

CONTAINMENT SYSTEMS

3/4.6.5 CONTAINMENT ENCLOSURE BUILDING

CONTAINMENT ENCLOSURE EMERGENCY AIR CLEANUP SYSTEM

LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

3.6.5.1 Two independent Containment Enclosure Emergency Air Cleanup Systems shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTION:

With one Containment Enclosure Emergency Air Cleanup System inoperable, restore the inoperable system to OPERABLE status within 7 days[#] or be in at least HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours and in COLD SHUTDOWN within the following 30 hours.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.6.5.1 Each Containment Enclosure Emergency Air Cleanup System shall be demonstrated OPERABLE:

- a. At least once per 31 days on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS by initiating, from the control room, flow through the HEPA filters and charcoal adsorbers and verifying that the system operates for at least 15 minutes;
- b. At least once per 18 months or (1) after any structural maintenance on the HEPA filter or charcoal adsorber housings, or (2) following painting, fire, or chemical release in any ventilation zone communicating with the system by:
 - 1) Verifying that the cleanup system satisfies the in-place penetration leakage testing acceptance criteria of less than 0.05% and uses the test procedure guidance in Regulatory Positions C.5.a, C.5.c, and C.5.d of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978*, and the system flow rate is 2100 cfm \pm 10%;
 - 2) Verifying, within 31 days after removal, that a laboratory analysis of a representative carbon sample obtained in accordance with Regulatory Position C.6.b of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978, by showing a methyl iodide penetration of less than or

The 7-day allowed outage time which was entered on June 4, 2006 at 0602 hours, may be extended one time by an additional 7 days to complete repair and testing on the Containment Enclosure Ventilation Area return fan EAH-FN-31B.

*ANSI N510-1980 shall be used in place of ANSI N510-1975 referenced in Regulatory Guide 1.52, Rev. 2, March 1978.