deleted n of Information **Events** JELIWONS FULF February 13, 2003 **Charles G. Tinkler** Official Lise Onl

Presentation to National Academy of Sciences

Spent Fuel Studies-

Response of Fuel in Damaged Pool

SFP Analysis

- Background
- New SFP analyses
 - Methods
 - Input/boundary conditions
 - Scenarios
 - Conclusions
- Mitigation
- Summary

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SFP Analysis Background

- Past NRC studies primarily limited to "early phase" heat-up calculations, no integrated severe accident analysis performed
 - Most codes/calculations only analyzed potential for zirconium fire using "ignition temp" criteria, many did not explicitly model air oxidation
 - No Severe Accident Models fission product release fractions assumed
 - Historical tools suffered from modeling limitations
 - Damage propagation
 - Oxidant depletion
 - FP release and transport modeling
 - Heat transfer modeling simplifications and conservatisms
 - Flow Mixing

SFP Analysis Background

 Past NRC generic studies often assumed "bounding" configuration for T/H heatup analysis, pool fully racked and full, minimal clearances, fuel of uniform (most limiting) decay power

SFP Analysis Background

NRC Vulnerability Project

 Objective is to perform more realistic phenomenological analysis of representative configurations and to evaluate how spent fuel pool can be made more resistant to potential fuel damage events - mitigation

– Approach

 Develop methodology based on adapting state of the art integrated reactor code (MELCOR) developed for severe

accident analysis

- Full range of fluid flow, heat transfer, materials, fission product modeling over normal and high temperature regime
- Integrated analysis guided as needed by separate effects modeling and analysis using specialized (e.g., CFD codes) tools
- Develop SFP and plant models based on detailed design and operations info (licensee data and dwgs, site visit)

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SFP Geometry/Inputs

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Reference BWR SFP Pool Description

SFP Pool Characteristics	Description or Dimensions
Dimensions	
Concrete Thickness	
SFP Volume	$\underline{1}$
Number of Storage Locations	
Number of Locations Used	

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Illustration of Fuel Racks



Spent Fuel Pool Analyses

- Evaluate Response to Initiating Events in Terms of Heatup and Source Term Generation
 - Partial Pool Drainage (Water Boildown)
 - Complete Pool Drainage (Air Natural Circulation)
- CFD Used to Evaluate
 - Details of Single Assembly in Air Circulation and Heat Flows
 - Flow and Mixing Behavior in Pool and Building
 - Provide Boundary Conditions for MELCOR Analyses
- MELCOR Will Analyze
 - Global Response of Pool and Assemblies,
 - Fuel Damage, Steam and Air Oxidation
 - Fission Product Source Term
 - Mitigation or Recovery Actions

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MELCOR Modeling Approach

- 2 Model Approach Separate Effects and Whole Pool/Reactor Building Models
 - Subdivided into 2 Types of Scenarios
 - Complete Loss-of-Inventory
 - Partial Loss-of Inventory
- Separate Effects Model



- Fast Running + Controlled Boundary Conditions
 - Use Separate Effects Model to Develop Appropriate Modeling Approach
 - Identify Sensitivities and Uncertainties
 - Recommend Code Development
- Full SFP + Building Model
 - Integral Effects
 - Whole SFP Source Term

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