EDO Principal Correspondence Control

FROM:	DUE: 08/31/06	EDO CONTROL: G20060708 DOC DT: 08/01/06 FINAL REDLY:
Michael D. Griffin National Aeronauti (NASA)	cs and Space Administr	ation
TO:		
Chairman Klein		
FOR SIGNATURE OF :	** GRN **	CRC NO: 06-0392
Sheron, RES		
DESC:		ROUTING:
Request for Desi Safety Review Pa	gnee for the Interagen nel for 2009 Mission t	cy Nuclear Reyes o Mars Virgilio Kane Silber Dean Cyr/Burns
DATE: 08/10/06		Strosnider, NMSS
ASSIGNED TO:	CONTACT:	
RES	Sheron	
SPECIAL INSTRUCTION	NS OR REMARKS:	

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OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY CORRESPONDENCE CONTROL TICKET

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PAPER NUMBER: ACTION OFFICE:	LTR-06-0392 EDO	LOGGING DATE:	08/09/2006
AUTHOR:	Michael Griffin		
AFFILIATION:			
ADDRESSEE:	Dale Klein		
SUBJECT:	Request designee for the Interagen	cy Nuclear Safety Review Panel	for 2009 Mission to Mars
ACTION:	Direct Reply		
DISTRIBUTION:	SECY to Ack, RF		
LETTER DATE:	08/01/2006		
ACKNOWLEDGED	No		
SPECIAL HANDLING:			
NOTES:			
FILE LOCATION:	ADAMS		
DATE DUE:	08/31/2006	DATE SIGNED:	

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

Office of the Administrator Washington, DC 20546-0001



August 1, 2006

The Honorable Dale E. Klein Chairman Nuclear Regulatory Commission Rockville, MD 20852

Dear Mr. Klein:

NASA is planning to launch the Mars Science Laboratory (MSL) Mission to Mars in 2009. The formation of an ad hoc Interagency Nuclear Safety Review Panel (INSRP) is needed for this mission since it currently is planning to use a radioisotope power system. This process is in accordance with the interagency cooperation reflected in paragraph 9 of Presidential Directive/National Security Council Memorandum #25 (PD/NSC-25), as amended May 8, 1996. Please provide the name of your designee who will serve as your Agency's INSRP technical advisor for this mission.

MSL would be designed to place a mobile science laboratory (rover) on the surface of Mars to assess the biological potential of at least one target environment, characterize the geology of the landing region, investigate planetary processes of relevance to past habitability, including the role of water, and characterize the broad spectrum of the surface radiation environment. MSL is planning for a launch from the Cape Canaveral Air Force Station in the September to October 2009 timeframe. The proposed launch vehicle system would be an Atlas V 541.

The baseline spacecraft design includes one Multi-Mission Radioisotope Thermoelectric Generator (MMRTG) for power. The total plutonium dioxide loading of the MMRTG is approximately 4.8 kg, containing approximately 2.2 x 10¹⁵ becquerels (58,700 curies) of Pu-238 and other radionuclides. RTGs were used on, and enabled, 26 U.S. space missions including Voyager, Pioneer, Viking, all but the first of the manned Apollo flights, Galileo, Ulysses, and Cassini. The most recent use of an RTG was for the New Horizons mission to Pluto that was launched in January 2006.

The nuclear safety launch approval process is expected to be similar to the process used on previous missions using RTGs. The MSL INSRP will review, among other documents, the Department of Energy-prepared nuclear Safety Analysis Report (SAR) for the mission and document its evaluation in a Safety Evaluation Report (SER).

After Agency review and acceptance, I will determine whether to request Presidential nuclear safety launch approval. If I request approval, I will formally transmit the SAR, SER, and other pertinent information to the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy.

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If you have any questions, please have your staff contact Dr. Colleen Hartman, Deputy Associate Administrator, Science Mission Directorate, on 202-358-2165. The NASA INSRP member for this project is Mr. Peter G. Prassinos who can be contacted on 202-358-1246.

NASA looks forward to receiving the name of your INSRP designee, and to continuing our excellent working relationship in this important planetary exploration project.

Sincerely.

Michael D. Griffin Administrator