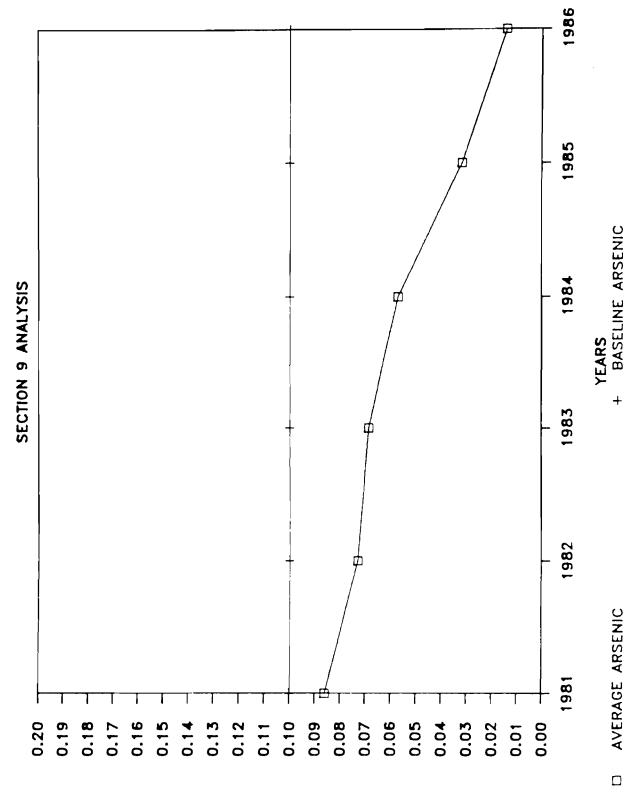
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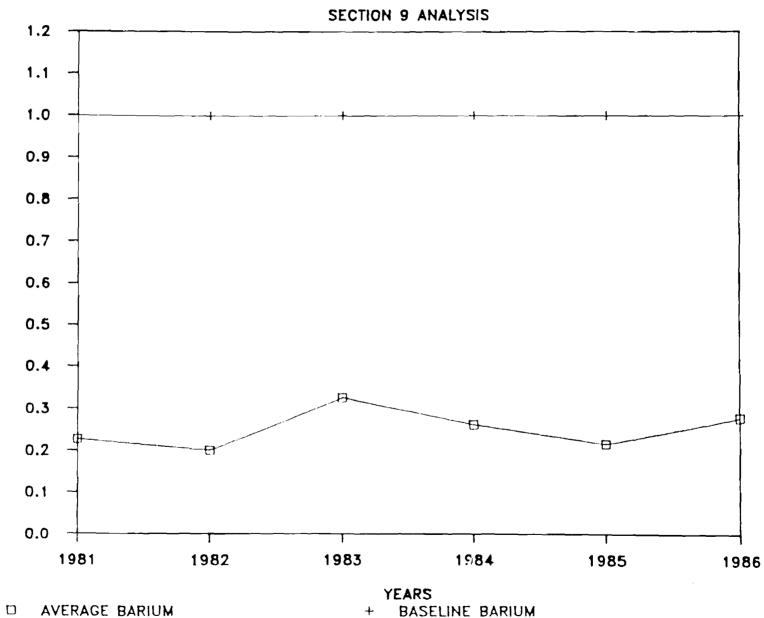
CROWNPOINT NEW MEXICO

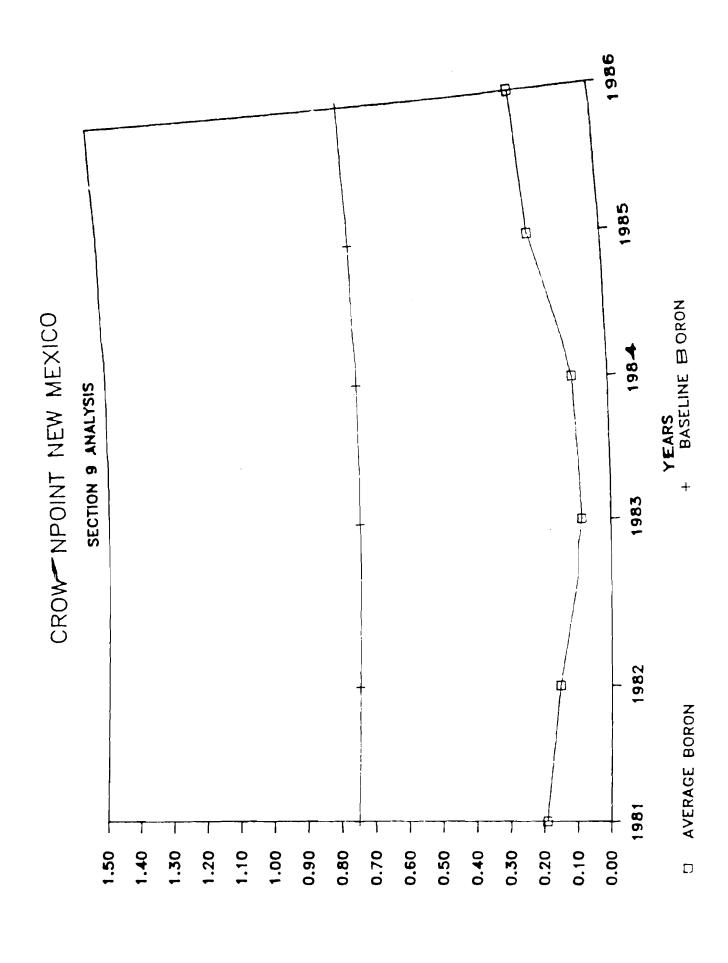


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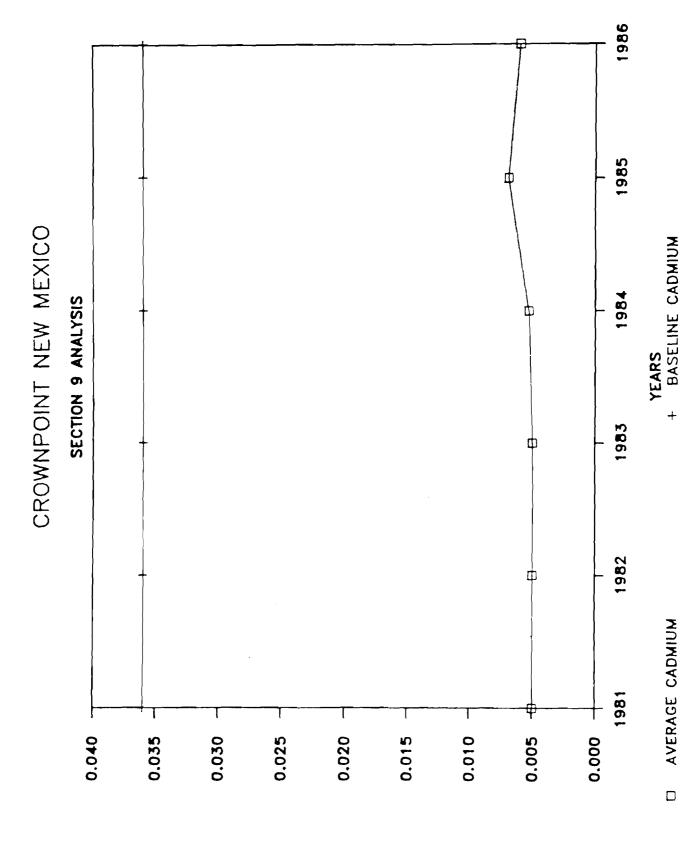
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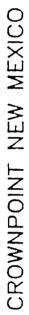


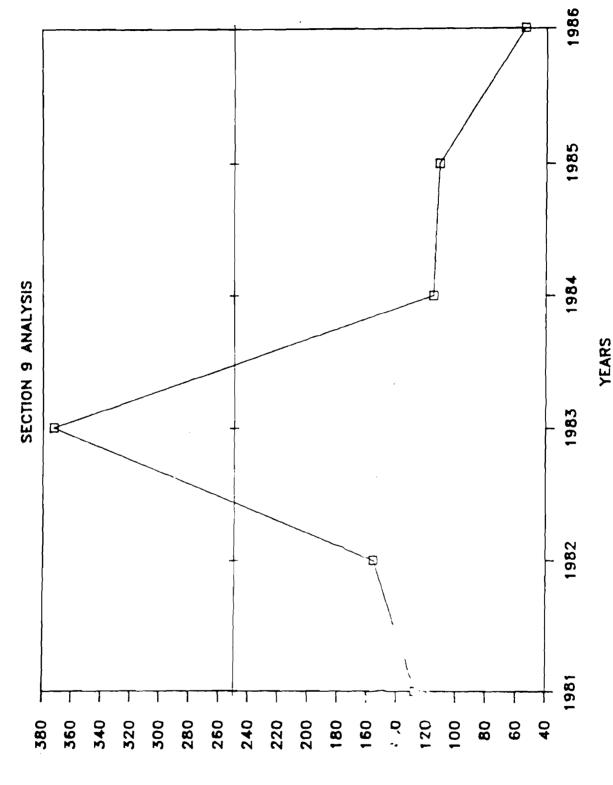


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Mdd

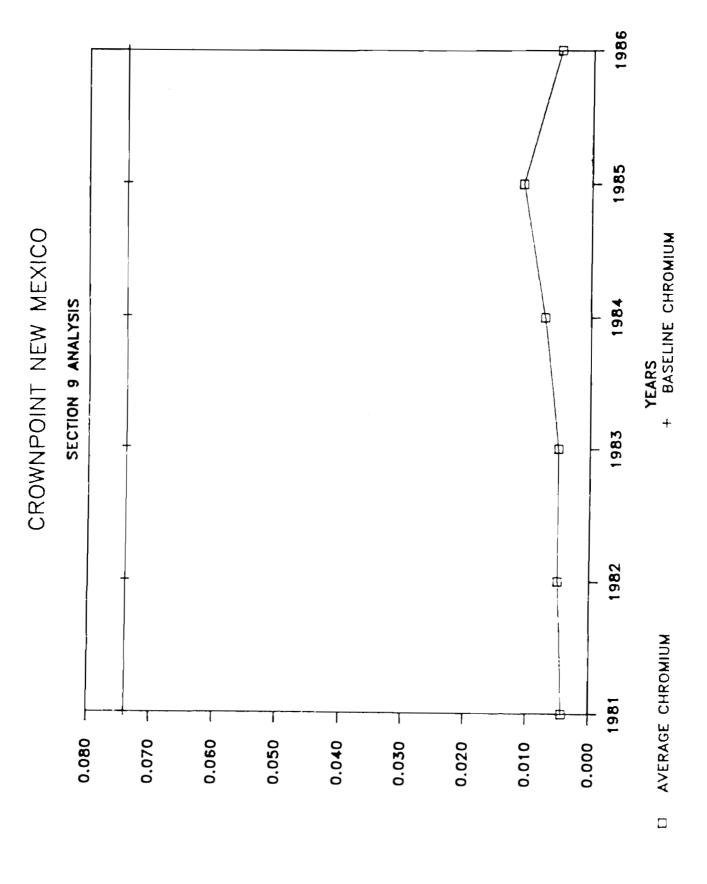


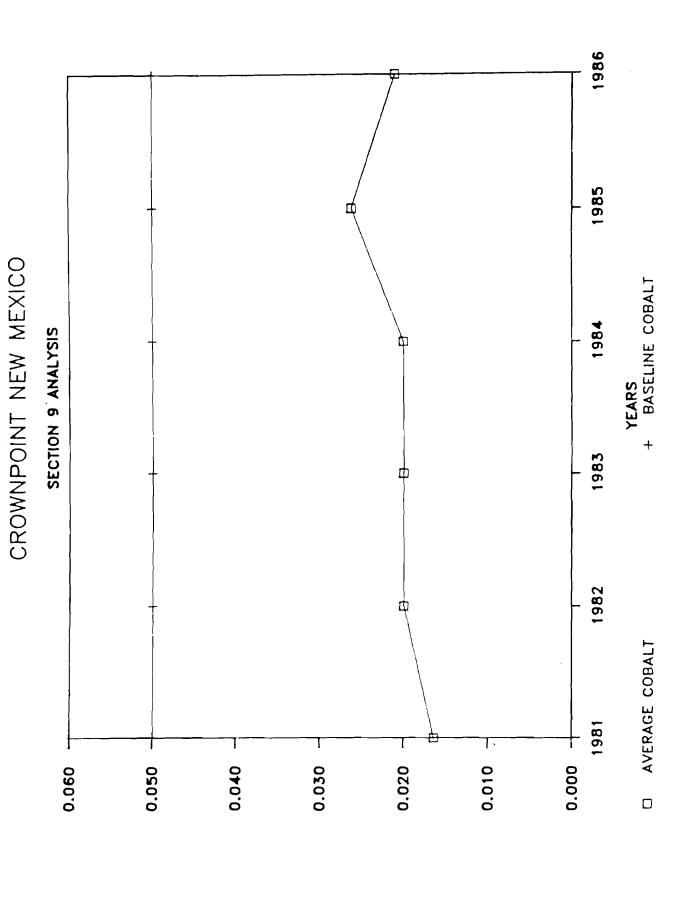


BASELINE CHLORIDE

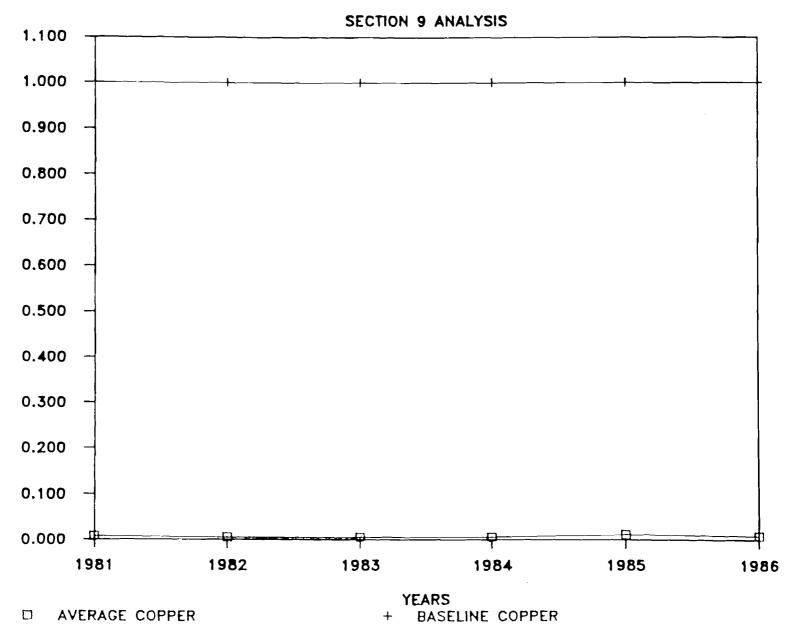
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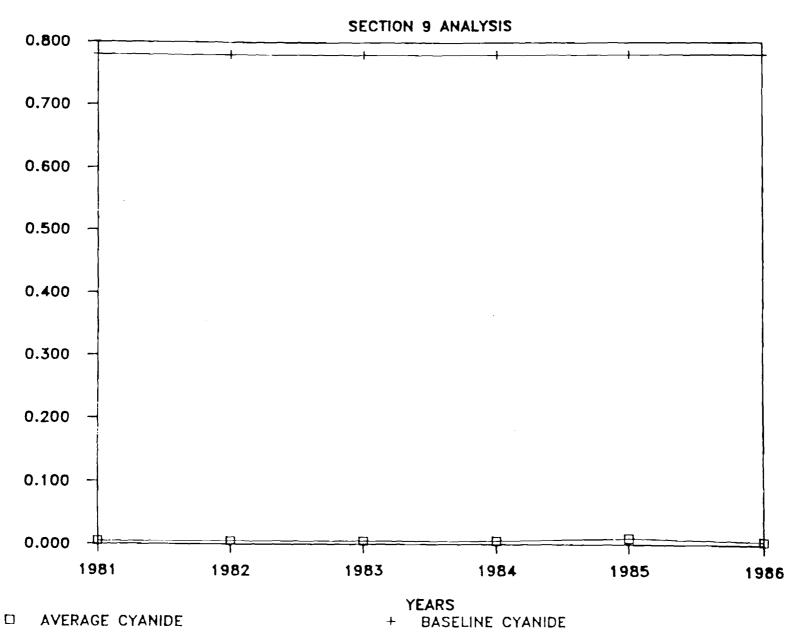
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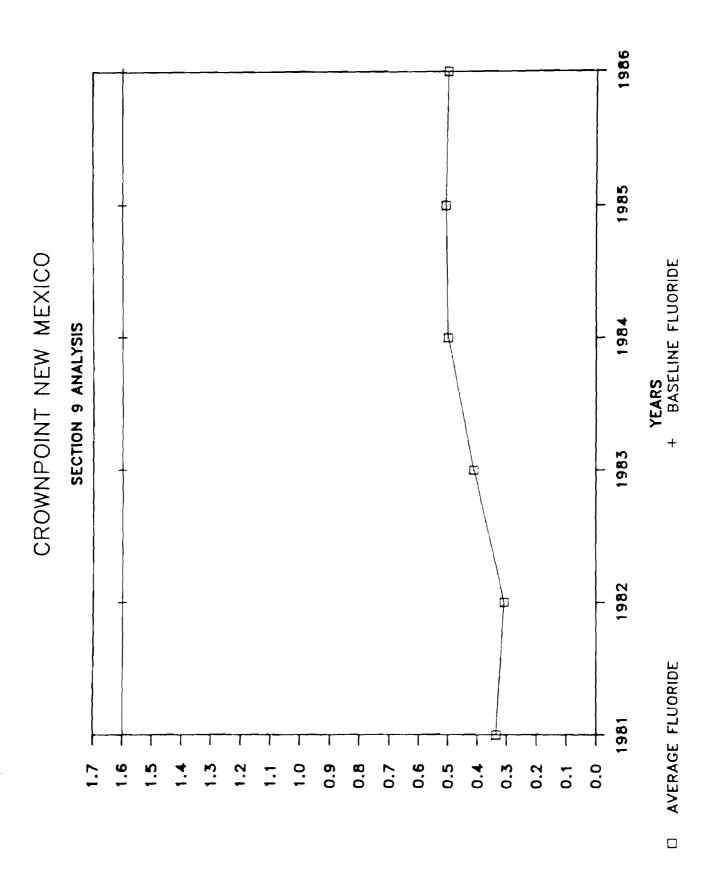


M99

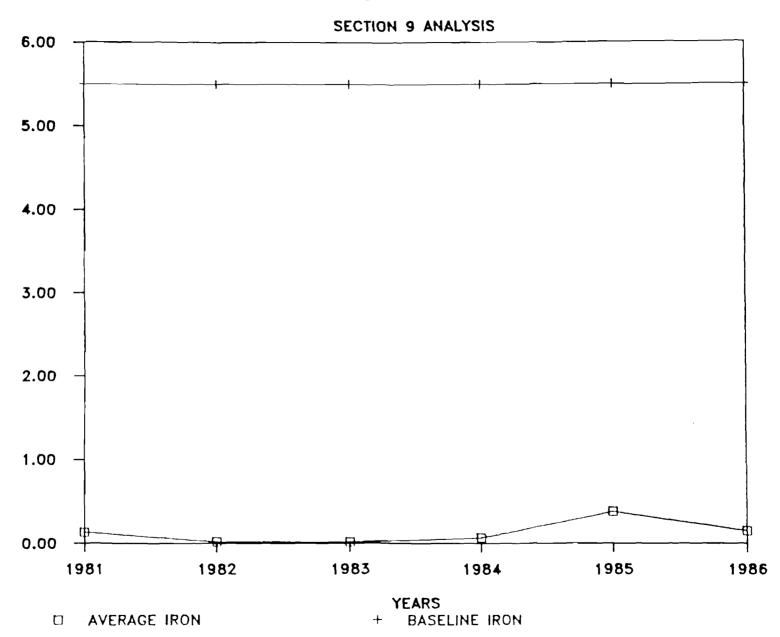


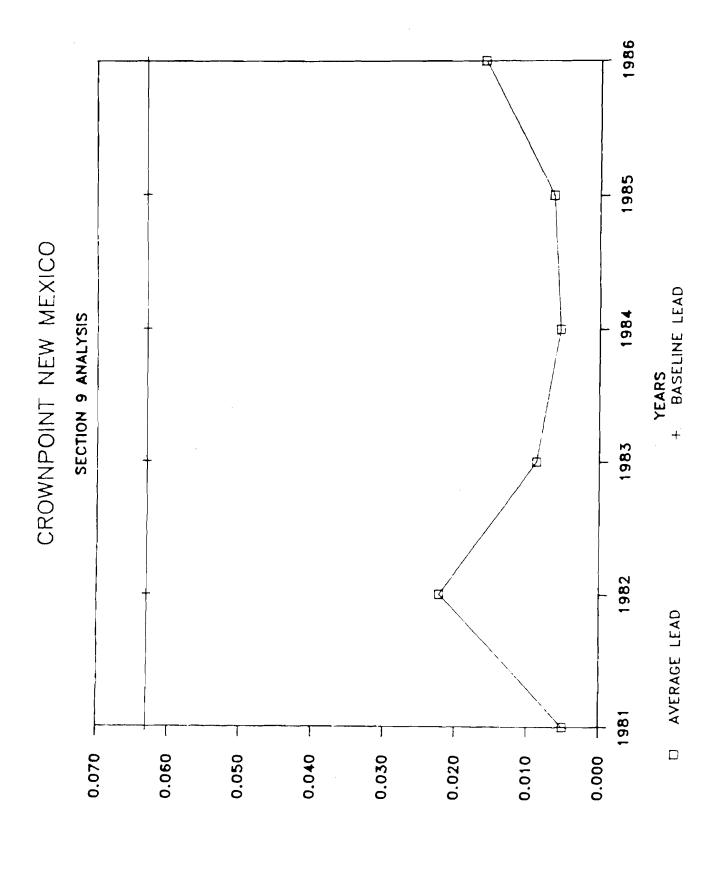


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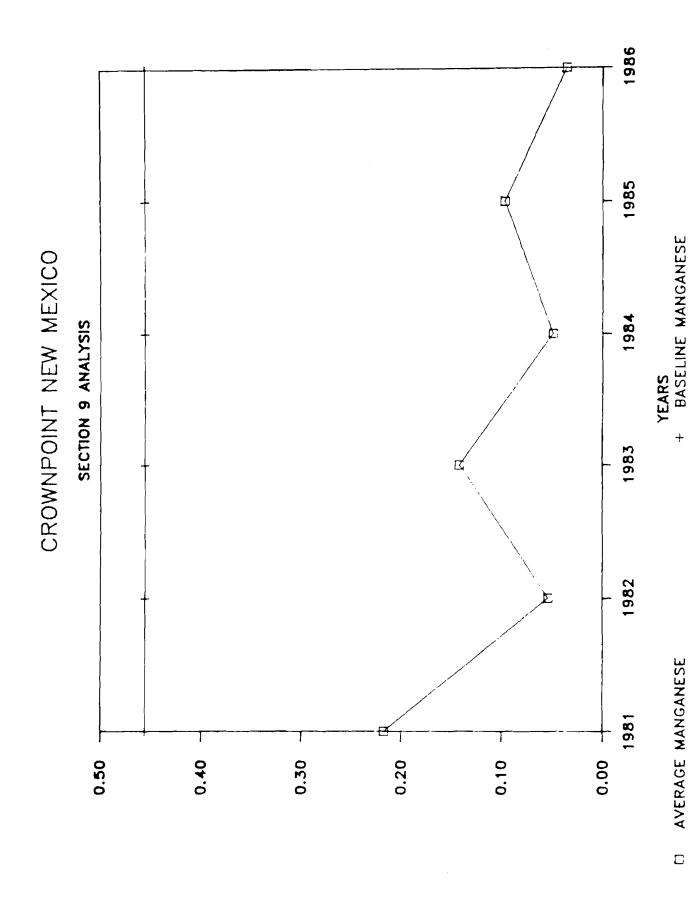




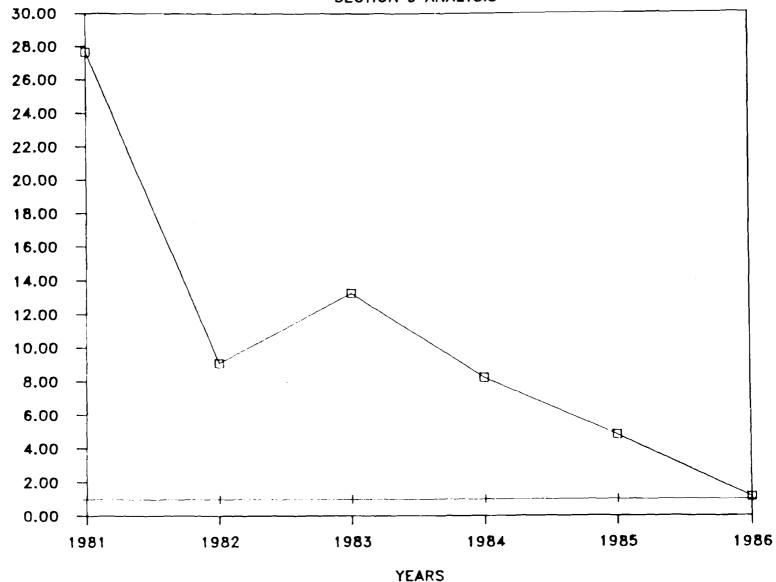




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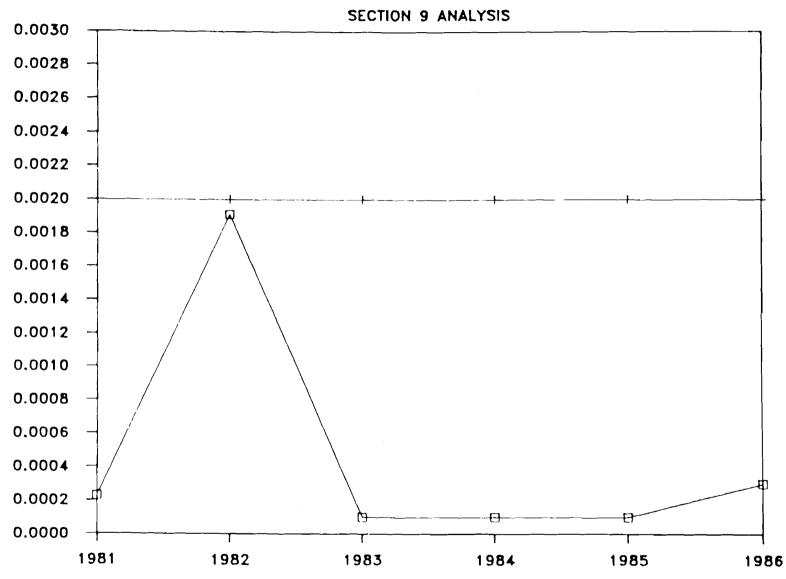




AVERAGE MOLYBDENUM

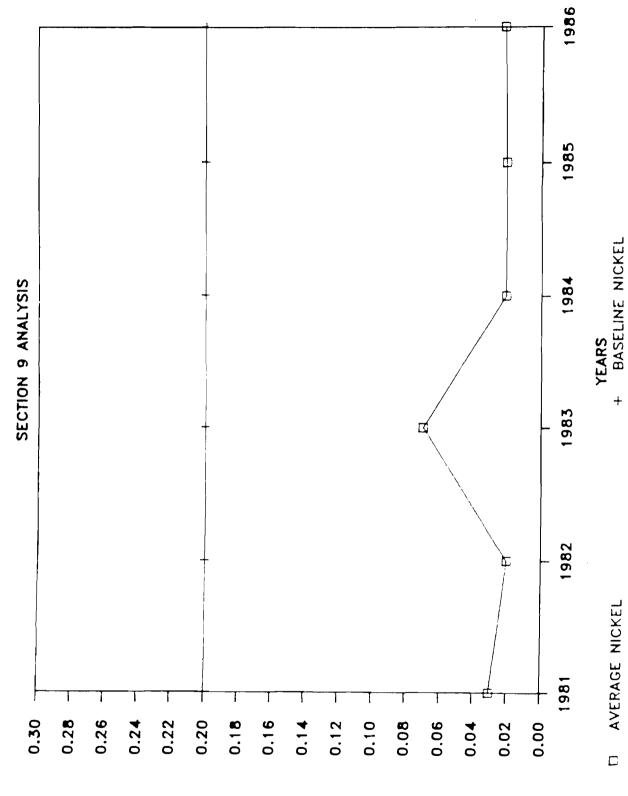
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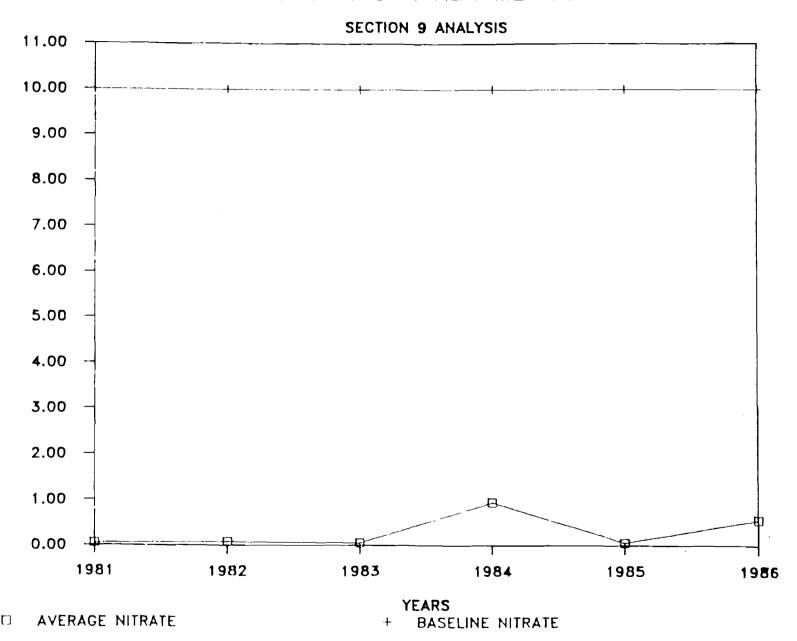
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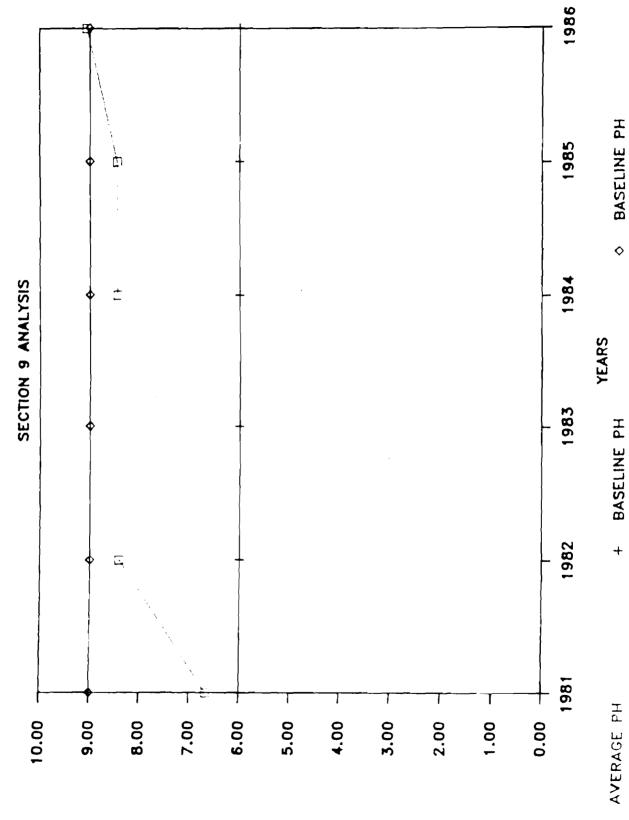


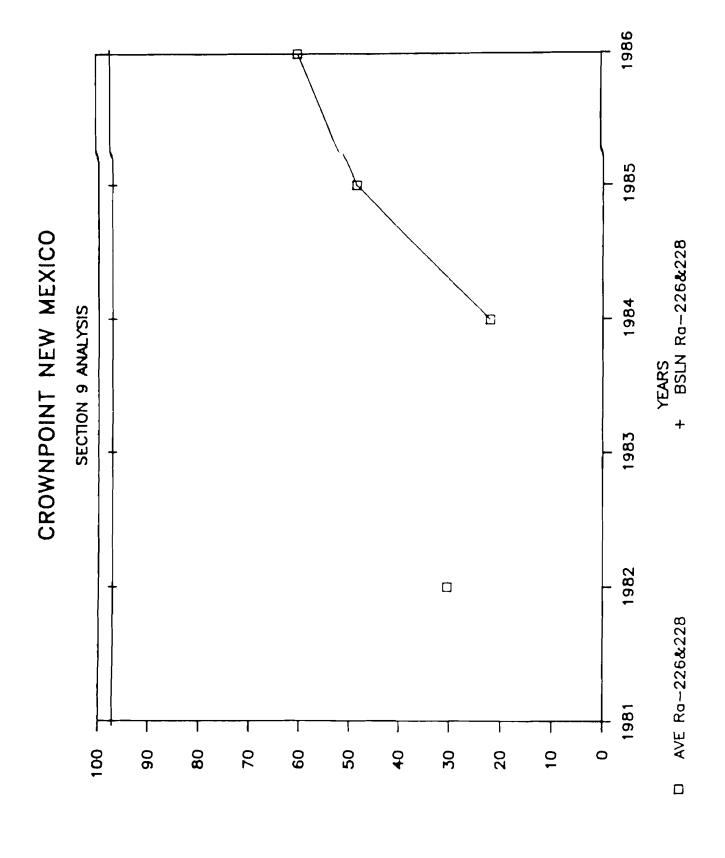
AVERAGE MERCURY

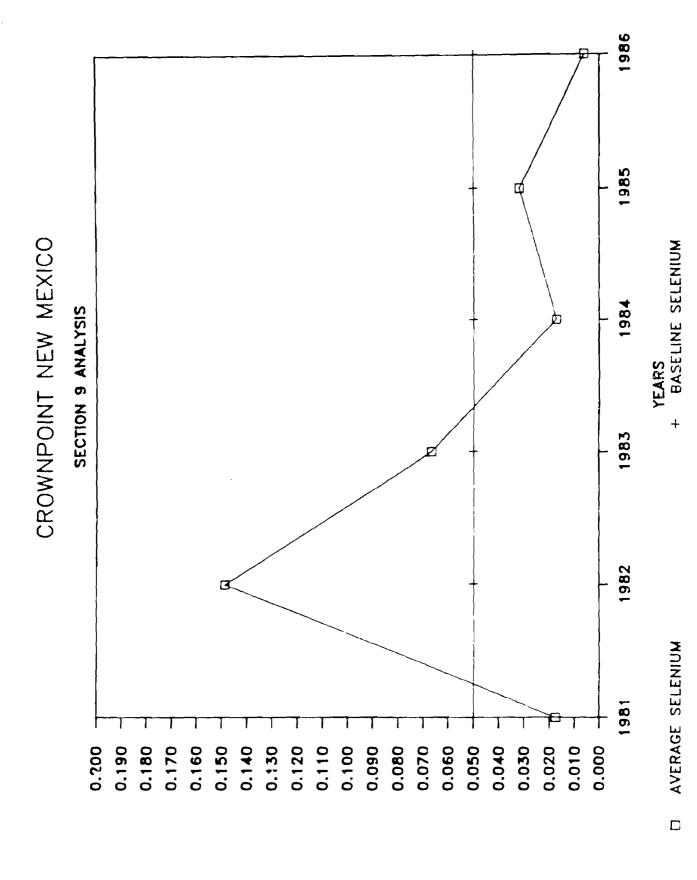
YEARS + BASELINE MERCURY



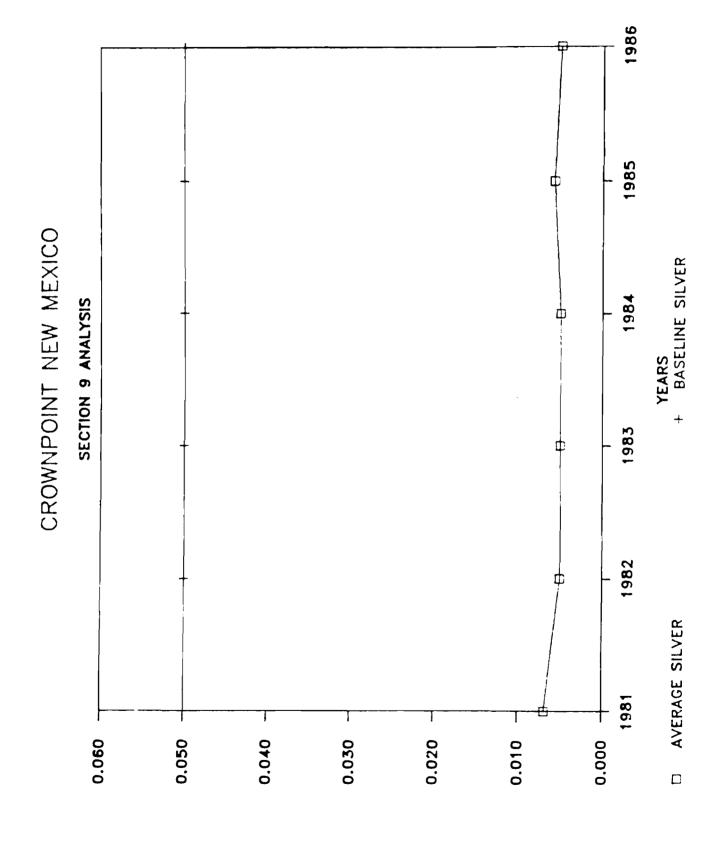




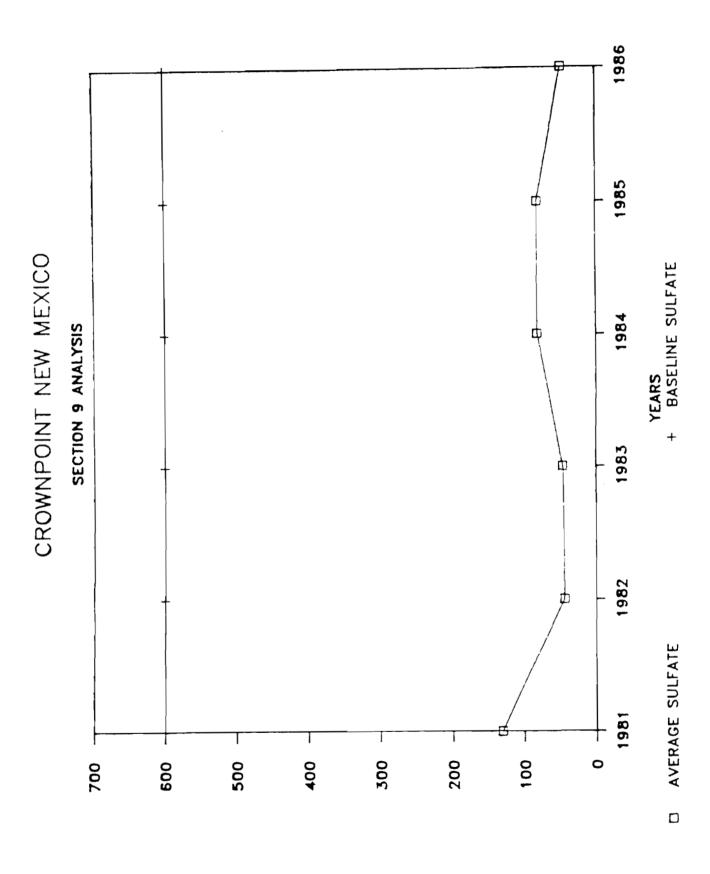


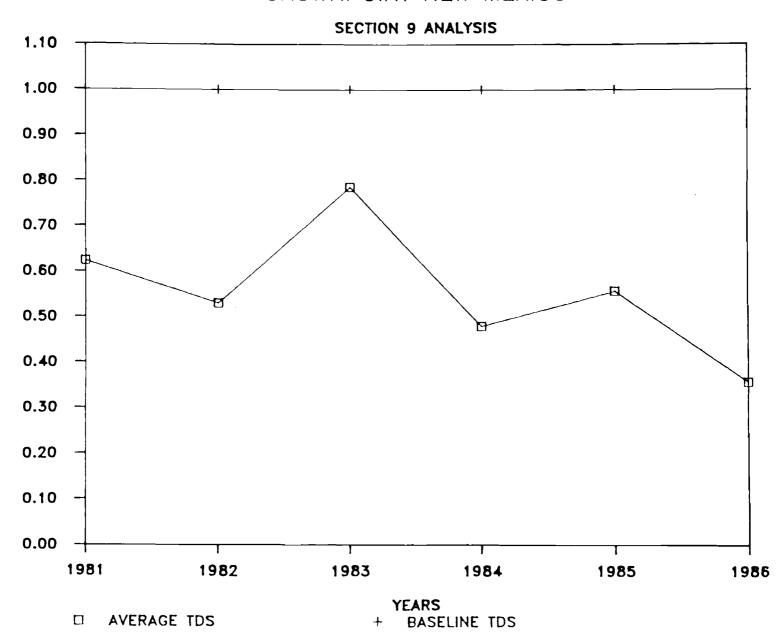


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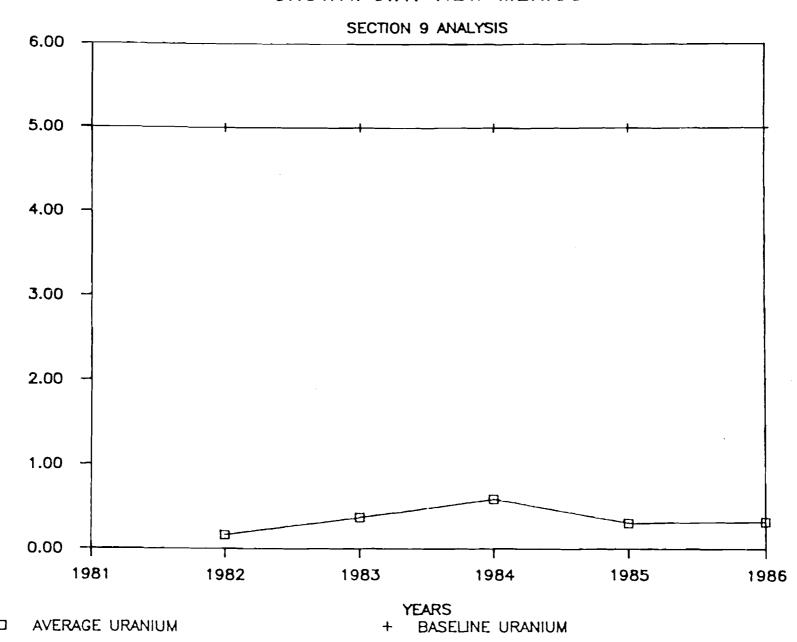


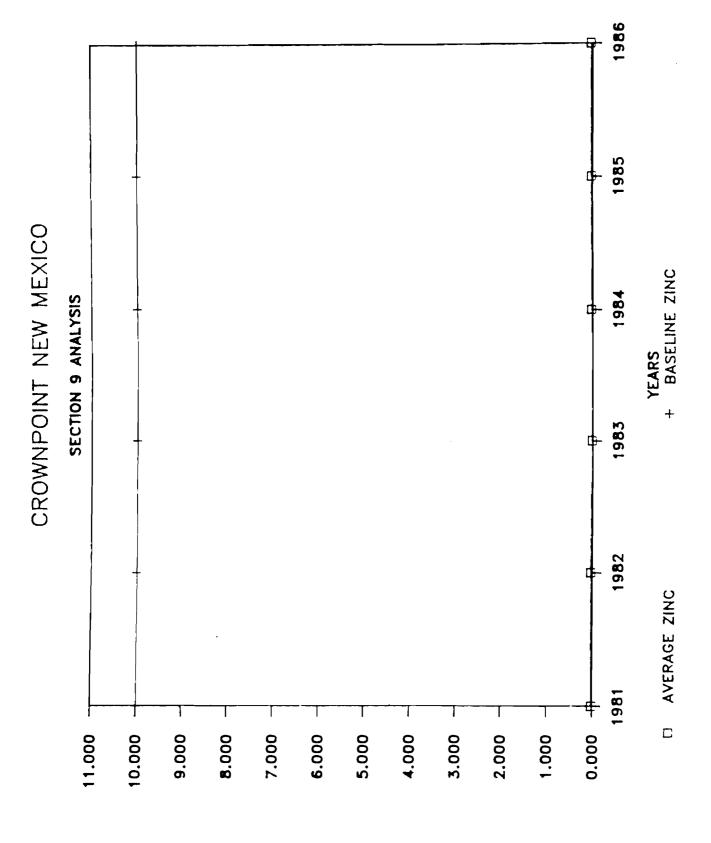
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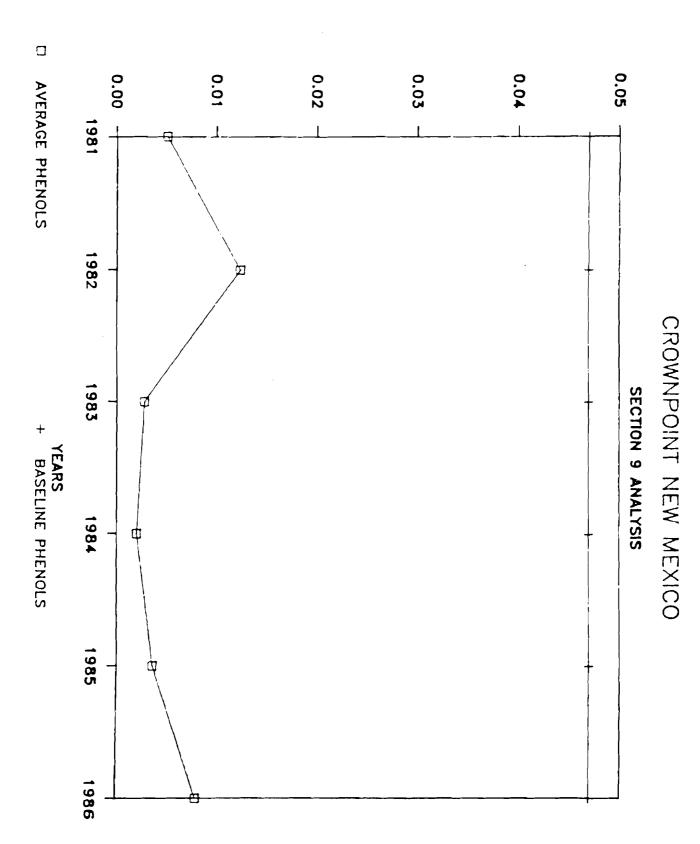




(Thousands)







ATTACHMENT 4

PRODUCTION HISTORY CROWNPOINT SECTION 9 IN-SITU LEACH PILOT PLANT NOVEMBER 6, 1979 TO OCTOBER 1, 1980

The injection of chemicals began on November 6, 1979 and utilized a 2 gram per liter (g/L) NaHCO $_3$ solution. This was followed on November 9 by injection with 2g/L H $_2$ O $_2$ and 2g/L NaHCO $_3$. The injection rate was 73 gpm and the production rate was 75 gpm. The 2gpm bleed was pumped to a disposal pond. The use of the small bleed conserved water and helped eliminate excursions caused by over injection. These injection and production rates decreased to approximately 55 gpm over the life of the pilot test.

The first chemical break through in a production well was seen on November 15. Uranium break through occurred in a production well on November 16 and the production stream in all four production wells contained uranium by early December.

The production of uranium started slowly, but over 3 months gradually reached 100 ppm. By May 1980 the level of uranium in the production stream exceeded 100 ppm and remained at this level for the rest of the leaching phase of the test.

Molybdenum levels in the production stream reached 100 ppm almost immediately, rapidly escalated to 200 ppm and remained higher than the uranium concentration until May, 1980. Molybdenum concentrations after May remained slightly lower than uranium concentrations for the balance of the leaching phase. Figure 1 shows uranium and molybdenum levels as a function of time throughout the leaching phase of the pilot test.

Uranium in the leachate was removed by an ion exchange unit and the "barren" solution was reinjected into the well field after chemicals were added to regenerate the desired leachate formulation. Figure 2 is a process flow sheet for the in-situ leach plant. Details on the actual processing of uranium bearing leachate can be found in:

Vogt, T.C., Strom, E.T., Venuto, P.B., Winget, J.E., and Scoggins, M.W., "Insitu Leaching of Crownpoint, New Mexico Uranium One Part 6, The Section 9 Pilot Test", Journal of Petroleum Technology, December 1984, pp 2243-2254.

During the early portion of the leaching phase, uranium loading on the ion exchange (IX) resins was poor. The resin beads appeared to be loaded with as much molybdenum as uranium. Eventually a process was evolved to strip molybdenum from the IX resin selectively and remove it from the circuit. As molybdenum was gradually removed from the production stream, uranium loading on the IX beads improved.

The leaching phase of the Pilot Test continued until October 1, 1980, at which time the introduction of chemicals to the leachate ceased. It was

estimated that approximately 15% of the uranium in the pilot area was recovered during the leaching phase.

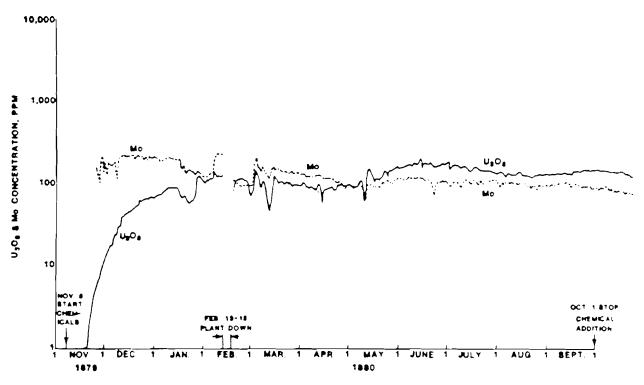


Fig. 7—Uranium and molybdenum levels in the production stream at the Crownpoint Section 9 pilot test

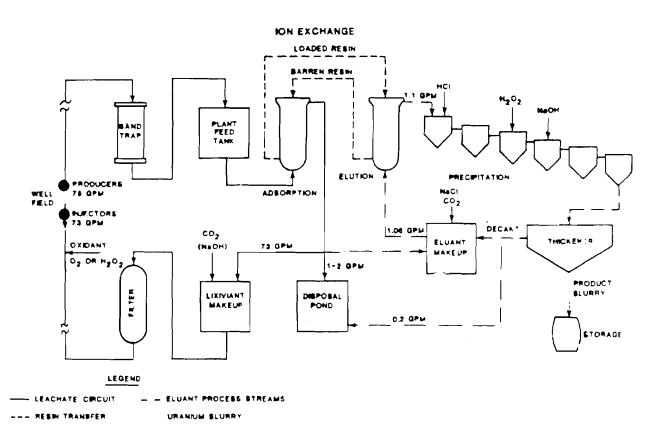


Fig. 6—Process flowsheet for in-situ pilot plant

ATTACHMENT 4

RESTORATION HISTORY

CROWNPOINT SECTION 9

IN-SITU LEACH PILOT PLANT

OCTOBER 1980 TO OCTOBER 1986

Stage 1 Leaching Stopped, Normal Well Field Operation Continued (October 1, 1980 to December 1st week).

Injection of lixiviant chemicals was stopped on October 1, 1980. Normal operation of the well field continued, however, (to remove uranium and molybdenum from the leachate) at a flow rate of about 40 gpm.

Uranium was removed by the ion exchange columns. Molybdenum was removed by the molybdenum strip circuit incorporated in the surface plant. Waste waters were routed to the evaporation ponds and barren lixiviant (no chemicals added) was circulated back to the well field.

During this two month period, significant reduction in concentrations of calcium, sodium, sulfates, bicarbonate, molybdenum, uranium, and radionuclide activities were measured in the leachate (i.e., water removed from the well field for treatment).

<u>Stage 2</u> Water Softening Treatment (December 1st Week to December 24, 1980)

A lime water softener was brought on stream during the first week of December 1980. The softener was used to reduce temporary hardness and alkalinity from the barren lixiviant prior to injection into the well field. This "pretreatment" was necessary for successful operation of a reverse osmosis unit planned for installation.

Lime slurry generated by the water softener was shipped to Kerr-McGee for disposal in an approved tailings impoundment. Waste waters generated by the water softener were routed to the evaporation ponds for disposal. During this three week period concentrations of major ions in the leachate remained fairly stable with no significant reduction in concentrations noted.

Stage 3 Ground Water Sweep (December 24 to 30, 1980)

A high rate ground water sweep (approximately 260 gpm) was initiated on December 24, 1980. Water was simply pumped from the well field and routed to a surge pond. Pumping was stopped on December 30, 1980 when the pond capacity was 80% consumed by the discharge.

Approximately 2.2 MM gallons of water was pumped from the well field and routed directly to the waste evaporation ponds.

During this six day sweep significant reduction in concentrations of calcium, sodium, sulfates, chlorides, and uranium was observed.

Stage 4 Pond Water Treatment (December 30, 1980 to late January 1981)

While waiting for the Reverse Osmosis (R. O.) unit to be brought on stream for the well field, water was pumped from the pond to the water softener and back to the pond to reduce temporary hardness and alkalinity.

During this three to four week period no restoration activity in the well field was conducted.

Stage 5 R. O. Treatment and Ground Water Sweep (Late January 1981 to July 1981)

The reverse osmosis (R.O.) unit was installed and put into operation in late January 1981. Water was withdrawn from the well field at approximately 70 gpm and processed through the water softener to reduce temporary hardness and alkalinity. From the softener the water was passed through the R.O. unit to reduce the concentration of other dissolved constituents.

During this five plus month period, a significant reduction in concentrations of calcium, sodium, sulfates, chlorides, bicarbonate, uranium, and radio-nuclide activity was observed in the water produced from the well field. Only a small reduction in the molybdenum concentration was recorded.

<u>Stage 6</u> Lime Treatment and Ground Water sweep (July 1981 to May 1982)

In July, lime (calcium hydroxide) was added to the R.O. permeate to reduce dissolved molybdenum in the leach pattern.

Experiments at Mobil's Field Research Laboratory (FRL) in Dallas had indicated that an increase in pH and an increase in calcium would be beneficial in reducing the levels of dissolved molybdenum.

Prior to addition of lime in the R.O. permeate, molybdenum levels in the well field has leveled off at approximately 32 mg/l. Major cations and anions continued to decline slowly in concentration. By adding lime to the system, the molybdenum levels decreased steadily to 9.7 mg/l (average for the well field). A significant reduction in concentrations of calcium, sodium, sulfates, chlorides, bicarbonates, uranium, and radionuclide activity during the ten plus month period also occurred.

Stage 7 Ion Exchange and "Clean Water" Sweep (May 1982 to November 8, 1982)

Use of the R. O. unit and the addition of lime to the well field was halted in May 1982. At that point a "clean water" sweep was initiated. All water from the well field was routed to the ion exchange columns for removal of molybdenum and uranium.

The waste fluid from the ion exchange columns was routed to the evaporation ponds for disposal. The clean water produced was recirculated back to the well field to continue the sweep. A small bleed of ground water was maintained during the sweep operation.

Major cations and anions continued to decline slowly in concentration such that all were below required restoration levels. Molybdenum concentrations continued to decline slowly.

Stage 8 Sodium Sulfide Treatment and Ground Water Sweep (November 8, 1982 to April 15, 1983)

On November 8, 1982 sodium sulfide (a reducing agent) was added to the clean water produced from the ion exchange columns to eliminate dissolved oxygen introduced into the system due to contact with the atmosphere in the surface process plant. By creating a reducing environment in the well field, dissolved molybdenum concentrations would drop along with other heavy metals such as selenium. Sodium sulfide injection was terminated on April 15, 1983 after approximately 9 MM gallons of water were circulated through the well field.

No significant change in major water quality parameters, including molybdenum, occurred during this six month period.

Stage 9 Sit and Soak Period (August 15 to July 14, 1983)

Beginning April 15, 1983 the well field was allowed to "sit and soak" with just a minimum (1 gpm) bleed for approximately three months. All bleed water was routed to the evaporation ponds for disposal.

Analysis of the bleed water at the beginning and end of the sit and soak stage showed no change in major parameters including molybdenum.

Stage 10 Ground Water Sweep (July 14, 1983 to January 13, 1984)

From July 14 to August 3, 1983 a brief ground water sweep was conducted in the well field. Approximately 1 MM gallons of water were pumped from the well field and discharged directly into the evaporation ponds for disposal during this three week period.

From August 10, 1983 to November 9, 1983 a minimum bleed (1 gpm) was maintained on the well field. Use of the low flow rate was necessary until an amended water appropriation application (submitted to the State Engineer) was approved. The 1 GPM bleed was routed to the evaporation ponds for disposal.

After receipt of the amended water appropriation at the end of October 1983, production flow was increased to 40 gpm on November 9, 1983. No water was injected back into the formation, but was routed to the evaporation ponds for disposal.

On December 16, 1983 production flow was decreased from 40 gpm to 20 gnm because the evaporation ponds were approaching full capacity. All flow was stopped on January 13, 1984.

During this five month sweep period no significant change in molybdenum concentrations were observed. Concentrations of sodium and chloride did drop significantly.

Stage 11 R.O. Treatment and Ground Water Sweep (January 18 to May 1, 1984)

On January 18, 1984 a reverse osmosis (R. O.) unit was brought on line to reduce dissolved constituents. Water was pumped from the well field at about 34 gpm and routed to the R.O. Unit for treatment. R. O. Permeate was injected back into the well field at a rate of 25gpm. R. O. reject (approximately 9 gpm) was routed to the third evaporation pond for disposal.

During the three plus month period concentrations of chloride and molybdenum decreased slightly.

Stage 12 Hydrogen Sulfide Injection (May 1, 1984 to March 18, 1985)

On May 1, 1984 Hydrogen sulfide (H_2S) was injected into the wellfield to test the effectiveness of the chemical as a reductant (i.e., to lower the pH of the ground water in the well field, maintain the aquifer redox potential in a reduced state similar to preleaching conditions, and reduce the concentration of dissolved molybdenum and other heavy metals).

Tests were conducted by pumping ground water at a rate of approximately 20 gpm from one well, adding 400 mg/l $_{2}$ S, and injecting the treated water into another well (13 total). The total volume of water injected into each well treated was approximately 40 M gallons. The $_{2}$ S treated wells were sampled and monitored at an interval of once every two to four weeks. Samples were analyzed for pH, uranium, and molybdenum.

Water samples collected and analyzed during this period showed mixed results for molybdenum. Of the 13 wells, molybdenum concentrations dropped in six wells, rose in four wells, and stayed approximately the same in three wells.

Stage 13 Sit and Soak Period (March 18, 1985 to April 15, 1986)

Following H₂S treatment/injection the well field was allowed to "sit and soak" to allow sufficient time for dissolved molybdenum to react with H₂S to form MoS₂ (solid). During this period water samples were collected from the well field periodically and analyzed.

Of the 13 wells treated with H $_2$ S, the September 1985 laboratory analysis showed molybdenum concentration decreased in ten wells and increased in three wells. The well field average concentration for molybdenum had decreased from 7.7 mg/l in September 1984 and 10.4 mg/l in December 1984 to 4.8 mg/l in September 1985. By September 1985, eight of the wells were below NMWQCC 1.0 mg/l standard for molybdenum.

Also, during this period beginning in October 1985 a well maintenance program was conducted in the well field with the approval of the State Engineer's Office. Five wells were selected for maintenance which included cleaning and acidizing to improve well performance. The well maintenance program ended in December 1985.

Stage 14 Ground Water Circulation (April 15, 1986 - May 20, 1986)

To insure that a well was properly cleaned and insure that residual well bore material was not contaminating the samples, the wells were pumped to the pond. After pumping each well, water from within the wellfield was pumped in a closed circuit into each well to insure uniform mixing of reduced fluids throughout the wellfield.

Stage 15 Sit and Soak (Static Condition) May 20, 1986 - Present

In preparation for declaring restoration, the wellfield has remained idle except for routine water quality sampling as required under the terms and conditions of the permits.

MOBIL PILOT INSITU LEACH

URANIUM PROJECT

CROWNPOINT, NEW MEXICO

APPENDIX A

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Exhibit 4: Diagram of Pneumatic Displacement Pump	5
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SAMPLING PROCEDURE

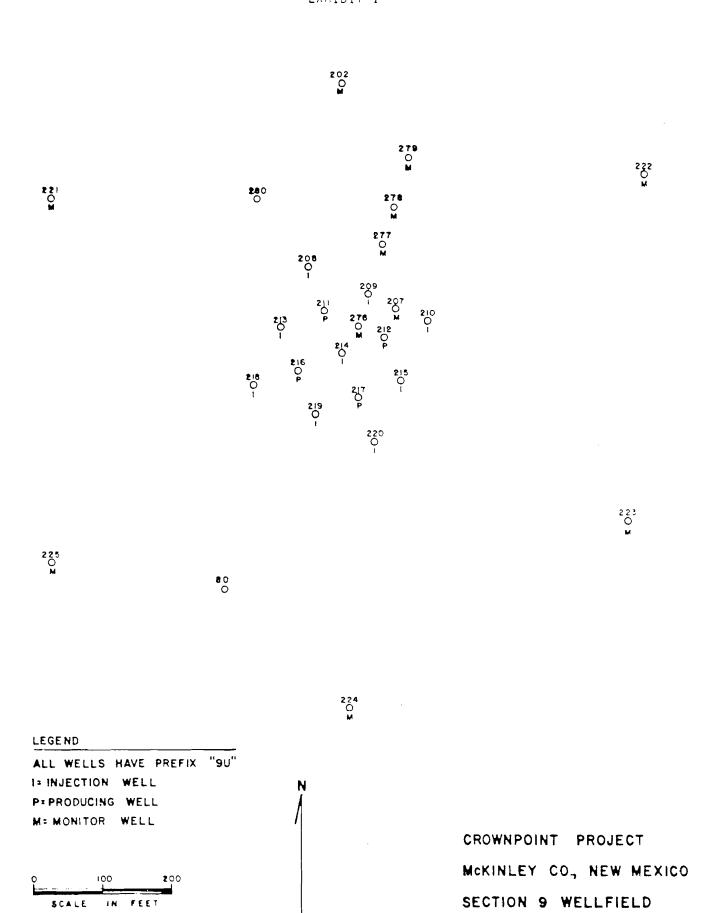
The following procedure is utilized in obtaining samples of water from the wells in the Section 9 wellfield. The well field is shown on Exhibit 1.

- 1. A packer and sampling apparatus is lowered down the well to a point where the bottom of the packer is even with the top of the perforations. The sampling device, a pneumatic displacement pump, is attached 2.0 feet below the bottom of the packer so the pump lies adjacent to perforations in the well casing. The placement of the packer and pump is diagrammed on Exhibit 2. The packer is inflated by nitrogen gas to a pressure that is 40 to 50 pounds greater than the hydrostatic pressure at that depth in the well.
- 2. The pump, also operated by nitrogen gas, then evacuates two casing volumes of water occupying the perforated interval of the well at a rate of 0.10 pgm. This volume of water varies from 29 to 57 gallons depending upon the size of the casing and the extent of the perforated interval. This water is evacuated in order to allow fresh formation water to displace the stagnant water in the well bore prior to sampling. Exhibit 3 is a tabulation of the wells, their inside diameters, and the volume of stagnant water to be evacuated prior to the taking of the sample.

The sampling device is a pneumatic displacement pump manufactured by Baski Water Instruments, Inc. of Denver, Colorado. The operation of this pump is described on Exhibit 4.

- 3. Following evacuation of two casing volumes of stagnant water, a three gallon sample is taken. This sample is treated for use in the various analyses as described below.
 - A. 1 Liter non-filtered, untreated.
 - B. 1 Liter filtered through a 0.45 micron filter and preserved with 6 NaOH tablets.
 - C. 1 Liter filtered as above and preserved with 2mls of $\rm H_2SO_4$ or 5mls $\rm CuSO_4$. This sample stored in glass container.
 - D. 1 Liter filtered as above and preserved with 5mls conc $HHNO_3$.
 - E. 1 Liter filtered as above and preserved with 2mls conc. H_2SO_4 .
 - F. 0.5 Liter non-filtered and preserved with 2.5 mls conc. HNO_3 .
 - G. 1 Gallon filtered as above and preserved with 20mls conc HNO_2 .

Radon 222 is sampled in the field by attaching tubing to a sample port and filling a vacuum blood sample tube by inserting an injection needle through the vacuum tube seal. The radon sample is shipped to the lab the following morning by air express. Samples A, B, and C are shipped cold in an ice chest while the rest are shipped at room temperature.



TYPICAL INSTALLATION FOR LATER SAMPLING

SECTION 9 WELLFIELD

CROWNPOINT PROJECT

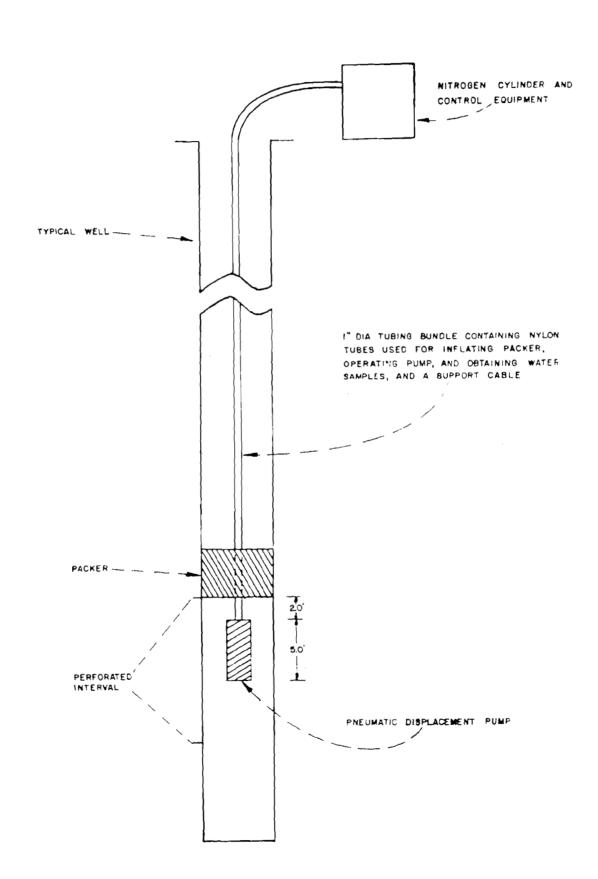


EXHIBIT 3

WELL PARAMETERS

SECTION 9 WELLFIELD

CROWNPOINT PROJECT

WELL 17-13-9U	CASING I.D. IN INCHES	PERFORATED INTERVAL, FT.	PACKER PLACEMENT, FT.	TWO CASING VOLUMES, GAL
208	5.0	1952-1980	1952	57
209	5.0	1953-1979	1953	53
210	5.0	1954-1982	1954	57
211	5.0	1954-1971	1954	35
212	5.0	1955-1977	1955	45
213	5.0	1946-1974	1946	57
214	6.0	1957-1967	1957	29
215	5.0	1966-1988	1966	45
216	5.0	1956-1978	1956	45
217	5.0	1956-1981	1956	51
218	5.0	1952-1978	1952	53
219	5.0	1952-1976	1952	49
220	5.0	1968-1994	1968	53



Pneumatic Displacement Pumps (PDPTM)

Pneumatic displacement pumps (PDP™) are used for obtaining nonaerated water samples from boreholes. The PDP™ is lowered to the desired depth, and compressed nitrogen gas is fed into it, forcing (or displacing) a sample of water to the ground surface. The nitrogen pressure is then released and the PDP™ fills up with water, thus ready to begin another cycle.

A battery operated timed nitrogen controller (TNCTM) can automatically cycle the pneumatic displacement pump. In this fashion an unmanned well can be pumped out at a controlled rate.

If samples must be obtained more than twice a year, it might prove more economical to have a permanent installation. A screen can be attached to the bottom end of the PDP™ to prevent plugging should it be desirable or necessary to bury it in the ground

For a more efficient operation, it is possible to combine a PDPTM with air-lifting. Using this combination a borehole can be rapidly air-lift pumped and, simultaneously, a non-aerated water sample can be delivered by the PDPTM.

Because of their construction, PDP™ require minimum maintenance and are easy to disassemble and clean.

They are available in either stainless steel or flexible, reinforced vinyl, each with a Teflon* valve. The rigid, stainless steel sampler (or PDP) normally comes in five-foot sections, while the flexible, vinyl sampler is available in any length.

As a rule, stainless steel is utilized for depths to 1,000 feet. On special order, however, a PDPTM of stainless steel can be supplied for depths of up to 5,000 feet. Vinyl is limited to depths of 300 feet.

*DuPont

EXHIBIT 5

CROWNPOINT SECTION 9

WELLFIELD SAMPLING SCHEDULE

WELL NO	NOV. 1986	DEC. 1986	JAN. 1987	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY ——	JUNE ——	JULY
208	X	Y			X	Y			χ
209	X			Υ	Х	Y			Х
219	X			Υ	X	Υ			Х
211	X		Y		X		Y		X
212	X		Y		X		Y		X
213	X	Y			Χ			Y	X
214	X	Y			Χ	Υ			X
215	Χ		Υ		Х			Υ	Х
216	X		Υ		χ		Υ		Х
217	Х		Υ		Χ		Υ		Х
218	X	Υ			X			Υ	Х
219	X			Υ	Χ		Υ		X
220	X			Υ	Χ			Υ	X

X: Full Analysis of stability period parameters (quadrimonthly).

Y: Full analysis of stability period parameters (monthly).

EXHIBIT 6

List of Water Quality Parameters to be Detected Crownpoint Section 9 Wellfield

Restoration Sample Parameters

A. Quadrimonthly parameters, mg/L

Aluminum, dissolved Maganese (dissolved)

Arsenic Molybdenum (dissolved)

Barium Mercury (dissolved

Boron Nickel (total)

Cadmium Nitrate (as N)

Choride pH

Chromium Phenois

Cobalt (dissolved) Combined Radium 226&228 (pci/L)

Copper (dissolved) Selenium (dissolved)

Cyanide Silver (dissolved)

Fluoride Sulfate (as SO4)

Iron (dissolved) TDS (at 180 degrees F)

Lead (dissolved) Uranium (as U)

B. Monthly parameters, mg/L

Chloride Combined Ra 226&228 (pci/L)

Manganese Selenium

Molybdenum Sulfate

Phenols TDS

LABORATORY IDENTIFICATION AND ANALYTICAL METHODS

Laboratory Identification and Certification

Mobil proposes to utilize the same laboratory which has historically analyzed our samples. Accu-Labs Research, Inc., located in Wheat Ridge, Colorado, is certified by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and the Colorado Department of Health. See Exhibits 7 and 8 for certification letters.

Analytical Methods

The analytical methods utilized by Accu-Labs Research, Inc for Mobil's samples are outlined in Exhibit 9. Please note that the nominal detection limits for each water quality parameter are shown in the Methods Summary Section of Exhibit 9.

EXHIBIT 7



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION VIII

ONE DENVER PLACE — 999 18TH STREET — SUITE 1300 DENVER, COLORADO 80202-2413 RECEIVED

2 9 1986

WHEATRIDGE

JUL 2 3 1986

Ref: 8HWM-RP

Mr. William R. Gilgren Accu-Labs Research, Inc. 11485 W. 48th Ave. Wheatridge, CO 80033

Dear Mr. Gilgren:

Attached is a copy of Robert Tauer's report of his on-site evaluation of your laboratory. The purpose for the visit was to determine if your laboratory should continue to be certified under the Safe Drinking Water Act.

Based on the recommendations in the report I am granting certification to Accu-Labs Research, Inc., for the analysis of gross alpha, gross beta, Radium 226, Radium 228, Uranium, and Tritium in drinking water. The certification will remain in effect for three years. Continued satisfactory performance on EPA/Las Vegas check samples is required.

If you have any further questions concerning the certification or the report, please contact Robert Tauer at (303) 236-5083.

Sincerely yours,

James B. Lehr, Director

Environmental Services Division

Attachment

cc: Juanita Hillman

8-ES



COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

Richard D. Lamm Governor Thomas M. Vernon, M.D. Executive Director

RECEIVED

MARCH 19, 1986

MAR 24 1985

WHEATRIDGE

WILLIAM GILGREN, PRESIDENT ACCU-LABS RESEARCH: INC. 11485 W. 48TH AVENUE WHEAT RIDGE, COLORADO 80033

CERTIFICATION STATUS OF ACCU-LABS RESEARCH, INC.

Based on a review of Performance Evaluation WSO17, Accu-Labs Research, Inc. is CERTIFIED for the inorganic parameters and total trihalomethane analyses. The certification for Pesticide/Herbicide analyses is downgraded to PRO-VISIONALLY CERTIFIED.

ANNE M. WOLFGANG

QUALITY ASSURANCE COORDINATOR

Unne M. Waifgang

AMW/mak

SUMMARY OF ANALYTICAL METHODS UTILIZED BY ACCU-LABS RESEARCH, INC.

Total Uranium; Water:

An aliquot of the sample is pipetted onto a NaF-LiF pellet and fused. The pellet is exposed to ultraviolet light and the fluorescence is measured. The intensity of the fluorescence is directly proportional to the uranium concentration.

Reference: No. 1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9

Total Uranium; Solids:

An aliquot of sample was digested with nitric, sulfuric, perchloric, and hydrofluoric acid and evaporated to dryness. The residue was dissolved in dilute nitric acid and extracted with ethyl acetate. A very small aliquot of the organic layer was pipetted onto a NaF-LiF pellet and fused using a Geoco fusion burner. The pellet was exposed to ultraviolet light and the flourescence measured using a fluorometer.

Reference: No. 4

Radium-226; Water:

Radium in the sample is concentrated and coprecipitated with Barium Sulfate. The precipitate is either gross alpha counted to determine the total Radium-226 alpha activity or is redissolved into a basic EDTA solution. The solution is placed in a sealed bubbler and stored for ingrowth of Rn-222. After ingrowth, the gas is purged into a Lucas cell and counted for its alpha activity.

Reference: No. 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9

Radium-226; Solids:

An aliquot of the sample is fused with sodium peroxide and dissolved completely in dilute HCl. Radium-226 in the sample is concentrated and separated by coprecipitation with barium sulfate. The precipitate is either gross alpha counted to determine the Radium-226 activity or dissolved into a basic EDTA solution, placed in a sealed bubbler and stored for ingrowth of Rn-222. After ingrowth, the gas is purged into a scintillation cell. When the Rn-222 daughters are in equilibrium with the parent, the scintillation cell is counted for alpha activity.

Reference: No. 1, 2, 3, 5

Gross Alpha/Beta; Water:

An aliquot of the sample, containing up to 120 ng dissolved solids, was acidified and brought to dryness. The residue was transferred to a stainless steel planchet and counted for its Gross Alpha and Gross Beta activity. The final reported result was corrected for self absorption and backscatter.

Reference: No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9

Lead-210; Water and Solids:

The sample is digested with acid, redissolved in dilute HCl and run through an anion exchange column to separate out the Lead-210. Following separation, the Lead-210 is precipitated out as lead chromate. After decay of the Lead-210 to Bismuth-210, a gross beta count is taken.

Reference: No. 6, 9

Thorium-230: Water and Solids:

The sample is digested with acid, redissolved in 8N Nitric acid. Thorium is then separated by anion exchange followed by a gross alpha count. The total thorium alpha activity is reported at Th-230.

Reference: No. 7

Radium-228; Water and Solids:

All radium is separated from the sample as a $BaSO_4$ precipitate. Ac-228 is allowed to ingrow. After ingrowth, Ac-228 is co-precipitated with Yttrium as the oxalate and gross beta counted.

Reference: No. 1, 2, 3, 8

NOTE: The referenced methodology does allow Accu-Labs Research, Inc. to meet NRC Guideline 4.14 Lower Level of Detection, provided the client submits sufficient volume of sample when requesting the analyses.

METHOD REFERENCES UTILIZED BY ACCU-LABS RESEARCH, INC.

- 1. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1979, Radiochemical Analytical Procedures for Analysis of Environmental Samples, Report No. EMSL-LV-0539-1, Las Vegas, NV, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.
- 2. American Public Health Association, American Water Works Association, Water Pollution Control Federation, 1985, Itandard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 16th ed., Washington, D.C., Am. Public Health Association.
- 3. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1976, Interim Radiochemical Methodology for Drinking Water, Report No. EPA-600/4-75-008, Cincinnati, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.
- 4. Harley, J.H., ed., 1975, HASL Procedures Manual, HASL-300; Washington, D.C., U.S. Energy Research and Development Administration.
- 5. Misaqi, Fazlelleh L., Monitoring Radon-222 Content of Mine Waters Informational Report 1026, U.S. Department of Interior, Mining Enforcement and Safety Administration, Denver, Colorado, 1975.
- 6. "Radioassay Procedures for Environmental Samples", 1967, USDHEW, Section 7.2.3.
- 7. "Handbook of Analytical Procedures", USAEC, Grand Junction Lab, 1970, page 196.
- 8. "Prescribed Procedures for Measurement of Radioactivity in Drinking Water", EPA-600/4-80-032, August 1980, Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, Office of Research and Development, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Cincinnati, Ohio 45268.
- 9. "Methods for Determination of Radioactive Substances in Water and Fluvial Sediments", U.S.G.S. Book 5, Chapter A5, 1977.
- 10. "Acid Dissolution Method for the Analysis of Plutonium in Soil", EPA-600/7-79-081, March 1979, U.S. EPA Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, Las Vegas, Nevada, 1979.
- 11. "Procedures for the Isolation of Alpha Spectrometrically Pure Plutonium, Uranium and Americium", by E.H. Essington and B.J. Drenno: Los Alamos National Lab, private communication.
- 12. "Isolation of Americium from Urine Samples", Rocky Flats Plant, Health Safety and Environmental Laboratories, Laboratory Procedure, HS and EL-7, revised 1/21/83.

METHODS SUMMARY

PARAMETER	REFERENCE NO.	EPA METHOD NO.	NOMINAL DETECTION LIMIT
Color (Colorimetric- Platinum-Cobalt)	1, 2	110.2	2 color units
Conductance (Specific conductance, mhos at 25°C)	1, 2, 3	120.1	2 mhos/cm
<pre>Hardness, total (mg/L as CaCO₃) (titrimetric, EDTA)</pre>	1, 2, 3	130.2	2 mg/L
pH (Electrometric)	1, 2, 3	150.1	0.1 units
Residue, Filterable (TDS, Gravimetric, Dried 180°C)	1, 2	160.1	5 mg/L
Residue, Unfilterable (TSS, Gravimetric, Dried 105°C)	1	160.2	5 mg/L
Residue, Total (TS, Gravi- metric, Dried at 103-105°C		160.3	5 mg/L
Residue, Volatile (TV, Gravimetric, Ignition at 550°C)	1, 2	160.4	5 mg/L
Settleable Matter (Volu- metric, Imhoff Cone)	1, 2	160.5	0.1 ml/L/hr
Temperature (Thermometric)	1, 2	170.1	
Turbidity (Nephelometric)	1, 2, 3	180.1	1 NTU
Aluminum (Atomic Absorption direct aspiration)	1, 2, 4	202.1	0.5 mg/L
Aluminum (Atomic Absorption furnace technique)	1, 2, 4, 5	202.2	0.05 mg/L
Antimony (Atomic Absorption direct aspiration)	1, 2, 4	204.1	0.5 mg/L
WRITTEN DATE	6-28-84 QA	TTA DATE	7/2/84
APPROVED			
PAGE 1 OF 8	-14-		

PARAMETER	REFERENCE NO.	EPA METHOD NO.	NOMINAL DETECTION LIMIT
Antimony (Atomic Absorption furnace technique)	1, 2, 4, 5	204.2	0.005 mg/L
Arsenic (Atomic Absorption furnace technique)	1, 2, 4, 5	206.2	0.005 mg/L
Barium (Atomic Absorption direct aspiration)	1, 2, 4	208.1	0.2 mg/L
Beryllium (Atomic Absorption direct aspiration)	1, 2, 4	210.1	0.005 mg/L
Beryllium (Atomic Absorption furnace technique)	1, 2, 4, 5	210.2	0.001 mg/L
Bismuth (Atomic Absorption direct aspiration)	4		0.2 mg/L
Boron (Colorimetric, curcumin)	1, 2	212.3	0.1 mg/L
Cadmium (Atomic Absorption direct aspiration)	1, 2, 4	213.1	0.005 mg/L
Cadmium (Atomic Absorption furnace technique)	1, 2, 4, 5	213.2	0.0005 mg/L
Calcium (Atomic Absorption direct aspiration)	1, 2, 4	215.1	0.1 mg/L
Chromium (Atomic Absorption direct aspiration)	1, 2, 4	218.1	0.005 mg/L
Chromium (Atomic Absorption furnace technique)	1, 2, 4, 5	218.2	0.005 mg/L
Chromium, hexavalent (Color-imetric diphenylcarbazide)	1, 2	218.4	0.02 mg/L
Cobalt (Atomic Absorption direct aspiration)	1, 2, 4	219.1	0.02 mg/L
Cobalt (Atomic Absorption furnace technique)	1, 2, 4, 5	219.2	0.005 mg/L
WRITTEN <u>CC</u> DATE A	6-28-84 QA	DATE DATE	7/2/54
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PARAMETER	REFERENCE NO.	EPA METHOD NO.	NOMINAL DETECTION LIMIT
Copper (Atomic Absorption direct aspiration)	1, 2, 4	220.1	0. 005 mg/L
Copper (Atomic Absorption furnace technique)	1, 2, 4, 5	220.2	0. 001 mg/L
Germanium (Atomic Absorption direct aspiration)	4		0.5 mg/L
Gold (Atomic Absorption direct aspiration)	1, 2, 4	231.1	0.5 mg/L
<pre>Iron (Atomic Absorption direct aspiration)</pre>	1, 2, 4	236.1	0.01 mg/L
<pre>Iron (Atomic Absorption furnace technique)</pre>	1, 2, 4, 5	236.2	0.005 mg/L
Lead (Atomic Absorption direct aspiratin)	1, 2, 4	239.1	0.1 mg/L
Lead (Atomic Absorption furnace technique)	1, 2, 4, 5	239.2	0.005 mg/L
Lithium (Atomic Absorption direct aspiration)	4		0.001 mg/L
Magnesium (Atomic Absorption direct aspiration)	1, 2, 4	242.1	0.05 mg/L
Manganese (Atomic Absorption direct aspiration)	1, 2, 4	243.1	0.005 mg/L
Manganese (Atomic Absorption furnace technique)	1, 2, 4, 5	243.2	0.0005 mg/L
Mercury (Manual Cold Vapor technique)	1, 2	245.1	0.0001 mg/L
Molybdenum (Atomic Absorp- tion furnace technique)	1, 2, 4, 5	246.2	0.005 mg/L
Nickel (Atomic Absorption direct aspiration)	1, 2, 4	249.1	0.02 mg/L
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Nickel (Atomic Absorption furnace technique) Palladium (Atomic Absorption direct aspiration) 1, 4 253.2 0.005 mg/L Platinum (Atomic Absorption furnace technique) 1, 4 255.2 0.05 mg/L Potassium (Atomic Absorption 1, 2, 4, 5 direct aspiration) Selenium (Atomic Absorption 1, 2, 4, 5 furnace technique) Silver (Atomic Absorption 1, 2, 4, 5 direct aspiration) Silver (Atomic Absorption 1, 2, 4, 5 direct aspiration) Silver (Atomic Absorption 1, 2, 4, 5 furnace technique) Sodium (Atomic Absorption 1, 2, 4, 5 direct aspiration) Tin (Atomic Absorption 1, 2, 4 direct aspiration) Tin (Atomic Absorption 1, 4 Z82.1 Tin (Atomic Absorption 1, 4 Z82.2 0.005 mg/L Thallium (Atomic Absorption 1, 2, 4 direct aspiration) Thallium (Atomic Absorption 1, 2, 4 Z79.1 0.5 mg/L Thallium (Atomic Absorption 1, 2, 4, 5 direct aspiration)
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direct aspiration) Thallium (Atomic Absorption 1, 2, 4, 5 279.2 0.005 mg/L
Vanadium (Atomic Absorption 1, 2, 4 286.1 0.5 mg/L direct aspiration)
Vanadium (Atomic Absorption 1, 2, 4, 5 286.2 0.005 mg/L furnace technique)
Zinc (Atomic Absorption 1, 2, 4 289.1 0.005 mg/L direct aspiration)
WRITTEN DATE 6-28-84 QA DATE 7/2/84
PAGE 4 OF 8

PARAMETER	REFERENCE NO.	EPA METHOD NO.	NOMINAL DETECTION LIMIT
Zinc (Atomic Absorption furnace technique)	1, 2, 4, 5	289.2	0.001 mg/L
Nitrogen, Kjeldahl, total (Digestion, Colorimetric Phenate)	1, 2	351.1	1 mg/L
Nitrogen, Kjeldahl, total (Digestion, Ion Selective Electrode)	1, 2	351.4	1 mg/L
Nitrate-Nitrite (Colori- metric, Automated, Cadmium Reduction)	1, 3, 7	353.2	0.05 mg/L
Nitrite (Colorimetric, Automated)	1, 3, 7	353.2	0.05 mg/L
Phosphorus - All Forms (Colorimetric, Ascorbic Acid, Single Reagent)	1, 2, 3,	365.2	0.02 mg/L
Silica, dissolved (Colori- metric)	1, 2, 3	370.1	2 mg/L
Sulfate (Colorimetric, Auto- mated, Methylthymol Blue, AAII)	1, 2, 8	375.2	3 mg/L
Sulfate (Gravimetric)	1, 2, 3	375.3	5 mg/L
Sulfide (Titrimetric Iodine)	1, 2	376.1	1 mg/L
Biological Oxygen Demand (Oxygen Depletion 5 Day 20°C)	1, 2	405.1	2 mg/L
Chemical Oxygen Demand (Titrimetric, Low Level)	1, 2, 3	410.2	2 mg/L
Oil and Grease, total- recoverable (Gravimetric, Separatory Funnel Extracti	1, 2 on)	413.1	1 mg/L

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PARAMETER	REFERENCE NO.	EPA METHOD NO.	NOMINAL DETECTION LIMIT
Organic Carbon, total (Com- bustion or Oxidation IR Detection)	1, 2, 3	415.1	1 mg/L
Phenolics, total-recover- able (Spectrophotometric, Manual 4-APP with Distillation)	1, 2, 3	420.1	0.002 mg/L
Acidity (Titrimetric)	1, 2, 3	305.1	5 mg/L
Alkalinity (Titrimetric pH 4.5)	1, 2, 3	310.1	5 mg/L
Chloride (Colorimetric, Automated, Ferricyanide AAll)	1, 2, 6	325.2	3 mg/L
Chloride (Titrimetric, Mercuric Nitrate)	1, 2, 3	325.3	3 mg/L
Cyanide, total (Spectro- photometric)	1, 2, 3	335.2	0.005 mg/L
Fluoride (Potentiometric, Ion Selective Electrode)	1, 2, 3	340.2	0.5 mg/L
Iodide (Titrimetric)	1, 3	345.1	2 mg/L
Nitrogen, Ammonia (Colori- metric Automated Phenate)	1, 2	350.1	0.2 mg/L
Nitrogen, Ammonia (Poten- trometric, Ion Selective Electrode)	1, 2	350.3	0.2 mg/L
<pre>Inorganic Carbon, total (Coulometric)</pre>	9		1 mg/L
Surfactants (MBAS)	2	425.1	0.025 mg/L
Thiosulfate (Titration)	10		1 mg/L

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PARAMETER	REFERENCE NO.	EPA METHOD NO.	NOMINAL DETECTION LIMIT
Pesticides:	11	6 08	
Lindane			0.004 mg/L
Endrin			0.0002 mg/L
Methoxychlor			0.1 mg/L
Toxaphene			0.005 Ag/L
Herbicides:	12		
2,4-D			0.1 mg/L
2,4,5-TP (Silvex)			0.01 mg/L
Trihalomethanes	11, 13	601, 501.2	0.01 mg/L
PCB's	11	608	0.001 mg/L
Total Organic Halogens	14	450.1	0.005 mg/L

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REFERENCES

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- 4. "Analytical Methods for Atomic Absorption", Perkin-Elmer Corporation, 1976.
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- 6. Technicon Autoanalyzer, Industrial Method No. 99-70W, Technicon Industrial Systems, September, 1973.
- 7. Technicon Autoanalyzer, Industrial Method No. 100-70W, "Nitrate and Nitrite in Wastewater".
- 8. Technicon Autoanalyzer, Industrial Method No. 118-71/W, "Sulfate in Water and Wastewater".
- 9. Procedure developed at Huffman Laboratories referred to as "Carbonate Carbon" or "Mineral Carbon".
- 10. "The Encyclopedia of Industrial Chemical Analysis", Volume 18, Page 432, 1973.
- 11. "Methods for Organic Chemical Analysis of Municipal and Industrial Wastewater", US EPA 1982 (EPA-600/4-82-057).
- 12. "Methods for Organochlorine Pesticides and Chlorophenoxy Acid Herbicides in Drinking Water and Raw Source Water". US EPA 1981 (EPA 600/4-81-053).
- 13. "The Analysis of Trihalomethares in Drinking Water by Liquid/Liquid Extraction", US EPA 1979.
- 14. "Total Organic Halide", US EPF 1: (EPA 600/4-81-056).

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OTHER ACTIVITIES

As part, of Mobil's permit, routine water sampling and analysis of all monitor wells has been required. Recognizing that the purpose of the "Stability Period" is to determine water quality in a static, or natural, condition, and the pumping of these monitor wells creates an unnatural condition, Mobil proposes to discontinue all routine monitor well sampling. Instead, effective November 15, 1986, Mobil will conduct routine water sampling and analysis of monitor wells on the second, fourth, and eighth month of the program.

During the Stability Period, Mobil will suspend all activities which could impact the water quality of the reservoir. All operational activities pertaining to the Westwater Formation in the wellfield will be limited to the sampling described in this document.