Exelon Generation Company, LLC www.exeloncorp.com Braidwood Station



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Braidwood Station 35100 South Rt 53, Suite 84 Braceville, IL 60407-9619 Tel. 815-417-2000

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission ATTN: Document Control Desk Washington, DC 20555-0001

> Braidwood Station, Unit 1 Facility Operating License No. NPF-72 NRC Docket No. STN 50-456

Subject: Core Operating Limits Report, Braidwood Unit 1 Cycle 13

The purpose of this letter is to transmit a mid-cycle revision of the Core Operating Limits Report (COLR) for Braidwood Unit 1 Cycle 13, in accordance with Technical Specification 5.6.5, "Core Operating Limits Report (COLR)." The Braidwood Unit 1 Cycle 13 COLR was recently revised after discovering that the difference between the measured and predicted Axial Offset was greater than 4%. Item 2.6.2 of the COLR and the corresponding Figures were revised with newly updated W(z) data, a cycle dependent function that accounts for power distribution transients encountered during normal operation. The W(z) data was updated based on actual fluxmap data obtained. The most probable cause for the observed axial offset difference was determined to be Crud Induced Power Shift (CIPS) carryover effect from Cycle 12.

If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact Mr. Dale Ambler, Regulatory Assurance Manager, at (815) 417-2800.

Sincerely,

Gregory A. Boerschig Plant Manager Braidwood Station

Attachment: Core Operating Limits Report, Braidwood Unit 1 Cycle 13, Revision 5

ATTACHMENT 1

Core Operating Limits Report

Braidwood Unit 1 Cycle 13

Revision 5

NF-CB-06-126 July 20, 2006

Attachment

CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (COLR)

FOR

BRAIDWOOD UNIT 1 CYCLE 13 Revision 5 (13 Pages)

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CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (COLR) for BRAIDWOOD UNIT 1 CYCLE 13

1.0 CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT

This Core Operating Limits Report (COLR) for Braidwood Station Unit 1 Cycle 13 has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Technical Specification 5.6.5 (ITS).

The Technical Specifications affected by this report are listed below:

SL	2.1.1	Reactor	Core	Safety	Limits	(SLs))
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- LCO 3.1.1 SHUTDOWN MARGIN (SDM)
- LCO 3.1.3 Moderator Temperature Coefficient (MTC)
- LCO 3.1.4 Rod Group Alignment Limits
- LCO 3.1.5 Shutdown Bank Insertion Limits
- LCO 3.1.6 Control Bank Insertion Limits
- LCO 3.1.8 PHYSICS TESTS Exceptions MODE 2
- LCO 3.2.1 Heat Flux Hot Channel Factor (F_Q(Z))
- LCO 3.2.2 Nuclear Enthalpy Rise Hot Channel Factor $(F^{N}_{\Delta H})$
- LCO 3.2.3 AXIAL FLUX DIFFERENCE (AFD)
- LCO 3.2.5 Departure from Nucleate Boiling Ratio (DNBR)
- LCO 3.3.1 Reactor Trip System (RTS) Instrumentation
- LCO 3.3.9 Boron Dilution Protection System (BDPS)
- LCO 3.4.1 Reactor Coolant System (RCS) Pressure, Temperature, and Flow Departure from Nucleate Boiling (DNB) Limits
- LCO 3.9.1 Boron Concentration

The portions of the Technical Requirements Manual affected by this report are listed below:

- TRM TLCO 3.1.b Boration Flow Paths Operating
- TRM TLCO 3.1.d Charging Pumps Operating
- TRM TLCO 3.1.f Borated Water Sources Operating
- TRM TLCO 3.1.g Position Indication System Shutdown
- TRM TLCO 3.1.h Shutdown Margin (SDM) MODE 1 and MODE 2 with keff ≥ 1.0
- TRM TLCO 3.1.i Shutdown Margin (SDM) MODE 5
- TRM TLCO 3.1.j Shutdown and Control Rods
- TRM TLCO 3.1.k Position Indication System Shutdown (Special Test Exception)

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CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (COLR) for BRAIDWOOD UNIT 1 CYCLE 13

2.0 OPERATING LIMITS

The cycle-specific parameter limits for the specifications listed in Section 1.0 are presented in the following subsections. These limits are applicable for the entire cycle unless otherwise identified. These limits have been developed using the NRC-approved methodologies specified in Technical Specification 5.6.5.

2.1 <u>Reactor Core Safety Limits (SLs)</u> (SL 2.1.1)

2.1.1 In MODES 1 and 2, the combination of Thermal Power, Reactor Coolant System (RCS) highest loop average temperature, and pressurizer pressure shall not exceed the limits specified in Figure 2.1.1.



Figure 2.1.1: Reactor Core Limits

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CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (COLR) for BRAIDWOOD UNIT 1 CYCLE 13

2.2 SHUTDOWN MARGIN (SDM)

The SDM limit for MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4 is:

2.2.1 The SDM shall be greater than or equal to 1.3% ∆k/k (LCOs 3.1.1, 3.1.4, 3.1.5, 3.1.6, 3.1.8, 3.3.9; TRM TLCOs 3.1.b, 3.1.d, 3.1.f, 3.1.h, and 3.1.j).

The SDM limit for MODE 5 is:

- 2.2.2 SDM shall be greater than or equal to 1.3% Δ k/k (LCO 3.1.1, LCO 3.3.9; TRM TLCOs 3.1.i and 3.1.j).
- 2.3 Moderator Temperature Coefficient (MTC) (LCO 3.1.3)

The Moderator Temperature Coefficient (MTC) limits are:

- 2.3.1 The BOL/ARO/HZP-MTC upper limit shall be +1.695 x $10^{-5} \Delta k/k/^{\circ}F$.
- 2.3.2 The EOL/ARO/HFP-MTC lower limit shall be -4.6 x $10^{-4} \Delta k/k/^{\circ}F$.
- 2.3.3 The EOL/ARO/HFP-MTC Surveillance limit at 300 ppm shall be -3.7 x $10^{-4} \Delta k/k/^{\circ}F$.
- 2.3.4 The EOL/ARO/HFP-MTC Surveillance limit at 60 ppm shall be -4.3 x $10^{-4} \Delta k/k/^{\circ}F$.
- where: BOL stands for Beginning of Cycle Life ARO stands for All Rods Out HZP stands for Hot Zero Thermal Power EOL stands for End of Cycle Life HFP stands for Hot Full Thermal Power
- 2.4 Shutdown Bank Insertion Limits (LCO 3.1.5)
 - 2.4.1 All shutdown banks shall be fully withdrawn to at least 224 steps.
- 2.5 <u>Control Bank Insertion Limits</u> (LCO 3.1.6)
 - 2.5.1 The control banks, with Bank A greater than or equal to 224 steps, shall be limited in physical insertion as shown in Figure 2.5.1.
 - 2.5.2 Each control bank shall be considered fully withdrawn from the core at greater than or equal to 224 steps.
 - 2.5.3 The control banks shall be operated in sequence by withdrawal of Bank A, Bank B, Bank C and Bank D. The control banks shall be sequenced in reverse order upon insertion.
 - 2.5.4 Each control bank not fully withdrawn from the core shall be operated with the following overlap limits as a function of park position:

Park Position (step)	Overlap Limit (step)
225	110
226	111
227	112
228	113
229	114

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Figure 2.5.1: Control Bank Insertion Limits Versus Percent Rated Thermal Power

- 2.6 Heat Flux Hot Channel Factor ($F_0(Z)$) (LCO 3.2.1)
 - 2.6.1 Total Peaking Factor:

$$F_Q(Z) \le \frac{F_Q^{RTP}}{0.5} x K(Z) \text{ for } P \le 0.5$$

$$F_Q(Z) \le \frac{F_Q^{RTP}}{P} xK(Z) \text{ for } P > 0.5$$

where: P = the ratio of THERMAL POWER to RATED THERMAL POWER

$$F_0^{RTP} = 2.60$$

K(Z) is provided in Figure 2.6.1.

2.6.2 W(Z) Values:

a) When PDMS is OPERABLE, W(Z) = 1.00000 for all axial points.

b) When PDMS is inoperable, W(Z) is provided in Table 2.6.2.a.

The normal operation W(Z) values have been determined at burnups of 1620, 6000, 14000, and 20000 MWD/MTU.

Table 2.6.2.b shows the $F^{C}_{Q}(z)$ penalty factors that are greater than 2% per 31 Effective Full Power Days (EFPD). These values shall be used to increase the $F^{W}_{Q}(z)$ as per Surveillance Requirement 3.2.1.2. A 2% penalty factor shall be used at all cycle burnups that are outside the range of Table 2.6.2.b.

2.6.3 Uncertainty:

The uncertainty, U_{FQ} , to be applied to the Heat Flux Hot Channel Factor $F_Q(Z)$ shall be calculated by the following formula

$$U_{FQ} = U_{qu} \bullet U_e$$

where:

 U_{qu} = Base F_Q measurement uncertainty = 1.05 when PDMS is inoperable (U_{qu} is defined by PDMS when OPERABLE.) U_{e} = Engineering uncertainty factor = 1.03

2.6.4 PDMS Alarms:

 $F_Q(Z)$ Warning Setpoint $\ge 2\%$ of $F_Q(Z)$ Margin $F_Q(Z)$ Alarm Setpoint $\ge 0\%$ of $F_Q(Z)$ Margin



Figure 2.6.1 K(Z) - Normalized $F_Q(Z)$ as a Function of Core Height

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CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (COLR) for BRAIDWOOD UNIT 1 CYCLE 13

		Table 2.6.2.a		
	W	(Z) versus Core Hei	aht	
	(Top and Botto	m 8% Excluded per	WCAP-10216)	
Height T	1620	6000	14000	20000
(feet)	MWD/MTU	MWD/MTU	MWD/MTU	MWD/MTU
0.00 (core bottom)	1.5085	1.4831	1.4425	1.3276
0.20	1.4710	1.4439	1.4073	1.3128
0.40	1.4538	1.4287	1.3909	1.3059
0.60	1.4373	1.4153	1.3788	1.3029
1 00	1.3949	1.3521	1 3344	1.2907
1.20	1.3647	1.3692	1.3263	1.2831
1.40	1.3659	1.3453	1.3141	1.2739
1.60	1.3486	1.3132	1.2903	1.2604
1.80	1.3248	1.2870	1.2740	1.2496
2.20	1.2688	1.2390	1,2369	1 2204
2.40	1.2435	1.2043	1.2192	1.2063
2.60	1.2249	1.1966	1.2008	1.1880
2.80	1.2095	1.1900	1.1904	1.1720
3.00	1.19/9	1.1827	1.1823	1.1596
3.40	1.1759	1.1662	1.1639	1.1610
3.60	1.1640	1.1564	1.1540	1.1677
3.80	1.1545	1.1486	1.1458	1.1741
4.00	1.1484	1.1409	1.1396	1.1796
4.20	1.1413	1.1311	1.1302	1.1090
4.60	1.1272	1.1184	1.1301	1.2079
4.80	1.1193	1.1117	1.1311	1.2139
5.00	1.1122	1.1055	1.1303	1.2170
5.20	1.1043	1.0986	1.1302	1.2188
5.60	1.0932	1.1020	1.1318	1.2434
5.80	1.0898	1.1093	1.1563	1.2610
6.00	1.0983	1.1117	1.1720	1.2740
6.20	1.1065	1.1132	1.1857	1.2830
6.60	1.1299	1.1240	1.2070	1.2903
6.80	1.1404	1.1511	1.2140	1.2930
7.00	1.1495	1.1607	1.2182	1.2909
7.20	1.1572	1.1683	1.2187	1.2838
7.40	1.1034	1.1734	1.2171	1.2744
7.80	1.1734	1.1839	1.2069	1.2467
8.00	1.1783	1.1912	1.2016	1.2357
8.20	1.1811	1.1964	1.1944	1.2230
8.40	1.1862	1.2023	1.1862	1.2123
8.80	1.1928	1.2140	1,1891	1,1902
9.00	1.1941	1.2178	1.1905	1.1863
9.20	1.1982	1.2194	1.1914	1.1791
9.40	1.2075	1.2212	1.1939	1.2193
9.60	1.2182	1.2272	1.1995	1.2058
10.00	1.2310	1.2413	1.2564	1.3455
10.20	1.2299	1.2478	1.2833	1.3802
10.40	1.2304	1.2554	1.3027	1.4093
10.60	1.2343	1.2727	1.3168	1.4328
10.80	1.2388	1.2891	1.3262	1.4522
11.00	1.2490	1.3040	1 3105	1.4040
11.40	1.2553	1.2827	1.3188	1.4790
11.60	1.2902	1.3416	1.3129	1.4618
11.80	1.2962	1.3437	1.3008	1.4496
1 12.00 (core top)	1.3097	1.3602	1.2909	1.4420

Note: W(Z) values at 20000 MWD/MTU may be applied to cycle burnups greater than 20000 MWD/MTU to prevent W(Z) function extrapolation

Table 2.6.2.b Penalty Factors in Excess of 2% per 31 EFPD			
Cycle Burnup (MWD/MTU)	Penalty Factor F ^C _Q (z)		
840	1.0200		
1702	1.0374		
1874	1.0385		
2219	1.0342		
3253	1.0200		
11184	1.0200		
11529	1.0250		
11701	1.0270		
11874	1.0283		
12046	1.0294		
12563	1.0322		
12736	1.0314		
13080	1.0278		
13770	1.0200		
16873	1.0200		
17218	1.0239		
17390	1.0248		
17563	1.0252		
18597	1.0245		
19287	1.0200		

Notes:

Linear interpolation is adequate for intermediate cycle burnups.

All cycle burnups outside the range of the table shall use a 2% penalty factor for compliance with the 3.2.1.2 Surveillance Requirements.

2.7 Nuclear Enthalpy Rise Hot Channel Factor (F_{AH}^{N}) (LCO 3.2.2)

2.7.1
$$F_{\Delta H}^{N} \leq F_{\Delta H}^{RTP}[1.0 + PF_{\Delta H}(1.0 - P)]$$

where: P = the ratio of THERMAL POWER to RATED THERMAL POWER $F_{\Delta H}^{RTP}$ = 1.70 $PF_{\Delta H}$ = 0.3

2.7.2 Uncertainty when PDMS is inoperable

The uncertainty, $U_{F\Delta H}$, to be applied to the Nuclear Enthalpy Rise Hot Channel Factor $F^{N}_{\Delta H}$ shall be calculated by the following formula:

 $U_{F\Delta H} = U_{F\Delta Hm}$

where:

 $U_{F \Delta H m}$ = Base $F^{N}_{\Delta H}$ measurement uncertainty = 1.04

2.7.3 PDMS Alarms:

 $\begin{array}{l} {\sf F}^{\sf N}_{{}_{\Delta}\!{\sf H}} \text{ Warning Setpoint} \geq 2\% \text{ of } {\sf F}^{\sf N}_{{}_{\Delta}\!{\sf H}} \text{ Margin } \\ {\sf F}^{\sf N}_{{}_{\Delta}\!{\sf H}} \text{ Alarm Setpoint} \geq 0\% \text{ of } {\sf F}^{\sf N}_{{}_{\Delta}\!{\sf H}} \text{ Margin } \end{array}$

2.8 AXIAL FLUX DIFFERENCE (AFD) (LCO 3.2.3)

- 2.8.1 When PDMS is inoperable, the AXIAL FLUX DIFFERENCE (AFD) Acceptable Operation Limits are provided in Figure 2.8.1 or the latest valid PDMS Surveillance Report, whichever is more conservative.
- 2.8.2 When PDMS is OPERABLE, no AFD Acceptable Operation Limits are applicable.

2.9 Departure from Nucleate Boiling Ratio (DNBR) (LCO 3.2.5)

 $2.9.1 \quad DNBR_{APSL} \geq 1.536$

The Axial Power Shape Limiting DNBR (DNBR_{APSL}) is applicable with THERMAL POWER \geq 50% RTP when PDMS is OPERABLE.

2.9.2 PDMS Alarms:

DNBR Warning Setpoint $\ge 2\%$ of DNBR Margin DNBR Alarm Setpoint $\ge 0\%$ of DNBR Margin

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- 2.10 <u>Reactor Trip System (RTS) Instrumentation</u> (LCO 3.3.1) Overtemperature ∆T Setpoint Parameter Values
 - 2.10.1 The Overtemperature ΔT reactor trip setpoint K₁ shall be equal to 1.325.
 - 2.10.2 The Overtemperature ΔT reactor trip setpoint T_{avg} coefficient K_2 shall be equal to 0.0297 / °F.
 - 2.10.3 The Overtemperature ΔT reactor trip setpoint pressure coefficient K₃ shall be equal to 0.00181 / psi.
 - 2.10.4 The nominal T_{avd} at RTP (indicated) T' shall be less than or equal to 588.0 °F.
 - 2.10.5 The nominal RCS operating pressure (indicated) P' shall be equal to 2235 psig.
 - 2.10.6 The measured reactor vessel ΔT lead/lag time constant τ_1 shall be equal to 8 sec.
 - 2.10.7 The measured reactor vessel ΔT lead/lag time constant τ_2 shall be equal to 3 sec.
 - 2.10.8 The measured reactor vessel ΔT lag time constant τ_3 shall be less than or equal to 2 sec.
 - 2.10.9 The measured reactor vessel average temperature lead/lag time constant τ_4 shall be equal to 33 sec.
 - 2.10.10 The measured reactor vessel average temperature lead/lag time constant τ_5 shall be equal to 4 sec.
 - 2.10.11 The measured reactor vessel average temperature lag time constant τ_6 shall be less than or equal to 2 sec.
 - 2.10.12 The $f_1(\Delta I)$ "positive" breakpoint shall be +10% ΔI .
 - 2.10.13 The $f_1(\Delta I)$ "negative" breakpoint shall be -18% ΔI .
 - 2.10.14 The $f_1(\Delta I)$ "positive" slope shall be +3.47% / % ΔI .
 - 2.10.15 The f₁ (Δ I) "negative" slope shall be -2.61% / % Δ I.

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- 2.11 <u>Reactor Trip System (RTS) Instrumentation</u> (LCO 3.3.1) Overpower ∆T Setpoint Parameter Values
 - 2.11.1 The Overpower ΔT reactor trip setpoint K₄ shall be equal to 1.072.
 - 2.11.2 The Overpower ΔT reactor trip setpoint T_{avg} rate/lag coefficient K₅ shall be equal to 0.02 / °F for increasing T_{avg} .
 - 2.11.3 The Overpower ΔT reactor trip setpoint T_{avg} rate/lag coefficient K₅ shall be equal to 0 / °F for decreasing T_{avg} .
 - 2.11.4 The Overpower ΔT reactor trip setpoint T_{avg} heatup coefficient K₆ shall be equal to 0.00245 / °F when T > T".
 - 2.11.5 The Overpower ΔT reactor trip setpoint T_{avg} heatup coefficient K₆ shall be equal to 0 / °F when $T \leq T''$.
 - 2.11.6 The nominal T_{avg} at RTP (indicated) T" shall be less than or equal to 588.0 °F
 - 2.11.7 The measured reactor vessel ΔT lead/lag time constant τ_1 shall be equal to 8 sec.
 - 2.11.8 The measured reactor vessel ΔT lead/lag time constant τ_2 shall be equal to 3 sec.
 - 2.11.9 The measured reactor vessel ΔT lag time constant τ_3 shall be less than or equal to 2 sec.
 - 2.11.10 The measured reactor vessel average temperature lag time constant τ_6 shall be less than or equal to 2 sec.
 - 2.11.11 The measured reactor vessel average temperature rate/lag time constant τ_7 shall be equal to 10 sec.
 - 2.11.12 The $f_2(\Delta I)$ "positive" breakpoint shall be 0 for all ΔI .
 - 2.11.13 The $f_2(\Delta I)$ "negative" breakpoint shall be 0 for all ΔI .
 - 2.11.14 The $f_2(\Delta I)$ "positive" slope shall be 0 for all ΔI .
 - 2.11.15 The $f_2(\Delta I)$ "negative" slope shall be 0 for all ΔI .

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CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (COLR) for BRAIDWOOD UNIT 1 CYCLE 13

- 2.12 <u>Reactor Coolant System (RCS) Pressure, Temperature, and Flow Departure from Nucleate</u> <u>Boiling (DNB) Limits</u> (LCO 3.4.1)
 - 2.12.1 The pressurizer pressure shall be greater than or equal to 2209 psig.
 - 2.12.2 The RCS average temperature (T_{avg}) shall be less than or equal to 593.1 °F.
 - 2.12.3 The RCS total flow rate shall be greater than or equal to 386,000 gpm.

2.13 Boron Concentration

- 2.13.1 The refueling boron concentration shall be greater than or equal to the value given in the Table below (LCO 3.9.1). The reported value also bounds the end-of-cycle requirements for the previous cycle.
- 2.13.2 To maintain keff \leq 0.987 with all shutdown and control rods fully withdrawn in MODES 3, 4, or 5 (TRM TLCO 3.1.g Required Action B.2 and TRM TLCO 3.1.k.2), the Reactor Coolant System boron concentration shall be greater than or equal to the values given in the Table below.

COLR Section	Conditions	Boron Concentration (ppm)
2.13.1	Refueling	1711
2.13.2	a) prior to initial criticality	1765
2.13.2	b) all other times in core life	1984