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UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20555

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Posted

PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY

DIABLO CANYON NUCLEAR POWER PLANT, UNIT 1

DOCKET NO. 50-275

FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE

License No. DPR-80

- 1. The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) has found that:
 - A. The application for licenses by Pacific Gas and Electric Company complies with the standards and requirements of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (the Act), and the Commission's regulations set forth in 10 CFR Chapter I, and all required notifications to other agencies or bodies have been duly made;
 - B. Construction of the Diablo Canyon Nuclear Power Plant, Unit 1 (the facility), has been substantially completed in conformity with Provisional Construction Permit No. CPPR-39 and the application, as amended, the provisions of the Act, and the regulations of the Commission:
 - C. The facility will operate in conformity with the application, as amended, the provisions of the Act, and the regulations of the Commission, except as exempted from compliance in Section 2.D below:
 - D. There is reasonable assurance (i) that the activities authorized by this operating license can be conducted without endangering the health and safety of the public, and (ii) that such activities will be conducted in compliance with the regulations of the Commission set forth in 10 CFR Chapter I, except as exempted from compliance in Section 2.D below;
 - E. The Pacific Gas and Electric Company is technically qualified to engage in the activities authorized by this operating license in accordance with the Commission's regulations set forth in 10 CFR Chapter I;
 - F. The Pacific Gas and Electric Company has satisfied the applicable provisions of 10 CFR Part 140, "Financial Protection Requirements and Indemnity Agreements", of the Commission's regulations;
 - G. The issuance of this amendment will not be inimical to the common defense and security or to the health and safety of the public;

- H. After weighing the environmental, economic, technical, and other benefits of the facility against environmental and other costs and considering available alternatives, the issuance of Facility Operating License No. DPR-80, subject to the conditions for protection of the environment set forth herein, is in accordance with applicable Commission regulations governing environmental reviews (10 CFR Part 50, Appendix D and 10 CFR Part 51) and all applicable requirements have been satisfied; and
- I. The receipt, possession, and use of source, byproduct, and special nuclear material as authorized by this license will be in accordance with the Commission's regulations in 10 CFR Parts 30, 40 and 70.
- 2. Pursuant to Commission's Memorandum and Order CLI-84-13, dated August 10, 1984, Facility Operating License No. DPR-76 issued September 22, 1981, as subsequently amended, is superseded by Facility Operating License No. DPR-80, hereby issued to Pacific Gas and Electric Company to read as follows:
 - A. This License applies to the Diablo Canyon Nuclear Power Plant, Unit 1, a pressurized water nuclear reactor and associated equipment (the facility), owned by the Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E). The facility is located in San Luis Obispo County, California, and is described in PG&E's Final Safety Analysis Report as supplemented and amended, and the Environmental Report as supplemented and amended.
 - B. Subject to the conditions and requirements incorporated herein, the Commission hereby licenses the Pacific Gas and Electric Company:
 - (1) Pursuant to Section 104(b) of the Act and 10 CFR Part 50, "Licensing of Production and Utilization Facilities", to possess, use, and operate the facility at the designated location in San Luis Obispo County, California, in accordance with the procedures and limitations set forth in this license;
 - (2) Pursuant to the Act and 10 CFR Part 70, to receive, possess, and use at any time special nuclear material as reactor fuel, in accordance with the limitations for storage and amounts required for reactor operation, as described in the Final Safety Analysis Report, as supplemented and amended;
 - (3) Pursuant to the Act and 10 CFR Parts 30, 40, and 70, to receive, possess, and use at any time any byproduct, source and special nuclear material as sealed neutron sources for reactor startup, sealed sources for reactor instrumentation and radiation monitoring equipment calibration, and as fission detectors in amounts as required;

- (4) Pursuant to the Act and 10 CFR Parts 30, 40, and 70, to receive, possess, and use in amounts as required any byproduct, source or special nuclear material without restriction to chemical or physical form, for sample analysis or instrument calibration or associated with radioactive apparatus or components; and
- (5) Pursuant to the Act and 10 CFR Parts 30, 40, and 70, to possess, but not separate, such byproduct and special nuclear materials as may be produced by the operation of the facility.
- C. This License shall be deemed to contain and is subject to the conditions specified in the Commission's regulations set forth in 10 CFR Chapter I and is subject to all applicable provisions of the Act and to the rules, regulations, and orders of the Commission now or hereafter in effect; and is subject to the additional conditions specified or incorporated below:

(1) <u>Maximum Power Level</u>

The Pacific Gas and Electric Company is authorized to operate the facility at reactor core power levels not in excess of 3411 megawatts thermal (100% rated power) in accordance with the conditions specified herein.

(2) <u>Technical Specifications</u>

The Technical Specifications contained in Appendix A and the Environmental Protection Plan contained in Appendix B, as revised through Amendment No. 250 are hereby incorporated in the license. Pacific Gas & Electric Company shall operate the facility in accordance with the Technical Specifications and the Environmental Protection Plan, except where otherwise stated in specific license conditions.

(3) <u>Initial Test Program</u>

The Pacific Gas and Electric Company shall conduct the post-fuel-loading initial test program (set forth in Section 14 of Pacific Gas and Electric Company's Final Safety Analysis Report, as amended), without making any major modifications of this program unless modifications have been identified and have received prior NRC approval. Major modifications are defined as:

a. Elimination of any test identified in Section 14 of PG&E's Final Safety Analysis Report as amended as being essential;

- Modification of test objectives, methods, or acceptance criteria for any test identified in Section 14 of PG&E's Final Safety Analysis Report, as amended, as being essential;
- c. Performance of any test at a power level different from that described in the program; and
- d. Failure to complete any test included in the described program (planned or scheduled for power levels up to the authorized power level).

(4) Special Tests

PG&E is authorized to perform steam generator moisture carryover studies and turbine performance tests at the Diablo Canyon Nuclear Power Plant, Unit 1. These studies involve the use of an aqueous tracer solution of three (3) curies of sodium-24. PG&E's personnel shall be in charge of conducting these studies and be knowledgeable in the procedures. PG&E shall impose personnel exposure limits, posting, and survey requirements in conformance with those in 10 CFR Part 20 to minimize personnel exposure and contamination during the studies. Radiological controls shall be established in the areas of the chemical feed, feedwater, steam, condensate and sampling systems where the presence of the radioactive tracer is expected to warrant such controls. PG&E shall take special precautions to minimize radiation exposure and contamination during both the handling of the radioactive tracer prior to injection and the taking of system samples following injection of the tracer. PG&E shall ensure that 11 regulatory requirements for liquid discharge are met during disposal of all sampling effluents and when re-establishing continuous blowdown from the steam generators after completion of the studies.

(5) Fire Protection

a. PG&E shall implement and maintain all provisions of the approved fire protection program that comply with 10 CFR 50.48(a) and 10 CFR 50.48(c), as specified in the PG&E amendment request dated June 26, 2013, as supplemented by letters dated October 3, 2013; September 29, 2014, October 27, 2014, October 29, 2014, November 26, 2014, and December 31, 2014; February 25, 2015 (two letters), May 7, 2015, October 15, 2015, and December 31, 2015; and January 28, 2016, and as approved in the safety evaluation dated April 14, 2016. Except where NRC approval for changes or deviations is required by 10 CFR 50.48(c), and provided no other regulation, technical specification, license condition or requirement would require prior NRC approval, PG&E may make changes to the Fire Protection Program without prior approval of the Commission if those changes satisfy the

provisions set forth in 10 CFR 50.48(a) and 10 CFR 50.48(c), the change does not require a change to a technical specification or a license condition, and the criteria listed below are satisfied.

b. Risk-Informed Changes that May Be Made Without Prior NRC Approval

A risk assessment of a change must demonstrate that the acceptance criteria below are met. The risk assessment approach, methods, and data shall be acceptable to the NRC and shall be appropriate for the nature and scope of the change being evaluated; be based on the as-built, as-operated, and maintained plant; and reflect the operating experience at DCPP. Acceptable methods to assess the risk of the change may include methods that have been used in the peer-reviewed Fire Probabilistic Risk Assessment model, methods that have been approved by NRC through a plant-specific license amendment or NRC approval of generic methods specifically for use in NFPA 805 risk assessments, or methods that have been demonstrated to bound the risk impact:

- (1) Prior NRC review and approval is not required for changes that clearly result in a decrease in risk. The proposed change must also be consistent with the defense-in-depth philosophy and must maintain sufficient safety margins. The change may be implemented following completion of the plant change evaluation.
- (2) Prior NRC review and approval is not required for individual changes that result in a risk increase less than 1x10⁻⁷/year (yr) for CDF and less than 1 x10⁻⁸/yr for LERF. The proposed change must also be consistent with the defense-in-depth philosophy and must maintain sufficient safety margins. The change may be implemented following completion of the plant change evaluation.
- c. Other Changes that May Be Made Without Prior NRC Approval
 - (1) Changes to NFPA 805, Chapter 3, Fundamental Fire Protection Program

Prior NRC review and approval are not required for changes to the NFPA 805, Chapter 3, fundamental Fire Protection Program elements and design requirements for which an engineering evaluation demonstrates that the alternative to the Chapter 3 element is functionally equivalent or adequate for the hazard. PG&E may use an engineering evaluation to demonstrate that a change to an

NFPA 805, Chapter 3, element is functionally equivalent to the corresponding technical requirement. A qualified fire protection engineer shall perform the engineering evaluation and conclude that the change will not affect the functionality of the component, system, procedure, or physical arrangement, using a relevant technical requirement or standard.

PG&E may use an engineering evaluation to demonstrate that changes to certain NFPA 805, Chapter 3, elements are acceptable because the alternative is "adequate for the hazard." Prior NRC review and approval would not be required for alternatives to four specific sections of NFPA 805, Chapter 3, for which an engineering evaluation demonstrates that the alternative to the Chapter 3 element is adequate for the hazard. A qualified fire protection engineer shall perform the engineering evaluation and conclude that the change will not affect the functionality of the component, system, procedure, or physical arrangement, using a relevant technical requirement or standard. The four specific sections of NFPA 805, Chapter 3, are as follows:

- "Fire Alarm and Detection Systems" (Section 3.8);
- "Automatic and Manual Water-Based Fire Suppression Systems" (Section 3.9):
- "Gaseous Fire Suppression Systems" (Section 3.10); and,
- "Passive Fire Protection Features" (Section 3.11).

This License Condition does not apply to any demonstration of equivalency under Section 1.7 of NFPA 805.

(2) Fire Protection Program Changes that Have No More than Minimal Risk Impact

Prior NRC review and approval are not required for changes to PG&E's Fire Protection Program that have been demonstrated to have no more than a minimal risk impact. PG&E may use its screening process as approved in the NRC safety evaluation dated April 14, 2016, to determine that certain Fire Protection Program changes meet the minimal criterion. PG&E shall ensure that fire protection defense-in-depth and safety margins are maintained when changes are made to the Fire Protection Program.

This License Condition does not apply to any demonstration of equivalency under Section 1.7 of NFPA 805.

d. Transition License Conditions:

- (1) Before achieving full compliance with 10 CFR 50.48(c), as specified by (2) and (3) below, risk-informed changes to PG&E's Fire Protection Program may not be made without prior NRC review and approval unless the change has been demonstrated to have no more than a minimal risk impact, as described in c.(2) above.
- (2) PG&E shall implement the modifications described in Attachment-S, Table S-2, "Plant Modifications Committed," of PG&E Letter DCL-16-014, dated January 28, 2016, by the end of the Units 1 and 2 refueling outages currently scheduled for April/May 2017 (1R20) and February/March 2018 (2R20). PG&E shall maintain appropriate compensatory measures in place until completion of the modifications delineated above.
- (3) PG&E shall implement the items as listed in Attachment-S, Table S-3, "Implementation Items," of PG&E Letter DCL-16-014, dated January 28, 2016, within 365 days after receipt of the safety evaluation/license amendment with the exception of Implementation Item S-3.24, which will be completed for each unit within 90 days after all modifications for the respective unit are operable (as listed in Attachment S, Table S-2).

(6) NUREG-0737 Conditions

Each of the following conditions shall be completed to the satisfaction of the NRC as indicated below. Each of the following conditions references the appropriate Section in SER Supplements No. 10 and/or No. 12.

a. Shift Technical Advisor (Section I.A.1.1)

PG&E shall provide a fully-trained, on-shift technical advisor to the Shift Foreman.

b. Shift Staffing (Section I.A.1.3)

Until the plant has completed its startup test program, licensed personnel who are not regularly assigned members of the shift staff, including but not limited to the Operations Supervisor, shall not be assigned shift duties to satisfy the minimum staffing requirements for operation in Modes 1, 2, 3 and 4 except for cases of emergencies such as unexpected illness. Exceptions to this requirement nay be made only after prior consultation with and approval by the NRC.

c. Management of Operations (Section I.B.1)

The Pacific Gas and Electric Company shall augment the plant staff to provide on each shift an individual experienced in comparable size pressurized water reactor operation. These individuals shall have at last one year of experience in operation of large pressurized water reactors or shall have participated in the startup of at least three pressurized water reactors. At least one such experienced individual shall be on duty on each shift through the startup test program whenever the reactor is not in a cold shutdown condition for at least the first year of operation or until the plant has attained a nominal 100% power level, whichever occurs first.

d. <u>Procedures for Verifying Correct Performance of Operating</u> Activities (Section I.C.6)

Procedures shall be available to verify the adequacy of the operating activities.

e. Deleted

f. Relief and Safety Valve Test Requirements (Section II.D.1)

PG&E shall implement the results of the EPRI test program.

g. Containment Isolation Dependability (Section II.E.4.2)

PG&E shall limit the 12-inch vacuum/overpressure relief valve opening to less than or equal to 50 degrees.

h. <u>Calculations for Small-Break LOCAs (Sections II.K.3.30 and II.K.3.31)</u>

PG&E is participating in the Westinghouse Owners Group effort for this item and shall conform to the results of this effort. Within one year of staff approval of the Westinghouse generic methodology for calculating small break LOCAs (II.K.3.30), PG&E shall submit a plant specific calculation (II.K.3.31) for staff review and approval.

i. <u>Long-Term Emergency Preparedness (Section III.A.2)</u>

- (1) PG&E shall submit a detailed control room design review summary report by December 31, 1984.
- (2) PG&E shall complete operator training on the Safety Parameter Display System and emergency operating procedures by March 28, 1985.
- (3) PG&E shall implement emergency operating procedures based upon Westinghouse Owners Group guidelines by March 28, 1985.

(7) Seismic Design Bases Reevaluation Program (SSER 27 Section IV.5)

PG&E shall develop and implement a program to reevaluate the seismic design bases used for the Diablo Canyon Nuclear Power Plant.

The program shall include the following Elements:

- (1) PG&E shall identify, examine, and evaluate all relevant geologic and seismic data, information, and interpretations that have become available since the 1979 ASLB hearing in order to update the geology, seismology and tectonics in the region of the Diablo Canyon Nuclear Power Plant. If needed to define the earthquake potential of the region as it affects the Diablo Canyon Plant, PG&E will also reevaluate the earlier information and acquire additional new data.
- (2) PG&E shall reevaluate the magnitude of the earthquake used to determine the seismic basis of the Diablo Canyon Nuclear Plant using the information from Element 1.
- (3) PG&E shall reevaluate the ground motion at the site based on the results obtained from Element 2 with full consideration of site and other relevant effects.
- (4) PG&E shall assess the significance of conclusions drawn from the seismic reevaluation studies in Elements 1, 2 and 3, utilizing a probabilistic risk analysis and deterministic studies, as necessary, to assure adequacy of seismic margins.

PG&E shall submit for NRC staff review and approval a proposed program plan and proposed schedule for implementation by January 30, 1985. The program shall be completed and a final report submitted to the NRC three years following the approval of the program by the NRC staff.

PG&E shall keep the staff informed on the progress of the reevaluation program as necessary, but as a minimum will submit quarterly progress reports and arrange for semi-annual meetings with the staff. PG&E will also keep the ACRS informed on the progress of the reevaluation program as necessary, but not less frequently than once a year.

(8) Control of Heavy Loads (SSER 27, Section IV.6)

Prior to startup following the first refueling outage, the licensee shall submit commitments necessary to implement changes and modifications as required to satisfy the guidelines of Section 5.1.2 through 5.1.6 of NUREG-0612 (Phase II: 9-month responses to the NRC Generic Letter dated December 22, 1980).

(9) Emergency Preparedness (SSER 27, Section IV.3)

In the event that the NRC finds that the lack of progress in completion of the procedures in the Federal Emergency Management Agency's final rule, 44 CFR Part 350, is an indication that a major substantive problem exists in achieving or maintaining an adequate state of preparedness, the provisions of 10 CFR Section 50.54(s)(2) will apply.

(10) <u>Masonry Walls (SSER-27, Section IV.4: Safety Evaluation of November 2, 1984)</u>

Prior to start-up following the first refueling outage, the licensee shall (1) evaluate the differences in margins between the staff criteria as set forth in the Standard Review Plan and the criteria used by the licensee, and (2) provide justification acceptable to the staff for those cases where differences exist between the staffs and the licensee's criteria.

(11) Spent Fuel Pool Modification

The licensee is authorized to modify the spent fuel pool as described in the application dated October 30, 1985 (LAR 85-13) as supplemented. Amendment No. 8 issued on May 30, 1986 and stayed by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit pending completion of NRC hearings is hereby reinstated.

Prior to final conversion to the modified rack design, fuel may be stored, as needed, in either the modified storage racks described in Technical Specification 5.6.1.1 or in the unmodified storage racks (or both) which are designed and shall be maintained with a nominal 21-inch center-to-center distance between fuel assemblies placed in the storage racks.

(12) <u>10 CFR 50.69</u>

The Pacific Gas and Electric Company is approved to implement 10 CFR 50.69 using the processes for categorization of Risk-Informed Safety Class (RISC)-1, RISC-2, RISC-3, and RISC-4 structures, systems, and components (SSCs) using: Probabilistic Risk Assessment (PRA) models to evaluate risk associated with internal events, including internal flooding, internal fire, and seismic hazards; the shutdown safety assessment

process to assess shutdown risk; the Arkansas Nuclear One, Unit 2 (ANO-2) passive categorization method to assess passive component risk for Class 2 and Class 3 and non-Class SSCs and their associated supports; the results of the non-PRA evaluations that are based on the Individual Plant Examination of External Events (IPEEE) Screening Assessment for External Hazards updated using the external hazard screening significance process identified in ASME/ANS PRA Standard RA-Sa-2009 for other external hazards.

Prior NRC approval, under 10 CFR 50.90, is required for a change to the categorization process specified above.

(13) Additional Conditions

The Additional Conditions contained in Appendix D, as revised through Amendment No. 230 are hereby incorporated into this license. Pacific Gas and Electric Company shall operate the facility in accordance with the Additional Conditions.

D. <u>Exemption</u>

Exemption from certain requirements of Appendix J to 10 CFR Part 50 is described in the Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation's Safety Evaluation Report, Supplement No. 9. This exemption is authorized by law and will not endanger life or property or the common defense and security and is otherwise in the public interest. Therefore, this exemption, previously granted in Facility Operating License No. DPR-76, is hereby reaffirmed. The facility will operate, to the extent authorized herein, in conformity with the application, as amended, the provisions of the Act, and the regulations of the Commission.

E. Physical Protection

The licensee shall fully implement and maintain in effect all provisions of the Commission-approved physical security, training and qualification, and safeguards contingency plans including amendments made pursuant to provisions of the Miscellaneous Amendments and Search Requirements revisions to 10 CFR 73.55 (51 FR 27817 and 27822) and to the authority of 10 CFR 50.90 and 10 CFR 50.54 (p). The combined set of plans, which contains Safeguards Information protected under 10 CFR 73.21, is entitled: "Diablo Canyon Power Plant, Units 1 and 2 Physical Security Plan, by Training and Qualification Plan, and Safeguards Contingency Plan," submitted by letter dated May 16, 2006.

PG&E shall fully implement and maintain in effect all provisions of the Commission-approved cyber security plan (CSP), including changes made pursuant to the authority of 10 CFR 50.90 and 10 CFR 50.54(p). The PG&E CSP was approved by License Amendment No. 210, as supplemented by a change approved by License Amendment No. 220.

Pursuant to NRC's Order EA-13-092, dated June 5, 2013, NRC reviewed and approved the license amendment 222 that permitted the security personnel of the licensee to possess and use certain specific firearms, ammunition, and other

devices, such as large-capacity ammunition feeding devices, notwithstanding local, State, and certain Federal firearms laws that may prohibit such possession and use.

- F. Deleted.
- G. Deleted.

H. Financial Protection

PG&E shall have and maintain financial protection of such type and in such amounts as the Commission shall require in accordance with Section 170 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, to cover public liability claims.

I. Mitigation Strategy License Condition

Develop and maintain strategies for addressing large fires and explosions and that include the following key areas:

- (a) Fire fighting response strategy with the following elements:
 - 1. Pre-defined coordinated fire response strategy and guidance
 - 2. Assessment of mutual aid fire fighting assets
 - 3. Designated staging areas for equipment and materials
 - 4. Command and control
 - 5. Training of response personnel
- (b) Operations to mitigate fuel damage considering the following:
 - 1. Protection and use of personnel assets
 - 2. Communications
 - 3. Minimizing fire spread
 - 4. Procedures for implementing integrated fire response strategy
 - 5. Identification of readily-available pre-staged equipment
 - 6. Training on integrated fire response strategy
 - 7. Spent fuel pool mitigation measures
- (c) Actions to minimize release to include consideration of:
 - 1. Water spray scrubbing
 - 2. Dose to onsite responders

J. <u>Term of License</u>

This License is effective as of the date of Issuance and shall expire at midnight on November 2, 2024.

FOR THE NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Original Signed by: Edson G. Case for

Harold R. Denton, Director
Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation

Attachments:

- 1. Appendix A Technical Specifications
- 2. Appendix B Environmental Protection Plan
- 3. Appendix C Deleted
- 4. Appendix D Additional Conditions

Date of Issuance: November 2, 1984

FOR DIABLON CANYON POWER PLANT UNITS 1 AND 2

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1.0 USE AND APPLICATION

1.1 Definitions

NOTE-

The defined terms of this section appear in capitalized type and are applicable throughout these Technical Specifications and Bases.

Term

Definition

ACTIONS

ACTIONS shall be that part of a Specification that prescribes Required Actions to be taken under designated

Conditions within specified Completion Times.

ACTUATION LOGIC TEST

An ACTUATION LOGIC TEST shall be the application of various simulated or actual input combinations in conjunction with each possible interlock logic state and the verification of the required logic output. The ACTUATION LOGIC TEST, as a minimum, shall include a continuity check of output devices.

AXIAL FLUX DIFFERENCE

(AFD)

AFD shall be the difference in normalized flux signals between the top and bottom halves of an excore neutron

detector.

CHANNEL CALIBRATION

A CHANNEL CALIBRATION shall be the adjustment, as necessary, of the channel output such that it responds within the necessary range and accuracy to known values of the parameter that the channel monitors. The CHANNEL CALIBRATION shall encompass all devices in the channel required for channel OPERABILITY. Calibration of instrument channels with resistance temperature detectors (RTD) or thermocouple sensors may consist of an in-place qualitative assessment of sensor behavior and normal calibration of the remaining adjustable devices in the channel. The CHANNEL CALIBRATION may be performed by means of any series of sequential, overlapping or total

channel steps.

CHANNEL CHECK

A CHANNEL CHECK shall be the qualitative assessment, by observation, of channel behavior during operation. This determination shall include, where possible, comparison of the channel indication and status to other indications or status derived from independent instrument channels

measuring the same parameter.

1.1 Definitions (continued)

CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST (CFT)

A CFT shall be:

- Analog channels the injection of a simulated or actual signal into the channel as close to the sensor as practical to verify OPERABILITY of all devices in the channel required for channel OPERABILITY, or
- Bistable channels the injection of a simulated or actual signal into the sensor to verify OPERABILITY of all devices in the channel required for channel OPERABILITY, or
- c. Digital channels the injection of a simulated or actual signal into the channel as close to the sensor input to the process racks as practical to verify OPERABILITY of all devices in the channel required for channel OPERABILITY.

The CFT may be performed by means of any series of sequential, overlapping, or total channel steps so that the entire channel is tested.

CHANNEL OPERATIONAL TEST (COT)

A COT shall be the injection of a simulated or actual signal into the channel as close to the sensor as practicable to verify OPERABILITY of all devices in the channel required for channel OPERABILITY. The COT shall include adjustments, as necessary, of the required alarm, interlock, and trip setpoints required for channel OPERABILITY such that the setpoints are within the necessary range and accuracy. The COT may be performed by means of any series of sequential, overlapping or total channel steps.

CORE ALTERATION

CORE ALTERATION shall be the movement of any fuel, sources, or reactivity control components, within the reactor vessel with the vessel head removed and fuel in the vessel. Suspension of CORE ALTERATIONS shall not preclude completion of movement of a component to a safe position.

CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (COLR)

The COLR is the unit specific document that provides cycle specific parameter limits for the current reload cycle. These cycle specific parameter limits shall be determined for each reload cycle in accordance with Specification 5.6.5. Plant operation within these limits is addressed in individual Specifications.

1.1 Definitions (continued)

DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131

DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 shall be that concentration of I-131 (microcuries per gram) that alone would produce the same dose when inhaled as the combined activities of iodine isotopes I-131, I-132, I-133, I-134, and I-135 actually present. The determination of DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 shall be performed using the committed thyroid dose conversion factors from Table 2.1 of EPA Federal Guidance Report No. 11, 1988, "Limiting Values of Radionuclide Intake and Air Concentration and Dose Conversion Factors for Inhalation, Submersion, and Ingestion."

DOSE EQUIVALENT XE-133

DOSE EQUIVALENT XE-133 shall be that concentration of Xe-133 (microcuries per gram) that alone would produce the same acute dose to the whole body as the combined activities of noble gas nuclides Kr-85m, Kr-87, Kr-88, Xe-133m, Xe-133, Xe-135m, Xe-135, and Xe-138 actually present. If a specific noble gas nuclide is not detected, it should be assumed to be present at the minimum detectable activity. The determination of DOSE EQUIVALENT XE-133 shall be performed using effective dose conversion factors for air submersion listed in Table III.1 of EPA Federal Guidance Report No. 12, 1993, "External Exposure to Radionuclides in Air, Water, and Soil."

ENGINEERED SAFETY FEATURE (ESF) RESPONSE TIME

The ESF RESPONSE TIME shall be that time interval from when the monitored parameter exceeds its ESF actuation setpoint at the channel sensor until the ESF equipment is capable of performing its safety function (i.e., the valves travel to their required positions, pump discharge pressures reach their required values, etc.). Times shall include diesel generator starting and sequence loading delays, where applicable. The response time may be measured by means of any series of sequential, overlapping, or total steps so that the entire response time is measured. In lieu of measurement, response time may be verified for selected components provided that the components and methodology for verification have been previously reviewed and approved by the NRC, or the components have been evaluated in accordance with an NRC approved methodology.

LEAKAGE

LEAKAGE shall be:

a. <u>Identified LEAKAGE</u>

- LEAKAGE, such as that from pump seals or valve packing (except reactor coolant pump (RCP) seal water injection or leakoff), that is captured and conducted to collection systems or a sump or collecting tank;
- LEAKAGE into the containment atmosphere from sources that are both specifically located and known either not to interfere with the operation of leakage detection systems or not to be pressure boundary LEAKAGE; or

LEAKAGE (continued)

 Reactor Coolant System (RCS) LEAKAGE through a steam generator to the Secondary System (primary to secondary LEAKAGE).

b. Unidentified LEAKAGE

All LEAKAGE (except RCP seal water injection or leakoff) that is not identified LEAKAGE.

c. Pressure Boundary LEAKAGE

LEAKAGE (except primary to secondary LEAKAGE) through a nonisolable fault in an RCS component body, pipe wall, or vessel wall.

MASTER RELAY TEST

A MASTER RELAY TEST shall consist of energizing all master relays in the channel required for channel OPERABILITY and verifying the OPERABILITY of each required master relay. The MASTER RELAY TEST shall include a continuity check of each associated required slave relay. The MASTER RELAY TEST may be performed by means of any series of sequential, overlapping, or total steps.

MODE

A MODE shall correspond to any one inclusive combination of core reactivity condition, power level, average reactor coolant temperature, and reactor vessel head closure bolt tensioning specified in Table 1.1-1 with fuel in the reactor vessel.

OPERABLE—OPERABILITY

A system, subsystem, train, component, or device shall be OPERABLE or have OPERABILITY when it is capable of performing its specified safety function(s) and when all necessary attendant instrumentation, controls, normal or emergency electrical power, cooling and seal water, lubrication, and other auxiliary equipment that are required for the system, subsystem, train, component, or device to perform its specified safety function(s) are also capable of performing their related support function(s).

PHYSICS TESTS

PHYSICS TESTS shall be those tests performed to measure the fundamental nuclear characteristics of the reactor core and related instrumentation. These tests are:

- a. Described in Chapter 14 of the FSAR;
- b. Authorized under the provisions of 10 CFR 50.59; or
- c. Otherwise approved by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

PRESSURE AND TEMPERATURE LIMITS REPORT (PTLR)

The PTLR is the unit specific document that provides the reactor vessel pressure and temperature limits, including heatup and cooldown rates, and the power operated relief valve (PORV) lift settings and arming temperature associated with the Low Temperature Overpressurization Protection (LTOP) System, for the current reactor vessel fluence period. These pressure and temperature limits shall be determined for each fluence period in accordance with Specification 5.6.6.

QUADRANT POWER TILT RATIO (QPTR)

QPTR shall be the ratio of the maximum upper excore detector calibrated output to the average of the upper excore detector calibrated outputs, or the ratio of the maximum lower excore detector calibrated output to the average of the lower excore detector calibrated outputs. whichever is greater.

RATED THERMAL POWER (RTP)

RTP shall be a total reactor core heat transfer rate to the reactor coolant of 3411 MWt for each unit.

REACTOR TRIP SYSTEM (RTS) RESPONSE TIME

The RTS RESPONSE TIME shall be that time interval from when the monitored parameter exceeds its RTS trip setpoint at the channel sensor until loss of stationary gripper coil voltage. The response time may be measured by means of any series of sequential, overlapping, or total steps so that the entire response time is measured. In lieu of measurement, response time may be verified for selected components provided that the components and methodology for verification have been previously reviewed and approved by the NRC, or the components have been evaluated in accordance with an NRC approved methodology.

SHUTDOWN MARGIN (SDM)

SDM shall be the instantaneous amount of reactivity by which the reactor is subcritical or would be subcritical from its present condition assuming:

- All rod cluster control assemblies (RCCAs) are fully inserted except for the single RCCA of highest reactivity worth, which is assumed to be fully withdrawn. With any RCCA not capable of being fully inserted, the reactivity worth of the RCCA must be accounted for in the determination of SDM; and
- In MODES 1 and 2, the fuel and moderator temperatures are changed to the hot zero power temperatures.

| 1.1 Definitions (continued) | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| SLAVE RELAY TEST | A SLAVE RELAY TEST shall consist of energizing all slave relays and verifying the OPERABILITY of each required slave relay. The SLAVE RELAY TEST shall include a continuity check of associated required testable actuation devices. The SLAVE RELAY TEST may be performed by means of any series of sequential, overlapping, or total steps. | | | |
| THERMAL POWER | THERMAL POWER shall be the total reactor core heat transfer rate to the reactor coolant. | | | |
| TRIP ACTUATING DEVICE OPERATIONAL TEST (TADOT) | A TADOT shall consist of operating the trip actuating device and verifying the OPERABILITY of all devices in the channel required for trip actuating device OPERABILITY. The TADOT shall include adjustment, as necessary, of the trip actuating device so that it actuates at the required setpoint within the necessary accuracy. The TADOT may be performed by means of any series of sequential, overlapping or total channel steps. | | | |

Table 1.1-1 (page 1 of 1)

MODES

| MODE | TITLE | REACTIVITY CONDITION (k _{eff}) | % RATED THERMAL POWER ^(a) | AVERAGE REACTOR COOLANT TEMPERATURE (°F) |
|------|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 1 | Power Operation | ≥ 0.99 | > 5 | NA |
| 2 | Startup | ≥ 0.99 | ≤ 5 | NA |
| 3 | Hot Standby | < 0.99 | NA | ≥ 350 · |
| 4 | Hot Shutdown ^(b) | < 0.99 | NA | 350 > T _{AVG} > 200 |
| 5 | Cold Shutdown ^(b) | < 0.99 | NA | ≤ 200 |
| 6 | Refueling ^(c) | NA | NA | NA |

⁽a) Excluding decay heat.

⁽b) All reactor vessel head closure bolts fully tensioned.

One or more reactor vessel head closure bolts less than fully tensioned.

1.0 USE AND APPLICATION

1.2 Logical Connectors

PURPOSE

The purpose of this section is to explain the meaning of logical connectors.

Logical connectors are used in Technical Specifications (TS) to discriminate between, and yet connect, discrete Conditions, Required Actions, Completion Times, Surveillances, and Frequencies. The only logical connectors that appear in TS are <u>AND</u> and <u>OR</u>. The physical arrangement of these connectors constitutes logical conventions with specific meanings.

BACKGROUND

Several levels of logic may be used to state Required Actions. These levels are identified by the placement (or nesting) of the logical connectors and by the number assigned to each Required Action. The first level of logic is identified by the first digit of the number assigned to a Required Action and the placement of the logical connector in the first level of nesting (i.e., left justified with the number of the Required Action). The successive levels of logic are identified by additional digits of the Required Action number and by successive indentations of the logical connectors.

When logical connectors are used to state a Condition, Completion Time, Surveillance, or Frequency, only the first level of logic is used, and the logical connector is left justified with the statement of the Condition, Completion Time, Surveillance, or Frequency.

EXAMPLES

The following examples illustrate the use of logical connectors.

EXAMPLE 1.2-1

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| A. LCO not met. | A.1 Verify AND A.2 Restore | |

In this example the logical connector <u>AND</u> is used to indicate that when in Condition A, both Required Actions A.1 and A.2 must be completed.

1.2 Logical Connectors

EXAMPLES (continued)

EXAMPLE 1.2-2

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME |
|------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|
| A . | LCO not met. | A.1 | Trip | |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | |
| | | A.2.1 | Verify | |
| | | A | <u>ND</u> | |
| | | A.2.2.1 | Reduce | |
| | | | <u>OR</u> | |
| | | A.2.2.2 | Perform | |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | |
| | | A.3 | Align | |

This example represents a more complicated use of logical connectors. Required Actions A.1, A.2, and A.3 are alternative choices, only one of which must be performed as indicated by the use of the logical connector <u>OR</u> and the left justified placement. Any one of these three Actions may be chosen. If A.2 is chosen, then both A.2.1 and A.2.2 must be performed as indicated by the logical connector <u>AND</u>. Required Action A.2.2 is met by performing A.2.2.1 or A.2.2.2. The indented position of the logical connector <u>OR</u> indicates that A.2.2.1 and A.2.2.2 are alternative choices, only one of which must be performed.

1.0 USE AND APPLICATION

1.3 Completion Times

PURPOSE

The purpose of this section is to establish the Completion Time convention and to provide guidance for its use.

BACKGROUND

Limiting Conditions for Operation (LCOs) specify minimum requirements for ensuring safe operation of the unit. The ACTIONS associated with an LCO state Conditions that typically describe the ways in which the requirements of the LCO can fail to be met. Specified with each stated Condition are Required Action(s) and Completion Time(s).

DESCRIPTION

The Completion Time is the amount of time allowed for completing a Required Action. It is referenced to the time of discovery of a situation (e.g., inoperable equipment or variable not within limits) that requires entering an ACTIONS Condition unless otherwise specified, providing the unit is in a MODE or specified condition stated in the Applicability of the LCO. Required Actions must be completed prior to the expiration of the specified Completion Time. An ACTIONS Condition remains in effect and the Required Actions apply until the Condition no longer exists or the unit is not within the LCO Applicability.

If situations are discovered that require entry into more than one Condition at a time within a single LCO (multiple Conditions), the Required Actions for each Condition must be performed within the associated Completion Time. When in multiple Conditions, separate Completion Times are tracked for each Condition starting from the time of discovery of the situation that required entry into the Condition.

Once a Condition has been entered, subsequent trains, subsystems, components, or variables expressed in the Condition, discovered to be inoperable or not within limits, will not result in separate entry into the Condition, unless specifically stated. The Required Actions of the Condition continue to apply to each additional failure, with Completion Times based on initial entry into the Condition

However, when a subsequent train, subsystem, component, or variable expressed in the Condition is discovered to be inoperable or not within limits, the Completion Time(s) may be extended. To apply this Completion Time extension, two criteria must first be met. The subsequent inoperability:

- Must exist concurrent with the first inoperability; and
- Must remain inoperable or not within limits after the first inoperability is resolved.

DESCRIPTION (continued)

The total Completion Time allowed for completing a Required Action to address the subsequent inoperability shall be limited to the more restrictive of either:

- a. The stated Completion Time, as measured from the initial entry into the Condition, plus an additional 24 hours; or
- b. The stated Completion Time as measured from discovery of the subsequent inoperability.

The above Completion Time extensions do not apply to those Specifications that have exceptions that allow completely separate reentry into the Condition (for each train, subsystem, component, or variable expressed in the Condition) and separate tracking of Completion Times based on this re-entry. These exceptions are stated in individual Specifications.

The above Completion Time extension does not apply to a Completion Time with a modified "time zero." This modified "time zero" may be expressed as a repetitive time (i.e., "once per 8 hours," where the Completion Time is referenced from a previous completion of the Required Action versus the time of Condition entry) or as a time modified by the phrase "from discovery . . ."

1.3 Completion Times (continued)

EXAMPLES

The following examples illustrate the use of Completion Times with different types of Conditions and changing Conditions.

EXAMPLE 1.3-1

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|---|------------------|
| B. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | B.1 Be in MODE 3. AND B.2 Be in MODE 5. | 6 hours 36 hours |

Condition B has two Required Actions. Each Required Action has its own separate Completion Time. Each Completion Time is referenced to the time that Condition B is entered.

The Required Actions of Condition B are to be in MODE 3 within 6 hours AND in MODE 5 within 36 hours. A total of 6 hours is allowed for reaching MODE 3 and a total of 36 hours (not 42 hours) is allowed for reaching MODE 5 from the time that Condition B was entered. If MODE 3 is reached within 3 hours, the time allowed for reaching MODE 5 is the next 33 hours because the total time allowed for reaching MODE 5 is 36 hours.

If Condition B is entered while in MODE 3, the time allowed for reaching MODE 5 is the next 36 hours.

EXAMPLES (continued)

EXAMPLE 1.3-2

ACTIONS

| _ | | | | | |
|-----------|---|---------------------------------|----------------|------------------|--|
| CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME | |
| Α. | One pump inoperable. | A.1 Restore OPERA status. | pump to BLE | 7 days | |
| B. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | B.1 Be in Mo AND B.2 Be in Mo | | 6 hours 36 hours | |

When a pump is declared inoperable, Condition A is entered. If the pump is not restored to OPERABLE status within 7 days, Condition B is also entered and the Completion Time clocks for Required Actions B.1 and B.2 start. If the inoperable pump is restored to OPERABLE status after Condition B is entered, Condition A and B are exited, and therefore, the Required Actions of Condition B may be terminated.

When a second pump is declared inoperable while the first pump is still inoperable, Condition A is not re-entered for the second pump. LCO 3.0.3 is entered, since the ACTIONS do not include a Condition for more than one inoperable pump. The Completion Time clock for Condition A does not stop after LCO 3.0.3 is entered, but continues to be tracked from the time Condition A was initially entered.

While in LCO 3.0.3, if one of the inoperable pumps is restored to OPERABLE status and the Completion Time for Condition A has not expired, LCO 3.0.3 may be exited and operation continued in accordance with Condition A.

While in LCO 3.0.3, if one of the inoperable pumps is restored to OPERABLE status and the Completion Time for Condition A has expired, LCO 3.0.3 may be exited and operation continued in accordance with Condition B. The Completion Time for Condition B is tracked from the time the Condition A Completion Time expired.

On restoring one of the pumps to OPERABLE status, the Condition A Completion Time is not reset, but continues from the time the first pump was declared inoperable. This Completion Time may be extended if the pump restored to OPERABLE status was the first inoperable pump. A 24 hour extension to the stated 7 days is allowed, provided this does not result in the second pump being inoperable for > 7 days.

EXAMPLES (continued)

EXAMPLE 1.3-3

| Δ | C1 | ΓIC | 1 | N | S |
|---|----|-----|---|---|---|
| | | | | | |

| | CONDITION | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|------------------|---|-----------------|
| Α. | One Function X train inoperable. | A.1 | Restore Function X train to OPERABLE status. | 7 days |
| В. | One Function Y train inoperable. | B.1 | Restore Function Y train to OPERABLE status. | 72 hours |
| C. | One Function X train inoperable. AND One Function | C.1 <u>OR</u> | Restore Function X train to OPERABLE status. | 72 hours |
| | Y train inoperable. | C.2 | Restore Function Y train to OPERABLE status. | 72 hours |

EXAMPLES

EXAMPLE 1.3-3 (continued)

When one Function X train and one Function Y train are inoperable, Condition A and Condition B are concurrently applicable. The Completion Times for Condition A and Condition B are tracked separately for each train starting from the time each train was declared inoperable and the Condition was entered. A separate Completion Time is established for Condition C and tracked from the time the second train was declared inoperable (i.e., the time the situation described in Condition C was discovered).

If Required Action C.2 is completed within the specified Completion Time, Conditions B and C are exited. If the Completion Time for Required Action A.1 has not expired, operation may continue in accordance with Condition A.

It is possible to alternate between Conditions A, B, and C in such a manner that operation could continue indefinitely without ever restoring systems to meet the LCO. However, doing so would be inconsistent with the basis of the Completion Times. Therefore, there shall be administrative controls to limit the maximum time allowed for any combination of Conditions that result in a single contiguous occurrence of failing to meet the LCO. These administrative controls shall ensure that the Completion Times for those Conditions are not inappropriately extended.

EXAMPLES (continued)

EXAMPLE 1.3-4

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME |
|-----------|---|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| Α. | One or more valves inoperable. | A.1 | Restore valve(s) to OPERABLE status. | 4 hours |
| B. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | B.1 <u>AND</u> B.2 | Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 4. | 6 hours 12 hours |

A single Completion Time is used for any number of valves inoperable at the same time. The Completion Time associated with Condition A is based on the initial entry into Condition A and is not tracked on a per valve basis. Declaring subsequent valves inoperable, while Condition A is still in effect, does not trigger the tracking of separate Completion Times.

Once one of the valves has been restored to OPERABLE status, the Condition A Completion Time is not reset, but continues from the time the first valve was declared inoperable. The Completion Time may be extended if the valve restored to OPERABLE status was the first inoperable valve. The Condition A Completion Time may be extended for up to 4 hours provided this does not result in any subsequent valve being inoperable for > 4 hours.

If the Completion Time of 4 hours (including the extension) expires while one or more valves are still inoperable, Condition B is entered.

EXAMPLES (continued)

EXAMPLE 1.3-5

ACTIONS

--NOTE---

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each inoperable valve.

| CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME |
|-----------|---|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| A. | One or more valves inoperable. | A.1 | Restore valve to OPERABLE status. | 4 hours |
| B. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | B.1 <u>AND</u> B.2 | Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 4. | 6 hours 12 hours |

The Note above the ACTIONS Table is a method of modifying how the Completion Time is tracked. If this method of modifying how the Completion Time is tracked was applicable only to a specific Condition, the Note would appear in that Condition rather than at the top of the ACTIONS Table.

The Note allows Condition A to be entered separately for each inoperable valve, and Completion Times tracked on a per valve basis. When a valve is declared inoperable, Condition A is entered and its Completion Time starts. If subsequent valves are declared inoperable, Condition A is entered for each valve and separate Completion Times start and are tracked for each valve.

If the Completion Time associated with a valve in Condition A expires, Condition B is entered for that valve. If the Completion Times associated with subsequent valves in Condition A expire, Condition B is entered separately for each valve and separate Completion Times start and are tracked for each valve. If a valve that caused entry into Condition B is restored to OPERABLE status, Condition B is exited for that valve.

Since the Note in this example allows multiple Condition entry and tracking of separate Completion Times, Completion Time extensions do not apply.

1.3 Completion Times

EXAMPLES (continued)

EXAMPLE 1.3-6

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME |
|-----------|---|-------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| A. | One channel inoperable. | A.1 <u>OR</u> A.2 | Perform SR 3.x.x.x. Reduce THERMAL POWER to ≤ 50% RTP. | Once per 8 hours 8 hours |
| В. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | B.1 | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |

Entry into Condition A offers a choice between Required Action A.1 or A.2. Required Action A.1 has a "once per" Completion Time, which qualifies for the 25% extension, per SR 3.0.2, to each performance after the initial performance. The initial 8 hour interval of Required Action A.1 begins when Condition A is entered and the initial performance of Required Action A.1 must be complete within the first 8 hour interval. If Required Action A.1 is followed, and the Required Action is not met within the Completion Time (plus the extension allowed by SR 3.0.2), Condition B is entered. If Required Action A.2 is followed and the Completion Time of 8 hours is not met, Condition B is entered.

If after entry into Condition B, Required Action A.1 or A.2 is met, Condition B is exited and operation may then continue in Condition A.

1.3 Completion Times

EXAMPLES (continued)

EXAMPLE 1.3-7

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTIO | ON COMPLETION TIME |
|-----------|---|---|--|
| A. | One subsystem inoperable. | A.1 Verify affected subsystem isolated. AND A.2 Restore subsystem to OPERABLE status. | 1 hour AND Once per 8 hours thereafter 72 hours |
| В. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | B.1 Be in MODE 3 AND B.2 Be in MODE 5 | |

Required Action A.1 has two Completion Times. The 1 hour Completion Time begins at the time the Condition is entered and each "Once per 8 hours thereafter" interval begins upon performance of Required Action A.1.

If after Condition A is entered, Required Action A.1 is not met within either the initial 1 hour or any subsequent 8 hour interval from the previous performance (plus the extension allowed by SR 3.0.2), Condition B is entered. The Completion Time clock for Condition A does not stop after Condition B is entered, but continues from the time Condition A was initially entered. If Required Action A.1 is met after Condition B is entered, Condition B is exited and operation may continue in accordance with Condition A, provided the Completion Time for Required Action A.2 has not expired.

(continued)

EXAMPLES (continued)

EXAMPLE 1.3-8

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | REQUIRED AC | CTION COMPLETION TIME | |
|----|---|---|-----------------------|--|
| A. | One subsystem inoperable. | A.1 Restore subsystem OPERABLI status. | | |
| B. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | B.1 Be in MOD AND B.2 Be in MOD | | |

When a subsystem is declared inoperable, Condition A is entered. The 7 day Completion Time may be applied as discussed in Example 1.3-2. However, the licensee may elect to apply the Risk Informed Completion Time (RICT) Program which permits calculation of a RICT that may be used to complete the Required Action beyond the 7 day Completion Time. The RICT cannot exceed 30 days. After the 7 day Completion Time has expired, the subsystem must be restored to OPERABLE status within the RICT or Condition B must also be entered.

The RICT requires recalculation of the RICT to reflect changing plant conditions. For planned changes, the revised RICT must be determined prior to implementation of the change in configuration. For emergent conditions, the revised RICT must be determined within the time limits of the Required Action Completion Time (i.e., not the RICT) or 12 hours after the plant configuration change, whichever is less.

If the 7 day Completion Time clock of Condition A has expired and subsequent changes in plant condition result in exiting the applicability of the RICT Program without restoring the inoperable subsystem to OPERABLE status, Condition B is also entered and the Completion Time clocks for Required Actions B.1 and B.2 start.

(continued)

1.3 Completion Times

TIME

EXAMPLES EXAMPLE 1.3-8 (continued) If the RICT expires or is recalculated to be less than the elapsed time since the Condition was entered and the inoperable subsystem has not been restored to OPERABLE status, Condition B is also entered and the Completion Time clocks for Required Actions B.1 and B.2 start. If the inoperable subsystems are restored to OPERABLE status after Condition B is entered, Condition A is exited, and therefore, the Required Actions of Condition B may be terminated. **IMMEDIATE** When "Immediately" is used as a Completion Time, the Required Action should be pursued without delay and in a controlled manner. COMPLETION

Unit 2 - Amendment No. 247

1.0 USE AND APPLICATION

1.4 Frequency

PURPOSE

The purpose of this section is to define the proper use and application of Frequency requirements.

DESCRIPTION

Each Surveillance Requirement (SR) has a specified Frequency in which the Surveillance must be met in order to meet the associated LCO. An understanding of the correct application of the specified Frequency is necessary for compliance with the SR.

The "specified Frequency" is referred to throughout this section and each of the Specifications of Section 3.0, Surveillance Requirement (SR) Applicability. The "specified Frequency" consists of the requirements of the Frequency column of each SR as well as certain Notes in the Surveillance column that modify performance requirements.

Situations where a Surveillance could be required (i.e., its Frequency could expire), but where it is not possible or not desired that it be performed until sometime after the associated LCO is within its Applicability, represent potential SR 3.0.4 conflicts. To avoid these conflicts, the SR (i.e., the Surveillance or the Frequency) is stated such that it is only "required" when it can be and should be performed. With an SR satisfied, SR 3.0.4 imposes no restriction.

EXAMPLES

The following examples illustrate the various ways that Frequencies are specified. In these examples, the Applicability of the LCO (LCO not shown) is MODES 1, 2, and 3.

1.4 Frequency

EXAMPLES (continued)

EXAMPLE 1.4-1

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

| SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------------------|-----------|
| Perform CHANNEL CHECK. | 12 hours |

Example 1.4-1 contains the type of SR most often encountered in the Technical Specifications (TS). The Frequency specifies an interval (12 hours) during which the associated Surveillance must be performed at least one time. Performance of the Surveillance initiates the subsequent interval. Although the Frequency is stated as 12 hours, an extension of the time interval to 1.25 times the stated Frequency is allowed by SR 3.0.2 for operational flexibility. The measurement of this interval continues at all times, even when the SR is not required to be met per SR 3.0.1 (such as when the equipment is inoperable, a variable is outside specified limits, or the unit is outside the Applicability of the LCO). If the interval specified by SR 3.0.2 is exceeded while the unit is in a MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability of the LCO, and the performance of the Surveillance is not otherwise modified (refer to Example 1.4-3), then SR 3.0.3 becomes applicable.

If the interval as specified by SR 3.0.2 is exceeded while the unit is not in a MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability of the LCO for which performance of the SR is required, the Surveillance must be performed within the Frequency requirements of SR 3.0.2 prior to entry into the MODE or other specified condition. Failure to do so would result in a violation of SR 3.0.4.

1.4 Frequency

EXAMPLES (continued)

EXAMPLE 1.4-2

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

| SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Verify flow is within limits. | Once within 12 hours after ≥ 25% RTP |
| | AND |
| | 24 hours thereafter |

Example 1.4-2 has two Frequencies. The first is a one time performance Frequency, and the second is of the type shown in Example 1.4-1. The logical connector "AND" indicates that both Frequency requirements must be met. Each time reactor power is increased from a power level < 25% RTP to \geq 25% RTP, the Surveillance must be performed within 12 hours.

The use of "once" indicates a single performance will satisfy the specified Frequency (assuming no other Frequencies are connected by "AND"). This type of Frequency does not qualify for the 25% extension allowed by SR 3.0.2. "Thereafter" indicates future performances must be established per SR 3.0.2, but only after a specified condition is first met (i.e., the "once" performance in this example). If reactor power decreases to < 25% RTP, the measurement of both intervals stops. New intervals start upon reactor power reaching 25% RTP.

1.4 Frequency

EXAMPLES (continued)

EXAMPLE 1.4-3

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

| SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|--|-----------|
| Not required to be performed until 12 hours after ≥ 25% RTP. | , |
| Perform channel adjustment. | 7 days |

The interval continues, whether or not the unit operation is < 25% RTP between performances.

As the Note modifies the required <u>performance</u> of the Surveillance, it is construed to be part of the "specified Frequency." Should the 7 day interval be exceeded while operation is < 25% RTP, this Note allows 12 hours after power reaches \geq 25% RTP to perform the Surveillance. The Surveillance is still considered to be performed within the "specified Frequency." Therefore, if the Surveillance were not performed within the 7 day (plus the extension allowed by SR 3.0.2) interval, but operation was < 25% RTP, it would not constitute a failure of the SR or failure to meet the LCO. Also, no violation of SR 3.0.4 occurs when changing MODES, even with the 7 day Frequency not met, provided operation does not exceed 12 hours with power \geq 25% RTP.

Once the unit reaches 25% RTP, 12 hours would be allowed for completing the Surveillance. If the Surveillance were not performed within this 12 hour interval, there would then be a failure to perform a Surveillance within the specified Frequency, and the provisions of SR 3.0.3 would apply.

2.0 SAFETY LIMITS (SLs)

2.1 SLs

2.1.1 Reactor Core SLs

In MODES 1 and 2, the combination of THERMAL POWER, Reactor Coolant System (RCS) highest loop average temperature, and pressurizer pressure shall not exceed the SLs specified in Figure 2.1.1-1.

2.1.2 RCS Pressure SL

In MODES 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, the RCS pressure shall be maintained ≤ 2735 psig.

2.2 SL Violations

- 2.2.1 If SL 2.1.1 is violated, restore compliance and be in MODE 3 within 1 hour.
- 2.2.2 If SL 2.1.2 is violated:
 - 2.2.2.1 In MODE 1 or 2, restore compliance and be in MODE 3 within 1 hour.
 - 2.2.2.2 In MODE 3, 4, or 5, restore compliance within 5 minutes.



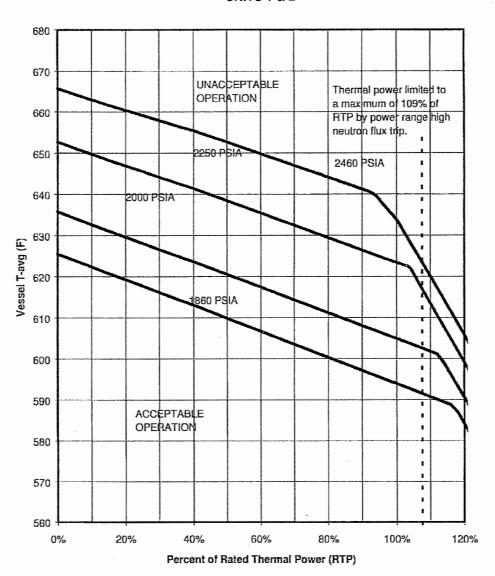


Figure 2.1.1-1
REACTOR CORE SAFETY LIMIT

| 3.0 LIMITING CO | ONDITION FOR OPERATION (LCO) APPLICABILITY | |
|---|--|--|
| LCO 3.0.1 LCOs shall be met during the MODES or other specified corthe Applicability, except as provided in LCO 3.0.2, LCO 3.0.7 LCO 3.0.8. | | |
| LCO 3.0.2 | Upon discovery of a failure to meet an LCO, the Required Actions of the associated Conditions shall be met, except as provided in LCO 3.0.5 and LCO 3.0.6. | |
| | If the LCO is met or is no longer applicable prior to expiration of the specified Completion Time(s), completion of the Required Action(s) is not required unless otherwise stated. | |
| LCO 3.0.3 | When an LCO is not met and the associated ACTIONS are not met, an associated ACTION is not provided, or if directed by the associated ACTIONS, the unit shall be placed in a MODE or other specified condition in which the LCO is not applicable. Action shall be initiated within 1 hour to place the unit, as applicable, in: | |
| | a. MODE 3 within 7 hours; | |
| | b. MODE 4 within 13 hours; and | |
| | c. MODE 5 within 37 hours. | |
| | Exceptions to this Specification are stated in the individual Specifications. | |
| | Where corrective measures are completed that permit operation in accordance with the LCO or ACTIONS, completion of the actions required by LCO 3.0.3 is not required. | |
| | LCO 3.0.3 is only applicable in MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4. | |
| LCO 3.0.4 | When an LCO is not met, entry into a MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability shall only be made: | |
| | a. When the associated ACTIONS to be entered permit continued operation in the MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability for an unlimited period of time; | |
| | After performance of a risk assessment addressing inoperable systems and components, consideration of the results, determination of the acceptability of entering the MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability, and establishment of risk management actions, if appropriate; exceptions to this Specification are stated in the individual Specifications, or | |
| | When an allowance is stated in the individual value, parameter, or other Specification. | |
| | This Specification shall not prevent changes in MODES or other specified conditions in the Applicability that are required to comply with | |

ACTIONS or that are part of a shutdown of the unit.

| 3.0 LCO APPLICABILITY (continued) | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| LCO 3.0.5 | Equipment removed from service or declared inoperable to comply with ACTIONS may be returned to service under administrative control solely to perform testing required to demonstrate its OPERABILITY or the OPERABILITY of other equipment. This is an exception to LCO 3.0.2 for the system returned to service under administrative control to perform the testing required to demonstrate OPERABILITY. | | |
| LCO 3.0.6 | When a supported system LCO is not met solely due to a support system LCO not being met, the Conditions and Required Actions associated with this supported system are not required to be entered. Only the support system LCO ACTIONS are required to be entered. This is an exception to LCO 3.0.2 for the supported system. In this event, an evaluation shall be performed in accordance with Specification 5.5.15, "Safety Function Determination Program (SFDP)." If a loss of safety function is determined to exist by this program, the appropriate Conditions and Required Actions of the LCO in which the loss of safety function exists are required to be entered. | | |
| | When a support system's Required Action directs a supported system to be declared inoperable or directs entry into Conditions and Required Actions for a supported system, the applicable Conditions and Required Actions shall be entered in accordance with LCO 3.0.2. | | |
| LCO 3.0.7 | Test Exception LCO 3.1.8, allows specified Technical Specification (TS) requirements to be changed to permit performance of special tests and operations. Unless otherwise specified, all other TS requirements remain unchanged. Compliance with Test Exception LCOs is optional. When a Test Exception LCO is desired to be met but is not met, the ACTIONS of the Test Exception LCO shall be met. When a Test Exception LCO is not desired to be met, entry into a MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability shall be made in accordance with the other applicable Specifications. | | |
| LCO 3.0.8 | When one or more required snubbers are unable to perform their associated support function(s), any affected supported LCO(s) are not required to be declared not met solely for this reason if risk is assessed and managed, and: | | |
| | a. the snubbers not able to perform their associated support function(s) are associated with only one train or subsystem of a multiple train or subsystem supported system or are associated with a single train or subsystem supported system and are able to perform their associated support function within 72 hours; or | | |
| | the snubbers not able to perform their associated support function(s) are associated with more than one train or subsystem of a multiple train or subsystem supported system and are able to perform their associated support function within 12 hours. | | |
| | At the end of the specified period the required snubbers must be able to perform their associated support function(s), or the affected supported system LCO(s) shall be declared not met. | | |

| 0.0 001112121110111111111111111111111111 | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| SR 3.0.1 | SRs shall be met during the MODES or other specified conditions in the Applicability for individual LCOs, unless otherwise stated in the SR. Failure to meet a Surveillance, whether such failure is experienced during the performance of the Surveillance or between performances of the Surveillance, shall be failure to meet the LCO. Failure to perform a Surveillance within the specified Frequency shall be failure to meet the LCO except as provided in SR 3.0.3. Surveillances do not have to be performed on inoperable equipment or variables outside specified limits. | | |
| SR 3.0.2 | The specified Frequency for each SR is met if the Surveillance is performed within 1.25 times the interval specified in the Frequency, as measured from the previous performance or as measured from the time a specified condition of the Frequency is met. For Frequencies specified as "once," the above interval extension does not apply. If a Completion Time requires periodic performance on a "once per" basis, the above Frequency extension applies to each performance after the initial performance. Exceptions to this Specification are stated in the individual Specifications. | | |
| SR 3.0.3 | If it is discovered that a Surveillance was not performed within its specified Frequency, then compliance with the requirement to declare the LCO not met may be delayed, from the time of discovery, up to 24 hours or up to the limit of the specified Frequency, whichever is greater. This delay period is permitted to allow performance of the Surveillance. A risk evaluation shall be performed for any Surveillance delayed greater than 24 hours and the risk impact shall be managed. If the Surveillance is not performed within the delay period, the LCO must immediately be declared not met, and the applicable Condition(s) must be entered. When the Surveillance is performed within the delay period and the Surveillance is not met, the LCO must immediately be declared not met, and the applicable Condition(s) must be entered. | | |
| SR 3.0.4 | Entry into a MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability of an LCO shall only be made when the LCO's Surveillances have been met within their specified Frequency, except as provided by SR 3.0.3. When an LCO is not met due to Surveillances not having been met, entry into a MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability shall only be made in accordance with LCO 3.0.4. | | |
| | This provision shall not prevent entry into MODES or other specified conditions in the Applicability that are required to comply with ACTIONS or that are part of a shutdown of the unit. | | |

3.1.1 SHUTDOWN MARGIN (SDM)

LCO 3.1.1

SDM shall be within the limits provided in the COLR.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 2 with k_{eff} < 1.0, MODES 3, 4, and 5.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|-----------------------|------|---|-----------------|
| A. | SDM not within limit. | A.1. | Initiate boration to restore SDM to within limit. | 15 minutes |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---------------------------------|--|
| SR 3.1.1.1 | Verify SDM to be within limits. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.1.2 Core Reactivity

LCO 3.1.2

The measured core reactivity shall be within \pm 1% Δ k/k of predicted

values.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1 and 2.

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME |
|-----------|---|-----------------|--|-----------------|
| A. | Measured core reactivity not within limit. | A.1. | Re-evaluate core design and safety analysis, and determine that the reactor core is acceptable for continued operation. | 7 days |
| | | AND | | |
| | • | A.2. | Establish appropriate operating restrictions and SRs. | 7 days |
| B. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | B.1. | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---|---|
| SR 3.1.2.1 | The predicted reactivity values may be adjusted (normalized) to correspond to the measured core reactivity prior to exceeding a fuel burnup of 60 effective full power days (EFPD) after each fuel loading. | |
| | Verify measured core reactivity is within \pm 1% Δ k/k of predicted values. | Once prior to entering MODE 1 after each refueling |
| | | AND |
| | | Only required afte |
| | | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Contro Program |

3.1.3 Moderator Temperature Coefficient (MTC)

LCO 3.1.3

The MTC shall be maintained within the limits specified in the COLR. The maximum upper limit shall be that specified in Figure 3.1.3-1.

APPLICABILITY:

MODE 1 and MODE 2 with $k_{eff} \ge 1.0$ for the upper MTC limit, MODES 1, 2,

and 3 for the lower MTC limit.

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME | |
|-----------|--|-----------------|--|-----------------|--|
| A. | MTC not within upper limit. | A.1. | Establish administrative withdrawal limits for control banks to maintain MTC within limit. | 24 hours | |
| B. | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met. | B.1. | Be in MODE 2 with k _{eff} < 1.0. | 6 hours | |
| C. | MTC not within lower limit. | C.1. | Be in MODE 4. | 12 hours | |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---|--|
| SR 3.1.3.1 | Verify MTC is within upper limit. | Once prior to entering MODE 1 after each refueling |
| SR 3.1.3.2 | NOTE | |
| · | Not required to be performed until 7 effective full power days (EFPD) after reaching the equivalent of an equilibrium RTP all rods out (ARO) boron concentration of 300 ppm. | |
| | 2. If the MTC is more negative than the 300 ppm Surveillance limit (not LCO limit) specified in the COLR, SR 3.1.3.2 shall be repeated once per 14 EFPD during the remainder of the fuel cycle. | |
| | SR 3.1.3.2 need not be repeated if the MTC measured at the equivalent of equilibrium RTP-ARO boron concentration of ≤ 60 ppm is less negative than the 60 ppm Surveillance limit specified in the COLR. | |
| | Verify MTC is within lower limit. | Once each cycle |

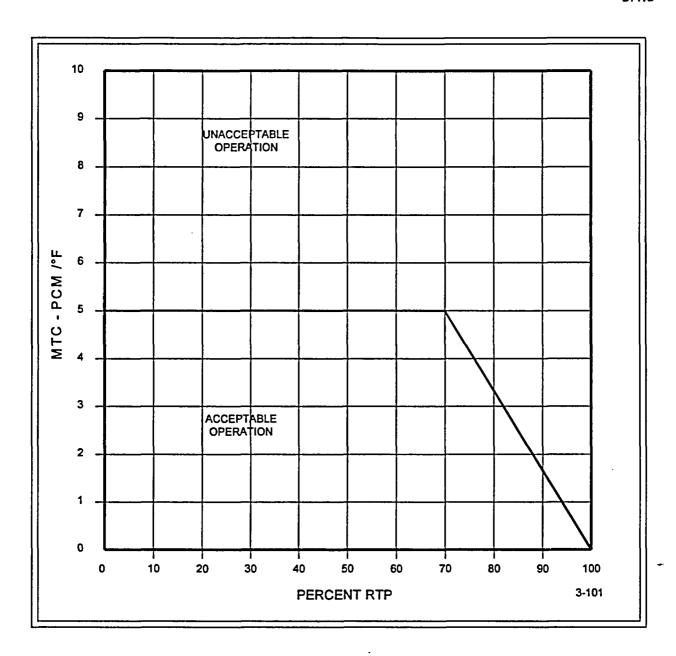


Figure 3.1.3-1 (page : of 1)

MODERATOR TEMPERATURE COEFFICENT vs. POWER LEVEL

3.1.4 Rod Group Alignment Limits

LCO 3.1.4 All shutdown and control rods shall be OPERABLE.

AND

Individual indicated rod positions shall be within 12 steps of their group

step counter demand position.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLE | TION TIME |
|----|--------------------------------------|-----------|---|---------|-------------|
| A. | One or more rod(s) inoperable. | A.1.1 | Verify SDM to be within the limits provided in the COLR. | 1 hour | |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | | |
| | | A.1.2 | Initiate boration to restore SDM to within limit. | 1 hour | |
| | | AND | | | |
| | | A.2 | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours | |
| B. | One rod not within alignment limits. | B.1.1 | Verify SDM to be within the limits specified in the COLR. | 1 hour | |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | | |
| | | B.1.2 | Initiate boration to restore SDM to within limit. | 1 hour | |
| | | AND | | | (continued) |

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|------------|--|----------------------|
| В. | (continued) | B.2 | Reduce THERMAL POWER to ≤ 75% RTP. | 2 hours |
| | | AND | | |
| | | B.3 | Verify SDM to be within the limits specified in the COLR. | Once per 12 hours |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | B.4 | Perform SR 3.2.1.1, SR 3.2.1.2, and SR 3.2.2.1. | 72 hours |
| | | AND | | |
| | | B.5 | Re-evaluate safety analyses and confirm results remain valid for duration of operation under these conditions. | 5 days |
| C. | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition B not met. | C.1 | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| D. | More than one rod not within alignment limit. | D.1.1 | Verify SDM to be within the limits provided in the COLR. | 1 hour |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | |
| | | D.1.2 | Initiate boration to restore required SDM to within limit. | 1 hour |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | D.2 Be | in MODE 3. | 6 hours |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|--|---|--|
| SR 3.1.4.1 | Not required to be performed for rods associated with inoperable rod position indicator or demand position indicator. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| | Verify position of individual rods within alignment limit. | |
| SR 3.1.4.2 Verify rod freedom of movement (trippability) by moving each rod not fully inserted in the core ≥ 10 steps in either direction. | | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.1.4.3 | SR 3.1.4.3 Verify rod drop time of each rod, from the fully withdrawn position, is ≤ 2.7 seconds from the beginning of decay of stationary gripper coil voltage to dashpot entry, with: | |
| | a. T _{avg} ≥ 500 °F; and | |
| | b. All reactor coolant pumps operating. | |

3.1.5 Shutdown Bank Insertion Limits

LCO 3.1.5 Each shutdown bank shall be within insertion limits specified in the COLR.

-----NOTE------

Not applicable to shutdown banks inserted while performing SR 3.1.4.2.

APPLICABILITY:

MODE 1, MODE 2 with any control bank not fully inserted.

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME |
|-----------|--|-----------------|---|-----------------|
| Α. | One shutdown bank inserted ≤ 16 steps beyond the insertion limits specified in the COLR. | A.1 | Verify all control banks are within the insertion limits specified in the COLR. | 1 hour |
| | | A.2.1 | Verify SDM is within the limits specified in the COLR. | 1 hour |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | |
| | | A.2.2 | Initiate boration to restore SDM to within limit. | 1 hour |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | A.3 | Restore the shutdown bank to within the insertion limits specified in the COLR. | 24 hours |

(continued)

| ACTIONS (continued) |
|---------------------|
|---------------------|

| CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME |
|-----------|--|--------------------|---|-----------------|
| B. | One or more shutdown banks not within limits for reasons other than Condition A. | B.1.1 <u>OR</u> | Verify SDM to be within the limits specified in the COLR. | 1 hour |
| | | B.1.2 | Initiate boration to restore SDM to within limit. | 1 hour |
| | | AND | | |
| | | B.2 | Restore shutdown banks to within limits. | 2 hours |
| C. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | C.1 | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---|--|
| SR 3.1.5.1 | Verify each shutdown bank is within the limits specified in the COLR. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.1.6 Control Bank Insertion Limits

LCO 3.1.6

Control banks shall be within the insertion, sequence, and overlap limits

specified in the COLR.

---NOTE------

Not applicable to control banks inserted while performing SR 3.1.4.2.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, MODE 2 with $k_{eff} \ge 1.0$.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|-------|---|-----------------|
| A. | Control bank A, B, or C inserted ≤ 16 steps beyond the insertion, sequence, or overlap limits specified in the COLR. | A.1 | Verify all shutdown banks are within the insertion limits specified in the COLR. | 1 hour |
| | | A.2.1 | Verify SDM is within the limits specified in the COLR. | 1 hour |
| | | ΩR | | · |
| | | A.2.2 | Initiate boration to restore SDM to within limit. | 1 hour |
| | | AND | | |
| | | A.3 | Restore the control bank to within the insertion, sequence, and overlap limits specified in the COLR. | 24 hours |

(continued)

ACTIONS (continued)

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|------------|---|-----------------|
| B. | Control bank insertion limits not met for reasons other than Condition A. | B.1.1 | Verify SDM to be within the limits specified in the COLR. | 1 hour |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | |
| | , | B.1.2 | Initiate boration to restore SDM to within limit. | 1 hour |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | B.2 | Restore control bank(s) to within limits. | 2 hours |
| C. | Control bank sequence or overlap limits not met for reasons other than Condition A. | C.1.1 | Verify SDM to be within the limits specified in the COLR. | 1 hour |
| | Condition A. | <u>OR</u> | | |
| | | C.1.2 | Initiate boration to restore SDM to within limit. | 1 hour |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | C.2 | Restore control bank sequence and overlap to within limits. | 2 hours |
| D. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | D.1 | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |

| | SURVEILLANCE | | | | | | |
|------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| SR 3.1.6.1 | Verify estimated critical control bank position is within the limits specified in the COLR. | Within 4 hours prior to achieving criticality | | | | | |
| SR 3.1.6.2 | Verify each control bank insertion is within the limits specified in the COLR. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | | | | | |
| SR 3.1.6.3 | Verify sequence and overlap limits specified in the COLR are met for control banks not fully withdrawn from the core. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | | | | | |

3.1.7 Rod Position Indication

LCO 3.1.7

The Digital Rod Position Indication (DRPI) System and the Demand Position Indication System shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

ACTIONS

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each inoperable DRPI and each demand

position indicator.

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|--|--|--|
| Α. | One DRPI per group inoperable in one or more groups. | A.1 | Verify the position of the rod with inoperable DRPI indirectly by using core power distribution measurement information. | Once per 8 hours |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | |
| | | A.2.1 | Verify the position of the | 8 hours |
| | | rod with inoperable DRPI indirectly by using | AND . | |
| | | | core power distribution measurement information. | Once per 31 EFPD thereafter |
| | | AND | | AND |
| | | | | 8 hours after discovery of each unintended rod movement |
| | | | | AND |
| | | | | (continued) |

ACTIONS (continued)

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|-----------|--|---|
| Α. | (continued) | | | 8 hours after each movement of rod with inoperable DRPI > 12 steps |
| | | | | AND |
| | | | | Prior to THERMAL POWER exceeding 50% RTP |
| | | | | AND |
| | | | | 8 hours after reaching RTP |
| | | A.2.2 | Restore inoperable DRPI to OPERABLE status. | Prior to entering MODE 2 from MODE 3 |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | |
| | | A.3 | Reduce THERMAL POWER to ≤ 50% RTP. | 8 hours |
| В. | More than one DRPI per group inoperable in one or | B.1 | Place the control rods under manual control | Immediately |
| | more groups. | AND | | |
| | | B.2 | Restore inoperable DRPIs to OPERABLE status such that a maximum of one DRPI per group is inoperable. | 24 hours |

(continued)

ACTIONS (continued)

| 7011 | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|------|---|--------------|--|------------------|
| C. | One or more DRPI inoperable in one or more groups and associated rod has been moved > 24 steps in one direction since the last determination of the rod's position. | C.1 | Verify the position of the rods with inoperable DRPIs indirectly by using core power distribution measurement information. | 4 hours |
| | | C.2 | Reduce THERMAL POWER to ≤ 50% RTP. | 8 hours |
| D. | One or more demand position indicators per bank inoperable in one or more banks. | D.1.1 | Verify by administrative means all DRPIs for the affected banks are OPERABLE. | Once per 8 hours |
| | | <u> AN</u> [| 2 | |
| | | D.1.2 | Verify the most withdrawn rod and the least withdrawn rod of the affected banks are ≤ 12 steps apart. | Once per 8 hours |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | |
| | | D.2 | Reduce THERMAL POWER to ≤ 50% RTP | 8 hours |

(continued)

| ACTIONS (continued) |
|---------------------|
|---------------------|

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|-----|-----------------|-----------------|
| E. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | E.1 | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---|---|
| SR 3.1.7.1 | Not required to be met for DRPIs associated with rods that do not meet LCO 3.1.4. Verify each DRPI agrees within 12 steps of the group demand position for the full indicated range of rod travel. | Once prior to criticality after each removal of the reactor vessel head. |

3.1.8 PHYSICS TESTS Exceptions - MODE 2

LCO 3.1.8

During the performance of PHYSICS TESTS, the requirements of

LCO 3.1.3, "Moderator Temperature Coefficient (MTC)";

LCO 3.1.4, "Rod Group Alignment Limits";

LCO 3.1.5, "Shutdown Bank Insertion Limits";

LCO 3.1.6, "Control Bank Insertion Limits"; and

LCO 3.4.2, "RCS Minimum Temperature for Criticality"

may be suspended, provided:

a. RCS lowest operating loop average temperature is ≥ 531° F; and

b. SDM is within the limits provided in the COLR; and

c. THERMAL POWER is \leq 5% RTP.

APPLICABILITY:

During PHYSICS TESTS.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|-----|--|-----------------|
| Α. | SDM not within limit. | A.1 | Initiate boration to restore SDM to within limit. | 15 minutes . |
| | | AND | | |
| | · | A.2 | Suspend PHYSICS TESTS exceptions. | 1 hour |
| В. | THERMAL POWER not within limit. | B.1 | Open reactor trip breakers. | Immediately |
| C. | RCS lowest operating loop average temperature not within limit. | C.1 | Restore RCS lowest operating loop average temperature to within limit. | 15 minutes |
| D. | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition C not met. | D.1 | Be in MODE 3. | 15 minutes |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|--|--|
| SR 3.1.8.1 | Perform a CHANNEL OPERATIONAL TEST on power range and intermediate range channels per SR 3.3.1.7, SR 3.3.1.8, and Table 3.3.1-1. | Prior to initiation of PHYSICS TESTS |
| SR 3.1.8.2 | Verify the RCS lowest operating loop average temperature is ≥ 531° F. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.1.8.3 | Verify THERMAL POWER is ≤ 5% RTP. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.1.8.4 | Verify SDM is within the limits provided in the COLR. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.2 POWER DISTRIBUTION LIMITS

3.2.1 Heat Flux Hot Channel Factor $(F_Q(Z))$

LCO 3.2.1 $F_Q(Z)$, as approximated by $F_Q^C(Z)$ and $F_Q^w(Z)$, shall be within the limits specified in the COLR.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 1.

<u>ACTIONS</u>

| CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----------------------------------|------------|---|---|
| ANOTE | | | |
| $F_{Q}^{C}(Z)$ not within limit. | A.1 | Reduce THERMAL POWER \geq 1% RTP for each 1% $F_{\alpha}^{c}(Z)$ exceeds limit. | 15 minutes after each $F_{\alpha}^{c}(Z)$ determination |
| | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | A.2 | Reduce Power Range Neutron Flux—High trip setpoints ≥ 1% for each 1% that THERMAL POWER is limited below RATED THERMAL POWER by Required Action A.1. | 72 hours after each $F^c_{\alpha}(Z)$ determination |
| | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | | (continued) |

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | R | EQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|-------------------------------|------------|--|--|
| A. | (continued) | A.3 | Reduce Overpower ΔT trip setpoints ≥ 1% for each 1% that THERMAL POWER is limited below RATED THERMAL POWER by Required Action A.1. | 72 hours after each $F^c_{\alpha}(Z)$ determination |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | A.4 | Perform SR 3.2.1.1 and SR 3.2.1.2. | Prior to increasing THERMAL POWER above the limit of Required Action A.1 |
| B. | $F_Q^w(Z)$ not within limits. | B.1.1 | Implement a RAOC operating space specified in the COLR that restores $F_Q^w(Z)$ to within limits. | 4 hours |
| | | AND | | |
| | | B.1.2 | Perform SR 3.2.1.1 and SR 3.2.1.2 if control rod motion is required to comply with the new operating space. | 72 hours |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | |
| | | B.2.1 | Required Action B.2.4 shall be completed whenever Required Action B.2.1 is performed prior to increasing THERMAL POWER above the limit of Required Action B.2.1. | |
| | | | | |

<u>ACTIONS</u>

| CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME |
|-----------|---|-----------------|---|---|
| B. | (continued) | B.2.1 | Limit allowable THERMAL POWER and AFD limits as specified in the COLR. | 4 hours after each $F_Q^w(Z)$ determination |
| | | | | |
| | | B.2.2 | Limit Power Range Neutron Flux - High trip setpoints ≥ 1% for each 1% that THERMAL POWER is limited below RATED THERMAL POWER by Required Action B.2.1. | 72 hours after each $F_Q^w(Z)$ determination |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | B.2.3 | Limit Overpower ΔT trip setpoints ≥ 1 % for each 1% that THERMAL POWER is limited below RATED THERMAL POWER by Required Action B.2.1. | 72 hours after each $F_Q^w(Z)$ determination |
| | | AND | | |
| | | B.2.4 | Perform SR 3.2.1.1 and SR 3.2.1.2. | Prior to increasing THERMAL POWER above the limit of Required Action B.2.1 |
| C. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | C.1 | Be in MODE 2. | 6 hours |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|------------------------------------|--|
| SR 3.2.1.1 | Verify $F_Q^C(Z)$ is within limit. | Once after each refueling prior to THERMAL POWER exceeding 75% RTP |
| | | <u>AND</u> |
| | | Once within 24 hours after achieving equilibrium conditions after exceeding, by ≥ 20% RTP, the THERMAL POWER at which $F_Q^c(Z)$ was last verified |
| | | <u>AND</u> |
| | | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|------------------------------------|---|
| SR 3.2.1.2 | Verify $F_Q^w(Z)$ is within limit. | Once after each refueling within 24 hours after THERMAL POWER exceeds 75% RTP |
| | | AND |
| | | Once within 24 hours after achieving equilibrium conditions after exceeding, by ≥ 20% RTP, the THERMAL POWER at which F _Q ^w (Z) was last verified |
| | | AND |
| | | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.2 POWER DISTRIBUTION LIMITS

3.2.2 Nuclear Enthalpy Rise Hot Channel Factor ($F_{\Delta H}^{N}$)

LCO 3.2.2

 $F_{\Delta H}^{N}$ shall be within the limits specified in the COLR.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 1.

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|---|---|-----------------|
| ANOTERequired Actions A.2 and A.3 must be completed | A.1.1 Restore $F_{\Delta H}^{N}$ within limit. | 4 hours |
| whenever Condition A is entered. | A.1.2.1 Reduce THERMAL POWER to < 50% RTP. | 4 hours |
| r-N , | AND | |
| F ^N _{ΔH} not within limit. | A.1.2.2 Reduce Power Range Neutron Flux-High trip setpoints to ≤ 55% RTP. | 72 hours |
| | AND | |
| | A.2 Perform SR 3.2.2.1. | 24 hours |
| | AND | (continued) |

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|--|---|---|
| A. (continued) | A.3 THERMAL POWER does not have to be reduced to comply with this Required Action. | |
| | Perform SR 3.2.2.1. | Prior to THERMAL POWER exceeding 50% RTP |
| | | AND |
| | | Prior to THERMAL POWER exceeding 75% RTP |
| | | AND |
| | | 24 hours after THERMAL POWER reaching ≥ 95% RTP |
| B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | B.1 Be in MODE 2. | 6 hours |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

-----NOTE------NOTE------

During power escalation following shutdown, THERMAL POWER may be increased until an equilibrium power level has been achieved, at which a power distribution map is obtained.

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---|---|
| SR 3.2.2.1 | Verify $F_{\Delta H}^N$ is within limits specified in the COLR. | Once after each refueling prior to THERMAL POWER exceeding 75% RTP AND In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.2 POWER DISTRIBUTION LIMITS

3.2.3 AXIAL FLUX DIFFERENCE (AFD)

LCO 3.2.3 The AFD in % flux difference units shall be maintained within the limits specified in the COLR.

The AFD shall be considered outside limits when two or more OPERABLE

excore channels indicate AFD to be outside limits.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 1 with THERMAL POWER ≥ 50% RTP.

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|---------------------------|--|-----------------|
| A. AFD not within limits. | A.1 Reduce THERMAL POWER to < 50% RTP. | 30 minutes |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|--|---|
| SR 3.2.3.1 | Verify AFD within limits for each OPERABLE excore channel. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.2 POWER DISTRIBUTION LIMITS

3.2.4 QUADRANT POWER TILT RATIO (QPTR)

LCO 3.2.4

The QPTR shall be ≤ 1.02 .

APPLICABILITY: MODE 1 with THERMAL POWER >50% RTP.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|------------------------|------------|---|--|
| Α. | QPTR not within limit. | A.1 | Reduce THERMAL POWER ≥ 3% from RTP for each 1% of QPTR > 1.00. | 2 hours after each QPTR determination |
| | | AND | | _ |
| | | A.2 | Determine QPTR. | Once per 12 hours |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | · | A.3 | Perform SR 3.2.1.1, SR 3.2.1.2 and SR 3.2.2.1. | 24 hours after achieving equilibrium conditions from a THERMAL POWER reduction per Required Action A.1 |
| | | | | AND |
| | | | | Once per 7 days thereafter |
| | | AND | | |
| | | A.4 | Reevaluate safety analyses and confirm results remain valid for duration of operation under this condition. | Prior to increasing THERMAL POWER above the limit of Required Action A.1 |
| | | AND | | |
| | | | | (continued) |

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|--|------------|--|--|
| A. (continued) | A.5 | 1. Perform Required Action A.5 only after Required Action A.4 is completed. | |
| | | Required Action A.6 shall be completed whenever Required Action A.5 is performed | |
| | AND | Normalize excore detectors to restore QPTR to within limit. | Prior to increasing THERMAL POWER above the limit of Required Action A.1 |
| | AND A.6 | Perform Required Action A.6 only after Required Action A.5 is completed. | · |
| | | Perform SR 3.2.1.1, SR 3.2.1.2 and SR 3.2.2.1. | 24 hours after achieving equilibrium conditions not to exceed 48 hours after increasing THERMAL POWER above the limit of Required Action A.1 |
| B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | B.1 | Reduce THERMAL POWER to ≤ 50% RTP. | 4 hours |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|--|--|
| SR 3.2.4.1 | SR 3.2.4.1 1. With input from one Power Range Neutron Flux channel inoperable and THERMAL POWER ≤ 75% RTP, the remaining three power range channels can be used for calculating QPTR. | |
| | SR 3.2.4.2 may be performed in lieu of this Surveillance | |
| | Verify QPTR is within limit by calculation. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.2.4.2 | Not required to be performed until 12 hours after the input from one or more Power Range Neutron Flux channels is inoperable with THERMAL POWER > 75% RTP. | |
| | Verify QPTR is within limit using core power distribution measurement information. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

3.3.1 Reactor Trip System (RTS) Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.1

The RTS instrumentation for each Function in Table 3.3.1-1 shall be

OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

According to Table 3.3.1-1.

ACTIONS

-NOTE-

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each Function.

| CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLE | TION TIME |
|---|-----------|---|-----------|-------------|
| A. One or more Functions with one or more required channels or trains inoperable. | A.1 | Enter the Condition referenced in Table 3.3.1-1 for the channel(s) or trains. | Immediate | ly |
| B. One Manual Reactor Trip channel inoperable. | B.1 | Restore channel to OPERABLE status. | 48 hours | |
| | <u>OR</u> | | | |
| | B.2 | Be in MODE 3. | 54 hours | |
| While this LCO is not met for function 19, 20 or 21, in MODE 5, making the Rod Control System capable of rod withdrawal is not permitted. | | | | |
| C. One channel or train inoperable. | C.1 | Restore channel or train to OPERABLE status. | 48 hours | |
| | <u>OR</u> | | | |
| | C.2.1 | Initiate action to fully insert all rods. | 48 hours | |
| • | | | | (continued) |

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|--|---|--|
| C. (continued) | AND C.2.2 Place the Rod Control System in a condition incapable of rod withdrawal. | 49 hours |
| D. One Power Range Neutr Flux-High channel inoperable. | The inoperable channel may be bypassed for up to 12 hours for surveillance testing and setpoint adjustment of other channels. D.1.1 ———NOTE———Only required when the Power Range Neutron Flux input to QPTR is inoperable. | 40 haves from |
| | Perform SR 3.2.4.2. | 12 hours from discovery of THERMAL POWER > 75% RTP AND Once per 12 hours thereafter |
| | AND | |
| | D.1.2 Place channel in trip OR | 72 hours |
| | D.2 Be in MODE 3. | 78 hours |

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|--|--|-----------------|
| E. | One channel inoperable. | inope additi surve chanr or bot additi surve up to and 3 chanr surve chanr inope additi surve chanr chanr chanr This r simul | unctions 6, 7, and 8.b, the rable channel and/or one onal channel may be illance tested with one nel in bypass and one nel in trip for up to 12 hours, the inoperable and the onal channel may be illance tested in bypass for 12 hours. For functions 2.b, only the inoperable nel may be bypassed for illance testing of other nels. For function 14.a, the rable channel and/or one onal channel may be illance tested with one nel in bypass and one nel in trip for up to 12 hours. Note is not intended to allow taneous testing of coincident nels on a routine basis | |
| | | E.1 <u>OR</u> | Place channel in trip. | 72 hours |
| | | E.2 | Be in MODE 3. | 78 hours |
| F. | One Intermediate Range Neutron Flux channel inoperable. | F.1 <u>OR</u> | Reduce THERMAL POWER to < P-6. | 24 hours |
| | | F.2 | Increase THERMAL POWER to > P-10. | 24 hours |

| <u>ACI</u> | 10NS (continued) | , | **** | |
|------------|--|-----|---|-----------------|
| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
| G. | Two Intermediate Range Neutron Flux channels inoperable. | G.1 | Limited boron concentration changes associated with RCS inventory control or limited plant temperature changes are allowed. | |
| | | AND | Suspend operations involving positive reactivity additions. | Immediately |
| | | G.2 | Reduce THERMAL POWER to < P-6. | 2 hours |
| Н. | Not used | | | |
| l. | One Source Range Neutron Flux channel inoperable. | 1.1 | Limited boron concentration changes associated with RCS inventory control or limited plant temperature changes are allowed. | |
| | | | Suspend operations involving positive reactivity additions. | Immediately |
| J. | Two Source Range Neutron Flux channels inoperable. | J.1 | Open reactor trip breakers (RTBs). | Immediately |
| | | | | |

| ACI | CTIONS (continued) | | | |
|-----|--|-----------|---|------------------------------|
| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
| K. | One Source Range Neutron Flux channel inoperable. | K.1 | Restore channel to OPERABLE status. | 48 hours |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | |
| | | K.2.1 | Initiate action to fully insert all rods. | 48 hours |
| | | | AND | |
| | | K.2.2 | Place the Control Rod System in a condition incapable of rod withdrawal. | 49 hours |
| L. | Required Source Range Neutron Flux channel inoperable. | L.1 | Plant temperature changes are allowed provided the temperature change is accounted for in the calculated SDM. | |
| | · | | Suspend operations involving positive reactivity additions. | Immediately |
| | | AND | | |
| | | L.2 | Perform SR 3.1.1.1. | 1 hour |
| | | | | AND |
| | | | | Once per 12 hours thereafter |

| CONDITION | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----------------------------|--|-------------------|
| M. One channel inoperable. | For function 8.a, the inoperable channel and/or one additional channel may be surveillance tested with one channel in bypass and one channel in trip for up to 12 hours, or both the inoperable and the additional channel may be surveillance tested in bypass for up to 12 hours. For functions 9 and 10, the inoperable channel and/or one additional channel may be surveillance tested with one channel in bypass and one channel in trip for up to 12 hours. For functions 12 and 13, only the inoperable channel may be bypassed for surveillance testing of other channels. This note is not intended to allow simultaneous testing of coincident channels on a routine basis. | |
| | M.1 Place channel in trip. OR M.2 Reduce THERMAL POWER to < P-7. | 72 hours 78 hours |
| N. One channel inoperable | N.1 Place channel in trip OR | 6 hours |
| | N.2 Reduce THERMAL POWER to < P-7 | 12 hours |

| | CONDITION | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|--|-----------------|
| O. | One Low Auto-Stop Oil Pressure Turbine Trip channel inoperable | An inoperable channel may be bypassed for up to 12 hours for surveillance testing of other channels. | - |
| | | O.1 Place channel in trip. , | ,72 hours |
| | | O.2 Reduce THERMAL POWER TO < P-9 | 76 hours |
| Р. | One or more Turbine Stop Valve Closure, Turbine Trip channel(s) inoperable. | P.1 Place channel(s) in trip. OR | 72 hours |
| | | P.2 Reduce THERMAL POWER to < P-9. | 76 hours |
| Q. | One train inoperable. | One train may be bypassed for up to 4 hours for surveillance testing provided the other train is OPERABLE. | - |
| | | Q.1 Restore train to OPERABLE status. OR | 24 hours |
| | | Q.2 Be in MODE 3. | 30 hours |
| R. | One RTB train inoperable. | One train may be bypassed for up to 4 hours for surveillance testing provided the other train is OPERABLE. | |
| | | R.1 Restore train to OPERABLE status. | 24 hours |
| | | R.2 Be in MODE 3. | 30 hours |

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|------------------|--|-----------------|
| S. | One or more channels or trains inoperable. | S.1 <u>OR</u> | Verify interlock is in required state for existing unit conditions. | 1 hour |
| | | S.2 | Be in MODE 3. | 7 hours |
| Т. | One or more channels or trains inoperable. | T.1 <u>OR</u> | Verify interlock is in required state for existing unit conditions. | 1 hour |
| | | T.2 | Be in MODE 2. | 7 hours |
| U. | One trip mechanism inoperable for one RTB. | U.1 OR | Restore inoperable trip mechanism to OPERABLE status. | 48 hours |
| | | U.2 | Be in MODE 3. | 54 hours |
| V. | Not used | | | |
| W. | One channel inoperable | bypas | noperable channel may be used for up to 72 hours for illance or maintenance. | |
| | | W.1 | Place channel in trip | 6 hours |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | |
| | | W.2 | Be in MODE 3 | 12 hours |

| | CONDITION | ł | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|--|--|-----------------|
| X. | One or more SG Water Level Low - Low Trip Time Delay channel(s) inoperable. | one a (proce tested gener chanr (proce affect chanr to 12 intend testing | nction 14.b, the inoperable channel (processor) and/or dditional TTD channel essor) may be surveillance with the affected steam rator low-low water level nels for one TTD channel essor) in bypass and the ed SG low-low water level nels for the other TTD nel (processor) in trip for up hours. This note is not led to allow simultaneous g of multiple TTD channels essors) on a routine basis. | • |
| | | X.1 <u>OR</u> | Set the Trip Time Delay to zero seconds. | 72 hours |
| | | X.2 | Place the affected SG Water Level Low - Low channel(s) in trip. | 72 hours |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | • |
| | | X.3 | Be in MODE 3. | 78 hours |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

Pofer to Toble 2.2.1.1 to determine which SDs apply for each DTS Euroties

Refer to Table 3.3.1-1 to determine which SRs apply for each RTS Function.

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---|--|
| SR 3.3.1.1 | Perform CHANNEL CHECK. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.3.1.2 | Not required to be performed until 24 hours after THERMAL POWER is ≥ 15% RTP, but prior to exceeding 30% RTP. | |
| | Compare results of calorimetric heat balance calculation to power range channel output. Adjust power range channel output if calorimetric heat balance calculation results exceed power range channel output by more than + 2% RTP. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.3.1.3 | Not required to be performed until 24 hours after THERMAL POWER is ≥ 50% RTP. | |
| | Compare results of incore power distribution measurements to Nuclear Instrumentation System (NIS) AFD. Adjust NIS channel if absolute difference is ≥ 3%. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.3.1.4 | This Surveillance must be performed on the reactor trip bypass breaker, for the local manual shunt trip only, prior to placing the bypass breaker in service. | |
| | Perform TADOT. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.3.1.5 | Perform ACTUATION LOGIC TEST. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|--|---|
| SR 3.3.1.6 | NOTENOTENOTE | |
| | Calibrate excore channels to agree with incore power distribution measurements. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.3.1.7 | 1. Not required to be performed for source range instrumentation prior to entering MODE 3 from MODE 2 until 4 hours after entry into MODE 3. | |
| | For source range instrumentation, this Surveillance shall include verification that interlocks P-6 and P-10 are in their required state for existing unit conditions | |
| | Perform COT. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|-------------|---|---|
| SR 3.3.1.8 | This Surveillance shall include verification that interlocks P-6 and P-10 are in their required state for existing unit conditions. | Only required when not performed within previous 184 days |
| | Perform COT. | Prior to reactor startup |
| | | AND |
| | | 12 hours after reducing power below P-10 for power and intermediate instrumentation |
| | | AND |
| | | Four hours after reducing power below P-6 for source range instrumentation |
| | | AND |
| | | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.3.1.9 | VOTEVOTEVerification of setpoint is not required. | |
| | Perform TADOT. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.3.1.10 | This Surveillance shall include verification that the time constants are adjusted to the prescribed values. | |
| | Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

| Neutron detectors are excluded from CHANNEL CALIBRATION. This Surveillance shall include verification that the | |
|--|--|
| | |
| time constants are adjusted to the prescribed values. | |
| Power and Intermediate Range detector plateau voltage verification is not required to be performed until 72 hours after achieving equilibrium Conditions with Thermal Power ≥ 95% RTP. | |
| Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| Perform COT. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| NOTE | |
| Verification of setpoint is not required. | |
| Perform TADOT. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| NOTE | Prior to exceeding |
| Verification of setpoint is not required. | the P-9 interlock whenever the unit has been in MODE 3, if not performed in the previous 31 days. |
| | voltage verification is not required to be performed until 72 hours after achieving equilibrium Conditions with Thermal Power ≥ 95% RTP. Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION. Perform COT. Perform COT. Perform TADOT. Perform TADOT. |

| _ | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|-------------|--|--|
| SR 3.3.1.16 | Neutron detectors are excluded from response time testing. Verify RTS RESPONSE TIMES are within limits. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

Table 3.3.1-1 (page 1 of 7)
Reactor Trip System Instrumentation

| | FUNCTION | MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS | REQUIRED CHANNELS | CONDITIONS | SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS | ALLOWABLE VALUE | NOMINAL ^(a) TRIP SETPOINT |
|----|--|--|----------------------|------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1. | Manual Reactor Trip | 1,2 | 2 | В | SR 3.3.1.14 | NA | NA |
| | | 3 ^(b) , 4 ^(b) , 5 ^(b) | 2 | С | SR 3.3.1.14 | NA | NA |
| 2. | Power Range Neutron Flux | | | | | | |
| | a. High | 1,2 | 4 | D | SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.2 SR 3.3.1.7 SR 3.3.1.11 SR 3.3.1.16 | ≤ 110.2% RTP | 109% RTP |
| | b. Low | 1 ^(c) ,2 | 4 | E | SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.8 SR 3.3.1.11 SR 3.3.1.16 | ≤ 26.2% RTP | 25% RTP |
| 3. | Power Range Neutron Flux Rate | | | | | | |
| | High Positive Rate | 1,2 | 4 | E | SR 3.3.1.7 SR 3.3.1.11 SR 3.3.1.16 | ≤ 5.6% RTP with time constant ≥ 2 sec | 5% RTP with time constant ≥ 2 sec |
| 4. | Intermediate Range Neutron Flux | 1 ^(c) , 2 ^(d) | 2 | F,G | SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.8 SR 3.3.1.11 | ≤ 30.6% RTP | 25% RTP |

⁽a) A channel is OPERABLE with an actual Trip Setpoint value outside its calibration tolerance band provided the Trip Setpoint value is conservative with respect to its associated Allowable Value and the channel is readjusted to within the established calibration tolerance band of the Nominal Trip Setpoint. A Trip Setpoint may be set more conservative than the Nominal Trip Setpoint as necessary in response to plant conditions.

⁽b) With Rod Control System capable of rod withdrawal or one or more rods not fully inserted.

⁽c) Below the P-10 (Power Range Neutron Flux) interlocks.

⁽d) Above the P-6 (Intermediate Range Neutron Flux) interlocks.

Table 3.3.1-1 (page 2 of 7)
Reactor Trip System Instrumentation

| F | UNCTION | MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS | REQUIRED CHANNELS | CONDITIONS | SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS | ALLOWABLE VALUE | NOMINAL ^(a) TRIP SETPOINT |
|----|------------------------------------|--|----------------------|--------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| 5. | | 2 ^(e) | . 2 | l,J | SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.8 SR 3.3.1.11 SR 3.3.1.16 | ≤ 1.4 E5 cps | 1.0 E5 cps |
| | | 3 ^(b) , 4 ^(b) , 5 ^(b) | 2 | J,K . | SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.7 SR 3.3.1.11 SR 3.3.1.16 | ≤ 1.4 E5 cps | 1.0 E5 cps |
| | | 3 ^m , 4 ^m , 5 ^m | 1 | L | SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.11 | N/A | N/A |
| 6. | Overtemperatu ΔT | re 1,2 | 4 | E | SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.3 SR 3.3.1.6 SR 3.3.1.7 SR 3.3.1.10 SR 3.3.1.16 | Refer to Note 1 (Page 3.3-17) | Refer to Note 1 (Page 3.3-17) |
| 7. | Overpower ΔT | 1,2 | 4 | E | SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.7 SR 3.3.1.10 SR 3.3.1.16 | Refer to Note 2 (Page 3.3-18) | Refer to Note 2 (Page 3.3-18) |
| 8. | Pressurizer Pressure | | | | | | |
| | a. Low | 1 ⁽⁰⁾ | 4 | М | SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.7 SR 3.3.1.10 SR 3.3.1.16 | ≥ 1947.5 psig | 1950 psig |
| | b. High | 1,2 | 4 | . Е | SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.7 SR 3.3.1.10 SR 3.3.1.16 | ≤ 2387.5 psig | 2385 psig |
| 9. | Pressurizer Water Level—High | 1 ⁽⁰⁾ | 3 | М | SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.7 SR 3.3.1.10 | ≤ 90.2% | 90% |

- (a) A channel is OPERABLE with an actual Trip Setpoint value outside its calibration tolerance band provided the Trip Setpoint value is conservative with respect to its associated Allowable Value and the channel is re-adjusted to within the established calibration tolerance band of the Nominal Trip Setpoint. A Trip Setpoint may be set more conservative than the Nominal Trip Setpoint as necessary in response to plant conditions.
- (b) With Rod Control System capable of rod withdrawal or one or more rods not fully inserted.
- (e) Below the P-6 (Intermediate Range Neutron Flux) interlocks.
- (f) With the RTBs open or all rods fully inserted and incapable of withdrawal. In this condition, source range Function does not provide reactor trip but does provide indication.
- (g) Above the P-7 (Low Power Reactor Trips Block) interlock.

Table 3.3.1-1 (page 3 of 7)
Reactor Trip System Instrumentation

| ant 1 ^(g) | 3 per loop | CONDITIONS M | REQUIREMENTS | VALUE | |
|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--|---|---|
| | | | SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.7 SR 3.3.1.10 SR 3.3.1.16 | ≥ 89.8% of measured loop flow | 90% of measured loop flow |
| nt 1 ^(g) on | 1 per RCP | N | SR 3.3.1.14 | NA · | NA |
| 1(5) | 2 per bus | М | SR 3.3.1.9 SR 3.3.1.10 SR 3.3.1.16 | ≥ 7877 V each bus | 8050 V each bus |
| cy 1 ^(g) | 3 per bus | М | SR 3.3.1.9 SR 3.3.1.10 SR 3.3.1.16 | ≥ 53.9 Hz each bus | 54.0 Hz each bus |
| 1,2 | 3 per SG | E | SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.7 SR 3.3.1.10 SR 3.3.1.16 | ≥ 14.8% | 15.0% |
| 1,2 me) | | X | SR 3.3.1.7 SR 3.3.1.10 | TTD ≤ 1.01 TD (Note 3) for RCS loop ΔT variable input ≤ 50.7% RTP and TTD=0 for RCS loop ΔT variable | TTD ≤ TD (Note 3) for RCS loop ΔT variable input 50% RTP TTD=0 for RCS loop ΔT variable input 50% |
| . , | 1,2 1,2 ne | 1,2 3 per SG 1,2 4 | 1,2 3 per SG E 1,2 4 X | SR 3.3.1.10 SR 3.3.1.16 1,2 3 per SG E SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.7 SR 3.3.1.10 SR 3.3.1.16 1,2 4 X SR 3.3.1.7 SR 3.3.1.7 | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ |

(continued)

(g) Above the P-7 (Low Power Reactor Trips Block) interlock.

⁽a) A channel is OPERABLE with an actual Trip Setpoint value outside its calibration tolerance band provided the Trip Setpoint value is conservative with respect to its associated Allowable Value and the channel is readjusted to within the established calibration tolerance band of the Nominal Trip Setpoint. A Trip Setpoint may be set more conservative than the Nominal Trip Setpoint as necessary in response to plant conditions.

Table 3.3.1-1 (page 4 of 7)
Reactor Trip System Instrumentation

| <u> </u> | | | | | | |
|---|--|----------------------|------------|------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| FUNCTION | APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS | REQUIRED CHANNELS | CONDITIONS | SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS | ALLOWABLE VALUE | NOMINAL ^(a) TRIP SETPOINT |
| 16. Turbine Trip | | ·· | | | | SETFORM |
| a. Low Auto-Stop Oil Pressure | 1 [©] | 3 | 0 | SR 3.3.1.10 SR 3.3.1.15 | ≥ 46.5 psig | 50 psig |
| b. Turbine Stop Valve Closui | | 4 | Р | SR 3.3.1.15 | ≥ 1% open | 2% open |
| 17. Safety Injection (SI) Input from Engineered Safety Feature Actuation System (ESFAS) | 1,2 | 2 trains | Q | SR 3.3.1.14 | NA · | NA |
| 18. Reactor Trip System Interlocks | | | | | | |
| a. Intermediate Range Neutron Flux P-6 | | 2 | S | SR 3.3.1.11 SR 3.3.1.13 | ≥ 8E-11 amp | 1E-10 amp |
| b Low Power Reactor Trips Block, P-7 | 1 | 1 per train | т | SR 3.3.1.5 | ['] NA | NA |
| c. Power Range Neutron Flux, P-8 | 1 | 4 | Т | SR 3.3.1.11 SR 3.3.1.13 | ≤ 36.2% RTP | 35% RTP |

(continued)

(e) Below the P-6 (Intermediate Range Neutron Flux) interlocks.

⁽a) A channel is OPERABLE with an actual Trip Setpoint value outside its calibration tolerance band provided the Trip Setpoint value is conservative with respect to its associated Allowable Value and the channel is readjusted to within the established calibration tolerance band of the Nominal Trip Setpoint. A Trip Setpoint may be set more conservative than the Nominal Trip Setpoint as necessary in response to plant conditions.

⁽i) Above the P-9 (Power Range Neutron Flux) interlock.

Table 3.3.1-1 (page 5 of 7)
Reactor Trip System Instrumentation

| FUNCTION | APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS | REQUIRED CHANNELS | CONDITIONS | SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS | ALLOWABLE VALUE | NOMINAL ^(a) TRIP SETPOINT |
|---|--|---|------------|--|----------------------------------|--|
| 18. Reactor Trip System Interlocks (cont | :) | | | | | |
| d. Power Rang Neutron Flux, P-9 | e 1 | 4 | Т | SR 3.3.1.11 SR 3.3.1.13 | ≤ 51.2% RTP | 50% RTP |
| e. Power Rang Neutron Flux, P-10 | e 1,2 | 4 | S | SR 3.3.1.11 SR 3.3.1.13 | ≥ 8.8% RTP and ≤ 11.2% RTP | 10% RTP |
| f. Turbine Impulse Chamber Pressure, P-13 | 1 | 2 | τ | SR 3.3.1.10 SR 3.3.1.13 | ≤ 10.2% turbine power | 10% turbine power |
| 19. Reactor Trip Breakers ^(k) (RTBs) | 1,2 | 2 trains | R | SR 3.3.1.4 | NA | NA |
| | 3 ^(b) , 4 ^(b) , 5 ^(b) | 2 trains | С | SR 3.3.1.4 | NA | NA |
| 20. Reactor Trip Breaker | 1,2 | 1 each per RTB | υ | SR 3.3.1.4 | NA | NA |
| Undervoltage and Shunt Trip Mechanisms ^(k) | 3 ^(b) , 4 ^(b) , 5 ^(b) | 1 each per RTB | С | SR 3.3.1.4 | NA | NA |
| 21. Automatic Trip Logic | 1,2 | 2 trains | Q | SR 3.3.1.5 | NA | NA |
| The Logic | 3 ^(b) , 4 ^(b) , 5 ^(b) | 2 trains | С | SR 3.3.1.5 | NA | NA |
| 22. Seismic Trip | 1,2 | 3 directions (x,y,z) in 3 locations | W | SR 3.3.1.5 SR 3.3.1.12 SR 3.3.1.14 | ≤ 0.43g | 0.35g |

⁽a) A channel is OPERABLE with an actual Trip Setpoint value outside its calibration tolerance band provided the Trip Setpoint value is conservative with respect to its associated Allowable Value and the channel is readjusted to within the established calibration tolerance band of the Nominal Trip Setpoint. A Trip Setpoint may be set more conservative than the Nominal Trip Setpoint as necessary in response to plant conditions.

⁽b) With Rod Control System capable of rod withdrawal or one or more rods not fully inserted.

⁽k) Including any reactor trip bypass breakers that are racked in and closed for bypassing an RTB.

Note 1: Overtemperature ΔT

The Overtemperature ΔT Function Allowable Value shall not exceed the following Trip Setpoint by more than 0.46% of ΔT span for hot leg or cold leg temperature inputs, 0.14% ΔT span for pressurizer pressure input, 0.19% ΔT span for ΔI inputs.

$$\Delta \mathsf{T} \frac{(1+\tau_4 \mathsf{s})}{(1+\tau_5 \mathsf{s})} \leq \Delta \mathsf{To} \left\{ \mathsf{K}_1 - \mathsf{K}_2 \frac{(1+\tau_1 \mathsf{s})}{(1+\tau_2 \mathsf{s})} \left[T - T' \right] + \; \mathsf{K}_3 (\mathsf{P} - \mathsf{P}') - f_1(\Delta I) \right\}$$

Where: ΔT is measured RCS ΔT , °F.

 ΔT_0 is the loop specific indicated ΔT at RTP, °F.

s is the Laplace transform operator, sec⁻¹.

T is the measured RCS average temperature, °F.

T' is the nominal loop specific indicated T_{avg} at RTP, \leq 577.3 (Unit 1) & 577.6 (Unit 2)°F.

P is the measured pressurizer pressure, psig

P' is the nominal RCS operating pressure, = 2235 psig

 $K_1 = 1.20$

 $K_2 = 0.0182/^{\circ}F$

 $K_3 = 0.000831/psig$

 $\tau_1 = 30 \text{ sec}$

 $\tau_2 = 4 \text{ sec}$

 $\tau_{4} = 0 \text{ sec}$

 $\tau_5 = 0 \text{ sec}$

 $f_1(\Delta l) =$

 $-0.0275\{19+(q_t-q_b)\}$

when $q_t - q_b \le -19\%$ RTP

0% of RTP

when -19% RTP < q_t - $q_b \le 7\%$ RTP

 $0.0238\{(q_t - q_b) - 7\}$

when $q_1 - q_5 > 7\%$ RTP

Where q_t and q_b are percent RTP in the upper and lower halves of the core, respectively, and $q_t + q_b$ is the total THERMAL POWER in percent RTP.

Table 3.3.1-1 (page 7 of 7)

Reactor Trip System Instrumentation

Note 2: Overpower ΔT

The Overpower ΔT Function Allowable Value shall not exceed the following Trip Setpoint by more than 0.46% of ΔT span for hot leg or cold leg temperature inputs.

$$\Delta \mathsf{T} \frac{(1+\tau_4 \mathsf{s})}{(1+\tau_5 \mathsf{s})} \leq \Delta \mathsf{T}^0 \left\{ \mathsf{K}_4 - \mathsf{K}_5 \frac{\tau_3 \mathsf{s}}{1+\tau_3 \mathsf{s}} \ T - \mathsf{K}_6 \left[\ T - T \right] - f_2(\Delta I) \right\}$$

Where: ΔT is measured RCS ΔT , °F.

 ΔT_0 is the loop specific indicated ΔT at RTP, °F.

s is the Laplace transform operator, sec-1.

T is the measured RCS average temperature, °F.

T" is the nominal loop specific indicated T_{avg} at RTP, \leq 577.3 (Unit 1) & 577.6 (Unit 2)°F.

$$\tau_3$$
 = 10 sec τ_4 = 0 sec τ_5 = 0 sec

 $f_2(\Delta I) = 0\%$ RTP for all ΔI .

Note 3: Steam Generator Water-Level Low Low Time Delay

The Steam Generator Water Level-Low Low time delay function power allowable value shall not exceed the following trip setpoint power by more than 0.7% RTP.

$$TD = B1(P)^3 + B2(P)^2 + B3(P) + B4$$

B1 =
$$-0.007128 \text{ sec/(RTP)}^3$$

$$B2 = +0.8099 \text{ sec}/(RTP)^2$$

$$B3 = -31.40 \sec/(RTP)$$

$$B4 = +464.1 \sec$$

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

3.3.2 Engineered Safety Feature Actuation System (ESFAS) Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.2 The ESFAS instrumentation for each Function in Table 3.3.2-1 shall be

OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: According to Table 3.3.2-1.

| ACTIONS |
|--|
| NOTE |
| Separate Condition entry is allowed for each Function. |

| | CONDITION | R | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|-----------|---|-----------------|
| Α. | One or more Functions with one or more required channels or trains inoperable. | A.1 | Enter the Condition referenced in Table 3.3.2-1 for the channel(s) or train(s). | Immediately |
| В. | One channel or train inoperable. | B.1 OR | Restore channel or train to OPERABLE status. | 48 hours |
| | | B.2.1 | Be in MODE 3. | 54 hours |
| | | B.2.2 | NOTE | |
| | | | LCO 3.0.4.a is not applicable when entering MODE 4. | |
| | | | Be in MODE 4. | 60 hours |

| CONDITION | R | EQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|---|-----------------|
| C. One train inoperable. | C. One train inoperable. | | |
| | up to 4 I | in may be bypassed for hours for surveillance provided the other train is BLE. | |
| | C.1 OR | Restore train to OPERABLE status. | 24 hours |
| | C.2.1 | Be in MODE 3. AND | 30 hours |
| | C.2.2 | NOTE | |
| | | LCO 3.0.4.a is not applicable when entering MODE 4. | |
| | | Be in MODE 4. | 36 hours |

| CONDITION | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----------------------------|---|-----------------|
| D. One channel inoperable. | For function 1.d, the inoperable channel and/or one additional channel may be surveillance tested with one channel in bypass and one channel in trip for up to 12 hours, or both the inoperable and the additional channel may be surveillance tested in bypass for up to 12 hours. For functions 1.e(1), 4.d(1), 4.d(2), and 6.d(1), the inoperable channel and/or one additional channel may be surveillance tested with one channel in bypass and one channel in trip for up to 12 hours. This note is not intended to allow simultaneous testing of coincident channels on a routine basis. | |
| | D.1 Place channel in trip. OR | 72 hours |
| | D.2.1 Be in MODE 3. AND | 78 hours |
| | D.2.2 Be in MODE 4. | 84 hours |

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|--------------------|---|-----------------|
| E. | channel inoperable. T a si u fi w tr a | | noperable channel and one conal channel may be llance tested in bypass for 12 hours only if any on 1.c channel associated ne inoperable channel is in this note is not intended to simultaneous testing of dent channels on a routine | , |
| | | E.1 OR E.2.1 | Place channel in bypass. Be in MODE 3. | 72 hours |
| | | | AND Be in MODE 4. | 84 hours |

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|----------------------------------|--|--|-----------------|
| F. | One channel or train inoperable. | F.1 Restore channel or train to OPERABLE status. | | 48 hours |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | 1 |
| | | F.2.1 | Be in MODE 3. | 54 hours |
| | | | AND | |
| | | F.2.2 | Be in MODE 4. | 60 hours |
| G. | One train inoperable. | up to 4 | NOTE | |
| | | G.1 <u>OR</u> | Restore train to OPERABLE status. | 24 hours |
| | | G.2.1 | Be in MODE 3. AND | 30 hours |
| | | G.2.2 | Be in MODE 4. | 36 hours |
| Н. | One train inoperable. | up to 4 | rain may be bypassed for 4 hours for surveillance g provided the other train is ABLE. | |
| | | H.1 <u>OR</u> | Restore train to OPERABLE status. | 24 hours |
| | | H.2 | Be in MODE 3. | 30 hours |

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|---|--|-----------------|
| I. | The inoperable chan bypassed for up to 1 | | noperable channel may be sed for up to 12 hours for llance testing of other els. | |
| | | l.1 <u>OR</u> | Place channel in trip. | 72 hours |
| | | 1.2. | Be in MODE 2. | 78 hours |
| J. | One channel inoperable | The inoperable channel and/or one additional channel may be surveillance tested with one channel in bypass and one channel in trip for up to 12 hours. This note is not intended to allow simultaneous testing of coincident channels on a routine basis. | | |
| | | J.1 <u>OR</u> | Place channel in trip. | 72 hours |
| | | J.2. | Be in MODE 3. | 78 hours |
| K. | One channel inoperable | K.1.1 | Place the channel in cut- out. | 6 hours |
| | | K.1.2 | AND Return the inoperable channel to an OPERABLE status | 48 hours |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | |
| | | K.2.1 | Be in MODE 3. | 54 hours |
| | | | AND | |
| | _ | K.2.2 | Be in MODE 5 | 84 hours |

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|--|---|-----------------|
| L. | One or more channels or trains inoperable. | L.1 | Verify interlock is in required state for existing unit condition. | 1 hour |
| | | L.2.1 | Be in MODE 3. AND | 7 hours |
| | | L.2.2 | | 13 hours |
| M. | One or more SG Water Level - Low Low Trip Time Delay channel(s) inoperable. | (proce TTD c survei affecte water chann and th water TTD c for up not int simulta | operable TTD channel essor) and/or one additional hannel (processor) may be lance tested with the ed steam generator low-low level channels for one TTD el (processor) in bypass e affected SG low-low level channels for the other hannel (processor) in trip to 12 hours. This note is ended to allow aneous testing of multiple hannels (processors) on a e basis. | |
| | | M.1 | Set the Trip Time Delay to zero seconds. | 72 hours |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | |
| | | M.2 | Place the affected SG Water Level - Low Low channel(s) in trip. | 72 hours |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | |
| | | M.3.1 | Be in MODE 3. | 78 hours |
| | | | AND | |
| | | M.3.2 | Be in MODE 4. | 84 hours |

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|-------------------------|--|---|-----------------|
| N. | One channel inoperable. | N.1 | Restore channel to OPERABLE status. | 48 hours |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | |
| | | N.2 | Declare the associated AFW pump or MSIV inoperable. | Immediately |
| 0. | One channel inoperable | survei up to inoper addition survei up to intendi testing | noperable channel may be illance tested in bypass for 12 hours, or with the rable channel in trip, one onal channel may be illance tested in bypass for 12 hours. This note is not led to allow simultaneous g of coincident channels on ine basis. | |
| | | 0.1 <u>OR</u> | Place channel in trip. | 72 hours |
| | | 0.2.1 | Be in MODE 3 | 78 hours |
| | | | AND | |
| | | 0.2.2 | Be in MODE 5. | 108 hours |

| CONE | NOITION | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|---------------|--|---|-----------------|
| P. One channe | The add survey of the survey o | inoperable channel and one tional channel may be reillance tested in bypass for 2 12 hours only if any function channel associated with the erable channel is in trip. This is not intended to allow altaneous testing of cident channels on a routine s. | · |
| | P.1 <u>OR</u> | Place channel in bypass. | 72 hours |
| | P.2. | 1 Be in MODE 3 | 78 hours |
| | | AND | |
| | P.2. | 2 Be in MODE 5. | 108 hours |

3.3-24a

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

Refer to Table 3.3.2-1 to determine which SRs apply for each ESFAS Function.

SURVEILLANCE FREQUENCY SR 3,3,2,1 Perform CHANNEL CHECK. In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program SR 3.3.2.2 Perform ACTUATION LOGIC TEST. In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program SR 3.3.2.3 Not used. SR 3.3.2.4 Perform MASTER RELAY TEST. In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program SR 3.3.2.5 Perform COT. In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program SR 3.3.2.6 Perform SLAVE RELAY TEST. In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program SR 3.3.2.7 Not used. SR 3.3.2.8 -----NOTE-----Verification of setpoint not required for manual initiation functions. Perform TADOT. In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|-------------|--|--|
| SR 3.3.2.9 | This Surveillance shall include verification that the time constants are adjusted to the prescribed values. | |
| | Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.3.2.10 | Not required to be performed for the turbine driven AFW pump until 24 hours after SG pressure is ≥ 650 psig. | |
| | Verify ESF RESPONSE TIMES are within limits. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|-------------|--|--|
| SR 3.3.2.11 | Verification of setpoint not required. | |
| | Perform TADOT. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.3.2.12 | Perform ACTUATION LOGIC TEST | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.3.2.13 | VOTEVOTE | |
| | Perform TADOT | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

Table 3.3.2-1 (page 1 of 7)
Engineered Safety feature Actuation System Instrumentation

| | | | <u> </u> | | | | |
|----|---|--|----------------------|------------|---|-----------------------------|---|
| | FUNCTION | APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS | REQUIRED CHANNELS | CONDITIONS | SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS | ALLOWABLE VALUE | NOMINAL ^(a*) TRIP SETPOINT |
| 1. | Safety Injection | | | | | | |
| | a. Manual Initiation | 1,2,3,4 | 2 | B . | SR 3.3.2.8 | NA | NA |
| | b. Automatic Actuation Logic and Actuation Relays | 1,2,3,4 | 2 trains | С | SR 3.3.2.2 SR 3.3.2.4 SR 3.3.2.6 | NA | NA |
| | c. Containment Pressure-Hig | 1,2,3,4 h | 3 | 0 | SR 3.3.2.1 SR 3.3.2.5 SR 3.3.2.9 SR 3.3.2.10 | ≤ 3.12 psig | 3.0 psig |
| | d. Pressurizer Pressure-Low | 1,2,3 ^(b) | 4 | D | SR 3.3.2.1 SR 3.3.2.5 SR 3.3.2.9 SR 3.3.2.10 | ≥ 1847.5 psig | 1850 psig |
| | e. Steam Line Pressure | | | | | | |
| | (1) Low (2) Not used | 1,2,3 ^{©)} | 3 per steam line | D | SR 3.3.2.1 SR 3.3.2.5 SR 3.3.2.9 SR 3.3.2.10 | ≥ 597.6 ^(c) psig | 600 ^(c) psig |
| | f. Not used | | | | | | |
| | g. Not used | | 1000000 | | | | |
| - | | | | | | | |

⁽a) A channel is OPERABLE with an actual Trip Setpoint value outside its calibration tolerance band provided the Trip Setpoint value is conservative with respect to its associated Allowable Value and the channel is readjusted to within the established calibration tolerance band of the Nominal Trip Setpoint. A Trip Setpoint may be set more conservative than the Nominal Trip Setpoint as necessary in response to plant conditions.

⁽b) Above the P-11 (Pressurizer Pressure) interlock and below the P-11 interlock unless the Function is blocked.

⁽c) Time constants used in the lead/lag compensator are $t_1 = 50$ seconds and $t_2 = 5$ seconds.

Table 3.3.2-1 (page 2 of 7)
Engineered Safety feature Actuation System Instrumentation

| | | _ | - | - | | | |
|----|--|--|----------------------|-----------------------|---|--------------------|--|
| | FUNCTION | APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS | REQUIRED CHANNELS | CONDITIONS | SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS | ALLOWABLE VALUE | NOMINAL ^(a) TRIP SETPOINT |
| 2. | Containment Spray | | | | | | |
| | a. Manual Initiation | 1,2,3,4 | 2 per train | В | SR 3.3.2.8 | NA | NA |
| | b. Automatic Actuation Logic and Actuation Relays | 1,2,3,4 | 2 trains | C | SR 3.3.2.2 SR 3.3.2.4 SR 3.3.2.6 | NA | NA |
| | c. Containment Pressure | | | | | | |
| | (1) High- High | 1,2,3,4 | 4 | Р | SR 3.3.2.1 SR 3.3.2.5 SR 3.3.2.9 SR 3.3.2.10 | ≤ 22.12 psig | 22 psig |
| | (2) Not used | | | | | | |
| 3. | Containment Isolation | | | | | | |
| | a. Phase A Isolation | | | | | | |
| | (1) Manual Initiation | 1,2,3,4 | 2 | В | SR 3.3.2.8 | NA | NA |
| | (2) Automatic Actuation Logic and Actuation Relays | | 2 trains | С | SR 3.3.2.2 SR 3.3.2.4 SR 3.3.2.6 | NA | NA |
| | (3) Safety Injection | Refer to Fund | tion 1 (Safety II | njection) for all ini | tiation functions and | requirements. | |
| | | | | | | | (continued) |

⁽a) A channel is OPERABLE with an actual Trip Setpoint value outside its calibration tolerance band provided the Trip Setpoint value is conservative with respect to its associated Allowable Value and the channel is readjusted to within the established calibration tolerance band of the Nominal Trip Setpoint. A Trip Setpoint may be set more conservative than the Nominal Trip Setpoint as necessary in response to plant conditions.

Table 3.3.2-1 (page 3 of 7)
Engineered Safety feature Actuation System Instrumentation

| | FUNCTION | APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS | REQUIRED CHANNELS | CONDITIONS | SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS | ALLOWABLE VALUE | NOMINAL ^(a) TRIP SETPOINT |
|----|---|--|----------------------|------------|---|--------------------|--|
| | Containment Isolation (continued) | | | | | | |
| | b. Phase B Isolation | | | | | | |
| | (1) Manual Initiation | | 2 per train | В | SR 3.3.2.8 | NA | NA |
| | (2) Automat Actuatio Logic ar Actuatio Relays | n nd | 2 trains | С | SR 3.3.2.2 SR 3.3.2.4 SR 3.3.2.6 | NA | NA |
| | (3) Contain- ment Pressure High-Hig | | 4 | Р | SR 3.3.2.1 SR 3.3.2.5 SR 3.3.2.9 | ≤ 22.12 psig | 22 psig |
| 4. | Steam Line Isolation | | | | | | |
| | a. Manual Initiation | 1,2 [©] ,3 [©] | 1/valve | N | SR 3.3.2.8 | NA | NA . |
| | b. Automatic Actuation Logic and Actuation Relays | 1,2 ⁰ ,3 ⁰ | 2 trains | G | SR 3.3.2.2 SR 3.3.2.4 SR 3.3.2.6 | NA | NA |
| | c. Containmer Pressure- High -High | nt 1,2 ⁰ ,3 ⁰ | 4 | E | SR 3.3.2.1 SR 3.3.2.5 SR 3.3.2.9 SR 3.3.2.10 | ≤ 22.12 psig | 22.0 psig |
| _ | | | | | | | (continued) |

⁽a) A channel is OPERABLE with an actual Trip Setpoint value outside its calibration tolerance band provided the Trip Setpoint value is conservative with respect to its associated Allowable Value and the channel is readjusted to within the established calibration tolerance band of the Nominal Trip Setpoint. A Trip Setpoint may be set more conservative than the Nominal Trip Setpoint as necessary in response to plant conditions.

⁽i) Except when all MSIVs are closed and de-activated.

Table 3.3.2-1 (page 4 of 7)
Engineered Safety feature Actuation System Instrumentation

| | FUNCTION | APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS | REQUIRED CHANNELS | CONDITIONS | SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS | ALLOWABLE VALUE | NOMINAL ^(a) TRIP SETPOINT |
|----|---|--|----------------------|------------|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 4. | Steam Line Isolation (continued) | | | | | | |
| | d. Steam Line Pressure | | | | | | |
| | (1) Low | 1,2 ⁽¹⁾ , 3 ^{(b)(1)} | 3 per steam line | D | SR 3.3.2.1 SR 3.3.2.5 SR 3.3.2.9 SR 3.3.2.10 | ≥ 597.6 ^(c) psig | 600 ^(c) psig |
| | (2) Negative Rate-High | 3(a)(i) | 3 per steam line | D | SR 3.3.2.1 SR 3.3.2.5 SR 3.3.2.9 SR 3.3.2.10 | ≤ 102.4 ^(h) psi/sec | 100 ^(h) psi/sec |
| | e. Not used. | | | | | | |
| | f. Not used | | | | | | |
| | g. Not used | | | | | | |
| | h. Not used | | | | | | |
| 5. | Feedwater Isolation | | | | | | 1 |
| | Automatic Actuation Logic and Actuation | 1,2 ⁰ | 2 trains | н | SR 3.3.2.2 SR 3.3.2.4 SR 3.3.2.6 | NA | NA |
| | Relays | | | | | | (continued) |

- (a) A channel is OPERABLE with an actual Trip Setpoint value outside its calibration tolerance band provided the Trip Setpoint value is conservative with respect to its associated Allowable Value and the channel is readjusted to within the established calibration tolerance band of the Nominal Trip Setpoint. A Trip Setpoint may be set more conservative than the Nominal Trip Setpoint as necessary in response to plant conditions.
- (b) Above the P-11 (Pressurizer Pressure) Interlock and below the P-11 interlock unless the Function is blocked.
- (c) Time constants used in the lead/lag compensator are t₁ = 50 seconds and t₂ =5 seconds
- (g) Below the P-11 (Pressurizer Pressure). However, may be blocked below P-11 when Safety Injection on Steam Line Pressure-Low is not blocked.
- (h) Time constant utilized in the rate/lag compensator are $t_3 = 50$ sec and $t_4 = 50$ sec.
- (i) Except when all MSIVs are closed and de-activated.
- (j) Except when all MFIVs, MFRVs, and associated bypass valves are closed and de-activated or isolated by a closed manual valve.

Table 3.3.2-1 (page 5 of 7)
Engineered Safety feature Actuation System Instrumentation

| | | | · | | | | |
|----|---|--|----------------------|-----------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS | REQUIRED CHANNELS | CONDITIONS | SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS | ALLOWABLE VALUE | NOMINAL ^(a) TRIP SETPOINT |
| 5. | Feedwater Isolation (continued) | | | | | | |
| | b. SG Water Level-High Hlgh (P-14) | 1,2 ^(j) | 3 per SG | · J | SR 3.3.2.1 SR 3.3.2.5 ^{(d)(e)} SR 3.3.2.9 ^{(d)(e)} SR 3.3.2.10 | ≤ 90 ,2% | 90.0% |
| | c, Safety Injection | Refer to Funct | ilon 1 (Safety Inj | ection) for all initi | ation functions and re | quirements. | |
| 6. | Auxillary Feedwater | | • | | | | , |
| | a. Manuai | 1,2,3 | 1 sw/pp | N . | SR 3.3.2.13 | NA | NA |
| | b. Automatic Actuation Logic and Actuation Relays (Solid State Protection System) | 1,2,3 | 2 trains | G | SR 3.3.2.2 SR 3.3.2.4 SR 3.3.2.6 | NA | NA |
| .* | c. Not used | | | | | | |
| | d.1SG Water Level-Low Lo | 1,2,3 w | 3 per SG | D . | SR 3.3.2.1 SR 3.3.2.5 SR 3.3.2.9 SR 3.3.2.10 | ≥ 14.8% | 15.0% (continued) |

(a) A channel is OPERABLE with an actual Trip Setpoint value outside its calibration tolerance band provided the Trip Setpoint value is conservative with respect to its associated Allowable Value and the channel is readjusted to within the established calibration tolerance band of the Nominal Trip Setpoint. A Trip Setpoint may be set more conservative than the Nominal Trip Setpoint as necessary in response to plant conditions.

(j) Except when all MFIVs, MFRVs, and associated bypass valves are closed and de-activated or isolated by a closed manual valve.

(d) If the as-found channel setpoint is outside its predefined as-found tolerance, then the channel shall be evaluated to verify that it is functioning as required before returning the channel to service. Footnote (a) does not apply to this function.

(e) The instrument channel setpoint shall be reset to a value that is within the as-left tolerance around the Nominal Trip Setpoint (NTSP) at the completion of the surveillance; otherwise, the channel shall be declared inoperable. Setpoints more conservative than the NTSP are acceptable provided that the asfound and as-left tolerances apply to the actual setpoint implemented in the Surveillance procedures to confirm channel performance. The methodologies used to determine the as-found and the as-left tolerances are specified in the Equipment Control Guidelines. Footnote (a) does not apply to this function.

Table 3.3.2-1 (page 6 of 7) Engineered Safety feature Actuation System Instrumentation

| | FUNCTION | APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS | REQUIRED CHANNELS | CONDITIONS | SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS | ALLOWABLE VALUE | NOMINAL ^(a) TRIP SETPOINT |
|----|---|--|----------------------|---------------------------|---|--|---|
| 6. | Auxiliary Feedwater (continued) | • | | : | | | |
| | d.2) SG Water Level - Low Low Trip Tir Delay (TTD) | ne | 4 | M | SR 3.3.2.5 SR 3.3.2.9 | TTD ≤ 1.01 TD ^(f,k) for RCS Loop ΔT variable input ≤ 50.7% RTP and TTD=0 for RCS Loop ΔT variable input > 50.7% RTP | TTD ≤ TD ^(t,k) for RCS Loop ΔT variable input 50% RTP and TTD=0 for RCS Loop ΔT variable input 50% RTP |
| | e. Safety Injection | Refer to Function | n 1 (Safety Injed | ction) for all initiation | on functions and req | uirements. | |
| | f. Not used | | - | | | | |
| | g. Under- voltage Reactor Coolant | 1 | 2 per bus | I | SR 3.3.2.8 SR 3.3.2.9 SR 3.3.2.10 | ≥ 7877 volts | 8050 volts |
| | Pump | | | | | | (continued) |

- (a) A channel is OPERABLE with an actual Trip Setpoint value outside its calibration tolerance band provided the Trip Setpoint value is conservative with respect to its associated Allowable Value and the channel is readjusted to within the established calibration tolerance band of the Nominal Trip Setpoint. A Trip Setpoint may be set more conservative than the Nominal Trip Setpoint as necessary in response to plant conditions.
- (k) For Mode 3, the Trip Time Delay associated with the Steam Generator Water Level-Low-Low channel must be less than or equal to 464.1 seconds.
- (I) Steam Generator Water Level-Low Low Time Delay The Steam Generator Water Level-Low Low time delay function power allowable value shall not exceed the following trip setpoint power by more than 0.7% RTP.

 $TD = B1(P)^3 + B2(P)^2 + B3(P) + B4.$

Where: P = RCS Loop ∆T Equivalent to Power (%RTP), P ≤ 50% RTP

TD = Time delay for Steam Generator Water Level Low-Low (in seconds)

 $B1 = -0.007128 \sec/(RTP)^3$

 $B2 = +0.8099 \sec/(RTP)^2$

 $B3 = -31.40 \sec/(RTP)$

B4 = +464.1 sec

Table 3.3.2-1 (page 7 of 7)
Engineered Safety feature Actuation System Instrumentation

| | | | | | | • | |
|----|--|--|-----------------------|------------|---|----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | FUNCTION | APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS | REQUIRED CHANNELS | CONDITIONS | SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS | ALLOWABLE VALUE | NOMINAL ⁽²⁾ TRIP SETPOINT |
| 6. | Auxiliary Feedwater (continued) h. Not used i. Not used | | , . | | | | |
| 7. | Residual Heat Removal Pump Trip on Refueling Water Storage Tank Level-low | 1,2,3,4 | 3 | К | SR 3.3.2.1 SR 3.3.2.5 SR 3.3.2.9 SR 3.3.2.12 | ≤ 33.68% ≥ 31.44% | 32.56% |
| 8. | ESFAS Interlock | ks | | | | | |
| | a. Reactor Trip, P-4 | 1,2,3 | 1 per train, 2 trains | F | SR 3.3.2.11 | NA | NA |
| | b. Pressurizer Pressure, P-11 | 1,2,3 | 3 | · L | SR 3.3.2.5 SR 3.3.2.9 | ≤ 1917.5 psig | 1915 psig |
| | c. Not used | | | | | | |

⁽a) A channel is OPERABLE with an actual Trip Setpoint value outside its calibration tolerance band provided the Trip Setpoint value is conservative with respect to its associated Allowable Value and the channel is readjusted to within the established calibration tolerance band of the Nominal Trip Setpoint. A Trip Setpoint may be set more conservative than the Nominal Trip Setpoint as necessary in response to plant conditions.

3.3.3 Post Accident Monitoring (PAM) Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.3 The PAM instrumentation for each Function in Table 3.3.3-1 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2 and 3.

ACTIONS

---NOTE----

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each Function.

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|-----|---|-----------------|
| A. | One or more Functions with one required channel inoperable. | A.1 | Restore required channel to OPERABLE status. | 30 days |
| В. | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met. | B.1 | Initiate action in accordance with Specification 5.6.8. | Immediately |
| C. | Not applicable to hydrogen monitor channels. One or more Functions with two or more required | C.1 | Restore all but one channel to OPERABLE status. | 7 days |
| D. | channels inoperable. | D.1 | Restore one hydrogen monitor channel to | 72 hours |
| | | | OPERABLE status. | (|

| | 7.0710110 \00111111007 | | | | |
|-----------|--|--------------------------|--|------------------|--|
| CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME | |
| D. | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition C not met. | D.1 | Enter the Condition referenced in Table 3.3.3-1 for the channel. | Immediately | |
| E. | As required by Required Action D.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.3-1. | E.1 <u>AND</u> E.2 | Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 4. | 6 hours 12 hours | |
| F. | As required by Required Action D.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.3-1. | F.1 | Initiate action in accordance with Specification 5.6.8. | Immediately | |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

-----NOTE-----NOTE-----

SR 3.3.3.1 and SR 3.3.3.2 apply to each PAM instrumentation Function in Table 3.3.3-1.

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---|--|
| SR 3.3.3.1 | Perform CHANNEL CHECK for each required instrumentation channel that is normally energized. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.3.3.2 | NOTENOTE Neutron detectors are excluded from CHANNEL CALIBRATION. | |
| | Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

Table 3.3.3-1 (page 1 of 1) Post Accident Monitoring Instrumentation

| FUNCTION | REQUIRED CHANNELS | CONDITION REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION D.1 |
|---|---|---|
| | | |
| Neutron Flux (Wide Range NIS) | 2 | E |
| 2. Steam Line Pressure | 2 per steam generator | E |
| Reactor Coolant System (RCS) Hot Leg Temperature - T_{hot} (Wide Range) | 2 | E |
| RCS Cold Leg Temperature -T_{∞ld} (Wide Range) | 2 | E |
| 5. RCS Pressure (Wide Range) | 2 | Ε |
| 6. Reactor Vessel Water Level Indication System | 2 | F |
| 7. a) Containment Recirculation Sump Water Level (Narrow Range) | 2 | E |
| b) Containment Reactor Cavity Sump Level-Wide Range | 2 | Е |
| 8. a) Containment Pressure (Wide Range) | 2 | E |
| b) Containment Pressure (Normal Range) | 2 | E |
| 9. Containment Isolation Valve Position | 2 per penetration flow path ^{(a) (b)} | E |
| Containment Area Radiation (High Range) Not used | 2 | F |
| 12. Pressurizer Level | 2 | Ε |
| 13. a) Steam Generator Water Level (Wide Range) | 4 | E |
| b) Steam Generator Water Level (Narrow Range) | 2 per steam generator | Ε |
| 14. Condensate Storage Tank Level | 2 | E |
| 15. Incore Thermocouples - Quadrant 1 | 2 (c) | E |
| 16. Incore Thermocouples - Quadrant 2 | 2 (c) | E |
| 17. Incore Thermocouples - Quadrant 3 | 2 (c) | Ē |
| 18. Incore Thermocouples - Quadrant 4 | 2 (c) | E |
| 19. Auxiliary Feedwater Flow | 4 | E E |
| 20. Refueling Water Storage Tank Water Level | 2 | |

- (a) Not required for isolation valves whose associated penetration is isolated by at least one closed and deactivated automatic valve, closed manual valve, blind flange, or check valve with flow through the valve secured.
- (b) Only one position indication channel is required for penetration flow paths with only one installed control room indication channel.
- (c) A channel consists of two Incore thermocouples.

3.3.4 Remote Shutdown System

LCO 3.3.4

The Remote Shutdown System Functions in Table 3.3.4-1 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2 and 3.

ACTIONS

----NOTE---

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each Function.

| - | | | | | |
|-----------|---|-------------------|---|-----------------|--|
| CONDITION | | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME | |
| A. | One or more required Functions inoperable. | A.1 | Restore required Function to OPERABLE status. | 30 days | |
| B. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | B.1 <u>AND</u> | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours | |
| | | B.2 | Be in MODE 4. | 12 hours | |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|--|--|
| SR 3.3.4.1 | Perform CHANNEL CHECK for each required instrumentation channel. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.3.4.2 | Verify each required control circuit and transfer switch is capable of performing the intended function. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.3.4.3 | Reactor Trip Breaker position is excluded from CHANNEL CALIBRATION. | |
| | Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION for each required instrumentation channel. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

Table 3.3.4-1 (page 1 of 1) Remote Shutdown System Functions

| | FUNCTION | REQUIRED CHANNELS |
|----|---|--------------------------|
| 1. | Reactor Trip Breaker Position | 1 per trip breaker |
| 2. | Pressurizer Pressure | 1 |
| 3. | Reactor Coolant System (RCS) Hot Leg Temperature (loop 1 only) | 1 |
| 4 | RCS Cold Leg Temperature (loop 1 only) | . 1 |
| 5 | AFW Controls | 2 of 3 AFW pumps |
| 6. | Steam Generator (SG) Pressure | 1 per SG |
| 7. | SG Level | 1 per SG |
| 8. | Auxiliary Feedwater (AFW) Flow | 1 per SG |
| 9. | Condensate Storage Tank Level | 1 |
| 10 | Pressurizer Level | 1 |
| 11 | Charging Pump Controls | 2 of 2 pumps |
| 12 | Charging Flow | 1 |
| 13 | Emergency Diesel Generator Control | 3 of 3 diesel generators |
| 14 | Component Cooling Water Control | 2 of 3 pumps |
| 15 | Auxiliary Saltwater Control | 2 of 2 pumps |

3.3.5 Loss of Power (LOP) Diesel Generator (DG) Start Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.5 One channel per bus of loss of voltage DG start Function; and two

channels per bus of degraded voltage Function shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4

 \forall

ACTIONS

-----NOTE-----

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each Function.

| CONDITION | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|--|--|-----------------|
| A. One or more Functions with one or more channels per bus inoperable. | A.1NOTE One channel may be bypassed for up to 2 hours for surveillance testing Enter applicable Condition(s) and Required Action(s) for the associated DG made inoperable by LOP DG start instrumentation. | Immediately |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

| | FREQUENCY | |
|------------|----------------|--|
| SR 3.3.5.1 | Not used | |
| SR 3.3.5.2 | Perform TADOT. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|--|--|
| SR 3.3.5.3 | Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION with Allowable Value setpoints as follows: | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| | a. Loss of voltage Diesel Start Allowable Value ≥ 0 V with a time delay of ≤ 0.8 seconds and ≥ 2583 V with a ≤ 10 second time delay. | |
| | Loss of voltage initiation of load shed with one relay Allowable Value ≥ 0 V with a time delay of ≤ 4 seconds and ≥ 2583 V with a time delay ≤ 25 seconds and with one relay Allowable Value ≥ 2870 V, instantaneous. | |
| | b. Degraded voltage Diesel Start Allowable Value ≥ 3785 V with a time delay of ≤ 10 seconds. | |
| | Degraded voltage initiation of Load Shed Allowable Value ≥ 3785 V with a time delay of ≤ 20 seconds. | |

3.3.6 Containment Ventilation Isolation Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.6

The Containment Ventilation Isolation instrumentation for each Function in

Table 3.3.6-1 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: According to Table 3.3.6-1

ACTIONS

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each Function.

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|-----|---|-----------------|
| A. | Only applicable in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4. One radiation monitoring channel inoperable. | A.1 | Restore the affected channel to OPERABLE status. | 4 hours |
| B. | Only applicable in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4. One or more automatic actuation trains inoperable. OR Both radiation monitoring channels inoperable. OR Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met. | B.1 | Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions of LCO 3.6.3, "Containment Isolation Valves," for containment isolation valves made inoperable by isolation instrumentation. | Immediately |

3.3.6

ACTIONS (continued)

| == | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|-----|---|-----------------|
| | | | | |
| C. | Only applicable during movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies within | 0R | Place and maintain containment ventilation valves in closed position. | Immediately |
| | containment. Required automatic actuation train inoperable. OR Required radiation monitoring channel inoperable. | C.2 | Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions of LCO 3.9.4, "Containment Penetrations," for containment ventilation isolation valves made inoperable by isolation instrumentation. | Immediately |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

------NOTE------

Refer to Table 3.3.6-1 to determine which SRs apply for each Containment Ventilation Isolation Function.

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---|--|
| SR 3.3.6.1 | Perform CHANNEL CHECK. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.3.6.2 | This surveillance is only applicable to the actuation logic of the ESFAS Instrumentation. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| | Perform ACTUATION LOGIC TEST. | _ |
| SR 3.3.6.3 | This surveillance is only applicable to the master relays of the ESFAS Instrumentation. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| | Perform MASTER RELAY TEST. | Flogram |
| SR 3.3.6.4 | Perform CFT. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.3.6.5 | Perform SLAVE RELAY TEST. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.3.6.6 | Not used | |
| SR 3.3.6.7 | Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.3.6.8 | Verify ESF Containment Ventilation Isolation RESPONSE TIME is within limits. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

Table 3.3.6-1 (page 1 of 1)

Containment Ventilation Isolation Instrumentation

| | FUNCTION | APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS | REQUIRED CHANNELS | SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS | TRIP SETPOINT | |
|----|---|--|----------------------|--|------------------|--|
| 1. | Not used | | | | | |
| 2. | Automatic Actuation Logic and Actuation Relays | 1, 2, 3, 4 | 2 trains | SR 3.3.6.2 SR 3.3.6.3 SR 3.3.6.5 | · NA | |
| | | (a) | 1 train | SR 3.3.6.2 SR 3.3.6.3 SR 3.3.6.5 | NA | |
| 3. | Containment Purge Radiation Gaseous and Particulate | 1, 2, 3, 4 | 2 | SR 3.3.6.1 SR 3.3.6.4 SR 3.3.6.7 SR 3.3.6.8 | Per ODCM | |
| | | (a) | 1 | SR 3.3.6.1 SR 3.3.6.4 SR 3.3.6.7 SR 3.3.6.8 | Per ODCM | |
| 4. | Containment Isolation- SI | Refer to LCO 3.3.2, "ESFAS Instrumentation," Functions 1 and 3, for all initiation functions and requirements. | | | | |

⁽a) During movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies within containment.

3.3.7 Control Room Ventilation System (CRVS) Actuation Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.7

The CRVS actuation instrumentation for each Function in Table 3.3.7-1 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

According to Table 3.3.7-1.

ACTIONS

-----NOTES------

- 1. Separate Condition entry is allowed for each Function.
- 2. Functions are common to both units.

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|-------|---|-----------------|
| Α. | One or more Functions with one channel or train inoperable. | A.1 | Place one CRVS train in pressurization mode. | 7 days |
| B. | two channels or two trains | | Place one CRVS train in pressurization mode. | Immediately |
| | inoperable. | | AND | |
| | | B.1.2 | Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions for one CRVS train made inoperable by inoperable CRVS actuation instrumentation. | Immediately |
| C. | Required Action and | C.1 | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | associated Completion Time for Condition A or B | AND | | |
| | not met in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4. | C.2 | LCO 3.0.4.a is not applicable when entering MODE 4. | |
| | | | Be in MODE 4. | 12 hours |

| Noticite (continued) | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|-----------------|---|-----------------|--|
| CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME | |
| D. | | | Suspend movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies. | Immediately | |
| E. | Required Action and associated Completion Time for Condition A or B not met in MODE 5 or 6. | E.1 | Initiate action to restore one CRVS train to OPERABLE status. | Immediately | |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

to Table 2.2.7.1 to determine which SDS apply for each CDVS Actuation Function

Refer to Table 3.3.7-1 to determine which SRs apply for each CRVS Actuation Function.

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|-------------|-------------------------------|--|
| SR 3.3.7.1 | Perform CHANNEL CHECK. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.3.7.2 | Perform CFT. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.3.7.3 | Perform ACTUATION LOGIC TEST. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.3.7.4 | Perform MASTER RELAY TEST. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| | | (continued) |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---|--|
| SR 3.3.7.5 | Perform SLAVE RELAY TEST. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.3.7.6 | Verification of setpoint is not required. | |
| | Perform TADOT. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.3.7.7 | Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

Table 3.3.7-1 (page 1 of 1)
CRVS Actuation Instrumentation

| - | | | . | | | |
|----|--|---|----------------------|--|------------------|--|
| | FUNCTION | APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS | REQUIRED CHANNELS | SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS | TRIP SETPOINT | |
| 1. | Manual Initiation | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and (a) | 2 trains | SR 3.3.7.6 | NA | |
| 2. | Automatic Actuation Relays | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and (a) | 2 trains | SR 3.3.7.3 SR 3.3.7.4 SR 3.3.7.5 | NA | |
| 3. | Control Room Radiation Atmosphere Air Intakes | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and (a) | 2 | SR 3.3.7.1 SR 3.3.7.2 SR 3.3.7.7 | Per ODCM | |
| 4. | Safety Injection | Refer to LCO 3.3.2, "ESFAS Instrumentation," Function 1, for all initiation functions and requirements. | | | | |

⁽a) During movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies.

3.3.8 Fuel Building Ventilation System (FBVS) Actuation Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.8

The FBVS actuation instrumentation for each Function in Table 3.3.8-1 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: According to Table 3.3.8-1.

ACTIONS

-----NOTE-----

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each Function.

| | • | | | |
|----|--|---------|--|-----------------|
| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
| A. | One or more Functions with one channel or train inoperable. | A.1.1 | Place and maintain one FBVS train in the todine Removal mode. | Immediately |
| | | AND | | |
| | | A.1.2.1 | Install an appropriate portable continuous monitor with the same alarm setpoint. | Immediately |
| | | | <u>OR</u> | |
| | | A.1.2.2 | Station an individual qualified in radiation protection procedures with a dose rate monitoring device in the spent fuel pool area. | Immediately |
| | | AND | | |
| | | A.1.3 | Restore the inoperable monitors to OPERABLE status. | 30 days |
| | | 5.4 | 0 | Language Wataba |
| B. | Required Action and associated Completion Time for Condition A not met or, two manual channels inoperable. | B.1 | Suspend movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies in the fuel building. | Immediately |

| SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS | |
|---|---|
| NOTE | _ |
| Refer to Table 3.3.8-1 to determine which SRs apply for each FBVS Actuation Function. | |

| - | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---|--|
| SR 3.3.8.1 | Perform CHANNEL CHECK. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.3.8.2 | Perform CFT. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.3.8.3 | Not used | |
| SR 3.3.8.4 | Verification of setpoint is not required. | |
| | Perform TADOT. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.3,8.5 | Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

Table 3.3.8-1 (page 1 of 1)
FBACS Actuation Instrumentation

| FUNCTION | APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS | REQUIRED CHANNELS | SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS | TRIP SETPOINT |
|--|--|----------------------|--|------------------|
| 1. Manual Initiation | (a) | 2 | SR 3.3.8.4 | NA |
| Fuel Handling Building Radiation | | | | |
| a. Spent Fuel Pool | (a) | 1 | SR 3.3.8.1 SR 3.3.8.2 SR 3.3.8.5 | Per ODCM |
| b. New Fuel Storage Vault | (a) | 1 | SR 3.3.8.1 SR 3.3.8.2 SR 3.3.8.5 | Per ODCM |

⁽a) During movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies in the fuel handling building.

3.3.9 Boron Dilution Protection System (BDPS) - Not used

3.4 REACTOR COOLANT SYSTEM (RCS)

3.4.1 RCS Pressure, Temperature, and Flow Departure from Nucleate Boiling (DNB) Limits

LCO 3.4.1

RCS DNB parameters for pressurizer pressure, RCS average temperature, and RCS total flow rate shall be within the limits specified below:

- Pressurizer pressure is greater than or equal to the limit specified in a. the COLR:
- b. RCS average temperature is less than or equal to the limit specified in the COLR: and
- For Unit 1, RCS total flow rate ≥ 350,800 gpm and greater than or equal to the limit specified in the Unit 1 COLR, and for Unit 2, RCS total flow rate ≥ 354,000 gpm and greater than or equal to the limit specified in the Unit 2 COLR.

| Α | Р | P | C | Α | R | ٦ | ۲ | 1 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | | | | |

MODES 1.

| NOT | E |
|-----|---|

Pressurizer pressure limit does not apply during:

- THERMAL POWER ramp > 5% RTP per minute; or
- THERMAL POWER step > 10% RTP.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|-----------------|---|-----------------|
| Α. | One or more RCS DNB parameters not within limits. | A.1 | Restore RCS DNB parameter(s) to within limit. | 2 hours |
| В. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | B.1 | Be in MODE 2. | 6 hours |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|--|--|
| SR 3.4.1.1 | Verify pressurizer pressure is greater than or equal to the limit specified in the COLR. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.4.1.2 | Verify RCS average temperature is less than or equal to the limit specified in the COLR. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

| SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued) | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| SR 3.4.1.3 | For Unit 1, verify RCS total flow rate ≥ 350,800 gpm and greater than or equal to the limit specified in the Unit 1 COLR, and for Unit 2, verify RCS total flow rate ≥ 354,000 gpm and greater than or equal to the limit specified in the Unit 2 COLR. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | | | |
| SR 3.4.1.4 | For Unit 1, verify measured RCS total flow rate ≥ 350,800 gpm and greater than or equal to the limit specified in the Unit 1 COLR, and for Unit 2, verify measured RCS total flow rate ≥ 354,000 gpm and greater than or equal to the limit specified in the Unit 2 COLR. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | | | |

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3.4.2 RCS Minimum Temperature for Criticality

LCO 3.4.2

Each operating RCS loop average temperature (Tavg) shall be ≥ 541°F.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1,

MODE 2 with $k_{eff} \ge 1.0$.

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|--|--|-----------------|
| A. T _{avg} in one or more operating RCS loops not within limit. | A.1 Be in MODE 2, with K _{eff} <1.0 | 30 minutes |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|--|--|
| SR 3.4.2.1 | Verify RCS T _{avg} in each operating loop ≥ 541 °F. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.4.3 RCS Pressure and Temperature (P/T) Limits

LCO 3.4.3

RCS pressure, RCS temperature, and RCS heatup and cooldown rates shall be maintained within the limits specified in the PTLR.

APPLICABILITY: At all times.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|------------|---|-----------------------------|
| A. | Required Action A.2 shall be completed whenever this Condition is entered. | A.1 | Restore parameters to within limits. | 30 minutes |
| | Requirements of LCO not met in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4. | A.2 | Determine RCS is acceptable for continued operation. | 72 hours |
| B. | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met. | B.1 AND | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| • | .• | B.2 | Be in MODE 5 with RCS pressure < 500 psig. | 36 hours |
| C. | Required Action C.2 shall be completed whenever this Condition is entered. | C.1 | Initiate action to restore parameter(s) to within limits. | Immediately |
| | Requirements of LCO not met any time in other than MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4. | C.2 | Determine RCS is acceptable for continued operation. | Prior to entering MODE 4 |

| SURVEILLANCE SR 3.4.3.1 NOTE Only required to be performed during RCS heatup and cooldown operations and RCS inservice leak and hydrostatic testing. Verify RCS pressure, RCS temperature, and RCS heatup and cooldown rates are within the limits In accordance we the Surveillance | | | |
|---|------------|---|------|
| Only required to be performed during RCS heatup and cooldown operations and RCS inservice leak and hydrostatic testing. | | SURVEILLANCE FREQUE | ENCY |
| specified in the PTLR. Frequency Contr. Program | SR 3.4.3.1 | Only required to be performed during RCS heatup and cooldown operations and RCS inservice leak and hydrostatic testing. Verify RCS pressure, RCS temperature, and RCS heatup and cooldown rates are within the limits specified in the PTLR. In accordar the Surveill Frequency | ance |

3.4.4 RCS Loops-MODES 1 and 2

LCO 3.4.4 Four RCS loops shall be OPERABLE and in operation.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

ACTIONS

| CONDIT | ION | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| A. Requirements met. | of LCO not A.1 | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| SR 3.4.4.1 | Verify each RCS loop is in operation. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.4.5 RCS Loops-MODE 3

LCO 3.4.5

Two RCS loops shall be OPERABLE, and either:

- a. Two RCS loops shall be in operation when the Rod Control System is capable of rod withdrawal; or
- b. One RCS loop shall be in operation when the Rod Control System is not capable of rod withdrawal.

-----NOTE-----

All reactor coolant pumps may be removed from operation for ≤ 1 hour per 8 hour period provided:

- a. No operations are permitted that would cause introduction of coolant into the RCS with boron concentration less than required to meet the SDM of LCO 3.1.1; and
- b. Core outlet temperature is maintained at least 10°F below saturation temperature.

APPLICABILITY:

MODE 3.

ACTIONS

| | IONS | | | |
|-------------|--|------------------|---|-----------------|
| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
| A. | One required RCS loop inoperable. | A.1 | Restore required RCS loop to OPERABLE status. | 72 hours |
| B. | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met. | B.1 | Be in MODE 4. | 12 hours |
| C. | One required RCS loop not in operation, with Rod Control System capable of rod withdrawal. | C.1 <u>OR</u> | Restore required RCS loop to operation. | 1 hour |
| | | C.2 | Place the Rod Control System in a condition incapable of rod withdrawal. | 1 hour |

(continued)

ACTIONS (continued)

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--------------------------------|------------|--|-----------------|
| D. | Four RCS loops inoperable. OR | D.1 | Place the Rod Control System in a condition incapable of rod withdrawal. | Immediately |
| | No RCS loop in operation. | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | D.2 | Suspend operations that would cause introduction of coolant into the RCS with boron concentration less than required to meet SDM of LCO 3.1.1. | Immediately |
| | | AND | | |
| | | D.3 | Initiate action to restore one RCS loop to OPERABLE status and operation. | Immediately |

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|--------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY | | | | |
| SR 3.4.5.1 | Verify required RCS loops are in operation. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | | | | |
| SR 3.4.5.2 | Verify steam generator secondary side water levels are ≥ 15% for required RCS loops. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | | | | |
| SR 3.4.5.3 | Verify correct breaker alignment and indicated power are available to the required pump that is not in operation. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | | | | |

3.4.6 RCS Loops-MODE 4

LCO 3.4.6

Two loops consisting of any combination of RCS loops and residual heat removal (RHR) loops shall be OPERABLE, and one loop shall be in operation.

-----NOTES-----

- 1. All reactor coolant pumps (RCPs) and RHR pumps may be removed from operation for ≤ 1 hour per 8 hour period provided:
 - No operations are permitted that would cause introduction of coolant into the RCS with boron concentration less than required to meet the SDM of LCO 3.1.1; and
 - b. Core outlet temperature is maintained at least 10°F below saturation temperature.
- No RCP shall be started with any RCS cold leg temperature ≤ Low Temperature Overpressure Protection (LTOP) arming temperature specified in the PTLR unless the pressurizer water level is less than 50%, OR the secondary side water temperature of each steam generator (SG) is < 50°F above each of the RCS cold leg temperatures.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 4.

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME | |
|-----------|-------------------------------|-----------------|--|-----------------|--|
| Α. | One required loop inoperable. | A.1 | Initiate action to restore a second loop to OPERABLE status. | Immediately | |
| | | AND | | | |
| | | A.2 | Only required if one RHR loop is OPERABLE. | | |
| | | | Be in MODE 5. | 24 hours | |

(continued)

ACTIONS (continued)

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|------------------------------------|------------|--|-----------------|
| B. | Two required loops inoperable. OR | B.1 | Suspend operations that would cause introduction of coolant into the RCS with boron concentration less than required to meet SDM of LCO 3.1.1. | Immediately |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | No RCS or RHR loop in operation. | B.2 | Initiate action to restore one loop to OPERABLE status and operation. | Immediately |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---|--|
| SR 3.4.6.1 | Verify one RHR or RCS loop is in operation. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.4.6.2 | Verify SG secondary side water levels are ≥ 15% for required RCS loops. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.4.6.3 | Verify correct breaker alignment and indicated power are available to the required pump that is not in operation. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.4.6.4 | Not required to be performed until 12 hours after entering MODE 4. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| | Verify required RHR loop locations susceptible to gas accumulation are sufficiently filled with water. | i rogram |

3.4.7 RCS Loops-MODE 5, Loops Filled

LCO 3.4.7 One residual heat removal (RHR) loop shall be OPERABLE and in operation, and either:

- a. One additional RHR loop shall be OPERABLE; or
- The secondary side water level of at least two steam generators (SGs) shall be ≥ 15 %.

-----NOTES-----

- 1. The RHR pump of the loop in operation may be removed from operation for ≤ 1 hour per 8 hour period provided:
 - a. No operations are permitted that would cause introduction of coolant into the RCS with boron concentration less than required to meet the SDM of LCO 3.1.1; and
 - b. Core outlet temperature is maintained at least 10°F below saturation temperature.
- 2. One required RHR loop may be inoperable for up to 2 hours for surveillance testing provided that the other RHR loop is OPERABLE and in operation.
- No reactor coolant pump shall be started with any RCS cold leg temperature ≤ Low Temperature Overpressure Protection (LTOP) arming temperature specified in the PTLR unless the pressurizer water level is less than 50%, OR the secondary side water temperature of each SG is < 50°F above each of the RCS cold leg temperatures.
- 4. All RHR loops may be removed from operation during planned heatup to MODE 4 when at least one RCS loop is in operation.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 5 with RCS loops filled

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|-----------|--|-----------------|
| Α. | One RHR loop inoperable. AND | A.1 | Initiate action to restore a second RHR loop to OPERABLE status. | Immediately |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | |
| | Required SGs secondary side water levels not within limits. | A.2 | Initiate action to restore required SG secondary side water levels to within limits. | Immediately |
| B. | Required RHR loops inoperable. OR | B.1 | Suspend operations that would cause introduction of coolant into the RCS with boron concentration less than required to meet SDM of LCO 3.1.1. | Immediately |
| | | AND | | |
| | No RHR loop in operation. | B.2 | Initiate action to restore one RHR loop to OPERABLE status and operation. | Immediately |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---|--|
| SR 3.4.7.1 | Verify one RHR loop is in operation. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.4.7.2 | Verify SG secondary side water level is ≥ 15% in required SGs. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.4.7.3 | Verify correct breaker alignment and indicated power are available to the required RHR pump that is not in operation. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.4.7.4 | Verify required RHR loop locations susceptible to gas accumulation are sufficiently filled with water. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.4-13

3.4.8 RCS Loops-MODE 5, Loops Not Filled

LCO 3.4.8

Two residual heat removal (RHR) loops shall be OPERABLE and one RHR loop shall be in operation.

-----NOTES------

- 1. All RHR pumps may be removed from operation for ≤ 1 hour provided:
 - a. The core outlet temperature is maintained at least 10°F below saturation temperature.
 - b. No operations are permitted that would cause a reduction of the RCS boron concentration; and
 - c. No draining operations to further reduce the RCS water volume are permitted.
- 2. One RHR loop may be inoperable for ≤ 2 hours for surveillance testing provided that the other RHR loop is OPERABLE and in operation.

APPLICABILITY:

MODE 5 with RCS loops not filled.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|------|--|------------|---|-----------------|
| A. O | ne RHR loop inoperable. | A.1 | Initiate action to restore RHR loop to OPERABLE status. | Immediately |
| | equired RHR loops operable. <u>R</u> | B.1 | Suspend all operations involving reduction in RCS boron concentration. | Immediately |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| N | o RHR loop in operation. | B.2 | Initiate action to restore one RHR loop to OPERABLE status and operation. | Immediately |

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|------------|---|--|
| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
| SR 3.4.8.1 | Verify one RHR loop is in operation. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.4.8.2 | Verify correct breaker alignment and indicated power are available to the required RHR pump that is not in operation. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.4.8.3 | Verify RHR loop locations susceptible to gas accumulation are sufficiently filled with water. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.4.9 Pressurizer

LCO 3.4.9 The pressurizer shall be OPERABLE with:

- a. Pressurizer water level ≤ 90%; and
- b. Two groups of pressurizer heaters OPERABLE with the capacity of each group ≥ 150 kW and capable of being powered from an emergency power supply.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| A. | Pressurizer water level not | A.1 | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | within limit. | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | A.2 | Fully insert all rods. | 6 hours |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | A.3 | Place Rod Control System in a condition incapable of rod withdrawal. | 6 hours |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | A.4 | Be in MODE 4. | 12 hours |
| В. | One required group of pressurizer heaters inoperable. | B.1 | Restore required group | 72 hours |
| | | | of pressurizer heaters to OPERABLE status. | <u>OR</u> |
| | | | | In accordance with the RICT Program |
| C. | • | C.1 | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | associated Completion Time of Condition B not met. | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | C.2 | Be in MODE 4. | 12 hours |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|--|--|
| SR 3.4.9.1 | Verify pressurizer water level is ≤ 90%. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.4.9.2 | Verify capacity of each required group of pressurizer heaters is ≥ 150 kW. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.4.9.3 | Verify by transferring power, that required pressurizer heaters can be powered from an emergency power supply. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.4.10 Pressurizer Safety Valves

LCO 3.4.10

Three pressurizer safety valves shall be OPERABLE with lift settings

 \geq 2460 psig and \leq 2510 psig.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, and 3,

MODE 4 with all RCS cold leg temperatures > Low Temperature Overpressure Protection (LTOP) arming temperature specified in the

PTLR.

-----NOTE-----

The lift settings are not required to be within the LCO limits during MODES 3 and 4 for the purpose of setting the pressurizer safety valves under ambient (hot) conditions. This exception is allowed for 54 hours following entry into MODE 3 provided a preliminary cold setting was made

prior to heatup.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|------------|--|-----------------|
| Α. | One pressurizer safety valve inoperable. | A.1 | Restore valve to OPERABLE status. | 15 minutes |
| B. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. OR | B.1 AND | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | Two or more pressurizer safety valves inoperable. | B.2 | Be in MODE 4 with any RCS cold leg temperatures ≤ LTOP arming temperature specified in the PTLR. | 12 hours |

| | FREQUENCY | |
|-------------|---|--|
| SR 3.4.10.1 | Verify each pressurizer safety valve is OPERABLE in accordance with the Inservice Testing Program. Following testing, lift settings shall be within ± 1%. | In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program |

3.4.11 Pressurizer Power Operated Relief Valves (PORVs)

LCO 3.4.11 Each PORV and associated block valve shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3.

ACTIONS

-----NOTE------

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each PORV.

CONDITION REQUIRED ACTION **COMPLETION TIME** A. One or more PORVs A.1 Close and maintain 1 hour inoperable solely due to power to associated excessive seat leakage. block valve. B. One PORV inoperable for B.1 Close associated block 1 hour reasons other than valve. excessive seat leakage. AND B.2 Remove power from 1 hour associated block valve. **AND** B.3 Restore the Class I 72 hours PORV to OPERABLE <u>OR</u> status. In accordance with the

| | | | | RICT Program |
|----|-----------------------------|--|--|--------------|
| C. | One block valve inoperable. | | NOTE | 1 hour |
| | | Required Actions do not apply when block valve is inoperable solely as result of complying with Required Actions B.2 or E.3. | | |
| | | C.1 | Place associated PORV in manual control. | |
| | | AND | | (continued) |
| | | | | |

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME |
|--|-------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| C. (continued) | C.2 | If the block valve is associated with a Class I PORV: | 72 hours OR |
| | | Restore block valve to OPERABLE status. | In accordance with the RICT Program |
| | <u>OR</u> | | |
| | C.3 | If the block valve is associated with the non- Class I PORV: | 72 hours |
| | | Close the block valve and remove its power. | |
| D. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B, or C not met. | D.1 <u>AND</u> | Initiate action to restore Class I PORV and/or associated block valves(s) to OPERABLE status. | Immediately |
| | D.2 | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | D.3 | Be in MODE 4. | 12 hours |
| E. Two Class I PORVs inoperable for reasons other than excessive seat leakage. | E.1 | Initiate action to restore Class I PORVs to OPERABLE status. | Immediately |
| | E.2 <u>AND</u> | Close associated block valves. | 1 hour |
| | E.3 | Remove power from associated block valves. | 1 hour |
| | E.4 AND | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | E.5 | Be in MODE 4. | 12 hours |

(continued)

ACTIONS (continued)

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| F. | More than one block valve inoperable. | Required Actions do not apply when block valve is inoperable solely as result of complying with Required Actions B.2 or E.3. | | |
| | | F.1 | Place associated PORVs in manual control. | 1 hour |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | F.2 | Restore one block valve for a Class I PORV to OPERABLE status. | 2 hours |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | F.3 | Restore remaining block | 72 hours |
| | | | valve for a Class I PORV to OPERABLE status. | <u>OR</u> |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | In accordance with the RICT Program |
| | | F.4 | If the remaining block valve is associated with the non-Class I PORV, | 72 hours |
| | | | close the block valve and remove its power. | |
| G. | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition F not | G.1 | Initiate action to restore block valve(s) to OPERABLE status. | Immediately |
| | met. | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | G.2 | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | G.3 | Be in MODE 4. | 12 hours |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|-------------|---|--|
| SR 3.4.11.1 | Not required to be performed with block valve closed in accordance with the Required Actions of this LCO. | |
| | Perform a complete cycle of each block valve. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.4.11.2 | Required to be performed during MODES 3 or 4. | |
| | Perform a complete cycle of each PORV. | In accordance with the IST Plan. |
| SR 3.4.11.3 | Demonstrate OPERABILITY of the safety related nitrogen supply for the Class I PORVs. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.4.11.4 | Perform a COT on each required Class 1 PORV, excluding actuation. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.4.11.5 | Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION for each required Class 1 PORV actuation channel. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.4.12 Low Temperature Overpressure Protection (LTOP) System

LCO 3.4.12 An LTOP System shall be OPERABLE with:

- a. no safety injection pumps capable of injecting into the RCS;
- b. a maximum of one Emergency Core Cooling System (ECCS) centrifugal charging pump capable of injecting into the RCS;
- the normal charging pump (NCP) aligned to the LTOP orifice when it is capable of injecting into the RCS;
- d. the accumulators isolated; and
- e. one of the following pressure relief capabilities;
 - Two Class I power operated relief valves (PORVs) with lift settings within the limits specified in the PTLR, or
 - The RCS depressurized and an RCS vent of ≥ 2.07 square inches.

-----NOTES-----

- The NCP aligned to the LTOP orifice and two ECCS centrifugal charging pumps may be made capable of injecting for ≤ 1 hour for pump swap operation.
- Accumulator may be unisolated when accumulator pressure is less than the maximum RCS pressure for the existing RCS cold leg temperature allowed by the P/T limit curves provided in the PTLR.

APPLICABILITY:

MODE 4, when any RCS cold leg temperature is ≤ LTOP arming temperature specified in the PTLR,

MODE 5.

MODE 6, when the reactor vessel head is on and the vessel head closure bolts are not fully de-tensioned.

ACTIONS

| NOTE |
|---|
| LCO 3.0.4b is not applicable when entering MODE 4 |

| | | <u></u> | | |
|----|---|-----------|--|-----------------|
| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
| Α. | One or more safety injection pumps capable of injecting into the RCS. | A.1 | Initiate action to verify zero safety injection pumps are capable of injecting into the RCS. | Immediately |
| B. | Two ECCS centrifugal charging pumps capable of injecting into the RCS. OR B.1 Initiate action to verify the NCP is aligned to the LTOP orifice and a maximum of one ECCS centrifugal charging | | Immediately | |
| | The NCP is not aligned to the LTOP orifice when it is capable of injecting into the RCS. | | pump is capable of injecting into the RCS. | |
| C. | An accumulator not isolated when the accumulator pressure is greater than or equal to the maximum RCS pressure for existing cold leg temperature allowed in the PTLR. | C.1 | Isolate affected accumulator. | 1 hour |
| D. | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition C not met. | D.1 | Increase RCS cold leg temperature to > LTOP arming temperature specified in the PTLR. | 12 hours |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | |
| | | D.2 | Depressurize affected accumulator to less than the maximum RCS pressure for existing cold leg temperature allowed in the PTLR. | 12 hours |

(continued)

ACTIONS (continued)

| | CONDITION | 1 | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|-----|--|-----------------|
| E. | One required RCS Class I PORV inoperable in MODE 4. | E.1 | Restore required RCS Class I PORV to OPERABLE status. | 7 days |
| F. | One required RCS Class I PORV inoperable in MODE 5 or 6, with the vessel head closure bolts not fully de-tensioned. | F.1 | Restore required RCS Class I PORV to OPERABLE status. | 24 hours |
| G. | Two required RCS Class I PORVs inoperable. | G.1 | Depressurize RCS and establish RCS vent of ≥ 2.07 square inches. | 8 hours |
| | OR | | 2 2.07 Square mones. | |
| | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B, D, E, or F not met. | | | |
| | <u>OR</u> | | | |
| | LTOP System inoperable for any reason other than Condition A, B, C, D, E, or F. | | | |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|-------------|--|--|
| SR 3.4.12.1 | Verify a maximum of zero safety injection pumps are capable of injecting into the RCS. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.4.12.2 | Verify a maximum of one ECCS centrifugal charging pump is capable of injecting into the RCS and the NCP is aligned to the LTOP orifice when it is capable of injecting into the RCS. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.4.12.3 | Verify each accumulator is isolated when accumulator pressure is greater than or equal to the maximum RCS pressure for the existing RCS cold leg temperature allowed by the P/T limit curves provided in the PTLR. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.4.12.4 | Not used | |
| SR 3.4.12.5 | Verify required RCS vent ≥ 2.07 square inches open. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.4.12.6 | Verify PORV block valve is open for each required Class I PORV. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.4.12.7 | Not used | |
| SR 3.4.12.8 | Not required to be performed until 12 hours after decreasing any RCS cold leg temperature to ≤ LTOP arming temperature specified in the PTLR. | |
| | Perform a COT on each required Class 1 PORV, excluding actuation. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.4.12.9 | Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION for each required Class I PORV actuation channel. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.4.13 RCS Operational LEAKAGE

LCO 3.4.13

RCS operational LEAKAGE shall be limited to:

- a. No pressure boundary LEAKAGE;
- b. 1 gpm unidentified LEAKAGE;
- c. 10 gpm identified LEAKAGE; and
- d. 150 gallons per day primary to secondary LEAKAGE through any one steam generator (SG).

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, 3*, and 4*.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|------------|---|-----------------|
| A. | RCS operational LEAKAGE not within limits for reasons other than pressure boundary LEAKAGE or primary to secondary LEAKAGE. | A.1 | Reduce LEAKAGE to within limits. | 4 hours |
| В. | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met. OR | B.1 AND | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | Pressure boundary LEAKAGE exists. OR Primary to secondary LEAKAGE not within limit. | B.2 | NOTE LCO 3.0.4.a is not applicable when entering MODE 4 | 12 hours |

^{*} For MODES 3 and 4, if steam generator water samples indicate less than the minimum detectable activity of 5.0 E-7 microcuries/ml for principal gamma emitters, the leakage requirement of specification 3.4.13.d. may be considered met.

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|-------------|--|--|
| SR 3.4.13.1 | | |
| | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | |
| SR 3.4.13.2 | Not required to be performed until 12 hours after establishment of steady state operation. | |
| | Verify primary to secondary LEAKAGE is ≤ 150 gallons per day through any one SG. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.4.14 RCS Pressure Isolation Valve (PIV) Leakage

LCO 3.4.14 Leakage from each RCS PIV shall be within limit.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3,

MODE 4, except valves in the residual heat removal (RHR) flow path when

in, or during the transition to or from, the RHR mode of operation.

ACTIONS

-NOTES----

- 1. Separate Condition entry is allowed for each flow path.
- 2. Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions for systems made inoperable by an inoperable PIV.

| CONDITION | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|--|---|-----------------|
| A. One or more flow paths with leakage from one or more RCS PIVs not within limit. | Each valve used to satisfy Required Action A.1 and Required Action A.2 must have been verified to meet SR 3.4.14.1 and be in the reactor coolant pressure boundary or the high pressure portion of the system. A.1 Isolate the high pressure portion of the affected system from the low pressure portion by use of one closed manual, deactivated automatic, or check valve. AND | 4 hours |
| | | (continued) |

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME |
|--|-----------------|---|-----------------|
| A. (continued) | A.2.1 | Isolate the high pressure portion of the affected system from the low pressure portion by use of a second closed manual, deactivated automatic, or check valve. | 72 hours |
| | | <u>OR</u> | |
| | A.2.2 | Restore RCS PIV to within limits. | 72 hours |
| B. Required Action and associated Completion Time for Condition A not met. | B.1 AND | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| mot. | B.2 | LCO 3.0.4.a is not applicable when entering MODE 4. | |
| | | Be in MODE 4. | 12 hours |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

| | | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|-------------|----|--|-----------|
| SR 3.4.14.1 | | NOTES | |
| | 1. | Not required to be performed in MODES 3 and 4. | |
| | 2. | Not required to be performed on the RCS PIVs located in the RHR flow path when in the shutdown cooling mode of operation. | |
| | 3. | RCS PIVs actuated during the performance of this Surveillance are not required to be tested more than once if a repetitive testing loop cannot be avoided. | |
| ·. | | | (continue |

3.4-30

| SURVEILLANGE REQUIREMENTS | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY | | | | | |
| SR 3.4.14.1 (continued) | | | | | | |
| Verify leakage from each RCS PIV is equivariant ≤ 0.5 gpm per nominal inch of valve size up maximum of 5 gpm at an RCS pressure ≥ 2.5 | to a the Inservice | | | | | |
| and ≤ 2255 psig. | AND | | | | | |
| | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | | | | | |
| | AND | | | | | |
| | Within 24 hours following valve actuation due to automatic or manual action or flow through the valve except for valves 8701, 8702, 8802A, 8802B, and 8703 | | | | | |
| SR 3.4.14.2 Not used | | | | | | |
| SR 3.4.14.3 Not used | | | | | | |

3.4.15 RCS Leakage Detection Instrumentation

LCO 3.4.15

The following RCS leakage detection instrumentation shall be OPERABLE:

- a. Both containment structure sumps and the reactor cavity sump level and flow monitor system,
- b. One containment atmosphere particulate radioactivity monitor and,
- c. Either a containment fan cooler unit (CFCU) condensate collection monitor or the containment atmosphere gaseous radioactivity monitor.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

| <u> </u> | | | | |
|---|--|-------------------|---|-------------------|
| | CONDITION | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME |
| A. Any containment sump monitor inoperable. | | Not re | quired until 12 hours after ishment of steady state tion. | |
| | | A.1 <u>AND</u> | Perform SR 3.4.13.1. | Once per 24 hours |
| | | A.2 | Restore containment sump monitor to OPERABLE status. | 30 days |
| В. | Containment atmosphere particulate radioactivity monitor inoperable. | B.1.1 | Analyze grab samples of the containment atmosphere. OR | Once per 24 hours |
| | | | | (continued) |

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|--|-------|---|-------------------|
| B. (continued) | B.1.2 | Not required until 12 hours after establishment of steady state operation. | |
| | AND | Perform SR 3.4.13.1. | Once per 24 hours |
| | B.2 | Restore containment atmosphere particulate radioactivity monitor to OPERABLE status. | 30 days |
| C. Required containment atmosphere gaseous radioactivity monitor inoperable. | C.1.1 | Analyze grab samples of the containment atmosphere | Once per 24 hours |
| AND | | <u>OR</u> | |
| Required CFCU condensate collection monitor inoperable. | C.1.2 | Not required until 12 hours after establishment of steady state operation. | |
| | | Perform SR 3.4.13.1 | Once per 24 hours |
| | AND | | |
| | C.2.1 | Restore required containment atmosphere gaseous radioactivity monitor to OPERABLE status. | 30 days |
| | | <u>OR</u> | |
| | C.2.2 | Restore required CFCU condensate collection monitor to OPERABLE status. | 30 days |

(continued)

ACTIONS (continued)

| ACI | ACTIONS (continued) | | | | | | |
|-----|--|---------------------|--|-------------------|--|--|--|
| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME | | | |
| D. | Any containment sump monitor inoperable. | D.1 | Analyze grab samples of the containment atmosphere. | Once per 12 hours | | | |
| | AND | | | | | | |
| | Containment atmosphere particulate radioactivity monitor inoperable. | <u>AND</u> D.2.1 | Restore containment sump monitor to | 7 days | | | |
| | AND | | OPERABLE status. | | | | |
| | | | <u>OR</u> | | | | |
| | Required CFCU condensate collection monitor inoperable. | D.2.2 | Restore containment atmosphere particulate radioactivity monitor to OPERABLE status. | 7 days | | | |
| | | | <u>OR</u> | | | | |
| | | D.2.3 | Restore required CFCU condensate collection monitor to OPERABLE status. | 7 days | | | |
| E. | All required monitors inoperable. | E.1 | Enter LCO 3.0.3. | Immediately | | | |
| F. | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B, C, or D not met. | F.1 | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours | | | |
| | | AND | | | | | |
| | | F.2 | LCO 3.0.4.a is not applicable when entering MODE 4. | | | | |
| | | | Be in MODE 4. | 12 hours | | | |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|-------------|--|--|
| SR 3.4.15.1 | Perform CHANNEL CHECK of the required containment atmosphere particulate and gaseous radioactivity monitors. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.4.15.2 | Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST of the required containment atmosphere particulate and gaseous radioactivity monitors. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.4.15.3 | Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION of the required containment sump monitors. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.4.15.4 | Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION of the required containment atmosphere particulate and gaseous radioactivity monitors. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.4.15.5 | Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION of the required CFCU condensate collection monitors. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.4.16 RCS Specific Activity

LCO 3.4.16

RCS DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 and DOSE EQUIVALENT XE-133-

specific activity shall be within limits.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

| <u>ACI</u> | ACTIONS | | | | | |
|------------|---|---------------------------|--|------------------|--|--|
| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME | | |
| A . | DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 not within limit. | LCO 3.0.4c is applicable. | | | | |
| | | A.1 | Verify DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 ≤ 60 µCi/gm. | Once per 4 hours | | |
| | | AND | • | | | |
| | | A.2 | Restore DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 to within limit. | 48 hours | | |
| В | DOSE EQUIVALENT XE-133 not within limit. | B.1 | NOTELCO 3.0.4c is applicable. | 48 hours | | |
| | | | Restore DOSE EQUIVALENT XE-133 to within limit. | | | |
| C. | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met. | C.1 | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours | | |
| | | AND | • | . • | | |
| | | C.2 | Be in MODE 5. | 36 hours | | |
| | OR | | • | · | | |
| | DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 > 60 μCi/gm. | | | | | |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|--|
| SR 3.4.16.1 | Only required to be performed in MODE 1. | In accordance with the Surveillance | | |
| | Verify reactor coolant DOSE EQUIVALENT XE-133 specific activity ≤ 270.0 μCi/gm. | Frequency Control Program | | |
| SR 3.4.16.2 | Only required to be performed in MODE 1. | | | |
| | Verify reactor coolant DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 specific activity ≤ 1.0 μCi/gm. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | | |
| | | AND | | |
| | | Between 2 and 6 hours after a THERMAL POWER change of ≥ 15% RTP within a 1 hour period. | | |

3.4 REACTOR COOLANT SYSTEM (RCS)

3.4.17 Steam Generator (SG) Tube Integrity

LCO 3.4.17 SG tube integrity shall be maintained.

<u>AND</u>

All SG tubes satisfying the tube plugging criteria shall be plugged in

accordance with the Steam Generator Program.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

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|---------------|------------------------|---|--------|----|-----|
| $\overline{}$ | $\mathbf{\mathcal{C}}$ | | \sim | 11 | - |

-----NOTE------NOTE-----

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each SG tube.

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|------------|--|--|
| A. | One or more SG tubes satisfying the tube plugging criteria and not plugged in accordance with the Steam Generator Program. | A.1 | Verify tube integrity of the affected tube(s) is maintained until the next refueling outage or SG tube inspection. | 7 days |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | A.2 | Plug the affected tube(s) in accordance with the Steam Generator Program. | Prior to entering MODE 4 following the next refueling outage or SG tube inspection |
| В. | Required Action and | B.1 | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | associated Completion Time of Condition A not | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | met. | B.2 | Be in MODE 5. | 36 hours |
| | <u>OR</u> | | | |
| | SG tube integrity not maintained. | | | |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|-------------|---|--|
| SR 3.4.17.1 | Verify SG tube integrity in accordance with the Steam Generator Program. | In accordance with the Steam Generator Program |
| SR 3.4.17.2 | Verify that each inspected SG tube that satisfies the tube plugging criteria is plugged in accordance with the Steam Generator Program. | Prior to entering MODE 4 following a SG tube inspection |

3.5 EMERGENCY CORE COOLING SYSTEMS (ECCS)

3.5.1 Accumulators

LCO 3.5.1 Four ECCS accumulators shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2, MODE 3 with RCS pressure > 1000 psig.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|--------------------------|--|-----------------|
| A. | One accumulator inoperable due to boron concentration not within limits. | A.1 | Restore boron concentration to within limits. | 72 hours |
| В. | One accumulator inoperable for reasons other than Condition A. | B.1 | Restore accumulator to OPERABLE status. | 24 hour |
| C. | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met. | C.1 <u>AND</u> C.2 | Be in MODE 3. Reduce RCS pressure to ≤ 1000 psig. | 6 hours |
| D. | Two or more accumulators inoperable. | D.1 | Enter LCO 3.0.3. | Immediately |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

| | SURVEILLANCE | | | | |
|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| SR 3.5.1.1 | Verify each accumulator isolation valve is fully open. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | | | |
| SR 3.5.1.2 | Verify borated water volume in each accumulator is \geq 814 ft ³ and \leq 886 ft ³ . | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | | | |
| SR 3.5.1.3 | Verify nitrogen cover pressure in each accumulator is ≥ 579 psig and ≤ 664 psig. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | | | |

(continued)

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|--|---|
| SR 3.5.1.4 | Verify boron concentration in each accumulator is ≥ 2200 ppm and ≤ 2500 ppm. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| | | AND |
| | | Only required to be performed for affected accumulators. |
| | | Once within 6 hours after each solution volume increase of ≥ 5.6% of narrow range indicated level that is not the result of addition from the refueling water storage tank. |
| SR 3.5.1.5 | Verify power is removed from each accumulator isolation valve operator when RCS pressure is > 1000 psig. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.5 EMERGENCY CORE COOLING SYSTEMS (ECCS)

3.5.2 ECCS - Operating

LCO 3.5.2 Two ECCS trains shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3.

-----NOTE-----

In MODE 3, both safety injection (SI) pump flow paths may be isolated by closing the isolation valve(s) for up to 2 hours to perform pressure isolation valve testing per SR 3.4.14.1.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| A. | One or more trains inoperable. AND At least 100% of the ECCS flow equivalent to a single OPERABLE ECCS train available. | A.1 | Restore train(s) to OPERABLE status. | 72 hours OR In accordance with the RICT Program |
| B. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | B.1 <u>AND</u> B.2 | Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 4. | 6 hours 12 hours |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

| | | SURVEILLA | NCE | FREQUENCY | |
|------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| SR 3.5.2.1 | | | alves are in the listed position ve operator removed. | In accordance with the Surveillance | |
| | <u>Number</u> | <u>Position</u> | <u>Function</u> | Frequency Control Program | |
| | 8703 | Closed | RHR to RCS Hot Legs | riogiam | |
| | 8802A | Closed | Safety Injection to RCS Hot Legs | | |
| | 8802B | Closed | Safety Injection to RCS Hot Legs | | |
| | 8809A | Open | RHR to RCS Cold Legs | | |
| | 8809B | Open | RHR to RCS Cold Legs | | |
| | 8835 | Open | Safety Injection to RCS Cold Legs | | |
| | 897 4 A | Open | Safety Injection Pump Recirc. to RWST | | |
| | 897 4 B | Open | Safety Injection Pump Recirc. to RWST | | |
| | 8976 | Open | RWST to Safety Injection Pumps | | |
| | 8980 | Open | RWST to RHR Pumps | | |
| | 8982A | Closed | Containment Sump to RHR Pumps | | |
| | 8982B | Closed | Containment Sump to RHR Pumps | | |
| | 8992 | Open | Spray Additive Tank to Eductor | | |
| | 8701 | Closed | RHR Suction | | |
| | . 8702 | Closed | RHR Suction | | |
| SR 3.5.2.2 | NOTE | | | | |
| | | Not required to be met for system vent flow paths opened under administrative control. | | | |
| | automatic | valve in the otherwise se | nual, power operated, and flow path, that is not locked, ecured in position, is in the | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | |

(continued)

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---|--|
| SR 3.5.2.3 | Verify ECCS locations susceptible to gas accumulation are sufficiently filled with water. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.5.2.4 | Verify each ECCS pump's developed head at the test flow point is greater than or equal to the required developed head. | In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program. |
| SR 3.5.2.5 | Verify each ECCS automatic valve in the flow path that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, actuates to the correct position on an actual or simulated actuation signal. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.5.2.6 | Verify each ECCS pump starts automatically on an actual or simulated actuation signal. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.5.2.7 | Verify, for each ECCS throttle valve listed below, each mechanical position stop is in the correct position. Charging Injection Throttle Valves Safety Injection Throttle Valves | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| | 8810A 8822A 8810B 8822B 8810C 8822C 8810D 8822D | |
| SR 3.5.2.8 | Verify, by visual inspection, each ECCS train containment recirculation sump suction inlet is not restricted by debris and the suction inlet trash racks and screens show no evidence of structural distress or abnormal corrosion. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

| | CY CORE COOLI | NG SYS | TEMS (ECCS) | | | | |
|---|--|--------|--|-------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| 3.5.3 ECCS - S | Shutdown | | | | | | |
| LCO 3.5.3 One ECCS train shall be OPERABLE. | | | | | | | |
| An RHR train m | ay be considered (ble of being manua | OPERAL | NOTE BLE during alignment and op igned to the ECCS mode of o | era opei | tion for decay heat ration. | | |
| APPLICABILITY | : MODE 4. | | | | | | |
| ACTIONS | | | NOTE | | | | |
| LCO 3.0.4b is no | ot applicable to EC | CS Cer | -NOTE ntrifugal Charging Pump subs | syst | em. | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| CON | DITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | С | OMPLETION TIME | | |
| A. Required E inoperable | ECCS train | A.1 | LCO 3.0.4.a is not applicable when entering MODE 4. | | | | |
| | Initiate action to restore required ECCS train to OPERABLE status. | | | | | | |
| SURVEILLANCE | E REQUIREMENT | S | | | | | |
| | SURV | EILLAN | ICE | | FREQUENCY | | |
| off didition in the second of | | | | | In accordance with applicable SRs | | |
| | SR 3.5.2.1 | SR 3 | .5.2.7 | | | | |
| | SR 3.5.2.3 | SR 3 | .5.2.8 | | | | |

SR 3.5.2.4

3.5 EMERGENCY CORE COOLING SYSTEMS (ECCS)

3.5.4 Refueling Water Storage Tank (RWST)

LCO 3.5.4

The RWST shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|------------|---|-----------------|
| Α. | RWST boron concentration not within limits. | A.1 | Restore RWST to OPERABLE status. | 8 hours |
| | <u>OR</u> | | | |
| | RWST borated water temperature not within limits. | | | |
| B. | RWST inoperable for reasons other than Condition A. | B.1 | Restore RWST to OPERABLE status. | 1 hour |
| C. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | C.1 AND | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | | C.2 | LCO 3.0.4.a is not applicable when entering MODE 4. | |
| | | | Be in MODE 4. | 12 hours |

| OOTTV LILLY (140 | LINEQUINEWING | 1 |
|------------------|---|--|
| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
| SR 3.5.4.1 | Only required to be performed when ambient air temperature is < 35°F. | |
| | Verify RWST borated water temperature is ≥ 35°F. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.5.4.2 | Verify RWST borated water volume is ≥ 455,300 gallons. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.5.4.3 | Verify RWST boron concentration is ≥ 2300 ppm and ≤ 2500 ppm. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.5 EMERGENCY CORE COOLING SYSTEMS (ECCS)

3.5.5 Seal Injection Flow

LCO 3.5.5

Reactor coolant pump seal injection flow resistance shall be

 \geq 0.2117 ft/gpm².

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, and 3.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|--------------------------|--|------------------|
| Α. | Seal injection flow resistance not within limit. | A.1 | Adjust manual seal injection throttle valves to give a flow resistance within limit. | 4 hours |
| В. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | B.1 <u>AND</u> B.2 | Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 4. | 6 hours 12 hours |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|--|--|
| SR 3.5.5.1 | Not required to be performed until 4 hours after the Reactor Coolant System pressure stabilizes at ≥ 2215 psig and ≤ 2255 psig. Verify manual seal injection throttle valves are adjusted to give a flow resistance ≥ 0.2117 ft/gpm². | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.6.1 Containment

LCO 3.6.1

Containment shall be OPERABLE

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|--|------------|---|-----------------|
| A. Containment inoperable. | A.1 | Restore containment to OPERABLE status. | 1 hour |
| B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | B.1 AND | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | B.2 | Be in MODE 5. | 36 hours |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---|--|
| SR 3.6.1.1 | Perform required visual examinations and leakage rate testing except for containment air lock testing, in accordance with the Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program. | In accordance with the Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program. |
| SR 3.6.1.2 | Not used | |

3.6.2 Containment Air Locks

LCO 3.6.2

Two containment air locks shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

| | CT | | _ |
|---|----|------|-------|
| | | | |
| ~ | | 11 1 | |

-NOTES---

- 1. Entry and exit is permissible to perform repairs on the affected air lock components.
- 2. Separate Condition entry is allowed for each air lock.
- 3. Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions of LCO 3.6.1, "Containment," when air lock leakage results in exceeding the overall containment leakage rate.

| | | | | · | | |
|----|--|---|---|--|----------|-------------|
| | CONDITION | | R | EQUIRED ACTION | COMPLE | TION TIME |
| A. | One or more containment air locks with one containment air lock door inoperable. | Required Actions A.1, A.2, and A.3 are not applicable if both doors in the same air lock are inoperable and Condition C is entered. Entry and exit is permissible for 7 days under administrative controls if both air locks are inoperable. | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | A.1 | | Verify the OPERABLE door is closed in the affected air lock. | 1 hour | |
| | | AN | D | | | |
| | | A.2 | | Lock the OPERABLE door closed in the affected air lock. | 24 hours | (continued) |

ACTIONS

| • | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|---|-------------------------|---|---|------------------|
| A. | (continued) | AND A.3 | Air lock doors in high radiation areas may be verified locked closed by administrative means. | |
| • | | | Verify the OPERABLE door is locked closed in the affected air lock. | Once per 31 days |
| В. | One or more containment | | NOTES | · |
| air locks with containment air lock interlock mechanism inoperable. | and boti lock | quired Actions B.1, B.2, I B.3 are not applicable if h doors in the same air k are inoperable and ndition C is entered. | | |
| | is p | ry and exit of containment ermissible under the trol of a dedicated vidual. | | |
| | | B.1 | Verify an OPERABLE door is closed in the affected air lock. | 1 hour |
| | | AND | | |
| | | B.2 | Lock an OPERABLE door closed in the affected air lock. | 24 hours |
| | | AND | | |
| | B.3 | Air lock doors in high radiation areas may be verified locked closed by administrative means. | | |
| | | | Verify an OPERABLE door is locked closed in the affected air lock. | Once per 31 days |

ACTIONS (continued)

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| C. | One or more containment air locks inoperable for reasons other than Condition A or B. | C.1 | Initiate action to evaluate overall containment leakage rate per LCO 3.6.1. | Immediately |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | C.2 | Verify a door is closed in the affected air lock. | 1 hour |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | C.3 | Restore air lock to | 24 hours |
| | | | OPERABLE status. | <u>OR</u> |
| | | | | In accordance with the RICT Program |
| D. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | D.1 AND | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | | D.2 | Be in MODE 5. | 36 hours |

| | FREQUENCY | | | | |
|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| SR 3.6.2.1 | SR 3.6.2.1 1. An inoperable air lock door does not invalidate the previous successful performance of the overall air lock leakage test. 2. Results shall be evaluated against acceptance criteria applicable to SR 3.6.1.1 | | | | |
| | Perform required air lock leakage rate testing in accordance with the Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program. | In accordance with the Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program | | | |
| SR 3.6.2.2 | Verify only one door in the air lock can be opened at a time. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | | | |

3.6.3 Containment Isolation Valves

LCO 3.6.3 Each containment isolation valve shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

| Λ | \sim | П | \cap | NI | C |
|---|--------|---|--------|----|---|
| м | C | П | U | I٧ | J |

-----NOTES-----

- 1. Penetration flow path(s) except for 48-inch purge valve flow paths, may be unisolated intermittently under administrative controls.
- 2. Separate Condition entry is allowed for each penetration flow path.
- 3. Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions for systems made inoperable by containment isolation valves.
- 4. Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions of LCO 3.6.1, "Containment," when isolation valve leakage results in exceeding the overall containment leakage rate acceptance criteria.

| | | 1 | | 1 |
|----|--|-----|---|---|
| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
| A. | Only applicable to penetration flow paths with two containment isolation valves. One or more penetration flow paths with one containment isolation valve inoperable except for a containment purge supply and exhaust valve or pressure/vacuum relief valve leakage not within limit. | A.1 | Isolate the affected penetration flow path by use of at least one closed and de-activated automatic valve, closed manual valve, blind flange, or check valve with flow through the valve secured. | 4 hours OR In accordance with the RICT Program |
| | | | | (continued) |

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|-----|---|---|
| A. | (continued) | A.2 | Isolation devices in high radiation areas may be verified by use of administrative means. Isolation devices that are locked, sealed, or otherwise secured may be verified by administrative means. Verify the affected penetration flow path is isolated. | Once per 31 days following isolation for isolation devices outside containment AND Prior to entering MODE 4 from MODE 5 if not performed within the previous 92 days for isolation devices inside containment |
| В. | Only applicable to penetration flow paths with two containment isolation valves. One or more penetration flow paths with two containment isolation valves inoperable except for a containment purge supply and exhaust valve or pressure/vacuum relief valve leakage not within limit. | B.1 | Isolate the affected penetration flow path by use of at least one closed and de-activated automatic valve, closed manual valve, or blind flange. | 1 hour |

(continued)

ACTIONS (continued)

| C | ONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|--|---|------------|---|---|
| Only appenetration only on isolation system | | C.1 | Isolate the affected penetration flow path by use of at least one closed and de-activated automatic valve, closed manual valve, or blind flange. | 72 hours OR In accordance with the RICT Program |
| flow par | more penetration ths with one ment isolation valve able. | AND C.2 | Isolation devices in high radiation areas may be verified by use of administrative means. Isolation devices that are locked, sealed, or otherwise secured may be verified by administrative means. Verify the affected penetration flow path is isolated. | Once per 31 days following isolation |
| flow par contain and ext vacuum valves i | more penetration ths with one or more ment purge supply haust and h/pressure relief not within purge eakage limits. | D.1 | Isolate the affected penetration flow path by use of at least one closed and de-activated automatic valve, closed manual valve, or blind flange. | 24 hours (continued) |

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|-------------------|---|--|
| D. | (continued) | D.2 | Isolation devices in high radiation areas may be verified by use of administrative means. Isolation devices that are locked, sealed, or otherwise secured may be verified by administrative means. | |
| | | | Verify the affected penetration flow path is isolated. | Once per 31 days for isolation devices outside containment AND Prior to entering MODE 4 from MODE 5 if not performed within the previous 92 days for isolation devices inside containment |
| | | <u>AND</u> D.3 | Perform SR 3.6.3.7 for the resilient seal purge or vacuum/pressure relief valves closed to comply with Required Action D.1. | Once per 92 days |
| Ε. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | E.1 AND | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | | E.2 | Be in MODE 5. | 36 hours |

| CONVENEDANCE | E REQUIREMENTS | |
|--------------|--|--|
| · | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
| SR 3.6.3.1 | Verify each 48 inch purge valve is sealed closed, except for one purge valve in a penetration flow path while in Condition D of this LCO. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.6.3.2 | Verify each 12 inch vacuum/pressure relief valve is closed, except when these valves are open for pressure control, ALARA or air quality considerations for personnel entry, or for Surveillances that require the valves to be open. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.6.3.3 | Valves and blind flanges in high radiation areas may be verified by use of administrative controls. | |
| | Verify each containment isolation manual valve and blind flange that is located outside containment and not locked, sealed or otherwise secured and required to be closed during accident conditions is closed, except for containment isolation valves that are open under administrative controls. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.6.3.4 | Valves and blind flanges in high radiation areas may be verified by use of administrative means. | |
| | Verify each containment isolation manual valve and blind flange that is located inside containment and not locked, sealed or otherwise secured and required to be closed during accident conditions is closed, except for containment isolation valves that are open under administrative controls. | Prior to entering MODE 4 from MODE 5 if not performed within the previous 92 days |
| SR 3.6.3.5 | Verify the isolation time of each automatic power operated containment isolation valve is within | In accordance with the Inservice Testing |
| • | limits. | Program |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

| | SURVEILLANCE | | | | | |
|-------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| SR 3.6.3.7 | This surveillance is not required when the penetration flow path is isolated by a leak tested blank flange. | | | | | |
| | Perform leakage rate testing for containment purge supply and exhaust and vacuum/pressure relief valves with resilient seals. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | | | | |
| SR 3.6.3.8 | Verify each automatic containment isolation valve that is not locked, sealed or otherwise secured in position, actuates to the isolation position on an actual or simulated actuation signal. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | | | | |
| SR 3.6.3.9 | Not used | · | | | | |
| SR 3.6.3.10 | Verify each 12 inch containment vacuum/pressure relief valve is blocked to restrict the valve from opening > 50°. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | | | | |
| SR 3.6.3.11 | Not used | | | | | |

3.6.4 Containment Pressure

LCO 3.6.4

Containment pressure shall be \geq -1.0 psig and \leq +1.2 psig.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|------------|--|-----------------|
| Α. | Containment pressure not within limits. | A.1 | Restore containment pressure to within limits. | 4 hours |
| В. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | B.1 AND | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | <u>_</u> | B.2 | Be in MODE 5. | 36 hours |

| _ | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---|--|
| SR 3.6.4.1 | Verify containment pressure is within limits. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.6.5 Containment Air Temperature

LCO 3.6.5

Containment average air temperature shall be ≤ 120°F.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|------------|--|-----------------|
| A. | Containment average air temperature not within limit. | A.1 | Restore containment average air temperature to within limit. | 8 hours |
| B. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | B.1 AND | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | | B.2 | Be in MODE 5. | 36 hours |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---|---|
| SR 3.6.5.1 | Verify containment average air temperature is within limit. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.6.6 Containment Spray and Cooling Systems

LCO 3.6.6 The containment fan cooling unit (CFCU) system and two containment spray trains shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|---------------------------|--|--|
| A. | One containment spray train inoperable. | A.1 | Restore containment spray train to OPERABLE status. | 72 hours OR In accordance with the RICT Program |
| B. | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met. | B.1 <u>AND</u> B.2. | Be in MODE 3. NOTE LCO 3.0.4.a is not applicable when entering MODE 4Be in MODE 4. | 6 hours 54 hours |
| C. | One required CFCU system inoperable such that a minimum of two CFCUs remain OPERABLE. | C.1 | Restore required CFCU system to OPERABLE status. | 7 days OR In accordance with the RICT Program |

(continued)

ACTIONS (continued)

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|------------|---|---|
| D. | One required containment spray train inoperable and one required CFCU system inoperable such that a minimum of two CFCUs remain OPERABLE. | D.1 | Restore one required containment spray system to OPERABLE status, | 72 hours OR In accordance with the RICT Program |
| | | D.2 | Restore one CFCU system to OPERABLE status such that four CFCUs or three CFCUs, each supplied by a different vital bus, are OPERABLE. | 72 hours OR In accordance with the RICT Program |
| E. | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition C or D not met. | E.1 AND | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | | E.2 | NOTE LCO 3.0.4.a is not applicable when entering MODE 4. | |
| | | | Be in MODE 4. | 12 hours |
| F. | Two containment spray trains inoperable. OR | F.1 | Enter LCO 3.0.3. | Immediately |
| | One containment spray train inoperable and two CFCU systems inoperable such that one or less CFCUs remain OPERABLE. | | | |
| | OR One or less CFCUs OPERABLE. | | | |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---|---|
| SR 3.6.6.1 | Not required to be met for system vent flow paths opened under administrative control. | |
| | Verify each containment spray manual, power operated, and automatic valve in the flow path that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position is in the correct position. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.6.6.2 | Operate each CFCU for ≥ 15 minutes. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.6.6.3 | Verify component cooling water flow rate to each required CFCU is ≥ 1650 gpm. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.6.6.4 | Verify containment spray locations susceptible to gas accumulation are sufficiently filled with water. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.6.6.5 | Verify each containment spray pump's developed head at the flow test point is greater than or equal to the required developed head. | In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program |
| SR 3.6.6.6 | Verify each automatic containment spray valve in the flow path that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, actuates to the correct position on an actual or simulated actuation signal. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.6.6.7 | Verify each containment spray pump starts automatically on an actual or simulated actuation signal. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.6.6.8 | Verify each CFCU starts automatically on an actual or simulated actuation signal. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

(continued)

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|-------------|---|---|
| SR 3.6.6.9 | Verify each spray nozzle is unobstructed. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.6.6.10 | Verify each CFCU starts on low speed. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.6.7 Spray Additive System

LCO 3.6.7

The Spray Additive System shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

| | 10110110 | | | | |
|-----------|---|-----------------|---|-----------------|--|
| CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME | |
| Α. | Spray Additive System inoperable. | A.1 | Restore Spray Additive System to OPERABLE status. | 72 hours | |
| В. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | B.1 AND | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours | |
| | | B.2 | LCO 3.0.4.a is not applicable when entering MODE 4. | | |
| | | | Be in MODE 4. | 54 hours | |

| OUTVEILENINGE | TEQUITERIO | |
|---------------|--|--|
| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
| SR 3.6.7.1 | Verify each spray additive manual, power operated, and automatic valve in the flow path that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position is in the correct position. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.6.7.2 | Verify spray additive tank solution volume is ≥ 46.2% and ≤ 91.9%. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.6.7.3 | Verify spray additive tank NaOH solution concentration is \geq 30% and \leq 32% by weight. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.6.7.4 | Verify each spray additive automatic valve in the flow path that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, actuates to the correct position on an actual or simulated actuation signal. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.6.7.5 | Verify spray additive flow from each solution's flow path. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.6.8 <u>Deleted</u>

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3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.1 Main Steam Safety Valves (MSSVs)

LCO 3.7.1

Five MSSVs per steam generator shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, and 3.

ACTIONS

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each MSSV.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| A. | One or more MSSVs inoperable. | A.1 Reduce the Power Range High Neutron Flux trip setpoint per Table 3.7.1-1. | | 4 hours |
| B. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | B.1 AND | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | OR | | | |
| | One or more steam generators with less than two MSSVs OPERABLE. | B.2 | Be in MODE 4. | 12 hours |

| | FREQUENCY | |
|------------|--|---|
| SR 3.7.1.1 | Only required to be performed in MODES 1 and 2. Verify each required MSSV lift setpoint per Table 3.7.1-2 in accordance with the Inservice Testing Program. Following testing, lift setting shall be within ± 1%. | In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program. |

Table 3.7.1-1 (page 1 of 1)
Maximum Allowable Power Range Neutron Flux High Setpoint With Inoperable MSSVs

| MINIMUM NUMBER OF MSSVs PER STEAM GENERATOR REQUIRED OPERABLE | MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE POWER RANGE NEUTRON FLUX HIGH SETPOINT %RTP |
|--|---|
| 4 | 87* |
| 3 | 47* |
| 2 | 29* |

^{*} Unless the reactor trip system breakers are in the open position.

Table 3.7.1-2 (page 1 of 1) Main Steam Safety Valve Lift Settings

| £ | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|----------|---------|------------------------|
| | VALVE NUMBER | | | LIFT SETTING (psig) |
| | STEAM G | ENERATOR | | |
| #1 [·] | #2 | #3 | #4 | |
| RV-3 | RV-7 | RV-11 | RV-58 | 1065 (-2%, +3%) |
| RV-4 | RV-8 | RV-12 | RV-59 | 1078 (± 3%) |
| RV-5 | RV-9 | RV-13 | . RV-60 | 1090 (± 3%) |
| RV-6 | RV-10 | RV-14 | RV-61 | 1103 (± 3%) |
| RV-222 | RV-223 | RV-224 | RV-225 | 1115 (± 3%) |

3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.2 Main Steam Isolation Valves (MSIVs)

LCO 3.7.2 Four MSIVs shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 1,

MODES 2 and 3 except when all MSIVs are closed and de-activated.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Α. | One MSIV inoperable in MODE 1. | A.1 | Restore MSIV to OPERABLE status. | 8 hours OR |
| | | | | In accordance with the RICT Program |
| B. | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met. | B.1 | Be in MODE 2. | 6 hours |
| C. | Separate Condition entry is allowed for each MSIV. | C.1 AND | Close MSIV. | 8 hours |
| | One or more MSIVs inoperable in MODE 2 or 3. | C.2 | Verify MSIV is closed. | Once per 7 days |
| D. | Required Action and associated Completion Time | D.1 | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | of Condition C not met. | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | D.2 | Be in MODE 4. | 12 hours |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---|--|
| SR 3.7.2.1 | Only required to be performed in MODES 1 and 2. | |
| | Verify closure time of each MSIV is ≤ 5 seconds. | In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program |
| SR 3.7.2.2 | Only required to be performed in MODES 1 and 2. | |
| | Verify each MSIV actuates to the isolation position on an actual or simulated actuation signal. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.7.3 Main Feedwater Isolation Valves (MFIVs), Main Feedwater Regulating Valves (MFRVs), MFRV Bypass Valves, and Main Feedwater Pump (MFWP) Turbine Stop Valves

LCO 3.7.3

Four MFIVs, four MFRVs, four MFRV bypass valves, and four MFWP

turbine stop valves shall be OPERABLE

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, and 3 except when MFIV, MFRV, or MFRV bypass valve is closed and de-activated or isolated by a closed manual valve, or when MFWP turbine stop-valve is closed and steam supply to the MFWP turbine is isolated, or when MFWP discharge is isolated by a closed manual valve.

ACTIONS

-NOTE

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each valve.

| | CONDITION | 1 | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|------------|--|-----------------|
| A. | One or more MFIVs inoperable. | A.1 | Close or isolate MFIV. | 72 hours |
| | | A.2 | Verify MFIV is closed or isolated. | Once per 7 days |
| B. | One or more MFRVs inoperable. | B.1 AND | Close or isolate MFRV. | 72 hours |
| | · | B.2 . | Verify MFRV is closed or isolated. | Once per 7 days |
| C. | One or more MFRV bypass valve(s) inoperable. | C.1 | Close or isolate bypass valve. | 72 hours |
| | | AND | | · |
| | | C.2 | Verify bypass valve is closed or isolated. | Once per 7 days |

| 401 | TIONS (continued) | | | T |
|-----|---|------------|--|------------------|
| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
| D. | One or more MFWP turbine stop valves inoperable. | D.1.1 | Close MFWP turbine stop valve. | 72 hours |
| | • | | · <u>OR</u> | |
| | | D.1.2 | Trip MFWP. | 72 hours |
| | | | <u>OR</u> | |
| | | D.1.3 | Isolate MFWP discharge. | 72 hours |
| | | AND | | Once per 7 days |
| | | D.2 | Verify MFWP turbine stop valve closed, MFWP tripped, or MFWP discharge isolated. | Chice per 1 days |
| E. | Two valves in the same flow path inoperable, resulting in a loss of feedwater isolation capability for the flow path. | E.1 | Isolate affected flow path. | 8 hours |
| F. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | F.1 AND | Be in MODE 3 | 6 hours |
| | | F.2 | Be in MODE 4. | 12 hours |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|--|---|
| SR 3.7.3.1 | Verify the closure time of each MFIV is ≤ 60 seconds. | In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program |
| SR 3.7.3.2 | Verify the closure time of each MFRV and MFRV bypass valve is ≤ 7 seconds. | At each COLD SHUTDOWN, but not more frequently than once per 92 days |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

| | SURVEILLANCE | | | | | |
|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| SR 3.7.3.3 | Verify each MFIV, MFRV, MFRV bypass valve, and MFWP turbine stop valve actuates to the closed position on an actual or simulated actuation signal. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | | | | |
| SR 3.7.3.4 | Verify the closure time of each MFWP turbine stop valve is ≤ 1 second. | At each COLD SHUTDOWN, but not more frequently than once per 92 days. | | | | |

3.7.4 10% Atmospheric Dump Valves (ADVs)

LCO 3.7.4 Four ADV lines shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3,

MODE 4 when steam generator is relied upon for heat removal.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| A. | One required ADV line | A.1 | Restore required ADV line | 7 days |
| | inoperable. | | to OPERABLE status | <u>OR</u> |
| | | | | In accordance with the RICT Program |
| B. | Two required ADV lines inoperable. | B.1 | Restore at least one ADV line to OPERABLE status. | 72 hours |
| C. | Three or more required ADV lines inoperable. | C.1 | Restore at least two ADV lines to OPERABLE status. | 24 hours |
| D. | Required Action and | D.1 | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | associated Completion Time not met. | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | D.2 | Be in MODE 4 without reliance upon steam generator for heat removal. | 18 hours |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|---|---|---|
| SR 3.7.4.1 Verify one complete cycle of each ADV. | | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.7.4.2 | Verify one complete cycle of each ADV block valve. | In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program |
| SR 3.7.4.3 | Verify that the backup air bottle for each ADV has a pressure ≥ 260 psig. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.7.5 Auxiliary Feedwater (AFW) System

Only one AFW train, which includes a motor driven pump, is required to be OPERABLE in MODE 4.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3,

MODE 4 when steam generator is relied upon for heat removal.

ACTIONS

------NOTE-------LCO 3.0.4b is not applicable.

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|-----|--|--|
| A. | Turbine driven AFW train inoperable due to one inoperable steam supply OR NOTE Only applicable if MODE 2 has not been entered following refueling. Turbine driven AFW pump inoperable in MODE 3 following refueling. | A.1 | Restore affected equipment to OPERABLE status. | 7 days OR In accordance with the RICT Program |
| В. | One AFW train inoperable in MODE 1, 2 or 3 for reasons other than Condition A. | B.1 | Restore AFW train to OPERABLE status. | 72 hours OR In accordance with the RICT Program |

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|--------------------------|--|--|
| C. | Only applicable when the remaining OPERABLE motor driven AFW train provides feedwater to the steam generator with the inoperable steam supply. | C.1 | Restore the steam supply to the turbine driven train to OPERABLE status. Restore the motor driven AFW train to OPERABLE status. | 48 hours OR In accordance with the RICT Program |
| | Turbine driven AFW train inoperable due to one inoperable steam supply. AND One motor driven AFW train inoperable. | C.2 | | 48 hours OR In accordance with the RICT Program |
| D. | Required Action and associated Completion Time for Condition A, B, or C not met. | D.1 <u>AND</u> D.2 | Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 4. | 6 hours 18 hours |
| | Two AFW trains inoperable in MODE 1, 2 or 3 for reasons other than Condition C. | | | |
| E. | Three AFW trains inoperable in MODE 1, 2, or 3. | E.1 | LCO 3.0.3 and all other LCO Required Actions requiring MODE changes are suspended until one AFW train is restored to OPERABLE status. Initiate action to restore one AFW train to | Immediately |
| F. | Required AFW train inoperable in MODE 4. | F.1 | OPERABLE status Initiate action to restore AFW train to OPERABLE status. | Immediately |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY | |
|------------|--|--|--|
| SR 3.7.5.1 | AFW train(s) may be considered OPERABLE during alignment and operation for steam generator level control, if it is capable of being manually realigned to the AFW mode of operation. | | |
| | Verify each AFW manual, power operated, and automatic valve in each water flow path, and in both steam supply flow paths to the steam turbine driven pump, that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, is in the correct position. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | |
| SR 3.7.5.2 | Not required to be performed for the turbine driven AFW pump until 24 hours after ≥ 650 psig in the steam generator. | | |
| | Verify the developed head of each AFW pump at the flow test point is greater than or equal to the required developed head. | In accordance with the Inservice Test Program. | |
| SR 3.7.5.3 | AFW train(s) may be considered OPERABLE during alignment and operation for steam generator level control, if it is capable of being manually realigned to the AFW mode of operation. | | |
| | Verify each AFW automatic valve that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, actuates to the correct position on an actual or simulated actuation signal. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|--|--|
| SR 3.7.5.4 | Not required to be performed for the turbine driven AFW pump until 24 hours after ≥ 650 psig in the steam generator. | |
| | AFW train(s) may be considered OPERABLE during alignment and operation for steam generator level control, if it is capable of being manually realigned to the AFW mode of operation. | |
| | Verify each AFW pump starts automatically on an actual or simulated actuation signal. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.7.5.5 | Not used. | |

3.7.6 Condensate Storage Tank (CST)

LCO 3.7.6

The CST shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, and 3,

MODE 4 when steam generator is relied upon for heat removal.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|-------------------------------------|-----|---|------------------------------|
| Α. | CST inoperable. | A.1 | Verify by administrative means OPERABILITY of backup water supply. | 4 hours |
| | | | | <u>AND</u> |
| | | | | Once per 12 hours thereafter |
| | | AND | | |
| | | A.2 | Restore CST to OPERABLE status. | 7 days |
| В. | Required Action and | B.1 | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | associated Completion Time not met. | AND | | |
| | | B.2 | Be in MODE 4, without reliance on steam generator for heat removal. | 18 hours |

| | SURVEILLANCE | | | | | | | |
|------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| SR 3.7.6.1 | Verify the CST water volume is ≥ 200,000 gallons for Unit 1 and ≥ 166,000 gallons for Unit 2. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | | | | | | |

3.7.7 Vital Component Cooling Water (CCW) System

LCO 3.7.7 Two vital CCW loops shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|-------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| A. | One vital CCW loop inoperable. | A.1 | NOTE Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions of LCO 3.4.6, "RCS Loops - MODE 4," for residual heat removal loops made inoperable by CCW | 72 hours OR |
| | | | | In accordance with the RICT Program |
| B. | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met. | B.1 AND B.2 | Be in MODE 3. NOTE LCO 3.0.4.a is not applicable when entering MODE 4. | 6 hours |
| | | | Be in MODE 4. | 12 hours |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|--|--|
| SR 3.7.7.1 | NOTEIsolation of CCW flow to individual components does not render the CCW System inoperable | |
| | Verify each CCW manual, power operated, and automatic valve in the flow path servicing safety related equipment, that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, is in the correct position. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.7.7.2 | Verify each CCW automatic valve in the flow path that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, actuates to the correct position on an actual or simulated actuation signal. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.7.7.3 | Verify each CCW pump starts automatically on an actual or simulated actuation signal. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.7.8 Auxiliary Saltwater (ASW) System

LCO 3.7.8 Two ASW trains shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

| | 10110 | 1 | | |
|----|--|-------------------|---|---|
| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
| A. | One ASW train inoperable. | A.1 | Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions of LCO 3.4.6, "RCS Loops - MODE 4," for residual heat removal loops made inoperable by ASW | NOTE A Completion Time of 144 hours is applicable for ASW pump 2-2 on a one-time basis, for Unit 2 cycle 24 |
| B. | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met. | B.1 AND B.2 | Be in MODE 3. NOTE LCO 3.0.4.a is not applicable when entering MODE 4Be in MODE 4. | 6 hours 12 hours |

| | FREQUENCY | |
|------------|---|--|
| SR 3.7.8.1 | Verify each ASW manual and power operated, valve in the flow path servicing safety related equipment, that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, is in the correct position. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.7.8.2 | Verify each ASW power operated valve in the flow path that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, can be moved to the correct position. | In accordance with the Inservice Test Program. |
| SR 3.7.8.3 | Verify each ASW pump starts automatically on an actual or simulated actuation signal. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.7.9 Ultimate Heat Sink (UHS)

LCO 3.7.9 The UHS shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|--------------------------|--|-----------------|
| Α. | With the UHS temperature > 64°F. | A.1 | Place a second CCW heat exchanger in service. | 8 hours |
| В. | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met. | B.1 <u>AND</u> B.2 | Be in MODE 3. NOTE LCO 3.0.4.a is not applicable when entering MODE 4. | 6 hours |
| | | | Be in MODE 4. | 12 hours |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---|---|
| SR 3.7.9.1 | Not used. | |
| SR 3.7.9.2 | Verify water temperature of UHS is within limits. | 24 hours if UHS temperature is ≤ 60°F, AND 12 hours if UHS temperature > 60°F but ≤ 62°F, AND 2 hours if UHS temperature > 62°F but ≤ 64°F. |

| 3 | 7 | ΡI | ΔΙ | NΤ | S | /5 | ١A | S |
|----|---|-----|----|-----|---|----|--------|---|
| J. | | _ L | - | N 1 | 0 | 0 | VΙ | u |

3.7.10 Control Room Ventilation System (CRVS)

| CO 3.7.10 Two CRVS trains shall be OPERABLE. | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | NOTE | | | | | | |
| The control room e controls. | envelope (CRE) boundary may be opened intermittently under administrative | | | | | | |
| APPLICABILITY: | MODES 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6. During movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies. | | | | | | |
| ACTIONS | NOTE | | | | | | |
| | multaneously to both units. | | | | | | |

| | CONDITION | R | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|-------------------|--|-----------------|
| Α. | One CRVS train inoperable for reasons other than Condition B. | A.1 | Restore CRVS train to OPERABLE status. | 7 days |
| B. | One or more CRVS trains inoperable due to inoperable CRE boundary in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4. | B.1 <u>AND</u> | Initiate action to implement mitigating actions. | Immediately |
| | | B.2 | Verify mitigating actions ensure CRE occupant exposures to radiological hazards will not exceed limits, and CRE occupants are protected from smoke and chemical hazards. | 24 hours |
| | | AND | | |
| | | B.3 | Restore CRE boundary to OPERABLE status. | 90 days |

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|------------|--|-----------------|
| C. | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B | C.1 AND | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | not met in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4. | C.2 | LCO 3.0.4.a is not applicable when entering MODE 4. | |
| | | | Be in MODE 4. | 12 hours |
| D. | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met in MODE 5 or 6, or during movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies. | D.1.1 | Place OPERABLE CRVS train in pressurization mode. | Immediately |
| | | | AND | |
| | | D.1.2 | Verify that the OPERABLE CRVS train is capable of being powered by an OPERABLE emergency power source. | Immediately |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | |
| | | D.2 | Suspend movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies. | Immediately |

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|-----|--|-----------------|
| E. | Two CRVS trains inoperable in MODE 5 OR 6, or during movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies. OR | E.1 | Suspend movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies. | Immediately |
| | One or more CRVS trains inoperable due to an inoperable CRE boundary in MODE 5 or 6, or during movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies. | | | |
| F. | Two CRVS trains inoperable in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4 for reasons other than Condition B. | F.1 | Enter LCO 3.0.3. | Immediately |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|-------------|---|--|
| SR 3.7.10.1 | Operate each CRVS train for ≥ 15 minutes. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.7.10.2 | Verify that each CRVS redundant fan is aligned to receive electrical power from a separate OPERABLE vital bus. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.7.10.3 | Perform required CRVS filter testing in accordance with the Ventilation Filter Testing Program (VFTP). | In accordance with VFTP |
| SR 3.7.10.4 | Verify each CRVS train automatically switches into the pressurization mode of operation on an actual or simulated actuation signal, except for dampers and valves that are locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in the actuated position. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.7.10.5 | Perform required CRE unfiltered air inleakage testing in accordance with the Control Room Envelope Habitability Program. | In accordance with the Control Room Envelope Habitability Program |

3.7.11 Control Room Emergency Air Temperature Control System (CREATCS)

LCO 3.7.11 Not Used.

3.7.12 Auxiliary Building Ventilation System (ABVS)

LCO 3.7.12

Two ABVS trains shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|-------------------|--|-----------------|
| A. | The common HEPA filter and/or charcoal adsorber inoperable. | A.1 | Restore the common HEPA filter and charcoal adsorber to OPERABLE status. | 24 hours |
| В. | One ABVS train inoperable. | B.1 | Restore ABVS train to OPERABLE status | 7 days |
| C. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | C.1 <u>AND</u> | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | | C.2 | LCO 3.0.4.a is not applicable when entering MODE 4. | |
| | | | Be in MODE 4. | 12 hours |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|-------------|--|--|
| SR 3.7.12.1 | This surveillance shall verify that each ABVS train is aligned to receive electrical power from a separate OPERABLE vital bus. | |
| | Operate each ABVS train for ≥ 15 minutes. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.7.12.2 | Perform required ABVS filter testing in accordance with the Ventilation Filter Testing Program (VFTP). | In accordance with the VFTP |
| | SR is not applicable to a specific ABVS train when that ABVS train is configured and performing its safety function. | |
| SR 3.7.12.3 | Verify each ABVS train actuates on an actual or simulated actuation signal and the system realigns to exhaust through the common HEPA filter and charcoal adsorber, except for dampers and valves that are locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in the actuated position. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.7.12.4 | Not Used. | |
| SR 3.7.12.5 | Not Used. | |
| SR 3.7.12.6 | Verifying that leakage through the ABVS Dampers M2A and M2B is less than or equal to 5 cfm when subjected to a Constant Pressure or Pressure Decay Leak Rate Test in accordance with ASME N510-1989. The test pressure for the leak rate test shall be based on a maximum operating pressure as defined in ASME N510- 1989, of 8 inches water gauge. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.7.13 Fuel Handling Building Ventilation System (FHBVS)

LCO 3.7.13

Two FHBVS trains shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

During movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies in the fuel handling

building.

------NOTE------

LCO 3.0.3 is not applicable.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|-----------|---|-----------------|
| Α. | One FHBVS train inoperable. | A.1 | Restore FHBVS train to OPERABLE status. | Immediately |
| B. | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met during movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies in the fuel building. | B.1 | Place the OPERABLE FHBVS train in operation and verify that it is capable of being powered from an OPERABLE emergency power source. | Immediately |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | |
| | | B.2 | Suspend movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies in the fuel handling building. | Immediately |
| C. | Two FHBVS trains inoperable during movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies in the fuel building. | C.1 | Suspend movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies in the fuel handling building. | Immediately |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|-------------|--|--|
| SR 3.7.13.1 | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | |
| SR 3.7.13.2 | Perform required FHBVS filter testing in accordance with the Ventilation Filter Testing Program (VFTP). | In accordance with the VFTP |
| SR 3.7.13.3 | Verify each FHBVS train actuates on an actual or simulated actuation signal, except for dampers and valves that are locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in the actuated position. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.7.13.4 | Verify one FHBVS train can maintain a pressure ≤ -0.125 inches water gauge with respect to atmospheric pressure during the post accident mode of operation. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.7.13.5 | Verify damper M-29 can be closed, except if the damper is locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in the closed position. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.7.14 Penetration Room Exhaust Air Cleanup System (PREACS)

LCO 3.7.14 Not Used.

3.7.15 Spent Fuel Pool Water Level

LCO 3.7.15

The spent fuel pool water level shall be \geq 23 ft over the top of irradiated fuel assemblies seated in the storage racks.

APPLICABILITY:

During movement of irradiated fuel assemblies in the spent fuel pool.

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME |
|-----------|---|-----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| A. | Spent fuel pool water level not within limit. | A.1 | NOTE LCO 3.0.3 is not applicable | Immediately |

| | FREQUENCY | |
|-------------|--|--|
| SR 3.7.15.1 | Verify the spent fuel pool water level is ≥ 23 ft above the top of the irradiated fuel assemblies seated in the storage racks. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.7.16 Spent Fuel Pool Boron Concentration

LCO 3.7.16

The spent fuel pool boron concentration shall be \geq 2000 ppm.

APPLICABILITY: When fuel assemblies are stored in the spent fuel pool.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| A. | Spent fuel pool boron concentration not within limit. | LCO 3.0.3 is not applicable. | | |
| | | A.1 | Suspend movement of fuel assemblies in the spent fuel pool. | Immediately |
| | | AND | | |
| | | A.2 | Initiate action to restore spent fuel pool boron concentration to within limit. | Immediately |

| | FREQUENCY | |
|-------------|---|--|
| SR 3.7.16.1 | Verify the spent fuel pool boron concentration is within limit. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.7.17 Spent Fuel Assembly Storage

LCO 3.7.17 Fuel assembly storage in the spent fuel pool shall be maintained such that:

- a. In the permanent spent fuel storage racks any four cells shall be in a configuration as shown in Figure 3.7.17-1, and
- b. In the cask pit storage rack, for Cycles 14 16, the fuel assemblies shall have:
 - 1. An initial enrichment ≤ 4.1 wt% U-235;
 - 2. A discharge burnup in the "acceptable" region of Figure 3.7.17-4; and
 - 3. A minimum decay time of 10 years since being discharged from the reactor.
- c. The total combined spent fuel pool capacity in the permanent and cask pit storage racks, for Cycles 14 – 16, is limited to no more than 1433 irradiated fuel assemblies. This limit does not apply for an emergency core offload.

APPLICABILITY:

Whenever any fuel assembly is stored in the spent fuel pool.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|----------------------------------|-----|---|-----------------|
| A. | Requirements of the LCO not met. | A.1 | NOTE LCO 3.0.3 is not applicable. Initiate action to move the noncomplying fuel assembly into an acceptable storage location. | Immediately |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

| | SURVEILLANCE | | | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| SR 3.7.17.1 | Verify by administrative means that the fuel assembly characteristics and its expected storage location is in accordance with LCO 3.7.17. | Prior to each fuel assembly move, when the assembly will be stored in the spent fuel pool. | | | |

3.7-28

| Α | А | F | В | | G | w |
|------------------------|---|---|-------------------|---|------------------|---|
| А | Α | В | В | | W | G |
| All Cell Configuration | | | Array guration | · | Checke Config | |

All Cell:

A Fuel assembly with a discharge burnup in the "acceptable" region of Figure 3.7.17-2.

2x2 Array:

- F (a) Fuel assembly with an initial enrichment ≤ 4.9 wt% U-235; or
 - (b) Fuel assembly with an initial enrichment ≤ 5.0 wt% U-235 and an IFBA loading equivalent to 16 rods each with 1.5 mg ¹⁰B/in over 120 inches.
- B Fuel assembly with a discharge burnup in the "acceptable" region of Figure 3.7.17-3.

Checkerboard:

- G Fuel assembly with an initial enrichment ≤ 5.0 wt% U-235.
- W Water cell locations where fuel assemblies are not present, nonfissile components are permitted.

FIGURE 3.7.17-1
ALLOWABLE STORAGE CONFIGURATIONS
(ALL CELL, 2X2 ARRAY, CHECKERBOARD)
FOR THE PERMANENT SPENT FUEL POOL STORAGE RACKS

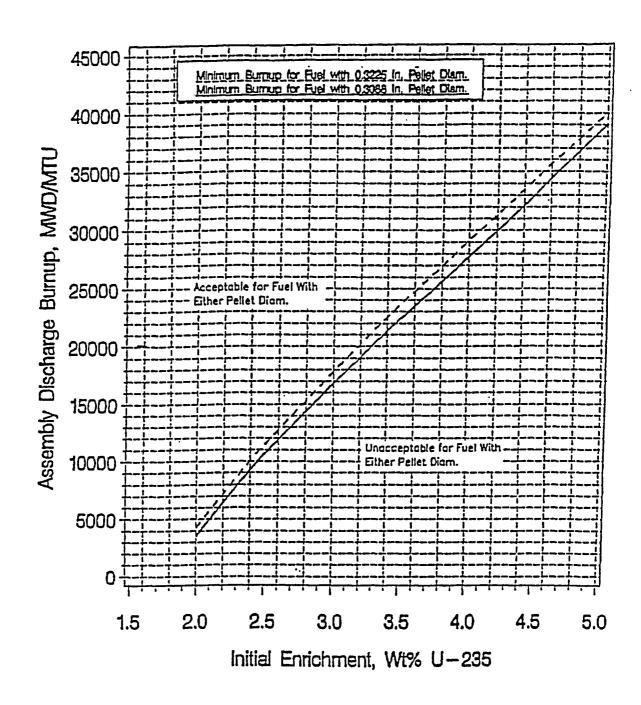


FIGURE 3.7.17-2

MINIMUM REQUIRED ASSEMBLY DISCHARGE BURNUP
AS A FUNCTION OF INITIAL ENRICHMENT AND FUEL PELLET DIAMETER
FOR AN ALL CELL STORAGE CONFIGURATION FOR THE PERMANENT SPENT
FUEL POOL STORAGE RACKS

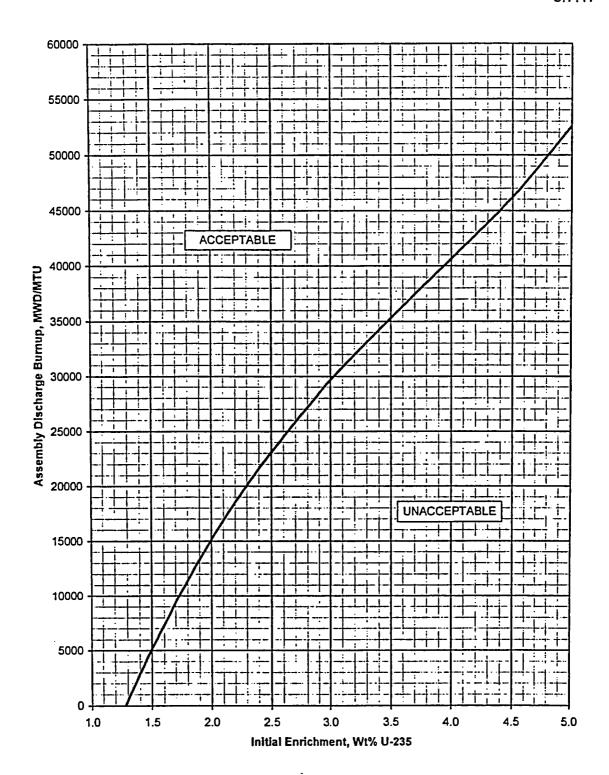


FIGURE 3.7.17-3 MINIMUM REQUIRED ASSEMBLY DISCHARGE BURNUP AS A FUNCTION OF INITIAL ENRICHMENT FOR A 2X2 ARRAY STORAGE CONFIGURATION FOR THE PERMANENT SPENT **FUEL POOL STORAGE RACKS**

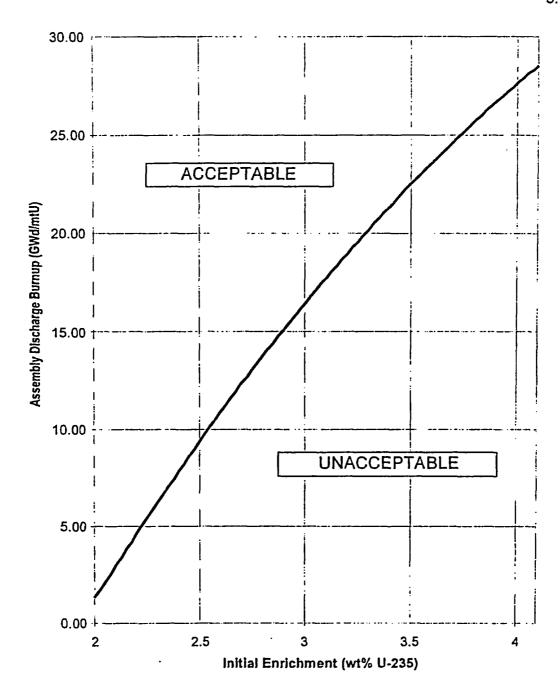


FIGURE 3.7.17-4
MINIMUM REQUIRED ASSEMBLY DISCHARGE BURNUP
AS A FUNCTION OF INITIAL ENRICHMENT
FOR SPENT FUEL STORAGE IN THE CASK PIT STORAGE RACK

NOTES:

- 1. INITIAL ENRICHMENT NOT TO EXCEED 4.1 WT %;
- 2. MINIMUM SPENT FUEL DECAY TIME OF 10 YEARS SINCE BEING DISCHARGED FROM THE REACTOR; AND
- 3. APPLICABLE DURING CYCLES 14 16 WITH CASK PIT RACK INSTALLED

3.7.18 Secondary Specific Activity

LCO 3.7.18

The specific activity of the secondary coolant shall be $\leq 0.10~\mu\text{Ci/gm}$

DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| Α. | Specific activity not within limit. | A.1 | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | | AND | | |
| | | A.2 | Be in MODE 5. | 36 hours |

| | FREQUENCY | |
|-------------|---|--|
| SR 3.7.18.1 | Verify the specific activity of the secondary coolant is $\leq 0.10~\mu\text{Ci/gm}$ DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.8 ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

3.8.1 AC Sources - Operating

LCO 3.8.1 The following AC electrical sources shall be OPERABLE:

- a. Two qualified circuits between the offsite transmission network and the onsite Class 1E AC Electrical Power Distribution System; and
- b. Three diesel generators (DGs) capable of supplying the onsite Class 1E power distribution subsystem(s); and
- c. Two supply trains of the diesel fuel oil (DFO) transfer system.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

LCO 3.0.4b is not applicable to DGs.

| | CONDITION | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Α. | One required offsite circuit A.1 Perform SR 3.8.1.1 for | | 1 hour | |
| | inoperable. | | required OPERABLE offsite circuit. | <u>AND</u> |
| | | | | Once per 8 hours thereafter. |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | A.2 Restore required offsite | 72 hours | |
| | | | circuit to OPERABLE status. | <u>OR</u> |
| | | | | In accordance with the RICT Program |

| | CONDITION | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--------------------|-----------------|---|---|
| B. | One DG inoperable. | B.1 | Perform SR 3.8.1.1 for the required offsite circuit(s). | 1 hour AND Once per 8 hours thereafter. |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | | In MODE 1, 2, and 3, TDAFW pump is considered a required redundant feature. | |
| | | B.2 | Declare required feature(s) supported by the inoperable DG inoperable when its required redundant feature(s) is inoperable. | 4 hours from discovery of Condition B concurrent with inoperability of redundant required feature(s). |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | B.3.1 | Determine OPERABLE DG(s) is not inoperable due to common cause failure. | 24 hours |
| | | | <u>OR</u> | |
| | | B.3.2 | Perform SR 3.8.1.2 for OPERABLE DG(s). | 24 hours |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | B.4 | Restore DG to OPERABLE status. | 14 days |
| | | | | <u>OR</u> |
| | | | | In accordance with the RICT Program |

| CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME |
|-----------|--|-----------------|--|--|
| C. | Two required offsite circuits inoperable. | C.1 | Declare required feature(s) inoperable when its redundant required feature(s) is inoperable. | 12 hours from discovery of Condition C concurrent with inoperability of redundant required features. |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | C.2 | Restore one required offsite circuit to OPERABLE status. | 24 hours OR In accordance with the RICT Program |
| D. | One required offsite circuit inoperable. | D.1 | Restore required offsite circuit to OPERABLE status. | 12 hours OR In accordance with the RICT Program |
| | AND | <u>OR</u> | | - |
| | One DG inoperable. | D.2 | Restore DG to OPERABLE status. | 12 hours OR In accordance with the RICT Program |
| E. | Two or more DGs inoperable. | E.1 | Ensure at least two DGs are OPERABLE. | 2 hours |
| F. | One supply train of the DFO transfer system inoperable. | F.1 | Restore the DFO transfer system to OPERABLE status. | 72 hours OR In accordance with the RICT Program |
| G. | Two supply trains of the DFO transfer system inoperable. | G.1 | Restore one train of the DFO transfer system to OPERABLE status. | 1 hour |

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|------------|--|-----------------|
| H. | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B, C, D, E, F or G not met. | H.1 AND | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | | H.2 | NOTE LCO 3.0.4.a is not applicable when entering MODE 4. | |
| | | | Be in MODE 4. | 12 hours |
| I. | Two or more DGs inoperable. AND One or more required offsite circuits inoperable. | I.1 | Enter LCO 3.0.3. | Immediately |
| J. | One or more DGs inoperable. AND Two required offsite circuits inoperable. | J.1 | Enter LCO 3.0.3. | Immediately |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|--|--|
| SR 3.8.1.1 | Verify correct breaker alignment and indicated power availability for each required offsite circuit. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.8.1.2 | NOTES | |
| | All DG starts may be preceded by an engine prelube period and followed by a warmup period prior to loading. | |
| | Verify each DG starts from standby conditions and achieves steady state voltage ≥ 3980 V and ≤ 4340 V, and frequency ≥ 59.2 Hz and ≤ 60.8 Hz. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.8.1.3 | NOTES | |
| | DG loadings may include gradual loading as recommended by the manufacturer. | |
| | Momentary transients outside the load range do not invalidate this test. | |
| | This Surveillance shall be conducted on only one DG at a time. | |
| | This SR shall be preceded by and immediately follow without shutdown a successful performance of SR 3.8.1.2 or SR 3.8.1.7. | |
| | Verify each DG is synchronized and loaded and operates for ≥ 60 minutes at a load of 2860 kW (nominal) and DG cooling system functions within design limits. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.8.1.4 | Verify each day tank contains a usable volume of ≥ 258 gal of fuel oil. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.8.1.5 | Check for and remove accumulated water from each day tank. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.8.1.6 | Verify the fuel oil transfer system operates to transfer fuel oil from storage tanks to the day tank. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY | |
|------------|---|--|--|
| SR 3.8.1.7 | All DG starts may be preceded by an engine prelube period. | | |
| | Verify each DG starts from standby condition and achieves: | In accordance with the Surveillance | |
| | a. In ≤ 10 seconds, voltage ≥ 3785 V and frequency ≥ 58.8 Hz; and | Frequency Control Program | |
| | b. Steady state voltage ≥ 3980 V and ≤ 4340 V, and frequency ≥ 59.2 Hz and ≤ 60.8 Hz. | | |
| SR 3.8.1.8 | This Surveillance shall not normally be performed for automatic transfers in MODE 1 or 2. However, this Surveillance may be performed to reestablish OPERABILITY provided an assessment determines the safety of the plant is maintained or enhanced. | | |
| | Verify automatic and manual transfer of AC power sources from the normal offsite circuit to the alternate required offsite circuit and manual transfer from the alternate offsite circuit to the delayed access circuit. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | |
| SR 3.8.1.9 | NOTES | | |
| | This Surveillance shall not normally be performed in MODE 1 or 2. However, this Surveillance may be performed to reestablish OPERABILITY provided an assessment determines the safety of the plant is maintained or enhanced. | | |
| | If performed with the DG synchronized with offsite power, it shall be performed at a power factor ≤ 0.9. | | |
| | Verify each DG rejects a load greater than or equal to its associated single largest post-accident load, and: | In accordance with the Surveillance | |
| | a. Following load rejection, the frequency is ≤ 63 Hz; | Frequency Control Program | |
| | b. Within 1.6 seconds following load rejection, the voltage is ≥ 3785 V and ≤ 4400 V; and | | |
| | c. Within 1.6 seconds following load rejection, the frequency is ≥ 58.8 Hz and ≤ 61.2 Hz. | | |

| | FREQUENCY | | |
|-------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| SR 3.8.1.10 | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | | |
| | mair | fy each DG does not trip and voltage is ntained ≤ 5096 V during and following a load ction of 2860 kW (nominal). | |
| SR 3.8.1.11 | | NOTES | |
| | 1. | All DG starts may be preceded by an engine prelube period. | |
| | 2. | This Surveillance shall not normally be performed in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4. However, portions of the Surveillance may be performed to reestablish OPERABILITY provided an assessment determines the safety of the plant is maintained or enhanced. | |
| | Veri sign | fy on an actual or simulated loss of offsite power al: | In accordance with the Surveillance |
| | a. | De-energization of emergency buses; | Frequency Control Program |
| | b. | Load shedding from emergency buses; | |
| | C. | DG auto-starts from standby condition and: | |
| | | energizes permanently connected loads in ≤10 seconds, | |
| | | energizes auto-connected loads through auto-transfer sequencing timers, | |
| | | maintains steady state voltage ≥ 3980 V and ≤ 4340 V, | |
| | | 4. maintains steady state frequency≥ 59.2 Hz and ≤ 60.8 Hz; and | |
| | | supplies permanently connected and auto- connected loads for ≥ 5 minutes. | |
| | | | (continued) |

| | | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|-------------|------------|--|--|
| SR 3.8.1.12 | | NOTES | |
| | 1. | All DG starts may be preceded by an engine prelube period. | |
| | 2 . | This Surveillance shall not normally be performed in MODE 1 or 2. However, portions of the Surveillance may be performed to reestablish OPERABILITY provided an assessment determines the safety of the plant is maintained or enhanced. | |
| | | y on an actual or simulated Safety Injection al each DG auto-starts from standby condition | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control |
| | a . | In ≤ 10 seconds after auto-start and during tests, achieves voltage ≥ 3785 V and frequency ≥ 58.8 Hz; | Program |
| | b. | Achieves steady state voltage ≥ 3980 V and ≤ 4340 V, and frequency ≥ 59.2 Hz and ≤ 60.8 Hz; | |
| | C. | Operates for ≥ 5 minutes; | |
| | d. | Permanently connected loads are energized from the alternate offsite power source; and | |
| | е. | Emergency loads are auto-connected through the ESF load sequencing timers to the alternate offsite power source. | |
| SR 3.8.1.13 | the di | each DG's automatic trips are bypassed when esel engine trip cutout switch is in the cutout on and the DG is aligned for automatic operation of: | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| | a. | Engine overspeed; | |
| | b. | Generator differential current; and | |
| | C. | Low lube oil pressure; | |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|-------------|--|--|
| SR 3.8.1.14 | Momentary transients outside the load and power factor ranges do not invalidate this test. If performed with DG synchronized with offsite power, testing shall be performed at a power factor ≤ 0.84. However, if grid conditions do not permit, the power factor limit is not required to be met. Under this condition, the power factor shall be maintained as close to the limit as practicable. | |
| | Verify each DG operates for ≥ 24 hours: a. For ≥ 2 hours loaded at 2860 kW (nominal); and b. For the remaining hours of the test loaded at 2750 kW (nominal); and c. Verify DG cooling system functions within design limits. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.8.1.15 | This Surveillance shall be performed within 5 minutes of shutting down the DG after the DG has operated ≥ 2 hours loaded at 2750 kW (nominal). Momentary transients outside of load range do not invalidate this test. All DG starts may be preceded by an engine prelube period. | In accordance with |
| | Verify each DG starts and achieves: a. In ≤ 10 seconds, voltage ≥ 3785 V and frequency ≥ 58.8 Hz; and b. Steady state voltage ≥ 3980 V and ≤ 4340 V, and frequency ≥ 59.2 Hz and ≤ 60.8 Hz. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|-------------|--|--|
| SR 3.8.1.16 | This Surveillance shall not normally be performed in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4. However, this Surveillance may be performed to reestablish OPERABILITY provided an assessment determines the safety of the plant is maintained or enhanced. | |
| | Verify each DG: | In accordance with |
| | Synchronizes with offsite power source while loaded with emergency loads upon a simulated restoration of offsite power; | the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| | b. Transfers loads to offsite power source; and | |
| | c. Returns to ready-to-load operation. | |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|-------------|---|--|
| SR 3.8.1.17 | This Surveillance shall not normally be performed in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4. However, portions of the Surveillance may be performed to reestablish OPERABILITY provided an assessment determines the safety of the plant is maintained or enhanced. | |
| | Verify, with a DG operating in test mode and connected to its bus, an actual or simulated Safety Injection signal overrides the test mode by: a. Opening the auxiliary transformer breaker; and b. Automatically sequencing the emergency loads onto the DG. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.8.1.18 | This Surveillance shall not normally be performed in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4. However, this Surveillance may be performed to reestablish OPERABILITY provided an assessment determines the safety of the plant is maintained or enhanced. | |
| | Verify each ESF and auto-transfer load sequencing timer is within its limits. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.8.1.19 | All DG starts may be preceded by an engine prelube period. This Surveillance shall not normally be performed in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4. However, portions of the Surveillance may be performed to reestablish OPERABILITY provided an assessment determines the safety of the plant is maintained or enhanced. | |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| SR 3.8.1.19 (continued) | Verify on an actual or simulated loss of offsite power signal in conjunction with an actual or simulated Safety Injection signal: | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| | De-energization of emergency buses; | |
| | b. Load shedding from emergency buses; and | |
| | c. DG auto-starts from standby condition and: | |
| | energizes permanently connected loads in ≤ 10 seconds, | |
| | energizes auto-connected emergency loads through load sequencing timers, | |
| | achieves steady state voltage ≥ 3980 V and ≤ 4340 V, | |
| | 4. achieves steady state frequency≥ 59.2 Hz and ≤ 60.8 Hz; and | |
| | 5. supplies permanently connected and auto-connected emergency loads for ≥ 5 minutes. | |
| SR 3.8.1.20 | NOTE | |
| | All DG starts may be preceded by an engine prelube period. | |
| | Verify when started simultaneously from standby condition, each DG achieves: | In accordance with the Surveillance |
| | a. In ≤ 10 seconds, voltage ≥ 3785 V and frequency ≥ 58.8 Hz; and | Frequency Control Program |
| | b. Steady state voltage ≥ 3980 V and ≤ 4340 V, and frequency ≥ 59.2 Hz and ≤ 60.8 Hz. | |

3.8.2 AC Sources - Shutdown

LCO 3.8.2

The following AC electrical power sources shall be OPERABLE:

- One qualified circuit between the offsite transmission network and the onsite Class 1E AC electrical power distribution subsystem(s) required by LCO 3.8.10, "Distribution Systems—Shutdown";
- b. One diesel generator (DG) capable of supplying the onsite Class 1E AC electrical power distribution subsystem(s) required by LCO 3.8.10; and
- c. One supply train of the diesel fuel oil (DFO) transfer system.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 5 and 6,

During movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies.

ACTIONS

| | IONS | | | T |
|-----------|--|--|--|-----------------|
| CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME |
| A. | One required offsite circuit inoperable. | Enter Requi with o electri subsy | applicable Conditions and red Actions of LCO 3.8.10, ne required Class 1E AC cal power distribution stem de-energized as a of Condition A. | · |
| | | A.1 | Declare affected required feature(s) with no offsite power available inoperable. | Immediately |
| | | <u>OR</u> | • | |
| | | A.2.1 | Suspend CORE ALTERATIONS. | Immediately |
| | | | AND | |
| | | A.2.2 | Suspend movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies. | Immediately |
| | | | AND | |
| | | | | (continued) |

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|------------|--|-----------------|
| A. | (continued) | A.2.3 | Suspend operations involving positive reactivity additions that could result in loss of required SDM or boron concentration. | Immediately |
| | | | AND | |
| | · | A.2.4 | Initiate action to restore required offsite power circuit to OPERABLE status. | Immediately |
| В. | The required DG inoperable. | B.1 | Suspend CORE ALTERATIONS. | Immediately |
| | <u>OR</u> | <u>AND</u> | | · |
| | The required supply train of the DFO transfer system inoperable. | B.2 | Suspend movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies. | Immediately |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | B.3 | Suspend operations involving positive reactivity additions that could result in loss of required SDM or boron concentration. | Immediately |
| | | AND | | |
| | | B.4 | Initiate action to restore required DG to OPERABLE status. | Immediately |

| | FREQUENCY | | |
|------------|--|---|-----------------------------------|
| SR 3.8.2.1 | The following SR SR 3.8.1.3, SR 3 and SR 3.8.1.16. | s are applicable for AC sources | In accordance with applicable SRs |
| | SR 3.8.1.1 SR 3.8.1.2 SR 3.8.1.3 SR 3.8.1.4 SR 3.8.1.5 | SR 3.8.1.6 SR 3.8.1.9 SR 3.8.1.10 SR 3.8.1.14 SR 3.8.1.16 | |

3.8.3 Diesel Fuel Oil, Lube Oil, Starting Air, and Turbocharger Air Assist

LCO 3.8.3

The stored diesel fuel oil, lube oil, starting air, and turbocharger air assist subsystems shall be within limits for each required diesel generator (DG). The fuel level for the stored diesel fuel oil shall be within the following limits:

- a. Combined storage of \geq 79,000 gal for two units in MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4; or
- b. Combined storage of
 - ≥ 41,000 gal for one unit (if any) in MODES 1, 2, 3, and
 4; and
 - 2. \geq 31,000 gal for each unit in MODES 5 and 6.

----NOTE-----

The performance of diesel fuel oil tank cleaning requires one fuel oil storage tank to be removed from service to be drained and cleaned. During this time, the fuel oil storage requirement for one unit operation in MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4 and one unit operation in MODE 6 with at least 23 feet of water above the reactor vessel flange or with the reactor vessel defueled is \geq 41,000 gallons. The tank being cleaned may be inoperable for up to 10 days. For the duration of the tank cleaning, temporary onsite fuel oil storage of \geq 25,000 gallons will be maintained. Prior to removal of a tank from service, the offsite circuits required by LCO 3.8.1 or 3.8.2 will be verified to be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

When associated DG(s) is required to be OPERABLE.

ACTIONS

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each DG or fuel oil storage tank, except for Condition A.

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|-------|---|-----------------|
| A. | Combined fuel level in storage tanks not within limits. | A.1.1 | Verify combined fuel oil level ≥ 36,000 gallons for each unit operating in MODES 1, 2, 3, or 4, | Immediately |
| | | AND | | |
| | | A.1.2 | Verify combined fuel oil level ≥ 27,000 gallons for each unit operating in MODES 5 or 6. | Immediately |
| | | AND | | |
| | | A.2 | Restore fuel oil level to within limits. | 48 hours |
| В. | Both units in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4 with lube oil inventory < 650 gal and > 610 gal. | B.1 | Restore lube oil inventory to within limits. | 48 hours |
| | OR | | • | |
| | One unit in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4 and one unit in MODE 5 or 6 with lube oil inventory < 590 gal and > 520 gal. | | N. | |
| C. | One or more fuel oil storage tanks with stored fuel oil total particulates not within limit. | C.1 | Restore fuel oil total particulates within limits. | 7 days |
| D. | One or more fuel oil storage tanks with new fuel oil properties not within limits. | D.1 | Restore stored fuel oil properties to within limits. | 30 days |
| E. | One or more DGs with both starting air receiver pressures < 180 psig and ≥ 150 psig. | E.1 | Restore one starting air receiver pressure per DG to ≥ 180 psig. | 48 hours |

ACTIONS (continued)

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|------------|--|-----------------|
| F. | One or more DGs with turbocharger air assist air receiver pressure < 180 psig and ≥ 150 psig. | F:1 | Restore turbocharger air assist air receiver pressure to ≥ 180 psig. | 48 hours |
| G. | Required Action and associated Completion Time or Conditions E or F not met. OR | G.1 | Declare associated DG inoperable. | Immediately |
| | One or more DG's turbocharger air assist, or starting air subsystem not within limits for reasons other than Condition E or F. | | · | |
| H. | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B, C, or D not met. | H.1 | Declare all DGs on associated unit(s) inoperable. | Immediately |
| | <u>OR</u> | | if associated unit is in ES 1, 2, 3, or 4, | |
| | Fuel oil storage tanks or lube oil not within limits for reasons other than | H.2 AND | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | Conditions A, B, C, or D. | Н.3 | Be in MODE 5. | 36 hours |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|--|--|
| SR 3.8.3.1 | Verify fuel oil storage tanks contain combined storage within limits. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.8,3.2 | Verify lubricating oil inventory is ≥ 650 gal. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.8.3.3 | Verify fuel oil properties of new and stored fuel oil are tested in accordance with, and maintained within the limits of, the Diesel Fuel Oil Testing Program. | In accordance with the Diesel Fuel Oil Testing Program |
| SR 3.8.3.4 | Verify each DG has at least one air start receiver with a pressure is ≥ 180 psig. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.8.3.5 | Check for and remove accumulated water from each fuel oil storage tank. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.8.3.6 | Verify each DG turbocharger air assist air receiver pressure is ≥ 180 psig. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.8.4 DC Sources - Operating

Three Class 1E DC electrical power subsystems shall be OPERABLE. LCO 3.8.4

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---------------------------------|------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| A. | One battery charger inoperable. | A.1 | Restore battery terminal voltage to greater than or equal to the minimum established float voltage. | 2 hours |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | A.2 | Verify battery float current ≤ 2 amps. | 12 hours |
| | | <u>AND</u> | | |
| | | A.3 | Restore battery charger | 14 days |
| | | | to OPERABLE status. | <u>OR</u> |
| | | | | In accordance with the RICT Program |

ACTIONS (continued)

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|-----|--|--|
| В. | One battery inoperable. | B.1 | Restore battery to OPERABLE status. | 2 hours OR In accordance with the RICT Program |
| C. | One DC electrical power subsystem inoperable for reasons other than Condition A or B. | C.1 | Restore DC electrical power subsystem to OPERABLE status. | 2 hours OR In accordance with the RICT Program |
| D. | More than one full capacity charger receiving power simultaneously from a single 480 V vital bus. | D.1 | Restore the DC electrical power subsystem to a configuration wherein each charger is powered from its associated 480 volt vital bus. | 14 days |

ACTIONS (continued)

| CONDITION REQUIR | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME | |
|------------------|---|-------------------|---|----------|
| E. | Required Action and Associated Completion Time not met. | E.1 <u>AND</u> | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | | E.2 | LCO 3.0.4.a is not applicable when entering MODE 4. | |
| | | | Be in MODE 4. | 12 hours |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|--|--|
| SR 3.8.4.1 | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program | |
| SR 3.8.4.2 | Verify each battery charger supplies ≥ 400 amps at greater than or equal to the minimum established float voltage for ≥ 4 hours. OR | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| | Verify each battery charger can recharge the battery to the fully charged state within 12 hours while supplying the largest combined demands of the various continuous steady state loads, after a battery discharge to the bounding design basis event discharge state. | |
| SR 3.8.4.3 | NOTES | |
| | The modified performance discharge test in SR 3.8.6.6 may be performed in lieu of SR 3.8.4.3. | |
| | 2. This Surveillance shall not be performed in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4. | |
| | Verify battery capacity is adequate to supply, and maintain in OPERABLE status, the required emergency loads for the design duty cycle when subjected to a battery service test. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

DC Sources - Operating 3.8.4

THIS PAGE NOT USED

3.8.5 DC Sources-Shutdown

LCO 3.8.5

The Class 1E DC electrical power subsystem shall be OPERABLE to support the DC electrical power distribution subsystem(s) required by LCO 3.8.10, "Distribution Systems-Shutdown."

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 5 and 6,

During movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|-----------|--|-----------------|
| A. | One or more required DC electrical power subsystems inoperable. | A.1 | Declare affected required feature(s) inoperable. | Immediately |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | |
| | | A.2.1 | Suspend CORE ALTERATIONS. | Immediately |
| | | | AND | · |
| | | A.2.2 | Suspend movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies. | Immediately |
| | | | AND | |
| | | A.2.3 | Suspend operations involving positive reactivity additions that could result in loss of required SDM or boron concentration. | Immediately |
| | | | AND | |
| | | A.2.4 | Initiate action to restore required DC electrical power subsystems to OPERABLE status. | Immediately |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| SR 3.8.5.1 | The following SRs are not required to be performed: SR 3.8.4.2 and SR 3.8.4.3. For DC sources required to be OPERABLE, the following SRs are applicable: | In accordance with applicable SRs |
| • | SR 3.8.4.1 SR 3.8.4.2 SR 3.8.4.3. | |

3.8.6 Battery Parameters

LCO 3.8.6

Battery parameters for the three Class 1E batteries shall be within

limits.

APPLICABILITY:

When associated DC electrical power subsystems are required to be

OPERABLE.

ACTIONS

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each battery.

| CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME |
|-----------|---|-------------------|---|-----------------|
| Α. | One battery with one or more battery cells with float voltage < 2.07 V. | A.1 AND | Perform SR 3.8.4.1. | 2 hours |
| | | A.2 <u>AND</u> | Perform SR 3.8.6.1. | 2 hours |
| | | A.3 | Restore affected cell(s) float voltage to ≥ 2.07 V. | 24 hours |
| B. | One battery with float current > 2 amps. | B.1 AND | Perform SR 3.8.4.1. | 2 hours |
| | | B.2 | Restore battery float current to ≤ 2 amps. | 12 hours |

| ACTIO | ONS (| cont | inued) |
|-------|-------|------|--------|
| | | | |

| <u>ACI</u> | ACTIONS (continued) · | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|-----------------|--|--|
| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME | | |
| Required Action C.2 shall be completed if electrolyte level was below the top of the plates. | | Required Actions C.1 and C.2 are only applicable if electrolyte level was below the top of the plates. | | · | | |
| C. | One battery with one or more cells with electrolyte level less than minimum established design limits. | C.1 | Restore affected cell(s) electrolyte level to above the top of the plates. | 8 hours | | |
| | | C.2 | Verify no evidence of leakage. | 12 hours | | |
| | • | AND | | | | |
| | • | C.3 | Restore affected cell(s) electrolyte level to greater than or equal to minimum established design limits. | 31 days | | |
| D. | One battery with pilot cell electrolyte temperature less than minimum established design limits. | D.1 | Restore battery pilot cell electrolyte temperature to greater than or equal to minimum established design limits. | 12 hours | | |
| E. | Two or more batteries with battery parameters not within limits. | E.1 | Restore battery parameters for one battery to within limits. | 2 hours | | |
| F. | Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B, C, D, or E not met. | F.1 | Declare associated battery inoperable. | Immediately . | | |
| | OR | • | | | | |
| | One battery with one or more battery cells float voltage < 2.07 V and float current > 2 amps. | | • | | | |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|--|--|
| SR 3.8.6.1 | Not required to be met when battery terminal voltage is less than the minimum established float voltage of SR 3.8.4.1. | |
| | Verify each battery float current is ≤ 2 amps. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.8.6.2 | Verify each battery pilot cell voltage is ≥ 2.07 V. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.8.6.3 | Verify each battery connected cell electrolyte level is greater than or equal to minimum established design limits. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.8.6.4 | Verify each battery pilot cell temperature is greater than or equal to minimum established design limits. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.8.6.5 | Verify each battery connected cell voltage is ≥ 2.07 V. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---|---|
| SR 3.8.6.6 | This Surveillance shall not be performed in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4. | |
| | Verify battery capacity is \geq 80% of the manufacturer's rating when subjected to a performance discharge test or a modified performance discharge test. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| | | AND |
| | | 24 months when battery shows degradation or has reached 85% of expected life with capacity < 100% of manufacturer's rating. |
| | | AND |
| | | 24 months when battery has reached 85% of the expected life with capacity ≥ 100% of manufacturer's rating. |

Battery Parameters 3.8.6

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3.8.7 Inverters-Operating

LCO 3.8.7 Four Class 1E Vital 120 V UPS inverters shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|-------------------------------------|-----|--|-------------------------------------|
| A. | One required inverter inoperable. | A.1 | NOTE Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions of LCO 3.8.9, "Distribution Systems - Operating" with any vital 120 V AC bus de- energized | 24 hours |
| | | | | <u>OR</u> |
| | | | | In accordance with the RICT Program |
| B. | Required Action and | B.1 | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | associated Completion Time not met. | AND | | |
| | | B.2 | NOTE | |
| | | | LCO 3.0.4.a is not applicable when entering MODE 4. | |
| | | | Be in MODE 4. | 12 hours |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---|--|
| SR 3.8.7.1 | Verify correct inverter voltage and alignment to required AC vital buses. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.8.8 Inverters-Shutdown

LCO 3.8.8

The Class 1E UPS Inverters shall be OPERABLE to support the onsite Class 1E 120 VAC vital bus electrical power distribution subsystem(s) required by LCO 3.8.10, "Distribution Systems-Shutdown."

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 5 and 6,

During movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies.

ACTIONS

| <u>AC I</u> | ACTIONS | | | | |
|-------------|--|-----------|--|-----------------|--|
| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME | |
| A. | One or more required inverters inoperable. | A.1 | Declare affected required feature(s) inoperable. | Immediately | |
| | | <u>OR</u> | | | |
| | | A.2.1 | Suspend CORE ALTERATIONS. | Immediately | |
| | | | AND | | |
| | | A.2.2 | Suspend movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies. | Immediately | |
| | | | AND | | |
| | | A.2.3 | Suspend operations involving positive reactivity additions that could result in loss of required SDM or boron concentration. | Immediately | |
| | | | AND | | |
| | | A.2.4 | Initiate action to restore required inverters to OPERABLE status. | Immediately | |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---|--|
| SR 3.8.8.1 | Verify correct inverter voltage, and alignments to required AC vital buses. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.8.9 Distribution Systems-Operating

LCO 3.8.9 The required Class 1E AC, DC, and 120 VAC vital bus electrical power

distribution subsystems shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--|------------|--|--|
| Α. | One AC electrical power distribution subsystem inoperable. | A.1 | Restore AC electrical power distribution subsystem to OPERABLE status. | 8 hours OR In accordance with the RICT Program |
| В. | One 120 VAC vital bus subsystem inoperable. | B.1 | Restore 120 VAC vital bus subsystem to OPERABLE status. | 2 hours OR In accordance with the RICT Program |
| C. | One DC electrical power distribution subsystem inoperable. | C.1 | Restore DC electrical power distribution subsystem to OPERABLE status. | 2 hours OR In accordance with the RICT Program |
| D. | Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. | D.1 AND | Be in MODE 3. | 6 hours |
| | | D.2 | NOTELCO 3.0.4.a is not applicable when entering MODE 4. | |
| | | | Be in MODE 4. | 12 hours |
| E. | Two required Class 1E AC, DC, or 120 VAC vital buses with inoperable distribution subsystems that result in a loss of safety function. | E.1 | Enter LCO 3.0.3. | Immediately |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---|--|
| SR 3.8.9.1 | Verify correct breaker alignments and voltage to required AC, DC, and 120 VAC vital bus electrical power distribution subsystems. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.8.10 Distribution Systems-Shutdown

LCO 3.8.10

The necessary portion of the Class 1E AC, DC, and 120 VAC vital bus electrical power distribution subsystems shall be OPERABLE to support equipment required to be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 5 and 6,

During movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies.

ACTIONS

| | T | | |
|---|---|--|-----------------|
| CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
| A. One or more required AC, DC, or 120 VAC vital bus electrical power distribution subsystems inoperable. | A.1 | Declare associated supported required feature(s) inoperable. | Immediately |
| subsystems moperable. | <u>OR</u> | | İ |
| | A.2.1 | Suspend CORE ALTERATIONS. | Immediately |
| | | AND | |
| | A.2.2 | Suspend movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies. | Immediately |
| | | AND | |
| | A.2.3 | Suspend operations involving positive reactivity additions that could result in loss of required SDM or boron concentration. | Immediately |
| | ÷ | AND | |
| | . <u>. </u> | · | (continued) |

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | | i | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|-----------|-------------|-------|---|-----------------|
| Α. | (continued) | A.2.4 | Initiate actions to restore required AC, DC, and 120 VAC vital bus electrical power distribution subsystems to OPERABLE status. | Immediately |
| | | | AND | |
| | | A.2.5 | Declare associated required residual heat removal subsystem(s) inoperable and not in operation. | Immediately |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|-------------|---|--|
| SR 3.8.10.1 | Verify correct breaker alignments and voltage to required AC, DC, and 120 VAC vital bus electrical power distribution subsystems. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.9 REFUELING OPERATIONS

3.9.1 Boron Concentration

LCO 3.9.1

Boron concentrations of all filled portions of the Reactor Coolant System, the refueling canal, and the refueling cavity, that have direct access to the reactor vessel, shall be maintained within the limit specified in the COLR.

APPLICABILITY:

MODE 6

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|---|-----------------|
| Boron concentration not within limit. | A.1 | Suspend CORE ALTERATIONS. | Immediately |
| | AND | | |
| | A.2 | Suspend positive reactivity additions. | Immediately |
| | AND | | |
| | A.3 | Initiate action to restore boron concentration to within limit. | Immediately |

| _ | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|---|--|
| SR 3.9.1.1 | Verify boron concentration is within the limit specified in COLR. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.9 REFUELING OPERATIONS

3.9.3 Nuclear Instrumentation

LCO 3.9.3

Two source range neutron flux monitors shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 6

<u>ACTIONS</u>

| | CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|---|-----|--|-------------------|
| A. | One required source range neutron flux monitor inoperable. | A.1 | Suspend CORE ALTERATIONS except for latching control rod drive shafts and friction testing of individual control rods. | Immediately |
| | | AND | | 1 |
| | | A.2 | Suspend operations that would cause introduction of coolant into the RCS with boron concentration less than required to meet the boron concentration of LCO 3.9.1. | Immediately |
| B. | Two required source range neutron flux monitors inoperable. | B.1 | Initiate action to restore one source range neutron flux monitor to OPERABLE status. | Immediately |
| | | AND | | |
| | | B.2 | Perform SR 3.9.1.1. | Once per 12 hours |

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|--|--|
| SR 3.9.3.1 | Perform CHANNEL CHECK. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.9.3.2 | Neutron detectors are excluded from CHANNEL CALIBRATION. | |
| | Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.9 REFUELING OPERATIONS

3.9.4 Containment Penetrations

LCO 3.9.4

The containment penetrations shall be in the following status:

- a. The equipment hatch capable of being closed and held in place by four bolts;
- b. One door in each air lock capable of being closed; and
- c. Each penetration providing direct access from the containment atmosphere to the outside atmosphere either:
 - 1. closed by a manual or automatic isolation valve, blind flange, or equivalent, or
 - 2. capable of being closed by an OPERABLE Containment Purge and Exhaust Isolation valve.

| _ | | NO | T | E | | |
|---|------|----|---|---|------|--|
| | | | | | | |

Penetration flow path(s) providing direct access from the containment atmosphere to the outside atmosphere may be unisolated under administrative controls.

APPLICABILITY:

During CORE ALTERATIONS,

During movement of irradiated fuel assemblies within containment.

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME |
|-----------|--|-------------------|--|-----------------|
| A. | One or more containment penetrations not in required status. | A.1 <u>AND</u> | Suspend CORE ALTERATIONS. | Immediately |
| | | A.2 | Suspend movement of irradiated fuel assemblies within containment. | Immediately |

3.9-3

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|--|--|
| SR 3.9.4.1 | Verify each required containment penetration is in the required status. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.9.4.2 | Verify each required containment purge and exhaust ventilation isolation valves actuates to the isolation position on an actual or simulated actuation signal. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.9 REFUELING OPERATIONS

3.9.5 Residual Heat Removal (RHR) and Coolant Circulation - High Water Level

LCO 3.9.5

One RHR loop shall be OPERABLE and in operation.

-NOTE-

The required RHR loop may be removed from operation for ≤ 1 hour per 8 hour period, provided no operations are permitted that would cause introduction of coolant into the Reactor Coolant System (RCS) with boron concentration less than that required to meet the minimum required boron concentration of LCO 3.9.1.

The required RHR loop maybe removed from operation for ≤ 2 hours per 8 hour period for performance of leak testing the RHR suction isolation valves provided no operations are permitted that would cause reduction of the RCS boron concentration.

APPLICABILITY:

MODE 6 with the water level ≥ 23 ft above the top of reactor

vessel flange.

ACTIONS

| | CONDITION | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|----|--------------------------------|-----|--|-----------------|
| A. | RHR loop requirements not met. | A.1 | Suspend operations that would cause introduction of coolant into the RCS with boron concentration less than required to meet the boron concentration of LCO 3.9.1. | Immediately |
| | | AND | | |
| | | A.2 | Suspend loading irradiated fuel assemblies in the core. | Immediately |
| | | AND | | |
| | | A.3 | Initiate action to satisfy RHR loop requirements. | Immediately |
| | | AND | · | |
| | | A.4 | Close all containment penetrations providing direct access from containment atmosphere to outside atmosphere. | 4 hours |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

| | | |
|-------------|--|--|
| - | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
| SR 3.9.5.1 | With the reactor subcritical less than 57 hours, verify one RHR loop is in operation and circulating reactor coolant at a flow rate of ≥ 3000 gpm, OR | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| | With the reactor subcritical for 57 hours or more, verify one RHR loop is in operation and circulating reactor coolant at a flow rate of ≥ 1300 gpm. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.9.5.2 | Verify required RHR loop locations susceptible to gas accumulation are sufficiently filled with water. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.9 REFUELING OPERATIONS

3.9.6 Residual Heat Removal (RHR) and Coolant Circulation - Low Water Level

LCO 3.9.6

Two RHR loops shall be OPERABLE, and one RHR loop shall be in operation.

APPLICABILITY:

MODE 6 with the water level < 23 ft above the top of reactor vessel flange.

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | | F | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|-----------|--|-----------|---|-----------------|
| Α. | Less than the required number of RHR loops OPERABLE. | A.1 | Initiate action to restore required RHR loops to OPERABLE status. | Immediately |
| | ٠ | <u>OR</u> | | |
| | | A.2 | Initiate action to establish ≥ 23 ft of water above the top of reactor vessel flange. | Immediately |
| B. | No RHR loop in operation. | B.1 | Suspend operations involving a reduction in reactor coolant boron concentration. | Immediately |
| | | AND | | |
| | | B.2 | Initiate action to restore one RHR loop to operation. | Immediately |
| | | AND | | |
| | | B.3 | Close all containment penetrations providing direct access from containment atmosphere to outside atmosphere. | 4 hours |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|--|--|
| SR 3.9.6.1 | With the reactor subcritical less than 57 hours, verify one RHR loop is in operation and circulating reactor coolant at a flow rate of ≥ 3000 gpm, | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| | OR With the reactor subcritical for 57 hours or more, verify one RHR loop is in operation and circulating reactor coolant at a flow rate of ≥ 1300 gpm. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3.9.6.2 | Verify correct breaker alignment and indicated power available to the required RHR pump that is not in operation. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |
| SR 3,9.6.3 | Verify RHR loop locations susceptible to gas accumulation are sufficiently filled with water. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

3.9 REFUELING OPERATIONS

3.9.7 Refueling Cavity Water Level

LCO 3.9.7

Refueling cavity water level shall be maintained ≥ 23 ft above the top of

reactor vessel flange.

APPLICABILITY:

During movement of irradiated fuel assemblies within containment.

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | REQUIRED ACTION | | COMPLETION TIME |
|--|-----------------|---|-----------------|
| Refueling cavity water level not within limit. | irra ass | spend movement of adiated fuel semblies within ntainment. | Immediately |

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

| | SURVEILLANCE | FREQUENCY |
|------------|--|--|
| SR 3.9.7.1 | Verify refueling cavity water level is ≥ 23 ft above the top of reactor vessel flange. | In accordance with the Surveillance Frequency Control Program |

4.0 DESIGN FEATURES

4.1 Site Location

The DCPP site consists of approximately 750 acres which are adjacent to the Pacific Ocean in San Luis Obispo County, California, and is approximately twelve (12) miles west-southwest of the city of San Luis Obispo.

4.2 Reactor Core

4.2.1 Fuel Assemblies

The reactor shall contain 193 fuel assemblies. Each assembly shall consist of a matrix of Zircalloy or ZIRLO clad fuel rods with an initial composition of natural or slightly enriched uranium dioxide (UO₂) as fuel material. Limited substitutions of zirconium alloy or stainless steel filler rods for fuel rods, in accordance with approved applications of fuel rod configurations, may be used. Fuel assemblies shall be limited to those fuel designs that have been analyzed with applicable NRC staff approved codes and methods and shown by tests or analyses to comply with all fuel safety design bases. A limited number of lead test assemblies that have not completed representative testing may be placed in nonlimiting core locations.

4.2.2 Control Rod Assemblies

The reactor core shall contain 53 control rod assemblies. The control rod material shall be silver, indium, and cadmium, as approved by the NRC.

4.3 Fuel Storage

4.3.1 Criticality

- 4.3.1.1 The permanent spent fuel pool storage racks are designed and shall be maintained with:
 - a. Fuel assemblies having a maximum U-235 enrichment of 5.0 weight percent;
 - b. $k_{eff} < 1.0$ if fully flooded with unborated water, which includes an allowance for uncertainties as described in Section 9.1.2.3 of the FSAR:
 - k_{eff} ≤ 0.95 if fully flooded with water borated to 806 ppm, which includes an allowance for uncertainties as described in Section 9.1,2.3 of the FSAR;
 - d. A nominal 11 inch center to center distance between fuel assemblies placed in the fuel storage racks;

4.3 Fuel Storage (continued)

- e. Fuel assemblies with a discharge burnup in the "acceptable" region of Figure 3.7.17-2 for the all cell configuration as shown in Figure 3.7.17-1;
- f. Fuel assemblies with a discharge burnup in the "acceptable" region of Figure 3.7.17-3 for the 2x2 array configuration as shown in Figure 3.7.17-1.
- 4.3.1.2 The new fuel storage racks are designed and shall be maintained with:
 - a. Fuel assemblies having a maximum U-235 enrichment of 5.0 weight percent;
 - b. $k_{eff} \le 0.95$ if fully flooded with unborated water, which includes an allowance for uncertainties as described in Section 9.1.1.1 of the FSAR:
 - c. $k_{\text{eff}} \le 0.98$ if moderated by aqueous foam, which includes an allowance for uncertainties as described in Section 9.1.1.1 of the FSAR; and
 - d. A nominal 22 inch center to center distance between fuel assemblies placed in the storage racks.
- 4.3.1.3 For cycles 14-16, the cask pit storage rack is designed and shall be maintained with:
 - a. Fuel assemblies having a maximum U-235 enrichment of 4.1 weight percent;
 - b. k_{eff} < 1.0 if fully flooded with unborated water, which includes an allowance for uncertainties:
 - c. k_{eff} ≤ 0.95 if fully flooded with water borated to 800 ppm, which includes an allowance for uncertainties:
 - d. A nominal 9 inch center to center distance between fuel assemblies placed in the cask pit fuel storage rack;
 - e. Fuel assemblies with discharge burnup in the "acceptable" region of Figure 3.7.17-4;
 - f. Fuel assemblies having a 10 year minimum decay time since being discharged from the reactor; and
 - g. A neutron absorbing material (Metamic[™]) between the stored fuel assemblies.

4.0 DESIGN FEATURES

4.3 Fuel Storage (continued)

4.3.2 Drainage

The spent fuel storage pools are designed and shall be maintained to prevent inadvertent draining of the pool below elevation 133 ft.

4.3.3 Capacity

The permanent spent fuel pool storage racks are designed and shall be maintained with a storage capacity limited to no more than 1324 fuel assemblies. For cycles 14-16, the cask pit storage rack is designed and shall be maintained with a storage capacity limited to no more than 154 fuel assemblies. For cycles 14-16, the total combined spent fuel pool capacity in the permanent and cask pit storage racks is limited to no more than 1478 fuel assemblies.

5.1 Responsibility

- 5.1.1 The plant manager shall be responsible for overall unit operation and shall delegate in writing the succession to this responsibility during his absence.
 - The plant manager or his designee shall approve, prior to implementation, each proposed test, experiment, or modification to systems or equipment that affect nuclear safety.
- 5.1.2 The Shift Foreman (SFM) shall be responsible for the control room command function. During any absence of the SFM from the control room while the unit is in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4, an individual with an active Senior Reactor Operator (SRO) license shall be designated to assume the control room command function. During any absence of the SFM from the control room while the unit is in MODE 5 or 6, an individual with an active SRO license or Reactor Operator license shall be designated to assume the control room command function.

5.2 Organization

5.2.1 Onsite and Offsite Organizations

Onsite and offsite organizations shall be established for unit operation and corporate management, respectively. The onsite and offsite organizations shall include the positions for activities affecting safety of the nuclear power plant.

- a. Lines of authority, responsibility, and communication shall be defined and established throughout highest management levels, intermediate levels, and all operating organization positions. These relationships shall be documented and updated, as appropriate, in organization charts, functional descriptions of departmental responsibilities and relationships, and job descriptions for key personnel positions, or in equivalent forms of documentation. These requirements, including the plant-specific titles of those personnel fulfilling the responsibilities of the positions delineated in these Technical Specifications, shall be documented in the FSAR Update;
- b. The plant manager shall be responsible for overall safe operation of the plant and shall have control over those onsite activities necessary for safe operation and maintenance of the plant;
- c. A specified corporate officer shall have corporate responsibility for overall plant nuclear safety and shall take any measures needed to ensure acceptable performance of the staff in operating, maintaining, and providing technical support to the plant to ensure nuclear safety; and
- d. The individuals who train the operating staff, carry out health physics, or perform quality assurance functions may report to the appropriate onsite manager; however, these individuals shall have sufficient organizational freedom to ensure their independence from operating pressures.

5.2.2 Unit Staff

The unit staff organization shall include the following:

- a. A non-licensed operator shall be assigned to each reactor containing fuel with a total of three non-licensed operators required for both units.
- b. Shift crew composition may be one less than the minimum requirement of 10 CFR 50.54(m)(2)(i) and 5.2.2.a and 5.2.2.f for a period of time not to exceed 2 hours in order to accommodate unexpected absence of on-duty shift crew members provided immediate action is taken to restore the shift crew composition to within the minimum requirements.
- c. A health physics technician shall be on site when fuel is in the reactor. The position may be vacant for not more than 2 hours, in order to provide for unexpected absence, provided immediate action is taken to fill the required position.

5.2 Organization

5.2.2 <u>Unit Staff</u> (continued)

- d. Not used.
- e. The operations manager shall either hold a senior reactor operator license, have at one time held a senior reactor operator license for a pressurized water reactor, or be certified to a senior reactor operator equivalent level of knowledge. If the operations manager does not hold a senior reactor operator license, the person assigned to the Operations middle manager position shall hold a senior reactor operator license.
- f. An individual shall provide advisory technical support to the unit operations shift crew in the areas of thermal hydraulics, reactor engineering, and plant analysis with regard to the safe operation of the unit. This position shall be manned in MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4 unless an individual with a SRO license meets the qualifications specified by the Commission Policy Statement on Engineering Expertise on Shift.

5.3 Unit Staff Qualifications

5.3.1 Each member of the plant staff shall meet or exceed the minimum qualifications referenced for comparable positions as specified in the updated FSAR, Chapter 17, Quality Assurance.

5.4 Procedures

- 5.4.1 Written procedures shall be established, implemented, and maintained covening the following activities:
 - a. The applicable procedures recommended in Regulatory Guide 1.33, Revision 2, Appendix A, February 1978;
 - The emergency operating procedures required to implement the applicable requirements of NUREG-0737 and NUREG-0737, Supplement 1, as stated in Generic Letter 82-33 and responses to the subject NUREGs;
 - c. Quality assurance for effluent and environmental monitoring;
 - d. Not used; and
 - e. All programs specified in Specification 5.5.

5.5 Programs and Manuals

The following programs shall be established, implemented, and maintained.

5.5.1 Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM)

- a. The ODCM shall contain the methodology and parameters used in the calculation of offsite doses resulting from radioactive gaseous and liquid effluents, in the calculation of gaseous and liquid effluent monitoring alarm and trip setpoints, and in the conduct of the radiological environmental monitoring program; and
- b. The ODCM shall also contain the radioactive effluent controls and radiological environmental monitoring activities, and descriptions of the information that should be included in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating, and Radioactive Effluent Release Reports required by Specification 5.6.2 and Specification 5.6.3.

Licensee initiated changes to the ODCM:

- a. Shall be documented and records of reviews performed shall be retained. This documentation shall contain:
 - 1. sufficient information to support the change(s) together with the appropriate analyses or evaluations justifying the change(s), and
 - a determination that the change(s) maintain the levels of radioactive effluent control required by 10 CFR 20.1302, 40 CFR 190, 10 CFR 50.36a, and 10 CFR 50, Appendix I, and not adversely impact the accuracy or reliability of effluent, dose, or setpoint calculations;
- b. Shall become effective after the approval of the plant manager; and
- c. Shall be submitted to the NRC in the form of a complete, legible copy of the entire ODCM as a part of or concurrent with the Radioactive Effluent Release Report for the period of the report in which any change in the ODCM was made. Each change shall be identified by markings in the margin of the affected pages, clearly indicating the area of the page that was changed, and shall indicate the date (i.e., month and year) the change was implemented.

5.5 Programs and Manuals (continued)

5.5.2 Primary Coolant Sources Outside Containment

This program provides controls to minimize leakage from those portions of systems outside containment that could contain highly radioactive fluids during a serious transient or accident to levels as low as practicable. The systems include portions of Recirculation Spray, Safety Injection, Chemical and Volume Control, Residual Heat Removal, RCS Sample, and Liquid and Gaseous Radwaste Treatment Systems. The program shall include the following:

- a. Preventive maintenance and periodic visual inspection requirements; and
- b. Integrated leak test requirements for each system at refueling cycle intervals or less.

5.5.3 Not Used

5.5.4 Radioactive Effluent Controls Program

This program conforms to 10 CFR 50.36a for the control of radioactive effluents and for maintaining the doses to members of the public from radioactive effluents as low as reasonably achievable. The program shall be contained in the ODCM, shall be implemented by procedures, and shall include remedial actions to be taken whenever the program limits are exceeded. The program shall include the following elements:

- a. Limitations on the functional capability of radioactive liquid and gaseous monitoring instrumentation including surveillance tests and setpoint determination in accordance with the methodology in the ODCM;
- b. Limitations on the concentrations of radioactive material released in liquid effluents to unrestricted areas, conforming to 10 times the concentration values in Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2, to 10 CFR 20.1001-20.2402;
- c. Monitoring, sampling, and analysis of radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents in accordance with 10 CFR 20.1302 and with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM:
- d. Limitations on the annual and quarterly doses or dose commitment to a member of the public from radioactive materials in liquid effluents released from each unit to unrestricted areas, conforming to 10 CFR 50, Appendix I;

5.5 Programs and Manuals

5.5.4 Radioactive Effluent Controls Program (continued)

- e. Determination of cumulative and projected dose contributions from radioactive effluents for the current calendar quarter and current calendar year in accordance with methodology and parameters in the ODCM at least every 31 days.
- f. Limitations on the functional capability and use of the liquid and gaseous effluent treatment systems to ensure that appropriate portions of these systems are used to reduce releases of radioactivity when the projected doses in a period of 31 days would exceed 2% of the guidelines for the annual dose or dose commitment, conforming to 10 CFR 50, Appendix I;
- g. Limitations on the dose rate resulting from radioactive material released in gaseous effluents from the site to areas at or beyond the site boundary shall be in accordance with the following:
 - 1. For noble gases: a dose rate \leq 500 mrem/yr to the whole body and a dose rate \leq 3000 mrem/yr to the skin, and
 - 2. For Iodine-131, for Iodine-133, for tritium, and for all radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days: a dose rate ≤ 1500 mrem/yr to any organ.
- h. Limitations on the annual and quarterly air doses resulting from noble gases released in gaseous effluents from each unit to areas beyond the site boundary, conforming to 10 CFR 50, Appendix I;
- i. Limitations on the annual and quarterly doses to a member of the public from iodine-131, iodine-133, tritium, and all radionuclides in particulate form with half lives > 8 days in gaseous effluents released from each unit to areas beyond the site boundary, conforming to 10 CFR 50, Appendix I;
- j. Limitations on the annual dose or dose commitment to any member of the public, beyond the site boundary, due to releases of radioactivity and to radiation from uranium fuel cycle sources, conforming to 40 CFR 190; and
- k. The provisions of SR 3.0.2 and SR 3.0.3 are applicable to the Radioactive Effluent Controls Program Surveillance frequency.

5.5.5 Component Cyclic or Transient Limit

This program provides controls to track the FSAR, Section 5.2 and 5.3, cyclic and transient occurrences to ensure that components are maintained within the design limits.

5.5.6 Not Used

5.5 Programs and Manuals (continued)

5.5.7 Reactor Coolant Pump Flywheel Inspection Program

This program shall provide for the inspection of each reactor coolant pump flywheel per the recommendations of Regulatory Position c.4.b of Regulatory Guide 1.14, Revision 1, August 1975.

In lieu of Position c.4.b(1) and c.4.b(2), a qualified in-place UT examination over the volume from the inner-bore of the flywheel to the circle one-half of the outer radius or a surface examination (MT and/or PT) of exposed surfaces of the removed flywheels may be conducted at an interval not to exceed 20 years.

5.5.8 Inservice Testing Program

This program provides controls for inservice testing of ASME Code Class 1, 2, and 3 components. The program shall include the following:

a. Testing frequencies applicable to the ASME Code for Operations and Maintenance of Nuclear Power Plants (ASME OM Code) and applicable Addenda as follows:

| ASME OM Code and applicable Addenda terminology for inservice testing activities | Required Frequencies for performing inservice testing activities |
|--|--|
| Weekly | At least once per 7 days |
| Monthly | At least once per 31 days |
| Quarterly or every 3 months | At least once per 92 days |
| Semiannually or every 6 months | At least once per 184 days |
| Every 9 months | At least once per 276 days |
| Yearly or annually | At least once per 366 days |
| Biennially or every 2 years | At least once per 731 days |

- b. The provisions of SR 3.0.2 are applicable to the above required Frequencies and to other normal and accelerated Frequencies specified as 2 years or less in the Inservice Testing Program for performing inservice testing activities;
- c. The provisions of SR 3.0.3 are applicable to inservice testing activities; and
- d. Nothing in the ASME OM Code shall be construed to supersede the requirements of any TS.

5.5.9 <u>Steam Generator (SG) Program</u>

An SG Program shall be established and implemented to ensure that SG tube integrity is maintained. In addition, the SG Program shall include the following:

- a. Provisions for condition monitoring assessments. Condition monitoring assessment means an evaluation of the "as found" condition of the tubing with respect to the performance criteria for structural integrity and accident induced leakage. The "as found" condition refers to the condition of the tubing during an SG inspection outage, as determined from the inservice inspection results or by other means, prior to the plugging of tubes. Condition monitoring assessments shall be conducted during each outage during which the SG tubes are inspected or plugged to confirm that the performance criteria are being met.
- b. Performance criteria for SG tube integrity. SG tube integrity shall be maintained by meeting the performance criteria for tube structural integrity, accident induced leakage, and operational LEAKAGE.
 - 1. Structural integrity performance criterion: All in-service SG tubes shall retain structural integrity over the full range of normal operating conditions (including startup, operation in the power range, hot standby, and cool down), all anticipated transients included in the design specification, and design basis accidents. This includes retaining a safety factor of 3.0 against burst under normal steady state full power operation primary-tosecondary pressure differential and a safety factor of 1.4 against burst applied to the design basis accident primary-to-secondary pressure differentials. Apart from the above requirements, additional loading conditions associated with the design basis accidents, or combination of accidents in accordance with the design and licensing basis, shall also be evaluated to determine if the associated loads contribute significantly to burst or collapse. In the assessment of tube integrity, those loads that do significantly affect burst or collapse shall be determined and assessed in combination with the loads due to pressure with a safety factor of 1.2 on the combined primary loads and 1.0 on axial secondary loads.
 - 2. Accident induced leakage performance criterion: The primary to secondary accident induced leakage rate for any design basis accident, other than a SG tube rupture, shall not exceed the leakage rate assumed in the accident analysis in terms of total leakage rate for all SGs and leakage rate for an individual SG. Except during a SG tube rupture, leakage is also not to exceed 1 gallon per minute per SG.

5.5 Programs and Manuals

5.5.9 <u>Steam Generator (SG) Program</u> (continued)

- 3. The operational LEAKAGE performance criterion is specified in LCO 3.4.13, "RCS Operational LEAKAGE."
- c. Provisions for SG tube plugging criteria. Tubes found by inservice inspection to contain flaws with a depth equal to or exceeding 40% of the nominal tube wall thickness shall be plugged.
- d. Provisions for SG tube inspections. Periodic SG tube inspections shall be performed. The number and portions of the tubes inspected and methods of inspection shall be performed with the objective of detecting flaws of any type (e.g., volumetric flaws, axial and circumferential cracks) that may be present along the length of the tube, from the tube-to tubesheet weld at the tube inlet to the tube-to-tubesheet weld at the tube outlet, and that may satisfy the applicable tube plugging criteria. The tube-to-tubesheet weld is not part of the tube. In addition to meeting the requirements of d.1, d.2, and d.3 below, the inspection scope, inspection methods, and inspection intervals shall be such as to ensure that SG tube integrity is maintained until the next SG inspection. A degradation assessment shall be performed to determine the type and location of flaws to which the tubes may be susceptible and, based on this assessment, to determine which inspection methods need to be employed and at what locations.
 - 1. Inspect 100% of the tubes in each SG during the first refueling outage following SG installation.
 - 2. After the first refueling outage following SG installation, inspect 100% of the tubes in each SG at least every 96 effective full power months, which defines the inspection period.
 - 3. If crack indications are found in any SG tube, then the next inspection for each affected and potentially affected SG for the degradation mechanism that caused the crack indication shall be at the next refueling outage. If definitive information, such as from examination of a pulled tube, diagnostic non-destructive testing, or engineering evaluation indicates that a crack-like indication is not associated with a crack(s), then the indication need not be treated as a crack.
- e. Provisions for monitoring operational primary to secondary LEAKAGE.

5.5.10 Secondary Water Chemistry Program

This program provides controls for monitoring secondary water chemistry to inhibit SG tube degradation. The program shall include:

- Identification of a sampling schedule for the critical variables and control points a. for these variables:
- Identification of the procedures used to measure the values of the critical b. variables;
- Identification of process sampling points, which shall include monitoring the C. discharge of the condensate pumps for evidence of condenser in leakage;
- Procedures for the recording and management of data; d.
- Procedures defining corrective actions for all off control point chemistry conditions: and
- A procedure identifying the authority responsible for the interpretation of the data f. and the sequence and timing of administrative events, which is required to initiate corrective action.

5.5.11 Ventilation Filter Testing Program (VFTP)

A program shall be established to implement the following required testing of Engineered Safety Feature (ESF) filter ventilation systems at the frequencies specified below and in accordance with Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, ANSI N510 1980, and ASTM D3803-1989.

Demonstrate for each of the ESF systems that an in-place test of the high a. efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filters shows a penetration and system bypass < 1.0% when tested in accordance with ANSI N510-1980 at the system flowrate specified below ± 10% at least once per 24 months.

| ESF Ventilation System | Flowrate |
|------------------------|------------|
| Control Room | 2100 cfm |
| Auxiliary Building | 73,500 cfm |
| Fuel Handling Building | 35,750 cfm |

Demonstrate for each of the ESF systems that an in-place test of the charcoal b. adsorber shows a penetration and system bypass < 1.0% when tested in accordance with ANSI N510-1980 at the system flowrate specified below ± 10% at least once per 24 months.

| ESF Ventilation System | Flowrate |
|------------------------|------------|
| Control Room | 2100 cfm |
| Auxiliary Building | 73,500 cfm |
| Fuel Handling Building | 35,750 cfm |

5.5 Programs and Manuals

5.5.11 Ventilation Filter Testing Program (VFTP) (continued)

c. Demonstrate for each of the ESF systems that a laboratory test of a sample of the charcoal absorber, when obtained as described in Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, shows the methyl iodide penetration less than the value specified below when tested in accordance with ASTM D3803-1989 at a temperature of 30°C and at the relative humidity specified below. Laboratory testing shall be completed at least once per 24 months and after every 720 hours of charcoal operation.

| ESF Ventilation System | Penetration | | RH |
|------------------------|-------------|---|-----|
| Control Room | 2.5% | | 95% |
| Auxiliary Building | 5.0% | • | 95% |
| Fuel Handling Building | 15.0% | • | 95% |

d. Demonstrate for each of the ESF systems that the pressure drop across the combined HEPA filters and the charcoal adsorbers is less than the value specified below when tested in accordance with ANSI N510-1980 at the system flowrate specified below ± 10% at least once per 24 months.

| ESF Ventilation System | Delta P | Flowrate |
|------------------------|------------|------------|
| Control Room | 3.5 in. WG | 2100 cfm |
| Auxiliary Building . | 3.7 in. WG | 73,500 cfm |
| Fuel Handling Building | 4.1 in. WG | 35,750 cfm |

The provisions of SR 3.0.2 and SR 3.0.3 are applicable to the VFTP test frequencies.

5.5.12 Explosive Gas and Storage Tank Radioactivity Monitoring Program

This program provides controls for potentially explosive gas mixtures contained in the Waste Gas Holdup System, the quantity of radioactivity contained in gas storage tanks, and the quantity of radioactivity contained in temporary unprotected outdoor liquid storage tanks.

The gaseous radioactivity quantities shall be determined following the methodology in Regulatory Guide 1.24 "Assumptions Used For Evaluating the Potential Radiological Consequences of a Pressurized Water Reactor Radioactive Gas Storage Tank Failure." The liquid radwaste quantities shall be maintained such that 10 CFR Part 20 limits are met.

5.5.12 Explosive Gas and Storage Tank Radioactivity Monitoring Program (continued)

The program shall include:

- The limits for concentrations of hydrogen and oxygen in the Waste Gas Holdup a. System and a surveillance program to ensure the limits are maintained. Such limits shall be appropriate to the system's design criteria (i.e., whether or not the system is designed to withstand a hydrogen explosion);
- A surveillance program to ensure that the quantity of radioactivity contained in b. each gas storage tank is less than the amount that would result in a whole body exposure of ≥ 0.5 rem to any individual in an unrestricted area, in the event of an uncontrolled release of the tanks' contents: and
- A surveillance program to ensure that the quantity of radioactivity contained in C. temporary outdoor liquid radwaste tanks that are not surrounded by liners, dikes, or walls, capable of holding the tanks' contents and that do not have tank overflows and surrounding area drains connected to the Liquid Radwaste Treatment System is less than the amount that would result in concentrations less than the limits of 10 CFR 20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2, at the nearest potable water supply and the nearest surface water supply in an unrestricted area, in the event of an uncontrolled release of the tanks' contents.

The provisions of SR 3.0.2 and SR 3.0.3 are applicable to the Explosive Gas and Storage Tank Radioactivity Monitoring Program surveillance frequencies.

5.5.13 Diesel Fuel Oil Testing Program

A diesel fuel oil testing program to implement required testing of both new fuel oil and stored fuel oil shall be established. The program shall include sampling and testing requirements, and acceptance criteria, all in accordance with applicable ASTM Standards. The purpose of the program is to establish the following:

- Acceptability of new fuel oil for use prior to addition to storage tanks by determining that the fuel oil has:
 - an API gravity or an absolute specific gravity within limits, 1.
 - a flash point and kinematic viscosity within limits for ASTM 2D fuel oil, 2. and
 - a clear and bright appearance with proper color; or water and sediment 3. content within limits.
- Other properties for ASTM 2D fuel oil are analyzed within 31 days following b. sampling and addition to storage tanks; and
- Total particulate concentration of the fuel oil is ≤ 10 mg/l when tested every 31 C. days in accordance with ASTM D-2276, Method A.
- The provisions of SR 3.0.2 and SR 3.0.3 are applicable to the Diesel Fuel Oil d. Testing Program test frequencies.

5.5 Programs and Manuals (continued)

5.5.14 Technical Specifications (TS) Bases Control Program

This program provides a means for processing changes to the Bases of these Technical Specifications.

- a. Changes to the Bases of the TS shall be made under appropriate administrative controls and reviews.
- b. Licensees may make changes to Bases without prior NRC approval provided the changes do not require either of the following:
 - 1. a change in the TS incorporated in the license; or
 - 2. a change to the updated FSAR or Bases that requires NRC approval pursuant to 10 CFR 50.59.
- c. The Bases Control Program shall contain provisions to ensure that the Bases are maintained consistent with the FSAR.
- d. Proposed changes that meet the criteria of Specification 5.5.14b above shall be reviewed and approved by the NRC prior to implementation. Changes to the Bases implemented without prior NRC approval shall be provided to the NRC on a frequency consistent with 10 CFR 50.71(e).

5.5.15 Safety Function Determination Program (SFDP)

This program ensures loss of safety function is detected and appropriate actions taken. Upon entry into LCO 3.0.6, an evaluation shall be made to determine if loss of safety function exists. Additionally, other appropriate actions may be taken as a result of the support system inoperability and corresponding exception to entering supported system Condition and Required Actions. This program implements the requirements of LCO 3.0.6. The SFDP shall contain the following:

- a. Provisions for cross train checks to ensure a loss of the capability to perform the safety function assumed in the accident analysis does not go undetected;
- b. Provisions for ensuring the plant is maintained in a safe condition if a loss of function condition exists;
- Provisions to ensure that an inoperable supported system's Completion Time is not inappropriately extended as a result of multiple support system inoperabilities; and
- d. Other appropriate limitations and remedial or compensatory actions.

A loss of safety function exists when, assuming no concurrent single failure, a safety function assumed in the accident analysis cannot be performed. For the purpose of this program, a loss of safety function may exist when a support system is inoperable, and:

 A required system redundant to the system(s) supported by the inoperable support system is also inoperable; or

5.5.15 Safety Function Determination Program (SFDP) (continued)

- b. A required system redundant to the system(s) in turn supported by the inoperable supported system is also inoperable; or
- c. A required system redundant to the support system(s) for the supported systems (a) and (b) above is also inoperable.

The SFDP identifies where a loss of safety function exists. If a loss of safety function is determined to exist by this program, the appropriate Conditions and Required Actions of the LCO in which the loss of safety function exists are required to be entered.

5.5.16 Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program

- a. A program shall be established to implement the leakage rate testing of the containment as required by 10 CFR 50.54(o) and 10 CFR 50, Appendix J, Option B, as modified by approved exemptions. This program shall be in accordance with the guidelines contained in Regulatory Guide 1.163, Revision 1, "Performance-Based Containment Leak-Test Program," dated June 2023, as modified by the following exceptions:
 - The visual examination of containment concrete surfaces intended to fulfill
 the requirements of 10 CFR 50, Appendix J, Option B testing, will be
 performed in accordance with the requirements of and frequency specified
 by ASME Section XI Code, Subsection IWL, except where relief has been
 authorized by the NRC.
 - 2. The visual examination of the steel liner plate inside containment intended to fulfill the requirements of 10 CFR 50, Appendix J, Option B, will be performed in accordance with the requirements of and frequency specified by ASME Section XI code, Subsection IWE, except where relief has been authorized by the NRC.
- b. The peak calculated containment internal pressure for the design basis loss of coolant accident, P_a, is 43.5 psig. The containment design pressure is 47 psig.
- c. The maximum allowable containment leakage rate, L_a, at P_a, shall be 0.10% of containment air weight per day.

(continued)

 \dashv

5.5 Programs and Manuals (continued)

5.5.19 Control Room Envelope Habitability Program

A Control Room Envelope (CRE) Habitability Program shall be established and implemented to ensure that CRE habitability is maintained such that, with an OPERABLE Control Room Ventilation System (CRVS), CRE occupants can control the reactor safely under normal conditions and maintain it in a safe condition following a radiological event, hazardous chemical release, or a smoke challenge. The program shall ensure that adequate radiation protection is provided to permit access and occupancy of the CRE under design basis accident (DBA) conditions without personnel receiving radiation exposures in excess of 5 rem TEDE for the duration of the accident. The program shall include the following elements:

- a. The definition of the CRE and the CRE boundary.
- b. Requirements for maintaining the CRE boundary in its design condition, including configuration control and preventive maintenance.
- c. Requirements for (i) determining the unfiltered air inleakage past the CRE boundary into the CRE in accordance with the testing methods and at the Frequencies specified in Sections C.1 and C.2 of Regulatory Guide 1.197, "Demonstrating Control Room Envelope Integrity at Nuclear Power Reactors," Revision 0, May 2003, and (ii) assessing CRE habitability at the Frequencies specified in Sections C.1 and C.2 of Regulatory Guide 1.197, Revision 0.
- d. Measurement, at designated locations, of the CRE pressure relative to all external areas adjacent to the CRE boundary during the pressurization mode of operation by one train of the CRVS, operating at the flow rate required by the VFTP, at a Frequency of 24 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS. The results shall be trended and used as part of the 24 month assessment of the CRE boundary.
- e. The quantitative limits on unfiltered air inleakage into the CRE. These limits shall be stated in a manner to allow direct comparison to the unfiltered air inleakage measured by the testing described in paragraph c. The unfiltered air inleakage limit for radiological challenges is the inleakage flow rate assumed in the licensing basis analyses of DBA consequences. Unfiltered air inleakage limits for hazardous chemicals must ensure that exposure of CRE occupants to these hazards will be within the assumptions in the licensing basis.
- f. The provisions of SR 3.0.2 are applicable to the Frequencies required by paragraphs c and d for determining CRE unfiltered inleakage and assessing CRE habitability, and measuring CRE pressure and assessing the CRE boundary.

5.5 Programs and Manuals (continued)

5.5.20 Risk Informed Completion Time (RICT) Program

This program provides controls to calculate a RICT and must be implemented in accordance with NEI 06-09-A, Revision 0, "Risk-Managed Technical Specifications (RMTS) Guidelines."

The program shall include the following:

- a. The RICT may not exceed 30 days;
- A RICT may only be utilized in MODE 1 and 2;
- c. When a RICT is being used, any change to the plant configuration, as defined in NEI 06-09-A, Appendix A, must be considered for the effect on the RICT.
 - 1. For planned changes, the revised RICT must be determined prior to implementation of the change in configuration.
 - 2. For emergent conditions, the revised RICT must be determined within the time limits of the Required Action Completion Time (i.e., not the RICT) or 12 hours after the plant configuration change, whichever is less.
 - 3. Revising the RICT is not required If the plant configuration change would lower plant risk and would result in a longer RICT.
- d. For emergent conditions, if the extent of condition evaluation for inoperable structures, systems, or components (SSCs) is not complete prior to exceeding the Completion Time, the RICT shall account for the increased possibility of common cause failure (CCF) by either:
 - Numerically accounting for the increased possibility of CCF in the RICT calculation: or
 - 2. Risk Management Actions (RMAs) not already credited in the RICT calculation shall be implemented that support redundant or diverse SSCs that perform the function(s) of the inoperable SSCs, and, if practicable, reduce the frequency of initiating events that challenge the function(s) performed by the inoperable SSCs.
- e. The risk assessment approaches and methods shall be acceptable to the NRC. The plant PRA shall be based on the as-built, as-operated, and maintained plant; and reflect the operating experience at the plant, as specified in Regulatory Guide 1.200, Revision 2. Methods to assess the risk from extending the Completion Times must be PRA methods approved for use with this program, or other methods approved by the NRC for generic use; and any change in the PRA methods to assess risk that are outside these approval boundaries require prior NRC approval.

5.6 Reporting Requirements

The following reports shall be submitted in accordance with 10 CFR 50.4.

5.6.1 Not Used

5.6.2 Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report

-----NOTE-----

A single submittal may be made for a multiple unit station. The submittal should combine sections common to all units at the station.

The Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report covering the operation of the unit during the previous calendar year shall be submitted by May 1 of each year. The report shall include summaries, interpretations, and analyses of trends of the results of the radiological environmental monitoring program for the reporting period. The material provided shall be consistent with the objectives outlined in the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM), and in 10 CFR 50, Appendix I, Sections IV.B.2, IV.B.3, and IV.C.

The Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report shall include the results of analyses of all radiological environmental samples and of all environmental radiation measurements taken during the period pursuant to the locations specified in the table and figures in the ODCM, as well as summarized and tabulated results of these analyses and measurements in a format similar to the table in the Radiological Assessment Branch Technical Position, Revision 1, November 1979. In the event that some individual results are not available for inclusion with the report, the report shall be submitted noting and explaining the reasons for the missing results. The missing data shall be submitted in a supplementary report as soon as possible.

5.6 Reporting Requirements (continued)

5.6.3 Radioactive Effluent Release Report

---NOTE----

A single submittal may be made for a multiple unit station. The submittal shall combine sections common to all units at the station; however, for units with separate radwaste systems, the submittal shall specify the releases of radioactive material from each unit.

The Radioactive Effluent Release Report covering the operation of the unit during the previous year shall be submitted prior to May 1 of each year in accordance with 10 CFR 50.36a. The report shall include a summary of the quantities of radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents and solid waste released from the unit. The material provided shall be consistent with the objectives outlined in the ODCM and Process Control Program and in conformance with 10 CFR 50.36a and 10 CFR 50, Appendix I, Section IV.B.1.

5.6.4 Not Used

5.6.5 CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (COLR)

- a. Core operating limits shall be established prior to each reload cycle, or prior to any remaining portion of a reload cycle, and shall be documented in the COLR for the following:
 - 1. Shutdown Bank Insertion Limits for Specification 3.1.5,
 - 2. Control Bank Insertion Limits for Specification 3.1.6,
 - Axial Flux Difference for Specification 3.2.3,
 - 4. Heat Flux Hot Channel Factor $(F_Q(z))$ for Specification 3.2.1,
 - 5. Nuclear Enthalpy Rise Hot Channel Factor $(F_{\Lambda H}^{N})$ for Specification 3.2.2,
 - 6. SHUTDOWN MARGIN values in Specifications 3.1.1, 3.1.4, 3.1.5, 3.1.6, and 3.1.8,
 - 7. Moderator Temperature Coefficient limits in Specification 3.1.3,
 - Refueling Boron Concentration limits in Specification 3.9.1, and
 - RCS Pressure, Temperature, and Flow DNB Limits in Specification 3.4.1.

5.6 Reporting Requirements

5.6.5 CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (COLR) (continued)

- b. The analytical methods used to determine the core operating limits shall be those previously reviewed and approved by the NRC, specifically those described in the following documents:
 - 1. WCAP-10216-P-A, Relaxation of Constant Axial Offset Control F_Q Surveillance Technical Specification, (Westinghouse Proprietary),
 - 2. WCAP-9272-P-A, Westinghouse Reload Safety Evaluation Methodology, (Westinghouse Proprietary),
 - 3. WCAP-8385, Power Distribution Control and Load Following Procedures, (Westinghouse Proprietary),
 - 4. WCAP-16996-P-A, Revision 1, "Realistic LOCA Evaluation Methodology Applied to the Full Spectrum of Break Sizes (FULL SPECTRUM LOCA Methodology),"
 - 5. WCAP-17661-P-A, Revision 1, "Improved RAOC and CAOC FQ Surveillance Technical Specifications,"
 - Not used.
 - 7. Not used.
 - Not used.
 - 9. WCAP-8567-P-A, "Improved Thermal Design Procedure,"
 - WCAP-16045-P-A, "Qualification of the Two Dimensional Transport Code PARAGON," and
 - 11. WCAP-16045-P-A, Addendum 1-A, "Qualification of the NEXUS Nuclear Data Methodology."

5.6.5 CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (COLR) (continued)

- c. The core operating limits shall be determined such that all applicable limits (e.g., fuel thermal mechanical limits, core thermal hydraulic limits, Emergency Core Cooling Systems (ECCS) limits, nuclear limits such as SDM, transient analysis limits, and accident analysis limits) of the safety analysis are met.
- d. The COLR, including any midcycle revisions or supplements, shall be provided upon issuance for each reload cycle to the NRC.

5.6.6 Reactor Coolant System (RCS) PRESSURE AND TEMPERATURE LIMITS REPORT (PTLR)

- a. RCS pressure and temperature limits for heat up, cooldown, low temperature operation, criticality, hydrostatic testing, Low Temperature Overpressure Protection (LTOP) arming, and PORV lift settings as well as heatup and cooldown rates shall be established and documented in the PTLR for the following:
 - 1. Specification 3.4.3, "RCS Pressure and Temperature (P/T) Limits," and
 - Specification 3.4.12, "Low Temperature Overpressure Protection (LTOP) System."

5.6 Reporting Requirements

5.6.6 Reactor Coolant System (RCS) PRESSURE AND TEMPERATURE LIMITS REPORT (PTLR) (continued)

- b. The analytical methods used to determine the RCS pressure and temperature and LTOP limits shall be those previously reviewed and approved by the NRC, specifically those described in the following documents:
 - 1. WCAP 14040-NP-A, "Methodology Used to Develop Cold Overpressure Mitigating System Setpoints and RCS Heatup and Cooldown Limit Curves."
 - 2. Chapter 6.0 of WCAP-15958, "Analysis of Capsule V from Pacific Gas and Electric Company Diablo Canyon Unit 1 Reactor Vessel Radiation Surveillance Program."
 - 3. WCAP-18124-NP-A, "Fluence Determination with RAPTOR-M3G and FERRET," and WCAP-18124-NP-A, Supplement 1-NP-A, "Fluence Determination with RAPTOR-M3G and FERRET – Supplement for Extended Beltline Materials" may be used as an alternative to Section 2.2 of WCAP-14040-NP-A.
- The PTLR will identify the Topical Reports used to prepare the PTLR and shall C. be provided to the NRC upon issuance for each reactor vessel fluence period and for any revision or supplement thereto.
- 5.6.7 Not Used

5.6.8 PAM Report

When a report is required by Condition B or F of LCO 3.3.3, "Post Accident Monitoring (PAM) Instrumentation," a report shall be submitted within the following 14 days. The report shall outline the preplanned alternate method of monitoring, the cause of the inoperability, and the plans and schedule for restoring the instrumentation channels of the Function to OPERABLE status.

5.6.9 Not Used

5.6 Reporting Requirements (continued)

5.6.10 Steam Generator Tube Inspection Report

A report shall be submitted within 180 days after the initial entry into MODE 4 following completion of an inspection performed in accordance with Specification 5.5.9, "Steam Generator (SG) Program." The report shall include:

- a. The scope of inspections performed on each SG;
- b. The nondestructive examination techniques utilized for tubes with increased degradation susceptibility;
- c. For each degradation mechanism found:
 - 1. The nondestructive examination techniques utilized;
 - 2. The location, orientation (if linear), measured size (if available), and voltage response for each indication. For tube wear at support structures less than 20 percent through-wall, only the total number of indications needs to be reported;
 - 3. A description of the condition monitoring assessment and results, including the margin to the tube integrity performance criteria and comparison with the margin predicted to exist at the inspection by the previous forward-looking tube integrity assessment; and
 - 4. The number of tubes plugged during the inspection outage.
- d. An analysis summary of the tube integrity conditions predicted to exist at the next scheduled inspection (the forward-looking tube integrity assessment) relative to the applicable performance criteria, including the analysis methodology, inputs, and results;
- e. The number and percentage of tubes plugged to date, and the effective plugging percentage in each SG; and
- f. The results of any SG secondary side inspections.

5.7 High Radiation Area

As provided in paragraph 20.1601(c) of 10 CFR Part 20, the following controls shall be applied to high radiation areas in place of the controls required by paragraph 20.1601(a) and (b) of 10 CFR Part 20:

- 5.7.1 <u>High Radiation Areas with Dose Rates Not Exceeding 1.0 rem/hour at 30 Centimeters</u> from the Radiation Source or from any Surface Penetrated by the Radiation:
 - a. Each entryway to such an area shall be barricaded and conspicuously posted as a high radiation area. Such barricades may be opened as necessary to permit entry or exit of personnel or equipment.
 - b. Access to, and activities in, each such area shall be controlled by means of Radiation Work Permit (RWP) or equivalent that includes specification of radiation dose rates in the immediate work area(s) and other appropriate radiation protection equipment and measures.
 - c. Individuals qualified in radiation protection procedures and personnel continuously escorted by such individuals may be exempted from the requirement for an RWP or equivalent while performing their assigned duties provided that they are otherwise following plant radiation protection procedures for entry to, exit from, and work in such areas.
 - d. Each individual or group entering such an area shall possess:
 - 1. A radiation monitoring device that continuously displays radiation dose rates in the area; or
 - A radiation monitoring device that continuously integrates the radiation dose rates in the area and alarms when the device's dose alarm setpoint is reached, with an appropriate alarm setpoint, or
 - A radiation monitoring device that continuously transmits dose rate and cumulative dose information to a remote receiver monitored by radiation protection personnel responsible for controlling personnel radiation exposure within the area, or
 - 4. A self-reading dosimeter (e.g., pocket ionization chamber or electronic dosimeter) and,
 - (i) Be under the surveillance, as specified in the RWP or equivalent, while in the area, of an individual qualified in radiation protection procedures, equipped with a radiation monitoring device that continuously displays radiation dose rates in the area; who is responsible for controlling personnel exposure within the area, or

- 5.7.1 <u>High Radiation Areas with Dose Rates Not Exceeding 1.0 rem/hour at 30 Centimeters</u> from the Radiation Source or from any Surface Penetrated by the Radiation (continued)
 - (ii) Be under the surveillance as specified in the RWP or equivalent, while in the area, by means of closed circuit television, of personnel qualified in radiation protection procedures, responsible for controlling personnel radiation exposure in the area, and with the means to communicate with individuals in the area who are covered by such surveillance.
 - e. Except for individuals qualified in radiation protection procedures or personnel continuously escorted by such individuals, entry into such areas shall be made only after dose rates in the area have been determined and entry personnel are knowledgeable of them.
- 5.7.2 High Radiation Areas with Dose Rates Greater than 1.0 rem/hour at 30 Centimeters from the Radiation Source or from any Surface Penetrated by the Radiation, but less than 500 rads/hour at 1 Meter from the Radiation Source or from any Surface Penetrated by the Radiation:
 - a. Each entryway to such an area shall be conspicuously posted as a high radiation area and shall be provided with a locked or continuously guarded door or gate that prevents unauthorized entry, and, in addition:
 - 1. All such door and gate keys shall be maintained under the administrative control of the shift manager, radiation protection manager, or his or her designee.
 - Doors and gates shall remain locked except during periods of personnel or equipment entry or exit.
 - b. Access to, and activities in, each such area shall be controlled by means of an RWP or equivalent that includes specification of radiation dose rates in the immediate work area(s) and other appropriate radiation protection equipment and measures.
 - c. Individuals qualified in radiation protection procedures may be exempted from the requirement for an RWP or equivalent while performing radiation surveys in such areas provided that they are otherwise following plant radiation protection procedures for entry to, exit from, and work in such areas.
 - d. Each individual or group entering such an area shall possess:
 - 1. A radiation monitoring device that continuously integrates the radiation dose rates in the area and alarms when the device's dose alarm setpoint is reached, with an appropriate alarm setpoint, or

- 5.7.2 High Radiation Areas with Dose Rates Greater than 1.0 rem/hour at 30 Centimeters from the Radiation Source or from any Surface Penetrated by the Radiation, but less than 500 rads/hour at 1 Meter from the Radiation Source or from any Surface Penetrated by the Radiation (continued)
 - 2. A radiation monitoring device that continuously transmits dose rate and cumulative dose information to a remote receiver monitored by radiation protection personnel responsible for controlling personnel radiation exposure within the area with the means to communicate with and control every individual in the area, or
 - 3. A self-reading dosimeter (e.g., pocket ionization chamber or electronic dosimeter) and,
 - (i) Be under the surveillance, as specified in the RWP or equivalent, while in the area, of an individual qualified in radiation protection procedures, equipped with a radiation monitoring device that continuously displays radiation dose rates in the area; who is responsible for controlling personnel exposure within the area, or
 - (ii) Be under the surveillance as specified in the RWP or equivalent, while in the area, by means of closed circuit television, of personnel qualified in radiation protection procedures, responsible for controlling personnel radiation exposure in the area, and with the means to communicate with and control every individual in the area, or
 - 4. In those cases where options (2) and (3), above, are impractical or determined to be inconsistent with the "As Low As is Reasonably Achievable" principle, a radiation monitoring device that continuously displays radiation dose rates in the area.
 - e. Except for individuals qualified in radiation protection procedures or personnel continuously escorted by such individuals, entry into such areas shall be made only after dose rates in the area have been determined and entry personnel are knowledgeable of them.
 - f. Such individual areas that are within a larger area, such as PWR containment, where no enclosure exists for the purpose of locking and where no enclosure can reasonably be constructed around the individual area need not be controlled by a locked door or gate nor continuously guarded, but shall be barricaded, conspicuously posted, and a clearly visible flashing light shall be activated at the area as a warning device.

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APPENDIX B

TO FACILITY OPERATING LICENSES NOS. DPR-80 AND DPR-82
DIABLO CANYON NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION,
UNITS 1 AND 2

PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY DOCKET NOS. 50-275 and 50-323

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION PLAN (NON-RADIOLOGICAL)

AUGUST 1985

DIABLO CANYON NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION UNIT 1

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION PLAN (NON-RADIOLOGICAL) . TABLE OF CONTENTS

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1.0 Objectives of the Environmental Protection Plan

The Environmental Protection Plan (EPP) is to provide for protection of environmental values during construction and operation of the nuclear facility. The principal objectives of the EPP are as follows:

- (1) Verify that the plant is operated in an environmentally acceptable manner, as established by the FES and other NRC environmental impact assessments.
- (2) Coordinate NRC requirements and maintain consistency with other Federal, State and local requirements for environmental protection.
- (3) Keep NRC informed of the environmental effects of facility construction and operation and of actions taken to control those effects.

Environmental concerns identified in the FES which relate to water quality matters are regulated by way of the licensee's NPDES permit.

2.0 Environmental Protection Issues

The staff identified in the FES-OL dated May 1973 and FES-OL Addendum, dated May 1976 certain environmental issues which required study or license conditions to resolve environmental concerns and to assure adequate protection of the environment during the operation of the Diablo Canyon Nuclear Generating Station Units 1 and 2. On June 12, 1978, the Atomic Safety and Licensing Board issued a partial initial decision in favor of licensing Diablo Canyon Units 1 and 2 subject to certain conditions for the protection of the environment. The conditions needed to resolve these concerns resulting from the environmental impact review are as follows:

2.1 Aquatic Issues

Specific aquatic issues raised by the staff or the hearing board were:

- (1) The need to control the release of chlorine and study its effects on marine life (FES-OL Sections 3.5, 5.3, 6.3, 12.3, and 13.3)
- (2) The need to study the amount, persistence, and stabilization of foam generated by the discharge of cooling water (FES-OL Addendum Section 5.2, ASLB, p. 97)
- (3) The need to confirm that thermal mixing and current patterns occur as predicted and that heat treatment is limited. (FES-OL Section 3.3 and 5.3: Addendum Sections 3.3 and 6.0)
- (4) The continuation of preoperational monitoring studies on intertidal and subtidal biota particularly bull kelp and abalone during operation. (FES-OL Sections 3.5 and 6.0; Addendum Section 5.3 ASLB, p. 98)
- (5) The need for special studies to document levels of intake entrainment on eggs and larvae of fish and abalone and impingement on fish and invertebrates. (FES-OL Sections 5.3 and 6.2; Addendum Sections 5.3 and 5.4; ASLB p. 97)

Aquatic issues are now addressed by the effluent limitations, monitoring requirements, thermal effects study and Section 316(b) demonstration requirements contained in the NPDES permit issued by the California Regional Water Quality Control Board. The NPDES permit includes applicable requirements of the State Water Resources Control Board Ocean Plan* and Thermal Plan.** The NRC will rely on this agency for resolution of the issues involving water quality and aquatic biota.

^{*&}quot;Ocean Plan" is an abbreviation for the Water Quality Control Plan for Ocean Waters of California.

^{**&}quot;Thermal Plan" is an abbreviation for the Water Quality Control Plan for Control of Temperature in the Coastal and Interstate Waters and Enclosed Bays and Estuaries of California.

2.2 Terrestrial Issues

Specific terrestrial issues raised by the staff or the hearing board were:

(1) A program to assure erosion control within the transmission line corridor. (FES-OL Addendum Section 4.2.2)

This requirement shall be satisfied as follows:

Conditions and monitoring requirements for the control of erosion within the transmission line right-of-way are specified by the California Public Utilities Decision No. 79726. Nonconformance with the positions of Decision No. 79726 shall be reported to the NRC.

- (2) The need for controlled use of herbicides on transmission rights-of-way if they are used. (FES-OL, Section 5.3.1)
- (3) The need to preserve a shell midden of archeological significance on the Diablo Canyon Plant site and provide access to the site by local Indians. (ASLB Hearing Transcript, pp. 3424-3442 & pp. 3361-3369)

NRC requirements with regard to these terrestrial issues are specified in Subsection 4.2 of this EPP.

3.0 Consistency Requirements

3.1. Plant Design and Operation

The licensee may make changes in station design or operation or perform tests or experiments affecting the environment provided such changes, tests or experiments do not involve an unreviewed environmental question, and do not involve a change in the Environmental Protection Plan*. Changes in plant design or operation or performance of tests or experiments which do not affect the environment are not subject to the requirements of this EPP. Activities governed by Section 3.3 are not subject to the requirements of this section.

Before engaging in unauthorized construction or operational activities which may affect the environment, the licensee shall prepare and record an environmental evaluation of such activity. When the evaluation indicates that such activity involves an unreviewed environmental question, the licensee shall provide a written evaluation of such activities and obtain prior approval from the Director, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation. When such activity involves a change in the Environmental Protection Plan, such activity and change to the Environmental Protection Plan may be implemented only in accordance with an appropriate license amendment as set forth in Section 5.3.

A proposed change, test or experiment shall be deemed to involve an unreviewed environmental question if it concerns (1) a matter which may result in a significant increase in any adverse environmental impact previously evaluated in the final environmental statement (FES) as modified by staff's testimony to the Atomic Safety and Licensing Board, supplements to the FES, environmental impact appraisals, or in any decisions of the Atomic Safety and Licensing Board; or (2) a significant change in effluents or power level or (3) a matter not previously reviewed and evaluated in the documents specified in (1) of this Subsection, which may have a significant adverse environmental impact.

The licensee shall maintain records of changes in facility design or operation and of tests and experiments carried out pursuant to this Subsection. These records shall include a written evaluation which provide bases for the determination that the change, test, or experiment does not involve an unreviewed environmental question nor constitute a decrease in the effectiveness of this EPP to meet the objectives specified in Section 1.0. The licensee shall include as part of his Annual Environmental Operating Report (per Subsection 5.4.1) brief descriptions, analyses, interpretations, and evaluations of such changes, tests and experiments.

^{*}This provision does not relieve the licensee of the requirements of 10 CFR §50.59.

3.2 Reporting Related to the NPDES Permits and State Certifications

Violations of the NPDES Permit or the State certification (pursuant to Section 401 of the Clean Water Act) shall be reported to the NRC by submittal of copies of the reports required by the NPDES Permit or certification. The licensee shall also provide the NRC with copies of the results of the following studies at the same time they are submitted to the permitting agency:

- i) Thermal effects study
- ii) Section 316(b) Demonstration Study

Changes and additions to the NPDES Permit or the State certification shall be reported to the NRC within 30 days following the date the change is approved. If a permit or certification, in part or in its entirety, is appealed and stayed, the NRC shall be notified within 30 days following the date the stay is granted.

The NRC shall be notified of changes to the effective NPDES Permit proposed by the licensee by providing NRC with a copy of the proposed change at the same time it is submitted to the permitting agency. The licensee shall provide the NRC a copy of the application for renewal of the NPDES permit at the same time the application is submitted to the permitting agency.

3.3 Changes Required for Compliance with Other Environmental Regulations

Changes in plant design or operation and performance of tests or experiments which are required to achieve compliance with other Federal, State, or local environmental regulations are not subject to the requirements of Section 3.1.

4.0 Environmental Conditions

4.1 Unusual or Important Environmental Events

Any occurrence of an unusual or important event that indicates or could result in significant environmental impact causally related to station operation shall be recorded and promptly reported to the NRC within 24 hours by telephone, telegraph, or facsimile transmissions followed by a written report within 30 days, as specified in Subsection 5.4.2. The following are examples: excessive bird impaction events; onsite plant or animal disease outbreaks; mortality or unusual occurrence of any species protected by the Endangered Species Act of 1973; fish kills; increase in nuisance organisms or conditions; and unanticipated or emergency discharge of waste water or chemical substances.

No routine monitoring programs are required to implement this condition.

4.2 Environmental Monitoring

4.2.1 Herbicide Applications

The use of herbicides within the corridor rights-of-way associated with the station shall conform to the approved use of selected herbicides as registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and approved by State authorities and applied as directed by said authorities. Reporting requirements shall apply only during the period of herbicide applications for those corridor rights-of-way associated with the station.

4.2.2 Preservation of Archaeological Resources Requirements .

The licensee shall avoid disturbances to the SLO-2 site in accordance with the Archaeological Resources Management Plan submitted to the NRC on April 7, 1980.

Should a disturbance of the SLO-2 site inconsistent with the allowable use of the site under the Archaeological Resources Management Plan be necessary the licensee shall report the planned disturbance to the NRC in accordance with Subsection 5.4.2..

The licensee shall develop a plan for controlled access by the Chumash Indian Tribe to the SLO-2 site for religious activities, and transmit the plan to appropriate tribal representatives for negotiation. The plan shall provide for reasonable controlled access to the site, taking into account plant-related security and public health and safety constraints. A good-faith effort shall be demonstrated by the licensee to reach agreement with the Chumash Tribe on the plan within one year from the date of license issuance.

5.0 Administrative Procedures

5.1 Review and Audit

The licensee shall provide for review and audit of compliance with the Environmental Protection Plan. The audits shall be conducted independently of the individual or groups responsible for performing the specific activity. A description of the organization structure utilized to achieve the independent review and audit function and results of the audit activities shall be maintained and made available for inspection.

5.2 Records Retention

Records and logs relative to the environmental aspects of plant operation shall be made and retained in a manner convenient for review and inspection. These records and logs shall be made available to NRC on request.

Records of modifications to plant structures, systems and components determined to potentially affect the continued protection of the environment shall be retained for the life of the plant. All other records, data and logs relating to this EPP shall be retained for five years or, where applicable, in accordance with the requirements of other agencies.

5.3 Changes in Environmental Protection Plan

Request for change in the Environmental Protection Plan shall include an assessment of the environmental impact of the proposed change and a supporting justification. Implementation of such changes in the EPP shall not commence prior to NRC approval of the proposed changes in the form of a license amendment incorporating the appropriate revision to the Environmental Protection Plan.

5.4 Plant Reporting Requirements

5.4.1 Routine Reports

An Annual Environmental Operating Report describing implementation of this EPP for the previous year shall be submitted to the NRC prior to May 1 of each year. The initial report shall be submitted prior to May 1 of the year following issuance of the operating license. The period of the first report shall begin with the date of issuance of the operating license.

The report shall include summaries and analyses of the results of the environmental protection activities required by Subsection 4.2 of this Environmental Protection Plan for the report period, including a comparison with preoperational studies, operational controls (as appropriate), and previous non-radiological environmental monitoring reports, and an assessment of the observed impacts of the plant operation on the environment. If harmful effects or evidence of trends towards irreversible damage to the environment are observed, the licensee shall provide a detailed analysis of the data and a proposed course of action to alleviate the problem.

The Annual Environmental Operating Report shall also include:

- (a) A list of EPP noncompliances and the corrective actions taken to remedy them.
- (b) A list of all changes in station design or operation, tests, and experiments made in accordance with Subsection 3.1 which involved a potentially significant unreviewed environmental issue.
- (c) A list of nonroutine reports submitted in accordance with Subsection 5.4.2.

In the event that some results are not available by the report due date, the report shall be submitted noting and explaining the missing results. The missing data shall be submitted as soon as possible in a supplementary report.

5.4.2 Nonroutine Reports

A written report shall be submitted to the NRC within 30 days of occurrence of nonroutine event. The report shall (a) describe, analyze, and evaluate the event, including extent and magnitude of the impact and plant operating characteristics, (b) describe the probable cause of the event, (c) indicate the action taken to correct the reported event, (d) indicate the corrective action taken to preclude repetition of the event and to prevent similar occurrences involving similar components or systems, and (e) indicate the agencies notified and their preliminary responses.

Events reportable under this subsection which also require reports to other Federal, State or local agencies shall be reported in accordance with those reporting requirements in lieu of the requirements of this subsection. The NRC shall be provided a copy of such report at the same time it is submitted to the other agency.

Appendix C have been removed by Amendment nos. 189/191 dated October 2, 2006.

Appendix D

ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS

FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE NO. DPR-80

Pacific Gas & Electric Company shall comply with the following conditions on the schedules given below:

| given below. | | | | |
|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Amendment Number | Additional Conditions | Implementation Date | | |
| 120 | The licensee is authorized to relocate certain technical specifications requirements to the equipment control guidelines (ECGs) as referenced in the Updated Final Safety Analysis Report. Implementation of these amendments shall include relocation of these technical specification requirements to the ECGs as described in the licensee's application dated October 4, 1995, as supplemented by letters dated July 17, 1996, August 20, 1996, and June 2, 1997, and evaluated in the staff's safety evaluation dated February 3, 1998. | The amendment shall be implemented within 90 days of its issuance. | | |
| 135 | This amendment authorizes the relocation of certain Technical Specification requirements to licensee-controlled documents. Implementation of this amendment shall include the relocation of these Technical Specification requirements to the appropriate documents, as described in Table LG of Details Relocated from Current Technical | The amendment shall be implemented by June 30, 2000. | | |

of Details Relocated from Current Technical Specifications, Table R of Relocated Current Technical Specifications, Table LS of Less Restrictive Changes to Current Technical Specifications, and Table A of Administrative Changes to Current Technical Specifications that are attached to the NRC staff's Safety Evaluation enclosed with this amendment.

| Amendment Number | Additional Conditions |
|------------------|---|
| 135 | The schedule for the performance of new and revised Surveillance Requirements (SRs) shall be as follows: |
| | For SRs that are new in this amendment, the first performance is due at the end of the first surveillance interval that begins on the date of implementation of this amendment. |
| | For SRs that existed prior to this amendment whose intervals of performance are being reduced, the first reduced surveillance interval begins upon completion of the first surveillance performed after implementation of this amendment. |
| | For SRs that existed prior to this amendment that have modified acceptance criteria, the first performance is due at the end of the first surveillance interval that began on the date the surveillance was last performed prior to the implementation of this amendment. |
| | For SRs that existed prior to this amendment whose intervals of performance are being extended, the first extended surveillance interval begins upon completion of the last surveillance performed prior to implementation of this amendment. |

Implementation <u>Date</u>

The amendment shall be implemented by June 30, 2000.

| Amendment Number | Additional Conditions | ImplementationDate |
|---------------------|--|---|
| 201 | Determination of CRE unfiltered air inleakage as required by surveillance requirement (SR) 3.7.10.5, in accordance with TS 5.5.19.c.(i). | The amendment is effective as of the date of its issuance and the |
| | The assessment of CRE habitability as required by TS 5.5.19.c.(ii). | condition shall be implemented within 180 days of its issuance |
| | The measurement of CRE pressure as required by TS 5.5.19.d. | |
| | Following implementation, this condition will be perfo | ormed as stated in the |
| | The first performance of SR 3.7.10.5, in accordance with Specification 5.5.19.c.(i), shall be within the specified Frequency of 6 years, plut the 18-month allowance of SR 3.0.2, as measured from February 3, 2005, the date of the most recent successful tracer gas test, or within the next 18 months if the time period since the most recent successful tracer gas test is greater than 6 years. | |
| | The first performance of the periodic assessment of CRE habitability, Specification 5.5.19.c.(ii), shall be within 3 years, plus the 9-month allowance of SR 3.0.2, as measured from February 3, 2005, the date of the most recent successful tracer gas test, or within the next 9 months if the time period since the most recent successful tracer gas test is greater than 3 years | |
| | The first performance of the periodic measurement of CRE pressure, Specification 5.5.19.d, shall be within 24 months, plus the 182 days allowed by SR 3.0.2, as measured from February 3, 2005, the date of the most recent successful pressure measurement test, or within 182 days if not performed previously. | |

| Amendment Number | Additional Conditions | Implementation Date |
|---------------------|--|---|
| 230 | Implementation of the amendment adopting the alternative source term shall include the following plant modifications: | The amendment is effective as of the date of its issuance and the |
| | Install shielding material, equivalent to that provided by the Control Room outer walls, at the external concrete west wall of the Control Room briefing room. | condition shall be implemented within 365 days of its issuance |
| | Install a high efficiency particulate air filter in the Technical Support Center normal ventilation system. | |
| | Re-classify a portion of the 40-inch Containment Penetration Area (GE/GW) Ventilation line from PG&E Design Class II to PG&E Design Class I and upgrade the damper actuators, pressure switches, and the damper solenoid valves to PG&E Design Class I. | |
| | Update setpoints for the redundant safety related gamma sensitive area radiation monitors (1-RE 25/26, 2-RE 25/26). | |