



UNITED STATES
NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20555

NIRS/PC Prefiled Exhibit 256
Docketed 09/23/2005

September 22, 1992

Docket No: 70-3070

Louisiana Energy Services, L.P.
ATTN: W. Howard Arnold
President
2121 K Street, N.W.
Suite 850
Washington, DC 20037

Gentlemen:

Since disposition of depleted uranium (DU) tails is an important decommissioning licensing issue for the proposed Claiborne Enrichment Center, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission performed an assessment of the issues involved. Our evaluation assumes that the bulk of DU tails will eventually be disposed of as a waste. We examined the acceptability of disposal of the LES enrichment plant tails, as depleted UF_4 , in a licensed 10 CFR Part 61 disposal facility as suggested by LES's "Depleted Uranium Hexafluoride Management Study." We have completed our review of this proposal. Based on our analysis, we have reached the following conclusions.

The preferred chemical form for final disposition of the DU tails is U_3O_8 , regardless of U-235 concentration. Even if stored tails were later further processed and depleted of U-235, the bulk of DU tails must still be disposed of. Compared with UF_4 , U_3O_8 is the more stable physicochemical form and the more compatible, as regards to safety, with long-term disposition of tails. Conversion of the DUF_6 to DUF_4 for final disposition is not acceptable because its physicochemical, long-term stability is incompatible with final disposal under 10 CFR Part 61.

The Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) supporting 10 CFR Part 61 did not contemplate large volumes of DU tails. Our analysis, using methodology similar to that used for the Part 61 EIS, concludes that near-surface disposal of such large quantities of DU tails is not appropriate, both because of its potential radiological impact and its chemical toxicity. However, other disposal alternatives under 10 CFR Part 61 may be viable; e.g., deep mine disposal. Therefore, disposal options, other than near-surface disposal, must be considered for the DU tails. Disposal options must be accompanied with supporting analyses. The analyses should include funding provisions for storage, tails conversion to the oxide form, final disposition and, if applicable, transportation costs.

Your analyses should also consider an appropriate schedule for conversion and disposal. Since you are proposing to start production in phases, which may take several years, the conversion of DUF_6 to DU_3O_8 , or other suitable waste form, should start 10 to 15 years after initiating production, or after generating 80,000 tons of tails, whichever is reached first.

9209250162 920922
PDR ADOCK 07003070
PDR

Ex. 18

W. Howard Arnold

September 22, 1992

In summary, demonstration of viable means of DU tails ultimate disposition and provision for financial assurance are needed. It is recognized that the total volume of waste to be generated for the LES Claiborne Enrichment Center is part of a much larger national inventory. Therefore, LES DU tails disposition may be addressed as part of the national inventory disposal scheme.

We would be pleased to discuss these matters further with you after you have considered them. If you have any questions, please contact Dr. Lidia A. Roche' at (301) 504-2695.

Sincerely,

Jerry J. Swift for
/S/

John W.N. Hickey, Chief
Fuel Cycle Safety Branch
Division of Industrial and
Medical Safety
Office of Nuclear Material Safety
and Safeguards

cc: Attached list

DISTRIBUTION: Docket No. 70-3070

PDR/LPDR	JSwift	JSpraul
NRC File Center	LRoche	
IMSB R/F	KMcDaniel	
NMSS R/F	FBrown	
RFonner, OGC	WFisher, RIV	
STurk, OGC	CGaskin, SG	
CNilsen, RES	DJoy, SG	
PTing, SG	EShum	
RBrady, SEC	TCombs, GPA	

OFC	IMAF	IMAF	IMAF	IMSB	
NAME	LRoche:ls	FBrown	JSwift	JHickey	
DATE	09/22/92	09/22/92	09/22/92	09/22/92	

OFFICIAL RECORD COPY
G:TALS

ATTACHED LIST

Dr. W. Howard Arnold
President
Louisiana Energy Services
2121 K Street, NW
Suite 850
Washington, DC 20037

Mr. Peter G. LeRoy
Licensing Manager
Louisiana Energy Services
c/o Duke Engineering & Services, Inc.
P.O. Box 1004
Charlotte, NC 28201-1004

Mr. J. Michael McGarry, III
Winston & Strawn
1400 L Street, NW
Washington, DC 20005

Mr. Ronald L. Wascom
Deputy Assistant Secretary
Office of Air Quality and
Radiation Protection
Louisiana Dept. of Environ. Quality
P.O. Box 82135
Baton Rouge, LA 70884-2135

Ms. Diane Curran
Harmon, Curran, Gallagher, &
Spielberg
2001 S Street, NW Suite 430
Washington, DC 2009-1125

Natalie M. Walker, Esq.
Sierra Club Legal Defense Fund, Inc.
400 Magazine Street, Suite 401
New Orleans, LA 70130

Mr. Michael Mariotte
Executive Director
Nuclear Information and
Resource Service
1424 16th Street, NW
Suite 601
Washington, DC 20036

Administrative Judge
Richard F. Cole
Atomic Safety and Licensing Board
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Washington, DC 20555

Administrative Judge
Frederick J. Shon
Atomic Safety and Licensing Board
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Washington, DC 20555

Office of Commission Appellate
Adjudication
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Washington, DC 20555

Morton B. Margulies, Chairman
Atomic Safety and Licensing Board
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Washington, DC 20555