ATTACHMENT 4

Calculation QDC-0000-N-1266, Revision 2, "Re-analysis of Main Steam Line Break (MSLB) Accident Using Alternative Source Terms"

		Resign Analysis Cover Sheet		
Design Analysis (Majo	r Revision)	Last Page No. ⁶ 18/	Att, B-1	
Analysis No.: '	QDC-0000-N-1266	Revision: ² 4		
Title: ³	Re-analysis of Main Steam Lit	ne Break (MSLB) Accident Using Alternative Source	e Terns	
EC/ECR No.: *	356379	Revision: ⁵ 0		
Station(s); 7	Quad Cities	Component(s): 14		
Unit Na.: *	182			
Discipline: *	N			
Descrip. Code/Keyword: ¹⁰	N01, R01, R02 /AST, MSLB			
Safety/QA Class: "	SR			
System Code: ¹⁷	00			
Structure: 18				
CONTROLLED DOCUN	IENT REFERENCES 15			
Document No.:	From/To	Document No.:	Froin/To	
QDC-0000-M-140	3, R1 From	GE-NE-A22-00109-64-01, R0	From	
QDC-0000-N-1020), R1 From			
Is this Design Analysis	Safeguards Information? 16	Yes 🛛 No 🖾 If y	res, see SY-AA-101-106	
Does this Design Analy Assumptions? ¹⁷	sis contain Unverified		res, VAR#:	
This Design Analysia S	UPERCEDES: 18 Q	DC-0000-N-1266, Rev. 3	in its entirety,	
Description of Revision	(list affected pages for partials):	19		
A4 of the calculation spre	adsheet; with resulting changes i	activity releases for lodine in column G on page In calculated doses as provided in the Summan iso performed, as documented in Attachment B.	and Conclusions	
Preparer: ²⁰	Harold Rothstein	Hand Rottsto	in 1/18/06	
	Print Name	Sign Name	Date	
Method of Review: ²¹	Detailed Review	Alternate Calculations (attached)	Testing 🗋	
Reviewer: 22	Paul Reichert	Paul Richard	0/18/06	
Review	Print Name	Sign Name Poer review 🗂	Date	
23	dent Third Party revi		raton	
(Per Balmat Anniper Oner)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
External Approver: ²⁴	Henll R. Rite Print Name	sign Name		
Exelon Reviewer: ²⁵	T.J. Mscis	2 Amscia	1/20/66	
	Print Name	Sign Name	Gate	
is a Supplemental Review Required? ²⁶ Evelop Evelop Yes [] No [] If yes, complete Attachment 3. Endupendent Third Party Review was Performed by NUCORE				
Exelon Approver: 27	E. Flick	Epeint Zeick		
· 4- 6- 1 0 1 0 1 1	Print Name	Sign Name	 Date	

ATTACHMENT I

REV. NO. 4

CALCULATION TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	PURPOSE/OBJECTIVE	.3
2.0	METHODOLOGY AND ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA	.4
2.1	General Description	.4
2.2	Source Term Model	.4
2.3	Release Model	.4
2.4	Dispersion Model	.4
2.	4.1 EAB and LPZ	
2.	4.2 Control Room	. 5
2.5	Dose Model	. 5
2.	5.1 EAB and LPZ	
2.	5.2 Control Room	.6
2.6	Acceptance Criteria	.6
3.0	ASSUMPTIONS	.9
3.1	Activity Release and Transport	.9
3.2	Control Room	9
4.0	DESIGN INPUT	0
4.1	Mass Release Data 1	0
4.2	Iodine and Noble Gas Activity Release 1	0
4.3	Control Room Data 1	
4.4	EAB and LPZ Data (from the Dresden Technical Specifications)1	1
5.0	REFERENCES 1	
6.0	CALCULATIONS	3
6.1	Cloud Volumes, Masses, and Control Room Intake Transit Times1	
6.2	Dispersion for Offsite Dose Assessment	
6.3	Release Isotopics and Quantification 1	5
6.4	Dose Assessment 1	
7.0	SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS 1	
8.0	OWNER'S ACCEPTANCE REVIEW CHECKLIST FOR EXTERNAL DESIGN ANALYSIS. 1	.8

Attachments:

A. Spreadsheet Performing Cesium Molar Fraction and Total MSLB Dose Assessment, With Formula Sheets [pages A1-A10]

B. Computer Disclosure Sheet [pages B1-B1]

1.0 PURPOSE/OBJECTIVE

The purpose of this calculation is to determine the Control Room (CR), Exclusion Area Boundary (EAB), and Low Population Zone (LPZ) doses following a Main Steam Line Break (MSLB) Accident. This calculation is performed in accordance with Regulatory Guide (RG) 1.183 [Reference 6] as described herein.

The principal attributes of this analysis compared to those performed previously for this event under Standard Review Plan 15.6.4 guidance and 10CFR100 and 10CFR50, General Design Criterion 19 requirements are:

- 1. Doses are evaluated in terms of Total Effective Dose Equivalent (TEDE) and evaluated against 10CFR50.67 limits as modified by RG 1.183.
- 2. Noble gas releases are as previously analyzed and are not impacted by AST application.
- 3. Historically determined liquid reactor coolant and steam release continue to be the basis for the determination that no fuel damage results from an MSLB.
- 4. A simplified and more conservative basis is used for the determination of radionuclide releases based on a bounding reactor coolant blowdown value.
- 5. lodine releases are based on reactor coolant I-131 equivalent limitations in Technical Specifications for "Case 1" and a 20 times higher iodine spike limit for "Case 2".
- 6. Cesium releases, as cesium iodide, and noble gas release are now considered in addition to iodine that has been historically assumed.

As per Quad Cities - UFSAR [Ref. 8] Section 15.6.4, this event involves the postulation that the largest steam line instantaneously and circumferentially breaks outside the primary containment at a location downstream of the outermost isolation valve, with this event representing the envelope evaluation of steam line failures outside primary containment. Closure of the Main Steam Isolation Valves (MSIVs) terminates the reactor coolant mass loss when the full closure is reached. No operator actions are assumed to be taken during the accident, and the radioactivity concentration inside the Control Room is considered the same as that just outside the intake (with a geometry factor applied) to address any degree of postulated unfiltered inleakage during the duration of the event.

The mass of coolant released during the MSLB is taken for this dose calculation as a bounding maximized value for all current Boiling Water Reactor (BWR) plants of 140,000 pounds of water, as provided in Standard Review Plan 15.6.4, Paragraph III.2.a for a GESSAR-251 plant. This value bounds for dose calculation purposes the historic UFSAR values such as 55,000 pounds of steam and 45,000 pounds of water in UFSAR Section 15.6.4.5. This ensures that the discharge quantity and dose consequences are maximized, and that the releases should bound any other credible pipe break. Considering the release as all water maximizes the iodine (the primary dose contributor) release quantity compared to any actual release of steam, which would contain iodine quantities limited by the carryover fraction (typically 2%, as per Reference 10).

2.0 METHODOLOGY AND ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

2.1 General Description

The radiological consequences resulting from a design basis MSLB accident to a person at the EAB; to a person at the LPZ; and to an operator in the Control Room following an MSLB accident were performed using a Microsoft EXCEL spreadsheet, provided as Attachment A.

2.2 Source Term Model

No fuel damage is expected to result from a MSLB. Therefore, the activity available for release from the break is that present in the reactor coolant and steam lines prior to the break, with two cases analyzed. Case 1 is for continued full power operation with a maximum equilibrium coolant concentration of 0.2 uCi/gm dose equivalent I-131 [Ref. 8]. Case 2 is for a maximum coolant concentration of 4.0 uCi/gm dose equivalent I-131, based on a pre-accident iodine spike caused by power changes. This accident source term basis is consistent with the pre-AST MSLB analyses per Regulatory Guide 1.5 [Ref. 5], and meets the guidance in RG 1.183 for analysis of this event as well.

Inhalation Committed Effective Dose Equivalent (CEDE) Dose Conversion Factors (DCFs) from Federal Guidance Report (FGR) No. 11 [Ref. 3] and External Dose Equivalent (EDE) DCFs from FGR No. 12 [Ref. 4] are used.

2.3 Release Model

Noble gas releases are those historically determined from the release fractions in Reference 2 and its Curie release formulation, corresponding to 100,000 uCi /sec off-gas emission after 30 minutes decay, per UFSAR Section 15.6.4.5, and for the Quad Cities Technical Specification value of 5.5 seconds MSIV closure time.

lodine releases are determined based on a release of 140,000 lbs of reactor coolant with either 0.2 uCi/gm or 4.0 uCi/gm of I-131 dose equivalent activity.

The iodine species released from the main steam line are assumed to be 95% CsI as an aerosol, 4.85% elemental, and 0.15% organic. Therefore, 95% of iodine releases have an atom equivalent cesium release. Cesium isotopic abundance is determined based on source terms developed for pH control for longer lived or stable isotope [Ref. 13], and from ANSI/ANS-18.1-1999 [Ref. 10] for shorter lived isotopes.

Releases are assumed to be instantaneous and no credit is taken for dilution in turbine building air.

2.4 **Dispersion Model**

2.4.1 EAB and LPZ

CALCULATION NO. QDC-0000-N-1266 REV. NO. 4

PAGE NO. 5 of 18

EAB and LPZ X/Q's are determined using the methodology in R.G. 1.5 [Ref. 5], that is also cited as a basis for evaluation in the Quad Cities – UFSAR (e.g., Section 15.6.4.5). Specifically:

 $\frac{\chi}{Q} = \frac{0.0133}{\sigma_y u}$ where

 $\sigma_v =$ horizontal standard deviation of the plume (meters)

u = wind velocity (meters/second)

Horizontal standard deviations are taken from the PAVAN outputs for the EAB and LPZ included in Ref. 9. Per R.G. 1.5, F stability and a 1 meter/sec wind speed are used.

2.4.2 Control Room

For control room dose calculations, the plume was modeled as a hemispherical volume, the dimensions of which are determined based on the portion of the liquid reactor coolant release that flashed to steam. The activity of the cloud is based on the total mass of water released from the break. This assumption is conservative because it considers the maximum release of fission products.

Activity release is conservatively assumed to effectively occur at the Control Room intake elevation and, again conservatively, no credit is taken for plume buoyancy.

2.5 Dose Model

Dose models for both onsite and offsite are simplified and meet R.G. 1.183 [Ref. 6] requirements, providing results in units of Total Effective Dose Equivalent (TEDE). Dose conversion factors are based on Federal Guidance Reports 11 and 12 [Refs 1 & 0].

2.5.1 EAB and LPZ

Doses at the EAB and LPZ for the MSLB are based on the following formulas:

Dose_{CEDE} (rem) = Release (Curies) * $\frac{\chi}{Q}$ (sec/m³) * Breathing Rate (m³/sec) * Inhalation DCF (rem_{CEDE}/Ci inhaled) and

Dose_{EDE} (rem) = Release (Curies) * $\frac{\chi}{Q}$ (sec/m³) * Submersion DCF (rem_{EDE} - m³/Ci - sec)

and finally,

$$Dose_{TEDE}$$
 (rem) = $Dose_{CEDE}$ (rem) + $Dose_{EDE}$ (rem)

REV. NO. 4

2.5.2 Control Room

CR operator doses are determined somewhat differently. Steam cloud concentrations are used, rather than X/Q times a curie release rate. No CR filter credit is taken and, therefore, for inhalation, a dose for a location outside of the CR is used. For cloud submersion, a geometry factor is used to credit the reduced plume size seen in the CR. This is a conservative implementation of RG 1.183 guidance. The formulas used are:

 $Dose_{CEDE}$ (rem) = Plume Concentration (Ci/m³) * Transit Duration (sec) *

Breathing Rate (m^3/sec) * Inhalation DCF (rem_{CEDE}/Ci inhaled)

and

 $Dose_{EDE}$ (rem) = Plume Concentration (Ci/m³) * Transit Duration (sec) * Submersion DCF (rem_{EDE} - m³/Ci - sec)

and finally,

$$Dose_{TEDE}$$
 (rem) = $Dose_{CEDE}$ (rem) + $Dose_{EDE}$ (rem)

2.6 Acceptance Criteria

Dose acceptance criteria are per 10CFR50.67 [Ref. 7] and R.G. 1.183 [Ref. 6] guidance.

The Table below lists the regulatory limits for accidental dose to 1) a control room operator, 2) a person at the EAB, and 3) a person at the LPZ boundary.

Regulatory Dose Limits (Rem TEDE) per Refs. 7 and 6.

I-131 Dose	CR	EAB	LPZ
Equivalent	(30 days)	(2 hours)	(30 days
Normal Equilibrium	5	2.5	2.5
Iodine Spike	5	25	2.5

Direct conformance with the relevant guidance in Regulatory Guide 1.183 (e.g., the TEDE concept and the above limits) and in particular its assumptions provided in Appendix D "Assumptions for Evaluating the Radiological Consequences of a BWR Main Steam Line Break Accident" is provided by this analysis, as shown in the Conformance Matrix Table 2.1

REV. NO. 4

PAGE NO.	7	' of	18	ł

Table 2.1: Conformance with RG 1.183 Appendix D (Main Steam Line Break)			
RG Section	RG Position	Dresden/Quad Cities Analysis	Comments
1	Assumptions acceptable to the NRC staff regarding core inventory and the release of radionuclides from the fuel are provided in Regulatory Position 3 of this guide. The release from the breached fuel is based on Regulatory Position 3.2 of this guide and the estimate of the number of fuel rods breached.	Not Applicable	No fuel damage, release estimate based on coolant activity.
2	If no or minimal fuel damage is postulated for the limiting event, the released activity should be the maximum coolant activity allowed by technical specification. The iodine concentration in the primary coolant is assumed to correspond to the following two cases in the nuclear steam supply system vendor's standard technical specifications.	Conforms	See below
2.1	The concentration that is the maximum value (typically 4.0 μ Ci/gm DE I-131) permitted and corresponds to the conditions of an assumed preaccident spike, and	Conforms	4.0 uCi/gm DE I-131 is used in this analysis.
2.2	The concentration that is the maximum equilibrium value (typically 0.2 μ Ci/gm DE I-131) permitted for continued full power operation.	Conforms	0.2 uCi/gm DE I-131 is a Technical Specification limit and is used in this analysis.
3	The activity released from the fuel should be assumed to mix instantaneously and homogeneously in the reactor coolant. Noble gases should be assumed to enter the steam phase instantaneously.	Not Applicable	No fuel damage.
4.1	The main steam line isolation valves (MSIV) should be assumed to close in the maximum time allowed by technical specifications.	Conforms	An MSIV closure time of 5.5 seconds was assumed in the analysis. This is the Technical Specification maximum allowed MSIV closure time of 5 seconds plus 0.5 seconds for instrument response.
4.2	The total mass of coolant released should be assumed to be that amount in the steam line and connecting lines at the time of the break	Conforms	A bounding value of 140,000 lbs or reactor coolant is used

REV. NO. 4

PAGE NO. 8 of 18

	Table 2.1: Conformance with RG 1.183 Appendix D (Main Steam Line Break)				
RG Section	RG Position	Dresden/Quad Cities Analysis	Comments		
	plus the amount that passes through the valves prior to closure.		for dose assessment.		
4.3	All the radioactivity in the released coolant should be assumed to be released to the atmosphere instantaneously as a ground-level release. No credit should be assumed for plateout, holdup, or dilution within facility buildings.	Conforms	Release is assumed at ground level, with no credit taken for plateout, holdup or dilution within facility buildings.		
4.4	The iodine species released from the main steam line should be assumed to be 95% CsI as an aerosol, 4.85% elemental, and 0.15% organic.	Conforms	The subject values are used.		

REV. NO. 4

3.0 ASSUMPTIONS

3.1 Activity Release and Transport

- Iodine coolant activity isotopic distributions and Noble Gas activity releases are taken from the Quad Cities UFSAR [Ref. 8] Section 15.6.4.5.
- Noble Gas activity releases are taken from Reference 2.
- Release from the break to the environment is assumed instantaneous. No holdup in the Turbine Building or dilution by mixing with Turbine Building air volume is credited.
- The steam cloud is assumed to consist of the portion of the liquid reactor coolant release that flashed to steam.
- The activity of the cloud is based on the total mass of water released from the break. This assumption is conservative because it considers the maximum release of fission products.
- Buoyancy effect of the cloud was conservatively ignored.
- For the control room dose calculations,
 - The plume was modeled as a hemispherical volume. This is consistent with the assumption of no Turbine Building credit. It is also reasonable for the more likely release paths through multiple large blowout panels situated around the Turbine Building Main Floor.
 - > Dispersion of the activity of the plume was conservatively ignored.
 - The cloud was assumed to be carried away by a wind of speed 1 m/s. Credit is not taken for decay.

3.2 Control Room

- No credit was taken for the operation of the control room emergency filtration systems during the MSLB.
- Inhalation doses are determined based on concentrations at the intake, and exposures for the duration of plume traverse.
- External exposure doses are determined based on concentrations at the intake, exposures for the duration of plume traverse, and a geometry factor credit (Equation 1 of Ref. 6) based on the maximum control room volume of 184,000 cubic feet [Ref. 11].

4.0 DESIGN INPUT

4.1 Mass Release Data

 As stated in UFSAR Section 15.6.4.3, there is no core uncovery and therefore no fuel damage as a consequence of this accident for the assumed releases. For this dose analysis, a conservative 140,000 pounds of primary coolant liquid is assumed to be released to maximize the iodine release, with a conservative fraction of this liquid flashing to steam.

4.2 Iodine and Noble Gas Activity Release

The MSLB noble gas release fractions listed in the second column below are provided in Table 3-1 of Reference 2. Using the formula below in this Reference for a 100,000 uCi /sec off-gas emission after 30 minutes decay, per UFSAR Section 15.6.4.5, and the Quad Cities Technical Specification value of 5.5 seconds MSIV closure time, the Curie releases in the third column below are obtained: Curies Released = Release fraction x 5.5 x 3 x 0.45, where 0.45 is the offgas rate at the break, in Curies/second, corresponding to a 100,000 uCi /sec off-gas emission after 30 minutes decay, and 3 is nominally the ratio of NRC-assumed to design basis noble release rate.

Noble Gas Isotope	Release Fraction	<u>Curies</u> Release
Kr-83M	0.00936	6.95E-02
Kr-85M	0.0164	1.22E-01
Kr-85	0.000064	4.75E-04
Kr-87	0.0511	3.79E-01
Kr-88	0.0524	3.89E-01
Kr-89	0.218	1.62E+00
Xe-131M	0.0000523	3.88E-04
Xe-133M	0.000782	5.81E-03
Xe-133	0.0219	1.63E-01
Xe-135M	0.0641	4.76E-01
Xe-135	0.0592	4.40E-01
Xe-137	0.288	2.14E+00
Xe-138	0.218	1.62E+00

CALCULATION NO.	QDC-0000-N-1266	REV. NO. 4	PAGE NO. 11 of	18

The relative mix of iodine isotopes in the reactor coolant at the onset of the accident, based on the Quad Cities UFSAR [Ref. 8] Section 15.6.4, is given below.

lodine Isotope	Activity (µCi/cc)
I-131	0.067
I-132	0.38
I-133	0.40
I-134	0.53
I-135	0.49

Release activities are calculated in Attachment A.

4.3 Control Room Data

• Control Room Emergency Zone Volume = 184,000 cubic feet [Ref. 11] (the maximum volume above rather than the volume of the Control Room proper is utilized to maximize the calculated doses, which are proportional to geometry factor)

• No Emergency Filtration Credit taken.

4.4 EAB and LPZ Data

- EAB Distance from Release:
- LPZ Distance from Release,:

380 m [Quad Cities Tech Specs] 4,828 m [Quad Cities Tech Specs]

REV. NO. 4

5.0 REFERENCES

- 1. Deleted.
- 2. NEDO-21143-1, "Radiological Accident Evaluation The CONAC03 Code", General Electric Company, December, 1981.
- Federal Guidance Report No. 11, "Limiting Values of Radionuclide Intake and Air Concentration and Dose Conversion Factors for Inhalation, Submersion, and Ingestion", 1988.
- 4. Federal Guidance Report No. 12, "External Eexposure to Radionuclides in Air, Water, and Soil", 1993.
- 5. Regulatory Guides 1.5, "Assumptions Used for Evaluating the Potential Radiological Consequences of a Steam Line Break Accidents for Boiling Water Reactors," 3/10/71.
- 6. Regulatory Guide 1.183, "Alternative Radiological Source Terms For Evaluating Design Basis Accidents At Nuclear Power Reactors", July 2000.
- 7. 10 CFR Part 50.67, "Accident source term", January 1, 2001.
- 8. Quad Cities Nuclear Power Station UFSAR Rev. 7, Section 15.6.4.
- 9. Calculation QDC-0000-M-1408, Rev. 1 "Atmospheric Dispersion Factors (X/Qs) for Accident Release".
- 10. American Nuclear Society Standard (ANS) 18.1-1999 "Radioactive Source Terms For Normal Operation of Light Water Reactors", Table 5.
- 11. QDC-0000-N-1020, "Impact of Extended Power Uprate on Site Boundary and Control room Doses for LOCA and Non-LOCA Events", Revision 1.
- 12. Deleted.
- 13. PBAPS Calculation PM-1056, Rev. 1, "Suppression Pool pH Calculation for Alternative Source Terms".

REV. NO. 4

6.0 CALCULATIONS

No fuel damage is expected for the limiting MSLB. As discussed in Section 2, two iodine concentrations are used ($0.2 \ \mu$ Ci/g and $4.0 \ \mu$ Ci/g) [per Ref. 6] when determining the consequences of the main steam line break. All of the radioactivity in the released coolant is assumed to be released to the atmosphere instantaneously as a ground-level release. No credit is taken for plateout, holdup, or dilution within facility buildings.

The spreadsheets in Attachment A perform this analysis using data and formulations discussed above and shown in Attachment A. The following summarizes parameters and their treatment in the spreadsheet.

6.1 Cloud Volumes, Masses, and Control Room Intake Transit Times

The cloud is assumed to consist of portion of the conservatively bounding liquid reactor coolant release that flashes to steam. The flashing fraction (FF) is derived as follows:

FF x (steam enthalpy at 212 F) + (1-FF) x (liquid enthalpy at 212 F) = (liquid enthalpy at temperature of steam at reactor vessel outlet)

A 548 F vessel outlet temperature is used, with liquid enthalpy of 546.9 BTU/lb. At 212 F, a steam enthalpy of 1150.5 BTU/lb and a liquid enthalpy of 180.17 BTU/lb are used (these enthalpies are taken from the ASME Steam Tables).

Substituting,

FF = (546.9 - 180.17) / [(1150.5 - 180.17)] = 0.378

For conservatism, a value of .40 or 40% is used.

As stated in Section 3.1, the cloud is assumed to consist of the initial steam blowdown and that portion of the liquid reactor coolant release that flashed to steam.

The mass liquid water released = 140,000 lb Flashing fraction for calculating cloud volume = 40%The mass of water carrying activity into the cloud = 140,000 lb = (140,000 lb) = (140,000 lb) = 6.350E76 g The mass of starm in the cloud = -40%

The mass of steam in the cloud

=40%*140,000 lb = 56,000 lb

|--|

The release is assumed to be a hemisphere with a uniform concentration. The cloud dimensions (based on to 56,000 lb of steam at 14.7 psi and 212 °F, $v_g = 26.799$ ft³/lb) were calculated as follows:

Volume = $(56,000 \text{ lb})(26.799 \text{ ft}^3/\text{lb})$ = 1,500,744 ft³ = $(1,500,744 \text{ ft}^3)/(35.3 \text{ ft}^3/\text{m}^3)$ = 42,514 m³

The volume of a hemisphere is π d³/12. Thus, the diameter of the hemispherical cloud is 54.6 meters.

The period of time required for the cloud to pass over the control room intake, assuming a wind speed of 1 m/s is 54.6 s (=(54.6 m)/(1 m/s)). Therefore, at a wind speed of 1 m/s, the base of the hemispherical cloud will pass over the control room intake in 54.6 seconds.

6.2 **Dispersion for Offsite Dose Assessment**

As discussed in Section 2.4.1 the following formulation was used for Offsite Dose X/Q assessment, with F Pasquill Stability and a 1 m/sec wind speed.

$$\frac{\chi}{Q} = \frac{0.0133}{\sigma_y u}$$

where

 $\sigma_v = horizontal standard deviation of the plume (meters)$

u = wind velocity (meters/second)

As calculated in the PAVAN run in Reference [9], at the 380 meter EAB distance σ_y is 15.4, and at the 4828 meter LPZ distance σ_y is 153. The resulting EAB and LPZ X/Qs are 8.64E-04 and 8.69E-05 sec/m³, respectively.

6.3 Release Isotopics and Quantification

The iodine, noble gas and cesium activity releases are given in Attachment A, which also determines resulting doses.

Noble gas releases are taken from the input in Section 4.2.

lodine releases are based on reactor coolant isotopic distributions from Section 4.2, which are normalized based on FGR-11 CEDE dose conversion factors to obtain coolant concentrations corresponding to Case 1: 0.2 uCi/gm, and Case 2 4.0 uCi/gm. The resulting concentrations were multiplied by the 140,000 lbs of release converted to grams.

Cesium releases are based on the fact that a single cesium atom will accompany 95% of the released iodine atoms. For Cs-133, Cs-134, Cs-135, and Cs-137, isotopic data (in Curies per Megawatt, and therefore generally applicable to similar BWRs such as Quad Cities +) for end of cycle conditions from Reference 13 were used. For shorter lived isotopes such as Cs-136 and Cs-138, the ratio of their concentration values in Reactor Water to that of Cs-137 in Reference 10 is used to predict their relative concentrations. Releases reflect this distribution, with the molar fractions converted to curie quantities based on the isotope's decay constant. Cs-133, representing about 38% of the cesium, is stable.

6.4 Dose Assessment

Doses at the EAB and LPZ distances, and in the Control Room are calculated in Attachment A using the formulas in Section 2.5. Concentrations at the receptor locations are that in the steam plume for the Control Room or based on the release times the applicable X/Q for the EAB and LPZ.

Doses are calculated for inhalation (rem CEDE) and plume submersion (rem EDE) and totaled to yield rem TEDE. The breathing rate of 3.47E-04 m³/sec is per RG 1.183 guidance without the round-off.

The resulting calculated doses are in the spreadsheet and in the Summary and Conclusions Section below.

REV. NO. 4

7.0 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

Accident doses from a design basis MSLB were calculated for the control room operator, a person at the EAB, and a person at the LPZ. The results are summarized in the Table below. The doses at the Control Room, EAB, and LPZ resulting from a postulated design basis MSLB do not exceed the regulatory limits.

Location	Case 1 (normal equilibrium limit of 0.2 μCi) Dose (rem TEDE)	Case 2 (iodine spike limit of 4.0 μCi) Dose (rem TEDE)
LIMITS	CR: 5.0; EAB&LPZ: 2.5	CR: 5.0; EAB&LPZ: 25
EAB	0.167	3.32
LPZ	0.0168	0.335
CR	0.189	3.79

CALCULATION NO. QDC-0000-N-1266 REV. NO. 4

PAGE NO. 18 of 18

8.0 OWNER'S ACCEPTANCE REVIEW CHECKLIST FOR EXTERNAL DESIGN ANALYSIS

DESIGN ANALYSIS NO. QDC-0000-N-1266 REV: 4

- 1. Do assumptions have sufficient rationale?
- 2. Are assumptions compatible with the way the plant is operated and with the licensing basis?
- 3. Do the design inputs have sufficient rationale?
- 4. Are design inputs correct and reasonable?
- 5. Are design inputs compatible with the way the plant is operated and with the licensing basis?
- 6. Are Engineering Judgments clearly documented and justified?
- 7. Are Engineering Judgments compatible with the way the plant is operated and with the licensing basis?
- 8. Do the results and conclusions satisfy the purpose and objective of the Design Analysis?
- 9. Are the results and conclusions compatible with the way the plant is operated and with the licensing basis?
- 10. Does the Design Analysis include the applicable design basis documentation?
- 11. Have any limitations on the use of the results been identified and transmitted to the appropriate organizations?
- 12. Are there any unverified assumptions?
- 13. Do all unverified assumptions have a tracking and closure mechanism in place?
- 14.Have all affected design analyses been documented on the Affected
Documents List (ADL) for the associated Configuration Change?

Do the sources of inputs and analysis methodology used meet current technical requirements and regulatory commitments? (If the input sources or

- 15. analysis methodology are based on an out-of-date methodology or code, additional reconciliation may be required if the site has since committed to a more recent code)
- 16. Have vendor supporting technical documents and references (including GE DRFs) been reviewed when necessary?

EXELON REVIEWER: DATE:

Yes	No	N/A
U.		
D		
Ľ		
Ū		
U		
IJ		
ľ		
	U	
		\square
g		
5		
1/20	116	

	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	1	J	ĸ		M
1	Quad Citi	es 1&2 MSLB	Dose Spre	adsheet		Case 1:	Reactor Cool	ant at maximu	m value (DE I-13	1 of 0.2 uCi/g)			
2			•				for continued	full power ope	ration	-			
3		Volume of cloud				Case 2:	Reactor Cool	ant at maximu	m value permitted	d (DE I-131 of	4.0 uCi/g)		
4		Mass of water in					corresponding	g to an assum	ed pre-accident s	pike			
5		seconds for clou											
6		Volume of Contr			eet) - maximum	used for conserv	vatism						
7		Mass of Liquid V		d (Ib)									
8		Flashing Fraction Mass of Steam in											
10		Vg (ft ³ /lb) (based											
	20.799 Reactor con	lant iodine distrib	on 14.7 psi a	na 212F)	am/aa anaaifia								
12	Reactor COO			led to be a 1	gnived specific g	gravity		+	Coos 4	0			
13									Case 1 Release	Case 2 Release			
14				Normalized	Case 1	Case 2	Case 1	Case 2	Cloud	Cloud		Case 1	Case 2
15	Isotope	Activity	FGR 11	I-131 DE	Normalized	Normalized	Activity	Activity	Concentration		Decay	Activity	Activity
16	· · · ·	Distribution	DCF ¹	Activity	Activity	Activity	Release	Release	Concontration	Donochadio	Constant	Release	Release
17		uCi/gm	Rem _{CEDE} /Ci	uCi/gm	uCi/gm	uCi/gm	Ci	Ci	Ci/m3	Ci/m3	1/seconds	moles	moles
18	I-131	0.067	3.29E+04		8.23E-02	1.65E+00	5.22E+00	1.04E+02	1.23E-04	2.46E-03	9.98E-07	3.22E-07	6.43E-06
19	I-132	0.38	3.81E+02		5.40E-03	1.08E-01	2.96E+01	5.93E+02	6.97E-04	1.39E-02	8.37E-05	2.17E-08	4.35E-07
20	I-133	0.4		7.11E-02	8.73E-02	1.75E+00	3.12E+01	6.24E+02	7.34E-04	1.47E-02	9.26E-06	2.07E-07	4.14E-06
21	I-134	0.53	1.31E+02	2.11E-03	2.59E-03	5.18E-02	4.13E+01	8.26E+02	9.72E-04	1.94E-02	2.20E-04	1.16E-08	2.31E-07
22	I-135	0.49	1.23E+03		2.25E-02	4.50E-01	3.82E+01	7.64E+02	8.99E-04	1.80E-02	2.91E-05	8.06E-08	1.61E-06
23			Totals	1.63E-01	2.00E-01	4.00E+00					Totals	6.42E-07	1.28E-05
24					"non-spiked"	"spiked"				·			
25		NEDO-	NEDO-	NEDO-									
26		21143-1 ³	21143-1 ³	21143-1 ³	Case 1	Case 2							
27		MSLB	Case 1	Case 2	Release	Release							
28		Noble Gas	Activity	Activity	Cloud	Cloud							
29		Release	Release	Release	Concentration	Concentration		1					
30 31	Kr-83M	Fractions 0.00936	Ci 6.95E-02	Ci 6.95E-02	Ci/m3	Ci/m3			0				
32	Kr-85M	0.00936		6.95E-02 1.22E-01	1.63E-06 2.86E-06	1.63E-06 2.86E-06			Case 1	Case 2	D a	Case 1	Case 2
33	Kr-85	0.00064		4.75E-01	1.12E-08	1.12E-08			Activity Release	Activity Release	Decay Constant	Activity Release	Activity
34	Kr-87	0.0511	3.79E-01	3.79E-01	8.92E-06	8.92E-06		Moiar Frac.	moles	moles	1/seconds	curies	Release curies
35	Kr-88	0.0524		3.89E-01	9.15E-06	9.15E-06	Cs-134	4.4317%	2.70E-08	5.41E-07	1.07E-08	4.69E-03	9.38E-02
36	Kr-89	0.218		1.62E+00	3.81E-05	3.81E-05	Cs-135	17.4506%	1.06E-07	2.13E-06		4.69E-03	3.31E-07
37	Xe-131M	0.0000523		3.88E-04	9.13E-09	9.13E-09	Cs-136	0.0120%	7.32E-11	1.46E-09		7.26E-04	
38	Xe-133M	0.000782	5.81E-03	5.81E-03	1.37E-07	1.37E-07	CS-137	40.17%	2.45E-07	4.90E-06		2.91E-03	5.81E-02
39	Xe-133	0.0219		1.63E-01	3.82E-06	3.82E-06	Cs-138	0.0102%	6.22E-11	1.24E-09	3.59E-04		7.26E+00
40	Xe-135M	0.0641	4.76E-01	4.76E-01	1.12E-05	1.12E-05	Totals	62.08%	3.79E-07	7.58E-06			
41	Xe-135	0.0592		4.40E-01	1.03E-05	1.03E-05	Bala	ance is stable					
42	Xe-137	0.288		2.14E+00	5.03E-05	5.03E-05							
43	Xe-138	0.218	1.62E+00	1.62E+00	3.81E-05	3.81E-05							
44				L	L	L							

	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L L	M
45			Curies R	eleased		Case	1 Dose (rem C	EDE)	Case	2 Dose (rem (CEDE)		
46			to the Env	rironment			(Inhalation)			(Inhalation)			
47	Isotope		Case 1	Case 2	DCF ¹	CR	EAB	LPZ	CR	EAB	LPZ		
48	I-131		5.22E+00	1.04E+02	3.29E+04	7.65E-02	5.15E-02	5.18E-03	1.53E+00	1.03E+00	1.04E-01		
49	I-132		2.96E+01	5.93E+02	3.81E+02	5.03E-03	3.38E-03	3.40E-04	1.01E-01	6.77E-02	6.81E-03		
50 51	I-133		3.12E+01	6.24E+02	5.85E+03	8.12E-02	5.46E-02	5.50E-03	1.62E+00	1.09E+00	1.10E-01		
51	I-134		4.13E+01	8.26E+02	1.31E+02	2.41E-03	1.62E-03	1.63E-04	4.82E-02	3.24E-02	3.27E-03		
52	I-135		3.82E+01	7.64E+02	1.23E+03	2.09E-02	1.41E-02	1.42E-03	4.18E-01	2.82E-01	2.83E-02		
53													
54	Cs-134		4.69E-03	9.38E-02	4.63E+04	9.66E-05	6.50E-05	6.54E-06	1.93E-03	1.30E-03	1.31E-04		
55	Cs-135	<u> </u>	1.66E-08	3.31E-07	4.55E+03	3.36E-11	2.26E-11	2.27E-12	6.71E-10	4.52E-10	4.55E-11		
56	Cs-136		7.26E-04	1.45E-02	7.33E+03	2.37E-06	1.59E-06	1.61E-07	4.74E-05	3.19E-05	3.21E-06		
57	CS-137		2.91E-03	5.81E-02	3.19E+04	4.13E-05	2.78E-05	2.80E-06	8.26E-04	5.56E-04	5.60E-05		
58	Cs-138		3.63E-01	7.26E+00	1.01E+02	1.64E-05	1.10E-05	1.11E-06	3.28E-04	2.21E-04	2.22E-05		
59	Sul	b-total (rem CE	DE)			1.86E-01	1.25E-01	1.26E-02	3.72E+00	2.51E+00	2.52E-01		
60										·			
61			Curies R	eleased		Case	e 1 Dose (rem	EDE)	Case	2 Dose (rem	EDE)		
62			to the Env	vironment			(External)			(External)			
63	isotope		Case 1	Case 2	DCF ²	CR	EAB	LPZ	CR	EAB	LPZ		
64	I-131		5.22E+00	1.04E+02	6.73E-02	2.32E-05	3.04E-04	3.06E-05	4.63E-04	6.08E-03	6.12E-04		
65	I-132		2.96E+01	5.93E+02	4.14E-01	8.08E-04	1.06E-02	1.07E-03	1.62E-02	2.12E-01	2.13E-02		
66	I-133		3.12E+01	6.24E+02	1.09E-01	2.23E-04	2.93E-03	2.95E-04	4.47E-03	5.86E-02	5.90E-03		
67	I-134		4.13E+01	8.26E+02	4.81E-01	1.31E-03	1.72E-02	1.73E-03	2.62E-02	3.43E-01	3.46E-02		
68	I-135		3.82E+01	7.64E+02	2.95E-01	7.43E-04	9.74E-03	9.80E-04	1.49E-02	1.95E-01	1.96E-02		
69													
70	Cs-134		4.69E-03	9.38E-02	2.80E-01	8.65E-08	1.13E-06	1.14E-07	1.73E-06	2.27E-05	2.28E-06		
71	Cs-135		1.66E-08	3.31E-07	2.09E-06	2.28E-18	2.99E-17	3.01E-18	4.56E-17	5.98E-16	6.02E-17		
72	Cs-136		7.26E-04	1.45E-02	3.92E-01	1.88E-08	2.46E-07	2.48E-08	3.75E-07	4.92E-06	4.95E-07		
73	CS-137		2.91E-03	5.81E-02	2.86E-05	5.48E-12	7.19E-11	7.23E-12	1.10E-10	1.44E-09	1.45E-10		
74	Cs-138		3.63E-01	7.26E+00	4.48E-01	1.07E-05	1.40E-04	1.41E-05	2.14E-04	2.81E-03	2.83E-04		
75				· ·									

	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	1	J	К	L	М
76	Sub-	total (rem EDE)				3.12E-03	4.09E-02	4.12E-03	6.23E-02	8.18E-01	8.23E-02		
77	lodine and	Cesium Total (re	em TEDE)			1.89E-01	1.66E-01	1.67E-02	3.79E+00	3.32E+00	3.35E-01		
78			Curies R			Case	1 Dose (rem	EDE)	Case	2 Dose (rem	EDE)		
79			to the Env	/ironment			(External)			(External)			
80			Case 1	Case 2	DCF ²	CR	EAB	LPZ	CR	EAB	LPZ		
81	Kr-83M		6.95E-02	6.95E-02	5.55E-06	2.54E-11	3.33E-10	3.35E-11	2.54E-11	3.33E-10	3.35E-11		
82	Кг-85М		1.22E-01	1.22E-01	2.77E-02	2.22E-07	2.91E-06	2.93E-07	2.22E-07	2.91E-06	2.93E-07		
83	Kr-85		4.75E-04	4.75E-04	4.40E-04	1.38E-11	1.81E-10	1.82E-11	1.38E-11	1.81E-10	1.82E-11		
84	Kr-87		3.79E-01	3.79E-01	1.52E-01	3.81E-06	5.00E-05	5.03E-06	3.81E-06	5.00E-05	5.03E-06		
85	Kr-88		3.89E-01	3.89E-01	3.77E-01	9.67E-06	1.27E-04	1.28E-05	9.67E-06	1.27E-04	1.28E-05		
86	Kr-89		1.62E+00	1.62E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
87	Xe-131M		3.88E-04	3.88E-04	1.44E-03	3.68E-11	4.83E-10	4.86E-11	3.68E-11	4.83E-10	4.86E-11		
88	Xe-133M		5.81E-03	5.81E-03	5.07E-03	1.94E-09	2.54E-08	2.56E-09	1.94E-09	2.54E-08	2.56E-09		
89	Xe-133		1.63E-01	1.63E-01	5.77E-03	6.18E-08	8.11E-07	8.16E-08	6.18E-08	8.11E-07	8.16E-08		
90	Xe-135M		4.76E-01	4.76E-01	7.55E-02	2.37E-06	3.10E-05	3.12E-06	2.37E-06	3.10E-05	3.12E-06		
91	Xe-135		4.40E-01	4.40E-01	4.40E-02	1.27E-06	1.67E-05	1.68E-06	1.27E-06	1.67E-05	1.68E-06		
92	Xe-137		2.14E+00	2.14E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
93	Xe-138		1.62E+00	1.62E+00	2.13E-01	2.28E-05	2.98E-04	3.00E-05	2.28E-05	2.98E-04	3.00E-05		
94	Noble G	ias Sub-total (re	em EDE)			4.02E-05	5.27E-04	5.30E-05	4.02E-05	5.27E-04	5.30E-05		
95													
	Overall Tot	al (rem TEDE)				1.89E-01	1.67E-01	1.68E-02	3.79E+00	3.32E+00	3.35E-01		
97									· · ·				
98	1	Dose Conversion	Factor (rem/Cur	rie) from Feder	al Guidance Repo	ort (FGR) 11 per R	eg. Guide 1.183						
99	2	Dose Conversion	Factor (rem-m ³ /	Curie-second)	from FGR 12 per	Reg. Guide 1.183							
100	3	From NEDO-2114	3-1, "Radiologic	al Accident Ev	aluation - The CC	NAC03 Code", G	eneral Electric C	Company, Decer	mber, 1981,				
101		with its Table 3-1	("SLBA Source	Activities") Rel	ease Fractions an	d page 3-3 Ci con	version formula	for a 0.1 Ci/sec	design basis				
102		offgas release rate	and 5.5 secor	nd MSIV closur	e time, both of wh	nich apply							·
103	3.47E-04	Breathing rate (m ³	/second) per Re	egulatory Guide	e 1.183 (without re	ound-off)							
104		Control Room Ger											
105	1.54E+01 EAB σ _y (meters) for F stability, (taken from PAVAN runs in Calc. QDC-0000-M-1408, Rev. 1)												
106	1.530E+02	LPZ ov (meters) fo	or F stability, (tal	ken from PAVA	N runs in Calc. (2DC-0000-M-1408	3, Rev. 1)						
107		Wind Speed (m/s)											
108	8.64E-04	X/Q (seconds/m ³)	at EA Boundary	y - 0-2 hours ba	ased on RG 1.5 m	ethodology	1						
109		X/Q (seconds/m ³)	at Low Populat	ion Zone - 0-2	based on RG 1.5	methodology							
110		······································	<u>·</u>										

				<u> </u>		······································	
_	Α	B	<u>с</u>	D	E	F	G
_	Quad Cities 1&2 MSL		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Case 1:	Reactor Coolant at maximum value (D
2							
3	=(A9*A10)/35.3	Volume of cloud (cubic meters)				Case 2:	Reactor Coolant at maximum value pe
4		Mass of water in reactor coolant re					
5	=(A3*12/Pl())^(1/3)	seconds for cloud to pass over CF					
	184000	Volume of Control Room Envelop					
7	140000	Mass of Liquid Water Released (II					
8	0.4	Flashing Fraction					
9	=A7*A8	Mass of Steam in the Cloud (Ib)					
_	26.799	Vg (ft3/lb) (based on 14.7 psi and					
	Reactor coolant iodine dist						
12							
13					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
14		· · ·		Normalized	Case 1	Case 2	Case 1
15	Isotope	Activity	FGR 11	I-131 DE	Normalized	Normalized	Activity
16		Distribution	DCF ¹	Activity	Activity	Activity	Release
17		uCi/gm	Rem _{CEDE} /Ci	uCi/gm	uCi/gm	uCi/gm	Cl
	1 494						1
18		0.067	32900	=C18*B18/C\$18	=D18*0.2/D\$23	=E18*20	=E18*\$A\$4*\$C\$18/C18/1000000
19		0.38	381	=C19*B19/C\$18	=D19*0.2/D\$23	=E19*20	=E19*\$A\$4*\$C\$18/C19/1000000
20		0.4	5846	=C20*B20/C\$18	=D20*0.2/D\$23	=E20*20	=E20*\$A\$4*\$C\$18/C20/1000000
21		0.53	131	=C21*B21/C\$18 =C22*B22/C\$18	=D21*0.2/D\$23	=E21*20 =E22*20	=E21*\$A\$4*\$C\$18/C21/1000000 =E22*\$A\$4*\$C\$18/C22/1000000
22 23	1-135	0.49			=D22*0.2/D\$23		=E22"\$A\$4"\$C\$10/C22/100000
23		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Totals	=SUM(D18:D22)	=SUM(E18:E22)	=SUM(F18:F22)	
24	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		hirpo	hirpo	"non-spiked"	"spiked"	
25		NEDO-	NEDO-	NEDO-			
26		21143-1 ³	21143-1 ³	21143-1 ³	Case 1	Case 2	
27		MSLB	Case 1	Case 2	Release	Release	
28		Noble Gas	Activity	Activity	Cloud	Cloud	
29		Release	Release	Release	Concentration	Concentration	
30		Fractions	Ci	Ci	Ci/m3	Ci/m3	<u>_</u>
31	Kr-83M	0.00936	=\$B31*5.5*3*0.45	=\$B31*5.5*3*0.45	=C31/\$A\$3	=D31/\$A\$3	
32	Kr-85M	0.0164	=\$B32*5.5*3*0.45	=\$B32*5.5*3*0.45	=C32/\$A\$3	=D32/\$A\$3	
33	Kr-85	0.000064	=\$B33*5.5*3*0.45	=\$B33*5.5*3*0.45	=C33/\$A\$3	=D33/\$A\$3	
34	Kr-87	0.0511	=\$B34*5.5*3*0.45	=\$B34*5.5*3*0.45	=C34/\$A\$3	=D34/\$A\$3	0.404
35	Kr-88	0.0524	=\$B35*5.5*3*0.45	=\$B35*5.5*3*0.45	=C35/\$A\$3	=D35/\$A\$3	Cs-134
36	Kr-89	0.218	=\$B36*5.5*3*0.45	=\$B36*5.5*3*0.45	=C36/\$A\$3	=D36/\$A\$3	Cs-135
37	Xe-131M	0.0000523	=\$B37*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B38*5.5*3*0.45	=\$B37*5.5*3*0.45	=C37/\$A\$3	=D37/\$A\$3	Cs-136
38	Xe-133M	0.000782				-020/6462	
39	Xe-133			=\$B38*5.5*3*0.45	=C38/\$A\$3	=D38/\$A\$3	CS-137
40		0.0219	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45	=C39/\$A\$3	=D39/\$A\$3	CS-137 Cs-138
	Xe-135M	0.0219 0.0641	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45	=C39/\$A\$3 =C40/\$A\$3	=D39/\$A\$3 =D40/\$A\$3	CS-137
41	Xe-135M Xe-135	0.0219 0.0641 0.0592	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45	=C39/\$A\$3 =C40/\$A\$3 =C41/\$A\$3	=D39/\$A\$3 =D40/\$A\$3 =D41/\$A\$3	CS-137 Cs-138
42	Xe-135M Xe-135 Xe-137	0.0219 0.0641 0.0592 0.288	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45	=C39/\$A\$3 =C40/\$A\$3 =C41/\$A\$3 =C41/\$A\$3 =C42/\$A\$3	=D39/\$A\$3 =D40/\$A\$3 =D41/\$A\$3 =D41/\$A\$3 =D42/\$A\$3	CS-137 Cs-138
42 43	Xe-135M Xe-135	0.0219 0.0641 0.0592	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45	=C39/\$A\$3 =C40/\$A\$3 =C41/\$A\$3	=D39/\$A\$3 =D40/\$A\$3 =D41/\$A\$3	CS-137 Cs-138
42 43 44	Xe-135M Xe-135 Xe-137 Xe-138	0.0219 0.0641 0.0592 0.288	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45	=C39/\$A\$3 =C40/\$A\$3 =C41/\$A\$3 =C41/\$A\$3 =C42/\$A\$3	=D39/\$A\$3 =D40/\$A\$3 =D41/\$A\$3 =D41/\$A\$3 =D42/\$A\$3	CS-137 Cs-138 Totals
42 43 44 45	Xe-135M Xe-135 Xe-137 Xe-138	0.0219 0.0641 0.0592 0.288	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 Curies	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 Released	=C39/\$A\$3 =C40/\$A\$3 =C41/\$A\$3 =C41/\$A\$3 =C42/\$A\$3	=D39/\$A\$3 =D40/\$A\$3 =D41/\$A\$3 =D41/\$A\$3 =D42/\$A\$3	CS-137 Cs-138 Totals Case 1 Dose (rem CEDE)
42 43 44 45 46	Xe-135M Xe-135 Xe-137 Xe-138	0.0219 0.0641 0.0592 0.288	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 Curies to the E	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 Released nvironment	=C39/\$A\$3 =C40/\$A\$3 =C41/\$A\$3 =C42/\$A\$3 =C42/\$A\$3 =C43/\$A\$3	=D39/\$A\$3 =D40/\$A\$3 =D41/\$A\$3 =D42/\$A\$3 =D42/\$A\$3 =D43/\$A\$3	CS-137 Cs-138 Totals Case 1 Dose (rem CEDE) (Inhalation)
42 43 44 45 46 47	Xe-135M Xe-135 Xe-137 Xe-138 Isotope	0.0219 0.0641 0.0592 0.288	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 Curies to the E Case 1	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 Released nvironment Case 2	=C39/\$A\$3 =C40/\$A\$3 =C41/\$A\$3 =C42/\$A\$3 =C43/\$A\$3 =C43/\$A\$3	=D39/\$A\$3 =D40/\$A\$3 =D41/\$A\$3 =D42/\$A\$3 =D43/\$A\$3 =D43/\$A\$3	CS-137 Cs-138 Totals Case 1 Dose (rem CEDE) (inhalation) EAB
42 43 44 45 46 47 48	Xe-135M Xe-135 Xe-137 Xe-138 Isotope I-131	0.0219 0.0641 0.0592 0.288	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 Curies to the E Case 1 =C19	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 Released nvironment Case 2 =i110	=C39/\$A\$3 =C40/\$A\$3 =C41/\$A\$3 =C41/\$A\$3 =C43/\$A\$3 =C43/\$A\$3 DCF ¹ 32900	=D39/\$A\$3 =D40/\$A\$3 =D41/\$A\$3 =D42/\$A\$3 =D43/\$A\$3 =D43/\$A\$3 =CR -110*\$E40*\$A\$103*\$A\$5	CS-137 Cs-138 Totals Case 1 Dose (rem CEDE) (Inhalation) EAB =C48*\$E48*\$A\$103*\$A\$108
42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	Xe-135M Xe-135 Xe-137 Xe-138 isotope i-131 i-132	0.0219 0.0641 0.0592 0.288	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 Curies to the E Case 1 =C19 =G19	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 Released nvironment Case 2 =+110 =H19	=C39/\$A\$3 =C40(\$A\$3 =C41(\$A\$3 =C42(\$A\$3 =C42(\$A\$3 =C43(\$	=D39/\$A\$3 =D40/\$A\$3 =D41/\$A\$3 =D42/\$A\$3 =D43/\$A\$3 =D43/\$A\$3 =CR -110*\$E46*\$A\$103*\$A\$5 =119*\$E49*\$A\$103*\$A\$5	CS-137 Cs-138 Totals Case 1 Dose (rem CEDE) (Inhalation) EAB =C48*\$E48*\$A\$103*\$A\$108
42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50	Xe-135M Xe-135 Xe-137 Xe-138 Isotope I-131 I-132 I-133	0.0219 0.0641 0.0592 0.288	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 Curies to the E Case 1 =C19 =G20	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 Released nvironment Case 2 =i110 =H19 =H20	=C39/\$A\$3 =C40/\$A\$3 =C41/\$A\$3 =C42/\$A\$3 =C42/\$A\$3 =C43/\$A\$3 =C43/\$A\$3 DCF ¹ 32900 381 5846	=D39/\$A\$3 =D40/\$A\$3 =D41/\$A\$3 =D42/\$A\$3 =D42/\$A\$3 =D43/\$	CS-137 Cs-138 Totals Case 1 Dose (rem CEDE) (inhalation) EAB =C48*5E48*5A\$103*5A\$108 =C49*\$E49*5A\$103*\$A\$108 =C50*\$E50*\$A\$103*\$A\$108
42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51	Xe-135M Xe-135 Xe-137 Xe-138 Isotope I-131 I-132 I-133 I-134	0.0219 0.0641 0.0592 0.288	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 Curies to the E Case 1 =C19 =G20 =G21	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 = Released nivlonment Case 2 =+110 =+119 =+120 =+121	=C39/\$A\$3 =C40/\$A\$3 =C41/\$A\$3 =C42/\$A\$3 =C42/\$A\$3 =C43/\$A\$3 =C43/\$A\$3 DCF ¹ 22900 381 5846 131	=D39/\$A\$3 =D40/\$A\$3 =D41/\$A\$3 =D42/\$A\$3 =D43/\$A\$3 =D43/\$A\$3 =CR -110*\$E40*\$A\$103*\$A\$5 =119*\$E49*\$A\$103*\$A\$5 =120*\$E0*\$A\$103*\$A\$5 =120*\$E0*\$A\$103*\$A\$5 =121*\$E51*\$A\$103*\$A\$5	CS-137 Cs-138 Totals Totals Case 1 Dose (rem CEDE) (inhalation) EAB =C48*\$E48*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =C49*\$E49*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =C59*\$E50*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =C51*\$E51*\$A\$103*\$A\$108
42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52	Xe-135M Xe-135 Xe-137 Xe-138 Isotope I-131 I-132 I-133	0.0219 0.0641 0.0592 0.288	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 Curies to the E Case 1 =C19 =G20	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 Released nvironment Case 2 =i110 =H19 =H20	=C39/\$A\$3 =C40/\$A\$3 =C41/\$A\$3 =C42/\$A\$3 =C42/\$A\$3 =C43/\$A\$3 =C43/\$A\$3 DCF ¹ 32900 381 5846	=D39/\$A\$3 =D40/\$A\$3 =D41/\$A\$3 =D42/\$A\$3 =D42/\$A\$3 =D43/\$	CS-137 Cs-138 Totals Case 1 Dose (rem CEDE) (inhalation) EAB =C48*5E48*5A\$103*5A\$108 =C49*\$E49*5A\$103*\$A\$108 =C50*\$E50*\$A\$103*\$A\$108
42 43 44 45 46 47 49 50 51 52 53	Xe-135M Xe-135 Xe-137 Xe-137 Xe-138 Isotope I-131 I-132 I-133 I-134 I-135	0.0219 0.0641 0.0592 0.288	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 = Curies to the E Case 1 =C19 =G20 =G21 =G22	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.5*0*0.5*0*0.5*0*0.5*0*0.5*0*0.5*0*0.5*0*0.5*0*0.5*0*0*0*0	=C39/\$A\$3 =C40(\$A\$3 =C41(\$A\$3 =C42(\$A\$3 =C42(\$A\$3 =C43(\$A\$3 =C43(\$A\$3 DCF ¹ 32900 381 5846 131 1230	=D39/\$A\$3 =D40/\$A\$3 =D41/\$A\$3 =D42/\$A\$3 =D42/\$A\$3 =D43/\$	CS-137 Cs-138 Totals Totals Case 1 Dose (rem CEDE) (Inhalation) EAB =C48*\$E48*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =C49*\$E49*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =C50*\$E50*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =C51*\$E51*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =C52*\$E52*\$A\$103*\$A\$108
42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54	Xe-135M Xe-135 Xe-137 Xe-137 Xe-138 isotope i-131 i-132 i-133 i-133 i-134 i-135 Cs-134	0.0219 0.0641 0.0592 0.288	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 Curies to the E Case 1 =G19 =G20 =G21 =G22 =L35	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45= =\$B43*5.5*3*0.5*3*	=C39/\$A\$3 =C40(\$A\$3 =C41(\$A\$3 =C42(\$A\$3 =C42(\$A\$3 =C43(\$A\$3 =C43(\$A\$3 =C43(\$A\$3 =C43(\$A\$3 =C43(\$A\$3 =C43(\$A\$3 =C43(\$A\$3 =C43(\$A\$3 =C43(\$A\$3 =C43(\$A\$3 =C43(\$A\$3 =C43(\$A\$3 =C43(\$A\$3 =C43(\$A\$3 =C43(\$A\$3 =C42(\$	=D39/\$A\$3 =D40/\$A\$3 =D41/\$A\$3 =D42/\$A\$3 =D42/\$A\$3 =D43/\$A\$3 =D43/\$A\$3 =CR -110"\$E40"\$A\$103"\$A\$5 =119"\$E49"\$A\$103"\$A\$5 =120"\$E50"\$A\$103"\$A\$5 =121"\$E51"\$A\$103"\$A\$5 =121"\$E51"\$A\$103"\$A\$5 =122"\$E52"\$A\$103"\$A\$5 =122"\$E52"\$A\$103"\$A\$5	CS-137 Cs-138 Totals Totals Case 1 Dose (rem CEDE) (inhalation) EA8 =C48°5E48°5A\$103°5A\$108 =C59°\$E59°\$A\$103°\$A\$108 =C59°\$E59°\$A\$103°\$A\$108 =C51°\$E59°\$A\$103°\$A\$108 =C51°\$E59°\$A\$103°\$A\$108 =C54°\$E54°\$A\$103°\$A\$108
42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55	Xe-135M Xe-135 Xe-137 Xe-138 isotope i-131 i-132 i-133 i-133 i-134 Cs-134 Cs-135	0.0219 0.0641 0.0592 0.288	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 Curies to the E Case 1 =C19 =G19 =G20 =G21 =G22 =L35 =L36	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 = B43*5.5*3*0.45 = B43*5.5*3*0.45 = B420 =H19 =H19 =H20 =H21 =H22 =M35 =M36	=C39/\$A\$3 =C40/\$A\$3 =C41/\$A\$3 =C42/\$A\$3 =C42/\$A\$3 =C43/\$	=D39/\$A\$3 =D40/\$A\$3 =D41/\$A\$3 =D42/\$A\$3 =D43/\$A\$3 =D43/\$A\$3 =CR -110*\$E40*\$A\$103*\$A\$5 =120*\$E50*\$A\$103*\$A\$5 =120*\$E50*\$A\$103*\$A\$5 =120*\$E50*\$A\$103*\$A\$5 =122*\$E52*\$A\$103*\$A\$5 =122*\$E52*\$A\$103*\$A\$5 =122*\$E52*\$A\$103*\$A\$5 =122*\$E52*\$A\$103*\$A\$5	CS-137 Cs-138 Totals Totals Case 1 Dose (rem CEDE) (inhalation) EAB =C48*\$E48*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =C49*\$E49*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =C59*\$E50*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =C51*\$E51*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =C52*\$E52*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =C54*\$E54*\$A\$103*\$A\$108
42 43 44 45 46 47 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56	Xe-135M Xe-135 Xe-137 Xe-137 Xe-138 isotope i-131 i-132 i-133 i-134 i-135 Cs-134 Cs-135 Cs-136	0.0219 0.0641 0.0592 0.288	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 Curies to the E Case 1 =C19 =G20 =G21 =G22 =L35 =L36 =L36 =L37	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 = Released nvironment Case 2 =i110 =H19 =H20 =H19 =H20 =H21 =H22 =M35 =M35 =M37	=C39/\$A\$3 =C40/\$A\$3 =C41/\$A\$3 =C42/\$A\$3 =C43/\$	=D39/\$A\$3 =D40/\$A\$3 =D41/\$A\$3 =D42/\$A\$3 =D43/\$A\$3 =D43/\$A\$3 =CR -110"\$E40"\$A\$103"\$A\$5 =139"\$E40"\$A\$103"\$A\$5 =120"\$E50"\$A\$103"\$A\$5 =121"\$E51"\$A\$103"\$A\$5 =121"\$E51"\$A\$103"\$A\$5 =122"\$E52"\$A\$103"\$A\$5 =(\$C56/\$A\$3)"\$E56"\$A\$103"\$A\$5 =(\$C56/\$A\$3)"\$E56"\$A\$103"\$A\$5	CS-137 Cs-138 Totals Case 1 Dose (rem CEDE) (inhalation) EAB =C48*\$E48*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =C49*\$E49*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =C59*\$E50*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =C51*\$E51*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =C52*\$E52*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =C55*\$E55*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =C56*\$E55*\$A\$103*\$A\$108
42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55	Xe-135M Xe-135 Xe-137 Xe-138 isotope i-131 i-132 i-133 i-133 i-134 Cs-134 Cs-135	0.0219 0.0641 0.0592 0.288	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 Curies to the E Case 1 =C19 =G19 =G20 =G21 =G22 =L35 =L36	=\$B39*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B40*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B41*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B42*5.5*3*0.45 =\$B43*5.5*3*0.45 = B43*5.5*3*0.45 = B43*5.5*3*0.45 = B420 =H19 =H19 =H20 =H21 =H22 =M35 =M36	=C39/\$A\$3 =C40/\$A\$3 =C41/\$A\$3 =C42/\$A\$3 =C42/\$A\$3 =C43/\$	=D39/\$A\$3 =D40/\$A\$3 =D41/\$A\$3 =D42/\$A\$3 =D43/\$A\$3 =D43/\$A\$3 =CR -110*\$E40*\$A\$103*\$A\$5 =120*\$E50*\$A\$103*\$A\$5 =120*\$E50*\$A\$103*\$A\$5 =120*\$E50*\$A\$103*\$A\$5 =122*\$E52*\$A\$103*\$A\$5 =122*\$E52*\$A\$103*\$A\$5 =122*\$E52*\$A\$103*\$A\$5 =122*\$E52*\$A\$103*\$A\$5	CS-137 Cs-138 Totals Totals Case 1 Dose (rem CEDE) (Inhalation) EAB =C48*\$E48*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =C49*\$E49*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =C59*\$E50*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =C51*\$E51*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =C52*\$E52*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =C52*\$E52*\$A\$103*\$A\$108

	A	в	ċ	D	E E	F	G
59		Sub-total (rem CEDE)				=SUM(F48:F58)	=SUM(G48:G58)
60				<u> </u>			
61			Curioe	Released			Case 1 Dose (rem EDE)
62				vironment			(External)
					DCF ²		
	Isotope		Case 1 =C48	Case 2 =D48		CR =I18*\$E64*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	EAB =C64*\$E64*\$A\$108
64	1-131		=C48 =C49	=D48 =D49	0.06734		
65	1-132		=C49 =C50	=D49 =D50	0.10878	=119*\$E65*\$A\$104*\$A\$5 =120*\$E66*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=C65*\$E65*\$A\$108 =C66*\$E66*\$A\$108
66	1-133		=C50 =C51	=D50 =D51	0.481		=C67*\$E67*\$A\$108
67	I-134		=C51 =C52			=121*\$E67*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	
68 69	1-135		=052	=D52	0.29526	=122*\$E68*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=C68*\$E68*\$A\$108
69 70	0-121		=L35	-1425	=(370000000000)*0.0000000000000757		=C70*\$E70*\$A\$108
70	Cs-134		=L35 =L36	=M35		=(\$C70/\$A\$3)*\$E70*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	
71	Cs-135			=M36	=(370000000000)*5.65E-19	=(\$C71/\$A\$3)*\$E71*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=C71*\$E71*\$A\$108
72	Cs-136		=L37	=M37	=(370000000000)*0.00000000000000000	=(\$C72/\$A\$3)*\$E72*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=C72*\$E72*\$A\$108
73	CS-137		=L38 =L39	=M38	=(37000000000)*7.74E-18	=(\$C73/\$A\$3)*\$E73*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=C73*\$E73*\$A\$108 =C74*\$E74*\$A\$108
74 75	Cs-138		-L33	=M39	=(370000000000)*0.000000000000121	=(\$C74/\$A\$3)*\$E74*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	
		Cub Astal (man EDE)					-5110(064:074)
76		Sub-total (rem EDE)				=SUM(F64:F74)	=SUM(G64:G74)
77	Iodine and Cesium Total			<u></u>		=SUM(F59+F76)	=SUM(G59+G76)
78	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Released			Case 1 Dose (rem EDE)
79				nvironment			(External)
80			Case 1	Case 2	DCF ²	CR	EAB
81	Kr-83M		=C31	=D31	0.00000555	=E31*\$E81*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=C81*\$E81*\$A\$108
82	Kr-85M		=C32	=D32	0.027676	=E32*\$E82*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=C82*\$E82*\$A\$108
83	Kr-85	=C33		≠D33	0.0004403	=E33*\$E83*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=C83*\$E83*\$A\$108
84	Kr-87		=C34	=D34	0.15244	=E34*\$E84*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=C84*\$E84*\$A\$108
85	Kr-88		=C35	=D35	0.3774	=E35*\$E85*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=C85*\$E85*\$A\$108
86	Kr-89		=C36	=D36	0	=E36*\$E86*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=C86*\$E86*\$A\$108
87	Xe-131M		=C37	=D37	0.0014393	=E37*\$E87*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=C87*\$E87*\$A\$108
88	Xe-133M		=C38	=D38	0.005069	=E38*\$E88*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=C88*\$E88*\$A\$108
89	Xe-133		=C39	=D39	0.005772	=E39*\$E89*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=C89*\$E89*\$A\$108
90	Xe-135M		=C40	=D40	0.07548	=E40*\$E90*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=C90*\$E90*\$A\$108
91	Xe-135		=C41	=D41	0.04403	=E41*\$E91*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=C91*\$E91*\$A\$108
92	Xe-137	······	=C42	=D42	0	=E42*\$E92*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=C92*\$E92*\$A\$108
93	Xe-138		=C43	=D43	0.21349	=E43*\$E93*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=C93*\$E93*\$A\$108
94		Noble Gas Sub-total (rem EDE)				=SUM(F81:F93)	≠SUM(G81:G93)
95							
96	Overall Total (rem TEDE)					=SUM(F77+F94)	=SUM(G77+G94)
97							
98	1	Dose Conversion Factor (rem/Curie)					
99	2	Dose Conversion Factor (rem-m ³ /Cur	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
100	3	From NEDO-21143-1, "Radiological A					
101		with its Table 3-1 ("SLBA Source Acti					
102		ofigas release rate and 5.5 second N					
103	0.000347	Breathing rate (m ³ /second) per Regul					-
104	=(\$A\$6^0.338)/1173	Control Room Geometry Factor per F	·				
	15.4	EAB o, (meters) for F stability, (taken					
106	153	LPZ c, (meters) for F stability, (taken					
107	1	Wind Speed (m/s)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	=0.0133/A\$105/A\$107	X/Q (seconds/m ³) at EA Boundary - (1				
	=0.0133/A\$106/A\$107	X/Q (seconds/m ³) at Low Population		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	5.5100//i@100/h@10/	The reason of the row is obtiguous	1				

	Н		JJ	К	L	M
[1]	E I-131 of 0.2 uCi/g) permitted for contin	nued full power operation				
2						
	mitted (DE I-131 of 4.0 uCi/a) correspo	nding to an assumed pre-accident spike	······································		· · · · ·	
H-		noing to an abouttoe pre-aboutoni spino				
L <u>a</u>		······				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
5			+			
6						
7						
8	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
9						
10						
11			1			
12		Case 1	Case 2			
13	······································	Release	Release			
14	Case 2	Cloud	Cloud		Case 1	Case 2
	the second se			Dearty		
15	Activity	Concentration	Concentration	Decay	Activity	Activity
16	Release			Constant	Release	Rølease
17	Ci	Ci/m3	Ci/m3	1/seconds	moles	moles
18	=G18*20	=G18/\$A\$3	=H18/\$A\$3	=LN(2)/(8.04*86400)	=G18*3700000000/\$K18/6.023E+23	=H18*3700000000/\$K18/6.023E+23
19	=G19*20	=G19/\$A\$3	=H19/\$A\$3	=LN(2)/(2.3*3600)	=G19*3700000000/\$K19/6.023E+23	=H19*3700000000/\$K19/6.023E+23
20	=G20*20	=G20/\$A\$3	=H20/\$A\$3	=LN(2)/(20.8*3600)	=G20*3700000000/\$K20/6.023E+23	=H20*3700000000/\$K20/6.023E+23
	=G21*20	=G21/\$A\$3	=H21/\$A\$3	=LN(2)/(52.6*60)	=G21*3700000000/\$K21/6.023E+23	=H21*3700000000/\$K21/6.023E+23
22	=G22*20	=G22/\$A\$3	=H22/\$A\$3	=LN(2)/(6.61*3600)	=G22*3700000000/\$K22/6.023E+23	=H22*37000000000/\$K22/6.023E+23
23	-522 20	-022/4/40	-1122/07400			
23			<u> </u>	Totals	=SUM(L18:L22)	=SUM(M18:M22)
24			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
_25				l		
26 27						<u> </u>
27						
28				1		
29						
30			· · ·	1		
31		Case 1	Case 2		Case 1	Case 2
32		Activity	Activity	Decay	Activity	Activity
33						
34	1		Release	Constant	Release	
	Motar Frac	Release	Release	Constant 1/seconds	Release	Release
	Molar Frac.	Release moles	moles	1/seconds	curies	Retease curies
35	0.044317152955112	Release moles =0.95*\$H35*L\$23	moles =0.95*\$H35*M\$23	1/seconds =LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25)	curies =I35*6.023E+23*\$K35/3700000000	Release curies =J35*6.023E+23*\$K35/37000000000
35 36	0.044317152955112 0.174506296053598	Release moles =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23	moles =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H36*M\$23	1/seconds =LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(2300000*86400*365.25)	curies =135*6.023E+23*\$K35/3700000000 =136*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000	Release curies =J35*6.023E+23*\$K35/37000000000 =J36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000
35 36 37	0.044317152955112 0.174506296053598 0.000119942189253291	Release moles =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23	moles =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H36*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23	1/seconds =LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(2300000*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(13.16*86400)	curies =I35*6.023E+23*\$K35/37000000000 =I36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000 =I37*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000	Release curies =J35*6.023E+23*\$K35/3700000000 =J36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000 =J37*6.023E+23*\$K37/37000000000
35 36 37 38	0.044317152955112 0.174506296053598 0.000119942189253291 0.401736793048373	Release moles =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23	moles =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H36*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H38*M\$23	1/seconds =LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(2300000*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(13.16*86400) =LN(2)/(13.16*86400	curies =135*6.023E+23*\$K35/3700000000 =136*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =137*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =138*6.023E+23*\$K38/3700000000	Release curies =J35*6.023E+23*\$K35/37000000000 =J36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000 =J37*6.023E+23*\$K37/37000000000 =J38*6.023E+23*\$K38/37000000000
35 36 37 38 39	0.044317152955112 0.174506296053598 0.000119942189253291 0.401736793048373 0.000101901239332202	Release moles =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23	moles =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H36*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H38*M\$23 =0.95*\$H39*M\$23	1/seconds =LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(2300000*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(13.16*86400)	curies =I35*6.023E+23*\$K35/37000000000 =I36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000 =I37*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000	Release curies =J35*6.023E+23*\$K35/3700000000 =J36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000 =J37*6.023E+23*\$K37/37000000000
35 36 37 38 39 40	0.044317152955112 0.174506296053598 0.000119942189253291 0.401736793048373 0.000101901239392202 =SUM(H35:H39)	Release moles =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23	moles =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H36*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H38*M\$23	1/seconds =LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(2300000*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(13.16*86400) =LN(2)/(13.16*86400	curies =135*6.023E+23*\$K35/3700000000 =136*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =137*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =138*6.023E+23*\$K38/3700000000	Release curies =J35*6.023E+23*\$K35/37000000000 =J36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000 =J37*6.023E+23*\$K37/37000000000 =J38*6.023E+23*\$K38/37000000000
35 36 37 38 39 40 41	0.044317152955112 0.174506296053598 0.000119942189253291 0.401736793048373 0.000101901239392202 =SUM(H35:H39) Balance is stable Ce-133	Release moles =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23	moles =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H36*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H38*M\$23 =0.95*\$H39*M\$23	1/seconds =LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(2300000*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(13.16*86400) =LN(2)/(13.16*86400	curies =135*6.023E+23*\$K35/3700000000 =136*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =137*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =138*6.023E+23*\$K38/3700000000	Release curies =J35*6.023E+23*\$K35/37000000000 =J36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000 =J37*6.023E+23*\$K37/37000000000 =J38*6.023E+23*\$K38/37000000000
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	0.044317152955112 0.174506296053598 0.000119942189253291 0.401736793048373 0.000101901239392202 =SUM(H35:H39) Balance is stable Ce-133	Release moles =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23	moles =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H36*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H38*M\$23 =0.95*\$H39*M\$23	1/seconds =LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(2300000*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(13.16*86400) =LN(2)/(13.16*86400	curies =135*6.023E+23*\$K35/3700000000 =136*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =137*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =138*6.023E+23*\$K38/3700000000	Release curies =J35*6.023E+23*\$K35/37000000000 =J36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000 =J37*6.023E+23*\$K37/37000000000 =J38*6.023E+23*\$K38/37000000000
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	0.044317152955112 0.174506296053598 0.000119942189253291 0.401736793048373 0.000101901239392202 =SUM(H35:H39) Balance is stable Cs-133	Release moles =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23	moles =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H36*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H38*M\$23 =0.95*\$H39*M\$23	1/seconds =LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(2300000*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(13.16*86400) =LN(2)/(13.16*86400	curies =135*6.023E+23*\$K35/3700000000 =136*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =137*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =138*6.023E+23*\$K38/3700000000	Release curies =J35*6.023E+23*\$K35/37000000000 =J36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000 =J37*6.023E+23*\$K37/37000000000 =J38*6.023E+23*\$K38/37000000000
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	0.044317152955112 0.174506296053598 0.000119942189253291 0.401736793048373 0.000101901239392202 =SUM(H35:H39) Balance is stable Cs-133	Release moles =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23	moles =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H36*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H38*M\$23 =0.95*\$H39*M\$23	1/seconds =LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(2300000*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(13.16*86400) =LN(2)/(13.16*86400	curies =135*6.023E+23*\$K35/3700000000 =136*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =137*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =138*6.023E+23*\$K38/3700000000	Release curies =J35*6.023E+23*\$K35/37000000000 =J36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000 =J37*6.023E+23*\$K37/37000000000 =J38*6.023E+23*\$K38/37000000000
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	0.044317152955112 0.174506296053598 0.000119942189253291 0.401736793048373 0.000101901239392202 =SUM(H35:H39) Balance is stable Cs-133	Release moles =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23	moles =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H36*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H38*M\$23 =0.95*\$H39*M\$23	1/seconds =LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(2300000*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(13.16*86400) =LN(2)/(13.16*86400	curies =135*6.023E+23*\$K35/3700000000 =136*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =137*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =138*6.023E+23*\$K38/3700000000	Release curies =J35*6.023E+23*\$K35/37000000000 =J36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000 =J37*6.023E+23*\$K37/37000000000 =J38*6.023E+23*\$K38/37000000000
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	0.044317152955112 0.174506299053598 0.000119942189253291 0.401736793048373 0.000101901239392202 =SUM(H35:H39) Balance is stable Cs-133	Release moles =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23	moles =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H36*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H38*M\$23 =0.95*\$H39*M\$23 =0.95*\$H39*M\$23 =SUM(J35:J39)	1/seconds =LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(2300000*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(13.16*86400) =LN(2)/(13.16*86400*365.25)	curies =135*6.023E+23*\$K35/3700000000 =136*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =137*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =138*6.023E+23*\$K38/3700000000	Release curies =J35*6.023E+23*\$K35/37000000000 =J36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000 =J37*6.023E+23*\$K37/37000000000 =J38*6.023E+23*\$K38/37000000000
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46	0.044317152955112 0.174506299053598 0.000119942189253291 0.401736793048373 0.000101901239392202 =SUM(H35:H39) Balance is stable Cs-133	Release moles =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H38*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23 =SUM(135:139)	moles =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H39*M\$23 =SUM(J35:J39) Case 2 Dose (rem CEDE) (Inhatation)	1/seconds =LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(2300000*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(13.16*86400) =LN(2)/(30.17*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(32.2*60)	curies =135*6.023E+23*\$K35/3700000000 =136*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =137*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =138*6.023E+23*\$K38/3700000000	Release curies =J35*6.023E+23*\$K35/37000000000 =J36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000 =J37*6.023E+23*\$K37/37000000000 =J38*6.023E+23*\$K38/37000000000
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	0.044317152955112 0.174506296053598 0.000119942189253291 0.401736733048373 0.000101901239392202 =SUM(H35:H39) Balance is stable Cs-133	Release moles =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23 =SUM(I35:I39)	moles =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H36*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =SUM(J35.J39)	1/seconds =LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(2300000*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(31.16*86400) =LN(2)/(31.16*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(32.2*60) LPZ	curies =135*6.023E+23*\$K35/3700000000 =136*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =137*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =138*6.023E+23*\$K38/3700000000	Release curies =J35*6.023E+23*\$K35/37000000000 =J36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000 =J37*6.023E+23*\$K37/37000000000 =J38*6.023E+23*\$K38/37000000000
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 40	0.044317152955112 0.174506296053598 0.000119942189253291 0.401736733048373 0.000101901239392202 =SUM(H35:H39) Balance is stable Cs-133 LPZ =C40*\$C40*\$A\$103*\$A\$109	Release moles =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H38*L\$23 =0.95*\$H38*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23 =SUM(135:139)	moles =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H36*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H39*M\$23 =SUM(J35.J39)	1/seconds =LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(230000*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(13.16*86400) =LN(2)/(31.16*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(32.2*60) LN(2)/(32.2*60) =LN(2)/(32.2*60) =LN(2)/(32.2*60)	curies =135*6.023E+23*\$K35/3700000000 =136*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =137*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =138*6.023E+23*\$K38/3700000000	Release curies =J35*6.023E+23*\$K35/37000000000 =J36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000 =J37*6.023E+23*\$K37/37000000000 =J38*6.023E+23*\$K38/37000000000
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 49	0.044317152955112 0.174506296053598 0.000119942189253291 0.401736793048373 0.000101901239392202 =SUM(H35:H39) Balance is stable Cs-133 	Release moles =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23 =SUM(I35:I39)	moles =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H39*M\$23 =0.95*\$H39*M\$23 =0.95*\$H39*M\$23 =SUM(J35:J39) Case 2 Dose (rem CEDE) (Inhatation) EAB =D46*\$E46*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =D49*\$E49*\$A\$103*\$A\$108	1/seconds =LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(230000*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(13.16*86400 =LN(2)/(32.2*60) =LN(2)/(32.2*60) =LN(2)/(32.2*60) =D48*\$E48*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D49*\$E49*\$A\$103*\$A\$109	curies =135*6.023E+23*\$K35/3700000000 =136*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =137*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =138*6.023E+23*\$K38/3700000000	Release curies =J35*6.023E+23*\$K35/37000000000 =J36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000 =J37*6.023E+23*\$K37/37000000000 =J38*6.023E+23*\$K38/37000000000
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 45 46 47 50	0.044317152955112 0.174506296053598 0.000119942189253291 0.401736793048373 =SUM(H35:H39) Balance is stable Cs-133 Balance is stable Cs-133 EPZ =C40*\$C40*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =C49*\$E49*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =C50*\$E50*\$A\$103*\$A\$109	Release moles =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23 =SUM(135:139)	moles =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =SUM(J35:J39)	1/seconds =LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(2300000*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(3.17*86400) =LN(2)/(3.17*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(32.2*60) LPZ =D46*\$E48*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D49*\$E49*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D50*\$E50*\$A\$103*\$A\$109	curies =135*6.023E+23*\$K35/3700000000 =136*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =137*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =138*6.023E+23*\$K38/3700000000	Release curies =J35*6.023E+23*\$K35/37000000000 =J36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000 =J37*6.023E+23*\$K37/37000000000 =J38*6.023E+23*\$K38/37000000000
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 40 49 50 51	0.044317152955112 0.174506296053598 0.000119942189253291 0.401736733048373 0.000101901239392202 =SUM(H35:H39) Balance is stable Cs-133 EPZ =C40*5C40*5A3103*5A3109 =C40*5C40*5A3103*5A3109 =C50*\$E50*\$A3103*5A3109 =C50*\$E50*\$A3103*5A3109 =C51*\$E51*\$A3103*\$A3109	Release moles =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =SUM(I35:I39)	moles =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H36*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H39*M\$23 =SUM(J35.J39)	1/seconds =LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(2300000*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(3.16*86400) =LN(2)/(30.17*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(32.2*60) LPZ =D48*\$E48*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D49*\$E49*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D59*\$E50*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D51*\$E51*\$A\$103*\$A\$109	curies =135*6.023E+23*\$K35/3700000000 =136*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =137*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =138*6.023E+23*\$K38/3700000000	Release curies =J35*6.023E+23*\$K35/37000000000 =J36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000 =J37*6.023E+23*\$K37/37000000000 =J38*6.023E+23*\$K38/37000000000
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 45 50 51 52	0.044317152955112 0.174506296053598 0.000119942189253291 0.401736733048373 0.000101901239392202 =SUM(H35:H39) Belance is stable Cs-133 EVACUSE 40°\$A\$103°\$A\$109 =C40°\$E40°\$A\$103°\$A\$109 =C51°\$E51°\$A\$103°\$A\$109 =C52°\$E51°\$A\$103°\$A\$109 =C52°\$E51°\$A\$103°\$A\$109	Release moles =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23 =SUM(135:139)	moles =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =SUM(J35:J39)	1/seconds =LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(2300000*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(3.17*86400) =LN(2)/(3.17*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(32.2*60) LPZ =D46*\$E48*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D49*\$E49*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D50*\$E50*\$A\$103*\$A\$109	curies =135*6.023E+23*\$K35/3700000000 =136*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =137*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =138*6.023E+23*\$K38/3700000000	Release curies =J35*6.023E+23*\$K35/37000000000 =J36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000 =J37*6.023E+23*\$K37/37000000000 =J38*6.023E+23*\$K38/37000000000
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 40 50 51 52 53	0.044317152955112 0.174506296053598 0.000119942189253291 0.401736793048373 0.000101901239392202 =SUM(H35:H39) Balance is stable Cs-133 EVACUAL Stable Cs-	Release moles =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23 =SUM(135:139)	moles =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H36*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H39*M\$23 =0.95*\$H39*M\$23 =SUM(J35.J39) Case 2 Dose (rem CEDE) (Inhatation) EAB =D46*\$E46*\$A\$ i03*\$A\$ 108 =D49*\$E49*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =D50*\$E50*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =D52*\$E52*\$A\$103*\$A\$108	1/seconds =LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(2300000*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(13.16*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(31.17*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(32.2*60) =LN(2)/(32.2*60) =D48*\$E48*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D49*\$E49*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D49*\$E49*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D50*\$E50*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D51*\$E51*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D52*\$E52*\$A\$103*\$A\$109	curies =135*6.023E+23*\$K35/3700000000 =136*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =137*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =138*6.023E+23*\$K38/3700000000	Release curies =J35*6.023E+23*\$K35/37000000000 =J36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000 =J37*6.023E+23*\$K37/37000000000 =J38*6.023E+23*\$K38/37000000000
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 40 50 51 52 53 54	0.044317152955112 0.174506296053598 0.000119942189253291 0.401736793048373 0.000101901233332202 =SUM(H35:H39) Balance is stable Cs-133 Balance is stable Cs-133 	Release moles =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =SUM(135:139)	moles =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =SUM(J35:J39)	1/seconds =LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(2300000*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(31.16*86400) =LN(2)/(32.17*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(32.2*60) LPZ =D46*\$E48*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D49*\$E49*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D50*\$E50*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D51*\$E51*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D51*\$E51*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D51*\$E51*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D54*\$E54*\$A\$103*\$A\$109	curies =135*6.023E+23*\$K35/3700000000 =136*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =137*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =138*6.023E+23*\$K38/3700000000	Release curies =J35*6.023E+23*\$K35/37000000000 =J36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000 =J37*6.023E+23*\$K37/37000000000 =J38*6.023E+23*\$K38/37000000000
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 45 50 51 52 53 54	0.044317152955112 0.174506296053598 0.000119942189253291 0.401736793048373 0.000101901233332202 =SUM(H35:H39) Balance is stable Cs-133 Balance is stable Cs-133 	Release moles =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23 =0.95*\$H39*L\$23 =SUM(135:139)	moles =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H36*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H39*M\$23 =0.95*\$H39*M\$23 =SUM(J35.J39) Case 2 Dose (rem CEDE) (Inhatation) EAB =D46*\$E46*\$A\$ i03*\$A\$ 108 =D49*\$E49*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =D50*\$E50*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =D52*\$E52*\$A\$103*\$A\$108	1/seconds =LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(2300000*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(13.16*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(31.17*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(32.2*60) =LN(2)/(32.2*60) =D48*\$E48*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D49*\$E49*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D49*\$E49*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D50*\$E50*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D51*\$E51*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D52*\$E52*\$A\$103*\$A\$109	curies =135*6.023E+23*\$K35/3700000000 =136*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =137*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =138*6.023E+23*\$K38/3700000000	Release curies =J35*6.023E+23*\$K35/37000000000 =J36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000 =J37*6.023E+23*\$K37/37000000000 =J38*6.023E+23*\$K38/37000000000
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 42 50 51 52 53 54 55	0.044317152955112 0.174506296053598 0.000119942189253291 0.401736793048373 0.000101901233332202 =SUM(H35:H39) Balance is stable Cs-133 Balance is stable Cs-133 	Release moles =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =SUM(135:139)	moles =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =SUM(J35:J39)	1/seconds =LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(2300000*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(31.16*86400) =LN(2)/(32.17*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(32.2*60) LPZ =D46*\$E48*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D49*\$E49*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D50*\$E50*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D51*\$E51*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D51*\$E51*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D51*\$E51*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D54*\$E54*\$A\$103*\$A\$109	curies =135*6.023E+23*\$K35/3700000000 =136*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =137*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =138*6.023E+23*\$K38/3700000000	Release curies =J35*6.023E+23*\$K35/37000000000 =J36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000 =J37*6.023E+23*\$K37/37000000000 =J38*6.023E+23*\$K38/37000000000
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 42 43 55 53 54 55 56	0.044317152955112 0.174506296053598 0.000119942189253291 0.401736733048373 0.000101901239392202 =SUM(H35:H39) Balance is stable Cs-133 Balance is stable Cs-133 EPZ =C40*5C40*5A3103*5A3109 =C50*5E50*5A3103*5A3109 =C51*3E51*5A3103*5A3109 =C52*3E52*\$A3103*5A3109 =C54*3E54*\$A3103*5A3109 =C54*3E54*\$A3103*5A3109 =C54*3E54*\$A3103*5A3109 =C55*3E55*\$A3103*5A3109	Release moles =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =SUM(I35:I39)	moles =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H36*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H39*M\$23 =SUM(J35.J39) Case 2 Dose (rem CEDE) (Inhatation) EAB =D49*\$E49*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =D59*\$E50*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =D51*\$E51*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =D52*\$E52*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =D55*\$E52*\$A\$103*\$A\$108 =D55*\$E54*\$A\$103*\$A\$108	1/seconds =LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(2300000*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(31.16*86400) =LN(2)/(32.17*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(32.2*60) LPZ =D48*\$E48*\$A5103*5A5109 =D49*\$E49*\$A5103*\$A5109 =D59*\$E50*\$A5103*\$A5109 =D51*\$E51*\$A5103*\$A5109 =D52*\$E52*\$A5103*\$A5109 =D52*\$E52*\$A5103*\$A5109 =D55*\$E55*\$A\$103*\$A5109	curies =135*6.023E+23*\$K35/3700000000 =136*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =137*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =138*6.023E+23*\$K38/3700000000	Release curies =J35*6.023E+23*\$K35/37000000000 =J36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000 =J37*6.023E+23*\$K37/37000000000 =J38*6.023E+23*\$K38/37000000000
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 429 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57	0.044317152955112 0.174506296053598 0.000119942189253291 0.401736733048373 0.000101901239392202 =SUM(H35:H39) Belance is stable Cs-133 Belance is stable Cs-133 LPZ =C40°\$C40°\$A3103°\$A\$109 =C50°\$E50°\$A3103°\$A\$109 =C50°\$E50°\$A\$103°\$A\$109 =C55°\$E51°\$A\$103°\$A\$109 =C55°\$E55°\$A\$103°\$A\$109 =C55°\$E55°\$A\$103°\$A\$109 =C55°\$E56°\$A\$103°\$A\$109 =C56°\$E56°\$A\$103°\$A\$109	Release moles =0.95*\$H35*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23 =0.95*\$H37*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23 =0.95*\$H36*L\$23 =SUM(135:139)	moles =0.95*\$H35*M\$23 =0.95*\$H36*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =0.95*\$H37*M\$23 =SUM(J35.J39)	1/seconds =LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(2300000*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(13.16*86400) =LN(2)/(30.17*86400*365.25) =LN(2)/(32.2*60) =D48*\$E48*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D48*\$E48*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D49*\$E49*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D50*\$E50*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D51*\$E51*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D55*\$E52*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D55*\$E55*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D55*\$E55*\$A\$103*\$A\$109 =D55*\$E55*\$A\$103*\$A\$109	curies =135*6.023E+23*\$K35/3700000000 =136*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =137*6.023E+23*\$K36/3700000000 =138*6.023E+23*\$K38/3700000000	Release curies =J35*6.023E+23*\$K35/37000000000 =J36*6.023E+23*\$K36/37000000000 =J37*6.023E+23*\$K37/37000000000 =J38*6.023E+23*\$K38/37000000000

	H			K		
		-000000000	J J		L	M
	=SUM(H48:H58)	=SUM(148:158)	=SUM(J48:J58)	=SUM(K48:K58)		
60						
61			Case 2 Dose (rem EDE)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
62			(External)			
63	LPZ	CR	EAB	LPZ		
64	=C64*\$E64*\$A\$109	=J18*\$E64*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=D64*\$E64*\$A\$108	=D64*\$E64*\$A\$109		
65	=C65*\$E65*\$A\$109	=J19*\$E65*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=D65*\$E65*\$A\$108	=D65*\$E65*\$A\$109		
66	=C66*\$E66*\$A\$109	=J20*\$E66*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=D66*\$E66*\$A\$108	=D66*\$E66*\$A\$109		
67	=C67*\$E67*\$A\$109	=J21*\$E67*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=D67*\$E67*\$A\$108	=D67*\$E67*\$A\$109		
68	=C68*\$E68*\$A\$109	=J22*\$E68*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=D68*\$E68*\$A\$108	=D68*\$E68*\$A\$109		
69						
	=C70*\$E70*\$A\$109	=(\$D70/\$A\$3)*\$E70*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=D70*\$E70*\$A\$108	=D70*\$E70*\$A\$109		
	=C71*\$E71*\$A\$109	=(\$D71/\$A\$3)*\$E71*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=D71*\$E71*\$A\$108	=D71*\$E71*\$A\$109		
	=C72*\$E72*\$A\$109	=(\$D72/\$A\$3)*\$E72*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=D72*\$E72*\$A\$108	=D72*\$E72*\$A\$109	*	
	=C73*\$E73*\$A\$109	=(\$D73/\$A\$3)*\$E73*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=D73*\$E73*\$A\$108	=D73*\$E73*\$A\$109		
	=C74*\$E74*\$A\$109	=(\$D74/\$A\$3)*\$E74*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=D74*\$E74*\$A\$108	=D74*\$E74*\$A\$109		
75						
76	=SUM(H64:H74)	=SUM(164:174)	=SUM(J64:J74)	=SUM(K64:K74)		
77	=SUM(H59+H76)	=SUM(159+176)	=SUM(J59+J76)	=SUM(K59+K76)		
78			Case 2 Dose (rem EDE)			
79			(External)			
80	LPZ	CR	EAB	LPZ	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	=C81*\$E81*\$A\$109	=F31*\$E81*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=D81*\$E81*\$A\$108	=D81*\$E81*\$A\$109		
	=C82*\$E82*\$A\$109	=F32*\$E82*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=D82*\$E82*\$A\$108	=D82*\$E82*\$A\$109		· · · ·
	=C83*\$E83*\$A\$109	=F33*\$E83*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=D83*\$E83*\$A\$108	=D83*\$E83*\$A\$109		
	=C84*\$E84*\$A\$109	=F34*\$E84*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=D84*\$E84*\$A\$108	=D84*\$E84*\$A\$109		
	=C85*\$E85*\$A\$109	=F35*\$E85*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=D85*\$E85*\$A\$108	=D85*\$E85*\$A\$109	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	=C86*\$E86*\$A\$109	=F36*\$E86*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=D86*\$E86*\$A\$108	=D86*\$E86*\$A\$109		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	=C87*\$E87*\$A\$109	=F37*\$E87*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=D87*\$E87*\$A\$108	=D87*\$E87*\$A\$109	······	
88	=C88*\$E88*\$A\$109	=F38*\$E88*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=D88*\$E88*\$A\$108	=D88*\$E88*\$A\$109		
	=C89*\$E89*\$A\$109	=F39*\$E89*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=D89*\$E89*\$A\$108	=D89*\$E89*\$A\$109		
	=C90*\$E90*\$A\$109	=F40*\$E90*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=D90*\$E90*\$A\$108	=D90*\$E90*\$A\$109		
	=C91*\$E91*\$A\$109	=F41*\$E91*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=D91*\$E91*\$A\$108	=D91*\$E91*\$A\$109		
	=C92*\$E92*\$A\$109	=F42*\$E92*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=D92*\$E92*\$A\$108	=D92*\$E92*\$A\$109		
	=C93*\$E93*\$A\$109	=F43*\$E93*\$A\$104*\$A\$5	=D93*\$E93*\$A\$108	=D93*\$E93*\$A\$109		
	=SUM(H81:H93)	=SUM(181:193)	=SUM(J81:J93)	=SUM(K81:K93)	······	
95						
96	=SUM(H77+H94)	=SUM(177+194)	=SUM(J77+J94)	=SUM(K77+K94)		
97						
98						<u> </u>
99					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
100						
101						
102	· · · · ·					
102					·····	l
103		+			{	
104	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		+			
105					<u> </u>	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
107						
108						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
109	l	<u> </u>			l	I

Page A7 of A10

	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L
1	Peach Bot	tom Beginning o	of Core Life (100	Effective Ful	I Power Day	(s) and End	l of Cycle	(EOC) Cesiu	m Isotope Qu	antities		
2	(Used for (General Cs Mola	r Fraction Deter	mination for	AST)							
3										Decay		
4		100 EFPD	EOC					100 EFPD	EOC	Constant	100 EFPD	EOC
5		(grams)	(grams)				At. Mass	(gm-moles)	(gm-moles)	1/seconds	Ci	Ci
6	Cs-133	1.025E+05	1.678E+05			Cs-133	132.91	7.712E+02	1.263E+03	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
7	Cs-134	1.031E+04	1.977E+04			Cs-134	133.91	7.699E+01	1.476E+02	1.07E-08	1.335E+07	2.559E+07
8	Cs-135	4.502E+04	7.841E+04			Cs-135	134.91	3.337E+02	5.812E+02	9.55E-15	5.188E+01	9.035E+01
9	Cs-137	1.087E+05	1.832E+05			Cs-137	136.91	7.940E+02	1.338E+03	7.28E-10	9.410E+06	1.586E+07
10						Cs-136		2.37E-01	3.99E-01	6.10E-07	2.352E+06	3.964E+06
11						Cs-138		2.01E-01	3.39E-01	3.59E-04	1.176E+09	1.982E+09
12	Total	2.665E+05	4.492E+05					1.976E+03	3.331E+03			
13												
14	ANSI/ANS-	-18.1-1999 Relati	ve Abundances i	n Reactor Wat	ег		a series and				Molar F	raction
15		V		ratio to						Cs-133	39.0219%	37.9218%
16		Reactor Coolant	Reactor Coolant	Cs-137						Cs-134	3.8956%	4.4317%
17	Cs-134	3.00E-05	1.04E+08	2.56E-02						Cs-135	16.8848%	17.4506%
18	Cs-136	2.00E-05	1.21E+06	2.99E-04						Cs-137	40.1755%	40.1737%
19	Cs-137	8.00E-05	4.07E+09	1.00E+00						Cs-136	0.0120%	0.0120%
20	Cs-138	1.00E-02	1.03E+06	2.54E-04						Cs-138	0.0102%	0.0102%

	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
1	Peach Bot							
2	(Used for Q							
3								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
4		100 EFPD	EOC					100 EFPD
5		(grams)	(grams)				At. Mass	(gm-moles)
6	Cs-133	102500	167800				132.9054	771.2
7	Cs-134	10310	19770				133.9067	76.99
8	Cs-135	45020	78410			Cs-135	134.9059	333.7
9	Cs-137	108700	183200			Cs-137	136.9071	794
10						Cs-136		=K10*3700000000/\$J10/6.023E+23
11						Cs-138		=K11*37000000000/\$J11/6.023E+23
12	Total	=SUM(B6:B9)	=SUM(C6:C9)					=SUM(H6:H11)
13								
14	ANSI/ANS-							
15		uCi/gram of	moles/gram of	ratio to				
16	1	Reactor Coolant	Reactor Coolant	Cs-137				
17	Cs-134	0.00003	=B17*37000/J7	=C17/C\$19				
18	Cs-136	0.00002	=B18*37000/J10	=C18/C\$19				
19	Cs-137	0.00008	=B19*37000/J9	=C19/C\$19				
20	Cs-138	0.01	=B20*37000/J11	=C20/C\$19				

		J	ĸ	L
1				
2				
3		Decay		
4	EOC	Constant	100 EFPD	EOC
5	(gm-moles)	1/seconds	Ci	CI
6	1263	0	=H6*\$J6*6.023E+23/3700000000	=I6*\$J6*6.023E+23/3700000000
7	147.6	=LN(2)/(2.062*86400*365.25)	=H7*\$J7*6.023E+23/3700000000	=I7*\$J7*6.023E+23/3700000000
8	581.2	=LN(2)/(2300000*86400*365.25)	=H8*\$J8*6.023E+23/3700000000	=I8*\$J8*6.023E+23/3700000000
9	1338	=LN(2)/(30.17*86400*365.25)	=H9*\$J9*6.023E+23/3700000000	=19*\$J9*6.023E+23/3700000000
10	=L10*3700000000/\$J10/6.023E+23	=LN(2)/(13.16*86400)	=K\$9*\$B\$18/\$B\$19	=L\$9*\$B\$18/\$B\$19
11	=L11*3700000000/\$J11/6.023E+23	=LN(2)/(32.2*60)	=K\$9*\$B\$20/\$B\$19	=L\$9*\$B\$20/\$B\$19
12	=SUM(16:111)			
13				
14			Molar F	Fraction
15		Cs-133	=H6/H\$12	=16/1\$12
16		Cs-134	=H7/H\$12	=17/1\$12
17		Cs-135	=H8/H\$12	=18/1\$12
18		Cs-137	=H9/H\$12	=19/1\$12
19		Cs-136	=H10/H\$12	=110/1\$12
20		Cs-138	=H11/H\$12	=111/1\$12

Page A10 of A10

CALCULATION NO. QDC-00	00-N-1266, Attachment B		REV. NO. 4	PAGE NO. B1 of B1						
Computer Disclosure Sheet Discipline <u>Nuclear</u>										
Client:: Exelon Corpor Project: Quad Cities U	ration nits 1&2 MSLB AST	Date: Job No.	January 2006							
Program(s) used Attachment A spreadsheet	Rev No. N/A	Rev Date N/A		DC-0000-N-1266, Rev. 4 tatus [] Prelim. [X] Final [] Void						
WGI Prequalification [[X										
Run No.	Description:									
Analysis Description: Sprea	dsheet used to perform dos	se assessment for MSL	B, as described in calculation.							
			ewed, the input data checked, a for this analysis were established	d.						
Ву:	On: January 2006	3		· · ·						
Run by: H. Rothstein	91 prototon P. Reichert									
Checked by: P. Reichert	P. Reiltet									
Separate cell-by-cell indepe	ndent check by: A. Boatrig	ght lung Sont	ght							
Approved by: H. Rothstein	It potsta	1 2 (2							
Remarks: WGI Form for Computer Software Control This spreadsheet is relatively straight-forward and was hand checked. Attachment includes the spreadsheet in both normal and formula display mode and so is completely documented. A separate cell-by-cell independent check was also performed.										