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**To:** "Jay Hensen" <jlh@nrc.gov>  
**Date:** Tue, Jan 6, 2004 8:00 AM  
**Subject:** FW: UF6 Release - Engineering Findings

Phil Bryan  
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MTW  
618/524-6245

-----Original Message-----

**From:** Bryan, Phil X.  
**Sent:** Tuesday, January 06, 2004 6:56 AM  
**To:** 'Jay Hensen (Home)'; 'Jay Hensen'  
**Cc:** Mays, Darren  
**Subject:** UF6 Release - Engineering Findings

Phil Bryan  
Nuclear Services Manager  
MTW  
618/524-6245

Information in this record was deleted  
in accordance with the Freedom of Information  
Act, exemptions 2005-2.16  
FOIA- 4

F-1

# **UF6 Release**

## **Engineering Findings**

**Metropolis Plant**  
**December 22, 2003**

# UF6 Offsite Release 12/22/2003

**Investigation Team:** Phil Bryan, R.A. Smith (Morristown Office), Tracey Minor (Geismar Plant)

**Investigation Primary Objective:** Determine the facts around the incident. Coordinate with NRC investigation team and TOPS investigation team to collaborate information.

## **Deliverables from investigation:**

- ◆ Review timeline of event and support with process data.
- ◆ Develop release quantity.
- ◆ Develop and implement corrective actions (Still in Process).

# Highlights of Event

- Operator preparing Fluorination system to run dual trains.
- Blanks at GF2 switched without incident.
- Second Fluorination scrubbing train (B side) had to be unlocked and put on-line in order to run two trains. This involved shutting off primary source of vacuum on system (Nash vacuum pumps).
- Operator did not open valves to secondary vacuum source (Ash Dust Collector) and close system valve to isolate cold traps.
- System was blocked in with Fluorinator Bed fluidizing air and Distillation impurity stream (UF6) entering system. There was no outlet for inputs therefore the system developed pressure.
- Leak developed at C Fluorinator minus control valve stem seal.
- Shortly after the pressure developed, the leak was noticed and an entry team proceeded to systematically open the system to secondary vacuum source. This created a sudden release of pressure to the Ash Dust collector and ultimately a release from its stack to the atmosphere.
- Entry teams proceeded to restart the primary vacuum source but effort was complicated by seal liquor re-circulation pump coupling failure.

**Assuming Worst Case, Pressure Rise 7.2 psig  
and Loss Quantity of 6.9 lb**

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# Highlights of Event

## 1. Process Pre-Incident - Fluidizing Reactors

### *Valve State*

A - Open  
B - Closed  
C - Open  
D - Open  
E - Open  
F - Open

## 3. Process at Time of Loss

### *Valve State*

A - Closed  
B - Open  
C - Open  
D - Open  
E - Closed  
F - Closed

## 2. Process When System Building Pressure

### *Valve State*

A - Open  
B - Closed  
C - Open  
D - Open  
E - Closed  
F - Closed

## 4. Process When Loss Mitigated

### *Valve State*

A - Closed  
B - Closed  
C - Open  
D - Open  
E - Open  
F - Open

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# Event Time Line

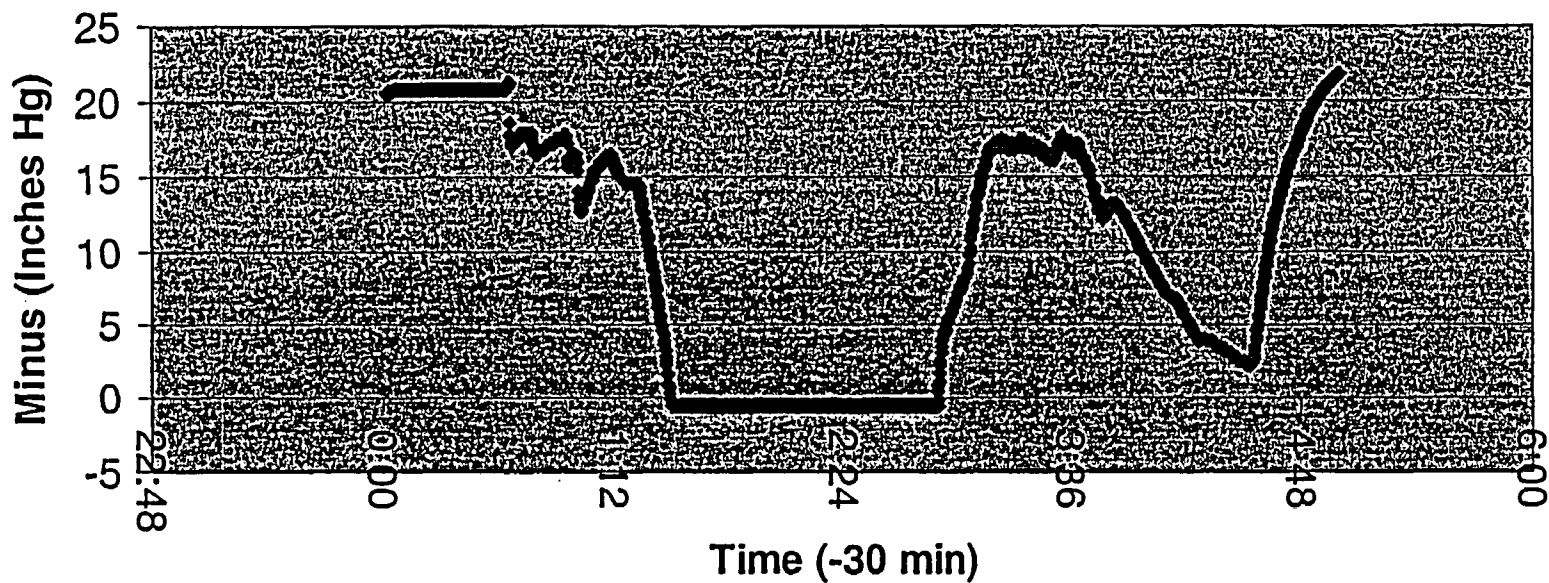
| Time | Process Data (Data Logger)                      | Process Data PR401              | A Windbox pressure             | Op Log   |
|------|---|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| 2325 |   |                                 | pressure to <25" H2O           | F2 off to switch blanks                              |
| 2330 |   |                                 |                                | Purge on   |
| 2400 |   |                                 |                                | Purge off  |
| 0020 |   |                                 |                                | Valved A & C to dust collector                       |
| 0035 |   |                                 |                                | Shutdown scrubbing to install blanks between A and B |
| 0106 | Cold Trap Inlet -21" Hg, begins to swing        |                                 |                                |  |
| 0107 |   | pressure begins to swing        |                                |  |
| 0135 |   |                                 | pressure spike, then down      |  |
| 0143 |   | pressure begins sharp rise      |                                |  |
| 0150 | Cold trap inlet -15" Hg, begins sharp rise      |                                 |                                |  |
| 0155 |   |                                 | pressure to >25" H2O           |  |
| 0158 |   | Cold trap max off scale         |                                |  |
| 0200 | Cold Trap inlet goes + off scale                |                                 |                                |  |
| ?    |   |                                 |                                | Leak noted   |
| 0215 |   |                                 |                                |  |
| 0215 |   |                                 |                                |  |
| 0215 |   |                                 |                                |  |
| 0215 |   |                                 |                                |  |
| 0228 |   |                                 |                                |  |
| 0228 |   |                                 |                                |  |
| 0240 |   |                                 |                                |  |
| 0240 |   |                                 |                                |  |
| 0250 |   |                                 | pressure back down to +12" H2O |  |
| 0253 |   |                                 |                                |  |
| 0305 |   |                                 |                                |  |
| 0315 |   |                                 |                                |  |
| 0315 |   |                                 |                                |  |
| 0323 | Cold trap inlet begins to decrease              |                                 |                                |  |
| 0328 |   | pressure begins to drop         |                                |  |
| 0343 |   | pressure stabilizes             |                                |  |
| 0345 |   |                                 |                                |  |
| 0345 |   |                                 |                                |  |
| 0348 | Cold Trap inlet back to -17" Hg                 |                                 |                                |  |
| 0350 |   |                                 |                                |  |
| 0403 |   | pressure begins to rise         |                                |  |
| 0405 | Cold trap pressure begins increase              |                                 |                                |  |
| 0502 |   | pressure maxes, begins decrease |                                |  |
| 0502 | Cold Trap pressure maxes at -3" begins decrease |                                 |                                |  |

**Information Gathered only - not verified**

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# System Pressure

A Prim. Cold Trap Inlet Pressure



◆ A Prim. Cold Trap Inlet Pressure

# Pressure Rise

## Estimates of pressure rise and venting

*Note: Calculations assume all vapor volumes are air (Worst Case)*

Fluidizing air in: 70 SCM Both Fluorinators being Fluidized

Duration 2:15 Off  
1:40 Start of pressure rise  
0:35 Time air going in

35 minutes

Total air added: 2450 ft<sup>3</sup> 171.5 lb

System Volume:

| <u>Vessel</u>     | <u>Diameter</u> | <u>Length</u> | <u>Vol. Ea</u> | <u>vapor space</u> | <u>Total vol.,ft3</u> |
|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| 2 Fluorinators    |                 |               | 215            | 0.8                | 344                   |
| 3 Filters         | 3               | 7.8           | 215            | 0.9                | 580.5                 |
| 6 PCT             |                 |               | 207            | 0.9                | 1117.8                |
| 5 SCT             |                 |               | 77             | 0.9                | 346.5                 |
| 4 TCT             |                 |               | 77             | 0.9                | 277.2                 |
| 1 Piping (assume) | 0.33            | 500.00        | 43.52          |                    | 43.52                 |

B Filters tied into C Fluorinator

Less solid UF6 in cold traps 84883 lb = 261.60 ft<sup>3</sup>

**Total 2447.93 ft<sup>3</sup>**

Pressure Start of rise 7.4 psia Dens= 0.035747258 87.51 lb air  
End of rise 259.01 lb air  
0.11 lb/ft<sup>3</sup>  
P= 1132.39 mm Hg abs

P= 720 psig estimated final pressure

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# Loss Quantity Estimate

## Estimate of Loss

Assume 0.05 % UF6 in vapor Based on System volumes and partial pressures of gases in each component of the system (Fluorinator Side and Cold Trap Side)  
 avg MW 45.15

Pre-vent pressure 7.2 psig  
 Vapor density 0.170591 lb/ft3  
 Vapor weight 417.5931 lb before vent to dust collectors

Vent down to 14.7 psia 280.3022 lb after vent to dust collectors

Loss through dust collector (max) 137.2909 lb assume all went through dust collector

Estimate % UF6 in vapor

*Assume UF6 saturated vapor in cold traps mixes with air in rest of system*

UF6 vapor in cold traps T 0 F -17.777778 C  
 UF6 VP 5 mm  
 UF6 MW 352  
 UF6 density 0.006904 lb/ft3

volume of cold traps 1479.903 ft3  
 weight of UF6 vapor in cold traps 10.21658 lb UF6

weight of air in system

volume of system 2447.927 ft3  
 density of air in rest of system at 18.3 psia (avg. pressure during release through dust collector)  
 0.091559 lb/ft3

Weight of air 224.1303 lb

Estimated UF6 concentration is 4.36% by weight *Checks with 5% assumption*

Estimated UF6 loss through dust collector 6.9 lb

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# Preliminary Equipment Findings

- No.1 and No.2 Ash Dust Collector Internal Inspections
  - Bags in tact. To be changed prior to re-start.
  - Presence of residue indicates UF6 traveled to baghouse.
  - HP samples inconclusive due to potential plugging.
- Spar Hopper
  - No evidence of UF6 presence.
- C Minus Control Valve
  - Primary seal (bellows) failed.

# Outside Resources to Facilitate Re-Start

## UF6 Incident Engineering Analysis

- Tracy Mills
- Bob Smith

## Systems for Root Cause Analysis

- William Corcoran

## Systems for Handling Corrective Actions

## Corrective Action Effectiveness Review

- Hugh Thompson
- Jim Milhoan

## UF6 Release Point Data Calculations

- Dr. Mills

## Systems of Process Hazard Safety

- Bill Hague & Team

## Systems for Training and Procedures

- Jerry Watell

## Systems for Mechanical Integrity

- Resource Needed

## Systems for Preventive Maintenance

- Resource Needed

## Corrective Action Management Review

- Alan Roy
- Russ Morehead
- Chuck Schafer