- (3) SCE&G, pursuant to the Act and 10 CFR Part 70, to receive, possess and use at any time special nuclear material as reactor fuel, in accordance with the limitations for storage and amounts required for reactor operation, as described in the Final Safety Analysis Report, as amended through Amendment No. 33;
- (4) SCE&G, pursuant to the Act and 10 CFR Parts 30, 40 and 70 to receive, possess and use at any time any byproduct, source and special nuclear material as sealed neutron sources for reactor startup, sealed neutron sources for reactor instrumentation and radiation monitoring equipment calibration, and as fission detectors in amounts as required;
- (5) SCE&G, pursuant to the Act and 10 CFR Parts 30, 40, and 70, to receive, possess and use in amounts as required any byproduct, source or special nuclear material without restriction to chemical or physical form, for sample analysis or instrument calibration or associated with radioactive apparatus of components; and
- (6) SCE&G, pursuant to the Act and 10 CFR Parts 30, 40, and 70, to possess, but not separate, such byproduct and special nuclear materials as my be produced by the operation of the facility.
- C. This renewed license shall be deemed to contain, and is subject to, the conditions specified in the Commission's regulations set forth in 10 CFR Chapter I and is subject to all applicable provisions of the Act and to the rules, regulations, and orders of the Commission now or hereafter in effect; and is subject to the additional conditions specified or incorporated below:
  - (1) <u>Maximum Power Level</u>

SCE&G is authorized to operate the facility at reactor core power levels not in excess of 2900 megawatts thermal in accordance with the conditions specified herein and in Attachment 1 to this renewed license. The preoccupation tests, startup tests and other items identified in Attachment 1 to this renewed license shall be completed as specified. Attachment 1 is hereby incorporated into this renewed license.

(2) <u>Technical Specifications and Environmental Protection Plan</u>

The technical Specifications contained in Appendix A, as revised through Amendment No.176, and the Environmental Protection Plan contained in Appendix B, are hereby incorporated in the renewed license. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company shall operate the facility in accordance with the Technical Specifications and the Environmental Protection Plan.

## ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS

## CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (Continued)

(Methodology for Specifications 3.1.1.3 - Moderator Temperature Coefficient, 3.1.3.5 - Shutdown Rod Insertion Limits, 3.1.3.6 - Control Rod Insertion Limits, 3.2.1 - Axial Flux Difference, 3.2.2 - Heat Flux Hot Channel Factor, and 3.2.3 - RCS Flow Rate and Nuclear Enthalpy Rise Hot Channel Factor.)

b. WCAP-10216-P-A, Rev. 1A, "RELAXATION OF CONSTANT AXIAL OFFSET CONTROL FQ SURVEILLANCE TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION," February 1994 (W Proprietary).

(Methodology for Specifications 3.2.1 - Axial Flux Difference (Relaxed Axial Offset Control) and 3.2.2 - Heat Flux Hot Channel Factor ( $F_Q$  Methodology for W(z) surveillance requirements).)

 WCAP-12945-P-A, Volume 1 (Revision 2) through Volumes 2 through 5 (Revision 1) "Code Qualification Document for Best Estimate LOCA Analysis," March 1998 (Westinghouse Proprietary).

Liparulo, N. (<u>W</u>) to NRC Document Control Desk, NSD-NRC-96-4746, "Re-Analysis Work Plans Using Final Best Estimate Methodology" dated 6/13/1996.

(Methodology for Specification 3.2.2 - Heat Flux Hot Channel Factor.)

d. WCAP-12472-P-A, "BEACON CORE MONITORING AND OPERATIONS SUPPORT SYSTEM," August 1994, (W Proprietary).

(Methodology for Specifications 3.2.2 - Heat Flux Hot Channel Factor, 3.2.3 - RCS Flow Rate and Nuclear Enthalpy Rise Hot Channel Factor, and 3.2.4 - Quadrant Power Tilt Ratio.)

e. WCAP-13749-P-A, "Safety Evaluation Supporting the Conditional Exemption of the Most Negative EOL Moderator Temperature Coefficient Measurement," March 1997, (Westinghouse Proprietary).

(Methodology for Specification 3.1.1.3 - Moderator Temperature Coefficient.)

The core operating limits shall be determined so that all applicable limits (e.g., fuel thermalmechanical limits, core thermal-hydraulic limits, nuclear limits such as shutdown margin, and transient and accident analysis limits) of the safety analysis are met.

The CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT, including any mid-cycle revisions or supplements there to shall be provided upon issuance, for each reload cycle, to the NRC Document Control Desk with copies to the Regional Administrator and Resident Inspector.