



**Radiation Center**

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October 23, 2006

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission  
Document Control Desk  
Washington, DC 20555

Reference: Oregon State University TRIGA Reactor (OSTR)  
Docket No. 50-243, License No. R-106

In accordance with section 6.7.e of the OSTR Technical Specifications we are hereby submitting the Oregon State University Radiation Center and OSTR Annual Report for the period July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2006.


The Annual Report continues the pattern established over the past few years by including information about the entire Radiation Center rather than concentrating primarily on the reactor. Because this report addresses a number of different interests, it is rather lengthy, but we have incorporated a short executive summary which highlights the Center's activities and accomplishments over the past year.

The executive summary indicates that the Radiation Center has had yet another successful and productive year. I would like to emphasize that the achievements of this last year would not have been possible without the support and assistance we received from the invaluable programs administered by the USDOE. In particular, the Reactor Sharing Program and the University Research Reactor Instrumentation Upgrades Program are very const-effective in providing invaluable support to the university reactor community and its users.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on: 10/23/06

Sincerely,

  
Steven R. Reese  
Director

Cc: Alexander Adams, USNRC  
Craig Bassett, USNRC  
Ken Niles, ODOE

John Cassady, OSU  
Rich Holdren, OSU  
Todd Palmer, OSU

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**OSU**

Oregon State  
UNIVERSITY

**Radiation Center and  
TRIGA Reactor  
Annual Report**

**July 2005—June 2006**



# **Annual Report of the Oregon State University Radiation Center and TRIGA Reactor**

**July 1, 2005 - June 30, 2006**

To satisfy the requirements of:

- A. U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, License No. R-106 (Docket No. 50-243), Technical Specification 6.7(e).
- B. Task Order No. 3, under Subcontract No. C84-110499 (DE-AC07-76ER01953) for University Reactor Fuel Assistance-AR-67-88, issued by EG&G Idaho, Inc.
- C. Oregon Department of Energy, OOE Rule No. 345-030-010.

Submitted by:  
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Radiation Center  
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# O V E R V I E W



## Acknowledgments



Steve Reese  
Director

The Oregon State University (OSU) Radiation Center would not be what it is today if it were not for everyone on the staff doing what they do every single day. Since I became the Director a little over a year ago I've been preaching, "...education, research, and service..." Our success in these areas is directly attributable to this unique group of people, not only because they are incredibly competent at what they do but, more importantly, they help each other. With this in mind, this year I'd like to dedicate this annual report to them.

### **Shirley Campbell**

This year Shirley was nominated by three different organizational leaders (including myself) for the Oregon State University Employee of the Year. Although she did not win, the nomination exemplifies the level of appreciation felt.

### **Erin Cimbri**

The Radiation Center has never looked better. This is in a large part due to her efforts on the floors, walls, and all that she takes care of. She is the first to accommodate her schedule to satisfy the many directions she gets pulled in.

### **Mike Conrady**

Perhaps no one has had to make more sacrifices and adjustments over the last year since I became Director than Mike. His increased involvement with the academic laboratories and tours has opened new possibilities and interaction with campus. It is as important as it is appreciated.

### **Jim Darrough**

Jim constantly strives to improve every process he becomes involved with. Additionally, he is probably the most helpful person I have ever met. His personality is such that if you need help, he will drop what ever he is doing to lend a hand.

### **Mike Hartman**

I've never been as excited about the potential for a new member of the organization as I have been with Mike. Not only does he bring a new research capability for the reactor and an increased integration with academics, he has a personality that is friendly and inclusive. Welcome!

**Todd Keller**

His enthusiasm for neutronics has provided the Radiation Center with a very unique resource. He has also graciously stepped in to fill in the shoes of Reactor Administrator over the past year. *We could not have gotten through this year without him.*

**Scott Menn**

In the past year I've relied on Scott to "pick up" those items that I forget to follow up on, initiate what needed to be done when I was distracted, and otherwise prevent things from slipping through the cracks. Although I haven't said it enough, I REALLY appreciate it.

**Leah Minc**

Working with Leah has been a delight. In the short time that she has been here she has helped create a much needed balance of research and service to the organization. Her ability to reach out to departments across campus will prove to be a key component to our success.

**Alena Paulenova**

Alena's contribution to the Radiation Center resides firmly in research. It is a critical piece to the puzzle. She was the first pure researcher brought into the fold in probably 15 years and her recent successes (i.e., NERI, LD/RD, etc) will advance the entire organization.

**Dina Pope**

No one has been a bigger help to me since becoming Director than Dina. Her advice and understanding have been invaluable. This is particularly true when I think of the big events we have scheduled in the coming year. Bringing Dina on board was the first and best decision I made as Director.

**Steve Smith**

I've relied on his opinion and skill to solve problems in the Radiation Center for nine years now. I often joke that he'll forget more about the reactor than I'll ever learn but it is the truth. I have a lot of respect for him.

**Gary Wachs**

Gary continues to be the conscience of the reactor. His consistency and ability to appreciate the bigger picture keep the facility functioning with the proper sense of safety culture and effectiveness. The excellent inspection reports that we continually receive from our regulator are due primarily to his effort.



## **Executive Summary**

The data from this reporting year shows that the use of the Radiation Center and the Oregon State TRIGA reactor (OSTR) has continued to grow in many areas.

The Radiation Center supported 54 different courses this year, mostly in the Department of Nuclear Engineering and Radiation Health Physics. About 75% of these courses involved the OSTR. The number of OSTR hours used for academic courses and training was 52, while 1,800 hours were used for research projects. Fifty-one percent of the OSTR research hours were in support of off-campus research projects, reflecting the use of the OSTR nationally and internationally. Radiation Center users published or submitted 107 articles this year, completed 4 theses/ dissertations, and made 89 presentations on work that involved the OSTR or Radiation Center. The number of samples irradiated in the reactor during this reporting period was 1144. Funded OSTR use hours comprised 96% of the research use.

Personnel at the Radiation Center conducted 154 tours of the facility, accommodating 2,146 visitors. The visitors included elementary, middle school, high school, and college students; relatives and friends; faculty; current and prospective clients; national laboratory and industrial scientists and engineers; and state, federal and international officials. The Radiation Center is a significant positive attraction on campus because visitors leave with a good impression of the facility and of Oregon State University.

The Radiation Center projects database continues to provide a useful way of tracking the many different aspects of work at the facility. The number of projects supported this year was 215. Reactor related projects comprised 72% of all projects. The total research supported by the Radiation Center, as reported by our researchers, was \$6,942,764. The actual total is likely considerably higher. This year the Radiation Center provided service to 75 different organizations/ institutions, 41% of which were from other states and 16% of which were from outside the U. S. So while the Center's primary mission is local, it is also a facility with a national and international clientele.

The Radiation Center web site provides an easy way for potential users to evaluate the Center's facilities and capabilities as well as to apply for a project and check use charges. The address is: <http://radiationcenter.oregonstate.edu>.

The current annual report of the Oregon State University Radiation Center and TRIGA Reactor follows the usual format by including information related to the entire Radiation Center rather than just the reactor. However, the information is still presented in such a manner that data on the reactor may be examined separately, if desired. It should be noted that all annual data given in this report covers the period from July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2006. Cumulative reactor operating data in this report relate only to the FLIP-fueled core. This covers the period from August 1, 1976 through June 30, 2006. For a summary of data on the reactor's original 20% enriched core, the reader is referred to Table IV.A.2 in Part IV of this report or to the 1976-77 Annual Report if a more comprehensive review is needed.

In addition to providing general information about the activities of the Radiation Center, this report is designed to meet the reporting requirements of the U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, the U. S. Department of Energy, and the Oregon Department of Energy. Because of this, the report is divided into several distinct parts so that the reader may easily find the sections of interest.

The Radiation Center is a unique facility which serves the entire OSU campus, all other institutions within the Oregon University System, and many other universities and organizations throughout the nation and the world. The Center also regularly provides special services to state and federal agencies, particularly agencies dealing with law enforcement, energy, health, and environmental quality, and renders assistance to Oregon industry. In addition, the Radiation Center provides permanent office and laboratory space for the OSU Department of Nuclear Engineering and Radiation Health Physics, the OSU Institute of Nuclear Science and Engineering, and for the OSU nuclear chemistry, radiation chemistry, geochemistry and radiochemistry programs. *There is no other university facility with the combined capabilities of the OSU Radiation Center in the western half of the United States.*

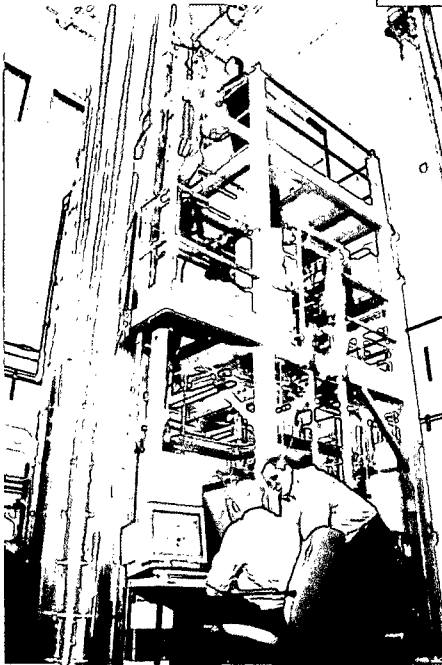
Located in the Radiation Center are many items of specialized equipment and unique teaching and research facilities. They include a TRIGA Mark II research nuclear reactor; a  $^{60}\text{Co}$  gamma irradiator; a large number of state-of-the art computer-based gamma radiation spectrometers and associated germanium detectors; and a variety of instruments for radiation measurements and

## Introduction

## Overview of the Radiation Center



monitoring. Specialized facilities for radiation work include teaching and research laboratories with instrumentation and related equipment for performing neutron activation analysis and radio-tracer studies; laboratories for plant experiments involving radioactivity; a facility for repair and calibration of radiation protection instrumentation; and facilities for packaging radioactive materials for shipment to national and international destinations.



A major non-nuclear facility housed in the Radiation Center is the one-quarter scale thermal hydraulic advanced plant experimental (APEX) test facility for the Westinghouse AP600 and AP1000 reactor designs. The AP600 and AP1000 are next-generation nuclear reactor designs which incorporate many passive safety features as well as considerably simplified plant systems and equipment. APEX operates at pressures up to 400 psia and temperatures up to 450°F using electrical heaters instead of nuclear fuel. All major components of the AP600 and AP1000 are included in APEX and all systems are appropriately scaled to enable the experimental measurements to be used for safety evaluations and licensing of the full scale plant. This world-class facility meets exacting quality assurance criteria to provide assurance of safety as well as validity of the test results.

Also housed in the Radiation Center are the Advanced Thermal Hydraulics Research Laboratory (ATHRL), which is used for state-of-the-art two-phase flow experiments, and the Nuclear Engineering Scientific Computing Laboratory.

The Radiation Center staff regularly provides direct support and assistance to OSU teaching and research programs. Areas of expertise commonly involved in such efforts include nuclear engineering, nuclear and radiation chemistry, neutron activation analysis, radiation effects on biological systems, radiation dosimetry, environmental radioactivity, production of short-lived radioisotopes, radiation shielding, nuclear instrumentation, emergency response, transportation of radioactive materials, instrument calibration, radiation health physics, radioactive waste disposal, and other related areas.

In addition to formal academic and research support, the Center's staff provides a wide variety of other services including public tours and instructional programs, and professional consultation associated with the feasibility, design, safety, and execution of experiments using radiation and radioactive materials.

## History

A brief chronology of the key dates and events in the history of the OSU Radiation Center and the TRIGA reactor is given below:

### **June 1964**

Completion of the first phase of the Radiation Center, consisting of 32,397 square feet of office and laboratory space, under the direction of founding Director, C. H. Wang.

### **July 1964**

Transfer of the 0.1 W AGN 201 reactor to the Radiation Center. This reactor was initially housed in the Department of Mechanical Engineering and first went critical in January, 1959.

### **October 1966**

Completion of the second phase of the Radiation Center, consisting of 9,956 square feet of space for the TRIGA reactor and associated laboratories and offices.

### **March 1967**

Initial criticality of the Oregon State TRIGA Reactor (OSTR). The reactor was licensed to operate at a maximum steady state power level of 250 kW and was fueled with 20% enriched fuel.

### **October 1967**

Formal dedication of the Radiation Center.

### **August 1969**

OSTR licensed to operate at a maximum steady state power of 1 MW, but could do so only for short periods of time due to lack of cooling capacity.

### **June 1971**

OSTR cooling capacity upgraded to allow continuous operation at 1 MW.

### **April 1972**

OSTR Site Certificate issued by the Oregon Energy Facility Siting Council.

### **September 1972**

OSTR area fence installed.

### **December 1974**

AGN-201 reactor permanently shut down.

### **March 1976**

Completion of 1600 square feet of additional space to accommodate the rapidly expanding nuclear engineering program.

## OSU Radiation Center

### **July 1976**

OSTR refueled with 70% enriched FLIP fuel.

### **July 1977**

Completion of a second 1600 square feet of space to bring the Radiation Center complex to a total of 45,553 square feet.

January 1980 Major upgrade of the electronics in the OSTR control console.

### **January 1980**

Major upgrade to the electronics in the OSTR control console.

### **July 1980**

AGN-201 reactor decommissioned and space released for unrestricted use.

### **June 1982**

Shipment of the original 20% enriched OSTR fuel to Westinghouse Hanford Company.

### **December 1984**

C. H. Wang retired as director. C. V. Smith became new director.

### **August 1986**

Director C. V. Smith left to become Chancellor of the University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee. A. G. Johnson became new Director.

### **December 1988**

AGN-201 components transferred to Idaho State University for use in their AGN-201 reactor program.

### **December 1989**

OSTR licensed power increased to 1.1 MW.

### **June 1990**

Installation of a 7000 Ci <sup>60</sup>Co Gammacell irradiator.

### **March 1992**

25th anniversary of the OSTR initial criticality.

### **November 1992**

Start of APEX plant construction.

### **June 1994**

Retirement of Director A. G. Johnson. B. Dodd became new Director.

### **August 1994**

APEX inauguration ceremony.

**August 1995**

Major external refurbishment: new roof, complete repaint, rebuilt parking lot, addition of landscaping and lighting.

**September 1998**

B. Dodd left on a leave of absence to the International Atomic Energy Agency. S. E. Binney became new Director.

**January 1999**

Installation of the Argon Production Facility in the OSTR.

**April 1999**

Completion of ATHRL facility brings the Radiation Center complex to a total of 47,198 square feet.

**July 2002**

S. E. Binney retired. J. F. Higginbotham became interim director.

**October 2002**

A. C. Klein became new director.

**October 2004**

Neutron Radiography Facility completed.

**April 2005**

A. C. Klein left on leave of absence to Idaho National Laboratory. S.R. Reese became new Director.



PEOPLE



## Radiation Center Staff

This section contains a listing of all people who were residents of the Radiation Center or who worked a significant amount of time at the Center during this reporting period.

It should be noted that not all of the faculty and students who used the Radiation Center for their teaching and research are listed. Summary information on the number of people involved is given in Table VI.C.1, while individual names and projects are listed in Tables VI.C.2 and VI.C.3.

**Steve Reese**, Director

**Shirley Campbell**, Business Manager

**Erin Cimbri**, Custodian

**Brandy Marion**, Office Specialist (3-17-06 to 6-30-96)

**LaVon Mauer**, Office Specialist (7-1-05 to 3-17-06)

**Dina Pope**, Office Manager

**Heather Rangner**, Marketing and Communications Assistant (8-8-05 to 6-19-06)

**S. Todd Keller**, Interim Reactor Administrator (3-01-04 to 6-30-06), Senior Reactor Operator

**Gary Wachs**, Reactor Supervisor, Senior Reactor Operator

**Scott Menn**, Senior Health Physicist

**Jim Darrough**, Health Physicist

**Mike Conrady**, Analytical Support Manager

**Leah Minc**, Neutron Activation Analysis Manager

**Alena Paulenova**, Radiochemistry Research Manager

**Steve Smith**, Scientific Instrument Technician, Senior Reactor Operator

**Lindsey Arnold**, Health Physics Monitor (Student)

**Emily Dougherty**, Physics Monitor (Student)

**Benjamin Fahlgren**, Physics Monitor (Student)

**Emily Hertel**, Physics Monitor (Student)

**Donald Coomes**, Nuclear Instrumentation Support (Student)

**Mike Kennedy** (Student)

**Anthony Elliott** (Student)

## Professional and Research Faculty

**\*Binney, Stephen E.**

Director Emeritus, Radiation Center, Professor Emeritus, Nuclear Engineering and Radiation Health Physics

**\*Conrady, Michael R.**

Faculty Research Assistant, Analytical Support Manager, Radiation Center

**Craig, A. Morrie**

Professor, College of Veterinary Medicine

**Daniels, Malcolm**

Professor Emeritus, Chemistry

**Duringer, Jennifer**

Research Associate, College of Veterinary Medicine

**Groome, John T.**

Faculty Research Assistant, ATHRL Facility Operations Manager, Nuclear Engineering and Radiation Health Physics

**\*Hamby, David**

Professor, Nuclear Engineering and Radiation Health Physics

**Hart, Lucas P.**

Faculty Research Associate, Chemistry

**\*Higginbotham, Jack F.**

Director, Oregon Space Grant, Professor, Nuclear Engineering and Radiation Health Physics

**\*Higley, Kathryn A.**

Professor, Nuclear Engineering and Radiation Health Physics

**Johnson, Arthur G.**

Director Emeritus, Radiation Center, Professor Emeritus, Nuclear Engineering and Radiation Health Physics

**Keller, S. Tood**

Interim Reactor Administrator/Reactor Operator, Radiation Center

**Klein, Andrew C.**

Professor, Nuclear Engineering and Radiation Health Physics

**\*Krane, Kenneth S.**

Professor Emeritus, Physics

**\*Loveland, Walter D.**

Professor, Chemistry

**\*Menn, Scott A.**

Senior Health Physicist , Radiation Center

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*\*OSTR users for research and/or teaching*

## OSU Radiation Center

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**\*Minc, Leah**

Assistant Professor Senior Research, Radiation Center

**\*Palmer, Todd S.**

Associate Professor, Nuclear Engineering and Radiation Health Physics

**\*Paulenova, Alena**

Assistant Professor, Senior Research, Radiation Center

**Popovich, Milosh**

Vice President Emeritus, Oregon State University

**\*Reese, Steven R.**

Director, Radiation Center

**Reyes, Jr., José N.**

Department Head, Nuclear Engineering and Radiation Health Physics, ATHRL Principal Investigator

**Ringle, John C.**

Professor Emeritus, Nuclear Engineering and Radiation Health Physics

**Robinson, Alan H.**

Department Head, Emeritus, Nuclear Engineering and Radiation Health Physics

**\*Schmitt, Roman A.**

Professor Emeritus, Chemistry

**\*Wachs, Gary**

Reactor Supervisor, Radiation Center

**Wang, Chih H.**

Director Emeritus, Radiation Center, Professor Emeritus, Nuclear Engineering and Radiation Health Physics

**Walker, Karen**

Research Assistant, College of Veterinary Medicine

**Woods, Brian**

Assistant Professor, Nuclear Engineering and Radiation Health Physics

**Wu, Qiao**

Associate Professor, Nuclear Engineer and Radiation Health Physics

**Young, Roy A.**

Professor Emeritus, Botany and Plant Pathology

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*\*OSTR users for research and/or teaching*

## Reactor Operations Committee

<b>John Ringle</b> , Chair	Nuclear Engineering and Radiation Health Physics
<b>Rainier Farmer</b>	Radiation Safety
<b>David Hamby</b>	Nuclear Engineering and Radiation Health Physics
<b>Todd Keller</b>	Radiation Center
<b>Mario Magana</b>	Electrical Engineering
<b>Scott Menn</b>	Radiation Center
<b>Todd Palmer</b>	Nuclear Engineering and Radiation Health Physics
<b>Wade Richards</b>	NIST
<b>Steve Reese</b>	Radiation Center
<b>Gary Wachs</b>	Radiation Center
<b>Bill Warnes</b>	Mechanical Engineering



## Graduate Students

Name	Degree, Program	Advisor
Abel, Kent	PhD, Nuclear Engineering	J. N. Reyes
Ashbaker, Eric	MS, Radiation Health Physics	S. R. Reese
Bak, Alysse	MS, Radiation Health Physics	K. A. Higley
Bentley, Blair	MA, Radiation Health Physics	K. A. Higley
Benz, Jacob	MS, Nuclear Engineering	T.S. Palmer
Bland, Jason	MHD, Radiation Health Physics	K.A.
Broughton, Phillip	MS, Radiation Health Physics	K.A. Higley
Brumley, Willis	MS, Radiation Health Physics	K. A. Higley
Bruso, Jason	MS, Nuclear Engineering	A. Paulenova
Bytwerk, David	MS, Radiation Health Physics	K. A. Higley
Castro, Miguel	MS, Radiation Health Physics	K. A. Higley
Champine, Brian	MHD, Radiation Health Physics	K.A. Higley
Courville, Alicia	Non-Degree	D. M. Hamby
Darrett, Jeannine	MS, Radiation Health Physics	K. A. Higley
Frey, Wesley	MS, Radiation Health Physics	J. F. Higginbotham
Gambone, Cindy	MS, Nuclear Engineering	T. S. Palmer & S. R. Reese
Hall, Gary	MS, Radiation Health Physics	K.A. Higley
Hay, Tristan	MS, Radiation Health Physics	D.M. Hamby
Hooda, Benny	MS, Radiation Health Physics	K. A. Higley
Huang, Zhongliang	PhD, Nuclear Chemistry	W. D. Loveland
Jackson, R. Brian	MS, Nuclear Engineering	J.N. Reyes
Keller, S. Todd	MS, Nuclear Engineering	T.S. Palmer
Kim, Dong W.	PHD, Nuclear Engineering	Q. Wu
Konoff, Daniel	MS, Radiation Health Physics	K. A. Higley
Lee, Dongyoung	MENg, Nuclear Engineering	Q. Wu
Lobach, Sergiy	PhD, Nuclear Engineering	A. Paulenova
Lopez, Alejandro	MS, Radiation Health Physics	D. M. Hamby
Maloy, Kyle	MS, Radiation Health Physics	D. M. Hamby & T. S. Palmer
Misner, Alex	MS, Nuclear Engineering	K. A. Higley & D. M. Hamby
Morda, Anthony	MS, Radiation Health Physics	K. A. Higley
Munger, Eric	MS, Radiation Health Physics	K.A. Higley
Myers, Margaret	MS, Radiation Health Physics	K. A. Higley
Naik, Radhika	PhD, Nuclear Chemistry	W. D. Loveland
Napier, Bruce	PhD, Radiation Health Physics	D. M. Hamby
Nashehzadeh-Tabriz, Mike	PhD, Radiation Health Physics	K.A. Higley/ A. Paulenova
Nes, Razvan	PhD, Nuclear Engineering	T. S. Palmer
Newman, Errol	MS, Radiation Health Physics	D. M. Hamby
Palotay, Josh	MS, Radiation Health Physics	K. A. Higley
Rajan, Ajith	MS, Radiation Health Physics	D. M. Hamby
Robinson, Adam	MS, Nuclear Engineering	B. Woods
Rodriguez, John	MS, Radiation Health Physics	K. A. Higley
Rogers, Kevin	MS, Radiation Health Physics	K. A. Higley
Ropon, Kimberly	MS, Radiation Health Physics	D. M. Hamby
Schaeffer, Barry	MS, Radiation Health Physics	K.A. Higley
Schilling, Raymond	MS, Radiation Health Physics	K. A. Higley
Skinner, Jesse	MS,	Q. Wu
Slauson, Marjorie	MS, Radiation Health Physics	K. A. Higley
Smith, Angela	MS, Radiation Health Physics	K. A. Higley
Sprunger, Peter	PhD, Physics	W. D. Loveland
Staples, Christopher	MS, Physics	K. Krane
Straiff, Walt	Non-Degree	K.A. Higley
Tack, Krystina	MS, Radiation Health Physics	K. A. Higley
Tavakoli, Farsoni	PhD, Radiation Health Physics	D. M. Hamby
Wagner, Russ	MS, Radiation Health Physics	K.A. Higley
Wong, Jiani	MS, Nuclear Engineering	Q. Wu
Yao, You	PhD, Nuclear Engineering	Q. Wu
Yoo, Yeon-Jong	PhD, Nuclear Engineering	J. N. Reyes
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05-06 Annual Report

# FACILITIES

## Research Reactor

The Oregon State University TRIGA Reactor (OSTR) is a water-cooled, swimming pool type research reactor which uses uranium/zirconium hydride fuel elements in a circular grid array. The reactor core is surrounded by a ring of graphite which serves to reflect neutrons back into the core. The core is situated near the bottom of a 22-foot deep water-filled tank, and the tank is surrounded by a concrete bioshield which acts as a radiation shield and structural support.

The reactor is licensed by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission to operate at a maximum steady state power of 1.1 MW and can also be pulsed up to a peak power of about 2500 MW.

The OSTR has a number of different irradiation facilities including a pneumatic transfer tube, a rotating rack, a thermal column, four beam ports, five sample holding (dummy) fuel elements for special in-core irradiations, an in-core irradiation tube, and a cadmium-lined in-core irradiation tube for experiments requiring a high energy neutron flux. The OSTR also has an Argon Production Facility for the production of  $^{41}\text{Ar}$ .

The **pneumatic transfer facility** enables samples to be inserted and removed from the core in four to five seconds. Consequently this facility is normally used for neutron activation analysis involving short-lived radionuclides. On the other hand, the **rotating rack** is used for much longer irradiation of samples (e.g., hours). The rack consists of a circular array of 40 tubular positions, each of which can hold two sample tubes. Rotation of the rack ensures that each sample will receive an identical irradiation.

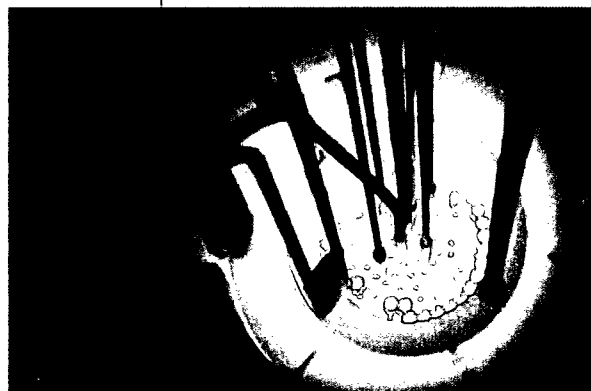
The reactor's **thermal column** consists of a large stack of graphite blocks which slows down neutrons from the reactor core in order to increase thermal neutron activation of samples. Over 99% of the neutrons in the thermal column are thermal neutrons. Graphite blocks are removed from the thermal column to enable samples to be positioned inside for irradiation.

The **beam ports** are tubular penetrations in the reactor's main concrete shield which enable neutron and gamma radiation to stream from the core when a beam port's shield plugs are removed. One of the beam ports contains the **argon production facility** for production of curie levels of  $^{41}\text{Ar}$ . The neutron radiography facility utilized the tangential beam port (beam port #3) to produce ASTM E545 category I radiography capability. The other beam ports are available for a variety of experiments.

If samples to be irradiated require a large neutron fluence, especially from higher energy neutrons, they may be inserted into a

dummy fuel element. This device will then be placed into one of the core's inner grid positions which would normally be occupied by a fuel element. Similarly samples can be placed in the **in-core irradiation tube (ICIT)** which can be inserted in the same core location.

The **cadmium-lined in-core irradiation tube (CLICIT)** enables samples to be irradiated in a high flux region near the center of the core. The cadmium lining in the facility eliminates thermal neutrons and thus permits sample exposure to higher energy neutrons only. The cadmium-lined end of this air-filled aluminum irradiation tube is inserted into an inner grid position of the reactor core which would normally be occupied by a fuel element. It is the same as the ICIT except for the presence of the cadmium lining.



The two main uses of the OSTR are instruction and research.

### Instruction

Instructional use of the reactor is twofold. First, it is used significantly for classes in Nuclear Engineering, Radiation Health Physics, and Chemistry at both the graduate and undergraduate levels to demonstrate numerous principles which have been presented in the classroom. Basic neutron behavior is the same in small reactors as it is in large power reactors, and many demonstrations and instructional experiments can be performed using the OSTR which cannot be carried out with a commercial power reactor. Shorter-term demonstration experiments are also performed for many undergraduate students in Physics, Chemistry, and Biology classes, as well as for visitors from other universities and colleges, from high schools, and from public groups.

The second instructional application of the OSTR involves educating reactor operators, operations managers, and health physicists. The OSTR is in a unique position to provide such education since curricula must include hands-on experience at an operating reactor and in associated laboratories. The many types of educational programs that the Radiation Center provides are more fully described in Part VI of this report.

During this reporting period the OSTR accommodated a number of different OSU academic classes and other academic programs. In addition, portions of classes from other Oregon universities were also supported by the OSTR. Table III.D.1, provides detailed information on the use of the OSTR for instruction and training.

## **Analytical Equipment**

## **Radioisotope Irradiation Sources**

### **Research**

The OSTR is a unique and valuable tool for a wide variety of research applications and serves as an excellent source of neutrons and/or gamma radiation. The most commonly used experimental technique requiring reactor use is instrumental neutron activation analysis (INAA). This is a particularly sensitive method of elemental analysis which is described in more detail in Part VI.

The OSTR's irradiation facilities provide a wide range of neutron flux levels and neutron flux qualities which are sufficient to meet the needs of most researchers. This is true not only for INAA, but also for other experimental purposes such as the  $^{39}\text{Ar}/^{40}\text{Ar}$  ratio and fission track methods of age dating samples.

The Radiation Center has a large variety of radiation detection instrumentation. This equipment is upgraded as necessary, especially the gamma ray spectrometers with their associated computers and germanium detectors. Additional equipment for classroom use and an extensive inventory of portable radiation detection instrumentation are also available.

Radiation Center nuclear instrumentation receives intensive use in both teaching and research applications. In addition, service projects also use these systems and the combined use often results in 24-hour per day schedules for many of the analytical instruments. Use of Radiation Center equipment extends beyond that located at the Center and instrumentation may be made available on a loan basis to OSU researchers in other departments.

The Radiation Center is equipped with a 1,644 curie (as of 7/27/01) Gammacell 220  $^{60}\text{Co}$  irradiator which is capable of delivering high doses of gamma radiation over a range of dose rates to a variety of materials.

Typically, the irradiator is used by researchers wishing to perform mutation and other biological effects studies; studies in the area of radiation chemistry; dosimeter testing; sterilization of food materials, soils, sediments, biological specimen, and other media; gamma radiation damage studies; and other such applications. In addition to the  $^{60}\text{Co}$  irradiator, the Center is also equipped with a variety of smaller  $^{60}\text{Co}$ ,  $^{137}\text{Cs}$ ,  $^{226}\text{Ra}$ , plutonium-beryllium, and other isotopic sealed sources of various radioactivity levels which are available for use as irradiation sources.

During this reporting period there was a diverse group of projects using the  $^{60}\text{Co}$  irradiator. These projects included the irradiation of a variety of biological materials including different types of seeds.

In addition, the irradiator was used for sterilization of several media and the evaluation of the radiation effects on different materials. Table III.C.1 provides use data for the Gammacell 220 irradiator.

The Radiation Center is equipped with a number of different radioactive material laboratories designed to accommodate research projects and classes offered by various OSU academic departments or off-campus groups.

Instructional facilities available at the Center include a laboratory especially equipped for teaching radiochemistry and a nuclear instrumentation teaching laboratory equipped with modular sets of counting equipment which can be configured to accommodate a variety of experiments involving the measurement of many types of radiation. The Center also has two student computer rooms equipped with a large number of personal computers and UNIX workstations.

In addition to these dedicated instructional facilities, many other research laboratories and pieces of specialized equipment are regularly used for teaching. In particular, classes are routinely given access to gamma spectrometry equipment located in Center laboratories. A number of classes also regularly use the OSTR and the Reactor Bay as an integral part of their instructional coursework.

There are two classrooms in the Radiation Center which are capable of holding about 35 and 18 students, respectively. In addition, there are two smaller conference rooms and a library suitable for graduate classes and thesis examinations. As a service to the student body, the Radiation Center also provides an office area for the student chapters of the American Nuclear Society and the Health Physics Society.

This reporting period saw continued high utilization of the Radiation Center's thermal hydraulics laboratory. This laboratory is being used by Nuclear Engineering faculty members to accommodate a one-quarter scale model of the Palisades Nuclear Power reactor. The multi-million dollar advanced plant experimental (APEX) facility was fully utilized by the U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission to provide licensing data and to test safety systems in "beyond design basis" accidents. The fully scaled, integral model APEX facility uses electrical heating elements to simulate the fuel elements, operates at 450°F and 400 psia, and responds at twice real time. It is the only facility of its type in the world and is owned by the U. S. Department of Energy and operated by OSU. In addition, a new building, the Air-water Test Loop for Ad-

## **Laboratories And Classrooms**



vanced Thermal-hydraulics Studies (ATLATS), was constructed next to the Reactor Building in 1998. Two-phase flow experiments are conducted in the ATLATS. Together APEX and ATLATS comprise the Advanced Thermal Hydraulics Research Laboratory (ATHRL).

All of the laboratories and classrooms are used extensively during the academic year. A listing of courses accommodated at the Radiation Center during this reporting period along with their enrollments is given in Table III.D.1.

## **Instrument Repair and Calibration Facility**

The Radiation Center has a facility for the repair and calibration of essentially all types of radiation monitoring instrumentation. This includes instruments for the detection and measurement of alpha, beta, gamma, and neutron radiation. It encompasses both high range instruments for measuring intense radiation fields and low range instruments used to measure environmental levels of radioactivity.

The Center's instrument repair and calibration facility is used regularly throughout the year and is absolutely essential to the continued operation of the many different programs carried out at the Center. In addition, the absence of any comparable facility in the state has led to a greatly expanded instrument calibration program for the Center, including calibration of essentially all radiation detection instruments used by state and federal agencies in the state of Oregon. This includes instruments used on the OSU campus and all other institutions in the Oregon University System, plus instruments from the Oregon Health Division's Radiation Protection Services, the Oregon Department of Energy, the Oregon Public Utilities Commission, the Oregon Health Sciences University, the Army Corps of Engineers, and the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency.

## **Library**

The Radiation Center has a library containing a significant collections of texts, research reports, and videotapes relating to nuclear science, nuclear engineering, and radiation protection.

The Radiation Center is also a regular recipient of a great variety of publications from commercial publishers in the nuclear field, from many of the professional nuclear societies, from the U. S. Department of Energy, the U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, and other federal agencies. Therefore, the Center library maintains a current collection of leading nuclear research and regulatory documentation. In addition, the Center has a collection of a number of nuclear power reactor Safety Analysis Reports and Environmental Reports specifically prepared by utilities for their facilities.

The Center maintains an up-to-date set of reports from such organizations as the International Commission on Radiological Protection, the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements, and the International Commission on Radiological Units. Sets of the current U.S. Code of Federal Regulations for the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, the U.S. Department of Transportation, and other appropriate federal agencies, plus regulations of various state regulatory agencies are also available at the Center.

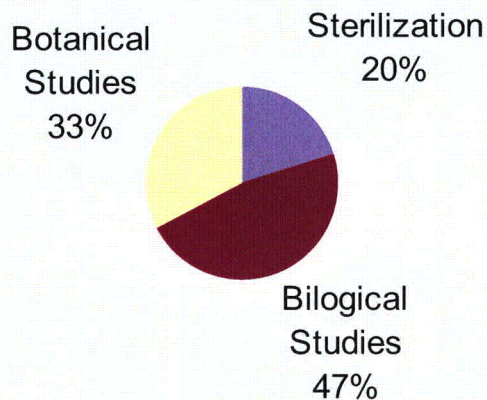
The Radiation Center videotape library has over one hundred tapes on nuclear engineering, radiation protection, and radiological emergency response topics. In addition, the Radiation Center uses videotapes for most of the technical orientations which are required for personnel working with radiation and radioactive materials. These tapes reproduced, recorded, and edited by Radiation Center staff, using the Center's videotape equipment and the facilities of the OSU Communication Media Center.

The Radiation Center library is used mainly to provide reference material on an as-needed basis. It receives extensive use during the academic year. In addition, the orientation videotapes are used intensively during the beginning of each term and periodically thereafter.



**Table III.C.1**  
**Gammacell 220  $^{60}\text{Co}$  Irradiator Use**

Purpose of Irradiation	Samples	Dose Range (rads)	Number of Irradiations	Use Time (hours)
Sterilization	wood, chitosan, implants, mouse diet, polymers, soil, syringes	9.0E+05 to 2.5E+06	52	2209
Biological Studies	mouse cells, prostate cells, spleen cells, cancer cells,	1.0E+01 to 1.2E+04	117	2
Botanical Studies	wood, flower seeds, plant material, pollen, tomato seeds, radish seeds	3.0E+03 to 2.5E+06	82	102
<b>Totals</b>			<b>251</b>	<b>2,313</b>



**Table III.D.1**  
**Student Enrollment in course which are taught or**  
**partially taught at the Radiation Center**

Course #	CREDIT	COURSE TITLE	Number of Students			
			Summer 2005	Fall 2005	Winter 2006	Spring 2006
NE/ RHP 114*	2	Introduction to Nuclear Engineering and Radiation Health Physics		17		
NE/ RHP 115	2	Introduction to Nuclear Engineering and Radiation Health Physics			18	
NE/ RHP 116*	2	Introduction to Nuclear Engineering and Radiation Health Physics				17
NE/ RHP 234	4	Nuclear and Radiation Physics I		26		
NE/ RHP 235	4	Nuclear and Radiation Physics II			23	
NE/ RHP 236*	4	Nuclear Radiation Detection and instrumentation				19
NE319	3	Societal Aspects of Nuclear technology			148	
NE 405H	1-16	R&C/Used Nuclear Fuel: Garbage or Gold			11	
RHP 401/501/601	1-16	Research	3	1	1	2
NE/ RHP 405/505/605	1-16	Reading and Conference	1	1	3	0
NE/ RHP 406/506/606	1-16	Projects	0	0	1	2
NE/ RHP 407/507/607	1	Nuclear Engineering Seminar		29	26	25
NE/ RHP 410/510/610	1-12	Internship	1	2	6	13
NE/ RHP 415/515	2	Nuclear Rules and Regulations		33		
NE/ RHP 516*	4	Radiochemistry				3
NE 451/551**	4	Neutronic Analysis and Lab I		29		
NE 452/552**	4	Neutronic Analysis and Lab II			29	
NE 553	3	Neutronic Analysis and Lab III				12
NE 467/567/667	4	Nuclear Reactor Thermal Hydraulics		26		
NE 474/574	4	Nuclear System Design I			25	
NE 475/575	4	Nuclear System Design II				20
NE/RHP 479	1-4	Individual Design Project				
NE/RHP 481/ 581	4	Radiation Protection		45		
NE/RHP 482/582*	4	Applied Radiation Safety			37	
RHP 483/583	4	Radiation Biology			40	
RHP 488/588	3	Radioecology		12		
NE/RHP 490/590	4	Radiation Dosimetry				34
RHP 493	3	Non Reactor Radiation Protection				
NE/RHP 499	1-16	St/Environmental Aspects Nuclear Systems				
NE/RHP 503/603	1	Thesis	4	21	25	20
NE 526	3	Computational Methods for Nuclear Reactors				
NE/RHP 535	3	Nuclear Radiation Shielding		13		

**Table III.D.1 (continued)**  
**Student Enrollment in course which are taught or partially taught at the Radiation Center**

Course #	CREDIT	COURSE TITLE	Number of Students			
			Summer 2005	Fall 2005	Winter 2006	Spring 2006
NE/RHP 531	3	Nuclear Physics for Engineers and Scientists		5		
NE 550	3	Nuclear Medicine				
NE 559	1	St/Nuclear Reactor Analysis: Criticality Safety				
NE 568	3	Nuclear Reactor Safety				
NE 569	1-3	St/Thermal Hydraulic Instrumentation				
NE/RHP 586	3	Advanced Radiation Dosimetry				
RHP 589	1-3	ST/ Radiation Protection and Risk Assessment				
RHP 593	3	Non-Reactor Radiation Protection				
NE 599	1	ST/ Principals of Nuclear Medicine				
NE 654	3	Neutron Transport Theory				
<b>Course From Other OSU Departments</b>						
CH 123*		General Chemistry				581
CH 222*	5	General Chemistry (Science Majors)			555	
CH 225 H	5	Honors General Chemistry			41	
CH 462*	3	Experimental Chemistry II Laboratory			14	
ENGR 331	4	Momentum, Energy and Mass Transport			81	
Geo 300	3	Environmental Conservation		243		
PH 202	5	General Physics			474	
<b>Courses From Other Institutions</b>						
GS 105*	LBCC				70	
ST	Special Topics					
*	OST used occasionally for demonstration and/or experiments					
**	OSTR used heavily					



# REACTOR

## Operating Status

Reactor power generation for the operating period between July 1, 2005 and June 30, 2006 totaled 1152 MWH of thermal power. This is equal to 48 MWD of generation, and results in a cumulative thermal output by the OSTR FLIP core of 1156.3 MWD from August 1976 through June 30, 2006.

Table IV.A.1 provides information related to the OSTR annual energy production, fuel usage and use requests. Table IV.A.2 summarizes statistics for the original 20% enriched fuel loading. The productivity of the reactor irradiation facilities is based on reactor operation in relation to use categories. Greater productivity is achieved by utilizing a greater number of irradiation facilities at the same time. Tables IV.A.3 through 5 provide this years detail on reactor use and other tracked data.

A normal nine-hour, five-day per week schedule sets the total available reactor operating hours. Critical reactor operation averaged 51% of each day. Of the 2277 total available annual operating hours, 1156 hours were at full power, 492 hours were spent conducting facility startup and shutdown operation, 350 hours were expended for maintenance and sample decay delays and 279 hours the reactor was not operating for reasons other than listed above.

## Experiments Performed

During the current reporting period there were nine approved reactor experiments available for use in reactor-related programs. They are:

- A-1 Normal TRIGA Operation (No Sample Irradiation).
- B-3 Irradiation of Materials in the Standard OSTR Irradiation Facilities.
- B-11 Irradiation of Materials Involving Specific Quantities of Uranium and Thorium in the Standard OSTR Irradiation Facilities.
- B-12 Exploratory Experiments.
- B-23 Studies Using TRIGA Thermal Column.
- B-29 Reactivity Worth of Fuel.
- B-31 TRIGA Flux Mapping.
- B-32 Argon Production Facility.
- B-33 Irradiation of Combustible Liquids in Rotating Rack.

Of these available experiments, two were used during the reporting period. Table IV.B.1 provides information related to the frequency of use and the general purpose of their use.

**Inactive Experiments**

Presently 32 experiments are in the inactive file. This consists of experiments which have been performed in the past and may be reactivated. Many of these experiments are now performed under the more general experiments listed in the previous section. The following list identifies these 32 inactive experiments.

- A-2 Measurement of Reactor Power Level via Mn Activation.
- A-3 Measurement of Cd Ratios for Mn, In, and Au in Rotating Rack.
- A-4 Neutron Flux Measurements in TRIGA.
- A-5 Copper Wire Irradiation.
- A-6 In-core Irradiation of LiF Crystals.
- A-7 Investigation of TRIGA's Reactor Bath Water Temperature Coefficient and High Power Level Power Fluctuation.
- B-1 Activation Analysis of Stone Meteorites, Other Meteorites, and Terrestrial Rocks.
- B-2 Measurements of Cd Ratios of Mn, In, and Au in Thermal Column.
- B-4 Flux Mapping.
- B-5 In-core Irradiation of Foils for Neutron Spectral Measurements.
- B-6 Measurements of Neutron Spectra in External Irradiation Facilities.
- B-7 Measurements of Gamma Doses in External Irradiation Facilities.
- B-8 Isotope Production.
- B-9 Neutron Radiography.
- B-10 Neutron Diffraction.
- B-13 This experiment number was changed to A-7.
- B-14 Detection of Chemically Bound Neutrons.
- B-15 This experiment number was changed to C-1.
- B-16 Production and Preparation of  $^{18}\text{F}$ .
- B-17 Fission Fragment Gamma Ray Angular Correlations.
- B-18 A Study of Delayed Status (n,  $\gamma$ ) Produced Nuclei.
- B-19 Instrument Timing via Light Triggering.
- B-20 Sinusoidal Pile Oscillator.
- B-21 Beam Port #3 Neutron Radiography Facility.
- B-22 Water Flow Measurements Through TRIGA Core.
- B-24 General Neutron Radiography.
- B-25 Neutron Flux Monitors.
- B-26 Fast Neutron Spectrum Generator.
- B-27 Neutron Flux Determination Adjacent to the OSTR Core.
- B-28 Gamma Scan of Sodium (TED) Capsule.
- B-30 NAA of Jet, Diesel, and Furnace Fuels.
- C-1 PuO<sub>2</sub> Transient Experiment.

## Unplanned Shutdowns

There were eight unplanned reactor shutdowns during the current reporting period as detailed in Table IV.C.1.



## Changes Pursuant to 10 CFR 50-59

The information contained in this section of the report provides a summary of the changes performed during the reporting period under the provisions of 10 CFR 50.59. For each item listed, there is a brief description of the action taken and a summary of the applicable safety evaluation.

### 10 CFR 50.59 Changes to the Reactor Facility (Evaluated)

#### 05-01, NRF Radiation Field Measurement

##### Description

Safety interlocks on the Neutron Radiography Facility (NRF) were bypassed to allow access to the interior of the NRF during power operation with the shutter open. With the access doors open, external radiation scatter field measurements were conducted to determine the appropriate alert and alarm set points for dedicated monitors adjacent to the access doors. Radiation monitors were stationed on the outside of the reactor building and reactor power was limited to prevent exceeding an exposure rate on the exterior wall of  $1 \text{ mrem h}^{-1}$ . All interlocks were returned to normal operation and tested prior to return to operation.

##### Justification

This temporary change to the NRF was considered to be properly monitored under controlled conditions and provided a means to detect improper operation of the NRF should the interlocks fail to perform their intended function while ensuring adequate shielding during identified scenarios.

#### **05-06, Removal of FE #8406 from position F16**

##### **Description**

Removal of fuel element #8406 was evaluated and conducted to decrease core excess due to erbium burnout in the core fuel. Excess reactivity was reduced by a measured \$0.28 and increased the shutdown margin from the Technical Specification value of \$0.57 in preparation for annual rod and power calibrations. The master SPOOF calculation parameters were appropriately updated to reflect the reduced number of core fuel elements.

##### **Justification**

Removal of element 8406 was evaluated as not causing the average fuel element power to exceed the design limit of 25 kW or any of the eight evaluation criteria.

#### **10 CFR 50.59 Changes to the Reactor Procedures (Screened)**

##### **Screen 05-05, Changes to OSTROPs 9 and 10**

##### **Description**

*OSTROP 9*, Control Rod Calibration Procedures and *OSTROP 10*, Operating Procedures for Reactor Experimental Facilities were corrected for minor typographical and sequential errors identified during ROC audits.

##### **Justification**

The proposed changes are intended to clarify without changing the procedure's intent.

##### **Screen 05-06, Changes to OSTROPs 8, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17**

##### **Description**

*OSTROP 8*, Reactor Power Calibration Procedures, *OSTROP 13*, *14*, *15*, and *16*, Monthly, Quarterly, Semi Annual, and Annual Surveillance and Maintenance Procedures (S&M), along with *OSTROP 17*, Reactor Room Ventilation System Procedures were corrected for grammatical and punctuation errors identified during ROC audits. Additional maintenance items agreed to by the ROC were added to *OSTROPs 15 and 16*. *OSTROP 17* changes included a diagram correction to conform with "as built" configuration.

##### **Justification**

The proposed changes are intended to clarify without changing the procedure's intent.

**Screen 05-07, Changes to OSTROP 26**

**Description**

Update changes to *OSTROP 26*, Background Investigation Procedures. Updated form numbering and "summary of rights" attachment associated with Fair Credit Reporting Act.

**Justification**

Makes procedure consistent with Fair Credit Reporting Act and easier to implement.

**Screen 05-08, Revisions to OSTROPs 2, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 15, 16, 17 and 27**

**Description**

Various minor typographical or procedural changes noted during ROC audits.

**Screen 06-01, Revisions to OSTROPs 2, 5, 6, 7, 12 and 22**

**Description**

*Changes to OSTROP 2* clarified operation of the video monitoring system, corrected typographical errors and added temperature monitoring guidance for fan bearings.

*Changes to OSTROP 5* removed an extraneous date entry on the control room log sheet.

*Changes to OSTROP 6* clarified conditions requiring the presence of the Reactor Supervisor during initial startup and experiments. Corrected typographical and reference errors.

*Changes to OSTROP 7* added detail about the reactor tank level indicating tube markings and the Cooling Tower chemical feed system. Added missing valve to normal position list and position correction for cooling system valve.

*Changes to OSTROP 12* clarified level of notification from Reactor Supervisor to Reactor Administrator if additional control rods must be removed which require additional fuel to be removed from the core. Corrected reference to TS section.

*Changes to OSTROP 22* clarified wording associated with status indicating LEDs and updated figure references.

**Screen 06-02, Changes to OSTROP 10, Operating Procedures for Reactor Experimental Facilities**

**Description**

Corrects a note in *OSTROP 10* clarifying the use of the ICIT facility within the G14 position while still using the correct control rod calibration curves consistent with a CLICIT, ICIT or Normal core configuration.

**Justification**

The existing note was inconsistent with procedures found in OSTROP 6. Operation of the reactor in the various configurations was discussed by the ROC and this change makes the note consistent.

**Screen 06-03, Approval of vertical tube irradiation facility use in grid position G14**

**Description**

This change expanded the use of the in-core irradiation facility tube (ICIT) to include core position G14 in addition to position B1. Screen describes the allowable combinations of in-core tubes and the possible storage locations. The effects of adding an additional in-core tube on the periphery of the core are assessed.

**Justification**

This addition does not result in any adverse effect on design function, meets all Technical Specification requirements and falls within the scope of current procedures.

**Screen 06-04, Revision to OSTROP 6, Administrative Procedures**

**Description**

This revision changes the ROC charter to include an audit of the 50.59 SCREENs.

**Screen 06-05, Revision to OSTROP 26, Background Investigation Procedures**

**Description**

This revision adds voluntary request for SSN to assist in developing sufficient credit history for the completion of the investigation and defining actions if SSN is not made available. These changes add clarity to the intent of the procedure.

**Screen 06-06, Revision to OSTROP 10 and 21**

**Description**

All changes to the procedures are typographical in nature and do not change the intent of the procedure.

## Surveillance and Maintenance

### Non-Routine Maintenance August 2005

- New RONAN annunciator display panel mounted in the control room.

### November 2005

- Facility Services replaced leaking control room steam heating valve
- Scientific Instrument Technician (SIT) completed connection wiring for new annunciator display panel. Transition to new panel requires coordination with existing alarm functions. Transition in process.

### December 2005

- Repaired reactor bay exhaust damper actuator air diaphragm.

### January 2006

- PPL power company responded to our request for repair of grounded phase lead into the Heat Exchanger room transformer.
- SIT repaired grounded Shim rod magnet.

### March 2006

- Reattached the rotating rack drive motor to mount, loose because of missing screws.

### April 2006

- SIT completed refurbishment of three (2 CIC, 1 UIC) in-core power detectors by fabricating new aluminum housings.
- Replace emergency response pagers with cellular phones.

### May 2006

- Keyless lock entry system installed, replacing Level 2 keys.
- Removed and repaired both reactor bay supply ventilation heating coils due to freeze damage.

### June 2006

- Installed newly fabricated ICIT tube in core position G14. The facility is now referred to as the G Ring ICIT facility (GRICIT).

### Routine Surveillance and Maintenance

The OSTR has an extensive routine surveillance and maintenance (S&M) program. Examples of typical S&M checklists are presented in Figures IV.E.1 through IV.E.4. Items identified by shading are required by the OSTR technical specifications.



**Table IV.A.1**  
**OSTR Operating Statistics (Using the FLIP Fuel Core)**

Operational Data for FLIP Core	August 1, 1976 through June 30, 1977	July 1, 1977 through June 30, 1978	July 1, 1978 through June 30, 1979	July 1, 1979 through June 30, 1980	July 1, 1980 through June 30, 1981	July 1, 1981 through June 30, 1982	July 1, 1982 through June 30, 1983	July 1, 1983 through June 30, 1984
Operating Hours (critical)	875	819	458	875	1255	1192	1095	1205
Megawatt Hours	451	496	255	571	1005	999	931	943
Megawatt Days	19.0	20.6	10.6	23.8	41.9	41.6	38.8	39.3
Grams <sup>235</sup> U Used	24.0	25.9	13.4	29.8	52.5	52.4	48.6	49.3
Hours at Full Power	401	481	218	552	998	973	890	929
Number of Fuel Elements Added(+) or Removed(-)	85	0	+2	0	0	+1	0	0
Number of Irradiation Requests	44	375	329	372	348	408	396	469

**Table IV.A.1 (continued)**  
**OSTR Operating Statistics (Using the FLIP Fuel Core)**

Operational Data for FLIP Core	July 1, 1984 through June 30, 1985	July 1, 1985 through June 30, 1986	July 1, 1986 through June 30, 1987	July 1, 1987 through June 30, 1988	July 1, 1988 through June 30, 1989	July 1, 1989 through June 30, 1990	July 1, 1990 through June 30, 1991	July 1, 1991 through June 30, 1992
Operating Hours (critical)	1205	1208	1172	1352	1170	1136	1094	1158
Megawatt Hours	946	1042	993	1001	1025	1013	928	1002
Megawatt Days	39.4	43.4	41.4	41.7	42.7	42.2	38.6	41.8
Grams <sup>235</sup> U Used	49.5	54.4	51.9	52.3	53.6	53.0	48.5	52.4
Hours at Full Power	904	1024	980	987	1021	1009	909	992
Number of Fuel Elements Added(+) or Removed(-)	0	0	0	-2	0	-1, +1	-1	0
Number of Irradiation Requests	407	403	387	373	290	301	286	297

**Table IV.A.1 (continued)**  
**OSTR Operating Statistics (Using the FLIP Fuel Core)**

Operational Data for FLIP Core	July 1, 1992 through June 30, 1993	July 1, 1993 through June 30, 1994	July 1, 1994 through June 30, 1995	July 1, 1995 through June 30, 1996	July 1, 1996 through June 30, 1997	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 1998	July 1, 1998 through June 30, 1999	July 1, 1999 through June 30, 2000
Operating Hours (critical)	1180	1248	1262	1226	1124	1029	1241	949
Megawatt Hours	1026	1122	1117	1105	985	927	1115	852
Megawatt Days	42.7	46.7	46.6	46.0	41.0	38.6	46.5	35.5
Grams <sup>235</sup> U Used	53.6	58.6	58.4	57.8	51.5	48.5	58.3	44.6
Hours at Full Power	1000	1109	1110	1101	980	921	1109	843
Number of Fuel Elements Added(+) or Removed(-)	0	0	0	-1	-1, +1	0	-1	0
Number of Irradiation Requests	329	303	324	268	282	249	231	234

**Table IV.A.1 (continued)**  
**OSTR Operating Statistics (Using the FLIP Fuel Core)**

Operational Data for FLIP Core	July 1, 2000 through June 30, 2001	July 1, 2001 through June 30, 2002	July 1, 2002 through June 30, 2003	July 1, 2003 through June 30, 2004	July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2005	July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2006	July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2007	July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2008
Operating Hours (critical)	983	1029	1100	977	1084	1348		
Megawatt Hours	896	917	1025	966	973	1152		
Megawatt Days	37.3	38.	42.7	40.2	40.1	48		
Grams <sup>235</sup> U Used	46.8	47.7	50.5	48.0	55.7	65.9		
Hours at Full Power	890	912912	1023	965	972	1156		
Number of Fuel Elements Added(+) or Removed(-)	0	-1	0	-1	0	-1		
Number of Irradiation Requests	210	239	215	207	279	201		

# Table IV.A.2

## OSTR Operating Statistics with the Original (20%) Enriched Standard TRIGA Fuel Core

Operational Data for 20% Enriched Core	Mar 8, 67 through Jun 30, 68	Jul 1, 68 through Jun 30, 69	Jul 1, 69 through Mar 31, 70	Apr 1, 70 through Mar 31, 71	Apr 1, 71 through Mar 31, 72	Apr 1, 72 through Mar 31, 73	Apr 1, 73 through Mar 31, 74	Apr 1, 74 through Mar 31, 75	Apr 1, 75 through Mar 31, 76	Apr 1, 76 through Jul 26, 76	Total: March 67 through July 76
Operating Hours (Critical)	904	610	567	855	598	954	705	563	794	353	6903
Megawatt Hours	117.2	102.5	138.1	223.8	195.1	497.8	335.9	321.5	408.0	213.0	2,553.0
Megawatt Days	4.9	4.3	5.8	9.3	8.1	20.7	14.1	13.4	17.0	9.0	106.4
Grams <sup>235</sup> U Used	6.1	5.4	7.2	11.7	10.2	26.0	17.6	16.8	21.4	10.7	133.0
Hours at Full Power (250kW)	429	369	58	--	---	--	--	--	--	--	856
Hours at Full Power (1MW)	--	--	20	23	100	401	200	291	460	205	1,700
Number of Fuel Elements Added to the Core	70 (Initial)	2	13	1	1	1	2	2	2	0	94
Number of Irradiation Requests	429	433	391	528	347	550	452	396	357	217	4,100
Number of Pulses	202	236	299	102	98	249	109	183	43	39	1,560

**Table IV.A.3**  
**Present OSTR Operating Statistics**

<b>Operational Data For FLIP Core</b>	<b>Annual Values (2005/2006)</b>	<b>Cumulative Values for FLIP Core</b>
MWH of energy produced	1152	27,777
MWD of energy produced	48	1156.3
Grams <sup>235</sup> U used	65.9	1,449.7
Number of fuel elements added to (+) or removed(-) from the core	-1	77+3 FFCR <sup>(1)</sup>
Number of pulses	17	1,426
Hours reactor critical	1348	27,752
Hours at full power (1 MW)	1155	27,358
Number of startup and shutdown checks	253	8,150
Number of irradiation requests proc- essed	201	9,455
Number of samples irradiated	1553	116,057

(1) Fuel Follower Control Rod. These numbers represent the core loading at the end of this reporting period.

**Table IV.A.4**  
**OSTR Use Time in Terms of Specific Use Categories**

<b>OSTR Use Category</b>	<b>Annual Values (hours)</b>	<b>Cumulative Values for FLIP Core (hours)</b>
Teaching (departmental and others) <sup>(1)</sup>	52	13,299
OSU Research	412	10,519
Off Campus research	1,388	22,819
Forensic Services	0	234 <sup>(2)</sup>
Reactor preclude time	842	24,487
Facility time <sup>(3)</sup>	17	7,191
Total Reactor Use Time	2,711	78,549

- (1) See Tables III.A.1 and III.D.1 for teaching statistics (reactor tours are not logged as use).  
 (2) Prior to the 1981-1982 reporting period, forensic services were grouped under another use category and cumulative hours have been compiled beginning with the 1981-1982 report.  
 (3) The time OSTR spent operating to meet NRC facility license requirements.

**Table IV.A.5**  
**OSTR Multiple Use Time**

<b>Number of Users</b>	<b>Annual Values (hours)</b>	<b>Cumulative Values for FLIP Core (hours)</b>
Two	411	6242
Three	103	1964
Four	6	652
Five	2	151.5
Six	0	59
Seven	0	12
Total Multiple Use Time	522	9080.5

<b>Table IV.B.1</b> <b>Use of OSTR Reactor Experiments</b>						
Experiment Number	Research	Teaching	Forensic	NRC License Requirement	Other	Total
A-1	3	8	0	1	1	13
B-3	150	32	0	0	6	188
B-23	0	0	0	0	0	0
B-31	0	0	0	0	0	0
B-32	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>201</b>

<b>Table IV.C.1</b> <b>Unplanned Reactor Shutdowns and Scrams</b>		
Type of Event	Number of Occurrences Forensic	Cause of Event Other Total
Manual Shutdown	1	Loss of secondary cooling pump at 100%
Period Scram	1	Excessive rod withdrawal during lat portion of Safe rod worth maintenance
Manual Shutdown	1	Loss of ventilation system control air. Facility Services conducting maintenance on air pressure regulator combined with clogged air line.
Safe Power channel Scram	1	Atypical instrument balance due to ICIT sample loading
Safe Power channel Scram	1	Failure to maintain power level during steady state operation and rising outside air temperature
Safe Power channel Scram	2	Failure to balance rod heights while raising power to 1 MW
Percent Power channel Scram	1	"Brush" contact with percent channel pulse calibration push button while moving from temperature selector switch to another location



**Figure IV.E.1**  
**Monthly Surveillance and Maintenance (Sample Form)**

OSTROP 13    Rev. 11 SURVEILLANCE    &    MAINTENANCE    FOR    THE    MONTH    OF							
	SURVEILLANCE & MAINTENANCE [SHADE INDICATES LICENSE REQUIREMENT]	LIMITS	AS FOUND	TARGET DATE	DATE NOT TO BE EXCEEDED *	DATE COMPLETED	REMARKS and INITIALS
1	REACTOR TANK HIGH AND LOW WATER LEVEL ALARMS	MAXIMUM MOVEMENT ± 3 INCHES	UP: _____ INCHES DN: _____ INCHES ANN: _____				
2	BULK WATER TEMPERATURE ALARM CHECK	FUNCTIONAL					
3	NOT CURRENTLY USED	—	—	—	—	—	—
4	PRIMARY WATER Ph MEASUREMENT	MIN: 5 MAX: 8.5					
5	BULK SHIELD TANK WATER Ph MEASURE- MENT	MIN: 5 MAX: 8.5					
6	CHANGE LAZY SUSAN FILTER	FILTER CHANGED					
7	REACTOR TOP CAM OIL LEVEL CHECK	OSTROP 13.10	NEED OIL? _____				
8	PROPANE TANK LIQUID LEVEL CHECK	> 50%					
9	PRIMARY PUMP BEARINGS OIL LEVEL CHECK	OSTROP 13.13	NEED OIL? _____				
10	WATER MONITOR CHECK						

\*Date not be exceeded is only applicable to shaded items. It is equal to the time completed last month plus six weeks.

## Figure IV.E.2

### Quarterly Surveillance and Maintenance (Sample Form)

OSTROP 14 Rev. 9		SURVEILLANCE & MAINTENANCE FOR THE 1 <sup>st</sup> / 2 <sup>ed</sup> / 3 <sup>ed</sup> / 4 <sup>th</sup> QUAR-																																																																															
TER OF 20__																																																																																	
SURVEILLANCE & MAINTENANCE [SHADE INDICATES LICENSE REQUIREMENT]		LIMITS	AS FOUND	TARGET DATE	DATE NOT TO BE EXCEEDED*	DATE COMPLETED	REMARKS & INITIALS																																																																										
1	REACTOR OPERATION COMMITTEE (ROC) AUDIT	QUARTERLY																																																																															
2	QUARTERLY ROC MEETING	QUARTERLY																																																																															
3	NOT CURRENTLY USED	N/A					N/A																																																																										
4	ERP INSPECTIONS	QUARTERLY																																																																															
5	KEY INVENTORY	QUARTERLY																																																																															
6	ROTATING RACK CHECK FOR UNKNOWN SAMPLES	EMPTY																																																																															
7	WATER MONITOR ALARM CHECK	FUNCTIONAL																																																																															
8	STACK MONITOR CHECKS (OIL DRIVE MOTORS, H.V. READINGS)	MOTORS OILED																																																																															
		PART: 1150 V ± 50	____ V																																																																														
		GAS: 900 V ± 50	____ V																																																																														
9	CHECK FILTER TAPE SPEED ON STACK MONITOR	1"/HR ± 0.2																																																																															
10	INCORPORATE 50.59 & ROCAS INTO DOCUMENTATION	QUARTERLY																																																																															
11	STACK MONITOR ALARM CIRCUIT CHECKS	ALARM ON CONTACT																																																																															
12	ARM SYSTEM ALARM CHECKS	FUNCTIONAL																																																																															
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\*Date not to be exceeded only applies to shaded items. It is equal to the date completed last quarter plus four months.

**Figure IV.E.2 (continued)**  
**Quarterly Surveillance and Maintenance (Sample Form)**

<b>OSTROP 14 Rev. 9 (continued)</b> <b>QUARTER OF 20</b>		<b>SURVEILLANCE &amp; MAINTENANCE FOR THE 1<sup>st</sup> / 2<sup>ed</sup> / 3<sup>ed</sup> / 4<sup>th</sup></b>					
SURVEILLANCE & MAINTENANCE [SHADE INDICATES LICENSE REQUIREMENT]		LIMITS	AS FOUND	TARGET DATE	DATE NOT TO BE EXCEEDED*	DATE COMPLETED	REMARKS & INITIALS
13	OPERATOR LOG	a) ≥4 hours: at console (RO) or as Rx. Sup. (SRO)  b) Complete Operating Exercise	a) TIME		b) OPERATING EXERCISE		

\*Date not be exceeded only applies to shaded items. It is equal to the date completed last quarter plus four months.

# Figure IV.E.3

## Semi-Annual Surveillance and Maintenance (Sample Form)

**OSTROP 15 Rev. 14**
**SEMI-ANNUAL SURVEILLANCE AND MAINTENANCE FOR 1<sup>st</sup>**
**/2<sup>ed</sup> HALF 20**

SURVEILLANCE & MAINTENANCE [SHADE INDICATES LICENSE REQUIREMENT]						LIMITS	AS FOUND	TARGET DATE	DATE NOT TO BE EXCEEDED*	DATE COMPLETED	REMARKS & INITIALS	
1	FUNCTIONAL CHECKS OF REACTOR INTERLOCKS	NEUTRON SOURCE COUNT RATE INTERLOCK				NO WITHDRAW						
						≥5 cps						
		TRANSIENT ROD AIR INTERLOCK				NO PULSE						
		PULSE PROHIBIT ABOVE 1 kW				≥1 kW						
		TWO ROD WITHDRAWAL PROHIBIT				1 only						
		PULSE MODE ROD MOVEMENT INTERLOCK				NO MOVEMENT						
		MAXIMUM PULSE REACTIVITY INSERTION LIMIT				≤ \$2.50						
		PULSE INTERLOCK ON RANGE SWITCH				NO PULSE						
2	SAFETY CIRCUIT TEST	PERIOD SCRAM				≥3 sec						
3	CONTROL ROD WITHDRAWAL, INSERTION & SCRAM TIMES		TRANS	SAFE	SHIM	REG	≤2 sec					
		SCRAM										
		WITH-DRAWAL					≤50 sec					
		INSERTION					≤50 sec					
4	TEST PULSE	PULSE # _____ \$ _____ MW _____ °C				≤20% CHANGE	PULSE # _____ \$ _____ MW _____ °C					
5	REACTOR BAY VENTILATION SYSTEM SHUTDOWN TEST					DAMPERS CLOSE IN ≤5 SECONDS	1 <sup>st</sup> FLOOR 4 <sup>th</sup> FLOOR					
6	CALIBRATION OF THE FUEL ELEMENT TEMPERATURE CHANNEL					Per Checksheet						
7	NOT CURRENTLY USED					---	---	---	---	---	---	

\*Date not to be exceeded is only applicable to shaded items. It is equal to the date last time plus 7 1/2 months.

### Figure IV.E.3 (continued)

#### Semi-Annual Surveillance and Maintenance (Sample Form)

<b>OSTROP 15 REV.14 (continued)</b> SEMI-ANNUAL SURVEILLANCE AND MAINTENANCE FOR 1 <sup>st</sup> / 2 <sup>ed</sup> HALF 20____								
SURVEILLANCE & MAINTENANCE [SHADE INDICATES LICENSE REQUIREMENT]			LIMITS	AS FOUND	TARGET DATE	DATE NOT TO BE EXCEEDED*	DATE COMPLETED	REMARKS & INITIALS
8	CLEANING & LUBRICATION OF TRANSIENT ROD CARRIER INTERNAL BARREL							
9	LUBRICATION OF BALL-NUT DRIVE ON TRANSIENT ROD CARRIER							
10	LUBRICATION OF THE ROTATING RACK BEARINGS		10W OIL					
11	CONSOLE CHECK LIST		OSTROP 15.XI					
12	INVERTER MAINTENANCE		Sec User Manual					
13	STANDARD CONTROL ROD MOTOR CHECKS		LO-17 Bodine Oil					
14	ION CHAMBER RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS WITH MEGGAR INDUCED VOLTAGE	SAFETY CHANNEL	NONE (Info Only)					
		%POWER CHANNEL	NONE (Info Only)					
15	FISSION CHAMBER RESISTANCE CALCULATION $R = \frac{800V}{\Delta I}$	@ 100 V. I = AMPS @ 900 V. I = AMPS $\Delta I =$ AMPS	NONE (Info Only)					
16	FUNCTIONAL CHECK OF HOLDUP TANK WATER LEVEL ALARMS		OSTROP 15.XVIII	HIGH _____ FULL _____				
17	INSPECTION OF THE PNEUMATIC TRANSFER SYSTEM	BRUSH INSPECTION						
		SOLENOID VALVE INSPECTION	FUNCTIONAL					
		SAMPLE INSERTION TIME CHECK	≤6 SECONDS					

**Figure IV.E.4**  
Annual Surveillance and Maintenance (Sample Form)

<b>OSTROP 16 REV.12</b> <b>FOR 20</b>			<b>ANNUAL SURVEILLANCE AND MAINTENANCE</b>					
SURVEILLANCE AND MAINTENANCE <small>[SHADE INDICATES LICENSE REQUIREMENT]</small>			LIMITS	AS FOUND	TARGET DATE	DATE NOT TO BE EXCEEDED*	DATE COMPLETED	REMARKS & INITIALS
1	BIENNIAL INSPECTION OF CONTROL RODS:	FFCRS TRANS	OSTROP 12.0					
2	ANNUAL REPORT		NOV 1		OCT 1	NOV 1		
3	CONTROL ROD CALIBRATION:	NORMAL CLICIT ICIT/DUMMY	OSTROP 9.0					
4	REACTOR POWER CALIBRATION							
5	CALIBRATION OF REACTOR TANK WATER TEMP		OSTROP 16.5					
6	CONTINUOUS AIR MONITOR CALIBRATION:	Particulate Monitor Gas Monitor	RCHPP 18					
7	STACK MONITOR CALIBRATION	Particulate Monitor Gas Monitor	RCHPP 18 & 26					
8	AREA RADIATION MONITOR CALIBRATION		RCHPP 18.0					
9	DECOMMISSIONING COST UPDATE		N/A	N/A		AUG 1		

**Figure IV.E.4 (continued)**  
**Annual Surveillance and Maintenance (Sample Form)**

OSTROP 16 REV.12 (continued) FOR 20_____			ANNUAL SURVEILLANCE AND MAINTENANCE					
SURVEILLANCE AND MAINTENANCE [SHADE INDICATES LICENSE REQUIREMENT]			LIMITS	AS FOUND	TARGET DATE	DATE NOT TO BE EXCEEDED*	DATE COMPLETED	REMARKS & INITIALS
10	SNM PHYSICAL INVENTORY		N/A	N/A		OCT 1		
11	MATERIAL BALANCE REPORTS		N/A	N/A		NOV 1		
12	STANDARD CONTROL ROD DRIVE INSPECTION		OSTROP 16.13					
13	HEU TO LEU CONVERSION REPORT		10 CFR 50.64		MAR 10	MAR 27		
14	EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN	CFD TRAINING						
		GOOD SAM TRAINING						
		ERP REVIEW						
		ERP DRILL						
		FIRST AID FOR:						
		FIRST AID FOR:						
		EVACUATION DRILL						
		AUTO EVAC ANNOUNCEMENT TEST						
		ERP EQUIPMENT INVENTORY						
		BIENNIAL SUPPORT AGREEMENTS						
15	PHYSICAL SE- CURITY PLAN	OSP/DPS TRAINING						
		PSP REVIEW						
		PSP DRILL						
		LOCK/SAFE COMBO CHANGES						
		AUTHORIZATION LIST UPDATE						
		SPOOF MEASUREMENTS						

**Figure IV.E.4 (continued)**  
**Annual Surveillance and Maintenance (Sample Form)**

<b>OSTROP 16 REV.12 (continued)</b> <b>FOR 20</b>				<b>ANNUAL SURVEILLANCE AND MAINTENANCE</b>									
SURVEILLANCE AND MAINTENANCE [SHADE INDICATES LICENSE REQUIREMENT]		LIMITS		AS FOUND		TARGET DATE		DATE NOT TO BE EXCEEDED*		DATE COMPLETED		REMARKS & INITIALS	
16	REACTOR TANK AND CORE COMPONENT INSPECTION	NO WHITE SPOTS											
17	EMERGENCY LIGHT LOAD TEST	RCHPP 18.0											
18	FUEL ELEMENT INSPECTION FOR SELECTED ELEMENTS (B1, B2, B3, B5, B6, C3, C5, D5, D6)	PASS GO/NO GO				Pulse # _____ Date _____							
19	NOT CURRENTLY USED												
20	REACTOR OPERATOR LICENSE CONDITIONS	ANNUAL REQUALIFICATION				BIENNIAL MEDICAL		EVERY 6 YEARS LICENSE					
		WRITTEN EXAM		OPERATING TEST				APPLICATION		EXPIRATION DATE			
	OPERATOR NAME	DATE DUE	DATE PASSED	DATE DUE	DATE PASSED	Date Due	Date Completed	Date Due	Date Passed				
21	NEUTRON RADIOGRAPHY FACILITY INTERLOCKS												

\* Date not to be exceeded is only applicable to shaded items. It is equal to the date completed last year plus 15 months.  
 For biennial license requirements, it is equal to the date completed last time plus 2 1/2 years.



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## **Introduction**

The purpose of the radiation protection program is to ensure the safe use of radiation and radioactive material in the Center's teaching, research, and service activities, and in a similar manner to ensure the fulfillment of all regulatory requirements of the State of Oregon, the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, and other regulatory agencies. The comprehensive nature of the program is shown in Table V.A.1, which lists the program's major radiation protection requirements and the performance frequency for each item.

The radiation protection program is implemented by a staff consisting of a Senior Health Physicist, a Health Physicist, and several part-time Health Physics Monitors (see Part II.F). Assistance is also provided by the reactor operations group, the neutron activation analysis group, the Scientific Instrument Technician, and the Radiation Center Director.

The data contained in the following sections have been prepared to comply with the current requirements of Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) Facility License No. R-106 (Docket No. 50-243) and the Technical Specifications contained in that license. The material has also been prepared in compliance with Oregon Department of Energy Rule No. 345-30-010, which requires an annual report of environmental effects due to research reactor operations.

Within the scope of Oregon State University's radiation protection program, it is standard operating policy to maintain all releases of radioactivity to the unrestricted environment and all exposures to radiation and radioactive materials at levels which are consistently "as low as reasonably achievable" (ALARA).

## **Environmental Releases**

The annual reporting requirements in the OSTR Technical Specifications state that the licensee (OSU) shall include "a summary of the nature and amount of radioactive effluents released or discharged to the environs beyond the effective control of the licensee, as measured at, or prior to, the point of such release or discharge." The liquid and gaseous effluents released, and the solid waste generated and transferred are discussed briefly below. Data regarding these effluents are also summarized in detail in the designated tables.

**Liquid Effluents**

Oregon State University has implemented a policy to reduce the volume of radioactive liquid effluents to an absolute minimum. For example, water used during the ion exchanger resin change is now recycled as reactor makeup water. Waste water from Radiation Center laboratories and the OSTR is collected at a holdup tank prior to release to the sanitary sewer. Whenever possible, liquid effluent is analyzed for radioactivity content at the time it is released to the collection point. However, liquids are always analyzed for radioactivity before the holdup tank is discharged into the unrestricted area (the sanitary sewer system). For this reporting period, the Radiation Center and reactor made two liquid effluent releases to the sanitary sewer. All Radiation Center and reactor facility liquid effluent data pertaining to this release are contained in Table V.B.1.a.

**Liquid Waste Generated and Transferred**

Liquid waste generated from glassware and laboratory experiments is transferred by the campus Radiation Safety Office to its waste processing facility. The annual summary of liquid waste generated and transferred is contained in Table V.B.1.b.

Airborne effluents are discussed in terms of the gaseous component and the particulate component.

**Gaseous Effluents**

Gaseous effluents from the reactor facility are monitored by the reactor stack effluent monitor. Monitoring is continuous, i.e., prior to, during, and after reactor operations. It is normal for the reactor facility stack effluent monitor to begin operation as one of the first systems in the morning and to cease operation as one of the last systems at the end of the day. All gaseous effluent data for this reporting period are summarized in Table V.B.2.

Particulate effluents from the reactor facility are also monitored by the reactor facility stack effluent monitor.

**Particulate Effluents**

Evaluation of the detectable particulate radioactivity in the stack effluent confirmed its origin as naturally-occurring radon daughter products, within a range of approximately  $3 \times 10^{-11}$   $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$  to  $1 \times 10^{-9}$   $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ . This particulate radioactivity is predominantly  $^{214}\text{Pb}$  and  $^{214}\text{Bi}$ , which is not associated with reactor operations. There was no release of particulate effluents with a half life

**Liquid Effluents  
Released****Airborne Effluents  
Released**

## **Solid Waste Released**

greater than eight days and therefore the reporting of the average concentration of radioactive particulates with half lives greater than eight days is not applicable.

Data for the radioactive material in the solid waste generated and transferred during this reporting period are summarized in Table V.B.3 for both the reactor facility and the Radiation Center. Solid radioactive waste is routinely transferred to OSU Radiation Safety. Until this waste is disposed of by the Radiation Safety Office, it is held along with other campus radioactive waste on the University's State of Oregon radioactive materials license.

Solid radioactive waste is disposed of by OSU Radiation Safety by transfer to the University's radioactive waste disposal vendor, Thomas Gray Associates, Inc., for burial at its installation located near Richland, Washington.

## **Personnel Dose**

The OSTR annual reporting requirements specify that the licensee shall present a summary of the radiation exposure received by facility personnel Doses and visitors. For the purposes of this report, the summary includes all Radiation Center personnel who may have received exposure to radiation. These personnel have been categorized into six groups: facility operating personnel, key facility research personnel, facilities services maintenance personnel, students in laboratory classes, police and security personnel, and visitors.

Facility operating personnel include the reactor operations and health physics staff. The dosimeters used to monitor these individuals include quarterly TLD badges, quarterly track-etch/albedo neutron dosimeters, monthly TLD (finger) extremity dosimeters, and pocket ion chambers.

Key facility research personnel consist of Radiation Center staff, faculty, and graduate students who perform research using the reactor, reactor-activated materials, or using other research facilities present at the Center. The individual dosimetry requirements for these personnel will vary with the type of research being conducted, but will generally include a quarterly TLD film badge and TLD (finger) extremity dosimeters. If the possibility of neutron exposure exists, researchers are also monitored with a track-etch/albedo neutron dosimeter.

Facilities Services maintenance personnel are normally issued a gamma sensitive electronic dosimeter as their basic monitoring device. A few Facilities Services personnel who routinely perform

maintenance on mechanical or refrigeration equipment are issued a quarterly X $\beta$ ( $\gamma$ ) TLD badge and other dosimeters as appropriate for the work being performed.

Students attending laboratory classes are issued quarterly X $\beta$ (G) TLD badges, TLD (finger) extremity dosimeters, and track-etch/albedo or other neutron dosimeters, as appropriate.

Students or small groups of students who attend a one-time laboratory demonstration and do not handle radioactive materials are usually issued a gamma sensitive electronic dosimeter. These results are not included with the laboratory class students.

OSU police and security personnel are issued a quarterly X $\beta$ ( $\gamma$ ) TLD badge to be used during their patrols of the Radiation Center and reactor facility.

Visitors, depending on the locations visited, may be issued a gamma sensitive electronic dosimeters. OSU Radiation Center policy does not normally allow people in the visitor category to become actively involved in the use or handling of radioactive materials.

An annual summary of the radiation doses received by each of the above six groups is shown in Table V.C.1. There were no personnel radiation exposures in excess of the limits in 10 CFR 20 or State of Oregon regulations during the reporting period.

The OSTR Technical Specifications require an annual summary of the radiation levels and levels of contamination observed during routine surveys performed at the facility. The Center's comprehensive area radiation monitoring program encompasses the Radiation Center as well as the OSTR, and therefore monitoring results for both facilities are reported.

#### **Area Radiation Dosimeters**

Area monitoring dosimeters capable of integrating the radiation dose are located at strategic positions throughout the reactor facility and Radiation Center. All of these dosimeters contain at least a standard personnel-type beta-gamma film or TLD pack. In addition, for key locations in the reactor facility and for certain Radiation Center laboratories a CR-39 plastic track-etch neutron detector has also been included in the monitoring package.

## **Facility Survey Data**

The total dose equivalent recorded on the various reactor facility dosimeters is listed in Table V.D.1 and the total dose equivalent recorded on the Radiation Center area dosimeters is listed in Table V.D.2. Generally, the characters following the Monitor Radiation Center (MRC) designator show the room number or location.

### **Routine Radiation and Contamination Surveys**

The Center's program for routine radiation and contamination surveys consists of daily, weekly, and monthly measurements throughout the TRIGA reactor facility and Radiation Center. The frequency of these surveys is based on the nature of the radiation work being carried out at a particular location or on other factors which indicate that surveillance over a specific area at a defined frequency is desirable.

The primary purpose of the routine radiation and contamination survey program is to assure regularly scheduled surveillance over selected work areas in the reactor facility and in the Radiation Center, in order to provide current and characteristic data on the status of radiological conditions. A second objective of the program is to assure frequent on-the-spot personal observations (along with recorded data), which will provide advance warning of needed corrections and thereby help to ensure the safe use and handling of radiation sources and radioactive materials. A third objective, which is really derived from successful execution of the first two objectives, is to gather and document information which will help to ensure that all phases of the operational and radiation protection programs are meeting the goal of keeping radiation doses to personnel and releases of radioactivity to the environment "as low as reasonably achievable" (ALARA).

The annual summary of radiation and contamination levels measured during routine facility surveys for the applicable reporting period is given in Table V.D.3.

## **Environmental Survey Data**

The annual reporting requirements of the OSTR Technical Specifications include "an annual summary of environmental surveys performed outside the facility."

### **On-site Monitoring**

Monitors used in the on-site gamma environmental radiation monitoring program at the Radiation Center consist of the reactor facility stack effluent monitor described in Section V.B.2 and nine environmental monitoring stations.

During this reporting period, each fence environmental station utilized an LiF TLD monitoring packet supplied and processed by Global Dosimetry Solutions, Inc. (GDS), Irvine, California. Each GDS packet contained three LiF TLDs and was exchanged quarterly for a total of 108 samples during the reporting period (9 stations x 3 TLDs per station x 4 quarters). The total number of GDS TLD samples for the reporting period was 108. A summary of the GDS TLD data is also shown in Table V.E.1.

From Table V.E.1 it is concluded that the doses recorded by the dosimeters on the TRIGA facility fence can be attributed to natural back-ground radiation, which is about 110 mrem per year for Oregon (Refs. 1, 2).

### **Off-site Monitoring**

The off-site gamma environmental radiation monitoring program consists of twenty monitoring stations surrounding the Radiation Center (see Figure V.E.2) and six stations located within a 5 mile radius of the Radiation Center.

Each monitoring station is located about four feet above the ground (MRCTE 21 and MRCTE 22 are mounted on the roof of the EPA Laboratory and National Forage Seed Laboratory, respectively). These monitors are exchanged and processed quarterly, and the total number of TLD samples during the current one-year reporting period was 240 (20 stations x 3 chips per station per quarter x 4 quarters per year). The total number of GDS TLD samples for the reporting period was 204. A summary of GDS TLD data for the off-site monitoring stations is given in Table V.E.2.

After a review of the data in Table V.E.2, it is concluded that, like the dosimeters on the TRIGA facility fence, all of the doses recorded by the off-site dosimeters can be attributed to natural background radiation, which is about 110 mrem per year for Oregon (Refs. 1, 2).

## **Gamma Radiation Monitoring**

## **Soil, Water and Vegetation Surveys**

The soil, water, and vegetation monitoring program consists of the collection and analysis of a limited number of samples in each category on an annual basis. The program monitors highly unlikely radioactive material releases from either the TRIGA reactor facility or the OSU Radiation Center, and also helps indicate the general trend of the radioactivity concentration in each of the various substances sampled. See Figure V.E.1 for the locations of the sampling stations for grass (G), soil (S), water (W) and rainwater (RW) samples. Most locations are within a 1000 foot radius of the reactor facility and the Radiation Center. In general, samples are collected over a local area having a radius of about ten feet at the positions indicated in Figure V.E.1.

There are a total of 22 sampling locations: four soil locations, four water locations (when water is available), and fourteen vegetation locations.

The annual concentration of total net beta radioactivity (minus tritium) for samples collected at each environmental soil, water, and vegetation sampling location (sampling station) is listed in Table V.E.3. Calculation of the total net beta disintegration rate incorporates subtraction of only the counting system back-ground from the gross beta counting rate, followed by application of an appropriate counting system efficiency.

The annual concentrations were calculated using sample results which exceeded the lower limit of detection (LLD), except that sample results which were less than or equal to the LLD were averaged in at the corresponding LLD concentration. Table V.E.4 gives the concentration and the range of values for each sample category for the current reporting period.

As used in this report, the LLD has been defined as the amount or concentration of radioactive material (in terms of  $\mu\text{Ci}$  per unit volume or unit mass) in a representative sample, which has a 95% probability of being detected.

Identification of specific radionuclides is not routinely carried out as part of this monitoring program, but would be conducted if unusual radioactivity levels above natural background were detected. However, from Table V.E.3 it can be seen that the levels of radioactivity detected were consistent with naturally occurring radioactivity and comparable to values reported in previous years.

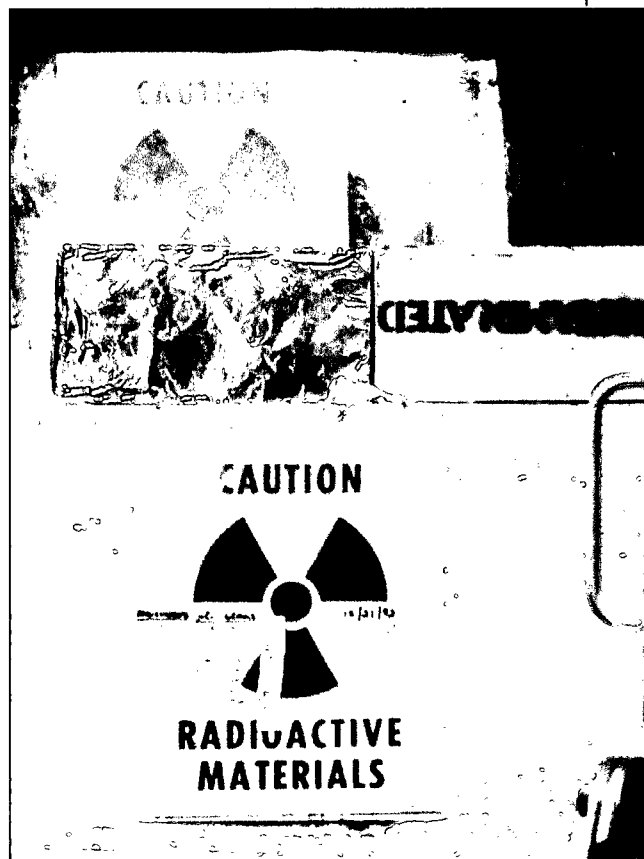


A summary of the radioactive material shipments originating from the TRIGA reactor facility, NRC license R-106, is shown in Table V.F.1. A similar summary for shipments originating from the Radiation Center's State of Oregon radioactive materials license ORE 90005 is shown in Table V.F.2. A summary of radioactive material shipments exported under Nuclear Regulatory Commission general license 10 CFR 110.23 is shown in Table V.F.3.

## Radioactive Materials Shipments

1. U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, "Estimates of Ionizing Radiation Doses in the United States, 1960-2000," ORP/CSD 72-1, Office of Radiation Programs, Rockville, Maryland (1972).
2. U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, "Radiological Quality of the Environment in the United States, 1977," EPA 520/1-77-009, Office of Radiation Programs; Washington, D.C. 20460 (1977).

## References



**Table VA.1**  
**Radiation Protection Program Requirements and Frequencies**

<b>FREQUENCY</b>	<b>RADIATION PROTECTION REQUIREMENT</b>
<b>Daily/Weekly/Monthly</b>	<b>Perform Routing area radiation/contamination monitoring</b>
Monthly	Collect and analyze TRIGA primary, secondary, and make-up water. Exchange personnel dosimeters and inside area monitoring dosimeters, and review exposure reports. Inspect laboratories. Calculate previous month's gaseous effluent discharge.
As Required	Process and record solid waste and liquid effluent discharges. Prepare and record radioactive material shipments. Survey and record incoming radioactive materials receipts. Perform and record special radiation surveys. Perform thyroid and urinalysis bioassays. Conduct orientations and training. Issue radiation work permits and provide health physics coverage for maintenance operations.
Quarterly	Prepare, exchange and process environmental TLD packs. Conduct orientations for classes using radioactive materials. Collect and analyze samples from reactor stack effluent line. Exchange personnel dosimeters and inside area monitoring dosimeters, and review exposure reports.
Semi-Annual	Leak test and inventory sealed sources. Conduct floor survey of corridors and reactor bay.
Annual	Calibrate portable radiation monitoring instruments and personnel pocket ion chambers. Calibrate reactor stack effluent monitor, continuous air monitors, remote area radiation monitors, water monitor, and air samplers. Measure face air velocity in laboratory hoods and exchange dust-stop filters and HEPA filters as necessary. Inventory and inspect Radiation Center emergency equipment. Conduct facility radiation survey of the 60Co irradiators. Conduct personnel dosimeter training. Perform contamination smear survey of Radiation Center ventilation stacks. Update decommissioning logbook. Collect and process environmental soil, water, and vegetation samples.

**Table V.B.1.a**  
**Monthly Summary of Liquid Effluent Release to the Sanitary Sewer<sup>(1, 2)</sup>**  
**(OSTR Contribution Shown in ( ) and Bold Print)**

Date of Discharge (Month and Year)	Total Quantity of Radioactivity Released (Curies)	Detectable Radio-Nuclides in the Waste	Specific Activity For Each Detectable Radionuclide in the Waste, Where The Release Concentration Was $> 1 \times 10^{-7}$ ( $\mu\text{Ci ml}^{-1}$ )	Total Quantity of Each Detectable Radionuclide Released in the Waste (Curies)	Average Concentration Of Released Radioactive Material at the Point of Release ( $\mu\text{Ci ml}^{-1}$ )	Percent of Applicable Monthly Average Concentration for Released Radioactive Material (%) <sup>(3)</sup>	Total Volume of Liquid Effluent Released Including Diluent <sup>(4)</sup> (gal)
January 2006	0	N/A	0	0	0	0	1857
July 2005	0	N/A	0	0	0	0	1696
Annual Total for Radiation Center	0	N/A	0	0	0	0	3553
<b>OSTR Contribution to Above</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

(1) OSU has implemented a policy to reduce the absolute minimum radioactive wastes disposed to the sanitary sewer. There were no liquid effluent released during months not listed.

(2) The OSU operational policy is to subtract only detector background from the water analysis data and not background radioactivity in the Corvallis city water.

(3) Based on values listed in 10 CFR 20, Appendix B to 20.1001 - 20.2401, Table 3, which are applicable to sewer disposal.

(4) The total volume of liquid effluent plus diluent does not take into consideration the additional mixing with the over 250,000 gallons per year of liquids. And sewage normally discharged by the Radiation Center complex into the same sanitary sewer system.

**Table V.B.1.b**  
**Annual Summary of Liquid Waste Generated and Transferred**

<b>Origin of Liquid Waste</b>	<b>Volume of Liquid Waste Packaged<sup>(1)</sup> (gallons)</b>	<b>Detectable Radionuclides in the Waste</b>	<b>Total Quantity of Radioactivity in the Waste (Curies)</b>	<b>Dates of Waste Pickup for Transfer to the Waste Processing Facility</b>
TRIGA Reactor Facility	N/A	---	---	---
Radiation Center Laboratories	19.5	Sr-85, Sr-90	4.31E-04	2/27/06
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>19.5</b>	<b>Sr-85, Sr-90</b>	<b>4.31E-04</b>	<b>2/27/06</b>

(1) TRIGA and Radiation Center liquid waste is picked up by the Radiation Safety Office for transfer to its waste processing facility for final packaging.

**Table V.B.2**  
**Monthly TRIGA Reactor Gaseous Waste Discharges and Analysis<sup>1</sup>**

Month	Total Estimated Activity Released (Curies)	Total Estimated Quantity of Argon-41 Released <sup>(2)</sup> (Curies)	Estimated Atmospheric Diluted Concentration of Argon-41 at Point of Released ( $\mu\text{Ci/cc}$ )	Fraction of the Technical Specification Annual Average Argon-41 Concentration Limit (%)
July	0.14	0.14	1.22E-08	0.31
August	0.18	0.18	1.56E-08	0.39
September	0.07	0.07	6.07E-09	0.15
October	0.08	0.08	6.39E-09	0.16
November	0.14	0.14	1.26E-08	0.31
December	0.13	0.13	1.11E-08	0.28
January	0.15	0.15	1.25E-08	0.31
February	0.23	0.23	2.18E-08	0.55
March	0.30	0.30	2.52E-08	0.63
April	0.16	0.16	1.41E-08	0.35
May	0.20	0.20	1.71E-08	0.43
June	0.17	0.17	1.49E-08	0.37
<b>TOTAL ('05-'06)</b>	<b>1.96</b>	<b>1.96</b>	<b>1.41E-08</b>	<b>0.35</b>

(1) Airborne effluents from the OSTR contained no detectable particulate radioactivity resulting from reactor operations, and there were no releases of any radioisotopes in airborne effluents in concentrations greater than 20% of the applicable effluent concentration. (20% is a value taken from the OSTR Technical Specifications.

(2) Routine gamma spectroscopy analysis of the gaseous radioactivity in the OSTR stack discharge indicated the only detectable radionuclide was argon-41.

**Table V.B.3**  
**Annual Summary of Solid Waste Generated and Transferred**

<b>Origin of Solid Waste</b>	<b>Volume of Solid Waste Packaged<sup>(1)</sup> (Cubic Feet)</b>	<b>Detectable Radionuclides in the Waste</b>	<b>Total Quantity of Radioactivity in Solid Waste (Curies)</b>	<b>Dates of Waste Pickup for Transfer to the OSU Waste Processing Facility</b>
TRIGA Reactor Facility	15.5	Mn-54, Co-58, Co-60, Zn-65, As-74, Cs-134, Eu-152, H-3, Sc-46, Sc-47, Cs-137, Fe-59, As-78, Hg-203	8.9E-04	8/4/05 2/27/06
Radiation Center Laboratories	18.5	Sr-90, Am-241, U-238, Th-232, C-14, H-3, Ra-226, Sr-85, Cs-137	2.1E-05	8/4/05 2/27/06
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>See Above</b>	<b>9.11E-04</b>	<b>---</b>

(1) TRIGA and Radiation Center laboratory waste is picked up by OSU Radiation Safety for transfer to its waste processing facility for final packaging.

**Table V.C.1**  
**Annual Summary of Personnel Radiation Doses Received**

Personnel Group	Average Annual Dose <sup>(1)</sup>		Greatest Individual Dose <sup>(1)</sup>		Total Person-mrem For the Group <sup>(1)</sup>	
	Whole Body (mrem)	Extremities (mrem)	Whole Body (mrem)	Extremities (mrem)	Whole Body (mrem)	Extremities (mrem)
Facility Operating Personnel	90.67	321.5	202	589	544	1929
Key Facility Research Personnel	0	15.16	0	160	0	182
Facilities Services Maintenance Personnel	0	N/A	0	N/A	0	N/A
Laboratory Class Students	<1	8.26	27	139	42	537
Campus Police and Security Personnel	<1	N/A	16	N/A	16	N/A
Visitors	<1	N/A	9	N/A	82.8	N/A

(1) "N/A" indicates that there was no extremity monitoring conducted or required for the group.

**Table V.D.1**  
**Total Dose Equivalent Recorded on Area Dosimeters Located**  
**Within the TRIGA Reactor Facility**

Monitor I.D.	TRIGA Reactor Facility Location (See Figure V.D.1)	Total Recorded	Dose Equivalent <sup>(1)(2)</sup>
		$x\beta$ ( $\gamma$ ) (mrem)	Neutron (mrem)
MRCTNE	D104: North Badge East Wall	181	ND
MRCTSE	D104: South Badge East Wall	146	ND
MRCTSW	D104: South Badge West Wall	343	ND
MRCTNW	D104: North Badge West Wall	131	ND
MRCTWN	D104: West Badge North Wall	220	ND
MRCTEN	D104: East Badge North Wall	270	ND
MRCTES	D104: East Badge South Wall	986	ND
MRCTWS	D104: West Badge South Wall	373	ND
MRCTTOP	D104: Reactor Top Badge	546	ND
MRCTHXS	D104A: South Badge HX Room	541	ND
MRCTHXW	D104A: West Badge HX Room	185	ND
MRCD-302	D302: Reactor Control Room	289	ND
MRCD-302A	D302A: Reactor Supervisor's Office	113	N/A
MRCBP1	D104: Beam Port Number 1	162	ND
MRCBP2	D104: Beam Port Number 2	184	ND
MRCBP3	D104: Beam Port Number 3	666	ND
MRCBP4	D104: Beam Port Number 4	524	ND

(1) The total recorded dose equivalent values do not include natural background contribution and, reflect the summation of the results of four quarterly beta-gamma dosimeters or four quarterly fast neutron dosimeters for each location. A total dose equivalent of "ND" indicates that each of the dosimeters during the reporting period was less than the vendor's gamma dose reporting threshold of 10 mrem or that each of the fast neutron dosimeters was less than the vendor's threshold of 10 mrem. "N/A" indicates that there was no neutron monitor at that location.

(2) These dose equivalent values do not represent radiation exposure through an exterior wall directly into an unrestricted area.



**Table V.D.2**  
**Total Dose Equivalent Recorded on Area Dosimeters**  
**Located Within the Radiation Center**

Monitor I.D.	Radiation Center Facility Location (See Figure V.D.1)	Total Recorded Dose Equivalent <sup>(1)</sup>	
		$\times \beta(\gamma)$ (mrem)	Neutron (mrem)
MRCA100	A100: Receptionist's Office	0	N/A
MRCBRF	A102H: Front Personnel Dosimetry Storage Rack	45	N/A
MRCA120	A120: Stock Room	96	N/A
MRCA120A	A120A: NAA Temporary Storage	0	N/A
MRCA126	A126: Radioisotope Research Lab	113	N/A
MRCCO-60	A128: <sup>60</sup> Co Irradiator Room	271	N/A
MRCA130	A130: Shielded Exposure Room	25	N/A
MRCA132	A132: TLD Equipment Room	153	N/A
MRCA138	A138: Health Physics Laboratory	24	N/A
MRCA146	A146: Gamma Analyzer Room (Storage Cave)	26	N/A
MRCB100	B100: Gamma Analyzer Room (Storage Cave)	0	N/A
MRCB114	B114: Lab ( <sup>226</sup> Ra Storage Facility)	1551	ND
MRCB119-1	B119: Source Storage Room	248	N/A
MRCB119-2	B119: Source Storage Room	377	N/A
MRCB119A	B119A: Sealed Source Storage Room	4101	1,698
MRCB120	B120: Instrument Calibration Facility	66	N/A
MRCB122-2	B122: Radioisotope Storage Hood	40	N/A
MRCB122-3	B122: Radioisotope Research Laboratory	56	N/A
MRCB124-1	B124: Radioisotope Research Lab (Hood)	28	N/A
MRCB124-2	B124: Radioisotope Research Laboratory	131	N/A
MRCB124-6	B124: Radioisotope Research Laboratory	40	N/A
MRCB128	B128: Instrument Repair Shop	22	N/A
MRCC100	C100: Radiation Center Director's Office	0	N/A

(1) The total recorded dose equivalent values do not include natural background contribution and, reflect the summation of the results of four quarterly beta-gamma dosimeters or four quarterly fast neutron dosimeters for each location. A total dose equivalent of "ND" indicates that each of the dosimeters during the reporting period was less than the vendor's gamma dose reporting threshold of 10 mrem or that each of the fast neutron dosimeters was less than the vendor's threshold of 10 mrem. "N/A" indicates that there was no neutron monitor at that location.

**Table V.D.2 (continued)**  
**Total Dose Equivalent Recorded on Area Dosimeters**  
**Located Within the Radiation Center**

Monitor I.D.	Radiation Center Facility Location (See Figure V.D.1)	Total Recorded Dose Equivalent <sup>(1)</sup>	
		$\alpha$ $\beta$ ( $\gamma$ ) (mrem)	Neutron (mrem)
MRCC106A	C106A: Staff Lunch Room	36	N/A
MRCC106B	C106: Custodian Supply Storage	28	N/A
MRCC106-H	C106H: East Loading Dock	52	N/A
MRCC118	C118: Radiochemistry Laboratory	0	N/A
MRCC120	C120: Student Counting Laboratory	25	N/A
MRCF100	F100: APEX Facility	22	N/A
MRCF102	F102: APEX Control Room	10	N/A
MRCB125N	B125: Gamma Analyzer Room (Storage Cave)	15	N/A
MRCN125S	B125: Gamma Analyzer Room	23	N/A
MRCC124	C124: Classroom	67	N/A
MRCC130	C130: Radioisotope Laboratory (Hood)	23	N/A
MRCD100	D100: Reactor Support Laboratory	33	N/A
MRCD102	D102: Pneumatic Transfer Terminal Lab	205	N/A
MRCD102-H	D102H: 1st Floor Corridor at D102	87	N/A
MRCD106-H	D106H: 1st Floor Corridor at D106	223	N/A
MRCD200	D200: Reactor Administrator's Office	201	N/A
MRCD202	D202: Senior Health Physicist's Office	209	N/A
MRCBRR	D200H: Rear Personnel Dosimetry Storage Rack	55	N/A
MRCD204	D204: Health Physicist Office	191	N/A
MRCATHRL	F104: ATHRL	26	N/A
MRCD300	D300: 3rd Floor Conference Room	159	N/A

(1) The total recorded dose equivalent values do not include natural background contribution and, except as noted, reflect the summation of the results of 4 quarterly beta-gamma dosimeters or four quarterly fast neutron dosimeters for each location. A total dose equivalent of "ND" indicates that each of the dosimeters during the reporting period was less than the vendor's gamma dose reporting threshold of 10 mrem or that each of the fast neutron dosimeters was less than the vendor's threshold of 10 mrem. "N/A" indicates that there was no neutron monitor at that location.

**Table V.D.3**  
**Annual Summary of Radiation and Contamination Levels**  
**Observed Within the Reactor Facility and Radiation Center**  
**During Routine Radiation Surveys**

Accessible Location (See Figure V.D.1)	Whole Body Radiation Levels (mrem/hr)		Contamination Levels <sup>(1)</sup> (dpm/cm <sup>2</sup> )	
	Average	Maximum	Average	Maximum
<b>TRIGA Reactor Facility:</b>				
Reactor Top (D104)	1.12	80	<500	10,652
Reactor 2nd Deck Area (D104)	3.68	<1	<500	<500
Reactor Bay SW (D104)	<1	25	<500	870
Reactor Bay NW (D104)	<1	30	<500	2,391
Reactor Bay NE (D104)	<1	11	<500	2,194
Reactor Bay SE (D104)	<1	12	<500	2,391
Class Experiments (D104, D302)	<1	<1	<500	<500
Demineralizer Tank & Make Up Water System (D104A)	<1	9	<500	652
Particulate Filter--Outside Shielding (D104A)	<1	1.60	<500	<500
<b>Radiation Center:</b>				
NAA Counting Rooms (A146, B100)	<1	<1	<500	<500
Health Physics Laboratory (A138)	<1	<1	<500	<500
Co <sup>60</sup> Irradiator Room and Calibration Rooms (A128, B120, A130)	<1	<1	<500	<500
Radiation Research Labs (A136) (B108, B114, B122, B124, C126, C130, C132A)	<1	100	<500	<500
Radioactive Source Storage (B119, B119A, A120A)	<1	11.06	<500	<500
Student Chemistry Laboratory (C118)	<1	4.50	<500	<500
Student Counting Laboratory (C120)	<1	<1	2,391	2,391
Operations Counting Room (B136, C125)	<1	1.84	<500	<500
Pneumatic Transfer Laboratory (D102)	<1	38	<500	1,087
RX support Room (D100)	<1	<1	<500	<500

(1) <500 dpm/100 cm<sup>2</sup> = Less than the lower limit of detection for the portable survey instrument used.

**Table V.E.1**  
**Total Dose Equivalent at the TRIGA Reactor Facility Fence**

Fence Environmental Monitoring Station (See Figure V.E.1)	Total Recorded Dose Equivalent (Including Background) Based on GSD TLDs <sup>(1, 2)</sup> (mrem)
MRCFE-1	88 ± 3
MRCFE-2	85 ± 4
MRCFE-3	91 ± 11
MRCFE-4	85 ± 3
MRCFE-5	80 ± 3
MRCFE-6	90 ± 3
MRCFE-7	81 ± 9
MRCFE-8	77 ± 5
MRCFE-9	73 ± 5

(1) Average Corvallis area natural background using GDS TLDs totals  $75 \pm 8$  mrem for the same period.

(2)  $\pm$  values represent the standard deviation of the total value at the 95% confidence level.

**Table V.E.2**  
**Total Dose Equivalent at the Off-Site Gamma Radiation**  
**Monitoring Stations**

Off-Site Radiation Monitoring Station (See Figure V.E.2)	Total Recorded Dose Equivalent (Including Background) Based on GDS TLDs <sup>(1, 2)</sup> (mrem)
MRCTE-2	80 ± 4
MRCTE-3	95 ± 5
MRCTE-4	83 ± 3
MRCTE-5	90 ± 3
MRCTE-6	77 ± 4
MRCTE-7	96 ± 3
MRCTE-8	96 ± 4
MRCTE-9	95 ± 6
MRCTE-10	72 ± 5
MRCTE-12	95 ± 4
MRCTE-13	86 ± 2
MRCTE-14	74 ± 2
MRCTE-15	77 ± 3
MRCTE-16	86 ± 3
MRCTE-17	84 ± 3
MRCTE-18	80 ± 5
MRCTE-19	90 ± 3
MRCTE-20	89 ± 3
MRCTE-21	71 ± 3
MRCTE-22	78 ± 3

(1) Average Corvallis area natural background using GDS TLDs totals 75 ± 8 mrem for the same period.

(2) ± values represent the standard deviation of the total value at the 95% confidence level.

**Table V.E.3**  
**Annual Average Concentration of the Total Net Beta**  
**Radioactivity (minus  $^3\text{H}$ ) for Environmental Soil, Water,**  
**and Vegetation Samples**

Sample Location (See Figure V.E.2)	Sample Type	Annual Average Concentration Of the Total Net Beta (Minus $^3\text{H}$ ) Radioactivity <sup>(1)</sup>	Reporting Units
1-W	Water	$4.98\text{E-}08 \pm 1.38\text{E-}08^{(2)}$	$\mu\text{Ci ml}^{-1}$
4-W	Water	$4.98\text{E-}08 \pm 1.38\text{E-}08^{(2)}$	$\mu\text{Ci ml}^{-1}$
11-W	Water	$4.98\text{E-}08 \pm 1.38\text{E-}08^{(2)}$	$\mu\text{Ci ml}^{-1}$
19-RW	Water	$4.98\text{E-}08 \pm 1.38\text{E-}08^{(2)}$	$\mu\text{Ci ml}^{-1}$
3-S	Soil	$3.75\text{E-}05 \pm 5.60\text{E-}06$	$\mu\text{Ci g}^{-1}$ of dry soil
5-S	Soil	$1.51\text{E-}05 \pm 4.01\text{E-}06$	$\mu\text{Ci g}^{-1}$ of dry soil
20-S	Soil	$2.32\text{E-}05 \pm 3.51\text{E-}06$	$\mu\text{Ci g}^{-1}$ of dry soil
21-S	Soil	$2.87\text{E-}05 \pm 4.60\text{E-}06$	$\mu\text{Ci g}^{-1}$ of dry soil
2-G	Grass	$3.24\text{E-}04 \pm 2.33\text{E-}05$	$\mu\text{Ci g}^{-1}$ of dry ash
6-G	Grass	$2.97\text{E-}04 \pm 2.82\text{E-}05$	$\mu\text{Ci g}^{-1}$ of dry ash
7-G	Grass	$3.75\text{E-}04 \pm 2.64\text{E-}05$	$\mu\text{Ci g}^{-1}$ of dry ash
8-G	Grass	$2.82\text{E-}04 \pm 2.53\text{E-}05$	$\mu\text{Ci g}^{-1}$ of dry ash
9-G	Grass	$2.55\text{E-}04 \pm 1.81\text{E-}05$	$\mu\text{Ci g}^{-1}$ of dry ash
10-G	Grass	$2.80\text{E-}04 \pm 2.92\text{E-}05$	$\mu\text{Ci g}^{-1}$ of dry ash
12-G	Grass	$6.00\text{E-}05 \pm 1.26\text{E-}05$	$\mu\text{Ci g}^{-1}$ of dry ash
13-G	Grass	$3.41\text{E-}04 \pm 3.15\text{E-}05$	$\mu\text{Ci g}^{-1}$ of dry ash
14-G	Grass	$2.19\text{E-}04 \pm 3.19\text{E-}05$	$\mu\text{Ci g}^{-1}$ of dry ash
15-G	Grass	$2.46\text{E-}04 \pm 2.63\text{E-}05$	$\mu\text{Ci g}^{-1}$ of dry ash
16-G	Grass	$2.75\text{E-}04 \pm 3.03\text{E-}05$	$\mu\text{Ci g}^{-1}$ of dry ash
17-G	Grass	$2.97\text{E-}04 \pm 2.91\text{E-}05$	$\mu\text{Ci g}^{-1}$ of dry ash
18-G	Grass	$1.87\text{E-}04 \pm 2.63\text{E-}05$	$\mu\text{Ci g}^{-1}$ of dry ash
22-G	Grass	$3.53\text{E-}04 \pm 3.27\text{E-}05$	$\mu\text{Ci g}^{-1}$ of dry ash

1)  $\pm$  values represent the standard deviation of the value at the 95% confidence level.

2) Less than lower limit of detection value shown.

**Table V.E.4**  
**Beta-Gamma Concentration and Range of LLD Values for Soil,  
Water, and Vegetation Samples**

<b>Sample Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Range of Values</b>	<b>Reporting Units</b>
Soil	7.95E-06	6.07E-06 to 9.62E-06	μCi g <sup>1</sup> of dry soil
Water	4.98E-08 <sup>(1)</sup>	4.98E-08 <sup>(1)</sup>	μCi ml
Vegetation	3.86E-05	2.20E-05 to 5.44E-05	μCi g <sup>1</sup> of dry ash

(1) Less than lower limit of detection value shown.

**Table V.F.1**  
**Annual Summary of Radioactive Material Shipments originating**  
**From the TRIGA Reactor Facility's NRC License R-106**

Shipped To	Total Activity (TBq)	Number of Shipments				
		Exempt	Limited Quantity	Yellow II	Yellow III	Total
Berkeley Geochronology Center Berkeley, CA USA	1.28-06	8	1	0	0	9
Brigham Young University Provo, UT USA	5.99E-09	1	0	0	0	1
Brush Wellman, Inc. Elmore, OH USA	8.67E-03	0	0	1	0	1
C.O.R.D. University of Wisconsin- Madison Madison, WI USA	7.98E-08	1	0	0	0	1
Columbia Generating Station Richland, WA USA	5.30E-02	0	0	0	1	1
Columbia University Palisades, NY USA	9.98E-06	2	2	0	0	4
Francis H. Burr Proton Therapy Cntr. Mass. Gen. Hosp Boston, MA USA	7.01E-06	0	1	0	0	1
Idaho State University Pocatello, ID USA	1.36E-05	0	0	5	0	5
Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Berkeley, CA USA	5.67E-06	0	0	1	0	1
Oregon Health and Science University Portland, OR USA	2.22E-05	0	0	1	0	1
Oregon State University Corvallis, OR USA	8.32E-06	0	0	2	0	2
Oregon State University Oceanography Department Corvallis, OR USA	6.38-06	0	0	2	0	2
Plattsburgh State University Plattsburgh, NY	1.84E-08	2	0	0	0	2
Rutgers Piscataway, NJ USA	5.14E-07	6	0	0	0	6
Stanford University Stanford, CA USA	1.94E-07	4	1	0	0	5
Syracuse University Syracuse, NY USA	9.94E-08	1	0	0	0	1



**Table V.F.1 (continued)**  
**Annual Summary of Radioactive Material Shipments originating**  
**From the TRIGA Reactor Facility's NRC License R-106**

Shipped To	Total Activity (TBq)	Number of Shipments				
		Exempt	Limited Quantity	Yellow II	Yellow III	Total
Union College Schenectady, NY USA	2.33E-08	4	0	0	0	4
University of California at Berkeley Berkeley, CA USA	4.63E-07	0	0	1	0	1
University of California at Santa Barbara Santa Barbara, CA USA	7.92E-08	1	0	0	0	1
University of Florida Gainesville, FL USA	1.54E-07	2	0	0	0	2
University of Nevada Las Vegas Las Vegas, NV USA	5.24E-07	0	2	0	0	2
University of Oregon Eugene, OR USA	5.44E-08	0	1	0	0	1
University of Washington Seattle, WA USA	1.01E-08	1	0	0	0	1
University of Wisconsin-Madison Madison, WI USA	5.64E-06	6	0	1	0	7
<b>Totals</b>	<b>6.18E-02</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>62</b>

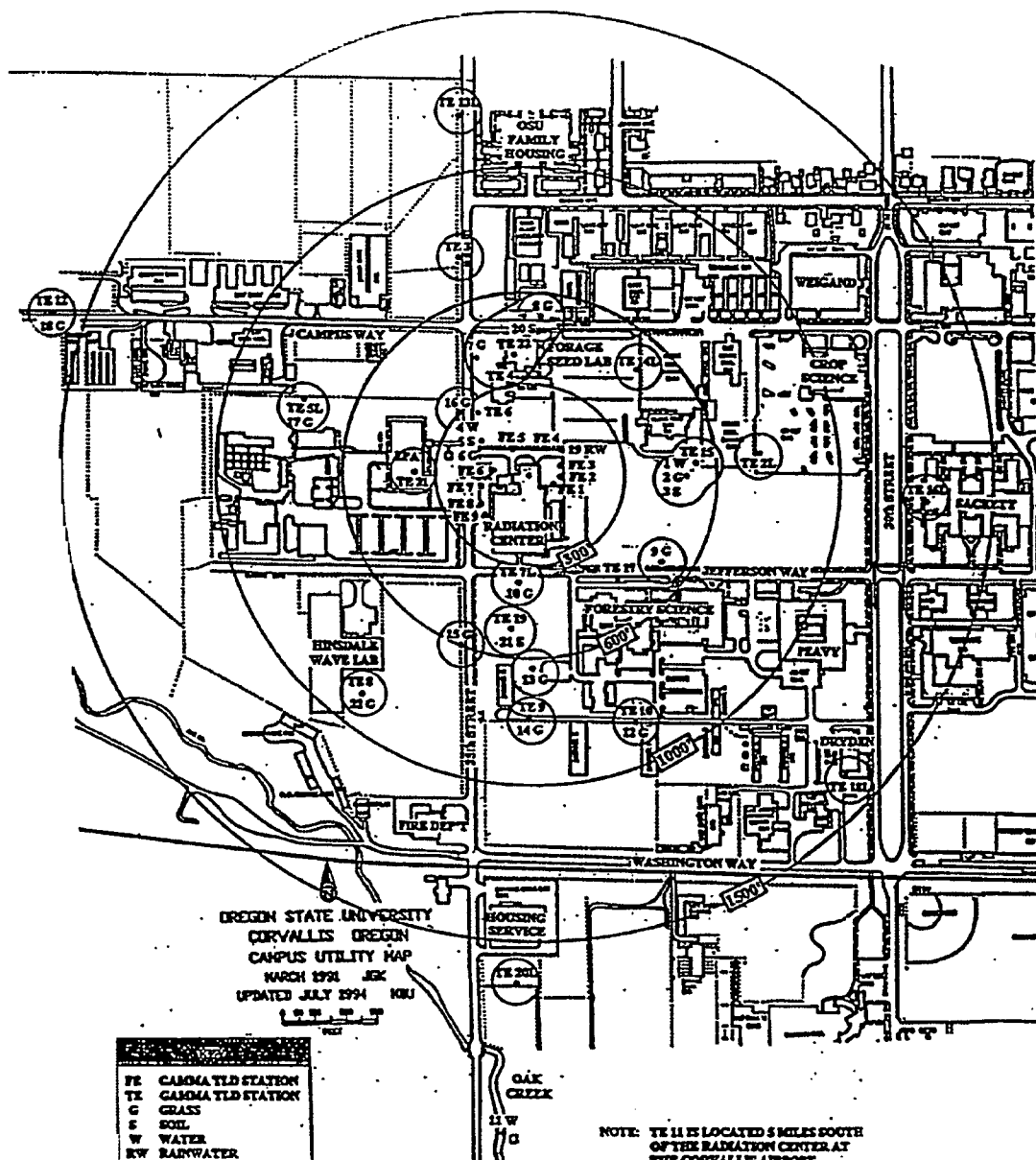
**Table V.F.2****Annual Survey of Radioactive Material Shipments Originating  
From the Radiation Center's State of Oregon License ORE 90005**

Shipped To	Total Activity (TBq)	Number of Shipments		
		Limited Quantity	Exempt	Total
CH2M Hill Corvallis, OR USA	1.31E-11	0	1	1
Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Berkeley, CA USA	2.39E-08	1	1	2
University of Notre Dame Notre Dame, IN	5.59E-07	1	0	1
University of Washington Seattle, WA USA	7.03E-07	3	0	3
<b>Totals</b>	<b>1.29E-06</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>7</b>

**Table V.F.3**  
**Annual Survey of Radioactive Material Shipments Exported**  
**Under NRC General License 10 CFR 110.23**

Shipped To	Total Activity (TBq)	Number of Shipments			
		Exempt	Limited Quantity	Yellow II	Total
Geological Survey of Norway Trondheim, Norway	3.74E-09	1	0	0	1
Institute of Geology, Academy of Sciences Prague, Czech Republic	3.54E-09	2	0	0	2
QUAD-Lab, Roskilde University Roskilde, Denmark	3.72E-09	1	0	0	1
TRIUMF Vancouver, British Columbia Canada	9.63E-08	0	1	0	1
Universita' Degli Studi di Bologna Bologna, Italy	1.97E-08	4	0	0	4
Universitat Gottingen Gottingen, Germany	8.33E-10	1	0	0	1
Universitat Potsdam Postdam, Germany	6.83E-08	2	0	0	2
Universitat Tubingen Tubingen, Germany	4.67E-09	2	0	0	2
University of Geneva Geneva, Switzerland	2.22E-06	2	0	1	3
University of Lausanne Lausanne, Switzerland	2.70E-07	1	1	0	2
University of Manchester Manchester, United Kingdom	7.81E-09	1	0	0	1
University of Queensland Brisbane, Queensland Australia	1.70E-06	1	1	1	3
Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam, The Netherlands	1.22E-07	2	0	0	2
<b>Totals</b>	<b>4.53E-06</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>25</b>

**Figure V.D.1**  
**Monitoring Stations for the OSU TRIGA Reactor**



05-06 Annual Report

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## **Summary**

The Radiation Center offers a wide variety of resources for teaching, research, and service related to radiation and radioactive materials. Some of these are discussed in detail in other parts of this report. The purpose of this part is to summarize the teaching, research, and service efforts carried out during the current reporting period.

## **Teaching**

An important responsibility of the Radiation Center and the reactor is to support OSU's academic programs. Implementation of this support occurs through direct involvement of the Center's staff and facilities in the teaching programs of various departments and through participation in University research programs. Tables III.A.1 and III.D.1 plus Section VI.C.5 provide more detailed information on the use of the Radiation Center and reactor for instruction and training.

## **Research and Service**

Almost all Radiation Center research and service work is tracked by means of a project database. When a request for facility use is received, a project number is assigned and the project is added to the database. The database includes such information as the project number, data about the person and institution requesting the work, information about students involved, a description of the project, Radiation Center resources needed, the Radiation Center project manager, status of individual runs, billing information, and the funding source.

Table VI.C.1 provides a summary of institutions which used the Radiation Center during this reporting period. This table also includes additional information about the number of academic personnel involved, the number of students involved, and the number of uses logged for each organization. Details on graduate student research which used the Radiation Center are given in Table VI.C.2.

The major table in this section is Table VI.C.3. This table provides a listing of the research and service projects carried out during this reporting period and lists information relating to the personnel and institution involved, the type of project, and the funding agency. Projects which used the reactor are indicated by an asterisk. In addition to identifying specific projects carried out during the current reporting period, Part VI also highlights major Radiation Center capabilities in research and service. These unique Center functions are described in Sections VI.C.1 through VI.C.8.



### Neutron Activation Analysis

Neutron activation analysis (NAA) stands at the forefront of techniques for the quantitative multi-element analysis of major, minor, trace, and rare elements. The principle involved in NAA consists of first irradiating a sample with neutrons in a nuclear reactor such as the OSTR to produce specific radionuclides. After the irradiation, the characteristic gamma rays emitted by the decaying radionuclides are quantitatively measured by suitable semiconductor radiation detectors, and the gamma rays detected at a particular energy are usually indicative of a specific radionuclide's presence. Computerized data reduction of the gamma ray spectra then yields the concentrations of the various elements in samples being studied. With sequential instrumental NAA it is possible to measure quantitatively about 35 elements in small samples (5 to 100 mg), and for activable elements the lower limit of detection is on the order of parts per million or parts per billion, depending on the element.

The Radiation Center's NAA laboratory has analyzed the major, minor, and trace element content of tens of thousands of samples covering essentially the complete spectrum of material types and involving virtually every scientific and technical field.

While some researchers perform their own sample counting on their own or on Radiation Center equipment, the Radiation Center provides a complete NAA service for researchers and others who may require it. This includes sample preparation, sequential irradiation and counting, and data reduction and analysis.

Data on NAA research and service performed during this reporting period are included in Table VI.C.3.

### Forensic Studies

Neutron activation analysis can also be advantageously used in criminal investigations. The principle underlying such application usually involves matching trace element profiles in objects or substances by NAA. This in turn can help identify materials or products (e.g., identify the manufacturer of a given object), and in some cases can match bullets and other materials recovered from a victim to similar materials obtained from suspects. Materials which have been analyzed by the Radiation Center for forensic purposes include bullets, metals, paint, fuses, coats, glass, meat, and salts.





Forensic studies performed in this reporting period are included in the listings in Tables VI.C.1 and VI.C.3.

### **Irradiations**

As described throughout this report, a major capability of the Radiation Center involves the irradiation of a large variety of substances with gamma rays and neutrons. Detailed data on these irradiations and their use during this reporting period are included in Part III as well as in Section C of this part.

### **Radiological Emergency Response Services**

The Radiation Center has an emergency response team capable of responding to all types of radiological accidents. This team directly supports the City of Corvallis and Benton County emergency response organizations and medical facilities. The team can also provide assistance at the scene of any radiological incident anywhere in the state of Oregon on behalf of the Oregon Radiation Protection Services and the Oregon Department of Energy.

The Radiation Center maintains dedicated stocks of radiological emergency response equipment and instrumentation. These items are located at the Radiation Center and at the Good Samaritan Hospital in Corvallis.

During the current reporting period, the Radiation Center emergency response team conducted several training sessions and exercises, but was not required to respond to any actual incidents.

### **Training and Instruction**

In addition to the academic laboratory classes and courses discussed in Parts III.A.2, III.D, and VI.B, and in addition to the routine training needed to meet the requirements of the OSTR Emergency Response Plan, Physical Security Plan, and operator requalification program, the Radiation Center is also used for special training programs. Radiation Center staff are well experienced in conducting these special programs and regularly offer training in areas such as research reactor operations, research reactor management, research reactor radiation protection, radiological emergency response, reactor behavior (for nuclear power plant operators), neutron activation analysis, nuclear chemistry, and nuclear safety analysis.

Special training programs generally fall into one of several categories: visiting faculty and research scientists; International Atomic Energy Agency fellows; special short-term courses; or individual reactor operator or health physics training programs. During this





reporting period there were a large number of such people as shown in Part II.B.

As has been the practice since 1985, Radiation Center personnel annually present a HAZMAT Response Team Radiological Course. This year the course was held at the Oregon State University Radiation Center.

### **Radiation Protection Services**

The primary purpose of the radiation protection program at the Radiation Center is to support the instruction and research conducted at the Center. However, due to the high quality of the program and the level of expertise and equipment available, the Radiation Center is also able to provide health physics services in support of OSU Radiation Safety and to assist other state and federal agencies. The Radiation Center does not compete with private industry, but supplies health physics services which are not readily available elsewhere. In the case of support provided to state agencies, this definitely helps to optimize the utilization of state resources.

The Radiation Center is capable of providing health physics services in any of the areas which are discussed in Part V. These include personnel monitoring, radiation surveys, sealed source leak testing, packaging and shipment of radioactive materials, calibration and repair of radiation monitoring instruments (discussed in detail in Section VI.C.7), radioactive waste disposal, radioactive material hood flow surveys, and radiation safety analysis and audits.

The Radiation Center also provides services and technical support as a radiation laboratory to the State of Oregon Radiation Protection Services (RPS) in the event of a radiological emergency within the state of Oregon. In this role, the Radiation Center will provide gamma ray spectrometric analysis of water, soil, milk, food products, vegetation, and air samples collected by RPS radiological response field teams. As part of the ongoing preparation for this emergency support, the Radiation Center participates in inter-institution drills.

### **Radiological Instrument Repair and Calibration**

While repair of nuclear instrumentation is a practical necessity, routine calibration of these instruments is a licensing and regulatory requirement which must be met. As a result, the Radiation Center operates a radiation instrument repair and calibration facility which can accommodate a wide variety of equipment.

The Center's scientific instrument repair facility performs maintenance and repair on all types of radiation detectors and other nuclear instrumentation. Since the Radiation Center's own programs regularly utilize a wide range of nuclear instruments, components for most common repairs are often on hand and repair time is therefore minimized.

In addition to the instrument repair capability, the Radiation Center has a facility for calibrating essentially all types of radiation monitoring instruments. This includes typical portable monitoring instrumentation for the detection and measurement of alpha, beta, gamma, and neutron radiation, as well as instruments designed for low-level environmental monitoring. Higher range instruments for use in radiation accident situations can also be calibrated in most cases. Instrument calibrations are performed using radiation sources certified by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) or traceable to NIST.

Table VI.C.4 is a summary of the instruments which were calibrated in support of the Radiation Center's instructional and research programs and the OSTR Emergency Plan, while Table VI.C.5 shows instruments calibrated for other OSU departments and non-OSU agencies.

### **Consultation**

Radiation Center staff are available to provide consultation services in any of the areas discussed in this Annual Report, but in particular on the subjects of research reactor operations and use, radiation protection, neutron activation analysis, radiation shielding, radiological emergency response, and radiotracer methods.

Records are not normally kept of such consultations, as they often take the form of telephone conversations with researchers encountering problems or planning the design of experiments. Many faculty members housed in the Radiation Center have ongoing professional consulting functions with various organizations, in addition to sitting on numerous committees in advisory capacities.

### **Public Relations**

The continued interest of the general public in the OSTR is evident by the number of people who have toured the facility. See Table VI.F.1 for statistics on scheduled visitors.



**Table VI.C.1**  
**Institution, Agencies, and Groups Which Utilized the Radiation Center**

<b>Institution, Agency and Groups</b>	<b>Number of Projects</b>	<b>Number of Time of Faculty Involvement</b>	<b>Number of Students Involved</b>	<b>Number of Uses of Center Facilities</b>
* Oregon State University Corvallis, OR USA	33	28	13	277
AVI Bio Pharma, Inc. Corvallis, OR USA	1	0	0	1
Evanite Fiber Corporation Corvallis, OR USA	1	0	0	1
* Linn Benton Community College Albany, OR USA	1	0	0	4
* Marist High School Eugene, OR USA	1	0	0	1
* Non-Educational Tours Corvallis, OR USA	1	0	0	1
Oregon Department of Energy Salem, OR USA	2	1	0	4
Oregon State Fire Marshal Salem, OR USA	1	0	0	21
* Oregon State University - Educational Tours Corvallis, OR USA	19	16	0	32
SIGA Technologies, Inc. Corvallis, OR USA	2	0	0	4
* University of Oregon Eugene, OR USA	2	1	0	1
US Environmental Protection Agency Corvallis, OR USA	2	0	0	2
* USDOE Albany Research Center Albany, OR USA	2	0	0	1
* West Albany High School Albany, OR USA	1	0	0	1
Amrhein Associates, Inc Ashland, OR USA	1	0	0	1
ESCO Corporation Portland, OR USA	1	0	0	5
Federal Aviation Administration Portland, OR USA	1	0	0	4
Lebanon Community Hospital Lebanon, OR USA	1	0	0	1
Marquess & Associates Inc. Medford, OR USA	1	0	0	1
Nunhems USA, Inc. Brooks, OR USA	1	1	0	55
Occupational Health Lab Portland, OR USA	1	0	0	1

**Table VI.C.1 (continued)****Institution, Agencies, and Groups Which Utilized the Radiation Center**

<b>Institution, Agency and Groups</b>	<b>Number of Projects</b>	<b>Number of Time of Faculty Involvement</b>	<b>Number of Students Involved</b>	<b>Number of Uses of Center Facilities</b>
* Oregon Health Sciences University Portland, OR USA	2	1	0	21
Providence St. Vincent Hospital Portland, OR USA	2	0	0	1
Radiation Protection Services Portland, OR USA	1	0	0	57
* Reed College Portland, OR USA	2	1	0	1
Rogue Community College Grants Pass, OR USA	1	0	0	2
Terra Nova Nurseries, Inc. Camby, OR USA	1	0	0	22
* Thurston High School Springfield, OR USA	1	1	0	1
US Environmental Protection Agency Newport, OR USA	2	0	0	2
US National Parks Service Crater Lake, OR USA	1	0	0	3
Veterinary Diagnostic Imaging & Cytopathology Clackamas, OR USA	1	0	0	2
Weyerhaeuser Sweet Home, OR USA	1	0	0	1
Advanced Cochlear Systems Snoqualmie, WA USA	1	0	0	3
* Idaho State University Pocatello, ID USA	2	2	0	5
* University of Washington Seattle, WA USA	1	1	2	2
* Berkeley Geochronology Center Berkeley, CA USA	1	0	5	16
* California State University at Fullerton Fullerton, CA USA	2	2	2	1
Genis, Inc. Petaluma, CA USA	1	0	0	12
* NWT Corp. San Jose, CA USA	1	0	0	1
* Stanford University Stanford, CA USA	2	2	0	5
* University of California at Berkeley Berkeley, CA USA	3	3	1	1

**Table VI.C.1 (continued)**  
**Institution Agencies, and Groups Which Utilized the Radiation Center**

<b>Institution, Agency and Groups</b>	<b>Number of Projects</b>	<b>Number of Time of Faculty Involvement</b>	<b>Number of Students Involved</b>	<b>Number of Uses of Center Facilities</b>
* University of California at Santa Barbara Santa Barbara, CA USA	1	2	0	1
* University of Nevada Las Vegas Las Vegas, NV USA	1	1	0	2
* Brigham Young University Provo, UT USA	1	1		1
CH2M Hill Inc Denver, CO USA	1	1	0	2
* EaglePicher Technologies Quapaw, OK USA	1	0	0	4
* University of Houston Plainview, TX USA	1	1	0	1
* University of Wisconsin Madison, WI USA	2	2	5	8
* Eastern Michigan University Ypsilanti, MI USA	1	1	0	3
* Great Lakes Environmental Research Lab Ann Arbor, MI USA	1	1	0	9
* University of Michigan Ann Arbor, MI USA	2	1	0	2
* Wayne State University Detroit, MI USA	2	0	0	4
* Brush-Wellman Elmore, OH USA	1	0	0	1
* University of Cincinnati Cincinnati, OH USA	1	0	2	5
* Columbia University Palisades, NY USA	2	2	3	3
* George Washington University Washington, DC USA	2	2	0	1
* North Carolina State University Raleigh, NC USA	1	1	1	1
* Plattsburgh State University Plattsburgh, NY USA	2	2	0	2
* Roswell Park Cancer Institute Buffalo, NY USA	2	4	0	4

**Table VI.C.1 (continued)****Institution, Agencies, and Groups Which Utilized the Radiation Center**

<b>Institution, Agency and Groups</b>	<b>Number of Projects</b>	<b>Number of Time of Faculty Involvement</b>	<b>Number of Students Involved</b>	<b>Number of Uses of Center Facilities</b>
* Syracuse University Syracuse, NY USA	2	2	2	1
* Union College Schenectady, NY USA	3	3	8	4
* Rutgers Piscataway, NJ USA	3	3	5	7
Arch Chemicals Inc. Cheshire, CT USA	1	1	0	6
* University of Florida Gainesville, FL USA	1	1	4	1
* Quaternary Dating Laboratory Roskilde, DENMARK	1	0	0	2
* University of Manchester Manchester, UK	1	1	1	1
* Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic Prague, CZECH REPUBLIC	1	0	0	2
* Geological Survey of Norway Trondheim, NORWAY	1	1	0	1
* Universita' di Bologna Bologna, ITALY	1	1	0	4
* Universitat Potsdam Postdam, GERMANY	1	0	0	2
* Universite de Lausanne Lausanne, SWITZERLAND	1	0	0	2
* University of Geneva Geneva, SWITZERLAND	1	1	4	3
* University of Goettingen Gottingen, GERMANY	1	1	3	1
* University of Tübingen Tübingen, GERMANY	2	2	0	3
* University of Queensland Brisbane, Queensland AUSTRALIA	1	1	0	5
<b>Totals</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>677</b>

\* Project which involves the OSTR.

(1) Use by Oregon State University does not include any teaching activities or classes accommodated by the Radiation Center.

(2) This number does not include on going projects being performed by residents of the Radiation Center such as the APEX project, others in the Department of Nuclear Engineering and Radiation Health Physics or Department of Chemistry or projects conducted by Dr. W. D. Loveland, which involve daily use of Radiation Center facilities.

**Table V1.C.2**  
**Graduate Students Research Which Utilized the Radiation Center**

Student's Name	Degree	Academic Depart	Advisor	Project	Thesis Topic
<b>Albert-Ludwigs-Universitaet</b>					
Link, Katharina	PhD	Mineralogy	Rahn	1595	Fission track dating of MidEuropean Rhine graben shoulder uplift
<b>Berkeley Geochronology Center</b>					
Brownlee, Sarah	PhD	Geology	Renne	920	Application of 39 Ar.40Ar Geochronology
Chang, Su-chin	PhD	Geology	Renne	920	Application of 39 Ar.40Ar Geochronology
Knight, Kim-berly	MA	Earth and Planetary Science	Renne	920	Geochemical and Isotopic Insights into Continental Flood Basalts
Morgan, Leah	PhD	Geology	Renne	920	Application of 39 Ar.40Ar Geochronology
Paine, Jeffery	MS	Geology	Renne	920	Experimental Studies of 39Ar Recoil and Isotopes Fractional Relevant to 40Ar/39Ar Geochronology
<b>California State University at Fullerton</b>					
Irwin, Christine	MS	Geological Sci-ences	Armstrong	1625	Uplift of the Puente Hills using fission track data
<b>Columbia University</b>					
Downing, Greg	PhD		Hemming	1705	Application of 39Ar/40 Ar Geochronology
Walker, Chris	PhD		Andres	1705	Application of 39Ar/40 Ar Geochronology
<b>North Carolina State University</b>					
Haynes, Elizabeth	PhD	Marine, Earth, and Atmospheric Sciences	Fodor	1684	Intrusion-related gold systems: petrological and fluid geochemical characteristics of gold-hosted granite plutons.
<b>Oregon State University</b>					
Ashbaker, Eric	MS	Nuclear Engineering and Radiation Health Physics	Reese	1702	Determination of neutron flux and spectrum in various OSTR irradiation facilities
Funatake, Castle	PhD	Environmental and Molecular Toxicology	Kerkvliet	1725	The Effects of 2, 3, 7, 8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin on the Fate of Antigen-Specific T Cells
Marshall, Nikki	MS		Kerkvliet	1725	Ex-vivo Suppressive Mechanisms Used by CD4+ T Cells exposed to TCDD during Graft-vs-Host disease
Matteson, Brent	PhD	Chemistry	Paulenova	1751	Actinide Chemistry

**Table V1.C.2 (continued)**  
**Graduate Students Research Which Utilized the Radiation Center**

Student's Name	Degree	Academic Depart	Advisor	Project	Thesis Topic
Naik, Radhika	PhD	Chemistry	Loveland	1751	Nuclear Chemistry
Sinton, Christopher	PhD	Oceanography	Duncan	444	Age and Composition of Two Large Igneous Provinces: The North Atlantic Volcanic Rifted Margin and the Caribbean Plateau
Sprunger, Peter	PhD	Chemistry	Loveland	1751	Nuclear Chemistry
Yan, Michelle	MS	Nutrition and Exercise Science	Ho	1757	Prostate Cell Zinc Deficiency Study
<b>Rutgers</b>					
Braun, Dave	PhD	Geological Sciences	Turrin	1707	Dating of Plio-Pleistocene Homid Sites, Koobi Fora, Kenya
Mollet, Godwin	PhD	Geological Sciences	Turrin	1707	Stratigraphy and Chronology of the Plio-Pleistocene Ngorongoro Volcanic Highland
Price, Rachel	MS	Geological Sciences	Turrin	1708	Age of metamorphism in the New Jersey Highland
Quinn, Rhonda	PhD	Geological Sciences	Turrin	1707	Dating of Plio-Pleistocene Homid Sites, Koobi Fora, Kenya
Young, Amy	PhD	UCLA Geology	Turrin	1423	Petrology and geochemical evolution of the Damavand trachyandesite volcano in northern Iran.
<b>Syracuse University</b>					
Schwabe, Erika	PhD	Earth Sciences	Fitzgerald	1555	Uplift and Exhumation of the West-Central Pyrenees: Constraining the Evolution of an Intraplate Collisional Orogen
Taylor, Josh	MS		Fitzgerald	1555	Low Temperature Thermochronologic Studies in the Adirondack Highlands
<b>University of California at Berkeley</b>					
Herbison, Sarah	PhD	Department of Chemistry	Nitsche	1468	Applications of NAA
<b>University of Cincinnati</b>					
Davidson, Michelle	PhD	Geology	Killinc	1738	Decompressional Melting as a Mechanism for Differentiation in Columbia River Basalts
Solpuker, Utku	PhD	Geology	Killinc	1738	Petrology and Geochemistry of the Kula Volcanic Province, Western Turkey



**Table V1.C.2 (continued)**  
**Graduate Students Research Which Utilized the Radiation Center**

Student's Name	Degree	Academic Department	Advisor	Project	Thesis Topic
<b>University of Florida</b>					
Coyner, Samuel	PhD		Foster	1621	Pb-Pb Geochronology and Thermochronology of Titanite Using MC-ICP-MS
Grice, Warren	MS	Geology	Foster	1621	Style and Timing of Mylonitization, Detachment, Ductile Attenuation and Metamorphism in the Anaconda Metamorphic core Complex, West-Central Montana
Newman, Virginia	MA	Geology	Foster	1621	Exhumation of the Ruby Mountains Metamorphic Core Complex
Restrepo, Sergio	PhD	Geology	Foster	1621	Long-Term vs. Short-Term Erosion Rates in Columbian Tropical Andean Ecosystems: Measuring the Dimension of the Human Impact
<b>University of Geneva</b>					
Baumgartner, Regine	PhD	Geological Sciences	Fontbote	1617	Pulsed High Sulfidation Hydrothermal Activity in the Cerro de Pasco-Colquijirca "super district," Peru
Luzieux, Leonard	PhD	Geological Sciences	Spikings	1617	The Origin and Accretionary History of Basement Forearc Unites in Western Ecuador
Vallejo, Cristian	MS	Geological Sciences	Spikings	1617	The Syn- and Post-Accretionary History of the Western Cordillera of Ecuador
Villagomez, Diego	PhD	Geological Sciences	Spikings	1617	The Late-Cretaceous to Recent Accretionary History of Western Colombia
<b>University of Goettingen</b>					
Angelmaier, Petra	PhD	Institut fur Geologie und Palaotologie	Dunkl	1519	Exhumation path of different tectonic blocks along the central part of the Transalpine-Traversal (Eastern Alps)
Most, Thomas	PhD	Institut fur Geologie und Palaotologie	Dunkl	1519	Mesozoic and Tertiary Tectonometamorphic Evolution of Pelagonian Massif
Schwab, Martina	PhD	Institut fur Geologie und Palaotologie	Dunkl	1519	Thermochronology and Structural Evolution of Pamir Mts.
<b>University of Manchester</b>					
Flude, Stephanie	PhD	Earth Sciences	Burgess	1592	Rhyolite volcanism in Iceland: timing and timescales of eruption

**Table V1.C.2 (continued)**  
**Graduate Students Research Which Utilized the Radiation Center**

Student's Name	Degree	Academic Depart	Advisor	Project	Thesis Topic
<b>University of Wisconsin</b>					
Barquero-Molina, Miriam	PhD	Geology and Geophysics	Singer	1612	Applications of $^{39}\text{Ar}/^{40}\text{Ar}$ Geochronology
Harper, Melissa	MS	Geology and Geophysics	Singer	1612	Applications of $^{39}\text{Ar}/^{40}\text{Ar}$ Geochronology
Jicha, Brian	MS	Geology and Geosciences	Singer	1465	Applications of $^{39}\text{Ar}/^{40}\text{Ar}$ Geochronology
Jicha, Brian	MS	Geology and Geosciences	Singer	1612	Applications of $^{39}\text{Ar}/^{40}\text{Ar}$ Geochronology
Relle, Monica	MS	Geology and Geosciences	Foster	1621	Applications of $^{39}\text{Ar}/^{40}\text{Ar}$ Geochronology
<b>University of Wyoming</b>					
Beland, Peter	MS	Geology and Geophysics	Murphy	321	Applications of Fission Track Analysis
McMillan, Beth	PhD	Geology and Geophysics	Murphy	321	Applications of Fission Track Analysis

**Table VI. C.3**  
**List of Major Research And Service Projects Preformed or Ion Progress**  
**At the Radiation Center and their Funding Agencies**

Project	Users	Organization Name	Project Title	Description	Funding
321	Murphy	University of Wyoming	Fission Track Dating	Thermal column irradiations of apatite and zircon samples for fission track production to determine rock age.	University of Wyoming
335	Kowallis	Brigham Young University	Fission Track Dating	Dating of natural rocks and minerals via fission track methodology.	National Science Foundation
444	Duncan	Oregon State University	Ar-40/Ar-39 Dating of Oceanographic Samples	Production of Ar-39 from K-39 to measure radiometric ages on basaltic rocks from ocean basins.	OSU Oceanography Department
481	Le	Oregon Health Sciences University	Instrument Calibration	Instrument calibration.	Oregon Health Sciences University
488	Farmer	Oregon State University	Instrument Calibration	Instrument calibration.	OSU - various departments
519	Martin	US Environmental Protection Agency	Instrument Calibration	Instrument calibration.	USEPA-Corvallis
547	Boese	US Environmental Protection Agency	Survey Instrument Calibration	Instrument calibration.	USEPA, Cincinnati, OH
664	Reese	Oregon State University	Good Samaritan Hospital Instrument Calibration	Instrument calibration.	OSU Radiation Center
815	Morrell	Oregon State University	Sterilization of Wood Samples	Sterilization of wood samples to 2.5 Mrads in Co-60 irradiator for fungal evaluations.	OSU Forest Products
920	Becker	Berkeley Geochronology Center	Ar-39/Ar-40 Age Dating	Production of Ar-39 from K-39 to determine ages in various anthropologic and geologic materials.	Berkeley Geochronology Center
930	McWilliams	Stanford University	Ar-40/Ar-39 Dating of Geological Samples	Irradiation of mineral grain samples for specified times to allow Ar-40/Ar-39 dating.	Stanford University Geological & Environmental Sci
932	Dumitru	Stanford University	Fission Track Dating	Thermal column irradiation of geological samples for fission track age-dating.	Stanford University Geology Department
1018	Gashwiler	Occupational Health Lab	Calibration of Nuclear Instruments	Instrument calibration.	Occupational Health Laboratory

**Table VI.C.3 (continued)**  
**List of Major Research and Service Projects Performed or In Progress**  
**At the Radiation Center and Their Funding Agencies**

Project	Users	Organization Name	Project Title	Description	Funding
1072	Markos	Army Corps of Engineers	Instrument Calibration	Instrument calibration.	U.S. Army Engineer District, Portland.
1075	Teaching and Tours	University of California at Berkeley	Activation Analysis Experiment for NE Class	Activation Analysis Experiment for NE Class. Irradiation of small, stainless steel discs for use in a nuclear engineering radiation measurements laboratory.	University of California at Berkeley
1177	Garver	Union College	Fission Track Analysis of Rock Ages	Use of thermal column irradiations to perform fission track analysis to determine rock ages.	Union College, NY
1188	Salinas	Rogue Community College	Photoplankton Growth in Southern Oregon Lakes	C-14 liquid scintillation counting of radiotracers produced in a photoplankton study of southern Oregon lakes: Miller Lake, Lake of the Woods, Diamond Lake, and Waldo Lake.	Rogue Community College
1191	Vasconcelos	University of Queensland	Ar-39/Ar-40 Age Dating	Production of Ar-39 from K-39 to determine ages in various anthropologic and geologic materials.	Earth Sciences, University of Queensland
1267	Hemming	Columbia University	Geochronology by Ar/Ar Methods	Snake River plain sanidine phenocrysts to evaluate volcanic stratigraphy; sandine and biotite phenocrysts from a late Miocene ash, Mallorca to more accurately constrain stratigraphic horizon; hornblends and feldspar from the Amazon to assess climatic change	Columbia University
1354	Wright	Radiation Protection Services	Radiological Instrument Calibration	Instrument calibration.	State of Oregon Radiation Protection Services
1366	Quidelleur	Universite Paris-Sud	Ar-Ar Geochronology	Determination of geological samples via Ar-Ar radiometric dating.	Universite Paris-Sud
1397	Teach	Providence St. Vincent Hospital	Sterilization of various biological materials	Sterilization of various biological materials for St. Vincents Hospital, Portland	Oregon Medical Laser Institute
1404	Riera-Lizarau	Oregon State University	Evaluation of wheat DNA	Gamma irradiation of wheat seeds	OSU Crop and Soil Science
1406	Pate	Tracerco	Production of Argon-41	Production of Argon-41 for various field uses	Tracerco
1408	Gerdemann	USDOE Albany Research Center	Analysis of titanium powder	Measurement of sodium and chlorine in titanium powder.	USDOE Albany Research Center
1415	McGinness	ESCO Corporation	Calibration of Instruments	Instrument calibration	ESCO Corporation
1423	Turrin	Rutgers	40Ar/39Ar Analysis	Petrology and geochemical evolution of the Damavand trachyandesite volcano in Northern Iran.	Department of Geological Sciences

**Table VI.C.3 (continued)**  
**List of Major Research and Service Projects Performed or In Progress**  
**At the Radiation Center and Their Funding Agencies**

Project	Users	Organization Name	Project Title	Description	Funding
1431	Patterson	AVI Bio Pharma	Instrument Calibrations	Instrument calibration	AVI Bio Pharma
1464	Slavens	USDOE Albany Research Center	Instrument Calibration	Instrument calibration.	USDOE Albany Research Center
1465	Singer	University of Wisconsin	Ar-40/Ar-39 Dating of Young Geologic Materials	Irradiation of geological materials such as volcanic rocks from sea floor, etc. for Ar-40/Ar-39 dating.	University of Wisconsin
1467	Kirner	Kirner Consulting, Inc	Instrument Calibration	Instrument calibration.	Kirner Consulting
1468	Nitsche	University of California at Berkeley	Chemistry 146 Experiment	NAA Laboratory experiment.	University of California at Berkeley
1470	Bolken	SIGA Technologies, Inc.	Instrument Calibration	Instrument calibration.	Siga Pharmaceuticals
1489	Roden-Tice	Plattsburgh State University	Thermochronologic evidence linking Adirondack and New England regions Connecticut Valley Regions	The integration of apatite fission-track ages and track length based model thermal histories, zircon fission-track ages, and U-Th/He analyses to better define the pattern of regional post-Early Cretaceous differential unroofing in northeastern New York's	Plattsburgh State University
1492	Stiger	Federal Aviation Administration	Instrument Calibration	Instrument calibration	Federal Aviation Administration
1502	Teaching and Tours	Portland Community College	Portland Community College Tours/Experiments	OSTR tour and half-life experiment.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1503	Teaching and Tours	Non-Educational Tours	Non-Educational Tours	Tours for guests, university functions, student recruitment.	OSU Radiation Center
1504	Teaching and Tours	Oregon State University - Educational Tours	OSU Nuclear Engineering & Radiation Health Physics Department	OSTR tour and reactor lab.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1505	Teaching and Tours	Oregon State University - Educational Tours	OSU Chemistry Department	OSTR tour and half-life experiment.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1506	Teaching and Tours	Oregon State University - Educational Tours	OSU Geosciences Department	OSTR tour.	USDOE Reactor Sharing

**Table VI.C.3 (continued)**  
**List of Major Research and Service Projects Performed or In Progress**  
**At the Radiation Center and Their Funding Agencies**

Project	Users	Organization Name	Project Title	Description	Funding
1507	Teaching and Tours	Oregon State University - Educational Tours	OSU Physics Department	OSTR tour.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1508	Teaching and Tours	Oregon State University - Educational Tours	Adventures in Learning Class	Half Life Demonstration; Eric Miller, Forensic Science Instructor.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1509	Teaching and Tours	Oregon State University - Educational Tours	HAZMAT course tours	First responder training tours.	Oregon Office of Energy
1510	Teaching and Tours	Oregon State University - Educational Tours	Science and Mathematics Investigative Learning Experience	OSTR tour and half-life experiment.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1511	Teaching and Tours	Oregon State University - Educational Tours	Reactor Staff Use	Reactor operation required for conduct of operations testing, operator training, calibration runs, encapsulation tests and other.	OSU Radiation Center
1512	Teaching and Tours	Linn Benton Community College	Linn Benton Community College Tours/Experiments	OSTR tour and half-life experiment.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1514	Sobel	Universitat Potsdam	Apatite Fission Track Analysis	Age determination of apatites by fission track analysis.	Universitat Potsdam
1519	Dunkl	University of Goettingen	Fission Track Analysis of Apatites	Fission track dating method on apatites: use of fission tracks from decay of U-238 and U-235 to determine the cooling age of apatites.	University of Tuebingen
1520	Teaching and Tours	Western Oregon University	Western Oregon University	OSTR tour and half-life experiment.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1522	Wachs	Oregon State University	General Reactor Operation	Reactor operation when no other project is involved.	OSU Radiation Center
1523	Zattin	Universita' Degli Studi di Bologna	Fission track analysis of apatites	Fission track analysis of apatites.	Universita' Degli Studi di Bologna
1524	Thomson	Ruhr-Universitat Bochum	Fission track analysis of apatites and zircon	Fission track analysis of apatites and zircon.	Ruhr-Universitat Bochum
1525	Teaching and Tours	Life Gate High School	Life Gate High School	OSTR tour and half-life experiment.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1526	Crawford	Hot Cell Services	Instrument calibration	Instrument calibration.	Hot Cell Services
1527	Teaching and Tours	Oregon State University - Educational Tours	Odyssey Orientation Class	OSTR tour.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1528	Teaching and Tours	Oregon State University - Educational Tours	Upward Bound	OSTR tour.	USDOE Reactor Sharing

**Table VI.C.3 (continued)**  
**List of Major Research and Service Projects Performed or In Progress**  
**At the Radiation Center and Their Funding Agencies**

<b>Project</b>	<b>Users</b>	<b>Organization Name</b>	<b>Project Title</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Funding</b>
1529	Teaching and Tours	Oregon State University - Educational Tours	OSU Connect	OSTR tour.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1530	Teaching and Tours	Newport School District	Newport School District	OSTR tour.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1531	Teaching and Tours	Central Oregon Community College	Central Oregon Community College Engineering	OSTR tour for Engineering	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1535	Teaching and Tours	Corvallis School District	Corvallis School District	OSTR tour.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1536	Nuclear Engineering Faculty	Oregon State University	Gamma Irradiations for NE/RHP 114/115/116	Irradiation of samples for Introduction to Nuclear Engineering and Radiation Health Physics courses NE/RHP 114/115/116.	OSU Radiation Center
1537	Teaching and Tours	Oregon State University - Educational Tours	Naval Science Department	OSTR tour.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1538	Teaching and Tours	Oregon State University - Educational Tours	OSU Speech Department	OSTR tour.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1539	Most	Universitat Tubingen	Fission track studies	Age dating by the fission track method.	Universitat Tubingen
1540	Teaching and Tours	McKay High School	McKay High School	OSTR tour and half-life experiment.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1542	Teaching and Tours	Oregon State University - Educational Tours	Engineering Sciences Classes	OSTR tour.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1543	Bailey	Veterinary Diagnostic Imaging & Cytopathology	Instrument Calibration	Instrument calibration.	Veterinary Diagnostic Imaging & Cytopathology
1544	Teaching and Tours	West Albany High School	West Albany High School	OSTR tour and half-life experiment.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1545	Teaching and Tours	Oregon State University - Educational Tours	OSU Educational Tours	OSTR tour.	USDOE Reactor Sharing

**Table VI.C.3 (continued)**  
**List of Major Research and Service Projects Performed or In Progress**  
**At the Radiation Center and Their Funding Agencies**

Project	Project	Project	Project	Project	Project
1548	Teaching and Tours	Willamette Valley Community School	Willamette Valley Community School	OSTR tour.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1555	Fitzgerald	Syracuse University	Fission track thermochronology	Irradiation to induce U-235 fission for fission track thermal history dating, especially for hydrocarbon exploration. The main thrust is towards tectonics, in particular the uplift and formation of mountain ranges.	Syracuse University
1564	Krane	Oregon State University	Measurement of neutron capture cross sections	Measurement of neutron capture cross sections.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1568	Spell	University of Nevada Las Vegas	Ar/Ar dating of rocks and minerals	Irradiation of rocks and minerals for Ar/Ar dating to determine eruption ages, emplacement histories, and provenances studies.	University of Nevada Las Vegas
1583	Teaching and Tours	Neahkahnie High School	Neahkahnie High School	OSTR tour.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1584	Teaching and Tours	Reed College	Reed College Staff & Trainees	OSTR tour for Reed College Staff & Trainees	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1592	Burgess	University of Manchester	Ar-Ar dating of Icelandic rhyolites	Nuclear irradiation of rock chips in cadmium-lined irradiation facility for Ar-Ar dating studies of Icelandic rhyolites.	University of Manchester
1594	Teaching and Tours	Jefferson High School	Jefferson High School	OSTR tour and half-life experiment.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1595	Rahn	Albert-Ludwigs-Universitaet	Fission Track Dating of the Mid-European Rhine Graben Shoulder	Dating of the shoulder uplift along the Mid-European Rhine graben shoulders by the fission track technique.	German Science Foundation
1601	Crutchley	Josephine County	Instrument Calibrations	Instrument calibration.	Josephine County Public Works
1603	Teaching and Tours	Thurston High School	Thurston High School Chemistry	OSTR tour and half-life experiment for Chemistry Class	USDOE Reactor Sharing



**Table VI.C.3 (continued)**  
**List of Major Research and Service Projects Performed or In Progress**  
**At the Radiation Center and Their Funding Agencies**

<b>Project</b>	<b>Users</b>	<b>Organization Name</b>	<b>Project Title</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Funding</b>
1611	Teaching and Tours	Grants Pass High School	Grants Pass High School	OSTR tour.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1612	Singer	University of Wisconsin	Determination of age of Eocene and Quaternary volcanic rocks	Determination of age of Eocene and Quaternary volcanic rocks by production of Ar-39 from K-39.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1613	Teaching and Tours	Silver Falls School District	Silver Falls School District	OSTR tour.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1614	Teaching and Tours	Marist High School	Marist High School	OSTR tour and half-life experiment.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1615	Teaching and Tours	Liberty Christian High School	Liberty Christian High School	OSTR tour and half-life experiment.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1616	Doyle	Evanite Fiber Corporation	Instrument Calibration	Instrument calibration.	Evanite Fiber Corporation
1617	Spikings	University of Geneva	Ar-Ar geochronology	Argon dating of Chilean granites.	University of Geneva
1618	Teaching and Tours	Falls City High School	Falls City High School	OSTR tour and half-life experiment.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1619	Teaching and Tours	Sheridan High School	Sheridan High School	OSTR tour and half-life experiment.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1620	Teaching and Tours	Eddyville High School	Eddyville High School	OSTR tour.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1621	Foster	University of Florida	Irradiation for Ar/Ar Analysis	Ar/Ar analysis of geological samples.	University of Florida

**Table VI.C.3 (continued)**  
**List of Major Research and Service Projects Performed or In Progress**  
**At the Radiation Center and Their Funding Agencies**

Project	Users	Organization Name	Project Title	Description	Funding
1622	Reese	Oregon State University	Flux Measurements of OSTR	Measurement of neutron flux in various irradiation facilities.	OSU Radiation Center
1623	Blythe	University of Southern California	Fission Track Analysis	Fission track Thermochronology of Tibetan Geology	University of Southern California
1625	Armstrong	California State University at Fullerton	Fission Track Irradiations	Measurement of fission track ages to determine erosion amounts and timing.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1627	Fleischer	Union College	Fission Track Irradiations	The primary project is the use of tracks to study the leaching out of imbedded radionuclides from alpha-activity in materials. The radionuclide could be a decay product of U-238 or Th-232 in studying the geochemistry of natural materials, or of Rn-222 in	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1628	Garver	Union College	Fission Track Irradiations	Use of fission track to determine age dating of apatites.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1634	Tollo	George Washington University	REE Geochemistry of Meta-Igneous Rocks using INAA (TBC)	NAA of apatite samples to determine metal composition in igneous rocks.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1640	Gans	University of California at Santa Barbara	Age dating of Neogene volcanism	Age dating of rock samples from Sierra Nevada, Sonora, Mexico, and Chilean Andes.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1641	Hughes	Idaho State University	Independent Study of NAA	Development of NAA for Thesis Research.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1647	Graefe	GeoForschungsZentrum Potsdam	Fission Track Irradiations	Use of fission track to study zircon.	GeoForschungsZentrum Potsdam
1648	Stewart	University of Washington	Fission-track Dating of Zircon	Fission-track Dating of Zircon from the Exhumation of Avaloatz Mountains in California.	University of Washington
1653	Teaching and Tours	Madison High School	Madison High School Senior Science Class	OSTR tour for Senior Science Class.	USDOE Reactor Sharing

**Table VI.C.3 (continued)**  
**List of Major Research and Service Projects Performed or In Progress**  
**At the Radiation Center and Their Funding Agencies**

Project	Users	Organization Name	Project Title	Description	Funding
1655	Teaching and Tours	Future Farmers of America	OSTR Tour	OSTR Tour.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1656	Mourich	AVI Bio Pharma	Avasive anticancer vaccine mechanism of immuno-protein	Using a mouse model for cancer. Tumor cells are irradiated and then coated with anitbodies produced by the vaccine. This complex is use to vaccinate mice to determine if subsequent anti-tumor specific immune responses are generated.	AVI Bio Pharma
1657	Teaching and Tours	Richland High School	Richland High School	OSTR tour.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1660	Reese	Oregon State University	Isotope and Container Testing	Testing of containers and source material.	OSU Radiation Center
1661	Wroblewski	Vectron International Norwalk, Inc.	Gamma Irradiation of Parts	Gamma irradiation of parts.	Vectron International
1666	Teaching and Tours	Douglas High School	Douglas High School AP Physics Class	OSTR tour and half-life experiment.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1670	Teaching and Tours	Toledo High School	Toledo High School	OSTR tour and half-life experiment.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1671	Roden-Tice	Plattsburgh State University	Fission Track Dating	Use of fission tracks to determine location of U-235 and Th232 in natural rocks and minerals.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1672	Brix	Ruhr-Universitat Bochum	Fission track analysis of apatites and zircon	Fission track analysis of apatites and zircon.	Ruhr-Universitat Bochum
1673	Teaching and Tours	Heal College	Heal College Physics Department	OSTR tour.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1674	Niles	Oregon Department of Energy	Radiological Emergency Support	Radiological emergency support ot OOE related to instrument calibration, radiological and RAM transport consulting, and maintenance of radiological analysis laboratory at the Radiation Center.	Oregon Department of Energy

**Table VI.C.3 (continued)**  
**List of Major Research and Service Projects Performed or In Progress**  
**At the Radiation Center and Their Funding Agencies**

Project	Users	Organization Name	Project Title	Description	Funding
1676	Minc	Oregon State University	NAA of labeled antibodies	Au labeled antibodies are used use in cancer studies. NAA tracks the presence of the antibodies in various organs.	University of Michigan
1677	Zuffa	Universita' di Bologna	Fission Track Dating	Use of fission track from U-235 to determine uranium content in rock.	Universita' di Bologna
1679	Miyahira	California Institute of Technology	Neutron Damage on Electronics	Iterative irradiations to test the effects of neutron damage upon various electronic components.	Jet Propulsion Laboratory
1680	Danisik	Unversity of Tuingen	Fission Track Dating	Low-temperature geochronology using He and fission track dating.	University of Tuebingen
1681	Yang	University of Michigan	Detection of Metals in Zeolite Catalysts	Use of NAA to detect various metals in zeolite catalysts and sorbents.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1682	Devi	AVI Bio Pharma	Effect of Gamma Radiation on the Expression of XIAP in Prostate and Lung Cancer Cells	Effect of gamma radiation on the expression of XIAP in prostate and lung cancer cells.	AVI Bio Pharma
1683	Teaching and Tours	Idaho State University	Nuclear Engineering Pulsing Lab	Reactor Pulsing laboratory for ISU NE students.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1684	Fodor	North Carolina State University	Geochemical Investigation	NAA to determine rare earth composition.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1685	Dick	Oregon State University	short-stay Belen ph vs heavy metals experiment	Gamma irradiation of soils.	OSU Crop and Soil Science
1686	Miller	Nunhems USA, Inc.	Production of haploid and dihaploid melon plants induced with irradiated pollen	Irradiated melon pollen will be used to polliate female melon plants to induce parthenogenetic embryos. These embryos will be rescued and cultured for plant production.	Sunseeds
1687	Teaching and Tours	Inavale Grade School	Reactor Tour	General reactor tour	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1688	Moore	Northwest Construction Surveying & Testing	Instrument Calibration	Instrument calibration	Northwest Construction Surveying & Testing
1689	Gardner	Oregon State University	Count Gamma Rays from 181Hf	Determination of 181Hf cross section.	USDOE Reactor Sharing

**Table VI.C.3 (continued)**  
**List of Major Research and Service Projects Performed or In Progress**  
**At the Radiation Center and Their Funding Agencies**

Project	Users	Organization Name	Project Title	Description	Funding
1690	Teaching and Tours	Wilson High School	Reactor Tour	D300 Reactor Tour	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1691	Teaching and Tours	Lost River High School	Reactor Tour	D300 Reactor Tour	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1692	Choi	Arch Chemicals Inc.	Screening Tests of Wood Decay	This is to build up basic knowledge on the efficacy of a copper based preservative in preventing decay of wood inhabiting basidiomycetes.	Arch Chemical Inc.
1693	Ferguson	Tru-Tec	Radiotracer Production	Production of radioisotopes for use as industrial tracers.	Tru-Tec
1695	Teaching and Tours	Transitional Learning	Reactor Tour	Reactor Tour in D300 only	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1696	Sayer	Marquess & Associates Inc.	Instrument Calibration	Instrument calibration	Marquess & Associates Inc.
1697	Teaching and Tours	Crescent Valley High School	Crescent Valley High School AP Physics Class	This project supports the advanced placement physics class at Crescent Valley High School. It will utilize the reactor in ongoing research projects sponsored by Radiation Center staff.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1699	Teaching and Tours	Philomath High School	Reactor Tour	Tour of NAA and gas chromatograph capabilities in the Radiation Center	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1700	Frantz	Reed College	Instrument calibration	Instrument calibration	Reed College
1701	Minc	Oregon State University	NAA of Au labeled Antibodies	Radiolabeling with Au of antibodies in mice	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1702	Reese	Oregon State University	Neutron Spectral Analysis	Determination of the neutron flux and spectrum in various OSTR irradiation facilities.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1705	Hemming	Columbia University	Geochronology by Ar/Ar Methods	Geochronology by Ar/Ar methods	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1706	Wongsawaeng	University of California at Berkeley	Liquid Metal Bonding Tracer	Irradiated liquid metal is poured in the pellet-cladding gap in a mock nuclear fuel rod. Gold is used as a tracer to study the liquid metal bond integrity.	University of California at Berkeley
1707	Turrin	Rutgers	Ar/Ar Chronology Analysis	Statigraphy and Chronology of the Plio-Pleistocene Ngorongoro volcanic highland	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1708	Turrin	Rutgers	Ar/Ar Chronology Analysis	Preliminary analysis on refining the age of the Monon Lake and Laschamp geomagnetic polarity events.	USDOE Reactor Sharing

**Table VI.C.3 (continued)**  
**List of Major Research and Service Projects Performed or In Progress**  
**At the Radiation Center and Their Funding Agencies**

Project	Users	Organization Name	Project Title	Description	Funding
1710	Frost	University of Wyoming	Determination of Geochemical Provenance of Muru Conglomerates, New Zealand	Major, minor, and trace element of clast in Muru conglomerates may reveal the lithological provenance of this important tectonic terrane at an extinct subduction zone.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1711	Johnson	University of Houston	Determination of Petrogenesis of Ore Deposits in the Blue Mountains, Oregon	Analysis of trace and minor elements in apatite and granodiorite rocks of magnetite-sphalerite ore deposits in the Blue Mountains, Oregon	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1714		Lebanon Community Hospital	Instrument Calibration		Lebanon Community Hospital
1715	Teach	Providence St. Vincent Hospital	Stent Project	Irradiate elastin coated cardio stent devices to reduce thrombotic reaction.	Providence NW Hospital
1716	Garcia	M. K. Gems and Minerals	Mineral irradiations to determine color characteristics	Mineral irradiations to determine color characteristics.	M. K. Gems & Minerals
1717	Webb	Syracuse University	Ar/Ar Dating	Ar/Ar Dating	Syracuse University
1718	Armstrong	California State University at Fullerton	Fission Track Dating	Fission track age dating of apatite grains from Santa Ana Mountains, California	Department of Geological Sciences
1719	Teaching and Tours	Portland Community College	Upward Bound	OSTR Tour for Upward Bound	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1720	Teaching and Tours	Saturday Academy	OSTR Tour	OSTR Tour	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1721	Lewis	Oregon State University	Sedimentology of Ocean Sand Using Stable Activatable Tracers	The objective of this project is to analyze gold and silver in medium sized quartz sand. The tracer material is dispersed on the sea-floor, sampled periodically, and analyzed for its Au and Ag content.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1722	Tollo	George Washington University	Petrologic Evolution of Mesoproterozoic Basement Rocks, Blue Ridge Province, Virginia	The petrologic relationships between granitoids and gneisses of the Mesoproterozoic Basement in the Blue Ridge Province, Virginia are constrained through trace element geochemistry, petrology and detailed field studies.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1723	Sulzman	Oregon State University	Assessing Mechanisms that control CO <sub>2</sub> release from soils	Assessing Mechanisms that control CO <sub>2</sub> release from soils.	OSU Crop and Soil Science
1724	Stebbins-Boaz	Willamette University	Instrument Calibration	Instrument calibration	Willamette University

**Table VI.C.3 (continued)**  
**List of Major Research and Service Projects Performed or In Progress**  
**At the Radiation Center and Their Funding Agencies**

Project	Users	Organization Name	Project Title	Description	Funding
1725	Kerkvliet	Oregon State University	Consequences of AhR-mediated signaling in T lymphocytes.	The basic goal of this project is to understand the cellular and molecular basis for the immune suppression induced by Ah receptor (AhR) ligands.	OSU Environmental and Molecular Toxicology
1726	Teaching and Tours	Oregon State University - Educational Tours	Academic Learning Services	Cohort Class 199	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1727	Leber	Heritage University	Gamma radiation effects on cork strength	To determine the effects and evaluate the resulting physical and organoleptic properties of grape seed oil corks after gamma irradiation.	Heritage University
1728	Minc	Oregon State University	Flux mapping	Flux mapping of irradiation facilities	OSU Radiation Center
1729	Hendriks	Geological Survey of Norway	Recycling of an Orogen	Study of interactions of the onshore and offshore parts of the Norwegian continental margin near Lofoten and Vesterålen Islands	Geological Survey of Norway
1730	Reese	Oregon State University	Neutron Radiography	Neutron Radiography using the real-time and film imaging methods	OSU Radiation Center
1731	Dashwood	Oregon State University	Suppression of Prostate Cancer in Xenograft Model by Histone Deacetylase Inhibitors	One new area in both prevention and treatment involves the use of histone deacetylase inhibitors to turn on tumor suppressor genes. Tumor suppression genes can suppress and reverse cancer cell growth.	Linus Pauling Institute
1732	Balogh	Roswell Park Cancer Institute	Biodistribution of Gold Nanocomposites	Irradiation of mouse tissues to evaluate the biodistribution of gold nanocomposites engineered to target cancer cells.	Ford Nuclear Reactor, University of Michigan
1733	Green	OxiBio	Effect of Gamma Radiation on Post-Radiation chemical and Material Properties of Silicone Text Polym	Small test samples of polydimethyl siloxane elastomers cured by platinum addition chemistry. These test samples will then be examined by chemical and material analysis for changes in material properties.	OxiBio Corp.
1734	Retallack	University of Oregon	Origin of Barite Nodules, Cucaracha, Panama	INAA to determine a suite of REE, Ba, Sr, and Nb in barite nodules from middle Miocene paleosols in the Cucaracha Formation, Panama.	OSU Radiation Center
1735	Minc	Oregon State University	INAA of Arms	INAA to determine inter-lab calibration based on New Ohio Red Clay and NIST SRMs.	OSU Radiation Center

**Table VI.C.3 (continued)**  
**List of Major Research and Service Projects Performed or In Progress**  
**At the Radiation Center and Their Funding Agencies**

Project	Users	Organization Name	Project Title	Description	Funding
1736	Rauch	Nu-Trek, Inc	GaAs Damage Studies	Determination of the effect of radiation damage on GaAs for use in X-ray detectors	Nu-Trek, Inc.
1737	Roulet	Oregon Health Sciences University	Silver Activation for Radiolabel	Production of Ag-110m for Radiolabeled Molecules	Oregon Health Sciences University
1738	Kilinc	University of Cincinnati	INAA of geological samples.	Geochemical analysis of rock and mineral samples for graduate student projects.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1739	Teaching and Tours	Daly Middle School	Reactor Tour	Reactor Tour	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1740	Freitag	University of Jena	Fission Track Analysis	Apatite fission track dating to determine uplift history of Tien Shan in Kamchatka.	Universitaet Jena
1741	Higley	Oregon State University	SIRAD Evaluation	Determination of neutron response for SIRAD dosimeter.	OSU NERHP
1742	Armitage	Eastern Michigan University	INAA of Bricks and Clays from St. Marys City	INAA of bricks and clays from historic St. Marys City, MD.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1743	Teaching and Tours	West Salem High School	Reactor Tour	Reactor Tour	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1744	Niles	Oregon Department of Energy	Gamma Spectroscopy of Columbia River Sediments	Use of gamma spectroscopy to determine radioactive contaminants in the sediments in the Columbia River downstream from Hanford	Oregon Department of Energy
1745	Girdner	US National Parks Service	C14 Measurements	LSC analysis of samples for C14 measurements.	US National Parks Service
1746	Loveland	Oregon State University	Tantalum Tracer	Produce tantalum tracer for LBNL	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1747	Teaching and Tours	East Linn Christian Academy	Reactor Tour	Reactor Tour for Chemistry Class	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1748	Hamby	Oregon State University	Black Bean Nutritional Study	Activation of black bean powder for nutritional study. The chief isotopes are zinc, iron, and sodium.	OSU Radiation Center
1749	Bottomley	Oregon State University	Hot Spots of Nitrogen Cycling in Soil	Grant is focused upon nitrogen cycling in soil at the small scale. We are trying to understand how physical and biological parameters control the fate of ammonium and nitrate in soil.	OSU Crop and Soil Science



**Table VI.C.3 (continued)**  
**List of Major Research and Service Projects Performed or In Progress**  
**At the Radiation Center and Their Funding Agencies**

Project	Users	Organization Name	Project Title	Description	Funding
1750	Robbins	Great Lakes Environmental Research Lab	INAA of Great Lakes Sediments	The Environmental Radiotracers (ERT) Project employs natural and artificial radionuclides to identify and model important particle transport processes in diverse systems including the Laurentian and other Great Lakes, smaller freshwater bodies, wetlands a	NOAA-GLERL
1751	Loveland	Oregon State University	Tracer Preparation	Tracer preparation for chemistry.	OSU Chemistry/Loveland DOE
1752	Pringle	Massachusetts Institute of Technology	Ar/Ar Irradiations	Irradiations of geological samples for Ar/Ar dating	Massachusetts Institute of Technology
1753	Rosencrans	Flink Ink	INAA of pigment samples.	INAA of organic-based pigment samples for halogen (Cl, Br, I) by INAA.	Flint Ink
1754	Wolfler	University of Tubingen	Fission Track Irradiations	Fission track age dating.	University of Tuebingen
1756	Wang	University of Oregon	NV Color Centers in Diamond	Evaluation of optical properties due to displacement of carbon atoms in diamond.	University of Oregon
1757	Ho	Oregon State University	Prostate Cell Zinc Deficiency Study	The goal of this study is to determine how zinc deficiency modulates the ability of normal healthy cells to respond to DNA damage.	OSU HHS
1758	Teaching and Tours	Oregon State University - Educational Tours	Kids Spirit	OSTR tour.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1760	Helmhotz	NWT Corp.	Na Production	Production of Na-24 for use as an tracer.	NWT Corp
1761	Ho	Oregon State University	Suppression of Prostate Cancer in Xenograft Model by Histone Deacetylase Inhibitors	One new area in both prevention and treatment involves the use of histone deacetylase inhibitors to turn on tumor suppressor genes. Tumor suppression genes can suppress and reverse cancer cell growth.	OSU HHS
1762	Day	CH2M Hill Inc	Sr-90 Column Studies	Column studies to look at Sr-90 sorption in Hanford soils.	CH2M Hill
1763	Svojtka	Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic	Fission Track	Fission Track	Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic

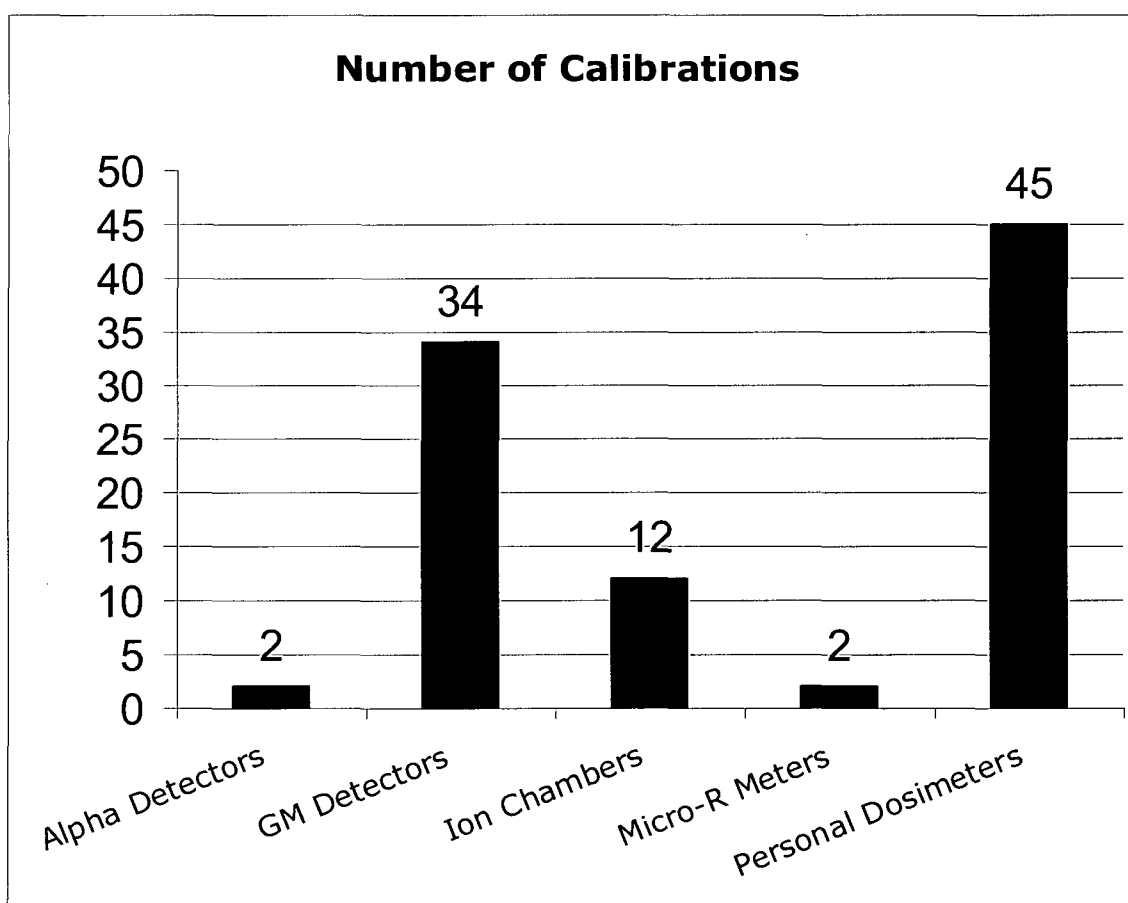
**Table VI.C.3 (continued)**  
**List of Major Research and Service Projects Performed or In Progress**  
**At the Radiation Center and Their Funding Agencies**

Project	Users	Organization Name	Project Title	Description	Funding
1764	Kelly	Oregon State University	Nanoparticle delivery of therapeutic tumor radiation	The goal of this project is the development of radioactive nanoparticles with surface functionalization that will result in localization at tumor sites.	OSU Radiation Center
1765	Beaver	Weyerhaeuser	Instrument Calibration	Calibration of radiological instruments.	Weyerhaeuser Foster
1766	Cosca	Universite de Lausanne	Ar/Ar Geochronology	Production of Ar-39 from K-39 to determine ages in various anthropologic and geologic materials.	Universite de Lausanne, Humense
1767	Korlipara	Terra Nova Nurseries, Inc.	Genetic Modifications using gamma Irradiation	Use of gamma and fast neutron irradiations for genetic studies in genera.	Terra Nova Nurseries, Inc.
1768	Bringman	Brush-Wellman	Antimony Source Production	Production of Sb-124 sources	Brush-Wellman
1769	Paulenova	Oregon State University	Cerium Study	Production of Ce-141/143.	OSU Radiation Center, Paulenova
1770	Iverson	AVI Bio Pharma, Inc.	Lab Swipes	Analyze lab swipes for contamination using liquid scintillation counter.	AVI Bio Pharma
1771	Otjen	Oregon State Fire Marshal	Instrument calibration	Calibration of radiological response kits	Oregon State Fire Marshall
1773	Utlej	EaglePicher Technologies	INAA of Boro-silicate matrix	INAA to determine trace impurities of Boro-silicate matrix	OSU Radiation Center
1774	Cohen	University of New Mexico	Ar/Ar Geochronology	Age dating of meteorites using the Ar/Ar dating method	University of New Mexico
1775	Carson	Advanced Cochlear Systems	Presbycusis Implant	Working under a grant proposing to correct old-age hearing loss from Strial Presbycusis with an implant.	Advanced Cochlear Systems
1776	Hruby	SIGA Technologies, Inc.	Development of S. gordonii as a vaccine vector	SIGA Technologies is attempting to develop a safe, effective subunit vaccine delivery system using the bacterial commensal vector Streptococcus gordonii. The proposed studies will examine the immune response after vaccination of mice with the bacterial v	SIGA Technologies, Inc.
1777	Storey	Quaternary Dating Laboratory	Quaternary Dating	Production of Ar-39 from K-39 to determine ages in various anthropologic and geologic materials.	Quaternary Dating Laboratory

**Table VI.C.3 (continued)**  
**List of Major Research and Service Projects Performed or In Progress**  
**At the Radiation Center and Their Funding Agencies**

Project	Users	Organization Name	Project Title	Description	Funding
1778	Campbell	Genis, Inc.	Gamma Exposure of Chitosan polymer	This project subjects chitosan polymer in 40 and 70% DDA formulations to 9 and 18 Kgy, boundary doses for commercial sterilization for the purpose of determine changes in the molecular weight and product formulation properities.	Genis, Inc.
1779	Teaching and Tours	Lebanon High School	Teaching and tours	OSTR tour.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1780	Bray	Wayne State University	INAA of Archaeological Ceramics	INAA of Inca-period archaeological ceramics from South America.	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1781	Bv cgh	Roswell Park Cancer Institute	INAA of Au nanocomposites.	INAA to determine biodistribution Au nanocomposites in mouse tissue samples.	Department of Defense, Roswell Park Cancer Institu
1782	Rajagopal	Oregon State University	Effects of gamma radiation on the germination and growth of radish seeds	Determine the effects of different doses of gamma radiation on radish seeds.	OSU Radiation Center
1783	Amrhein	Amrhein Associates, Inc	Instrument Calibration	Instrument calibration	Amrhein Associates, Inc.
1784	Reese	Oregon State University	DOE Instrumentation Grant	Refurbishment of Cornell and OSTR ion chambers	DOE Instrumentation
1786	Teaching and Tours	Oregon State University - Educational Tours	Anthropology Department	Anth 430/530 NAA class with Minc	USDOE
1789	Was	University of Michigan	Irradiation of pressure vessel steels.	Fast neutron CLICIT irradiation of steel samples and sample analysis	DOE University Reactor Share
1790	Teaching and Tours	Oregon State University - Educational Tours	OSTR Tour	OSTR Tour	USDOE Reactor Sharing
1800	Montante	Wayne State University	Sediment Characteristics and Aquatic Macrophyte Distribution	Characterization of soil chemistry using INAA to determine how sediment characteristics affect the distribution of aquatic macrophytes.	US DOE University Reactor Share

**Figure VI.C.1**  
**Summary of the Types of Radiological Instrumentation**  
**Calibrated to Support the OSU TRIGA Reactor**  
**and the Radiation Center**



**Table V1.C.4**  
**Summary of Radiological Instrumentation**  
**Calibrated to Support OSU Departments**

<b>Department</b>	<b>Number of Calibrations</b>
<b>OSU Departments</b>	
Animal Science	2
Biochemistry/Biophysics	4
Botany and Plant Pathology	5
Center for Gene Research	1
Chemistry	1
Civil, Construction and Environmental Engineering	2
Crop Science	2
E.M.T.	5
Environmental Health and Safety	1
Fisheries and Wildlife	1
Food Sciences	2
Forest Engineering	1
Horticulture	1
LPI	3
Mechanical Engineering	1
Microbiology	7
Nutrition and Food Management	2
Oceanic and Atmospheric Sciences (COAS)	3
Pharmacy	3
Physics	5
Radiation Safety	19
Veterinary Medicine	8
Zoology	2
<b>Total</b>	<b>80</b>

**Table V1.C.5**  
**Summary of Radiological Instrumentation**  
**Calibrated to Support Other Agencies**

<b>Agency</b>	<b>Number of Calibrations</b>
Amnhein Associates	1
DOE Albany Research Center	3
ESCO Corporation	5
Evanite Fiber Corporation	1
FAA (TSA)	4
Good Samaritin Hospital	5
Lebanon Community Hospital	1
Marquess and Associates, Inc.	1
Occ. Health Lab	1
Oregon Department of Energy	29
Oregon Department of Transportation	5
Oregon Health Sciences University	25
Oregon Public Utilities Commission	4
Oregon State Health Division	54
Rogue Community College	1
Romic Environmental	1
State Fire Marshall	17
USDA Agricultural Research Service	2
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	2
Veterinary Diagnostic Imaging Cytopathology	1
Weyerhaeuser	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>164</b>

**Table V1.F.1**  
**Summary of Visitors to the Radiation Center**

<b>Date</b>	<b>Number of Visitors</b>	<b>Name of Group</b>
7/12/2005	13	Adventures in Learning
7/15/2005	20	Adventures in Learning
7/15/2005	20	Adventures in Learning- Forensic Science Class
7/15/2005	4	Incoming Undergrad Students
7/18/2005	15	Adventures in Learning- Forensic Science Class
7/19/2005	11	Adventures in Learning
7/19/2005	7	Adventures in Learning
7/20/2005	16	Kid Spirit
7/28/2005	12	Trillium Farm Home
7/29/2005	2	Barnett, Nathan
8/1/2005	2	Nesbitt, Gregory
8/3/2005	25	Ch 123 - Richardson, Alan
8/9/2005	3	Prospective Student - Berg, Rhett and Haley, and Tom Janusz
8/18/2005	3	Reed College - Drill
8/26/2005	1	Prospective Grad Student- Hrnciar, Daniel
8/29/2005	2	Prospective Customers - Michalsen, Mandy & Ben Garcia
8/29/2005	2	Prospective Student - Fisker, Nathaniel and Sue
8/31/2005	22	U.N. Group from International Atomic Energy Agency
9/2/2005	2	Prospective Student - Olfson, Adam & Mark
9/14/2005	2	Family-Grundt,Ryan
9/19/2005	23	ACE meeting
9/20/2005	1	Robbins, John
9/29/2005	4	OSU Undergrads -Maggie James
10/10/2005	8	Odyssey - Peer - Sarah Bos
10/10/2005	5	Family - Barnett, Nathan
10/12/2005	14	Odyssey - Garrison Dyer
10/14/2005	3	Prospective UG - Adam/Roy Wheeler & James Brennwald

**Table V1.F.1 (continued)**  
**Summary of Visitors to the Radiation Center**

<b>Date</b>	<b>Number of Visitors</b>	<b>Name of Group</b>
10/14/2005	15	Chemistry Advisory Board
10/18/2005	23	Engineering 111 - Sec10
10/18/2005	22	Engineering 111 - Sec13
10/18/2005	23	Engineering 111 - Sec12
10/18/2005	23	Engineering 111 - Sec11
10/19/2005	3	Corvallis Leadership Group
10/19/2005	17	Engineering 111 - Sec18
10/20/2005	24	Engineering 111 - Sec14
10/20/2005	23	Engineering 111 - Sec15
10/20/2005	23	Engineering 111 - Sec17
10/20/2005	22	Engineering 111 - Sec 16
10/24/2005	3	Family - Tack, Krysie
10/26/2005	1	OSHSU, Thomas, Charles
10/28/2005	3	Family - Karnes , Brittany
11/2/2005	1	Exchange Student - MacQuigg, Meridith
11/4/2005	1	Exchange Student - - MacQuigg, Meridith
11/4/2005	13	Robotics Group - Jeff McMorran
11/7/2005	16	Odyssey - Moira Dempsey
11/9/2005	6	Odyssey - Willett, Awbry
11/12/2005	207	Dad's Weekend
11/12/2005	13	Boy Scouts - Jack Standeven
11/15/2005	5	WOU Nuclear Chem Course - Rahim Kazerouni
11/15/2005	4	Washington State visitors
11/16/2005	6	Austin Entreupership Class (BA 260H)
11/17/2005	17	Odyssey - Shannon Kennedy
11/23/2005	30	Engineering 350H
12/2/2005	2	Potential Donor- Bill Lanfri



**Table V1.F.1 (continued)**  
**Summary of Visitors to the Radiation Center**

Date	Number of Visitors	Name of Group
12/9/2005	2	Bevens, Eldon
12/12/2005	25	University Advancement Group
12/23/2005	4	Family - Grundt, Ryan
1/4/2006	5	Prospective UG - Barrick, Alex
1/12/2006	18	NE 115 & RHP 115
1/12/2006	18	Chemistry 462
1/13/2006	2	Brad Singer- University of Wisconsin at Madison
1/17/2006	5	Chemistry 462
1/19/2006	11	Lebanon High School
1/24/2006	6	Chemistry 462
1/31/2006	9	Chemistry 462
1/31/2006	1	Dr. Régis P. Babinet
2/8/2006	3	Family-Slauson, Marge
2/13/2006	6	Department of Graduate Review
2/14/2006	22	Chemistry 225H - Sec10
2/15/2006	21	General Science 152
2/16/2006	21	Chemistry 225H - Sec11
2/17/2006	2	Potential Donor- Keith Pauley
2/17/2006	2	Iro, Said and Laura Moscovitz
2/20/2006	2	Prospective Student - Bowersox, Michael
2/20/2006	2	Prospective Student - Simpkins, Kyle
2/21/2006	23	Chemistry 222 - Sec12
2/21/2006	23	Chemistry 222 - Sec13
2/21/2006	22	Chemistry 222 - Sec14
2/21/2006	24	Chemistry 222 - Sec66
2/22/2006	18	Chemistry 222 - Sec33
2/22/2006	21	Chemistry 222 - Sec37
2/23/2006	21	Chemistry 222 - Sec42

**Table V1.F.1 (continued)**  
**Summary of Visitors to the Radiation Center**

<b>Date</b>	<b>Number of Visitors</b>	<b>Name of Group</b>
2/23/2006	19	Chemistry 222 - Sec43
2/23/2006	24	Chemistry 222 - Sec62
2/23/2006	23	Chemistry 222 - Sec78
2/28/2006	22	Chemistry 222 - Sec26
2/28/2006	23	Chemistry 222 - Sec15
2/28/2006	24	Chemistry 222 - Sec17
2/28/2006	21	Chemistry 222 - Sec16
3/1/2006	21	Chemistry 222 - Sec32
3/1/2006	20	Chemistry 222 - Sec36
3/1/2006	23	Chemistry 205- Sec32
3/2/2006	18	Chemistry 222 - Sec46
3/2/2006	23	Chemistry 222 - Sec110
3/2/2006	22	Chemistry 222 - Sec63
3/2/2006	22	Chemistry 222 - Sec79
3/3/2006	8	Math Counts
3/6/2006	10	Webelos Scouts - Gail Bartholomew
3/6/2006	20	Chemistry 205- Sec22
3/7/2006	23	Chemistry 222 - Sec48
3/7/2006	19	Chemistry 205- Sec12
3/7/2006	24	Chemistry 222 - Sec252
3/8/2006	23	Chemistry 205- Sec36
3/8/2006	23	Chemistry 205- Sec18
3/9/2006	24	Chemistry 222 - Sec52
3/9/2006	22	Chemistry 222 - Sec38
3/9/2006	21	Chemistry 205- Sec54
3/10/2006	10	Prospective Grad Students
3/13/2006	24	Chemistry 205- Sec26
3/13/2006	25	AP Chemistry and AP Physics Seniors

**Table V1.F.1 (continued)**  
**Summary of Visitors to the Radiation Center**

Date	Number of Visitors	Name of Group
3/14/2006	2	Vice Admiral John J. Grossenbacher
3/14/2006	23	Chemistry 205- Sec14
3/14/2006	22	Chemistry 205- Sec16
3/15/2006	22	Chemistry 205- Sec42
3/16/2006	23	Chemistry 222 - Sec53
3/21/2006	2	Lande, Aaron
3/24/2006	8	Boy Scouts -Jack Standeven
3/27/2006	6	Impact Movement
3/29/2006	4	German Exchange Student - Alexander
4/4/2006	26	Thurston High School Students
4/4/2006	4	Tsinghua University
4/10/2006	3	Prospective Student - Mieloszyk, Alex
4/11/2006	3	Prospective Student -Lewis, Reid
4/11/2006	2	Prospective Student - Young, Mitchell
4/11/2006	1	Potential Donor- Rockett, Eric
4/14/2006	2	Prospective Student - Swearingen
4/14/2006	1	Prospective Student - Quennoz, John
4/18/2006	10	OSU Student Affairs
4/19/2006	2	Register Guard - Bolt, Greg
4/19/2006	3	Building Design Group
4/21/2006	8	Bennion, John
5/6/2006	119	Mom's Weekend
5/10/2006	0	General Science 152
5/10/2006	0	GS 151
5/17/2006	3	Olson, Matt
5/17/2006	5	Anth 430/530
5/19/2006	8	Emergency Response Leadership Class
5/19/2006	2	Stevenson, John

**Table V1.F.1 (continued)**  
**Summary of Visitors to the Radiation Center**

<b>Date</b>	<b>Number of Visitors</b>	<b>Name of Group</b>
5/22/2006	2	Schuette, Taylor
5/24/2006	16	Science
5/25/2006	20	AP Biology
5/26/2006	11	Health Physics (X-Ray Tech class)
6/1/2006	1	Prospective Student - Jenkins, Chris
6/7/2006	1	Family - Marion, Brandy
6/12/2006	4	Family - Campbell, Shirley
6/14/2006	7	Family - Lopez, Alex
6/15/2006	1	Family - Marion, Brandy
6/19/2006	3	Family - Elliot, Tony
6/20/2006	10	Energy Center Planners
6/22/2006	16	National Guard
6/23/2006	9	7th - 12th Grade 4Hers
6/23/2006	16	7th - 12th Grade 4Hers
6/26/2006	4	START group
6/27/2006	3	Pohl Family
<b>Total</b>		<b>2146</b>

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## Publications

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- Zhao, Z.D., Mo, X.X., Nomade, S., Renne, P.R., Zhou, S., Dong, G.C., Wang, L.L., Zhu, D.C., and Liao, Z.L., 2006, Post-collisional ultrapotassic rocks in Lhasa block, Tibetan Plateau: Spatial and temporal distribution and its implications: *Acta Petrologica Sinica* 22 (4): 787-794.

## Thesis and Student Project Reports

Brownlee, Sarah (Advisor: Renne, UC Berkeley) Paleomagnetism and Thermochronology of the Ecstall Pluton, British Columbia, (PhD candidate).

Bruso, Jason (Advisor: Alena Paulenova) Speciation of Plutonium and Neptunium in UREX + Extration Systems (MS, Nuclear Engineering).

Chang, Su-chin (Advisor: Renne, UC Berkeley) Geochronology of the Permo-Triassic Transition (PhD candidate).

Cleveland, Matthew (Advisor: Alena Paulenova) Hydrolytical Stability of Acetohydroxamic Acid in the Nitric Acid/TBP Extraction Systems (BS, Nuclear Engineering).

Coyner, Samuel (Advisor: D. Foster) *Pb-Pb geochronology and thermochronology of titanite using MC-ICP-MS* (PhD – University of Florida, in progress).

Davidson, Michelle (Advisor: Attila Kilinc) Petrology and Geochemistry of the Columbia River Basalts (Master of Science).

Deeken, Anke (Advisors Dr. Sobel / Dr. Scheuber) Age of Initiation and Growth Pattern of the Puna Plateau, NW-Argentina, Constrained by AFT Thermochronology (Diploma student, Freie Universitaet, Berlin).

Doolin, Melissa. Undergraduate participant in ongoing project; will not have a thesis based on OSU-related work. (BS - Chemistry)

Dorsett, Skye (advisor K. S. Krane), MS in physics; expected June 2007.

Eastman, Micah (Advisor K. S. Krane), Neutron Capture Cross Sections and Resonance Integrals of Tellurium Isotopes (BS in physics, June 2006).

Funatake, Castle J. (Advisor: Nancy Kerkvliet) The Influence of Aryl Hydrocarbon Receptor Activation on T Cell Fate (PhD in May 2006).

Gifford, Jennifer N. (Advisor: D. Foster) *Quantifying Eocene and Miocene Extension in the Sevier Hinterland, NE Nevada* (Masters – University of Florida, in progress).

Grice, Warren (Advisor: D. Foster) *Style and Timing of Mylonitization, Detachment, Ductile Attenuation and Metamorphism in the Anaconda Metamorphic Core Complex, West-Central Montana* (Masters – University of Florida, completed 2006).

Jarboe, Nick (Advisor: Coe, UC Santa Cruz) Paleomagnetism and Geochronology of the Steens Mountain Polarity Transition (PhD candidate).

Knight, Kim (Advisor: Renne, UC Berkeley) Applications of Noble Gas Geochronology (PhD candidate).

Levine, Jonathan (Advisor: Muller, UC Berkeley) Geochronology of Lunar Impact Melt Spherules from the Apollo 12 Site (PhD completed 2005).

Lobach, Sergiy Y. (Advisor: Alena Paulenova) Mass-Spectroscopic Characterization of Organometallic Complexes in Biphasic Extraction Systems (PhD, Nuclear Engineering).

- Marshall, Nikki B. (Advisor: Nancy Kerkvliet) The ex-vivo characterization of allo-reactive CD4<sup>+</sup> T cells isolated from TCDD-treated mice during an acute GvH response (PhD student).
- Matteson, Brent (Advisor: Alena Paulenova) Speciation of Tetravalent Metals in Biphasic Extraction Systems (PhD, Chemistry).
- Montario, M. (Advisor: John Garver), Canyon incision of the western flank of the Andes in northern Peru (MSc, SUNY Albany, Active student).
- Monteleone, Brian (Advisor: Suzanne Baldwin) Timing and Conditions of the Formation of the D'Entrecasteaux Islands, SE Papua New Guinea (PhD candidate).
- Mora, Andr  s (PhD student, Uni. Potsdam, with Dr. Strecker): Late Cenozoic uplift and deformation of the eastern flank of the Columbian Eastern Cordillera
- Morgan, Leah (Advisor: Renne, UC Berkeley) Geochronology of the Middle Stone Age Archeological Complex (PhD candidate).
- Naik, R. (Advisor: Walt Loveland) Two studies of nuclear reactions (Chemistry, PhD).
- Neeway, J. (Advisor: Walt Loveland) Inverse Fission (Chemistry, PhD).
- Parra, Mauricio (Advisor: Dr. Strecker) Neogene and Quaternary synorogenic sedimentation and exhumation history of the eastern foreland fold-and-thrust belt of the Columbian Andes (PhD student, Uni. Potsdam).
- Perry, S.E. (Advisor: John Garver), Provenance of strata on the yakatuk block, Alaska. (MSc, SUNY Albany, finished August 2006).
- Sadi, Supriyadi (Advisor: Alena Paulenova) Radiation Changes in the Target Backing Materials (PhD, Radiation Health Physics).
- Solpuker, Utku (Advisor: Attila Kilinc) Dissertation title: Petrology of the Kula Volcanic Province, Western Turkey (PhD candidate).
- Sprunger, P. (Advisor: Walt Loveleand) Neutron Multiplicities in the Fission of the Actinides (Physics, PhD).
- Stroud, Misty (Advisor: D. Foster) *Significance of 2.4 Ga orogeny in SW Laurentia* (PhD - University of Florida, in progress).
- Tack, Krystina M. (Advisor: Kathy Higley) Determining the Bioavailability of Soil-Associated Radium using In-vitro Methodology (May 2006).
- Takahashi, Ken (Advisor: K. S. Krane), BS in physics, expected June 2007.
- Taylor, Joshua (Advisors: Paul Fitzgerald and Laura Webb,) Thermochronology and Tectonics of intraplate deformation in SE Mongolia (PhD aspirant).
- Terrien, Jessica (Advisor: Suzanne Baldwin) Integration of Thermochronology, Gravity and Aeromagnetic Data from the Catalina Metamorphic Core Complex, AZ: Insight in to the Role of Magmatism and the Timing of Deformation (PhD aspirant).



Union College: Farrell, Jeremy, Herrmann, Rachel C., MacDonald, Jonathan, Zalesky, Marek, Hadley, Stephen, A., Meyer, Nicholas, R. D. Lo, and at the University at Albany (State University of New York): E. A. Albert.

Vinodkumar, A.M. (Advisor: Walt Loveland).

Yan, Michelle. (Advisor: Ho Emily) Zinc, gene expression and DNA integrity. (PhD candidate).

Alienikoff, J.N., Tollo, R.P., Yacob, E.Y., and Fanning, C.N., 2005, SHRIMP U-Pb geochronology of Grenville gneisses and granitoids: Geological Society of America Abstracts with Programs, v. 37, no. 1, p. 9.

Armitage, R. A., Minc, L., Hurry, S.D., and Hill, D.V., "Characterization of building materials from the brick chapel at Historic St. Mary's City" 231<sup>st</sup> ACS National Meeting, Archaeological Chemistry Symposium, Atlanta, GA (March 2006).

Armitage, R. A., Minc, L., Hurry, S.D., Hill, D.V., and Doolin, M., "Characterization of building materials from the brick chapel at Historic St. Mary's City" 36<sup>th</sup> International Symposium, on Archaeometry, Quebec City, QC (May 2006).

Ave Lallemand, H.G., Francis, A. H., Sisson, V. B., Hemming, S. R., Roden-Tice, M., Brueckner, H.K., and Harlow, G. E. (2005). Two Jadeite Belts in the Montagua Valley Fault Zone, Guatemala: Two Subduction Events or One Subduction Event with Retrogression? Geological Society of America Abstracts with Programs, National Meeting in Salt Lake City, UT in October 2005.

Baldwin S.L., Webb, L.E., Monteleone, B., Little, T.A., Fitzgerald, P.G., Peters, K., and Chappell, J.L., 2006. Continental Crust Subduction and Exhumation: insights from eastern Papua New Guinea. 16th Annual V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, August 27–September 1, 2006, Melbourne, Australia.

Baldwin, S.L., 2005, Thermochronology of active plate boundaries, GSA Abstracts with Programs, vol. 37, No. 7, Geological Society of America Annual Meeting, Salt Lake City October 16-19, 2005.

Baldwin, S.L., Monteleone, B.D., Little, T.A., Webb, L.E., and Fitzgerald, P.G., 2006, Subduction to rifting evolution of the Australian-Woodlark plate boundary zone of eastern Papua New Guinea: insights into the 4-D nature of continental subduction and exhumation processes, G.S.A. annual meetings abstract, in press.

Baldwin, S.L., Webb, L.E., Monteleone, B.D., Little, T.A., Fitzgerald, P.G., Chappell, J.L., 2005, Metamorphism and exhumation of the youngest known HP/UHP terrane on Earth, eastern Papua New Guinea *Eos Trans. AGU*, 86(52), Fall Meet. Suppl., Abstract V54B-01.

Beardsley, A. G., Sisson, V. B., Ave Lallemand, H. G., and Roden-Tice, M.K. (2006). Shallow Level Emplacement of the Leeward Antilles, Off-shore Venezuela: Using Fluid Inclusion Analysis. Geological Society of America Abstracts with Programs, in press. National Meeting of the Geological Society of America in Philadelphia, PA on October 22-25, 2006.

## Presentations

- Brownlee\*, S.J., Renne, P.R., and Hollister, L.S., 2005, Refining the Thermal History of the Ecstall Pluton, British Columbia: A Test of the Remagnetization Hypothesis: *Eos Trans. AGU*, 86(52), Fall Meet. Suppl., Abstract V13A-0513. \*PhD Student
- Bruso, Jason E., Tkac, Peter, Matteson, Brent and Paulenova, Alena, "Reduction and complexation kinetics of M(IV) in the presence of aceto-hydroxamic acid" American Chemical Society, Nuclear Chemistry and Technology Symposium, Atlanta, March 2006.
- Carrapa, B. & DeCelles, P.G., 2006, Detrital apatite fission track thermochronology of the Argentine Puna: implications for early plateau development, *in* Ventura, B., and Lisker, F., eds., European Conference on thermochronology, Volume 49: *Schriftenreihe der Deutschen Gesellschaft fuer Geowissenschaften*: Bremen, p. 19.
- Carrapa, B., DeCelles, P.G., and Gehrels, G., Eocene detrital record of the Argentine Puna: implications for early plateau development, 96th Annual Meeting Geologische Vereinigung, Potsdam 2006, *Terra Nostra*, v. 2006/3, p. 37-38.
- Chang\*, S., Knight\*, K.B., and Renne, P.R., 2005, Calibration of the Permo-Triassic Magnetostratigraphic Time Scale: Constraints from the Dewey Lake Formation, West Texas: *Eos Trans. AGU*, 86(52), Fall Meet. Suppl., Abstract V13A-0520. \*PhD Student
- Deeken, A. et al., 2006. Construction of the southern Eastern Cordillera, NW-Argentina: from early Cretaceous extension to middle Miocene shortening, constrained by apatite fission track thermochronometry. In: B. Ventura and F. Lisker (Editors), European Conference on thermochronology. *Schriftenreihe der Deutschen Gesellschaft fuer Geowissenschaften*, Bremen, pp. 31.
- Deeken, A., Sobel, E.R., Coutand, I., Riller, U., and Strecker, M.R., Lateral growth of an orogen: insights from apatite fission-track thermochronometry, southern Eastern Cordillera, NW-Argentina, 96th Annual Meeting Geologische Vereinigung, Potsdam 2006, *Terra Nostra*, v. 2006/3, p.41.
- Fodor, R.V., and Vetter, S.K., 2006. Mid-Cenozoic magmatism of central Arizona: petrology of alkalic basalts of the Superstition-Goldfield volcanic province. Talk presented at "Volcanic flows and falls: a conference honoring Dr. M.F. Sheridan, University of Buffalo, May 10-12, 2005.
- Foster, D.A., and Gray, D.R., 2005, Strain rate in a Paleozoic accretionary orogen: the western Lachlan Orogen, Australia: Geological Society of America Annual Meeting, October 16-19, 2005, Geological Society of America Abstracts with Programs, v. 36, p. 552.
- Foster, D.A., Coyner, S., Mueller, P.A., Kamenov, G.D., Gray, D.R., and Goscombe, B., 2006, Linking metamorphism, deformation, and geochronology of accessory phases: examples from the Kaoko Belt, Namibia, 16th Annual V.M. Goldschmidt Conference Abstracts, July.
- Grice, W.C. Jr., Foster, D.A., and Kalakay, T.J., 2005, Quantifying exhumation and cooling of the Eocene Anaconda metamorphic core complex, western Montana: Geological Society of America Annual Meeting, October 16-19, 2005, Geological Society of America Abstracts with Programs, v. 36, p. 230.

- Haire, Jonathan M., Lobach, Sergiy Y., "Cask Size and Weight Reduction Through the Use of Depleted Uranium Dioxide-Concrete Material", 32nd Waste Management Conference, Tucson, AZ, February 26-March 2, 2006.
- Haynes, E.A., Fodor, R.V., Coleman, D.S., Jensen, P., 2005. Geochemical and isotopic compositions of the Imid-Cretaceous Fort Knox and Associated plutons, Fairbanks, Alaska: implications for intrusion-related gold systems. Talk presented at the Geological Society of America Annual Meeting, Denver, CO, Oct. 2005.
- Heermance, R., Chen, J., Burbank, D., and Sobel, E.R., 2005, Initiation of foreland basin deposition and evidence for syn-tectonic Xiyu conglomerate in the Kashi foreland basin, W. China, AGU Fall meeting: Eos, Trans. AGU: San Francisco.
- Higley, K. Assessing and Evaluating the Self-indicating Instant Radiation Alert Dosimeter (SIRAD) was prepared for presentation at the HPS 2005 meeting in Spokane.
- Ho, Emily, 2006, NIH/NIAAA Workshop-Zinc, Alcohol and Immunity, [invited speaker] plenary talk "Zinc status, DNA integrity and oxidative stress.
- Jarboe\*, N.A., Coe, R.C., Glen, J.M., and Renne, P.R., 2005, Compilation of a Composite Geomagnetic Polarity Reversal Path Recorded in Basalts Erupted During Initial Yellowstone Hotspot Volcanism: Eos Trans. AGU, 86(52), Fall Meet. Suppl., Abstract GP21A-0016. \*PhD Student
- Jourdan, F., Renne, P.R., and Mundil, R., 2005, Ar/Ar and U/Pb Ages and Geochemistry of the Benton Range Dike Swarm, SE California: New Evidence for an Independence Poly-phased Dike Swarm: Eos Trans. AGU, 86(52), Fall Meet. Suppl., Abstract V21D-0634.
- Karner, D.B., Marra, F., Palladino, D.M., Renne, P.R., and Sottili, G., 2005, Should Rome Worry? The Sabatini Volcanic District, Central Italy: Eos Trans. AGU, 86(52), Fall Meet. Suppl., Abstract V44B-06.
- Kerkvliet, Nancy, "Activation of the Aryl Hydrocarbon Receptor Alters the Differentiation of CD4<sup>+</sup> T cells", presented by Dr. Castle Funatake at the Earle A. Chiles Research Institute in Portland, OR. on June 1, 2006.
- Kerkvliet, Nancy, "AHR mediated induction of CD4<sup>+</sup>CD25<sup>+</sup> T regulatory cells as a mechanism of TCDD immunotoxicity", presented by Dr. Nancy Kerkvliet at the Sixth Duesseldorf Symposium on Immunotoxicology: Biochemistry and Function of the Aryl hydrocarbon Receptor and other PAS-bHLH proteins, Duesseldorf, Germany, Sept 28-30, 2005.
- Kerkvliet, Nancy, "Dendritic Cells as Targets for Immunosuppression", presented by Dr. Nancy Kerkvliet, International Society of Toxicology, Cracow, Poland, Sept 12, 2005.
- Kerkvliet, Nancy, "Donor CD4<sup>+</sup> cells isolated during an acute GVH response share characteristics with T-regulatory cells", Poster presentation by Nikki Marshall at the May 2006 Federation of Clinical Immunology Societies (FOCIS) meeting in San Francisco.

Kerkvliet, Nancy, "Examining the Role of IL-2 in TCDD-mediated suppression of the GVH response", presented by Castle Funatake to the Cascade Cytometry Users Group on February 7, 2006 in Corvallis.

Kerkvliet, Nancy, "Exposure to TCDD leads to the generation of CD4<sup>+</sup> T cells with regulatory T cell characteristics", Platform presentation by Castle Funatake on Sept 9, 2005 at the Pacific NW Association of Toxicologists meeting in Astoria, OR.

Kerkvliet, Nancy, "Flow Cytometry is Key to Elucidating the Mechanisms of Dioxin Immunotoxicity", presented by Dr. Nancy Kerkvliet to the Cascade Cytometry User's Group, Corvallis, Feb 7, 2006.

Kerkvliet, Nancy, "From Regulated Chemical to Regulatory T cells...Update on Dioxin", presented by Dr. Nancy Kerkvliet to the OSU Dept. of Microbiology, Spring Colloquium, May 11, 2006.

Kerkvliet, Nancy, "Ligation of the Aryl Hydrocarbon Receptor (AhR) Differentially Modulates Activation of CD4<sup>+</sup> and CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells," presented by Dr. Castle Funatake at the La Jolla Institute for Allergy and Immunology, San Diego, CA on August 25, 2006.

Kerkvliet, Nancy, "The Influence of Aryl Hydrocarbon Receptor Activation on T Cell Fate", Thesis defense by Castle Funatake presented to Oregon State University on May 1, 2006.

Knight\*, K.B., and Renne, P.R., 2005, Evidence for Extended (5-10 Ma) Emplacement of Ferrar Dolerite from <sup>40</sup>Ar/<sup>39</sup>Ar Geochronology: Eos Trans. AGU, 86(52), Fall Meet. Suppl., Abstract V23A-0684. \*PhD Student

Krane, Ken, "Neutron capture cross sections: An undergraduate research program," Department of Physics, Kent State University, March 2006.

Krane, Ken, "Neutron Capture Cross Sections of Tellurium Isotopes," M. Eastman and K. S. Krane, Annual Meeting of the Northwest Section of the APS, Tacoma WA, May 2006.

Little, T.A., Monteleone, B.D., Baldwin, S.L., and Fitzgerald, P.G., 2006, Rapid slip-rate and low shear strength of a high finite-slip low-angle normal fault: Normanby Island, Woodlark Rift, Papua new Guinea, Eos. Trans. AGU Fall meeting, in press.

Loveland, W. "Synthesis of Transactinide Nuclei using Radioactive beams," Nuclear Chemistry Gordon Conference, June, 2006.

Loveland, W. "Attempt to confirm superheavy element production the 48Ca + 238U reaction," APS DNP meeting, Maui, Hawaii, September, 2005.

Loveland, W. "Neutron Multiplicities and Energy Spectra in the Fission of Actinide Nuclei," SSAA Symposium, Las Vegas, NV, August, 2005.

Loveland, W. "Overview of the synthesis of the heaviest elements," Nuclear Structure 06, Oak Ridge, TN, July, 2006.

Loveland, W. "Radiochemistry as a tool in RIB studies" MARC VII, Kona, Hawaii, April, 2006.

- Loveland, W. "Study of fusion enhancement/hindrance with  $^{132}\text{Sn}$ ," APS DNP meeting, Maui, Hawaii, September, 2005.
- Loveland, W. "Survival of Hot Heavy Nuclei," ACS National Meeting, San Diego, CA, April, 2005.
- Loveland, W. "Synthesis of the heaviest elements" TRIUMF, Vancouver, BC, May, 2006.
- Loveland, W. "Synthetic paths to the Heaviest Elements," Invited seminar, TRIUMF, Vancouver, BC, July, 2005.
- Loveland, W., Gilfillan, F.A "Modern Alchemy: The Synthesis of the Heaviest Elements," Award Lecture, Oregon State University, June, 2005.
- Matteson, Brent, Bruso, Jason E., Tkac, Peter, Paulenova, Alena, "Speciation of Hexavalent U and Tetravalent Pu in Urex+ Extraction Systems", 32nd Waste Management Conference, Tucson, AZ, February 26-March 2, 2006.
- Matteson, Brent, Bruso, Jason E., Tkac, Peter and Paulenova, Alena, "Effects of nitrate on extraction of tetravalent metals in UREX+" American Chemical Society, Nuclear Chemistry and Technology Symposium, Atlanta, March 2006.
- Matteson, Brent, Tkac, Peter, Bruso, Jason E., Lobach, Sergiy and Paulenova, Alena, "Extraction of Tetravalent Metals by TBP: Effect of Nitrate and Acetohydroxamic Acid", Methods and Applications of Radioanalytical Chemistry - Marc VII, Kailua-Kona, Hawaii, April, 3-7, 2006.
- Monteleone, B.D., Baldwin, S.L., Fitzgerald, P.G., and Little, T.A., 2006, Thermochronologic constraints for metamorphic core complex formation on Normanby Island, southeastern Papua New Guinea, Geological Society of America Northeastern Sectional Meeting Abstract, in press.
- Mora, A., Parra, M., Strecker, M.R. & Sobel, E.R, Erosion and the structural geometry of inversion orogens: insights from the Eastern Cordillera of Colombia, 96th Annual Meeting Geologische Vereinigung, Potsdam 2006, Terra Nostra, v. 2006/3, p.75.
- Morgan\*, L.E., Renne, P.R., WoldeGabriel, G., and White, T.D., 2005, Geochronology and geochemistry of volcanic glasses associated with early *Homo sapiens* in Ethiopia: Eos Trans. AGU, 86(52), Fall Meet. Suppl., Abstract U43A-0822. \*PhD Student
- Mortimer, E., Carrapa, B., Coutand, I., Schoenbohm, L., Sobel, E.R., Sosa, Gomez, J , and Strecker, M.R., Fragmentation of a foreland basin in response to out-of-sequence basement uplifts and structural reactivation: El Cajon-Campo del Arenal basin, NW Argentina, 96th Annual Meeting Geologische Vereinigung, Potsdam 2006, Terra Nostra, v. 2006/3, p. 76.
- Mueller, P.A., Foster, D, Mogk, D., Wooden J., Vogl, J., and Kamenov, G.D., 2005, Tectonic and Paleogeographic implications of detrital mineral ages from the Uinta Mountain Group, Utah: Geological Society of America Annual Meeting, October 16-19, 2005, Geological Society of America Abstracts with Programs, v. 36, p. 218.

- Nomade, S., Knight\*, K.B., Beutel, E., Renne, P.R., Verati, C., and Feraud, G., 2005, Duration and Eruptive Chronology of CAMP: Implications for Central Atlantic Rifting and the Triassic-Jurassic Boundary: *Eos Trans. AGU*, 86(52), Fall Meet. Suppl., Abstract V13A-0519. \*PhD Student
- Orentzel, L., Kuhlman, M., and Tollo, R.P., 2005, Preliminary results from field mapping and petrologic analysis of Grenville-age basement rocks, Washington and Woodville 7.5-minute quadrangles: *Geological Society of America Abstracts with Programs*, v. 37, no. 1, p. 25.
- Oskin, M., Burbank, D.W., and Sobel, E.R., 2005, Transient landscape evolution of a progressively exhumed basement-cored uplift: Kyrgyz Range, Tien Shan, AGU Fall meeting: *Eos, Trans. AGU*: San Francisco.
- Parra, M., Mora, A., Jaramillo, C., Rueda, M. & Strecker, M.R., Palaeogene mountain building in the northeastern Andes reflected by syntectonic sediments in the Medina Basin, Eastern Cordillera (4-5\_N), Colombia, 96th Annual Meeting Geologische Vereinigung, Potsdam 2006, *Terra Nostra*, v. 2006/3, p. 81.
- Paulenova, Alena, Tkac, Peter, "Complexation of Uranium (VI) with Acetohydroxamic Acid in Tributylphosphate-Nitric Acid Extraction System" 15<sup>th</sup> Radiochemical Conference, Marianske Lazne, April 23-28, 2006.
- Paulenova, Alena, Tkac, Peter, Cleveland, Mathew, Bruso, Jason E., Lobach, Sergiy and Matteson, Brent, "Reactivity of Acetohydroxamic Acid in HNO<sub>3</sub>/TBP Biphase System" 9<sup>th</sup> International Information exchange Conference, Nimes, France, September 25-29, 2006.
- Renne, P.R., Feinberg\*, J.M., Waters, M.R., Cabrales, J.A., Castillo, P.O., Campa, M.P., and Knight\*, K.B., 2005, Age of the Xalnene Ash, Central Mexico and Archeological Implications: *Eos Trans. AGU*, 86(52), Fall Meet. Suppl., Abstract U42A-04. \*PhD Student
- Roden-Tice, Mary K., Raymond, Sarah M\*, and West, David P. Jr. (2006). Early to Late Cretaceous Cooling Across New Hampshire Based on Apatite Fission-Track Ages. *Geological Society of America Abstracts with Programs*, v. 38, p. 91. *Northeastern Section Meeting of the Geological Society of America in Harrisburg, PA on March 20-22, 2006.*  
\*undergraduate students at Plattsburgh State University
- Sobel, E.R., and Seward, D., 2006, Influence of etching conditions on apatite fission track etch pit diameter, *in* Ventura, B., and Lisker, F., eds., *European Conference on thermochronology*, Volume 49: *Schriftenreihe der Deutschen Gesellschaft fuer Geowissenschaften*: Bremen, p. 128-130.
- Sobel, E.R., Carrapa, B., Coutand, I., Deeken, A.D., Hilley, G.E., and Strecker, M.R., 2005, Influence of aridity and internally-drained contractional basins on formation of the Central Andean Plateau, 19th Colloquium on Latin American Geosciences, Volume 2005/1: *Terra Nostra*: Potsdam, p. 111-112.
- Sobel, E.R., Chen, J., and Heermance, R., 2005, Late Oligocene initiation of shortening in the Southwestern Chinese Tian Shan: Implications for Neogene shortening rate variations, AGU Fall meeting: *Eos, Trans. AGU*: San Francisco.

- Sobel, Edward R., Coutand, Isabelle, Deeken, Anke, Links between rock erodability, topographic growth and flexural subsidence, 96th Annual Meeting Geologische Vereinigung, Potsdam 2006, Terra Nostra, v. 2006/3, p. 94.
- Stone, Kathleen A.\* and Roden-Tice, Mary K. (2006). A Comparison of U-Th-Total Pb Microprobe Ages and Apatite Fission-Track Ages for Closure Temperature Estimates in the Southern and Eastern Adirondacks. *Geological Society of America Abstracts with Programs*, v. 38, p. 5. *Northeastern Section Meeting of the Geological Society of America in Harrisburg, PA on March 20-22, 2006*. \*undergraduate students at Plattsburgh State University
- Tack, K. Determining the Bioavailability of Soil-Associated Radium using In-vitro Methodology – HPS Annual Meeting, June 2006, Providence Rhode Island.
- Tengku Hassan, T.M.S., Tollo, R.P., and Michel, L.A., 2006, Petrologic and tectonic significance of Grenville-age biotite-bearing granitoids, Blue Ridge province, northern Virginia:, *Geological Society of America Abstracts with Programs*, v. 38, no. 2, p. 76.
- Terrien, J.J., Finn, C., and Baldwin S.L., 2005, Reassessment of the role of magmatism in the evolution of the Catalina MCC: evidence for a felsic-intermediate pluton at shallow depths, *Eos Trans. AGU*, 86(52), Fall Meet. Suppl., Abstract T13C-0484.
- Terrien, J.J., and Baldwin, S.L., 2005, Thermal histories of the Wilderness suite granitoids from the Catalina metamorphic core complex revealed by K-feldspar  $^{40}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar}$  ages and MDD models, *GSA Abstracts with Programs*, vol. 37, No. 7, p 448.
- Thiede, R. & Hoth, S., To what extent is mountain building in the Himalaya triggered by erosion? , 96th Annual Meeting Geologische Vereinigung, Potsdam 2006, Terra Nostra, v. 2006/3, p. 98.
- Thiede, R.C. et al., 2006. Timing of dome formation in the Tethyan Himalaya, Leo Pargil (NW India). In: B. Ventura and F. Lisker (Editors), *European Conference on thermochronology. Schriftenreihe der Deutschen Gesellschaft fuer Geowissenschaften*, Bremen, pp. 144.
- Thiede, R.C., Arrowsmith, J. Bookhagen, R, B, McWilliams, M., Sobel, E.R., Strecker, M.R., Timing of dome formation and extension in the Tethyan Himalaya, Leo Pargil, NW-India, 96th Annual Meeting Geologische Vereinigung, Potsdam 2006, Terra Nostra, v. 2006/3, p. 98.
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