WordPerfect Document Compare Summary

Original document: P:\RG 1.206 draft\C.I.16.wpd Revised document: @PFDesktop\:MyComputer\C:\Documents and Settings\dlc3.NRCDOMAIN\Application Data\NRC\ADAMSDesktop\Cache\ML0706300200.wpd Deletions are shown with the following attributes and color: Strikeout, Blue RGB(0,0,255). Deleted text is shown as full text.

Insertions are shown with the following attributes and color: <u>Double Underline</u>, Redline, Red RGB(255,0,0).

The document was marked with 152 Deletions, 136 Insertions, 0 Moves.

C.I.16. Technical Technical Specifications

The NRC <u>sets forth its</u> regulations specific to <u>technical specifications</u> (TS) are set forth in <u>Title</u> 10 CFR 50.36, "Technical <u>Specifications."</u> Additional information regarding the NRC's policies on TS is contained in the <u>Specifications</u>" and 10 CFR 50.36a. In accordance with 10 <u>CFR 52.79(a)(30)</u>, these regulations also apply to holders of COLs. The "NRC Final Policy Statement on Technical Specification Improvements for Nuclear Power Reactors" <u>found in</u> <u>Volume 58 of the FR, page 3912</u> (58- FR- 39132), dated July 22, 1993. These documents define the main elements of technical specifications and provide criteria for items to be included in the technical specifications, <u>contains additional information regarding the NRC's policies on</u> <u>TS</u>. The final policy statement and the statement of considerations for 10- CFR 50.36 (60 FR 36953), dated July- 19, 1995 (Ref. I-1), also discuss the use of probabilistic approaches to improve technical specifications. <u>TS</u>.

Neither 10 CFR Part 50 nor 10 CFR Part 52 specifies detail in the content or format for the TS. In 1992, the NRC issued STS to clarify the content and format of requirements necessary to ensure safe operation of nuclear power plants in accordance with 10 CFR 50.36. The following five NUREGs contain the STS that differ according to the design of the nuclear steam supply system (NSSS). For each NUREG, Volume 1 contains the TSs, and Volume 2 contains the associated TS bases. The STS include bases for safety limits, limiting safety system settings, LCOs, and associated action and surveillance requirements.

- <u>NUREG-1430, "Standard Technical Specifications Babcock and Wilcox Plants"</u>
- <u>NUREG-1431, "Standard Technical Specifications Westinghouse Plants"</u>
- <u>NUREG-1432, "Standard Technical Specifications Combustion Engineering Plants"</u>
- NUREG-1433, "Standard Technical Specifications General Electric Plants, BWR/4"
- <u>NUREG-1434, "Standard Technical Specifications General Electric Plants, BWR/6"</u>

The format and content of the TS and bases for a COL referencing a certified design must be based on the generic TS and bases for one of the approved certified designs listed as appendices to 10 CFR Part 52 (e.g., Appendix A, "Design Certification Rule for the U.S. Advanced Boiling Water Reactor," and Appendix D, "Design Certification Rule for the AP1000 Design"). Generic TS and associated bases developed and approved for a certified design contain general requirements on use and application as well as conventions regarding formatting and organization that were adapted from the most recent version of the STS appropriate to the NSSS design at the time of certification. The format and content of the TS and bases for a COL application not referencing a certified design should be based on the most recent version of the STS appropriate to the NSSS design.

In accordance with 10 CFR 50.36(a), each operating license that the Commission issues for a nuclear power plant must contain -TS that set forth all limits, operating conditions, and other requirements that the NRC imposes on operation of the facility to protect the health and safety of the public (among other purposes). Consequently, each applicant for a combined construction permit and conditional operating license (COL) for a nuclear power plant is required to must submit the proposed TS for the facility.-

Toward that end, Chapter 16 of the COL application and the associated final safety analysis report (FSAR) should include (<u>__</u>explicitly or by reference)<u></u> the proposed plant-<u>_</u>specific TS; (and associated bases, as discussed later in this chapter). In so doing, the applicant should ensure that the proposed plant-specific TS meet the requirements of 10^{-}_{CFR} -50.36 and <u>10 CFR</u> 50.36a for operating reactors. The plant-specific The plant-specific TS and bases should- be consistent with the content and format of the referenced of the "referenced TS and <u>bases</u>, whether an" either the approved generic TS and <u>bases</u> for <u>athe referenced</u> certified plant design or the <u>currentmost recent</u> version of the <u>standard TS in NUREG-1430 through</u> <u>NUREG-1434STS appropriate</u> for the selected <u>nuclear steam supply system (NSSS) vendor</u> <u>design</u>. The proposed <u>plant-specific</u> TS <u>and bases</u> may include appropriate site- specific <u>plant-specific</u> deviations from the referenced TS and bases when warranted. For applications referencing a certified design, <u>the applicant should justify</u> these deviations should <u>be justified</u> in a separately submitted exemption request. Applicant-supplied information to fulfill COL information items for <u>afor a</u> certified design or, as discussed in Section C.IV.3.3.3 <u>of this</u> <u>guide</u>, to replace <u>information</u> bracketed <u>information</u> in the <u>referenced</u> generic TS <u>and bases</u>, is not considered a deviation from the generic TS₇ <u>and bases</u> and does not require an exemption; however, such information. Applications referencing the standard TSSTS should include justification for any deviations, as well as justification for information to replace bracketed information bracketed in the STS.

<u>The COL application must include information required for plant-specific adoption of</u> topical reports listed in the referenced TS bases. If the COL application references a certified design, a separately submitted exemption request must address any deviation from the referenced topical reports or the required information. If referencing the STS, the COL application must include justification for each such deviation.

<u>The NRC published major revisions to the STS in 1995 (Revision 1), 2001 (Revision 2),</u> and 2004 (Revision 3). The STS continue to evolve to incorporate improvements identified from experience in their use. The process for initiating changes to the STS involves the industry-sponsored Technical Specifications Task Force (TSTF) submitting STS change proposals (called TSTF travelers) to the NRC for review, approval, and subsequent incorporation into the next revision of the STS. Once the NRC staff approves a TSTF traveler, the associated changes are considered to be a part of the STS and are available for adoption by nuclear plant licensees and license applicants. Consistent with the Commission's policy statement on TS and the use of PRA, the NRC and the industry continue to develop more fundamental risk-informed improvements to the STS.

For a COL application that references a certified design, the plant-specific TS and bases may deviate from the certified generic TS and bases to incorporate approved TSTF travelers adapted to the certified design. The COL applicant may propose such deviations concurrently with the COL application through a separately submitted exemption request, such as, in accordance with Section VIII.C.4 of Appendix A to 10 CFR Part 52. The exemption request must include justification for each deviation from the certified generic TS and bases.

For a COL application that does not reference a certified design, the plant-specific TS and bases may deviate from the STS, which includes all approved travelers. The COL application must include justification for each deviation from the STS.

Whether referencing a certified design or not, when a TSTF traveler is approved during the NRC review of the COL application, the applicant may elect to add the traveler to its application. After the COL is issued, the COL licensee may adopt approved TSTF travelers through the license amendment process in accordance with 10 CFR 50.90 and the TS bases control program set forth in the administrative controls section of the plant-specific TS.

As required by 10 CFR 50.36(a), the COL application shall include a summary statement of the bases or reasons for the proposed plant-<u>-</u>specific specifications other than those contained in the TS administrative controls section. Consistent with the <u>standard TSSTS</u>, bases are only required for TS sections related to safety limits, limiting <u>conditions for operation</u> (<u>safety system settings</u>, LCOs), and any associated action and surveillance requirements. No bases are required for the TS sections related to TS usage rules (definitions, logical connectors, required action completion times, and surveillance requirement frequencies) and the TS section for design features. And administrative controls. However, the bases are not a part of the technical specifications.TS.

Each specification<u>TS</u> provided in the COL application should be as complete as possible and should include the relevant numerical values, graphs, tables, and other data. The bases for each specification<u>for each TS</u> provided in the COL application should-reference the applicable FSAR sections that provide clarifying details in support of the bases.—

The proposed TS bases should provide justification that the specified variables, conditions, or other limitations are those that 10 CFR 50.36(cd)(2)(ii) requires to be the subject of LCOs. <u>SThe applicant should give special attention should be given to those specifications TS</u> that are influenced by the design in order to minimize subsequent facility modifications or license changes to harmonize the as-built plant and<u>ensure</u> the final plant-specific TS<u>reflect the as-built plant</u>. In particular, the TS bases should contain sufficient information, consistent with the FSAR, to confirm the design suitability of features and specifications that affect the type, capacity, and number of LCO-<u>r</u>required systems, as well as the capability for performance of surveillance activities involving those LCO-<u>r</u>required -systems.

The TS are part of the license, and are to be treated the applicant should treat them as a standalone separate document (separate from the FSAR) for the purposes of updating, distribution, and control. Similarly, the applicant also should treat the TS bases are also to be treated as a standalone separate document (separate from both the FSAR and the TS-) for the purposes of updating, distribution, and control.

Manuals, reports, and program documents identified in the administrative controls section of the of the TS or applicable governing regulations; are <u>not</u> considered to be-neither part of the FSAR, nor part of the TS or the associated bases. These documents (such as the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual and Core Operating Limits Report) are to be prepared and submitted to the NRC as required TS, or TS bases. The applicant should prepare these documents such as the offsite dose calculation manual, core operating limits report, and the Reactor Coolant System Pressure and Temperature Limits Report, and submit them to the NRC as required TS administrative control requirements and any applicable governing regulations. Applicants may, but are not required to, submit such documents with the COL application.

The COL application should contain -plant-_specific TS that are derived from the analyses and evaluations included in the FSAR. The plant-_specific TS should include the following categories of information as required by 10 CFR 50.36 and <u>10 CFR</u> 50.36a for operating reactors:-

- safety limits
- limiting safety system settings
- limiting conditions for operation<u>LCOs</u> (and associated remedial actions, if any)
- surveillance requirements-
- design features-
- administrative controls (<u>includesincluding</u> requirements on effluents containing radioactive material)

The COL application should include LCOs for each item that meets one or more of the following criteria set forth in 10 CFR $50.36(e^{d})(2)(ii)$:-

(A) • Criterion 1. Installed <u>installed</u> instrumentation that is used to detect, and indicate in the control room, a significant abnormal degradation of the reactor coolant pressure boundary.<u>RCPB</u>

(B) Criterion 2. <u>A a</u> process variable, design feature, or operating restriction that is an initial condition of a <u>Design Basis Accident DBA</u> or <u>T</u>ransient <u>A</u>analysis that either assumes the failure of or presents a challenge to the integrity of a fission product barrier.

(C)

- Criterion 3: A_a structure, system, or component that is part of the primary success path and which<u>that</u> functions or actuates to mitigate a Design Basis Accident DBA or Ttransient<u>analysis</u> that either assumes the failure of or presents a challenge to the integrity of a fission product barrier.
- -----(D)-
- Criterion 4. <u>A_a</u> structure, system, or component <u>whichthat</u> operating experience or <u>probabilistic risk assessmentPRA</u> has shown to be significant to public health and safety.

The COL application should describe the <u>applicant's</u> processes and governing procedures that ensure <u>that</u> (1) the proposed TS include <u>a limiting condition for operation (an</u> LCO) for each structure, system, or component (SSC) and parameter meeting one or more of the four criteria set forth in 10-<u>CFR-50.36(ed)(2)(ii)</u>; and (2) probabilistic risk assessment<u>PRA</u> is appropriately included in the development of <u>and</u> revisions to the TS, consistent with existing NRC rules and regulations.—

Regulatory Guide<u>RG</u> 1.177, "An Approach for <u>Plant-Specific</u><u>Plant-Specific</u>, Risk-Informed Decision-<u>Mm</u>aking: Technical Specifications," dated August 1998, contains guidance for proposing TS changes, such as relaxations of required action completion times and surveillance requirement frequencies. If any proposed TS requirements are based on risk insights; or <u>such</u> risk insights are used to support relaxation of a referenced generic or standard TS requirement, the COL application should discuss how<u>the following</u>:

- the <u>use of the</u> five key principles of the risk-<u>informed decision makingdecisionmaking</u> process (as specified in Section-<u>B</u>, "Discussion," of <u>Regulatory Guide<u>RG</u> 1.177) are used</u> to assess the nature and safety impact of such TS requirements and the controls used to prepare this risk information;
- the selected approaches and methods (whether quantitative or qualitative, and traditional or probabilistic), data, and criteria for considering risk are appropriateappropriateness, for the NRC's decision regarding the proposed risk-informed TS requirements;
- <u>, of the selected approaches and methods (whether quantitative or qualitative, traditional</u> or probabilistic), data, and criteria for considering risk
- <u>how</u> the controls used to ensure that proposed risk=_informed TS requirements meet current regulations, orders, and license conditions are consistent with the principles of risk-informed regulation;
- <u>how</u> the regulations regarding application for, and issuance of license amendments, as set forth in $\frac{10 \text{ CFR } 50.90-50.92}{10 \text{ cFR } 50.90-50.92}$, are met;
- the controls used 10 CFR 50.90 through 10 CFR 50.92, "Issuance of Amendment," are met

- <u>the use of controls</u> to ensure that any discrepancies between the proposed -risk-<u>-</u>informed TS requirements and <u>the</u> applicant or licensee commitments are identified and considered in the evaluation; and
- the <u>use of the</u> three-tiered approach is used in accordance with <u>Regulatory Guide 1RG 1</u>.177 to evaluate the risk associated with the proposed -risk=_informed TS requirements, in keeping with the fundamental principle that the proposed TS requirements are consistent with the <u>defense-indepthdefense-in-depth</u> philosophy, thereby ensuring that <u>defense-in-depth will not be</u> <u>significantly impacted by</u> the proposed risk-informed TS requirements.

REFERENCES:

(1) USNRC, "Use of Probabilistic Risk Assessment Methods in Nuclear Activities: Final Policy Statement," *Federal Register*, 60 FR 42622, August 16, 1995.

(2) USNRC, "Quarterly Status Update for the Probabilistic Risk Assessment Implementation Plan," SECY-97-234, October 14, 1997.

(3) USNRC, "Standard Technical Specifications: Babcock and Wilcox Plants," NUREG-1430 (latest revision).

(4) USNRC, "Standard Technical Specifications, Westinghouse Plants," NUREG-1431 (latest revision).

(5) USNRC, "Standard Technical Specifications, Combustion Engineering Plants," NUREG-1432 (latest revision).

(6) USNRC, "Standard Technical Specifications, General Electric Plants, BWRI/4," NUREG-1433 (latest revision).

(7) USNRC, "Standard Technical Specifications, General Electric Plants, BWR/6," NUREG-1434 (latest revision).

(8) USNRC, "An Approach for Plant-Specific Risk-Informed Decision-making: Technical Specifications," Regulatory Guide 1.177, August 1998.

(9) USNRC, "Statement of Considerations: Technical Specifications for Facility Licensees; Safety Analyses Reports," *Federal Register*, 33 FR 18612, December 17, 1968. will not significantly impact defense in depth