

Docket: 70-36 (M)  
Project: S-8

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October 25, 1962

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UNITED NUCLEAR (MALLINCKRODT) LICENSE SNM-33, SHIPPING CONTAINER FOR 20% ENRICHED  $UF_4$  (APPLICATION DATED 8/16/62) AND FOR  $\leq$  20% ENRICHED  $U_3O_8$  (APPLICATION DATED 10/15/62), DOCKET 70-36

United Nuclear requests extension of their license SNM-33 to include a shipping container for 20% enriched  $UF_4$  and  $U_3O_8$  enriched up to 20% having maximum tap densities of 1.5 grams/cc.

The container consists of a 6.12" I.D. 'Schedule 40' steel pipe centered in a standard 55-gallon drum birdcage formed by welding three such drums end to end. For a maximum of seven containers per shipment a total solid angle of 3.2 steradians will not be exceeded. We are in agreement with United Nuclear's analysis that the  $k_{eff}$  for a 6.12" diameter cylinder does not exceed 0.5 at an H/X of approximately 90 for the 20% enriched material, and consequently, a total solid angle of 3.2 steradians with the containers in a close packed hexagonal array, is safe. Commingling will be avoided through carrier certification.

In conclusion, we recommend approval of the applications, subject to Mr. Christian Beck's structural integrity evaluation. In this regard it is of course necessary that the evaluation criteria of 10 CFR 70, as proposed, be invoked.

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Attachments:

- 1. Ltr fm UHC dtd 8/16/62
- 2. Ltr fm UHC dtd 10/15/62

cc filed in "SNM Foreign Unenriched" - CEB

DLR:MS:CEB

CDLake/vj

10/26/62

B-108

Subject: United Nuclear Corp - SNM-23, Shipping Container for  
20% enriched  $U_2F_8$  (std. 8/16/62) and 5520% enriched  $U_2O_8$  (std.  
10/15/62). Docket 70-36

Containers: 6" diam. sched. 40 steel pipe (8 1/2' long) centered in  
a 3 (55 gal.) drum structure

Array: 7 containers shipped in a hexagonal array  
(close-packed hexagonal array)  $n = 7$

Calculations (Check):

Ref: DP-532 (table IV.16)

$$3.77 \frac{\text{moles}}{\text{L}} \left( \frac{375 \text{ g}}{\text{mole}} \right) = 1150 \frac{\text{g } U_2F_8}{\text{L}} \quad \text{corresponds to } k_{25} = 1.84 \text{ for } 30\% \text{ enriched } U_2F_8$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1 &= 237.5 \text{ g} \\ 2 &= 32 \text{ g} \\ F &= 38 \text{ g} \\ \hline &= 277.5 \text{ g} \end{aligned}$$

$$1520 \frac{\text{g } U_2F_8}{\text{L}} = U_2F_8 \text{ present}$$

$$\therefore k_{25} = 1.84$$

would certainly  
be conservative  
for 20% enriched  $U_2F_8$

$$P_{\text{bulk}} = 1.5 \text{ g/cc}$$

$$P_{\text{fuel}} = 6.7 \text{ g/cc}$$

$$\frac{H}{U} = 18$$

$$\frac{H}{X} = 18 \times \frac{100}{20} = 90$$

U. Nuc. assumed  $k_{25} = 2.05$

$$U_2O_8 = 8.39 \text{ g/cc}$$

$$\left( \frac{H}{X} \right)_{\text{inst}} = \frac{1 - \frac{1.5}{6.7}}{9} \left( \frac{235}{(1.5)(0.847)(20)} \right) = \frac{(0.86)(235)}{(9)(254)} = \frac{202}{228} = 89$$

Cellihan's Data: < 20% enriched  $U_2O_8$

$$1.9\% \rightarrow D_c(\text{unrefl.}) = 47 \text{ cm} \quad @ \quad \frac{H}{X} = 320$$

$$2\% \rightarrow D_c(\text{unrefl.}) = 54 \text{ cm} \quad @ \quad \frac{H}{X} = 450$$

United Nuclear  
 Mallinckrodt  
 Proj 5-8  
 Doc 70-36

Apple 8/16/62

Proposes shipment of 20% em UF<sub>4</sub> having a bulk tap density of 1.5 g/cc

Assume  $\rho_0 = 10 \text{ g/cc}$  crystal density

For UF<sub>4</sub>  $\epsilon = 0.76$

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\frac{H}{X}\right)_{\text{wet}} &= \frac{1 - \frac{\rho_0}{9}}{\rho_0 \times \epsilon \times \epsilon} \times \frac{235}{\rho_0 \times \epsilon \times \epsilon} \\ &= \frac{1 - \frac{10}{9}}{9} \times \frac{235}{1.5 \times 0.76 \times 0.20} = 97.2 \end{aligned}$$

Assume  $\rho_0 = 6.7$  Crystal Density

$$\left(\frac{H}{X}\right)_{\text{wet}} = \frac{1 - \frac{6.7}{9}}{9} \times \frac{235}{1.5 \times 0.76 \times 0.20} = 89 \text{ or } U_3O_8$$

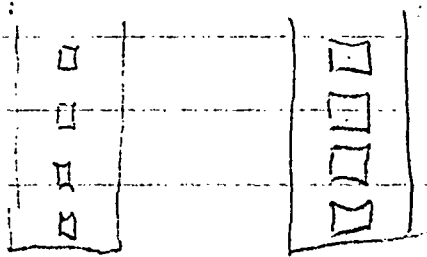
highly  
dens.

low  
dens.

Higher cryst dens. of comp.  $\rho_0$

the more water, the

higher  $H/X$  for a given bulk  $\rho$



$$r = 15.4 \text{ cm.}$$

$$98 \frac{1}{2} \text{ } 245 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Vol} = 1.785 (15.4 \text{ cm})^2 (245 \text{ cm})$$

$$\text{Vol} = 46,300 \text{ cc}$$

$$\text{tap } \rho = 1.5 \text{ g/cc}$$

$$\therefore 69,570 \text{ g UF}_4$$

Fuel = 23% enriched UF<sub>4</sub>

$$\text{tot kg UF}_4 = 69.5 \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{tot kg U} = 53 \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{" U}_{235} = 10.6 \text{ kg}$$

$$N_{25} = \frac{(10,600 \text{ g U}_{25}) \left( \frac{6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ atoms}}{235 \text{ g U}_{25}} \right)}{46,300 \text{ cc}} = \frac{272}{46,300} = .00587 \times 10^{24} \text{ atoms/cc}$$

$$\frac{N_{25}}{N_{25}} = \frac{100-20}{20} = \frac{80}{20} = 4$$

? tot vol. H<sub>2</sub>O

$$\rho_{\text{crystal UF}_4} = 6.7 \text{ g/cc}$$

$$\left( \frac{H}{H_{\text{wet}}} \right) = \frac{1 - \frac{1.5}{6.7} \times \frac{235}{1.5 \times 0.76 \times 0.20}}{9} = 89$$

$$\therefore \frac{H_2O}{U_{235}} = 44.5$$

$$\text{g H}_2\text{O} = 43.5 \text{ g U}_{235}$$

$$= (43.5)(10,600)$$

$$= 470,000 \text{ g H}_2\text{O} = 470,000 \text{ cc H}_2\text{O}$$

$$\Sigma_{25}^{\text{tot}} = N_{25} \left[ \frac{625}{N_{25}} + \frac{N_{25}}{N_{25}} \frac{622}{N_{25}} + \frac{N_{H_2O}}{N_{25}} \frac{620}{N_{25}} \right]$$

$$\frac{N_{H_2O}}{N_{25}} = \frac{470 \text{ kg H}_2\text{O}}{10.6 \text{ kg U}_{25}} = \frac{18 \text{ kg H}_2\text{O}}{10.6 \text{ kg U}_{25}} = 235 \text{ kg H}_2\text{O}$$

$$= .00587 \times 10^{24} \text{ atoms/cc} \left[ 637 + 4(25) + 580(0.66) \right] \times 10^{-10} \text{ cm}^3$$

$$\frac{N_{25}}{N_{25}} = \frac{26.1}{0.45} = 580$$

$$= (.00587)(1044.2)$$

$$= 6.13 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$= 0.615 \text{ cm}^{-1}$$

The  $\sigma_a$  of F is  $< 10 \text{ mb}$   $\therefore$  neglect effect in  $\epsilon_a \text{ tot calc}$ .

corrected  
 $\epsilon_a \text{ tot} = \frac{.615}{1.13} = 0.545 \text{ cm}^{-1}$

Let  $D = 0.162 \text{ cm}$ .

$$L^2 = \frac{D}{\epsilon_a^*} = \frac{0.162 \text{ cm}}{0.545 \text{ cm}^{-1}} = .3 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$f = \frac{\epsilon_a \text{ 25}}{\epsilon_a \text{ tot}} = \frac{N_{25} \sigma_{25}}{\epsilon_a \text{ tot}} = \frac{(.000587 \times 10^{24} \text{ atoms/cm}^3)}{0.615 \text{ cm}^{-1}} \left( 650 \times 10^{-24} \text{ cm}^2 \right)$$

$$f = \frac{.382}{.615} = .622$$

Let  $T = 33 \text{ cm}^2$

Buckling:  $B_g^2 = \left( \frac{2.405}{7.213 \text{ cm}} \right)^2 = .054 \text{ cm}^{-2}$

$\eta = 2.05$  ;  $PF = 1.0$

$$k_{\text{eff}} = \frac{\eta f}{(1 + L^2 B_g^2) (1 + T B_g^2)} = \frac{(2.05)(.622)}{\left[ \frac{1 + (.3)(.054)}{1.0152} \right] \left[ \frac{1 + (33)(.054)}{2.76} \right]}$$

$$= \frac{1.27}{2.8} = .454$$