Sarnoff Corporation 201 Washington Rd. Princeton, NJ 08543-5300

February 1, 2006	Mail Control Number 137295		
Mr. Todd J. Jackson, CHP Senior Health Physicist Commercial and R&D Branch Division of Nuclear Materials Safety US Nuclear Regulatory Commission Region 1	MS 16 J-6	FEB -6 PM 3:	RECEIVED REGION 1
475 Allendale Road King of Prussia, PA 19406-1415	03029879	25	
Subject: Response to NRC Requests; Radioactive Ma	aterial License No. 29-28005-01		- 20 · ···

Dear Mr. Jackson,

We are responding to various emails requesting additional information on our Fe-55 and Am-241 sources where we were asked to provide details on these sources, pertaining to our byproduct material license renewal application.

- 1. Regarding our Fe-55 sources, NER9041, we are relisting these on our inventory for Question 5 Radioactive Material Possession Limits as unsealed sources with a maximum amount of 50 uCi. We have enclosed a copy of an email from Paul Barboni from Perkin Elmer regarding NEN's Manufacturing Division. We have enclosed an updated response to Question 5 Radioactive Material Possession Limits, dated December 2005 that shows a maximum possession amount of 50 uCi. We have also enclosed an updated response to Question 6 Purpose for Which Licensing Material Will be Used in which we recalculated the unity rule inventory calculation.
- Regarding our Am-241 source, we have revised our response to Question 5 Radioactive 2. Material Possession Limits, listing one source with a maximum possession limit of 10 uCi. As stated above, this response is attached. We have also attached all documentation received from Amersham regarding the QCR-2 set which contains the Am-241 source. This documentation includes an email from Amersham, a general drawing of the source along with its ISO/ANSI certificate, a copy of NUREG-1556 Section 5 regarding broads cope/R&D licenses and a 4 page document that describes this gamma reference source.

We hope that this resolves our outstanding issues. Please feel free to contact us again as you continue processing our license renewal application.

Very truly yours,

herese

Therese Perrette CIH, CSP Safety Manager

Jim Matey, Sarnoff Radiation Safety Officer CC: Dennis Lawyer, NRC

137 295 NUCCIDENT ENTERICLE CY :

Page 1

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"JAMES MATEY" < jmatey@sarnoff.com> From: Lori Podolak <Lori Podolak@qsa-global.com> To: 2/8/06 4:07PM Date: Subject: Re: Am-241 Source Part of QCR.2 Lori, Thanks. Jim Matey Lori Podolak wrote: > James. > > The documentation I provided to you in your original request can be > forwarded to the USNRC to support your response. > > Lori > > Lori Podolak > Product Licensing Specialist > QSA Global Inc. > 40 North Avenue > Burlington, MA 01803 > > >>>> "JAMES MATEY" <jmatey@sarnoff.com> 02/08/06 2:33 PM >>> >>>> > Dear Lori, > > Thanks again for your help. I need to ask for one more favor. > Several of the items you provided have proprietary markings on them. > Our NRC representative > cannot accept copies of those items without an OK from you. On the > basis of our correspondence > I am confident that you would have no objections to us providing any > information you provided to us > to the NRC, but I need a statement to that effect. Unfortunately, we > are about to hit a time deadline > at the NRC, so I need a response ASAP. > > A reply to all to this email stating that Sarnoff can provide copies of > > our earlier correspondence regarding > the Am-241 source to the NRC would do the trick. > > Best regards, > > Jim Matey > > Lori Podolak wrote: > >> James. >> >> Sorry for the delay in getting back to you but I had to contact our

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>> > German office for details on this product code as it has been replaced > by QCR.310. The product code you referenced was found by my colleague > in an old Amersham catalog from 1979. >> I have attached a general drawing of the source along with an >> > ISO/ANSI certificate which classifies the source as meeting ANSI N542 > 77C34343. This source set, along with most of the sources Amersham used > to distribute but that are now distributed under our ISOTRAK brand, are > primarily intended for distribution to broad scope and/or research and > development licensees. Typically those licensees do not require sources > that have a documented SSDR and often include authorization for > radioactive material in "Any" form. > >> Based on the construction of the source and its ANSI classification >> > the AMR.151 source (now referenced as AMR.1152 under our current > catalog), is a sealed source, but it does not have a Sealed Source and > Device Registry Sheet. Distribution, as I've described above to broad > scope/R&D licensees is authorized under USNRC NUREG-1556 Vol 3, Section > 5. Although I do not know what authorization existed under your license > which allowed you to originally receive this source. Section 5.1.1 of > this NUREG further states that certain sources of low activity can be > licensed by regulators for use as calibration and reference sources even > if they do not have an SSDR. The activity of the sources in this source > set meets these criteria. If your license does not currently allow this > condition, and you wish to retain possession and use of this source set, > I would recommend you request approval to use these sources based on the > conditions in this section. (I have attached a copy for your info). > >> I hope this is helpful to you. >> >> Regards. >> >> Lori Podolak >> >> Lori Podolak >> Product Licensing Specialist >> QSA Global Inc. >> 40 North Avenue >> Burlington, MA 01803 >> >> >> >> On October 10th 2005, we changed our name to QSA Global Inc. >> As QSA Global Inc., we remain committed to providing you with the >> > same level of world class service you have come to expect from AEA > Technology QSA, Inc. > >> \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* > >> This transmission contains information which may be confidential and >>

> > >> which may also be privileged. It is intended for the named addressee >> > > >> only. Unless you are the named addressee, or authorized to receive it >> > > >> on behalf of the addressee you may not copy or use it, or disclose it >> > > >> to anyone else. If you have received this transmission in error >> > please > >> contact the sender. Thank you for your cooperation. >> >> > \*' \*\*\*\*\*\* > >> For more information about QSA Global Inc., formerly >> AEA Technology QSA Inc., please visit >> our website at http://www.qsa-global.com >> >> >> > > James R. Matey jmatey@sarnoff.com www.sarnoff.com 609-734-2868 609-734-2873 (FAX) Mailing Address: Sarnoff Corporation 201 Washington Rd. Princeton, NJ 08543-5300 Shipping Address: Sarnoff Corporation 201 Washington Rd. Princeton, NJ 08540-6449 Administrative Assistant: Elizabeth (Liz) Jones 609-734-2644 CC: Therese Perrette <tperrette@sarnoff.com>, Dennis Lawyer <DRL1@nrc.gov>

Element & Mass Number	Chemical/Physical Form	Maximum Amount Possessed at Any One Time		
Hydrogen-3	any	100 mCi		
Carbon-14	any	5 mCi		
Phosphorous-32	any	10 mCi		
Phosphorous-33	any	20 mCi		
Sulfur-35	any	20 mCi		
Calcium-45	any	1 mCi		
lodine-125	pre-labeled or Abound@ compounds	10 mCi		
lodine-131	pre-labeled or Abound@ compounds	10 mCi		
Manganese-54	sealed source series 1744 (Amersham Model QCR2)	10 uCi		
Iron-55	any	50 uCi		
Cobalt-60	sealed source series 1744 (Amersham Model QCR2)	10 uCi		
Barium-133	sealed source series 1744 (Amersham Model QCR2)	10 uCi		
Cesium-137	sealed source series 1744 (Amersham Model QCR2)	10 uCi		
Cesium-137	sealed source (Amersham Model CDC-803)	3 mCi		
Mercury-203	sealed source series 1744 (Amersham Model QCR2)	20 uCi		
Americium-241	sealed source series 1744 (Amersham Model QCR2)	10 uCi		
Americium-241	sealed sources (Amersham Models AMC-21 and AMC- 2084)	10 mCi per source and 12 mCi total		
Iron-55	Sealed sources (Isotope Products Model XFB Series)	100 mCi per source and 200 mCi total		

Replaces October 2005 Page 1 Question 8 - Training for Individuals Working In or Frequenting Restricted Areas.

NRC Radioactive Material License <u>Renewal</u> Application, License Number 29-28005-01 Sarnoff Corporation, Princeton, NJ

### Question 6 - Purpose for Which Licensed Material Will be Used

The Sarnoff Corporation is a world class research and development organization which uses radioactive material in the course of <u>research and development</u> in electronics, technology, communications, nanotechnology and biotechnology. Unsealed radioactive material is generally used in biochemistry and biotechnology laboratory experiments. Sealed sources are generally used in instrument calibrations or physics experimentation that require gamma rays of known energy.

Iodine-125 and iodine-131 will be obtained as pre-labeled or "bound" compounds. There will be <u>no radio-iodinations</u> conducted under this license.

There will be <u>no human use</u> of radioactive materials conducted under this license.

There will be no use of radioactivity in laboratory animals under this license.

There will be <u>no "field experiments"</u> where radioactive material is released to the environment for testing or study.

There will be <u>no commercial manufacturing or distribution</u> of devices or products containing licensed radioactivity.

### **Decommissioning Funding Consideration**

NRC regulation 30.35 (as amended, see Federal Register / Vol. 68, No. 192 / Friday, October 3, 2003) requires decommissioning planning and funding assurance if license possession limits for radionuclides with half lives in excess of 120 days exceed certain activity levels. The following table shows all requested radionuclides with half lives over 120 days. The sum of the ratios rule applies for more than one radionuclide. The evaluation makes use of Table G1 from the NRC Consolidated Guidance About Materials Licenses – Program Specific Guidance about Academic, Research & Development ... On the basis of that guidance, the licensee will be exempt from the requirements of 10 CFR 30.35(a)-(f) if the sum of the contributions from sealed and unsealed source is less than one. The contributions are computed as the ratios of the nominal licensed activity divided by the appropriate value form table G1.

The sum of the ratios totaled for both sealed and unsealed sources is less than one. Since the sum of the ratios is less than one, the licensee will be exempt from the requirements of 10 CFR 30.35(a)-(f). NRC Radioactive Material License <u>Renewal</u> Application, License Number 29-28005-01 Sarnoff Corporation, Princeton, NJ Page 4 December 2005

### Unity Rule Worksheet for Decommisioning for NRC License

Today

J. R. Matey, Sarnoff Corporation, Princeton, NJ 08543-5300 609-734-2868 12/28/2005

			Nominal Licensed				NRC G1 UnSealed	NRC G1 Sealed	NRC G1
	·		Activity	Haif life	Half life		Decom	Decom	Contribution
Nuclide	Manufacturer	Model #	(mCi)	(years)	(days)	Sealed	Limit (uCi)	Limit (uCi)	Nominal
Am-241	Amersham	AMC-2084	10	433	158045	TRUE	1.0E+01	1.0E+08	1.0E-04
Am-241	Amersham	AMC-21	2	<sup>′</sup> 433	158045	TRUE	1.0E+01	1.0E+08	2.0E-05
Am-241	Amersham	QCR-2	0.0100	433.00	158045	TRUE	1.0E+01	1.0E+08	1.0E-07
Ba-133	Amersham	QCR-2	0.0100	10.80	3942	TRUE	1.0E+04	1.0E+11	1.0E-10
Co-60	Amersham	QCR-2	0.0100	5.27	1924	TRUE	1.0E+03	1.0E+10	1.0E-09
Cs-137	Amersham	CDC-803	3	30	10950	TRUE	1.0E+04	1.0E+11	3.0E-08
Cs-137	Amersham	QCR-2	0.0100	30.00	10950	TRUE	1.0E+04	1.0E+11	1.0E-10
Fe-55	Isotope Product	٤XFB	50	2.7	986	TRUE	1.0E+05	1.0E+12	5.0E-08
Mn-54	Amersham	QCR-2	0.0100	0.86	313	TRUE	1.0E+04	1.0E+11	1.0E-10
C-14			5	5730.00	2091450	FALSE	1.0E+05	1.0E+12	5.0E-02
Ca-45			1	0.45	163	FALSE	1.0E+04	1.0E+11	1.0E-01
Fe-55			0.05	2.7	986	FALSE	1.0E+05	1.0E+12	5.0E-04
H-3			100	12.33	4500	FALSE	1.0E+06	1.0E+13	1.0E-01

Unity Rule Sum

25.1%

F.e. 55 email from Perkinelmo pglold

Subject: RE: NER 9041 Fe-55 Source From: "Wesley" <wesvanpelt@att.net> Date: Thu, 10 Nov 2005 16:14:26 -0500 To: <jmatey@sarnoff.com> CC: <WesVanPelt@att.net>

Jim,

I know the two local RSOs at BMS. (Mike Vala and Larry Gaines) Let me know if you want to network into BMS that way.

Best regards, Wes Wesley R. Van Pelt, PhD, CIH, CHP Wesley R. Van Pelt Associates, Inc.

----Original Message----From: JAMES MATEY [mailto:jmatey@sarnoff.com] Sent: Thursday, November 10, 2005 10:33 AM To: Barboni Paul Cc: Van Pelt Wesley R.; Therese Perrette; Dennis Lawyer Subject: Re: NER 9041 Fe-55 Source

Dear Paul,

Thanks for your help. We will followup and will pass back our findings.

Best regards,

Jim Matey

Barboni, Paul wrote:

James,

It's a bit before my time, but here's my understanding of the history of NEN's Sources Manufacturing division. The products you refer to were never acquired or manufactured by PerkinElmer, but rather was part of New England Nuclear Sources Manufacturing that became a unit of DuPont

Merck

Pharmaceuticals back in the 1990s. DuPont Merck Pharmaceuticals (which was acquired by and is now Bristol-Myers Squibb) discontinued and sold its Sealed Sources manufacturing in 2000 to another company. I know I don't have the information you seek, and we usually refer customers to BMS in hopes that they can provide some information on the history of NEN's sources.

Paul Barboni Customer Technical Support Specialist PerkinElmer Life and Analytical Sciences 710 Bridgeport Avenue Shelton CT 06484 Telephone: 1 800 762-4000 Fax: 1 203 925-6718

----Original Message----From: JAMES MATEY [mailto:jmatey@sarnoff.com] Sent: Tuesday, November 08, 2005 6:11 PM To: LAS Product Info Cc: Therese Perrette; Dennis Lawyer Subject: NER 9041 Fe-55 Source ....

Dear Sirs,

Fess from PortinElmer email from PortinElmer pg 201/2 I am in possession of two Fe-55 sources, Model NER 9041 SN NS81-157-1 and NS81-144-1, dated 9/82 and 6/82 respectively. They were produced by your predessor company, New England Nuclear.

These have been on our NRC license as sealed sources for many years. Our license is up for renewal and the license examiner at the NRC cannot find any information about these sources in his sealed source registry.

In the absence of such information, we may be compelled to carry the

sources

as unsealed sources.

Can you provide any information about these sources which could help us complete our license renewal in this matter.

Thanks,

James R. Matey Radiation Safety Officer Sarnoff Corporation Princeton NJ 08543-5300

AM-241 Email from Amersham pglof7

email amersham 11.15.05 Subject: [Fwd: Am-241 Source Part of QCR.2] Date: Tue, 15 Nov 2005 19:29:39 -0500 From: "JAMES MATEY" <jmatey@sarnoff.com> To: Therese Perrette <tperrette@sarnoff.com>

Subject: Am-241 Source Part of QCR.2
Date: Mon, 14 Nov 2005 09:46:05 -0500
From: "Lori Podolak" <Lori.Podolak@qsa-global.com>
To: <jmatey@sarnoff.com>

#### James,

Sorry for the delay in getting back to you but I had to contact our German office for details on this product code as it has been replaced by QCR.310. The product code you referenced was found by my colleague in an old Amersham catalog from 1979.

I have attached a general drawing of the source along with an ISO/ANSI certificate which classifies the source as meeting ANSI N542 77C34343. This source set, along with most of the sources Amersham used to distribute but that are now distributed under our ISOTRAK brand, are primarily intended for distribution to broad scope and/or research and development licensees. Typically those licensees do not require sources that have a documented SSDR and often include authorization for radioactive material in "Any" form.

Based on the construction of the source and its ANSI classification the AMR.151 source (now referenced as AMR.1152 under our current catalog), is a sealed source, but it does not have a Sealed Source and Device Registry Sheet. Distribution, as I've described above to broad scope/R&D licensees is authorized under USNRC NUREG-1556 Vol 3, Section 5. Although I do not know what authorization existed under your license which allowed you to originally receive this source, Section 5.1.1 of this NUREG further states that certain sources of low activity can be licensed by regulators for use as calibration and reference sources even if they do not have an SSDR. The activity of the sources in this source set meets these criteria. If your license does not currently allow this condition, and you wish to retain possession and use of this source set, I would recommend you request approval to use these sources based on the conditions in this section. (I have attached a copy for your info).

I hope this is helpful to you.

Regards,

Lori Podolak

Lori Podolak Product Licensing Specialist QSA Global Inc. 40 North Avenue Burlington, MA 01803

On October 10th 2005, we changed our name to QSA Global Inc. As QSA Global Inc., we remain committed to providing you with the same level of world class service you have come to expect from AEA Technology QSA, Inc.

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This transmission contains information which may be confidential and which may also be privileged. It is intended for the named addressee only. Unless you are the named addressee, or authorized to receive it on behalf of the addressee you may not copy or use it, or disclose it

Name: VZ-1240andISOCerti.pdf VZ-1240andISOCerti.pdf Type: Acrobat (application/pdf) Encoding: base64

Name: Pages

from

NUREG-1556 Vol 3

Rev 1

Am-241 Emeal from Amersh pg 2012

Appl for Pages from NUREG-1556 Vol 3 Rev 1 Appl for SSDR Evaluation.pdf SSDR Evaluation.pdf

(application/pdf)

Type: Acrobat

Encoding: base64

Am241 ISO/ANSI Certificate

Amersham Buchler GmbH & Co KG Postfach 11 49 D-38001 Braunschweig CERTIFICATE of radioactive source integrity QKQ 269

Amersham Buchler GmbH & Co KG Gieselweg 1 D-38110 Braunschweig Postfach 11 49 D-38001 Braunschweig

Tel. (05307) 930-0 Fax (05307) 930-293 Fax-Zentrale 930-237



Title Assembly drawing Nuclides Radiotoxity group Maximum activity	:	Gamma reference source, VZ-1240/2 see enclosure see enclosure 4 MBq				
Classification	-	C.34343				
Test sources		The assessed classification is based on results of gamma reference sources according to drawing VZ-1240/1E. (see also certificate QKQ 200/1 to QKQ 200/4)				

12-1240

Test carried out in accordance with recommendation of: BS 5288; ISO 2919; ANSI N542; DIN 25 426, part 1.

Test method	Temperature	Pressure	Impact	Vibration	Puncture	
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Unit
			<u>.</u>			
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						<u>.</u>

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Development

20 October 1994

Date

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Amersham Buchler

Amersham Buchler GmbH & Co KG Sitz Braunschweig, Registergericht Braunschweig, HRA 8621 Persönlich haftende Gesellschafterin: Amersham Buchler GmbH, Siz Braunschweig Registergericht Braunschweig HRB 638 Geschäftsführer Dr. Anthony J. D'Eustachio Vorsitzender des Aufsichtsrates: Wolfgang Büsselberg Deutsche Bank AG Braunschweig BLZ 270 700 30, Konto 0168815 Postgiroatat Hannover BLZ 250 100 30, Konto 3133 30-300



### 5 GENERAL POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

### 5.1 SEALED SOURCE AND DEVICE DESIGNS THAT DO NOT REQUIRE EVALUATION AND REGISTRATION

The provisions of 10 CFR 30.32(g) apply to all sealed sources and devices used by NRC specific licensees and requires registration of the product by NRC. However, the possession and use of certain products do not require the evaluation and registration of the product by NRC or Agreement States. Specifically, evaluation and registration of the following products should be handled as indicated below by the license reviewer.

### 5.1.1 CALIBRATION AND REFERENCE STANDARDS

Calibration and reference sources may be licensed without registration by NRC or Agreement States if the sources do not exceed the following:

- For beta and/or gamma emitting material 3.7 MBq (100 μCi) or ten times the quantity specified in Section 30.71, Schedule B, 10 CFR Part 30, whichever is greater.
- For alpha emitting material -0.37 MBq (10  $\mu$ Ci).

The above values were chosen because they represent a minimal hazard to public health and safety. To license these sources, license reviewers need to identify the isotope in Item 6 of the NRC materials license (NRC Form 374), use the statement "calibration or reference sources" in Item 7, and state the maximum quantity for each source in Item 8. Both possession and distribution to specific licensees may be authorized.

NRC does not authorize combining, also referred to as "bundling," exempt quantity sources in products for commercial distribution. NRC's position on bundling can be found in NRC Generic Letter 99-01: "Recent Nuclear Material Decision on Bundling Exempt Quantities," dated May 3, 1999. In some specific applications the use of multiple calibration sources is permitted as specified by the provisions of 10 CFR 30.15(a)(9). To manufacture and distribute a device with multiple calibration sources, the applicant must satisfy the applicable requirements for licensing (10 CFR 32.14).

#### GENERAL POLICIES AND PROCEDURES



**Figure 5.1 Calibration and Reference Sources.** Calibration and reference sources may not need evaluation and registration by NRC or Agreement States.

### 5.1.2 PRODUCTS USED IN RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT OR BY BROAD SCOPE LICENSEES

Sealed sources or devices containing sealed sources that are intended only for use under research and development or broad scope licenses need not be registered by NRC or the Agreement State if the following is valid:

- For unregistered sources, or registered sealed sources not possessed and used in accordance with the registration – the licensee is qualified by sufficient training and experience and has sufficient facilities and equipment to safely use and handle the requested quantity of radioactive material.
- For registered sealed sources contained in unregistered devices the licensee is qualified by sufficient training and experience and has sufficient facilities and equipment to safely use and handle the requested quantity of radioactive material in unshielded form.

NRC has granted broad scope licensees the authority to use sealed sources and/or devices that have been fabricated by or obtained from licensed vendors without prior NRC or Agreement State review and registration. However, broad scope licensees also have the responsibility for appropriately evaluating the sealed source or device and conducting activities responsibly and safely. For example, for Type A specific licensees of broad scope, 10 CFR 33.13(c)(3)(iii) requires the review and approval of these safety evaluations by the radiation safety committee. This is especially important with the advent of emerging medical technologies used under 10 CFR Part 35. U.S. Food and Drug Administration reviews for medical efficacy of a product cannot be substituted for this evaluation. The review should determine if a source or device can be safely used from a radiological standpoint and provide adequate radiological protection for its intended use at the institution. This review should be commensurate with the level of risk that could be reasonably anticipated from the source or device for its intended use and likely accident



Dimensions in mm

Two types of  $\gamma$ -reference sources are available.

#### Rectangular type, see fig. 37

For use in the calibration of gamma spectroscopy and counting equipment; calibrated sources can be used to determine the detector counting efficiency.

<sup>207</sup>Bi, <sup>56</sup>Co and <sup>152</sup>Eu emit a multiplicity of gamma lines; sources of these nuclides are intended to be used for the determination of relative efficiency curves for Ge(Li)  $\gamma$ -detectors.

Rod type, see fig. 38

Designed primarily for consistency checking of well-type crystal detectors.

### Quality control

Wipe test A

For rectangular sources: Photon emission and purity checked using a Ge(Li) detector. For rod sources: Photon emission checked against standards using Nal well crystal.

#### Prototype testing

rectangular sources ANSI classification, C24244

rod sources ANSI classification, C23233

#### Source sets

**Rectangular type sources,** see fig. 37 A set consists of calibrated sources of eight or nine different nuclides, displayed in a polished wooden box together with an adaptor plate, forceps and positron absorbers. The calibration certificate is retained in the lid of the box.

Rod type sources, see fig. 38

A set, code QCR.5210, consists of five uncalibrated sources covering the energy range 0.014–1.33MeV. The sources are supplied in a storage box.

The active material, absorbed in a 1mm diameter ion-exchange bead, is sealed by ultrasonic welding between clear polystyrene windows which are mounted in a plastic frame. The active bead is visible and at the geometric center of the source. Labels permanently sealed within the sources are visible through the clear plastic windows, are colored to indicate the nuclide and carry the serial number. Each source is supplied in a plastic storage box with adaptor.

The active material is adsorbed on ion-exchange material and sealed in a plastic capsule attached to a handling rod.

The rod is colored to indicate the nuclide.

Each source is supplied in a plastic storage box.

#### **Unshielded** packs

(dimensions: 176mm long, 84mm wide, 50mm high) code QCR.1—comprises  $10\mu$ Ci sources ( $20\mu$ Ci for  $^{203}$ Hg)

code QCR.11—comprises 1µCi sources (2µCi for <sup>203</sup>Hg)

Note:  $\gamma$ -exposure rate at 150mm from top surface box is 2.5mR/h (max) for QCR.1; 0.25mR/h (max) for QCR.11.

#### Shielded packs

(dimensions: 220mm long, 145mm wide, 143mm high)

code QCR.2—comprises 10 $\mu$ Ci sources (20 $\mu$ Ci for  $^{203}$ Hg)

code QCR.12—comprises 1µCi sources (2µCi for  $^{203}$ Hg)

The box has integral lead shielding to reduce the surface exposure rate to <2.5mR/h for QCR.2 (<0.25mR/h for QCR.12).

It weighs 6kg and is fitted with a lock and key.

	principa	1			nominal	accuracy of c	alibration			included
nuclide and half title	photon ener MeV	gies <u>%</u>	source type†	e colour code	activity* μCi	overali uncertainty	ESD	individual code	sources availability	in / sets**
americium-24	41									•
(433y)	0.014	13.3	rod	red	1	-5%, +30%		AMR.121	D* .	QCR.1/2
	0.018	18.9	rect	red	10	±5%		AMR.151	08	QCR.11/12
	0.021	2.5	100	reu	0.1	uncanorateu		AMIN.5210	02	
	0.0595	35.3			•			_		
barium-133	•				•					
(10.8y)	0.030-0.036	~123	rect	white	10	±5%	1.7%	BDR.151	<b>D</b> 8	QCR.1/2
	0.080	2.4	rect	white	1	-5%, +30%	2.3%	BDR.121	Ď*	QCR.11/12
	0.081	33.8	rod	silver	0.1	uncalibrated		BDR.5210	D2	QCR.5210
	0.276	7.1 18.7								
	0.356	61.9								
	0.384	8.9					· .			
bismuth-207										
(+ lead-207m)	numerous photo	on	rect	grey	10	uncalibrated		BIR.1510	D2	
(38y)	energies		rect	grey	10	calibrated		BIR.151	D8	
	0.072~1.770MeV					(specification on	request)	-		
oodmium 100					<del></del>					
Gaumum- 108	0.022_0.026	103.3	ract	vollow	10	uncalibrated		CUB 1510	n'a	
(453d)	0.088	3.6	rect	white	10	calibrated		CUR.151	D* '	<u> </u>
						(specification on	request)			
cesium-137										
(+ barium-137m)	0.032-0.038	8.0	rect	yellow	10	±4%	1.3%	CDR.151	D8	QCR.1/2
(30.1y)	0.662	85.1	rect	yellow	1	-5%, +30%	2.0%	CDR.121	D*	QCR.11/12
			rod	yellow	0.1	uncalibrated	·····	CDR.5210		QCH.5210
cobalt-56										*
(78.8d)	numerous y-ene	ergies	rect	light green	/10	uncalibrated		CWR.1510	D8	<u> </u>
-	(see page 000)		rect	write	10	(specification on	request)	CWR.151	0.	
ochalt 57	(000 page 000)					(openinearier en				
CODall-37	0.006 0.007	65	root	dark groop	10	+ 5%	1 70/	CTR 151	<b>D</b> 9	OCB 1/2
(270.50)	0.014	~33 9.4	rect	dark green	10	-5%. +30%	2.0%	CTR.121	D*	QCR.11/12
	0.122	85.2	rod	dark green	0.1	uncalibrated		CTR.5210	D4	QCR.5210
	0.136	11.1								
	0.692	0.16			···	·	. =. =.		······	
cobalt-60	•									
(5.27y)	1.173	99.86	rect	light green	10	±2%	0.7%	CKR.151	D8	QCR.1/2
	1.333	99.98	rect	light green	0.1	-5%, +30% uncalibrated	1.3%	CKB.5210	D2	OCR.5210
ouropium 15	>			light groon						
(13.0v)	numerous ~-ene	raies	rect ·	lilar	10	uncalibrated		FFB 1510	D2	
(10.03)	0.1221.408MeV	19103	rect	lilac	10	calibrated		EFR.151	D8	
	(see page 000)					(specification on	request)			
iodine-129									•	
(1.57 × 10 <sup>7</sup> y)	0.030-0.035	~69	rod	amber	0.1	uncalibrated		ISR.5210	D2	QCR.5210
	0.040	7.5		,						· ·
iron-55										
(2.7y)	0.006	~28	rect	light blue/	50	uncalibrated		IER.5510	D8	
,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			white						
manganese-5	54								·	
(312.5d)	0.835	100	rect	light blue	10	±4%	1.3%	MFR.151	D8	QCR.1/2
			rect	light blue	1	-5%, +30%	2.3%	MFR.121 MFR 5210	D*	QUR.11/12
		^	100	ngrit blue	<u>v.i</u>	anoanorateu				
mercury-203	0.071.0.005	10.0	ra a <sup>1</sup>	nink	20	+ 10/	1 50/			008 1/2
(40.00)	0.071~0.085	12.8	rect	pink pink	20	±4% -5%, +30%	2.0%	MBR.221	D*	QCR.1/2
colonium 75				Pillix						<u> </u>
Selenium-/S	0.010-0.010	~50 6	rod	dark blue	0.1	uncelibrated		SCB 5010	D6 ·	
(+ arsenic-/5m) (118.5d)	0.010~0.012	~32.0 15.7	100	uain Dille	0.1	ancanurateu		00n.0210	50 .	- l
(	0.136	54.0								
	0.265	56.9								
	0.280	23.9								
•	0.401	11.7								

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nuclide	principa photon ene	l rgies	source	colour	nominal activity*	accuracy of c overall	alibration	individual	sources	included in
and half title	MeV	%	type†	code	μCi	uncertainty	ESD	code	availability	sets**
sodium-22‡										
(2.60y)	0.511	181	rect	cream	10	±4%	1.3%	SKR.151	D8	QCR,1/2
	1.275	99.95	rect	cream	1	-5%, +30%	2.0%	SKR.121	D*	QCR.11/12
			rođ	gold	· 0.1	uncalibrated		SKR.5210	D2	
tellurium-123	im j		•							
(119.7d)	0.0270.032	~50	rect	violet	10	uncalibrated		TQR.1510	D8	—
	0.159	83.5	rect	violet	10	calibrated		TQR.151	D*	
						(specification of	n request)			
yttrium-88										
(106.6d)	0.014-0.016	~60	rect	black	10	±5%	1.7%	YER.151	D8	QCR.1/2
	0.898	93.2	rect	black	1	-5%, +30%	2.3%	YER.121	D*	QCR.11/12
	1.836	99.4	rod	black ·	0.1	uncalibrated	-	YER.5210	D6	
	2.734	0.6						*		

†source types: rect.—rectangular type rod—rod type ‡rectangular type <sup>22</sup>Na sources should be covered with absorbers (~200mg/cm<sup>2</sup> thickness) to ensure the positrons are annihilated close to the source. Absorbers are provided in the cote in the sets.

\*activity tolerance:

rect type: -0, +25% (calibrated);  $\pm 25\%$  (uncalibrated) rod type:  $\pm 20\%$ 

\*\*availability of sets: QCR.1/2-D4 QCR.11/12-D\* QCR.5210-D6

95

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