Official Transcript of Proceedings

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Title:

Pre-Hearing Conference

ITMO Andrew Siemaszko

Docket Number:

05-839-02-EA

DOCKETED USNRC

Location:

(telephone conference)

September 1, 2005 (3:35pm)

OFFICE OF SECRETARY **RULEMAKINGS AND ADJUDICATIONS STAFF**

Date:

Tuesday, August 30, 2005

Work Order No.: NRC-587

Pages 1-58

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11	In the Matter of:
12	Docket No. 05-839-02-EA
13	ANDREW SIEMASZKO
14	
15	Tuesday,
16	August 30, 2005
17	
18	
19	The above-entitled matter came on for
20	hearing, pursuant to notice, at 2:00 p.m.
21	
22	BEFORE:
23	LAWRENCE McDADE, Chairman
24	PETER S. LAM, Administrative Law Judge
25	ROY HAWKENS, Administrative Law Judge
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(2:08 p.m.)

CHAIRMAN McDADE: This is Lawrence McDade speaking. With me are Judge Hawkens and Judge Lam.

What I would ask, since the Court Reporter is not physically present but is on a telephone hookup, if you make a statement, if you could please identify yourself, so that we can be sure that the statement is attributed to proper the individual.

We are here in the matter of Andrew Siemaszko, ASLBP Number 05-839-02-EA. We're here for a--basically, a prehearing conference to hear oral argument on a motion that has been filed by the Staff to delay these proceedings. Specifically, they filed a motion to delay these proceedings through the end of November of 2005.

This is a second motion for a delay. had previously granted a delay of 120 days and set a discovery schedule based on that. We have a couple of other motions pending as well. One is to maintain the status quo, which is asking that things sort of be held where they are at least until we rule on the motion.

The next thing that is going to happen is

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on September 19th. I am relatively confident that we will be able to make a decision on this prior to September 19th. However, it would be our predisposition, if for some reason we are not able to make a decision by that period of time, to have a moderate stay, to put off the first initial discovery until we have made a decision on a motion. But we're really confident at this point in time that we should be able to rule on the motion by September 19th.

The other matter that is currently pending is the Staff had filed a motion that this hearing be closed. And what I'm going to do is this. We're going to start the hearing. At this point, the Union of Concerned Scientists has not yet been admitted as a party to this proceeding.

What I will do is to basically run through things with them present. If there is anything that the Staff has that they believe is inappropriate to be said with the Union of Concerned Scientists present, but they feel should be important for us to consider in making our decision on their motion for stay, what I would ask them to do is to simply jot it down.

At the end of the first phase of this proceeding, the Union of Concerned Scientists would be excused. And if there was anything that the Staff had

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that they believe at this point in time should be limited to participants, parties, you know, they could then state it at that point. That proceeding will be transcribed.

And if the Union of Concerned Scientists is ultimately admitted as a party to this proceeding, at another point in time we will have a discussion as to whether or not that transcript should be made available to them. If they ultimately were admitted, it would be our predisposition that they would then have access to that transcript, but we would be willing to hear from the Staff before it was turned over in the event there was anything that they felt was so confidential that it should not be turned over to the Union of Concerned Scientists.

So I think that basically sets the ground rules of what we propose to do, or an outline of the schedule. Are there any objections to that from the Staff?

MS. BROCK: This is Sarah Brock for the Staff. Your Honor, that sounds acceptable to the Staff. My only concern would be that the transcript might only not be available to UCS, but not to the general public at large, the second portion of the transcript.

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CHAIRMAN McDADE: Well, what we could do, 1 I mean, a) let's see what happens with the transcript, 2 and what we could do is simply, you know, have what 3 4 you did already, which is a proposed protective order 5 and confidentiality agreement. And the transcript would be turned over pursuant to that. 6 7 But let's wait and see what, if anything, 8 is in that transcript, and then decide what kinds of 9 protections, if any, are needed. 10 The second has to do with the current affidavit of Mr. Ballantine, by the "current affidavit 11 12 of Mr. Ballantine" I mean the August 18th as opposed 13 to the May 17th affidavit. It was presented with a proposed protective order and a confidentiality 14 15 agreement. 16 And one of the things that I wanted to 17 find out from Mr. Siemaszko's counsel: are you 18 agreeable to signing that confidentiality agreement at this time, in order to gain access to the Ballantine 19 affidavit of August 18th? 20 21 MR. CLIFFORD: This is John Clifford 22 speaking. We are not agreeable to signing that 23 confidentiality agreement at this time, and we're 24 prepared to state our reasons if you wish.

25

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Please.

CHAIRMAN McDADE:

We have no idea what is in this affidavit.

And it seems only fair to at least

There's no description of it or why it needs to be

describe the document and the contents of it and why

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it needs to be confidential.

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Secondly, in a conversation with Ms. Brock last week, I asked her whether, if we were to sign this agreement, Mr. Siemaszko would be permitted, under the agreement, to share the affidavit with his criminal attorney. And I was informed that he would not be permitted to do so. This really would put him in an intolerable situation.

If by chance there's some information in there that might be helpful to him in defending against being a target of a -- or a possible target of a criminal investigation, if he -- if Siemaszko knows it, and he can't share it with his attorney who is charged with defending him, that doesn't make sense to me, and it seems to be unnecessarily broad.

I think the third point I would make about it is that the -- there's no -- if this affidavit -- if it turns out, and, of course, we haven't seen it, but if the current Ballantine affidavit is essentially

a rehash of the first Ballantine affidavit that was openly filed and distributed to the parties without any restriction, then it seems to me that essentially the NRC Staff is attempting to close the barn door after the horses are gone.

And, obviously, the Board is in a position to make some evaluation on this point, whether it's the same thing or not. But if it is essentially or substantively the same thing, other than saying, you know, a different estimate of time involved, then I don't think it makes sense to attach confidentiality to the document.

Thank you.

McDade again. Let me share with you a little bit of my thinking here and ask a question. Would Mr. Siemaszko be willing to receive the affidavit under a confidentiality agreement at this time? Once you have read it, you would then be in a position to flesh out the objections that you have just raised, and we could take up whether or not that confidentiality agreement would continue or not, whether or not there would be a valid reason for it?

I understand your position. Right now you've got something that's a pig in a poke. You have

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no idea what it is. You have outlined sort of general reasons why you would be reluctant to enter into the agreement. So my question is: what would your view be on receiving it, pursuant to a confidentiality agreement, understanding that once you have reviewed it you could then file a motion to set aside the confidentiality agreement?

MR. CLIFFORD: Well, I think that really puts us in the same position that we're at risk of not being able to share information that potentially is relevant and even exculpatory with his criminal attorney, and --

JUDGE HAWKENS: Mr. Clifford, excuse me. This is Judge Hawkens. In my experience, it's not at all unusual for a protective order in one proceeding to limit it to the litigants in that particular proceeding. This document is not intended to be used for defense in a criminal matter, but it's intended to be limited to this particular proceeding. And I'm not sure why you want to base your objection on that ground.

MR. CLIFFORD: Well, the reason I want to
-- I am raising the ground, and I probably have less
or at least less recent criminal defense experience
than anyone here -- matter of fact, no criminal

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defense experience, three-year old prosecutor experience -- but the -- I understand that this order would permit Mr. Siemaszko to see the affidavit.

But Mr. Siemaszko would be precluded from sharing the information -- whatever information is in it with his criminal attorney. It sounds -- seems to me that that creates a really intolerable tension, or potentially.

Now, saying all of this, I guess my gut suspicion is that there's really nothing in this affidavit, that it's just more of the same. But since it has never been described to us in any way, I don't know. And I am little -- we are cautious about what we don't know.

CHAIRMAN McDADE: Okay. One other possibility here, and see what you think of this, and then I'll get -- as you about it -- would be that the affidavit would go to civil counsel of Mr. Siemaszko, not to Mr. Siemaszko. That you, as his counsel, would have an opportunity to read it and to evaluate whether or not there was anything in there that should remain confidential and could then file a meaningful motion to have it released at that point in time. Now, either that it be -- you know, what the ultimate terms would be.

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1 Is that something that you would dismiss, 2 or is that something that you would find agreeable? I'd find that MR. CLIFFORD: 3 less 4 disagreeable than the -- what had earlier 5 described. And I do apologize. We really are -we're kind of groping in the dark on this one, and not 6 7 really having much of an idea what the nature of this affidavit is. 8 9 And as I say, if it's pretty much more of 10 the same with different estimations of conclusion dates, as the first affidavit, then I'm a lot less 11 12 concerned about it than if there's something substantive in there. 13 14 CHAIRMAN McDADE: This is Judge McDade again. But, of course, you won't know that unless and 15 16 until you get to see it. 17 MR. CLIFFORD: Yes. Like that story "The 18 Lady or the Tiger" --19 (Laughter.) 20 JUDGE LAM: This is Judge Lam. Mr. 21 Clifford, I fully share your concern about agreeing to this protective order. However, if you 22 23 don't sign it, you will not have access to it. So you 24 are caught. So wouldn't you be better off -- I mean, 25 right now you don't know what it ways. Wouldn't you

be better off by signing the protective order? 1 Therefore, you -- at least you know what it is. 2 3 MS. GARDE: Judge, this is Billie Garde. This particular proposed protective order is pretty 4 onerous and contains all kinds of, you know, threats 5 and prescriptions to make sure that whoever signs it 6 7 doesn't release it. And as a practical matter, we don't want to back into a situation where we -- you 8 know, we have a little nibble here and a little nibble 9 10 there, and all of a sudden we're in a closed proceeding, which we don't want to end up in. 11 We feel like the charges were public, and 12 13 the case needs to be conducted in public. And we need 14 to be very careful in the context of any step down a 15 path toward a sealed proceeding. It does seem that the easiest thing to do 16 17 would be to say, "Okay. Let me just quick take a look 18 at it to see if there's a problem." But I think that signing this order, and then having to try to argue to 19 20 get out from under it, establishes a situation where 21 it would be just far too easy to start stamping everything in this proceeding "Confidential." 22 JUDGE LAM: This is Judge Lam. I 23 24 understand. Thanks. 25 CHAIRMAN McDADE: Okay. This is Judge

McDade again. I don't think I need to hear from the Staff on this. I think at this point in time the way we would proceed is as follows. We are not going to turn over the affidavit at this point. We would urge the representatives of Mr. Siemaszko to draft a protective order that would be acceptable to them.

If you could do that before you leave for your trip to Ireland, get it to the Staff, and by the time you get back the Staff would have had an opportunity to review it, and you could then have discussions to see whether or not you can reach an agreement on a protective order, and by that time perhaps the need for the protective order will no longer exist, and we will simply take this up again after you all get back from Ireland.

MS. GARDE: Fair enough. We'll do that.

CHAIRMAN McDADE: Okay. Now, the next thing I would like to move forward with and ask some questions of the Staff -- and, again, if there are answers to this that you believe are inappropriate with a non-party present, just make a note to yourself, jot it down, and I'll get you a chance -- give you a chance to augment it later, and then we will take up whether or not the transcript of that should ultimately be turned over to the Union of

Concerned Scientists, if at a later point in time they are admitted as a party.

Specifically, my questions are this. In the order that we issued, the previous order in this matter back on July 22nd, we addressed the possibility that there might be another motion for a stay, as the Staff in their pleadings had indicated that that was a possibility.

We specifically cited some of the case law that has developed over the years on how a court should exercise its discretion in these matters, what they should balance in performing this balancing test.

And, specifically, in considering whether or not the disclosure of information could jeopardize an ongoing criminal proceeding, we were supposed to consider the potential for witness intimidation, perjury, or the manufacture of evidence by a defendant. And we cited various cases that held to that proposition.

In your most recent pleading, you cited to a Federal Register notice that had been put out by the Federal -- by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission that basically seemed to track that case law, that maintaining confidentiality may be necessary to prevent the altering of evidence, limit the direction

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or nature or availability of further statements of evidence to protect confidential sources to limit the possibility of harassment or witness intimidation. I mean, those are the factors that we are supposed to consider in doing this balancing test.

In my reading of your pleadings, what is presented to us so far, there is no discussion of any of that. As you look it, standing back from it, Mr. Siemaszko is no longer employed by the company, he no longer lives in the community. He was not a senior executive to whom people had long-time reporting requirements. He had only worked there for a relatively few months, I believe less than a year at the time of the incident.

So taking those factors, the ones that we cited in the order of July 22nd, and the ones that the Nuclear Regulatory Commission cited in their Federal Register notice, is the staff able to explain to us whether any of those factors are present in this case, and the basis for believing it to be so?

MS. BROCK: Well, Your Honor, this is Sarah Brock for the NRC Staff. I think we can. We have a bit of a difficulty. We were prepared -- after receiving your order of July -- of August 24th, I went back to the Department of Justice and was given some

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more information.

But without Mr. Siemaszko signing the protective order, I am -- I am trying to say these things in a way that won't impact the criminal proceeding at all. That is somewhat difficult -- to be very specific.

I guess one thing that I would note, though, is when this case goes into discovery, or as soon as we disclose documents, we're not just disclosing them to Mr. Siemaszko. We are disclosing them to the public at large, and that is a major concern. It has a major impact on the -- on the Government's investigation. I mean, specifically, that would include the disclosure to First Energy.

And in looking at the Federal Register notice that we cited -- and I would argue that it's really Commission policy to stay a proceeding when there's a criminal investigation going on. And that's - and those aren't immediately effective orders, and this is not an immediately effective order.

And so the -- I mean, as we have previously discussed and has been well established, Mr. Siemaszko was not employed at the time that we issued this order. Nothing about his legal status has changed. So it's difficult for us to perceive any

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harm from staying the proceeding, in light of the overwhelming interest in allowing the criminal proceeding to go on.

I think there are scores and scores of cases that routinely put off a civil proceeding in a light of a criminal proceeding. And I think part of that is because the criminal standards are different. A criminal defendant should not be allowed to take advantage of civil discovery standards.

I think something that Mr. Clifford alluded to in saying why he wouldn't sign the protective order argues in favor of the Staff motion to stay the proceeding, in that he said that he didn't want to sign it if it couldn't be shared with his criminal attorney.

This proceeding -- it is inappropriate, and there are scores of cases to support that it's inappropriate for them to use this proceeding to promote his criminal defense. And for them to gain access to discovery materials that they would not have in the criminal proceeding is unfair to the Government. There is a different standard of proof in a criminal proceeding. There is a different standard of evidence.

And I think -- I mean, Ms. Garde's

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statement that she wants to try it all in the public, that's perfectly acceptable to the NRC Staff, and also weighs in favor of staying the entire proceeding, because in fact, I mean, to the extent we move forward it will be more and more restricted as the Government is more concerned about what goes out into the general public. Whereas, if we wait until the criminal proceeding is over, then there is no confidentiality issues.

CHAIRMAN McDADE: This is Judge McDade again. A couple of things that arise based on what you've said. The cases you cite, which are many, many cases, without citing any specific case, that basically follows that the -- the case that you filed as well -- in the order that we issued we did cite a number of cases and addressed -- those cases addressed the reasons why a proceeding would be delayed.

There are many cases out there that say that a defendant cannot use civil discovery to gain advantage in a criminal proceeding. But those are generally cases where the criminal defendant initiates the civil proceeding and basically uses it as a stalking dog for the criminal case.

And they say that he can't make up a civil proceeding just simply to gain discovery that he

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wouldn't otherwise get in a criminal case. Here Mr. 1 Siemaszko hasn't decided to initiate the civil 2 3 proceedings. The United States Government decided to initiate the civil proceedings, and the case law then 4 5 says we're supposed to do a balancing test of his interest in a prompt resolution of the matter, and the 6 7 Government's interest in wistfully pursuing criminal sanctions where appropriate. 8 9 And the case law then discusses various factors that we are supposed to consider as to the 10 manufacture of evidence by a defendant. And looking 11 at it from the outside, and not being privy --12 THE COURT REPORTER: 13 Excuse me, Your This is the Court Reporter. Your voice is 14 Honor. 15 clicking in and out, and the significance of what 16 you're saying is becoming lost in the transcript. 17 CHAIRMAN McDADE: For what period of time 18 has this been clicking in and out? THE COURT REPORTER: It's been about 20 19 20 seconds. When you said -- the first word that - when 21 you said "prompt resolution of the matter" was the first time that the -- it came up, and that is now 45 22 23 seconds ago. CHAIRMAN McDADE: The case law -- we are 24 25 supposed to do a balancing test here. On one side of

the balance is Mr. Siemaszko's clear interest in the prompt resolution of these proceedings. At the other side of the balance is the Government's interest in being able to enforce the criminal laws. And the case law basically describes what factors we are supposed to take into consideration.

And what I'm offering the staff is the opportunity to address any of those factors, and you can either do it now, or, if you believe there is some need for confidentiality on that, after Union of Concerned Scientists goes off the line.

But one other thing that arises from that is in this particular instance you have asked for a continuance through the end of November. And the question is: what in the Staff's view changes if this matter shifts from an investigatory to a prosecutory stage? From my standpoint, stepping back from this, I can't conceive of how turning this information over to Mr. Siemaszko would interfere with the investigation.

This is conduct that occurred more than four years ago. It was a matter that was turned over by the NRC to the Department of Justice more than two years ago, and the Department of Justice has been actively investigating it for more than two years.

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right now, it doesn't seem that there is anything that he could do to interfere with the investigation at this late stage. However, once you get into the prosecutorial stage, the question is: what happens then? And one of the things I noted in the order that we issued is that, at least through November, the only discovery that happens is the mandatory discovery under Section 2.336(b).

After November, if we were to proceed, there is much other discovery, including the possibility for interrogatories, depositions, and, if anything, that would interfere more with a criminal prosecution than anything that in the mandatory discovery could possibly interfere with the ongoing investigation.

So from the Staff's standpoint, is the request 'til November just simply another step? And then, what happens in November? If an indictment is returned, will you be asking us to stay this proceeding until all of the criminal proceedings are over? Which could be years.

And particularly, as you pointed out, it's not just sharing it with Mr. Siemaszko. It's sharing it with -- you mentioned First Energy. But assuming

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1 there are other targets, you know, we may well have a 2 situation come the first of the year where there are 3 of other individuals who charged scores were 4 criminally but not Mr. Siemaszko. 5 Now, what do we do with this proceeding? Do we prevent depositions in this proceeding, because 6 7 that information might other criminal go to 8 defendants? Anyway, does the Staff wish to comment? 9 I realize there are a lot of questions there. 10 11 MS. BROCK: Yes. Your Honor, I will try 12 to answer them, and let me know if I don't answer anything that you're looking for, if I have missed 13 14 any. think, 15 according to our discovery schedule, we would be required to serve our answers to 16 17 interrogatories before this requested stay would 18 expire. And that is something, obviously, that the Department of Justice is very concerned about the 19 20 agency doing. We would also be required to ask interrogatories, which could start to disclose some of 21 where we were going with the case. 22 23 There are concerns about the release of the mandatory disclosures. I think -- now, in terms 24

of your specific questions about possibility of

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perjury, manufactured evidence, and witness intimidation -- actually, let me consult with the Staff for just one moment. Is that okay?

(Pause.)

In terms of witness intimidation, the Office of Enforcement has informed me that they have received an allegation of witness intimidation from the Grand Jury, an allegation essentially of retaliation on the part of the company for a witness who had testified in this matter before the Grand Jury.

The concern is that if we release all of those transcripts and all of the documents surrounding it, that that starts to give out a lot more information about who has given information, obviously not to the Grand Jury, because that's not part of our case, but previously to OI a lot of those issues necessarily overlap.

CHAIRMAN McDADE: Okay. But that has nothing to do with Mr. Siemaszko. Would there be any objection from the Government if the Section 2.336(b) discovery were turned over to Mr. Siemaszko in September, pursuant to a protective order that would allow he and his counsel, and I would not limit it to civil counsel, but he and his counsel to have that

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1	information, but that they would not be allowed to
2	share it with First Energy or any other First Energy
3	employees.
4	MS. BROCK: Well
5	CHAIRMAN McDADE: Would that solve your
6	problem?
7	MS. BROCK: No, it would not, Your Honor.
8	CHAIRMAN McDADE: Why not?
9	MS. BROCK: That is not something that I
10	can answer, unfortunately. I'm sorry. I'm kind of
11	caught in a difficult situation here. I can't answer
12	that question in a non-closed proceeding.
13	CHAIRMAN McDADE: Jot it down. We'll come
14	back to it.
15	MS. BROCK: In terms of the Commission
16	policy, though and I'm looking now when the
17	Commission promulgated its rules on staying
18	proceedings, it specifically noted that a reason to
19	stay a proceeding was the pendency of a criminal
20	investigation. And this has always been the
21	Commission's policy.
22	If you look at our Memorandum of
23	Understanding with Department of Justice, it reflects
24	that we will seek stays of civil proceedings. And
25	with all due respect, I think that the agency can

1 I think the Staff position can prevail under the cases 2 that you cite in terms of a balancing test. don't think pursuant to Commission policy that you 3 even need to reach those, because --4 5 JUDGE HAWKENS: Excuse me. This is Judge Can you address how you would anticipate 6 Hawkens. things would change at the end of November if this 7 goes into a prosecutorial stage? 8 9 MS. BROCK: Yes. Obviously, that's 10 somewhat speculative. It would depend on what, if any, indictments were returned. But if an indictment 11 12 is returned against Mr. Siemaszko specifically, the 13 Staff does anticipate seeking another stay. JUDGE LAM: This is Judge Lam. Ms. Brock? 14 15 MS. BROCK: Yes. 16 JUDGE LAM: If that happens, when you seek another stay, are you thinking about moving to stay 17 18 this proceeding until the criminal proceeding is over? 19 MS. BROCK: Well, Judge Lam, I am -- I am 20 thinking about staying the proceeding I guess until the criminal proceeding is over, unless the Department 21 22 of Justice informs me that that's not necessary. 23 would only seek to stay at their request. 24 So if they were to determine that a stay 25 was -- and that has certainly happened in previous

cases, that a stay was no longer needed. we would 1 2 move ahead -- or that the criminal proceeding had 3 reached such a stage that there was no need for a stay, we would certainly not attempt to stay this 4 5 proceeding any further. 6 But when I spoke with them on this 7 specific question, they said if there was indictment returned against Andrew Siemaszko, at this 8 9 point they did anticipate asking for another stay for 10 that proceeding. 11 CHAIRMAN McDADE: This is Judge McDade. 12 What if there's an indictment returned against others but not Mr. Siemaszko? 13 14 MS. BROCK: At this point, 15 speculative enough that we're not able to answer it 16 with any sense of certainty. I think it would depend 17 on a lot of different factors that are probably 18 unlikely to occur. 19 CHAIRMAN McDADE: Okay. Specifically, 20 what were you referring to by way of a Commission 21 statement -- or to criminal proceedings? Can you 22 point that out that to me? MS. BROCK: Yes. If you look at the -- if 23 you look at the rulemaking of 10 CFR -- let me find 24 25 the right spot -- about delaying an immediately

1	effective order, actually this is in the Federal
2	Register notice, Volume 57, May 12, 1992, at 20197.
3	CHAIRMAN McDADE: I'm sorry. Can you
4	repeat that?
5	MS. BROCK: Sure.
6	CHAIRMAN McDADE: Volume 57.
7	MS. BROCK: It's 57 Federal Register
8	20197. And it's discussing comments on whether or not
9	a proceeding should be delayed. And it says, "It is
10	contemplated that, under the rules, the presiding
11	officer will grant a delay only if there is an
12	overriding public interest for the delay." A prime
13	example would be the temporary need to halt a
14	proceeding where continuation would interfere with
15	pending criminal investigations or jeopardize
16	prosecution.
17	CHAIRMAN McDADE: And the question that I
18	think I've been asking, and perhaps inarticulately,
19	for the last half hour is: how do you envision Mr.
20	Siemaszko would adversely and do a balancing
21	test
22	THE COURT REPORTER: Your Honor, your
23	voice is clicking out again. I'm having trouble
24	carrying you.
25	CHAIRMAN McDADE: What I am asking is if

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you could explain to us how, in the Government's view, turning over this material to Mr. Siemaszko would adversely impact the Government's interest. In the previous orders that we have issued, we have recognized that Mr. Siemaszko has a legitimate interest in a prompt resolution of this matter, that he is now unemployable and will remain unemployable until these matters are resolved.

So he has an interest in a prompt resolution. That interest is -- not necessarily overrides everything else. We're supposed to do a balancing test. The balancing we're supposed to do is: how would our proceeding interfere with the criminal proceeding?

And that's what I've been asking is for any specifics as to how you all anticipate our moving forward would interfere with the criminal proceeding. And, you know, as opposed to just saying it would, is there anything that you can point to to indicate how it would? And why -- and then, from that, to argue why that overrides Mr. Siemaszko's interest in a prompt resolution of this?

MS. BROCK: Well, the standards of proof in the criminal proceeding and in the civil proceeding are very different. The Government has a different

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burden in a criminal proceeding. And they think that having these -- right now, they are only -- in this proceeding, they have allowed witnesses to see their own statements but not the statements of other witnesses.

That's not something they're entitled to. They're not entitled to the theories behind -- the theory of the case that the investigators have written up. And allowing them access to all that information starts to change the burden. It starts to change the framework that the Government is operating under.

I also think I'm going to -- the balancing test that you're applying here is the presiding officer may delay the hearing for good cause, consistent with -- and this is 10 CFR 2202(c)(2), talking about immediately effective orders and the context in which this normally comes up.

It says the presiding officer may delay the hearing on an immediately effective order at any time where good causes exists when such periods are consistent with the due process rights. Well, in this instant case, I would argue -- and I know that we have argued this before -- that Mr. Siemaszko's due rights have not been affected.

It was not an immediately effective order.

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He has had no legal change in his status, and so that makes the balancing test really quite easy. I agree that he has, as any civil litigant does, an interest in a prompt resolution of the proceedings, but not -- it doesn't come anywhere close to overriding the Government's interest in a criminal investigative process.

And I would go to Campbell v. Eastland, which is the Fifth Circuit leading case, 1962, administrative policy gives priority to the public interest in enforcement.

And I -- in this instant case, prior to the conclusion of the Department of Justice's investigation, the Staff will be required under our current schedule to both turn over our initial documents, which to put some categorization on that the OI report itself has over -- I think it's 274 exhibits. OI has some 70,000 pages of material in response to this case.

Now, a lot of that is not necessarily relevant to the specific issues surrounding Mr. Siemaszko, but that's an enormous amount of material that currently has not been publicly disclosed, is used for the criminal case, and that the Department of Justice believes would jeopardize their criminal

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1 investigation. 2 Now, I'm not privy to the details of their criminal investigation, so it's difficult for me to 3 explain -- and in explaining the ways it interferes, 4 5 it starts to give away parts of it, which I'm trying 6 very hard not to do. 7 JUDGE HAWKENS: But you are prepared to tell us that off the record later? 8 9 MS. BROCK: Well, I can give you a little bit more information. But the problem I'm having 10 11 right now is that information was given to me, 12 supplementing the affidavit, premised on the fact that Mr. Siemaszko would then be under the protective 13 order, which at this point he is unwilling to sign. 14 15 So what I might need to do on that -- and if you want 16 me to, I will -- I'll ask them to put it in another affidavit to be submitted under seal. 17 CHAIRMAN McDADE: Not submitted under seal 18 19 but submitted in camera? 20 MS. BROCK: Yes. Yes, submitted in 21 camera. Okay. 22 CHAIRMAN McDADE: Let me ask one 23 other question here. This is Judge McDade again. If

we were to modify our discovery order, and state that

the discovery due currently on the 19th of September,

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the 2.336(b) discovery, would be provided to the 1 2 parties, but whether or not they agreed or not, we would issue a protective order that would say that it 3 would be turned over to them with the caveat that they 4 5 could not share it with anybody else without receiving a further order from this Board to do so, then it 6 would be turned over to Mr. Siemaszko and his attorney 7 -- not specifying criminal or civil, over to Mr. 8 Siemaszko and his attorneys, and they would be allowed 9 to use it in preparing his defense -- you know, again 10 broadly -- but they would not be able to share the 11 12 contents of that information with anybody without getting a further order from the Board. And the same 13 would be where Union of Concerned Scientists, if they 14 had been admitted as a party at that point in time. 15 If that were the environment in which you 16 17

If that were the environment in which you were working, could you explain any potential harm to the ongoing criminal investigation that could occur under those circumstances?

MS. BROCK: Yes. I think what we could explain currently on the record is that would be interfering with the Government's burden of proof. In giving it to Mr. Siemaszko, especially -- is that premised, then -- I'm assuming that that would move the rest of the discovery schedule up, so that we

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wouldn't be answering interrogatories?

CHAIRMAN McDADE: Well, my recollection is not that you would be answering interrogatories, but that you would be submitting it over, not that those answers to them would be due in October. I am correct? The answers are due November 23rd?

MS. BROCK: Right. Which is prior to the end of the requested stay.

CHAIRMAN McDADE: By a week, which includes the Thanksgiving holiday.

MS. BROCK: Right. I understand that it's close. But especially if we're, then, looking at seeking another stay if there's an indictment returned -- well, and I guess it doesn't matter. I mean, once there's -- once the documents are gone, they're gone. I think we can still articulate harm to the criminal proceeding.

I think specifically that if it's turned over to even just Mr. Siemaszko and his counsel, since he is -- since he has stated that he is a target of the investigation, he is then gaining a benefit from having this civil proceeding to be used in a criminal case. And that goes against the long-established policy of giving deference to the criminal proceeding and allowing the criminal proceeding to go forward.

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34 CHAIRMAN McDADE: But Mr. Siemaszko didn't 1 2 institute the proceeding. I'm sure he would just as soon that this proceeding disappear. 3 MS. BROCK: Well --4 5 CHAIRMAN McDADE: How does this mean that б he is using it inappropriately? He is trying to 7 defend himself from charges made bv the U.S. Government, both civil and criminal. 8 9 MS. BROCK: There are two ways to look at I mean, the Staff instituted it in the sense 10 that. 11 that we issued the order. But he wasn't currently 12 employed in the industry, and he asked for a hearing 13 on it. I mean, there's different people who this has happened to who have approached it different ways. 14 15 The company has asked for an extension of time due to the criminal proceeding which they were 16 17 granted. He asked for a hearing within 24 hours of 18 the order being issued. So we did institute this, but that was pursuant to the Commission's policy of -- I mean, that's part of the NRC's obligation to protect

> CHAIRMAN McDADE: I'm not really sure what you just said. I think you said that with regard to the imposition of a civil sanction the company asked for a delay in their ability to request a hearing. Is

the public health and safety.

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that correct?

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MS. BROCK: Yes, that's correct. That's a matter of public record.

CHAIRMAN McDADE: And in that case, the company was being asked to pay an amount of money.

MS. BROCK: Right.

CHAIRMAN McDADE: So given the fact that if, from a company standpoint, the delay works in their favor, in that the only thing that's being postponed is they pay the money later as opposed to sooner, so from a company standpoint a delay in the civil proceeding avers to their benefit, whereas, with Mr. Siemaszko, a delay in this regard to administrative proceeding avers to his detriment. Isn't that correct?

MS. BROCK: I see your point, Your Honor. I would still maintain -- the Staff would still maintain that this order was not immediately effective. And that if he wished to go and get a job currently in the nuclear industry, if he could, that the order did not change his legal status. So I'm not -- I don't -- I agree that there is a difference, where the company doesn't have to pay now and he's -but where I would disagree with you is that I do not believe that he is harmed.

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CHAIRMAN McDADE: But from Mr. Siemaszko's standpoint, the possibility -- hypothetical that I raised with the Staff that the discovery on the 19th of September under 2.336(b), that that be furnished to you under a protective order, the protective order would allow it to be shared with Mr. Siemaszko and all of Mr. Siemaszko's counsel. But you would not be able to disseminate the documents outside the defense team without a further order. What is your view of that?

MS. GARDE: Well, Your Honor, I think the sooner I can get started on reading 274 exhibits and 70,000 pieces of paper, the better. And so I agree with your premise that receiving that information for the purposes of starting to review it by Mr. Siemaszko and his counsel works to advance the ball in the right direction.

Where I think it turns afoul of not solving the fundamental or, actually, the penultimate question you posed to the Staff, is as soon as we start asking questions or being expected to do anything with that material other than read it, investigate it, ask interrogatories, plan for depositions, show information to others, we were stymied.

So we get the time to start reading, and

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COURT REPORTERS AND TRANSCRIBERS 1323 RHODE ISLAND AVE., N.W. WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005-3701 that's great, and I don't have a problem with that as you've described it. It's just that we do have to look at, you know, where that ends.

CHAIRMAN McDADE: Well, here is my thought -- and this is Judge McDade again -- of where it ends. If you've got the materials, and one cord that the Staff said that did at least chime with me, is if Mr. Siemaszko was able to give this information out to anybody, although those factors such as, you know, the possible altering of evidence, intimidation of witnesses, etcetera, that we discussed in some detail before, at least I discussed in some detail before, there is no indication that he would either have the ability or the desire to do any of that. There may well be other people who would. And that, therefore, the unrestricted release of the information might have some potential to adversely affect the ongoing investigation.

If it were submitted to you, pursuant to a protective order, you would be able to read the materials, use that to draft your interrogatories, which are due sometime in October, the responses aren't due until the end of November, and it wouldn't be until after that that you would be getting the depositions. So that that would occur after the

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38 period of time that the Staff is seeking protection for. So, again, you know, I'm trying to, you know, think of a balancing test. How do I protect Mr.

Siemaszko's rights and at the same time not interfere with the ongoing criminal investigation? What I just suggested is a possibility. I don't know whether my colleagues will agree or disagree. I just wanted to fully understand what your views are with regard to it.

Is that something that you would object to?

MS. GARDE: Well, if we have -- if we do our interrogatories, I can envision a situation where those interrogatories, to be true to your intent, would have to be filed under seal. So as a practical matter, I think your proposed balance is a good one, and I think there is a tremendous amount of work that needs to be that I'd rather get started on sooner than later, and recognize that the misuse of that information, you know, could -- I recognize the same thing you're saying about the Staff, and a potential allegation of retaliation by FENOC.

So I think we could live with that. think we'd have to see what it all looks like. Again,

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as I said in the beginning, I want to make sure that we don't creep toward a sealed hearing, but I do understand this kind of more limited action that you are proposing. And John and I both think that that's -- that's probably workable.

CHAIRMAN McDADE: Okay. Mr. Lockbaum, sorry for ignoring you so long here. Question: assume for the sake of argument that Union of Concerned Scientists will be admitted as a party as of September 19th. What would be their view as to receiving this documentation, the 2.336 discovery, pursuant to a protective order?

MR. LOCKBAUM: This is Dave Lockbaum. I've talked to Ohio Citizen Action and UCS, and we would be -- it would be difficult for us to participate or to agree to a protective order. And as this preconference hearing showed, it would be complicated for us to be involved without signing it. So our inclination would be to withdraw from the proceeding rather than -- we really don't want to complicate things any more than they're already complicated.

So if that was the only way to -- if signing a protective order was the only way we could participate, we would opt not to participate.

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MS. GARDE: This is Billie Garde. 1 For 2 that reason, because both UCS and Ohio Citizen, as, 3 you know, nonprofit organizations with a, you know, 4 legal obligation to inform the public about what, you 5 know, they are doing, and what they are finding, we've got to be careful we don't creep to exactly that 6 7 outcome. CHAIRMAN McDADE: Okay. 8 Let me pose 9 hypothetical here, and start 10 Lockbaum, then Mr. Siemaszko, then the Staff on that. 11 would be to make the documents available 12 September 19th Siemaszko to Mr. pursuant 13 protective order, have that protective order run 14 through the end of November, the period of time that the Staff is seeking protection for. 15 At the end of November, the protective 16 order would lift, and at that point in time the 17 18 documents could be made available to Union of Concerned Scientists. 19 Mr. Lockbaum, what would your view be of 20 21 that? 22 MR. LOCKBAUM: This is Dave Lockbaum. 23 would welcome that scenario, with the added 24 understanding that if there are any Board discussions 25 with the parties between the first deadline and the

1 second deadline, that we would not be involved in 2 We really don't want to complicate this 3 process any more than is necessary. 4 And then, we would pick up once the 5 available, and then would documents were we participate in the conference calls and things like 6 7 that. So with that understanding, that would work for 8 us. CHAIRMAN McDADE: What is Mr. Siemaszko's 9 view on that? 10 MS. GARDE: Well, I would like to have Mr. 11 12 Lockbaum's assistance as soon as is practical, but I completely understand and respect his organization's 13 14 position on receiving documents in secret. 15 that extent, I would obviously defer to him honoring those interest organization issues. And I wouldn't 16 have a problem with it. 17 18 CHAIRMAN McDADE: What is the Staff's 19 position? MS. BROCK: The Staff, well, fundamentally 20 21 still has some -- still has concerns, which we may be 22 submitting under seal about revealing any of the 23 documents to Mr. Siemaszko. However, the -- putting 24 those aside, we would be concerned about anything that 25 then had an automatic lift of the protective order at

So I'd hesitate to agree to something that 2 3 could have an unintended consequence. CHAIRMAN McDADE: So you 4 5 necessarily have to agree to it. We could --MS. Well, right. BROCK: Ι Ι 6 7 understand that. I guess I would hesitate to not anything might have unintended 8 that an 9 consequence. 10 CHAIRMAN McDADE: Okay. And one 11 possibility would be that we would have another hearing, prehearing conference, after Thanksgiving at 12 which point we would make final decision on what to do 13 14 with those documents. 15 JUDGE LAM: This is Judge Lam. Ms. Brock, I would like to hear your view on this scenario Judge 16 McDade just raised. What happens on October 30th 17 where the protective order is lifted and then you 18 decide to come in to ask for a stay? How would that 19 complicate things for you? 20 21 Well, Judge Lam, that's my MS. BROCK: 22 hesitation on agreeing to the protective order. 23 think that the calculus of this proceeding 24 substantially changes in the event that Mr. Siemaszko 25 is indicted. I think that that changes a lot of

the end of November, since we don't know where we will

things. It may change things for him. It may change 1 2 things -- certainly, it starts to change some of the discovery questions, and it's a lot easier to figure 3 4 out where to proceed. 5 Now, in the event that he is not indicted, then there is no issue. If there's no indictment 6 7 returned, we can easily go forward and give out the documents to whoever wants them. 8 9 CHAIRMAN McDADE: Again, here is one of my You just said, "If he's not indicted, we 10 issues. 11 could turn over the documents." Assume that's the 12 case -- and I'm sure Mr. Siemaszko dearly hopes that assumption comes true -- but other individuals are 13 indicted. Mr. Siemaszko now has access to all of this 14 information. He can turn it over -- he can take out 15 16 an ad in The New York Times and put all the 17 information there in an envelope. 18 Now, First Energy says, "I'll help you out 19 if you give me my" --20 THE COURT REPORTER: Your Honor, this is the Court Reporter. Your voice is beginning to drop 21 22 out again. 23 CHAIRMAN McDADE: Okay. What happens if 24 Mr. Siemaszko isn't indicted but others are? Are you 25 going to be asking for a stay?

1	MS. BROCK: Your Honor, I'm sorry, I'm not
2	trying to be non-responsive. I honestly don't know.
3	I think that it's somewhat speculative. I do think if
4	Mr. Siemaszko is not indicted, and others are, that it
5	will be very easy for us to proceed with some sort of
6	protective order. I mean, then I don't think we would
7	have any hesitation about turning over the documents
8	to him. And I haven't discussed that particular
9	scenario with the Department of Justice.
10	But I don't think we would have if he
11	is not indicted, I don't think we would have any
12	questions about turning over the documents pursuant to
13	some sort of protective order and moving forward.
14	JUDGE HAWKENS: This is Judge Hawkens. I
15	would want a definitive statement to that effect,
16	whatever document I suppose you're going to be
17	providing to us in camera. So
18	MS. BROCK: Yes. If he is not okay.
19	Let me just be clear on what you're asking is about
20	whether we would be able to proceed if he is not
21	indicted?
22	JUDGE HAWKENS: Correct.
23	MS. BROCK: Okay. I can ask him that
24	question.
25	JUDGE HAWKENS: Based on your discussion

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1 with the AUSA. 2 MS. BROCK: Yes. 3 JUDGE HAWKENS: DOJ attorney. 4 MS. BROCK: Yes. 5 CHAIRMAN McDADE: Okay. Is there anything else that the Staff feels that they can share with us 6 7 at this point, with Union of Concerned Scientists 8 still on the line? And is there anything, if they ring off, that you would want to share with us before 9 we terminate this prehearing conference? 10 11 MS. BROCK: No. Your Honor, without the signing of the protective order, I think it's best if 12 13 we submit that in camera. 14 CHAIRMAN McDADE: So the Staff has nothing further for --15 16 MS. BROCK: And I guess just to be perfectly clear on that, we went through Commission 17 18 policy and we were trying just to be as fair as 19 possible to Mr. Siemaszko in allowing him access to 20 the information. I mean, we still maintain that. We're not really trying to hide anything. We just --21 22 the interest of the Government is not having wider 23 disclosure of what is happening in a criminal investigation. 24

CHAIRMAN McDADE: Mr. Siemaszko, anything

further during this hearing?

MS. GARDE: I need a clarification on what the Staff just said. I thought I heard her say that if Mr. Siemaszko was not indicted they -- even if others were, that they would not have any problem turning the documents over to Mr. Siemaszko with the -- within the restriction of some kind of protective order. Is that what she said?

MS. BROCK: Yes, that's what I said. And I -- what I said is I haven't discussed that specifically with the Department of Justice, but I don't -- based on all of my discussions with them, I don't anticipate any problem with that.

MS. GARDE: But I think that fundamentally flies in the face of your argument, and the reality of a hearing like that, because then the protective order that I think you would be anticipating would mean that Mr. Siemaszko could get the documents, but he couldn't do anything with them. He couldn't show them to witnesses. He couldn't go to somebody and say, "Did you really say this to OI? Because here is what it says you said."

And I think what you are saying is that if other people were indicted, and Andrew wasn't, we would have our hands tied behind our backs just

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between the three of us. I mean, in terms of the parties. We couldn't do anything with it. and we wouldn't agree to that.

CHAIRMAN McDADE: Okay. This is Judge McDade again. The Staff has made its position clear. That doesn't necessarily mean it's going to be the position we take. I don't know what position we're going to take.

The hypothetical that I had posed would be to turn the documents over to Mr. Siemaszko as of September 19th pursuant to a protective order, and then the question is: would that protective order run out on its own as of the end of November, or would that protective order stay until further order of the Board?

And I was asking for comment on it. I understand Mr. Siemaszko's position is that they would be agreeable to -- or they would not oppose our entering an order as long as as of November the order were listed, so that they could then use those documents in preparing their defense, use the documents and interviewing witnesses, conducting depositions. Have I correctly understood Mr. Siemaszko's position?

MS. GARDE: Yes, you have.

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1 CHAIRMAN McDADE: Okay. Mr. Lockbaum, 2 anything further from Union of Concerned Scientists before we ring off? 3 LOCKBAUM: Yes. This is David 4 MR. 5 Lockbaum. Ι would just like register our to disagreement with the NRC Staff regarding the effect 6 7 of the order. In a sense, it is an immediately 8 effective order, in that because of the order Mr. 9 Siemaszko basically can't get a job in the nuclear industry. 10 We have been approached since -- in recent 11 12 weeks by two different parties who were looking for 13 people. I know a lot of people from both my pre-UCS 14 work and UCS work, so it's not uncommon for people to 15 contact me and say, "Do you know of anybody who can fill this job? There's a job opening." 16 One was for the State of Illinois. 17 The State of Illinois has resident inspectors at all of 18 19 their operating nuclear powerplants. They needed a 20 resident inspector at one of those nuclear powerplants. They sent me the job vacancy. 21 Mr. Siemaszko met or exceeded all of the 22 23 requirements for the job. When I recommended him formally for the job, the State of Illinois had some 24 25 reservations because of this order. So they're

They won't

1 basically not going -- even going to interview Mr. 2 Siemaszko for the job. 3 The other was a consulting firm in the industry who employs people at a number of stations 4 5 around the United States. Same thing. even touch Mr. Siemaszko because of this order. So it 6 was, in a sense, an immediately effective order. It 7 would virtually impossible for Mr. Siemaszko to get a 8 job anywhere, and that needs to be rectified so that 9 10 he could, if he wanted to and a party wanted to, 11 12 employment. 13 Thank you. 14 15 16 17 comment. 18 19 20 just said. 21 22 23 24

return to the nuclear industry and have gainful CHAIRMAN McDADE: Thank you, Mr. Lockbaum. MS. GARDE: Your Honor, this is Ms. Garde. I'd like to make just one -- just make one other The Staff has, you know, throughout today and the other calls that we have had, you know, repeatedly stuck to their position that it's not immediately effective. We've heard what David has I just want to make sure -- and I think I actually dropped it in a footnote in some brief -that I was contacted by OI before this order was issued to find out if Andrew was working, and directed **NEAL R. GROSS COURT REPORTERS AND TRANSCRIBERS** 1323 RHODE ISLAND AVE., N.W. WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005-3701 www.nealrgross.com

that if he was reemployed I was directed to contact OI and tell them. And I believe had he been working, it would have been immediately effective, but OI knew he wasn't.

So I don't want them to get more credit to

-- for this than is necessary. It doesn't change his
legal status. He wasn't working then; he isn't
working now. But it isn't as if they didn't know that
when they made the decision about whether or not to
make it immediately effective, or, in the absence of
me being directed, to notify them if he was.

CHAIRMAN McDADE: Okay. Judge Hawkens has another matter.

JUDGE HAWKENS: I have two questions for you, Ms. Brock. Number one, do you plan to submit an in camera affidavit? And, if so, when would you anticipate submitting it? And, number two, I share Ms. Garde's concern about if, come November 30th, if Mr. Siemaszko is not indicted, and if you find that there's no objection by Department of Justice to turn over all of the discovery materials pursuant to a protective order, what would you envision being the next step?

Because as I understood her concern, her hands for further discovery would be tied, because

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understand it, then, as soon as possible, hopefully this week, and in any event at the latest by the end of next week, the Staff, if they are going to submit anything for in camera review, will do it.

I specifically ask that if you are going to submit anything for in camera review, that you take a look at the factors that we cited at page 6 of our July 22nd order and try to address those; likewise, to address the -- what I view as synonymous factors at 49 Federal Register 36033 that the Commission put out for ongoing investigations. Those are the things I think would be most helpful in any submission to us.

If there are any other pleadings that the parties wish to submit on this -- well, let me ask, other than that affidavit to be submitted in camera, does the Staff envision filing anything else with us on this issue of the stay?

MS. BROCK: No, Your Honor. We'll file a -- some sort of cover letter that would go to all the parties pursuant to the Commission investigation in camera policy to show that we have filed it, but that will be it.

CHAIRMAN McDADE: What about from Mr. Siemaszko?

MR. CLIFFORD: Well, nothing further. And

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as I understand it right now, we have a brief or a 1 2 memorandum due tomorrow on the issues of -- the four issues that were identified in the August 24 -- in the 3 4 Board's order, August 17th order. We'll be filing 5 that tomorrow. Is that right? That's right. And I assume MS. GARDE: 6 7 that everyone received our notice that -- that our 8 firm will be largely unavailable for about the next 10 days. I don't want to be in default on anything, if 9 10 something gets filed. There will 11 CHAIRMAN McDADE: be deadline that occurs between now and at least a few 12 days after you all get back from Ireland. 13 14 MS. GARDE: Thank you, Judge. 15 JUDGE HAWKENS: I have one more. 16 CHAIRMAN McDADE: Judge Hawkens has one more thing, as do I. 17 JUDGE HAWKENS: I may have misunderstood, 18 19 but I -- I was under the impression that the two 20 counsel were going to try to work together to come up 21 with an agreement regarding a protective order. Is 22 that right? MS. GARDE: You are right, Judge. We also 23 24 have to do -- to draft a more limited protective order 25 that we could live with to review the Ballantine

affidavit and presumably any supplements. 1 2 JUDGE HAWKENS: Right. And assuming you 3 do and get access to the Ballantine affidavit, and perhaps what Ms. Brock intends to 4 submit in camera, would you then, at that point, wish 5 to revisit submitting some supplemental memorandum on 6 the stay issue? 7 MS. GARDE: Yes. 8 Yes. 9 JUDGE HAWKENS: Thank you. 10 CHAIRMAN McDADE: Okay. And one other 11 thing that I wanted is -- and I believe you all are 12 going to be back on the 12th? MS. GARDE: Yes, Your Honor. 13 CHAIRMAN McDADE: I don't have a calendar 14 15 in front of me. One of the things that I would like 16 the parties to do with regard to a protective order is to discuss an order that could be entered that would 17 18 cover the turning over of documents on or about the 19 19th of September under 2.336, to see if you all can 20 reach an agreement on a protective order for those. And, you know, I understand there may be 21 22 differences, for example, you know, whether or not it would be self-terminating as of the end of November, 23 or whether or not it would require a further order to 24 be lifted, but to the degree that you can work out an 25

1	order and just note what differences that you have.
2	If you can't reach an agreement, I'd ask that each of
3	you submit to us by no later than the 18th of
4	September a proposal. So either a proposal, or, if
5	you can't reach an agreement
6	THE COURT REPORTER: Excuse me, Your
7	Honor. Your voice is clicking out on the instructions
8	that you're giving right now.
9	CHAIRMAN McDADE: Okay. To submit a draft
10	protective order to cover the the documents. If
11	you can do one that is joint, great. If not, if
12	you
13	THE COURT REPORTER: I'm sorry, Your
14	Honor, to interrupt again. I'm still not catching
15	what you're saying.
16	CHAIRMAN McDADE: Okay. I'm practically
17	sitting on the phone here. So, you know, I can't get
18	a whole lot closer without my voice truly starting to
19	get mumbled by my lips, you know, going against the
20	speaker.
21	MR. CLIFFORD: Your Honor, this is John
22	Clifford speaking.
23	CHAIRMAN McDADE: Yes.
24	MR. CLIFFORD: There are some papers
25	rattling, perhaps where you're sitting, and that's

And the state of the second states and the second states of the second states of

2 CHAIRMAN McDADE: There's no papers here 3 to rattle. MR. CLIFFORD: Okay. 4 5 CHAIRMAN McDADE: But in any event, let me 6 just make it clear what I was saying and repeat it. 7 That currently there are documents -- discover that is 8 due on September 19th. We have not either extended that or ruled on that in any way. We have discussed 9 10 the possibility that those would be made available on September 19th, pursuant to a protective order. 11 We would ask that the parties get together 12 to see if they could agree on a protective order. 13 not, we would ask that you each submit your proposed 14 protective orders no later than the 18th of September, 15 so that we could review those and decide whether a 16 protective order is appropriate, or whether or not a 17 further delay after the September 19th date would be 18 19 appropriate with regard to those. From the Staff, Ms. Brock, do you have any 20 questions on that? 21 MS. BROCK: No, that's fine, Your Honor. 22 I think our obligations are to submit the in camera 23 24 affidavit by the end of the week, that the -- Clifford and Garde will send us a draft protective order, and 25

what's making it cut in and out.

1 we should discuss with them a further protective 2 order. The only I quess comment I would have is 3 we just wouldn't want to see any draft protective 4 5 order to cover documents released on September 19th as 6 -- perceived as agreement that that is an acceptable 7 resolution from the Staff perspective. CHAIRMAN McDADE: 8 I understand. 9 MS. BROCK: Okay. CHAIRMAN McDADE: From Mr. Siemaszko? 10 MS. GARDE: Nothing, Your Honor. 11 12 CHAIRMAN McDADE: From Mr. Lockbaum? 13 MS. GARDE: Wait. I do have one -- one thing, 14 Your Honor. Just by way of 15 unfortunately, Mr. Siemaszko is living in the New 16 Orleans area. And although I believe I have probably 17 80 to 90 percent of his documents, I haven't been able 18 to talk to him since the hurricane. And so even if we are ordered to turn this 19 20 stuff over on the 19th, I may have a small -- I won't probably have all of his additional material. I don't 21 22 even want to say that that's true. He may say, in 23 fact, "Billie, you have 100 percent of everything." having 24 I client But amcontact 25 difficulties that might impact that date, if we have

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a turnover. CHAIRMAN McDADE: Okay. What I would ask you to do, then, is to notify us and the Staff if there is going to be a problem, say, two days before the 19th. And one of the possibilities might be to just have everything pushed a week or two weeks. If it doesn't look like you'll meet the 19th date, two days before that if you could notify the Staff, if you can agree on an extension -- in other words, say, "Look, we can have it by the 25th, or we can have it by the 30th," and you all just agree on another date, that will e fine with us. Just let us know, and we'll put our imprimatur on it. If you can't agree, then just request another prehearing conference. I had a wager with Judge Hawkens that this conference today would take about 15 minutes. If we have another one, hopefully I'll -- I'll be successful in estimating the duration. further?

But, Mr. Lockbaum, do you have anything MR. LOCKBAUM: No, thank you, Your Honor. CHAIRMAN McDADE: Thank you very much. (Whereupon, at 3:27 p.m., the proceedings in the foregoing matter were concluded.)

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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the attached proceedings before the United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission in the matter of:

Name of Proceeding: Pre-Hearing Conference

In the Matter of

Andrew Siemaszko

Docket Number:

05-839-02-EA

Location:

teleconference

were held as herein appears, and that this is the original transcript thereof for the file of the United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission taken by me and, thereafter reduced to typewriting by me or under the direction of the court reporting company, and that the transcript is a true and accurate record of the foregoing proceedings.

John Mongoven

Official Reporter

Neal R. Gross & Co., Inc.

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