



**NOT MEASUREMENT  
SENSITIVE**

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**Reaffirmation  
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# **DOE STANDARD RADIOLOGICAL CONTROL**



**U.S.  
Energy  
Washington, D.C. 20585**

**Department of  
AREA SAFT**

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## **PART 1 Administrative Control Levels and Dose Limits**

To accomplish DOE's objective of maintaining individual doses well below regulatory limits, challenging numerical administrative control levels should be established below the regulatory limits to administratively control and help reduce individual and collective radiation dose. These control levels should be multi-tiered with increasing levels of authority required to approve higher administrative control levels.

Unless otherwise indicated, administrative, lifetime, and special control levels and dose limits are stated in terms of the total effective dose equivalent, which is the sum of the doses received from internal and external sources.

### **211 Administrative Control Level**

1. Approval by the appropriate Secretarial Officer or designee should be required prior to allowing an individual to exceed 2,000 millirem in a year.
2. Facility management should establish an annual facility administrative control level based upon an evaluation of historical and projected radiation exposures, work load, and mission. The specific value selected should be more restrictive than the administrative control level established by the Program Office. This control level should be reevaluated annually. The choice of a low level for one year does not preclude choosing either a higher or lower level in a subsequent year. The facility administrative control level should be approved by the contractor senior site executive
3. For most facilities, an annual facility administrative control level of 500 millirem or less will be challenging and achievable. An annual administrative control level above 1,500 millirem is in most cases not sufficiently challenging to meet the goals of this Standard.
4. No individual should be allowed to exceed the facility administrative control level without the prior written approval of the radiological control organization and cognizant facility management. Authorization by the contractor senior site executive is recommended.
5. When there is wide variation in the expected doses to the various work groups at a single facility, facility management should develop work group-specific administrative control levels to control worker doses below the regulatory limits.

### **212 Lifetime Control Level**

1. Efforts should be made to control each individual's lifetime occupational dose below a lifetime control level of N rem where N is the age of the individual in years. Article 216 discusses special control levels for radiological workers who have doses exceeding N rem.
2. To ensure compliance with the lifetime control level, efforts should be made to determine the lifetime occupational dose of individuals expected to receive more than 1 rem in a year. The lifetime occupational dose is determined by summing all occupational internal and external doses received during the individual's lifetime.
3. The internal contribution to lifetime occupational dose from intakes prior to January 1, 1989, may be calculated in terms of either cumulative annual effective dose equivalent or committed effective dose equivalent. The committed effective dose equivalent should be used to the extent that adequate data are available to calculate doses in these terms.