Branch Technical Position HICB-4

Guidance on Design Criteria for Auxiliary Feedwater Systems

A. Background

The function of the auxiliary feedwater system in pressurized water reactors is to provide an emergency source of feedwater supply to the steam generators. It is required to ensure safe shutdown in the event of a main turbine trip with loss of offsite power. The system is also started on a safety injection signal. Feedwater is pumped to each steam generator through normally open control valves. It was found that in some plant designs the auxiliary feedwater system did not meet the single-failure criterion. 10 CFR 50.54(f)(2)(xii) requires automatic and manual auxiliary feedwater initiation. The purpose of this branch technical position is to provide guidance and to establish uniform requirements for acceptable designs of auxiliary feedwater systems.

B. Branch Technical Position

The auxiliary feedwater system should be capable of satisfying the system functional requirements after a postulated break in the auxiliary feedwater piping inside containment together with a single electrical failure. The basis for the position is that an auxiliary feedwater piping break would result in tripping the unit and, in turn, might cause loss of offsite power. Standard Staff assumptions for analyzing postulated accidents include the assumption of loss of offsite power if the affected unit generator is tripped by the accident. Such a circumstance would leave the plant without adequate means for removal of afterheat even though the reactor coolant pressure boundary was intact — an unacceptable result. Plant heat removal systems must, in any postulated piping break, be capable of removing afterheat to the ultimate heat sink assuming a single electrical (active) failure anywhere in the auxiliary feedwater system or in the onsite power system.

Appendix 7-A BTP HICB-4-1 Rev. 4 — June 1997