

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

ORIGINAL

Title: Advisory Committee on Nuclear Waste
169th Meeting

Docket Number: (not applicable)

PROCESS USING ADAMS
TEMPLATE: ACRS/ACNW-005
SISP - REVIEW COMPLETE

Location: Rockville, Maryland

Date: Thursday, April 20, 2006

Work Order No.: NRC-985

Pages 1-56

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UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION'S
ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON NUCLEAR WASTE

April 20, 2006

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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

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ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON NUCLEAR WASTE (ACNW)

169th MEETING

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THURSDAY,

APRIL 20, 2006

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The Advisory Committee met at 8:30 a.m. in Room 1 G16 of the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, One White Flint North, 11555 Rockville Pike, Rockville, Maryland, DR. MICHAEL T. RYAN, Chairman, presiding.

MEMBERS PRESENT:

MICHAEL T. RYAN, Chairman

ALLEN G. CROFF, Vice Chairman

JAMES H. CLARKE, Member

WILLIAM J. HINZE, Member

RUTH F. WEINER, Member

ACNW STAFF PRESENT:

LATIF HAMDAN, Designated Federal Official

I-N-D-E-X

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AGENDA ITEM

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15) OPENING REMARKS BY THE ACNW CHAIRMAN

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16) NRC RADIATION RESEARCH PROGRAM

6

P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S

(8:30 a.m.)

15) OPENING REMARKS BY THE ACNW CHAIRMAN

CHAIRMAN RYAN: Good morning, folks.

Let's come to order, if we may, please. This is the third day of the 169th meeting of the Advisory Committee on Nuclear Waste. My name is Michael Ryan, Chairman of the ACNW. The other members of the Committee present are Vice Chairman Allen Croff, Ruth Weiner, James Clarke, and William Hinze.

During today's meeting, the Committee will be briefed by representatives from the Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research on recent NRC-sponsored activities in the areas of health physics research and will continue to discuss proposed Committee letters and reports from this and earlier ACNW meetings.

Most of that work, I might add, was concluded. We have one remaining letter that we may actually defer to next month if we want to include additional information from this morning's work.

Latif Hamdan is the designated federal official for today's session. This meeting is being conducted in accordance with the provision of the Federal Advisory Committee Act.

We have received no written comments or

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1 questions for time to make oral statements from
2 members of the public regarding today's sessions.
3 Should anyone wish to address the Committee, please
4 make your wishes known to one of the Committee staff.

5 It is requested that speakers use one of
6 the microphones, identify themselves, and speak with
7 sufficient clarity and volume so that they can be
8 readily heard. It is also requested that if you have
9 cell phones or pagers, you kindly turn them off.

10 Thank you very much. And, without further
11 ado, I'll turn our attention to our presentation this
12 morning. I think Stephanie Bush-Goddard, Dr. Goddard,
13 welcome. And welcome to Dr. Chokshi. Welcome in your
14 new role as Deputy Director for the Radiation
15 Protection and Waste Management Group in the Office of
16 Nuclear Regulatory Research. We are happy to have you
17 both here. Take it away.

18 16) NRC RADIATION RESEARCH PROGRAM

19 DR. CHOKSHI: I want to thank the
20 Committee for having us this morning for this briefly.
21 Actually, it helped my education process in preparing
22 for this because I'm new to both the group and the
23 subject.

24 And one more thing I would mention about
25 in the NRRI organization for this particular group.

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1 The entire line of management has changed. We are
2 going to have a new office director very soon. The
3 division director is now Mark Cunningham. And our
4 assistant director is Sher Bahadur, Dr. Bahadur. So
5 there are challenges. But, again, I want to thank the
6 Committee for having us and giving us this
7 opportunity.

8 Stephanie?

9 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: As you all know, my
10 name is Stephanie Bush-Goddard. I am the Branch Chief
11 of the Health Effects Branch in the Office of
12 Research. And, without further ado, I'll get directly
13 into my talk.

14 I will be talking about the current goals
15 of the research plan. This was based on a SECY paper
16 in 1994 that laid out goals. I'll also talk about our
17 program overview and our ongoing initiatives, which
18 are largely based from user needs, requests from our
19 different program offices. I'll talk about our new
20 initiatives in looking forward, what we want to do in
21 the intermediate and long term. And I'll also reserve
22 at the end to talk about our regulatory guide effort.

23 I'll do two things: go into one specific
24 guide, which is one of our main guides that captures
25 some of our overlying issues that we're dealing with

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1 from looking at the impact of the ICRP
2 recommendations; and other issues.

3 So, as I said, there were four goals back
4 in 2004. We wrote a SECY paper to outline our four
5 major goals. The first one was just to maintain and
6 improve our knowledge of health effects. And this is
7 in collaboration with RSL to look at, for example, the
8 DOE low-dose study program, to look at some of the
9 BEIR VII recommendations that you will be hearing
10 about next month.

11 And then we're also required to support
12 the development of radiation protection standards and
13 implementation. This is the regulatory guide effort
14 that we're looking at all of the division 8
15 "occupational health guides" as well as other
16 dose-related guides.

17 Then we're supporting the rationale for
18 technical bases. And we're also developing technical
19 bases for risk-informed materials applications. These
20 are some F.Y. '06 initiatives, where we're looking at
21 Part 30 and Part 40 to risk-inform them.

22 So what do we do? As I said, we give
23 support to and receive support from the different
24 program offices and even regions. For example, in the
25 middle block, we have abnormal occurrence report,

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1 which is based from a mandate. The reorganization
2 after 1974 tells us to submit this report to Congress
3 every year.

4 And we also maintain the REIRS database.
5 REIRS stands for Radiological Exposure Information and
6 Reporting System. We have user needs requests to
7 update and maintain computer codes, two of them being
8 VARSKIN and RESRAD, RESRAD standing for Residual
9 Radioactivity. I will tell a little bit about that.

10 And then we also have some dose modeling
11 user needs requests. This is on page 5, where we have
12 different contracts to go out and do some MCNP
13 modeling.

14 Now, all of these are done so that the
15 licensees and also NRC can verify compliance with
16 certain parts of 10 CFR 20. I mentioned the
17 occupational health reg guides. We have some
18 interagency projects with DOE, with EPA. And then we
19 have a lot of miscellaneous things.

20 So I'm on page 6 if that's okay with you
21 guys. This is actually one of our document that the
22 Commission takes a lot of interest in because it is a
23 report to Congress. It's called our annual report to
24 Congress on abnormal occurrences.

25 And basically we report what we call AOs

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1 at our unscheduled events. And we base these criteria
2 on things like if a personal received a high or severe
3 exposure to the whole body, we also look at there were
4 major safety degradations for a reactor or a fuel
5 cycle facility. And we report these things to
6 Congress.

7 Now, we also are in the process of
8 changing the criteria. Some of the criteria is very
9 deterministic. It's a little vague. We're going to
10 more risk-informed criteria, like, for example, with
11 the reactors. We're proposing that we use some of the
12 reactor oversight processes in the criteria. This
13 actually is out for public comment right now and
14 changing the criteria.

15 To give you an example of what are some of
16 the errors that are reported, this was based on our
17 NUREG that we sent to Congress last year. We talked
18 about there was a uranium hexafluoride release. And
19 this is where they had to evacuate people.

20 Even some of the employees got reddening
21 of the skin. We also have medical events. Actually,
22 medical events are usually 90 percent of our ROs. We
23 have a diagnostic medical event at the Beaumont
24 Hospital in Michigan. This is where they used a
25 therapeutic dose gamma knife event --

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1 CHAIRMAN RYAN: I just have a question.
2 These are the exposures to the patient, not
3 necessarily a badged worker, or is it just workers?

4 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Most of them, yes, are
5 to the patient.

6 CHAIRMAN RYAN: To the patient?

7 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Yes, to the patient.

8 And then I talked about the AO criteria, but we also
9 have these things that we call items of interest that
10 did not necessarily meet the criteria, but they
11 received media attention. And Congress likes to see
12 that we are watching those.

13 Two examples of those are the misplaced
14 fuel rods at Vermont Yankee and when we had off-site
15 power in Palo Verde. This year we had I think 13
16 events. And, actually, all of them were medical.

17 The next thing we do is we maintain a
18 database of occupational and exposure records. And we
19 name that at reirs.com in the process of getting
20 updated to the URL in red.

21 We have 227 licensees this year.
22 Basically, they submit all of their occupational data
23 to us. We put it in a NUREG. We analyze it for
24 exposure trends. This is a way we can account for
25 trends in workers, workers that might work in

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1 different licensees. So we won't double-count their
2 dose.

3 We have a Web site where the licensees can
4 submit their dose records and employees can request
5 their exposure histories.

6 CHAIRMAN RYAN: It's interesting to note
7 that 227 licensees is probably a small fraction of the
8 total number of radioactive material licensees when
9 you consider agreement states.

10 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Exactly.

11 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Is there any discussion on
12 how to capture that information as well?

13 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Actually, on my last
14 slide, when I tell you about --

15 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Go ahead.

16 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Okay. It's going to be
17 next.

18 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Fair enough.

19 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: And these next three
20 slides are just data, an example of what we capture.
21 For example, last year, as you can see, the actual
22 measurable dose goes down. We have captured the dose
23 from 73 to 2004 for each of the BWR, PWR, and the
24 total light water reactors.

25 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Just a quick note as a

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1 side note. I think I want to comment and actually
2 compliment this data because we have made of that in
3 our letters to the Commission --

4 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Okay. Good.

5 CHAIRMAN RYAN: -- when we were asked
6 about some trends in tracking and when DOE talked
7 about its potential updated radiation protection
8 standards. The information was very helpful.

9 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Okay. Great. That's
10 good to know. And when you talk about how we're
11 capturing agreement states, that's a very good
12 question because, as you can see, this data shows that
13 in 2004, for a example, we had only 93 licensees. And
14 these are not agreement state licensees. These are
15 only NRC licensees. So, in fact, we're not capturing
16 the exposure data from our agreement states.

17 Just last week, we had a retreat to look
18 at an action item in trying to see how we can get that
19 data from agreement states to analyze it, you know, to
20 see what impact it has on our overall measurable dose.

21 CHAIRMAN RYAN: And there was a recent
22 paper by Professor Emery from Texas in the "Health
23 Physics Journal." It was interesting. He talked
24 about a specific group that is, I am going to guess,
25 mostly agreement state licensees. And that is the

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1 well logging sources and their users.

2 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Yes.

3 CHAIRMAN RYAN: I think historically we
4 have all recognized that that is a group that has had
5 probably a higher rate of exposures to workers than
6 perhaps other groups have. And he has actually done
7 an analysis of why that is happening and, you know,
8 when it happens with regard to new hiring and training
9 and what periods it happens to coincide with.

10 He found that as hiring goes up in the oil
11 industry, that's when those accidents actually
12 increase.

13 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Oh, okay.

14 CHAIRMAN RYAN: I'm quoting his paper. So
15 I think that's important. Maybe it's not all
16 agreement state licensees, but maybe there are
17 industry segments where there are important areas
18 where you could turn your expertise on analysis and
19 perhaps improvement. So it's a good thing to think
20 about.

21 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Yes, definitely, will
22 do. So that's kind of an example. Like you said, we
23 don't capture everything.

24 The ingestion data, I just put this up
25 here just to show you that we do capture some

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1 ingestion data, basically. This is power reactors and
2 the nuclides, the number of intakes. A lot of times
3 we highlight the hires' intake of microcuries.

4 Okay. When you said how you used the
5 data, I wish I knew. I would have a bullet up here
6 and put ACNW, but, like I said, we use it to monitor
7 the ALARA performance of our licensees. We also give
8 it to the United Nuclear Insurers. They determine
9 insurance rates from the dose data. We give it to the
10 IACR, the International Agency on Cancer Research.
11 And then we just look at it. You know, it permits
12 comparison of occupational and public risk. I'm sure,
13 you know, you use it for that.

14 Going into our user needs requests, one of
15 the requests we had from both NRR and NMSS is to
16 update VARSKIN to make it user-friendly, to make it to
17 be able to calculate different geometries to the skin.
18 And we have done that in the last couple of years.

19 Now, this system verifying the compliance
20 of 10 CFR 20.1201, which says you can calculate doses
21 up to a range of 10 cm², what we're starting to get
22 into is we could only use this code for beta radiation
23 in the different geometries. And now we're going to
24 put a full-time gamma component in it to upgrade to
25 model the point but the line forces in geometries.

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1 Our regions like to use this as a very useful, kind of
2 handy tool for them.

3 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Just thinking ahead a bit,
4 does that, then, lead us to where we might think about
5 a revised extremity dose view?

6 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Yes. Actually, also
7 last week what we were talking about is the ten
8 centimeters, the skin dose, the correct dose to
9 measure? Should we go to deep dose equivalent or
10 something like that? That's on the horizon to kind of
11 look into that. But sites in which you think about it
12 would be very useful.

13 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Dr. Paperiello in a
14 discussion with us last month pointed out that we're
15 still using NBS handbook from '64, I think it is, from
16 1959, for an extremity dose basis. So it would be
17 interesting to see how you move that forward.

18 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Okay. This is just a
19 picture to break up the monotony of the words. We
20 also have a contract with Argonne National Lab that
21 they are maintaining and updating, RESRAD.

22 And I put this picture here because now we
23 have a RESRAD on site, which is the traditional dose
24 to verify compliance with the decommissioning rules,
25 license termination rule. But they're also going on

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1 to a RESRAD off-site code, where they are putting in
2 an atmospheric dispersion model and things like that.

3 And, of course, the RESRAD pole has some
4 probabilistic features that you're probably familiar
5 with, but that's one of the codes that we also
6 maintain and update.

7 Going into the dose modeling, again, based
8 on requests from offices in verifying the current
9 needs, we are trying to expertly model doses to the
10 extremities in the fingers. And we are doing this
11 using MCNP. We are trying to determine correction
12 factors because ring dosimeters usually don't model a
13 good geometry in what dose they are getting to the
14 fingers.

15 We have the radiological toolbox. This is
16 just a compilation of databases that have dose
17 coefficients, conversion factors, and it aids us in
18 doing calculations without having to pull out federal
19 advisory reports 11 and 13 and the radiological
20 handbook and the radionuclide chart of nuclides. It's
21 just a very handy desk reference.

22 I'm going to go quickly into the
23 regulatory guide effort, but, again, at the end I'm
24 going to spend a little time on specifically one guide
25 that incorporates a lot of the different issues.

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1 As you know, the Office of Research is
2 taking on this big effort to update all of the reg
3 guides. At this moment, the particular office-wide
4 effort is not in our branch. It was in our branch for
5 maybe about a month when we were trying to get a lot
6 of things together.

7 But basically we're doing this based on a
8 couple of SECY papers in 2004 that ask the whole
9 agency to do a number of things: to update the
10 standard review plan for NRR; to just make the
11 division 8 current, guides current, because a lot of
12 them are 1970s guides.

13 So what the office did is they looked at
14 all of 352 guides. And they prioritized them high,
15 medium, and low. And the prioritization was based on,
16 you know, was there a users need request or was the
17 guide very old, things like that, were standards
18 updated that now the guides needed to be developed.

19 They looked at a lot of resources in
20 updating the guides. And, of course, we were
21 coordinating with NRR for the guides, the division 1
22 guides mainly.

23 What we have been doing in F.Y. '06 is to
24 develop a database. And this is a database of all of
25 the guides. They have the lead office, the resources

1 needed to update the guide, where guides need
2 contractor assistance, where they don't, a lot of
3 program management things.

4 And we also identify new guides. For
5 example, 10 CFR 20.1406 tells us to have a
6 contamination plan and a decommissioning plan in place
7 for new reactors, but we don't have any guidance for
8 that. So NRR is really pushing us to develop guidance
9 for that.

10 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Just for everybody's
11 benefit, 352 guides covers all categories of reg
12 guides at the NRC. That is the total.

13 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Exactly, yes.

14 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Just wanted to make sure.

15 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Divisions 1 through 10.
16 Actually, division 8, the occupational health physics
17 guides, we have about 28 or 30 guides.

18 Okay. Like I said, the major issues,
19 first of all, we were told to look at division 1.
20 They're the higher-priority guides. And we have a
21 couple of dose-based guides that I will talk about a
22 little later.

23 We're supposed to also look at the impact
24 of parts 20, 50, and 52 to see if there is consistency
25 among regulatory products. And what I mean by that is

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1 NMSS has incorporated some of the regulatory guides
2 into NUREGs. And there is an issue about should we
3 have NUREGs or should we have reg guides and things
4 like that.

5 And then we have to coordinate with the
6 standards development team to make sure that when new
7 standards are identified, they're incorporated into
8 the guides. And we're going to coordinate our reviews
9 with ACNW, ACRS. And once we get a detailed schedule,
10 something solid, we're going to send that through the
11 right channels as to when you all need to see a lot of
12 guides.

13 There have been two guides last year that
14 I think you guys waived because they were very
15 administrative in nature.

16 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Yes, I recall those.

17 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: You recall? Okay. One
18 of the interagency agreements we have with EPA,
19 Department of Homeland Security, and other agencies to
20 develop is the MARSAME manual. This is a sister of
21 the MARSAME plus codes.

22 And basically this is just a NUREG that
23 provides the technical methods of how you measure
24 materials and equipment and if we're using this to
25 demonstrate compliance with the license termination

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1 rule and actually how we can release equipment, where
2 the measurement techniques can be standard across
3 agencies.

4 CHAIRMAN RYAN: And, again, just for
5 everybody's benefit, is it surface contamination or
6 volumetric contamination kinds of questions?

7 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Yes, exactly. Exactly,
8 yes.

9 I'll spend a little bit of time on the
10 other projects of the branch. We have a spent fuel
11 dispersal project out of Sandia. This is actually a
12 homeland security type of project. And we are just
13 measuring respirable particles from different types of
14 sabotage scenarios.

15 And also we have memberships with
16 different organizations. ISOE, we give them our REIRS
17 data. We also have a membership with CIRMS at NIST to
18 just keep up with their development.

19 So that is kind of a program overview of
20 our current research. And, as you can see, we are
21 unique in that we cater to immediate user need
22 requests or we cater to how can I more effectively
23 meet the rule.

24 So it is not a lot of forward, long
25 thinking types of issues because our resources are put

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1 toward the immediate need of the offices, but we are
2 trying to move into a forward-looking organization.

3 Some of our F.Y. '06 initiatives, again,
4 are based on user needs requests. We have some issues
5 with the Energy Policy Act. We have even some
6 long-term initiatives, where once our computer codes
7 are in the maintenance mode, once we update all the
8 regulatory guides, we can take those resources and add
9 resources into looking at some long-term projects.

10 So this next picture is one that I really
11 like. And I put it up here again to be colorful. The
12 reason I like it is it kind of shows where we are as
13 far as mathematical phantoms are concerned.

14 In 1975, as you can see, this is the MERD
15 and also NRC phantom that we have adopted. But now we
16 have added a couple of more organs. But we are still
17 using the 1975 methodology or graphical
18 representation, I'll say, mathematical representations
19 of the --

20 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Style.

21 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Exactly. And, as you
22 see, in 1999, where the state of art was, you can
23 actually see the bones and the stomach and the liver
24 and you can accurately more model doses to the
25 different organs.

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1 So what we are trying to do is to move
2 from this 1975 model to a more accurate modeling of
3 dose. And we have a contract with Oak Ridge to help
4 us do that.

5 I like the top picture because it shows,
6 you know, if you would like, we're somewhere in the
7 Neanderthal type of method of doing things, where we
8 need to move over to sitting down at a computer and
9 working things out.

10 Another initiative, as you know, the
11 Energy Policy Act of 2005 had a lot of things in it.
12 And one thing they wanted the Office of Research to do
13 was to enter into a study with the National Academy of
14 Sciences.

15 They also developed this alternative
16 technologies task force. So we have people both
17 supporting the contract within National Academy to
18 look at their alternative technologies or when they
19 write their report, what they're going to say, but we
20 also have a person actually on with the working group
21 to identify alternative technologies to radiation
22 sources.

23 Some other new initiatives. You all are
24 probably familiar with the, I want to say, tritium
25 leak, but it's the contaminated sites that are leaking

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1 tritium and in some instances strontium. We have been
2 requested by the regions to help develop a fact sheet.

3 This is just not any fact sheet that you
4 might see at OPA, but this is a fact sheet that also
5 trains the regions on some advance topics. Instead of
6 just saying, you know, "We're protective of public
7 health and safety because we use the linear no
8 threshold theory, and that's conservative," what does
9 that really mean? So we can get down to plain
10 language with the public, instead of using a lot of
11 the terms, you know, "probablistic risk" and things
12 like that. So we're trying to take something very
13 technical and just break it down in steps to give
14 training on that.

15 We're updating the health physics part of
16 the response technical manual, you know, the early and
17 intermediate dose projections, the use of potassium
18 iodide based on the rule that came out about four or
19 five years ago. And, then, the technical basis for
20 parts 30 and 40 we're actually just beginning.

21 All right. Let me go to looking forward.
22 As I said, we are inundated with a lot of user need
23 requests to require us to respond to everyday needs.
24 However, there are some needs that we have identified
25 that we would like to be more in touch with.

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1 And also we have to be because a lot of
2 the users needs requests, as you notice, we send a lot
3 of things out. You know, we send it to DOE labs and
4 things like that.

5 But we're trying to bring all of that in
6 house, the dose modeling in house. So just
7 identifying NMSS needs, they need radiopharmacy dose
8 modeling. They constantly need -- because we had an
9 urgent user needs request in January for us to do
10 something very quickly. And it's hard when you're
11 going through a contractor to get anything done very
12 quickly.

13 DWM wants us to do some probablistic
14 scenarios and some doses to critical populations. The
15 regions and NRR, they need user-friendly codes. They
16 need a toolbox of codes to make them more accessible.
17 They need a toolbox of codes that are more accessible.

18 And then we also have our needs. We're
19 going into new reactor source terms. We're looking at
20 ICRP recommendations. And we need those skills in
21 house to be able to support those efforts.

22 So I talked about the impact of the ICRP
23 recommendations. The second bullet is revising the
24 collective dose. I'm not going to say too much about
25 that. I already know how ACNW feels about that. But

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1 these are --

2 CHAIRMAN RYAN: That's good.

3 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: These are things that
4 we need to revisit and think about a different way of
5 doing it because a lot of times we're struggling with
6 the gaps between radiation protection science and
7 policy and how can we merge those gaps.

8 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Fair enough.

9 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Okay. We're
10 processing. We're getting into the reprocessing. And
11 I'm told that we need to look at plutonium health
12 effects. We don't have very good data on that.

13 And I mentioned the advance reactor source
14 terms, going from, you know, thermal reactors, the
15 two-hump fission model to fast reactors and the LNT
16 model.

17 CHAIRMAN RYAN: I might mention we had
18 scheduled -- and we just moved the date, rather than
19 eliminated it, of course -- the French Academy of
20 Sciences panel members are coming now in, I think it
21 is, October or September. The date is shifted to the
22 fall based on their needs at home. So they're going
23 to come and give a presentation on their report,
24 which, of course, is separate from the BEIR VII
25 report. So that's in the works.

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1 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Okay. Let me shift to
2 page 28, regulatory guide. I'm going to do two
3 things. I am going to pass this kind of schedule of
4 division 1 for 8 and 10 guides that we have for you to
5 kind of look at; at the same time --

6 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Oh, thank you.

7 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Oh, I'm sorry.

8 CHAIRMAN RYAN: That's all right.

9 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: -- to talk about some
10 of the over-arching issues that we're facing. And I'm
11 going to take a look at this guide. It's called
12 calculation of annual doses to man from routine
13 releases of reactor fluence for the purpose of
14 evaluating compliance with 10 CFR part 50, appendix I.
15 And I guess the first revisions would be to cut it
16 down. That's a long title for a guide.

17 The reason I used this guide is it's
18 important to know the background of how this guide
19 came to be because it uses a very old ICRP dose
20 methodology in how we're trying to maybe move to the
21 current NRC, which is the ICRP 26-30 or event. That's
22 the current NRC, but the current international
23 standard, of course, is ICRP 60. And we're getting
24 ready to even see some more recommendations. We all
25 need to be on the same page, I think, of the history

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1 of NRC and its use of the ICRP recommendations.

2 So I'll talk about the background of part
3 50, how it's different from part 20, concerns of a
4 dual system here at the NRC and our licensees, what
5 are our regulatory operations, and our status of next
6 steps.

7 CHAIRMAN RYAN: One of the things that was
8 pointed out -- and Dr. Clarke, you might be able to
9 help me recall it -- in the working group session that
10 we held a month ago is a disconnect between -- was it
11 part 50, decommissioning questions related to reactor
12 cases, and other decommissioning dose stands as an
13 organ dose-based limit that is still in there versus
14 a more modern one.

15 That was just one example of several
16 disconnects. You know, the 61 has ICRP 2-base limits.
17 So it will be interesting. I mean, those are real
18 disconnects. You can end up with two different
19 answers if you look at each part.

20 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Exactly.

21 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Okay.

22 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Exactly.

23 CHAIRMAN RYAN: So that's the area you're
24 talking about?

25 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Yes, yes.

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1 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Okay. Good.

2 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: And if you see the next
3 page, for example, part 50 -- and we can say 61 if we
4 talk about -- I'm on page 31.

5 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Sorry.

6 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Actually, page 30 was
7 just a list of the guides that were born out of
8 appendix I in the guide and trying to follow appendix
9 I. The yellow guides, the ones that are in yellow,
10 are kind of a group of guides that calculate different
11 things from airborne effluents to waste treatment
12 systems, a credit dispersion that we're looking at
13 right now. The next three guides are in the system
14 somewhere to be looked at down the line.

15 But going back to talking about ICRP
16 dosimetry, part 50, appendix I and, as you said, part
17 61, it's based on ICRP. This is the whole body based
18 on ICRP concepts of dose models. This is looking at
19 the critical organ, establishing the maximum
20 permissible concentration to those critical organs.

21 Now, part 20 was also an ICRP before 1994.
22 But, of course, in 1994, part 20 went to ICRP 26-30.
23 And this is calculating the total effective dose
24 equivalent processing calculating the dose. So,
25 again, as you can see, there are two different types

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1 of methods of how we calculate dose.

2 Part 50 in 1994 did not adopt that
3 methodology. And they're still using the whole body
4 dose, the doses to the critical organs.

5 CHAIRMAN RYAN: One flaw in that system to
6 my way of thinking is that it treats different
7 radionuclides differently from a risk perspective. If
8 you have an annual dose and, you know, if I have a
9 tritium intake, let's just pick the number five for
10 the example, I'm going to get the five units of dose
11 in the year of intake.

12 If I have a five-unit dose from plutonium,
13 I'm going to get five units of dose every year I'm
14 alive thereafter. So the integral dose or the
15 integral risk is much higher.

16 And I think that's the flaw that ICRP 26
17 and 30 was aiming to overcome because on of the
18 interesting parts is if a worker does have an exposure
19 to a long and persistent radionuclide in the body, it
20 creates an obligation for every employer that employee
21 sees from then on in. So those should go away, I
22 guess, in my view.

23 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: And on 32, on page 32,
24 when we talk about the dose rejectives of appendix I,
25 they are more restrictive. However, as Mike pointed

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1 out, the dual system is confusing. That's a great
2 example that you gave. A lot of times it could be a
3 hindrance to our public confidence when we are trying
4 to explain this dual system of how we're reporting
5 dose.

6 As I talked about, it's very outdated
7 compared to current international standards. Current
8 international standards are actually ICRP 60, which
9 was in 1990, I believe. ICRP-2, where we're using
10 appendix I, I think, was developed in 1959.

11 CHAIRMAN RYAN: '59?

12 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: '59, yes. And, you
13 know, this should be updated, just like you said,
14 Mike, to reflect our current knowledge, our better
15 ability to model our internal organs better, the new
16 state of technology.

17 And the one thing that I bumped up against
18 is that ICRP-2, it's no longer taught in any health
19 physics curriculum. When I came here about six years
20 ago, when people said, "We're using ICRP-2," I was
21 like "ICRP what?" You know, I didn't realize that
22 even exists.

23 So that's kind of a reverse knowledge
24 transfer. You know, we were so worried about --

25 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Archival mining.

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1 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Exactly. Yes, exactly.

2 CHAIRMAN RYAN: And it's interesting tho
3 think about because I challenge any of you to go on
4 the Web or amazon.com or wherever and find a copy of
5 it. It's hard to find a copy of it.

6 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: So in looking at the
7 issues and concerns, these concerns are actually
8 across the board of all of the division 8's or any
9 guides that employ these methodologies. We have maybe
10 about 80 percent of our guides are pre-1994. Okay?

11 So what we were trying to come to grips
12 with into looking at how we are going to update these
13 guides is, should we even consider updating them
14 without first knowing what the Commission is going to
15 do with part 20? You know, should we look at them or
16 should we wait for the ICRP recommendations?

17 What are the requirements for part 50,
18 appendix I, those are dose-based requirements. Should
19 they just be taken out? Thank you. And should there
20 be two sets of guides? Should we have a current set
21 of guides that are for the current reactors when we go
22 to the new reactors? Should we have another set of
23 guides that are based on newer concepts? So we're
24 trying to have the whole gamut of options to be ready
25 to support the Commission on whatever decision that

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1 they want to do.

2 CHAIRMAN RYAN: I'm sure some of your
3 folks would help you find the details, but a couple of
4 the staff participated in a working group meeting that
5 we had with a variety of stakeholder representatives
6 when the ICRP recommendations came out, the draft
7 consultation papers.

8 They noted -- and it was a unanimous vote
9 of the panel -- that adopting these new
10 recommendations, should they be formalized, would not
11 add any value to their radiation protection program.
12 And we reported that to the Commission in a couple of
13 letters, actually.

14 So I think that's an interesting view to
15 kind of incorporate. And that kind of gets me to my
16 point. As you think about these things, I would
17 challenge you to think about two things. One is, what
18 is the real risk-informed value of making any step in
19 any direction, not that anyone is right or wrong or
20 better or worse than another at this moment? And
21 then, you know, what would be the impact on the
22 regulated community in terms of because I know you
23 think about these things but in terms of having to
24 rework their systems to incorporate that change.

25 The third is an alternative to think

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1 about. Maybe what you can do is describe how all
2 three work.

3 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Okay.

4 CHAIRMAN RYAN: You know, in the current
5 method, for example, in internal dosing -- again, I
6 know you realize all of this -- is licensee may
7 request and typically with a pretty quick approval,
8 "Well, I want to use ICRP-X for my dose calculations
9 because that's the more updated metabolic model from
10 the radionuclide of interest."

11 And that's usually something that the NRC
12 and agreement states will say, "Well, yes, that makes
13 a lot of sense," rather than being forced to go back
14 to the oval with the radius in it model or some other
15 kind of metabolic model. And that is a strategy that
16 helps you. You know, you are always playing catchup
17 with the changes in the recommendations. That is a
18 tough job. It's something to think about.

19 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Okay.

20 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Sorry. Go ahead.

21 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Going into the options,
22 like I said, I have maybe about four or five options
23 in how we're updating these guides. I'll send it
24 around, the ICRP recommendations, upcoming
25 recommendations, but the first two are easy. We know

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1 about them: maintain the status quo. The point about
2 this is it's more restrictive.

3 And I'm listening to -- when you said
4 "risk-informed value," you know, from public health
5 and safety, all of them are all so well below any
6 adverse health effects. That kind of throws it out.
7 I think what we're going to really have to look at is
8 what impact it has on our regulatory community.

9 You know, how much would it cost for our
10 licensees to rework the system? And I think that's
11 where -- not only our licensees but how much it's
12 costing us to have these dual systems. And that is
13 not a health effects-related issue, you know, but I
14 think that is where the rubber meets the road.

15 And then if we updated to current, part
16 20, as you know, will be consistent across most
17 licensees. But, again, it's not the most current
18 recommendation, not the most current ICRP
19 recommendation.

20 I am on page 35. One of the revisions was
21 to combine the regulatory guide process to update 20,
22 50, and 52. So this is a rulemaking and updating the
23 guides. Of course, this is more cost-effective, but
24 it integrates the current regulatory and technical
25 issues were consistent across licensees.

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1 It addresses the part 50 issue. I want to
2 mention the part 52 design certification because they
3 mention in that 10 CFR part 52 to use the dose
4 criteria in appendix I. So they're actually saying,
5 "Use ICRP-2."

6 The cons of that, of course, the reg guide
7 could be delayed. And we would need some updated
8 guidance and some other things. We don't want to
9 necessarily update the guide without Commission
10 direction before they decide on part 20.

11 We are also updating the regulatory guide
12 applicable only to part 52 design certifications. And
13 I put these up here because what we have been tasked
14 to do is to look at new reactors, you know, make our
15 priority, part 52 design certifications. So this was
16 just a pro and a con for that.

17 The pro again, it allows us to target only
18 upcoming new power plant licensees, which the agency
19 is really putting some more priority resources into,
20 but then, you know, since part 52 again is appendix I,
21 we're back in that same circle of using outdated
22 regulations.

23 The next option that we're going to talk
24 about is to update the reg guide for only advance
25 reactors. And this is the other end of the totem pole

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1 from not doing anything at all but just looking
2 forward.

3 And the pro, again, is that we're trying
4 to look forward to see if we can incorporate, if we
5 can have something ready for new reactors. But the
6 con, again, is that we could use a lot of resources
7 for something that may not happen. You know, it may
8 be premature and unnecessary.

9 One of Dr. Paperiello's favorites is this
10 one on page 38, to just eliminate appendix I, dose
11 objectives, from part 50. This helps because it
12 centralizes all dose limits into part 20. It will
13 simply some elements of the reactor oversight program.

14 But a con is further -- as I said,
15 licensees are so used to using appendix I, this is a
16 different culture of radiation protection. They would
17 have to rework a lot of their dosimetry systems.

18 Again, we're also looking at
19 non-rulemaking options. We're looking at writing
20 maybe a policy statement or a RIS, a regulatory issues
21 summary, offering the licensees options to come in for
22 exemptions and things like that. But, as we know, the
23 Commission does not like to regulate by exemptions.

24 So what are we doing for all of our reg
25 guides? We're assessing the impact on NRC regulations

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1 of the reactor oversight program on licensees. Like
2 you said, look at the risk-informed value, as opposed
3 to what is the impact to the different licensees,
4 where they have to rework their programs.

5 We're looking at ALARA considerations,
6 backfit, cost-benefit, all of that, and also public
7 confidence, which is actually probably the most
8 difficult to judge and put some type of, you know,
9 pros and cons. It depends on where you are, whether
10 or not dose objectives could be positively looked at
11 as increasing public confidence or negatively.

12 We're going to get ready to send a paper
13 to the Commission kind of outlining a lot of these
14 issues. And we after kind of get their blessing on
15 the way to go, we're going to come back to ACNW.

16 Now, in this presentation, I mentioned a
17 lot about part 50 and dose objectives. So what we are
18 maybe proposing -- and that can be the subject of
19 discussion -- is, should we have a full ACNW meeting
20 with a subcommittee of the ACRS because, you know,
21 when we think about dose, we think about ACNW for
22 materials licensees, but a lot of these issues are
23 overlapping.

24 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Oh, sure.

25 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Yes.

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1 CHAIRMAN RYAN: And we can sure work on
2 that decision as we think more about how that will
3 shape up.

4 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Okay.

5 CHAIRMAN RYAN: That sounds like a good
6 idea.

7 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Okay. So --

8 CHAIRMAN RYAN: We actually, I might
9 mention, did that for the working group that we had on
10 the ICRP Foundation documents. We had one of the ACRS
11 members sit in on our panel or with us as we had that
12 panel meeting, and that worked out very well. Dana
13 Powers, Dr. Powers, was the person who took on that
14 responsibility with us.

15 So we have joint activities with ACRS.
16 And this may be one that, as you point out, is quite
17 appropriate.

18 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Okay. So that is kind
19 of the overview of the program, where we are into
20 responding to a lot of immediate needs and how we want
21 to build a lot of the technical capabilities in house
22 so we can adequately address some of the deeper ICRP
23 recommendations, look at some of the different
24 impacts.

25 But I think it is going to come down to

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1 not necessarily a health effects issue but necessarily
2 a policy issue when it comes down to deciding which
3 way we are going to go.

4 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Thanks very much.
5 Interesting presentation.

6 DR. CHOKSHI: Yes. I had a couple
7 of comments, I think. As Stephanie talked about,
8 there are activities, like databases and AO reports,
9 which will continue. And then we want to move in a
10 direction of building some capability. Also, the new
11 reactor licensing, the advance fuel cycling, and
12 issues of knowledge management and succession
13 planning, the office is focusing quite a bit on that.

14 We had a management retreat two weeks
15 back. And one of the things that I'm -- where I'm
16 going is that we are actually looking at recruiting.
17 This is an opportunity both -- we are looking at the
18 mid-level people with sort of an expertise. We can
19 come in and -- we will be implementing some of these
20 things. And we are also looking at entry-level.

21 And some of this is a unique opportunity
22 that we have been allowed to go out and recruit very
23 actively. And at entry-level, it's pretty much if you
24 can see somebody who is -- that is a good opportunity
25 to what Stephanie has been saying about, you know, we

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1 can do that. You know, we are beginning to start that
2 process.

3 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Very good. That sounds
4 encouraging. That's exciting.

5 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Yes, very exciting.

6 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Okay. Questions. Dr.
7 Clarke?

8 MEMBER CLARKE: Thank you. Just a quick
9 comment, Mike, if I could.

10 With respect to information systems,
11 there's one with which I am sure you are familiar:
12 the National Library in Medicine. They operate a
13 system called TOXNET. And within that system is
14 something called the hazardous substance data bank,
15 which is I think in my opinion an excellent source of
16 information for chemical hazards, health effects,
17 environmental fate and transport, and a number of
18 other things.

19 It is my understanding that they have
20 recently made a decision to include in that database
21 selected radionuclides. And that is a fairly recent
22 decision. I just wanted to mention that to you.

23 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Okay. That's good to
24 know.

25 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Thank you. That's all?

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1 MEMBER CLARKE: That's it. Thank you.

2 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Dr. Hinze?

3 (No response.)

4 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Allen?

5 (No response.)

6 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Ruth?

7 MEMBER WEINER: Stephanie, thank you so
8 much for an absolutely excellent overview. I have a
9 couple of questions that occurred to me during your
10 presentation.

11 I noticed you're still using a backyard
12 farmer scenario. We had a discussion in one of our
13 working groups on decommissioning of encouraging
14 people to use a more realistic scenario.

15 Has your group given any thought to -- I
16 know you have a lot to think about and a lot to do,
17 but have you given any thought to moving to guidance
18 on more realistic scenarios?

19 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Yes, Dr. Ruth. In
20 fact, we have -- I say "Dr. Ruth" instead of Dr.
21 Weiner.

22 MEMBER WEINER: No. That's fine.
23 Stephanie has been calling me Dr. Ruth for six years
24 now.

25 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: In fact, we just had a

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1 letter report that looked at different land use
2 scenarios: The urban, rural, semi-urban/rural paper
3 that got different probabilities.

4 For example, I think we took New Jersey.
5 And in ten years, what was the probability of
6 downtown, say, Newark, for example, being a resident
7 farmer type of area? And, of course, that's a very,
8 very low probability, exactly, exactly.

9 And so we actually went through and took
10 out some of the pathways that you would have for the
11 backyard resident farmer. And, of course, the doses
12 went down. So we are in the very early stages of
13 looking at what you just talked about.

14 MEMBER WEINER: That's really very good.
15 I would commend you on that.

16 This is just a question. In your RAD
17 toolbox, do you use FGR-13 or are you still using 11
18 and 12?

19 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: I believe that we have
20 all three of them, but I have to -- oh, no 13, no.

21 MEMBER WEINER: No 13. Are you thinking
22 of going to 13?

23 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Yes. I think we are
24 thinking about updating the dose conversion factors,
25 yes.

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1 MEMBER WEINER: Thank you. On
2 reprocessing, I notice you talk about the UF-6
3 release. And UF-6 is, of course, primarily a chemical
4 hazard less than a radiological hazard. To what
5 extent do you get into looking at chemical hazards?
6 I know this is not really a responsibility of NRC, but
7 there is so much overlap. And in reprocessing, you
8 have serious chemical hazards to look at.

9 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: That's true, yes. As
10 you said, that is not necessarily a responsibility for
11 the NRC. And in the past, as you know, we haven't
12 looked at a lot of chemical effects. Now they're
13 reprocessing.

14 Reprocessing is very new. And in just
15 discussing our long-term plans, which I'm necessarily
16 not a part of, but we are looking into even hiring
17 chemical engineers and actinide scientists and things
18 like that to look at the effects.

19 I don't know if we have -- that's in
20 another group. And I don't want to say too much about
21 it. So if you want to know more, I'll be more than
22 happy to kind of maybe give you what we're looking for
23 in the future, but I don't want to --

24 MEMBER WEINER: Well, if it's another
25 group, then --

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1 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Okay. Yes, that's
2 another group.

3 MEMBER WEINER: -- that's another group.

4 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Okay.

5 MEMBER WEINER: I wanted to, finally,
6 point out that in updating your reg guides, only for
7 new reactors, that creates an enormous problem. But
8 you might look at what some other agencies have done.

9 EPA, for example, has a sliding scale
10 regulation for auto emissions, which is based on age.
11 And they have done this without any particular agony
12 on the part of users.

13 Of course, you know, there are lots and
14 lots of cars. And the users of automobiles are not as
15 closed a group as nuclear reactor licensees.

16 But other agencies have gone this route to
17 have one set of guidance for older facilities and
18 another for newer facilities. And I think you might
19 take a look at what has happened to some of that.

20 Finally, I would like to say that I
21 certainly appreciate what you said about education.
22 We move ahead faster in the universities in what is
23 taught than the regulatory agencies do. And this
24 seems to create a problem all along the line.

25 Again, thanks for your presentation.

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1 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Thank you.

2 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Thanks, Ruth.

3 Boy, it's a jam-packed morning we have had
4 so far. We have covered an awful lot of ground. You
5 have got a lot of challenges ahead of you.

6 Have you thought about ideas of do you
7 just stop thinking about 10 or 11 divisions of reg
8 guides and think up a new approach? Have you kind of
9 decided you have to update the reg guides or --

10 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: I think we've decided
11 we have to update the reg guides, but we are looking
12 into reorganizing the divisions. You know, division
13 1 I think is power reactor, division 2 research,
14 division 3 fuel cycles, on and on and on.

15 And the reg guide that I took a lot of
16 time on was actually reg guide in division 1, but it's
17 basically how you calculate doses, which is also
18 division 8 reg guide. So there are some cross --

19 CHAIRMAN RYAN: There is a bit of overlap
20 when you really get right down to it.

21 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: A lot, yes.

22 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Now, you know, air
23 sampling is in a number of places.

24 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Exactly, yes.

25 CHAIRMAN RYAN: And so it sort of begs the

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1 question, is the guidance designed to be detail and
2 prescriptive or is it designed to be generic and more
3 technique and calculational focus, rather than "You
4 must do this. So here is a range of things you could
5 use, and any of these are fine" sort of approach?

6 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: I've seen it. The 28
7 guides in division 8 that I'm looking at, they're all
8 across --

9 CHAIRMAN RYAN: All of the spectrum.

10 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Exactly, all the
11 spectrum. It's interesting to think about, and it's
12 a tough question. I don't have an answer to offer
13 you, but --

14 DR. CHOKSHI: And I think it's historical
15 evolution. Those guides were developed as needs. And
16 now it's time to look at that holistically and see
17 maybe we can do --

18 CHAIRMAN RYAN: One other comment about
19 ICRP, you know, that I think about -- I mean, I spent
20 a good part of my career as a licensee, so having
21 updates come down from an agreement state or from NRC,
22 you know, it causes a lot of work and time and money
23 -- is what is really the value to radiation
24 protection.

25 I think getting away from two and going to

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1 something that is committed dose made a lot of sense
2 to me because it gets rid of this inequity question
3 for radionuclide A versus B. It also gets over the
4 hurdle that if you send a worker to a new employer,
5 the new employer might have a very expensive
6 obligation to monitor bio assay, you know, if he has
7 got a body burden or something, ICRP-2.

8 So that made an awful lot of sense. But
9 when we're tweaking little things from one -- I mean,
10 you know, I think Dr. Clarke described his foundation
11 document as incremental or evolutionary, rather than
12 revolutionary. That's what he said.

13 Again, we got the views that there was no
14 value added because there really wasn't a lot of
15 change. In fact, there was one distinct negative.
16 Dr. Powers pointed out that, you know, the current
17 terminology and structure of ALARA in our system would
18 be completely turned upside down by the just language
19 from constraint and limit and guide. You know, they
20 are all twisted around from the way we use them in the
21 ICRP document. So that would add no value.

22 Now, where does that lead you to the end
23 of the day? You know, we stuck with five rem per year
24 and didn't go to two, and there are lots of reasons
25 why.

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1 We sort of pick and choose what we want to
2 use. So are we drifting away from "a wholesale
3 incorporation" of ICRP or are we adopting and adapting
4 things that make sense to us from the international
5 community?

6 That's a different sort of structure from
7 saying, do we follow ICRP or do we integrate ICRP,
8 thinking as we deem it appropriate for our needs? So
9 somewhere along the line, it's really the NRC's view
10 of the world, not ICRP's, that we're really thinking
11 about.

12 And dose models are going to be updated.
13 ICRP is going to keep writing reports of one sort or
14 another and on into the next millennium probably.

15 So, you know, I guess I'm leading to a
16 question. What is the plan for the next go-around on
17 all of this, when ICRP has the new round of documents?
18 I mean, are you structured and staffed and capable to
19 once you get through this round think about how do we
20 institutionalize this updating process?

21 That's a tough question.

22 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: That's a very tough
23 question and --

24 CHAIRMAN RYAN: You don't even have to
25 answer it --

1 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Okay. Thank you very
2 much.

3 CHAIRMAN RYAN: -- if you just want to
4 think about it.

5 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Everything that you
6 said we are definitely thinking about.

7 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Okay. Good.

8 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: We don't have any solid
9 answers.

10 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Yes. I know you are, but
11 it's just interesting to share it and hear that you
12 are on that page.

13 And, finally, I guess, is there anything
14 that we can think about or should think about in terms
15 of this manpower question? Dr. Paperiello in his
16 comments to us made a very pointed comment or two
17 about the fact that health physics manpower in the
18 agency as a whole is dwindling pretty rapidly. And I
19 see the farewells every time in the newsletter.

20 There are lots of folks I know who are
21 retiring from the health physics and related sciences
22 rank. So we also know and I'm sure you know it, too,
23 that there aren't nearly as many schools, --

24 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Exactly, yes.

25 CHAIRMAN RYAN: -- health physics programs

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1 at any level, particularly the graduate level. So
2 Ph.D. health physics graduates or Master's degree
3 health physics graduates are getting smaller.

4 I mean, there are some outstanding
5 programs that are robust and larger than most, Texas
6 A&M and others, a few of those, but if you can think
7 of anything we should turn our attention to in that
8 area, don't hesitate to ask.

9 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Okay.

10 CHAIRMAN RYAN: It's interesting to think
11 about.

12 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Well, exactly what you
13 said. We do, I think, have a health physics shortage.
14 And I think you may in light of that -- the Health
15 Physics Society had a 2004 report, I think, about
16 where were the shortages and what we need to do.

17 We are, I think, beefing up a little bit
18 to try to bring in health physicists and also support
19 programs through, like, for example, the DOE health
20 fellowship and the NRC health fellowship. They've
21 begun again. Well, not health physics fellowship but
22 fellowships to support. So I think as we shout a
23 little bit more, hopefully we'll get more support in
24 that area.

25 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Is there any merit to

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1 thinking about for the perhaps junior staff, health
2 physics folks who are here, actually making, you know,
3 a course for the American Board of Health Physics
4 certification part of their activities here; in other
5 words, bring the classroom to NRC headquarters, rather
6 than try and send people off one at a time?

7 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: No, there's not been
8 any concerted effort here, but I know that every year,
9 the armed forces university -- I don't know the exact
10 name of it, but I know they have a health physics
11 course.

12 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Yes. I'm thinking of
13 something a little bit more formal than perhaps a
14 chapter class, which tends to be relatively short
15 duration but something where somebody could -- I am
16 thinking ahead, even collaborate with the university
17 and offer college credit or credit towards a Master's
18 degree or something that really makes it high-powered,
19 of more value.

20 DR. CHOKSHI: I know that in the other
21 nuclear area, in a city of Maryland, we are in the
22 process of doing that.

23 CHAIRMAN RYAN: I see.

24 DR. CHOKSHI: So that is a good situation.

25 We need to do that, yes, --

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1 CHAIRMAN RYAN: It's something to think
2 about.

3 DR. CHOKSHI: -- look at something like
4 that, yes.

5 MEMBER WEINER: If I could add a comment
6 to that effect? Some of the national laboratories
7 provide their employees with 32 hours a year for
8 education. And I think some courses, even
9 postgraduate courses for people with Ph.D.'s or people
10 with Master's degrees could help with this.

11 It's 32 hours to study whatever you want.
12 And I think all they need is some encouragement in
13 this area.

14 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Any other questions or
15 comments?

16 MR. WIDMAYER: Derek Widmayer with ACNW
17 staff.

18 Dr. Goddard, in preparation for this
19 meeting, the Committee had a couple of questions which
20 they asked me to look into. And I think your
21 presentation this morning went a long way towards
22 answering those questions. So I wanted to thank you.

23 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: You're welcome.

24 MR. WIDMAYER: One of the things that I
25 found when I was researching this area was an answer

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1 to an SRM from NMSS, where they have identified
2 high-priority guidance documents within the nuclear
3 materials and waste safety area. And, actually, the
4 attachment is eight pages of guidance that they
5 recommend needs to be worked on.

6 And I guess I was wondering, could you
7 address, how does the bureaucracy work? I mean, it
8 looks like these are things that NMSS is going to work
9 on, although there are reg guides that are listed.
10 And so I got a little bit confused as to how this
11 effort coincides with your effort. So if you could
12 address that a little bit?

13 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: I don't think I'm
14 familiar with that. Is that a SECY paper or --

15 MR. WIDMAYER: It's a response to a staff
16 requirements memo for a --

17 DR. BUSH-GODDARD: Oh, okay.

18 MR. WIDMAYER: It looks like Sher --

19 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Dr. Bahadur, do you want
20 to just come up and tell us who you are? And you know
21 the drill.

22 DR. BAHADUR: Sher Bahadur, Assistant
23 Division Director of the newly developed division
24 called Division of Fuel, Engineering, and Radiation
25 Protection -- Radiation Research. It's a mouthful,

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1 and I'm just trying to remember that.

2 MR. WIDMAYER: What's the acronym?

3 DR. BAHADUR: We call it -- the acronym is
4 such that I don't want to say it. It's called DFER.
5 And the division was formed when I was away to India.
6 So I had nothing to do with the name.

7 It's a good question, Derek. The NMSS has
8 come up with their priority of reg guides. NRR has
9 also prepared a similar list for the reg guides they
10 want to review.

11 Right now we are in the budget process.
12 And one of the steps in the budget process is the
13 universal prioritization, where each office brings
14 their wish list and then reconcile with all of the
15 offices, and then the resources are doled out
16 accordingly.

17 Right now we are going through that
18 process. And we haven't yet merged our lists. And
19 once that happens, then whatever comes to the higher
20 priority reg guides will be taken by the respective
21 officers.

22 Office of Research is responsible for all
23 the reg guide development, with the leg work to be
24 done by various offices. And we are in that process
25 right now.

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1 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Sher, that's real helpful.
2 What we did after hearing Carl's presentation last
3 month, we sort of said, "Well, we really don't have
4 enough information."

5 We get a lot of kind of management-level
6 comments and suggestions from Carl on things that were
7 on the radar screen. Of course, we have heard in
8 detail this morning an excellent presentation from Dr.
9 Bush-Goddard on the details of that. And the research
10 that Derek was doing was trying to gather the story.
11 So your comments that it is on the radar screen and in
12 this year's budget process is helpful.

13 I think what we are aiming toward is
14 writing a letter on both presentations to give our
15 view on where some emphasis might be and to offer some
16 insights, the things I've mentioned to you, really,
17 this morning. So that's probably where we will head.

18 DR. BAHADUR: We look forward to your
19 comments on that, then.

20 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Sure. Okay. And just
21 looking ahead, we'll probably read out a revised
22 letter. We read out kind of the first part and got
23 that organized. And we'll do it probably next month.
24 So we'll keep you up to date on that.

25 DR. BAHADUR: If you can provide any more

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1 information in either you letter on Dr. Paperiello's
2 presentation or on Dr. Bush-Goddard's presentation,
3 then we can provide that to you, even after this
4 session.

5 CHAIRMAN RYAN: That would be great. I
6 think our goal is to provide an understanding of the
7 full story, you know, so that the Commission
8 recognizes that we know and have commented on what is
9 on the plate and then what we think might be helpful
10 for their insight.

11 DR. BAHADUR: Also on the knowledge
12 management and the success planning, we can provide
13 some more information as to where the agency and the
14 office is doing in terms of training, in terms of
15 hiring new people, mentoring the newer staff, and then
16 downloading the knowledge from the people who are on
17 the verge of retirement.

18 CHAIRMAN RYAN: That would be great.
19 Actually, that would be very helpful if we could
20 comment on that. If we had that to comment on, that
21 would be great.

22 DR. BAHADUR: Okay.

23 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Thank you.

24 Anything else?

25 (No response.)

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1 CHAIRMAN RYAN: All right. Well, thank
2 you folks very much. We appreciate you being with us
3 and look forward to seeing you again soon.

4 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Any comments or questions?

5 Oh, yes. If you would, please, there are
6 attendees' lists, I think, at both doors.

7 PARTICIPANT: No, it wasn't. And I had it
8 going around.

9 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Oh, I'm sorry. There are
10 two: one for guests and visitors and one for NRC
11 staff. If you would just please pencil your name in,
12 that would be great. And we'll pass that around.

13 Any other items of business?

14 (No response.)

15 CHAIRMAN RYAN: Well, with that, I think
16 we're adjourned for the record. Is there any other
17 business for the record? Derek? Michelle?

18 (No response.)

19 CHAIRMAN RYAN: All right. We'll close
20 the record here.

21 (Whereupon, the foregoing matter was
22 concluded at 9:40 a.m.)

23

24

25

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This is to certify that the attached proceedings
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Nuclear Waste

169th Meeting

Docket Number: n/a

Location: Rockville, MD

were held as herein appears, and that this is the
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Regulatory Guide Revision Effort for Divisions 1, 4, 8 and 10

The Health Effects and Waste Research Branches of the Radiation Protection, Environmental Risk and Waste Management Directorate (RPERWMD) is proposing a revision of guides included in: 1) **Division 1**, Power Reactors, 2) **Division 4**, Environmental and Siting, 3) **Division 8**, Occupational Health, and 4) **Division 10**, General Guidance.

In 2004, the Health Effects and Waste Research Branches of the Radiation Protection, Environmental Risk and Waste Management Directorate (RPERWMD) developed a working group with representatives from NRR and NMSS to initiate an effort for revising Division 8 Regulatory Guides (RGs). The Working Group developed a prioritization list.

However, due to new issues that were developed since 2004 and further discussions with representatives from other offices, the RPERWMD, is planning to reestablish the working group with representatives from the program offices to reevaluate the priority indicated by RPERWMD and shown below.

Completed Revision Division 8 Regulatory Guides

FY 2005

In FY 2005 RES/RPERWMD revised RG 8.7, Instructions of Recording and Reporting Occupational Radiation Exposure Data

Proposed Revision of Division 8 and Other Regulatory Guides

FY 2006

In FY 2006 RPERWMD will be completing in 2006 RG 8.38, Control of Access to High and Very high Radiation Areas

Other Proposed Division 8 Regulatory guides to be performed in 2006 include:

RG - 8.34 - Monitoring Criteria and Methods to Calculated Occupational Radiation Doses

RG - 8.9 – Acceptable Concepts, Models, Equations, and Assumptions for a Bioassay Program, Combined with 8.26 – Application of Bioassay for Fission and Activation Products, 8.32 – Criteria for Establishing a Tritium Bioassay Program, 8.20 – Application of Bioassay for I-125 and I-131, and 8.36 – Radiation Dose to the Embryo-Fetus

RG - 8.4 – Direct Reading and Indirect Reading Pocket Dosimeters combined with 8.28 Audible Alarm Dosimeters

The following guides are suggested for deletion

RG - 8.2 – Guide for Administrative Practices in Radiation Monitoring
Included in Regulations

RG - 8.6 – Standard Test Procedure for GM Counters
Included in ANSI standards, and industry provides information on GM

Also, RES will review guides Included in NUREG's such as;

NUREG 1736 - NRC: Consolidated Guidance: 10 CFR Part 20 - Standards for Protection Against Radiation (NUREG-1736)

RG - 3.18 – Information Relevant to Ensuring that Occupational Radiation Exposures at Medical Institutions will be as Low As Reasonable Achievable

NUREG 1556 - NRC: Consolidated Guidance About Materials Licenses - Program-Specific Guidance About Fixed Gauge Licenses - Final Report (NUREG-1556, Vol. 4)

RG 8.23 – Radiation Safety Surveys at Medical Institutions

RG 8.33 – Quality Management Program

RG 8.39 – Release of Patients Administered Radioactive Material

Proposed Continuation of Division 8 Regulatory Guides from FY 2006 to FY 2007

RG - 3.1 – Radiation Symbol (Part 20 and ANSI N2.1 -1969)

RG - 3.8 – Information (New Part 20)

RG - 3.10 – Operating Philosophy for Maintaining Occupational Radiation Exposures As Low As Is Reasonably Achievable

RG - 3.11 – Instruction Concerning Prenatal Radiation Exposure (Part 20)

RG - 3.19 – Occupational Radiation Dose Assessment in Light-water Reactor Power Plants – Design Stage Man-Rem Estimates

RG - 3.21 – HP Surveys for By product Materials at NRC-Licensed Processing and Manufacturing Plants

RG - 3.22 – Bioassay at Uranium Mills

RG - 3.24 – HP Surveys During Enriched U-235 Processing and Fuel Fabrication

RG - 3.27 – Radiation Protection Training for Personnel at Light-Water Cooled Nuclear Power Plants

RG - 3.29 – Instruction Concerning Risks From Occupations Radiation Exposure

RG - 3.30 – HP Survey sin Uranium Mills

RG - 3.31 – Information Relevant to Ensuring that Occupations Radiation Exposures at Uranium Recovery Facilities Will Be As Low AS IS reasonable Achievable

RG - 3.34 – Monitoring criteria and Methods to Calculate Occupations Radiation Doses

Proposed Division Regulatory Guides for FY 08 and Beyond

RG - 8.5 – Criticality and Other Interior Evacuation Signals

RG - 8.13 – Instruction Concerning Prenatal Radiation Exposure

RG - 8.15 – Acceptable Programs for Respiratory Protection

RG - 8.25 – Air Sampling in Work Place

RG - 8.31 – Information Relevant to Ensuring that Occupational Radiation Exposures at Uranium Recovery Facilities Will Be As Low As Is Reasonable Achievable

RG - 8.32 – Criteria for Establishing a Tritium Bioassay Program

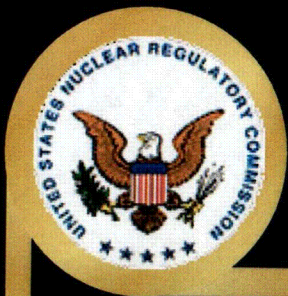
RG - 8.35 – Planned Special Exposures

RG - 8.36 – Radiation Dose to the Embryo/Fetus

RG - 8.37 – ALARA Levels for Effluents from Materials Facilities

Division 1 Regulatory Guides

In 2005 a Working Group was established to evaluate the revision of regulatory guide 1.109, 1.111, 1.112 and 1.113 – Light Water Reactor Radiological Effluents (might incorporate 1.21.) The Working group has made recommendations that will be reviewed further process.



Program Review of the Health Effects Branch in the Office of Research

Presented to:
The Advisory Committee on Nuclear Waste
April 20 2006

Presented by:
Stephanie Bush-Goddard, Ph. D.
With input from Staff



Briefing Outline

- **Current Goals of the Research Plan**
- **Program Overview**
- **Ongoing Initiatives**
- **FY 06 Initiatives**
- **Resources**
- **Looking Forward**
 - **Intermediate and Long Term Needs**
 - **Modifying the Research Plan**



Four Major Goals for More Robust Research Program

- **Goal No. 1: Maintain and Improve Knowledge of Health Effects**
- **Goal No. 2: Support Development of Radiation Protection Standards and Implementation**
- **Goal No. 3: Support Rationales and Technical Bases**
- **Goal No. 4: Develop Technical Basis for Risk-Informing Materials Applications**

Current
Program
Overview

Mandates
Energy Reorg.
Act of 1974
Licensee
Requirements
in 10 CFR 20.2206

**Abnormal
Occurrences
Report to Congress**

**REIRS
Database**

Support to/from
NRR, NMSS,
NSIR, OSTP
and Regions

**Computer
Codes**
User Needs
Request

**VARSKIN
10 CFR 20.1201**

**RESRAD
License Term Rule
CFR 20 Subpart E**

Current Program Overview Cont.

Support to NRC, Other Agencies and Governments

Dose Modeling User Need Request

Occupational Health Regulatory Guides

Interagency Projects

MISC

Radiopharmacy Project

Radiological Toolbox

RG 8.3, 8.37, 8.9, 1.109

MARSAME, RESRAD

Spent Fuel Dispersal Project

ISOE, CIRMS, IAEA Reviews



Per Energy Reorganization Act of 1974 Abnormal Occurrence (AO) Report to Congress NUREG - 0090

- **Product:** Annual Report to Congress on Abnormal Occurrences
 - AOs are unscheduled incidents or events significant from the standpoint of health and safety

- **Criteria based on**
 - Moderate/Severe Exposures and/or Major safety degradation

- **Proposing a change in the Criteria**
 - Consistent with Strategic Plan
 - 10 CFR Part 35
 - Based on Accident Sequence Precursor Program and Reactor Oversight Process
 -to make more risk-informed



Example of AOs that are reported

- **Uranium Hexafluoride Release at Honeywell Specialty Chemicals, Inc in Metropolis Illinois**
- **Diagnostic Medical Events at William Beaumont Hospital in Royal Oak, Michigan**
- **Gamma Knife Event at Radiosurgical Center of Memphis Tennessee**
- **Examples of Items of Interest**
 - **Vermont Yankee Misplaced Spent Fuel Rods**
 - **Loss of Offsite Power at Palo Verde**

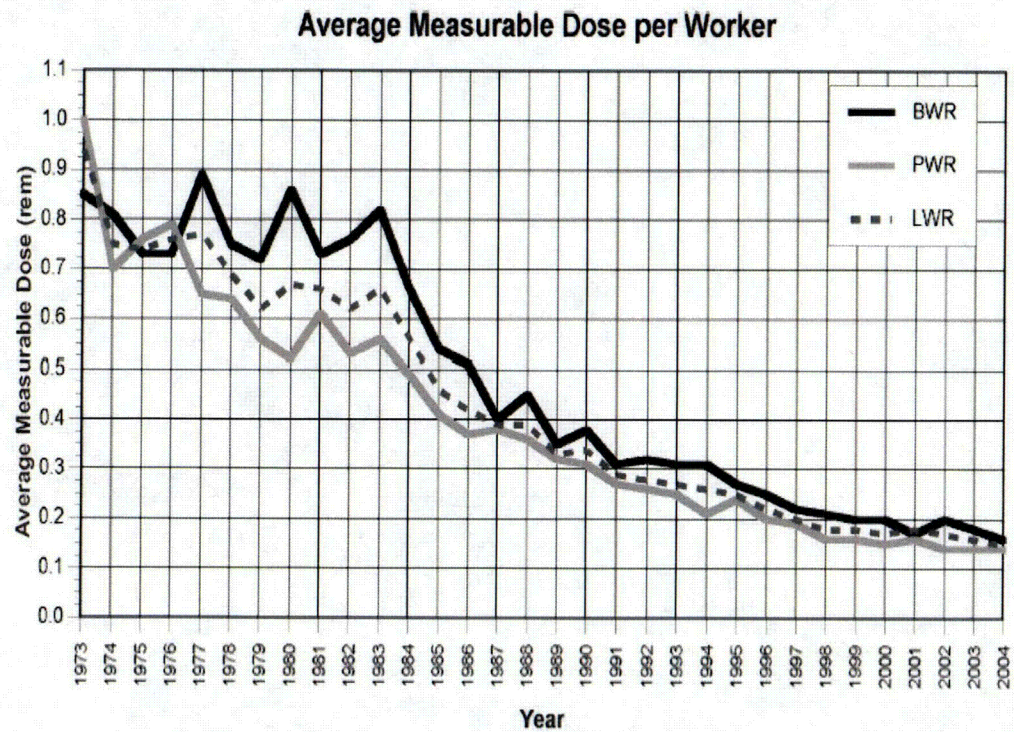


Regulatory Requirements
Exposure Information and Recording System
reirs.com, www.nrc.gov/reirs
NUREG - 0028

- **Product:** Annual Report and Database
- **227 Licensees** (120,000 + dose records) entered annually
 - Data analyzed for dose exposure trends
 - Adjusted to account for duplicate reporting of transient workers
- **REIRS website**
 - Allows secure electronic submittals of exposure data
 - Allows workers to request lifetime dose histories



REIRS Data





REIRS Data

TABLE 3.4
Annual Exposure Information for Industrial Radiographers
2002 - 2004

Year	Type of License	Number of Licensees	Number of Monitored Individuals	Workers With Measurable Dose	Collective Dose (person-rem)	Average Measurable Dose (rem)
2002	Single Location	15	112	55	4	0.08
	Multiple Locations	85	3,308	2,787	1,725	0.62
	Total	100	3,420	2,842	1,729	0.61
2003	Single Location	12	97	45	4	0.07
	Multiple Locations	95	2,821	2,496	1,725	0.65
	Total	107	2,918	2,541	1,729	0.64
2004	Single Location	12	146	45	3	0.07
	Multiple Locations	81	3,046	2,721	1,564	0.57
	Total	93	3,192	2,766	1,567	0.57

3-7

NUREG-0713



Ingestion Data

TABLE 3.7
Intake by Licensee Type and Radionuclide Mode of Intake – *Ingestion and Other*
2004

Mode	Licensee Type	Program Code	Radionuclide	Number of Intake Records*	Collective Intake in Microcuries**	Collective Intake in Microcuries (sci. notation)
Ingestion	Power Reactors	41111	AM-241	5	0.000	3.28E-04
		41111	CM-242	5	0.000	1.26E-06
		41111	CM-243	5	0.000	1.13E-04
		41111	CO-58	4	0.119	1.19E-01
		41111	CO-60	6	0.778	7.78E-01
		41111	CS-137	4	0.011	1.12E-02
		41111	PU-238	5	0.000	2.29E-04
		41111	PU-239	5	0.000	7.79E-05
		41111	PU-241	5	0.003	3.44E-03

NOTE: The data values shown bolded and in boxes represent the highest value in each category.

* An intake event may involve multiple nuclides, and individuals may incur multiple intakes during the year. The number of intake records given here indicates the number of separate intake reports that were submitted on NRC Form 5 reports under 10 CFR 20.2206.

** A microcurie is one millionth of a Curie.



Example of Data Uses

- **NRC can effectively monitor ALARA performance**
- **United Nuclear Insurers to determine insurance rates**
- **International Agency on Cancer Research**
- **Permits comparison of occupational and public risk**



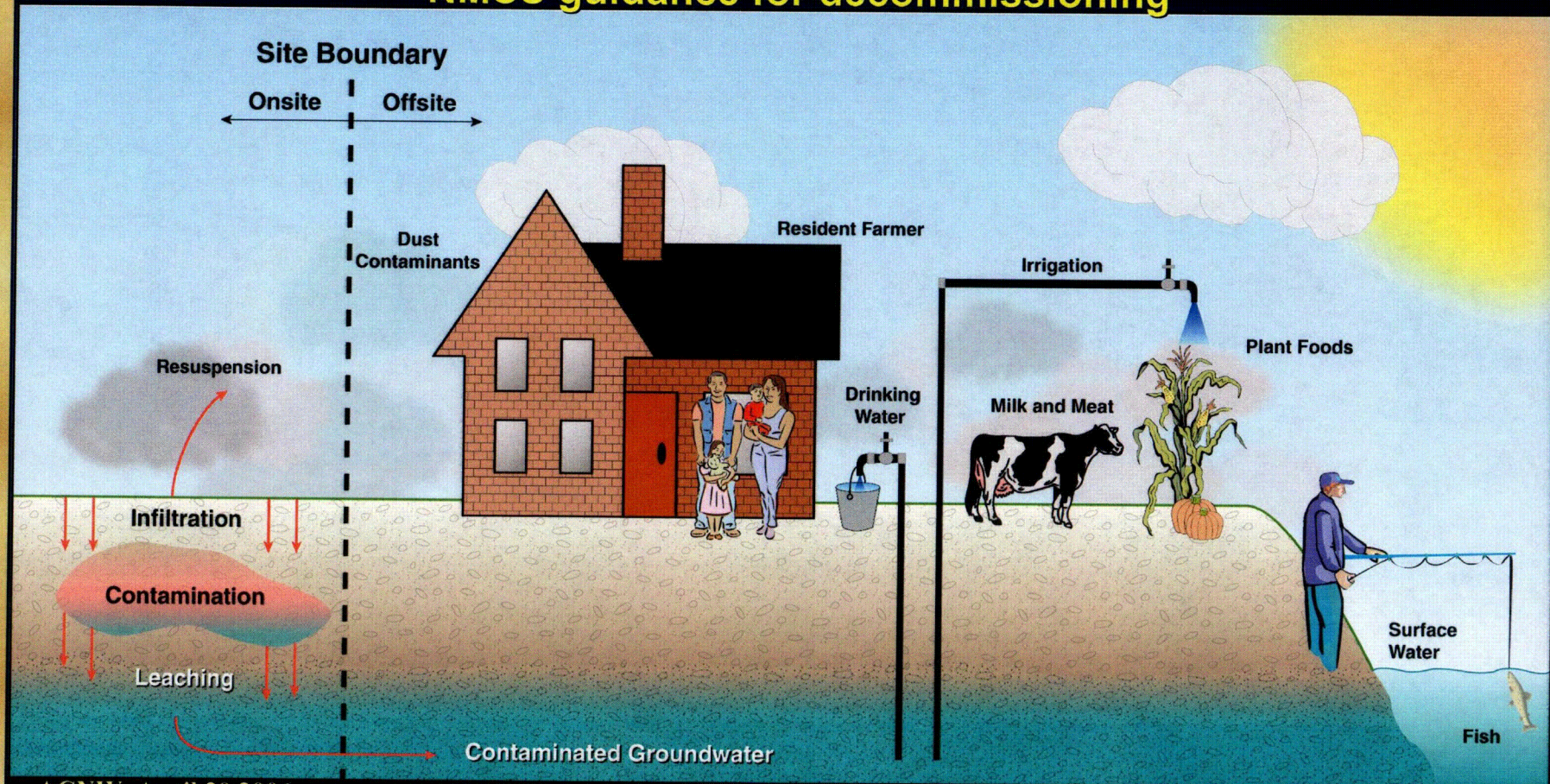
Computer Codes - VARSKIN

- VARSKIN –
 - **Purpose:** Calculates Skin Dose
 - Calculate doses to area smaller than 10 cm²
 - From six different geometries: point, disk, cylinder, sphere, slab, syringe
 - **Uses:** assist in verifying compliance with 10 CFR 20.1201
 - **Future Upgrades:**
 - Photon Dose model only point source modeling
 - Upgrade to different geometries



RESRAD FAMILY OF COMPUTER CODES

Purpose: Calculates doses for restricted/unrestricted use
Uses: assist in verifying compliance with Part 20 Subpart E and support NMSS guidance for decommissioning





Dose Modeling

➤ Radio pharmacy Project

- Monte Carlo Neutron Proton to model dose to hands and extremities
- determine correction factors for ring dosimeters
- Uses: assist in verifying compliance with 10 CFR 20.1201

➤ Radiological Toolbox

- Nuclear decay data, Dose coefficients
- Used for Dose estimation, Interpretation of bioassay data



Office of Research Regulatory Guide Effort

- **Purpose - revise to current regulations, codes and standards**
- **Based on SECY 04-0144 and SECY-04-0030**
 - RES reviewed 352 guides
 - Prioritized H, M, L
 - Estimated Resources to Update
 - Addresses updating all Division 8 Regulatory Guides
 - Coordinate with Updating the Standard Review Plan in NRR
- **FY 06 Work**
 - Developed Database to prioritize based on current issues
 - Identified new guides that need to be developed
 - Based on 10 CFR 20.1406



Regulatory Guide Development

- **Major Issues**
 - **High Priority: Division 1 – Power Reactors**
 - **Part 20, 50 and 52 Impact**
 - **Consistency among Regulatory Products**
 - **Coordinate with Standards Development**

- **Coordinate with ACNW/ACRS for reviews**



Interagency Agreements

- **MARSAME** – Multi-agency Radiological Survey and Assessment of Materials and Equipment
 - Purpose: NUREG report that provides technical sound methods and process for measurement of materials and equipment
 - Uses: to demonstrate compliance with regulatory requirements

Robert Meck



Other Projects of the Branch

- **Spent Fuel Dispersal Project**
 - **Purpose – measure aerosol particles produced from spent fuel**
 - **Realistic Data for possible Sabotage Scenarios**

- **Memberships**
 - **ISOE**
 - **CIRMS**



FY 06 Initiatives

User Needs and Energy Policy Act

NMSS User Need Request

Energy Policy Act of 2005

NSIR, Regions III User Need Request

Long Term Initiatives

Articulating Phantom

Part 40 Technical Bases Development

National Academy of Science Study

Alternative Technologies

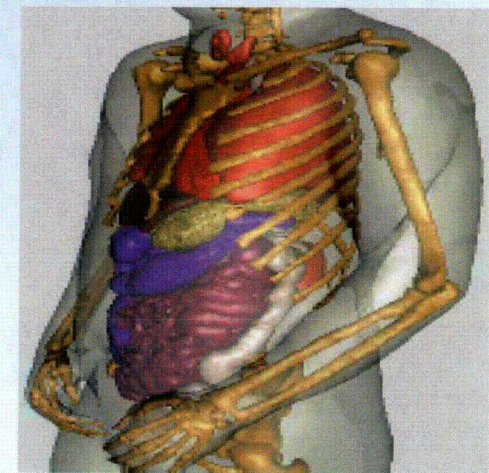
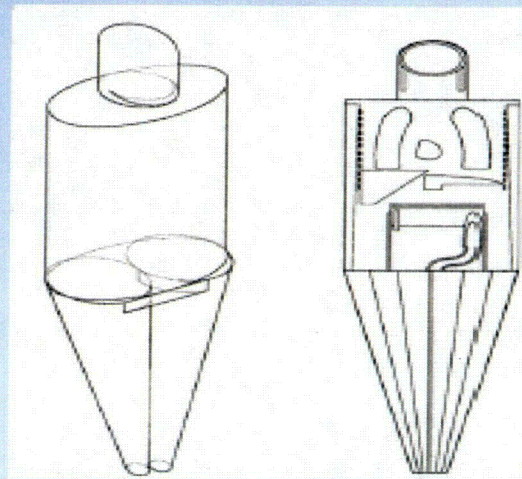
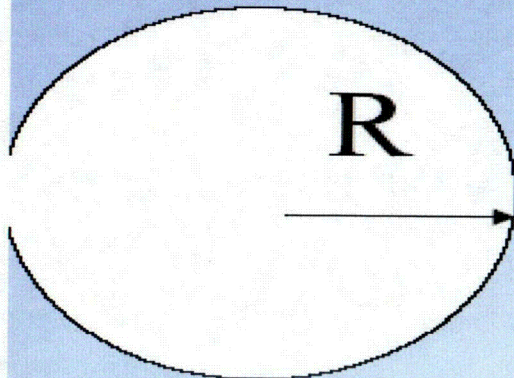
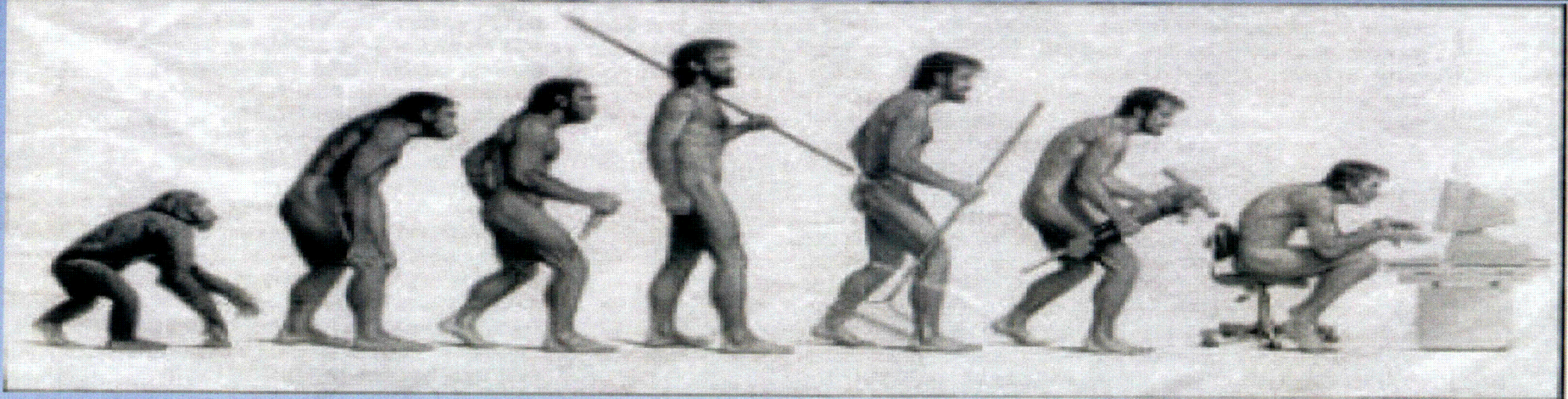
Response Technical Manual

Effluent Task Force

Dose Modeling



Modify Mathematical Phantom – User Need Request



1959

1975

1999



Energy Policy Act of 2005

- **National Academy of Science Study**
 - **Identify current uses of radioactive sources**
 - **Goal is to identify alternative or lower risk source**
 - **Product: Report to NRC and Congress in 2007**

- **Alternative Technologies Task Force**
 - **Multi-agency Workgroup to identify alternative Technologies to radiation sources**



Other New Initiatives

- **Communication Health Risk from Groundwater Contamination**
 - **Product:** Fact sheets and training in communicating health risk to the public

- **Update Response Technical Manual**
 - Early and Intermediate Dose Projections
 - Ingestion Pathway
 - Use of KI

- **Technical Basis for Part 30 and Part 40**



LOOKING FORWARD

**Needs of the Agency
Future Goals/Vision
of the Branch**



Modifying Research Plan to Address Immediate, Intermediate and Long Term Needs of the Agency

➤ Immediate Dose Modeling

- **NMSS/INMS** – Accurate in-house Dose Modeling
 - Radio pharmacy Industry
 - Internal Dosimetry
- **NMSS/DWMEP** – More Realistic Pathway Analysis
 - Probabilistic Scenarios
 - Doses to Critical Populations
- **NRR/Regions**
 - User Friendly PC Dose
 - Toolbox of Computer Codes for Inspectors
- **Office of Research**
 - New Reactor Source Terms, Impacts on Dose





Intermediate and Long Term

- Impact of new ICRP Recommendations
 - Updating Part 20
- Revisiting Collective Dose
- Reprocessing
 - Plutonium Health Effects
- Advance Reactor Source Terms
- LNT Model





Goals Health Effects Branch

Goal: Centralized repository for Radiation Protection Issues

- **Continue Current Program**
- **Provide for periodic discussions thru:**
 - HP Working Group
 - Knowledge Transfer
- **Dose modeling codes**
 - Centralized base
 - Long term maintenance, support
 - Validation of estimates
 - With TTC, provide standardized training of codes
- **Contract Management for Advanced Scientific Needs**
- **Effectively address the gaps in Radiation Protection (Science) and Policy**





Regulatory Guide 1.109

**“Calculation of Annual Doses to Man from
Routine Releases of Reactor Effluents for the
Purpose of Evaluating Compliance with 10 CFR
Part 50, Appendix I”**



Outline

- **Purpose:**
 - **Update/Revise Regulatory Guide 1.109**
- **Background on Part 50 Appendix I**
- **Different from Part 20?**
- **Concerns of Dual System**
- **Regulatory Options**
- **Status/Next Steps**



Demonstrating Compliance with Part 50 Appendix I

- **Main document is Reg. Guide 1.109**
 - **Doses from radioactive effluents during routine operations**
- **1.111 – atmospheric transport of airborne effluents**
- **1.112 – calculating radioactive source terms for waste treatment systems**
- **1.113 – estimating aquatic dispersion of both routine and accidental releases**
- **1.110 – cost-benefit analyses for radwaste systems**
- **4.15 – maintaining radiological effluent monitoring programs**
- **1.21 – guidance on submission of reports**



Background, Appendix I

- **Part 50, Appendix I, published in 1975**
 - ICRP-2 dosimetry and ALARA
 - Consistent with prior version of Part 20 (before 1994)
 - Dose for whole body and different organs

- **The current Part 20, published in 1994**
 - ICRP-26/ICRP-30 and ALARA
 - Dose is expressed as total effective dose equivalent (TEDE)

- **Current Part 50 Appendix I still incorporates ICRP-2**



Concerns

- **Dose objectives more restrictive than Part 20, HOWEVER**
 - **Use of a dual system could be confusing**
 - **Outdated compared to current international standards**
 - **Should be updated to reflect current knowledge**
 - **principles based on ICRP-2 are no longer thought in current health physics university curriculum**



Issues

- **Should revision be considered without first updating Part 20 to Current or upcoming ICRP recommendations?**
- **Requirements for Part 50, Appendix I?**
- **What constraints are associated with Part 52 design certifications for the next generation of reactors?**

- **Should there be one set of guides?**
- **Two sets of Regulatory Guides?**
 - **Revised guidance would address new reactors**
 - **Current guidance would address existing fleet**
 - **Licensees would have the options**



Options

- **Maintain Status Quo**
 - **Pro – more restrictive**
 - **Con – Outdated, Dual System at NRC**
- **Update to Current Part 20**
 - **Pro – consistent across most licensees**
 - **Con – not the most current recommendations**
- **ICRP 60 - Issued in 1991**
- **Upcoming ICRP Recommendations**



Combine Revision of Regulatory Guide with Rulemaking Process to Update Part 20, 50 and 52

➤ Pros

- Integrates current regulatory and technical issues
- Addresses the implications on Part 50 licensees and Part 52 design certifications

➤ Cons

- Could be delayed beyond 2007
- Updating now without a Commission decision on Part 20 might lead to misdirected efforts and wasted resources
- Updating now and not redefining Appendix I dose objectives would result in unworkable guidance



Update Regulatory Guide and Part 50 Appendix I with Applicability only to Part 52 Design Certifications

➤ Pros

- Targets only upcoming new power plant license applications
- Offers voluntary implementation for plant designs already certified
- Leaves current guidance intact for existing fleet of operating reactors

➤ Cons

- Part 52.63 places specific constraints on new requirements to existing certifications
 - Implication is that Agency cannot impose new requirements on plant design certifications listed in Part 52



Revise Regulatory Guide 1.109 and Basis of Appendix I Dose Objectives, with applicability only to reactor designs and plant applications not currently listed in Part 52, nor currently under staff review.

➤ **Pros**

- Targets only future design certifications and power plant license applications
- Leaves current guidance intact for existing fleet of operating reactors
- Forward thinking and proactive

➤ **Cons**

- Option would apply only to the next generation of plant designs
- Justification needed in initiating an action now that would apply to yet unspecified plant designs
- Could be premature and unnecessary



Eliminate Appendix I Dose Objectives Requirements from Part 50

➤ Pros

- Centralizes all dose limits and dose objectives into the requirements of Part 20
- Simplifies the scope and implementation of plant technical specifications
- Simplifies some elements of the Reactor Oversight Program
- Minimizes efforts and costs to NRC and licensees

➤ Cons

- Results in different culture of radiation protection for reactor licensees
- More restrictive than Part 20
 - could be perceived as a relaxation of NRC requirements



Update of Regulatory Guidance via Non-Rulemaking Options

- **Sub-option 1:** Define the equivalence between Part 50 and Part 20
- **Pros:** Used for Part 63 and requires no rulemaking
- **Sub-option 2:** Issue a Regulatory Issues Summary (RIS) offering voluntary implementation of Part 20 dosimetry concepts in complying with Appendix I dose objectives
- **Pros:** RIS offers the most flexibility and simplest option
- **Cons for both options:**
 - Utilities would be required to submit requests and obtain approvals
 - Regulating licensees by exemptions or special provisions.
 - Staff would need to assess impacts on current/future Part 52



Status/Next Steps

- **Assessing the Impact**
 - **On NRC Regulations and the Reactor Oversight Program**
 - **On Licensees**
 - **ALARA Considerations**
 - **Backfit Considerations**
 - **Cost-Benefit Considerations**
 - **Public Confidence**

- **Secy Paper to Commission**
- **Joint meeting with ACNW and sub-committee of ACRS?**