

# National Response Plan



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Security

# Purpose

- Discuss the NRP Base Plan
- Provide summary of key operational components of the NRP
- Provide summary of NRP development process



# Mandate

*Homeland Security Act of 2002 and HSPD–5* require development of a national response plan:

- Single comprehensive national approach
- Federal coordination structures/mechanisms
- Direction for incorporation of existing plans
- Consistent approach to managing incidents



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# Construction of the NRP

## Fully Incorporates

- Federal Response Plan
- Domestic Terrorism Concept of Ops Plan
- Federal Radiological Emergency Response Plan
- Initial NRP
- Other national-level contingency plans



**NATIONAL  
RESPONSE PLAN**

## Incorporates key INRP concepts

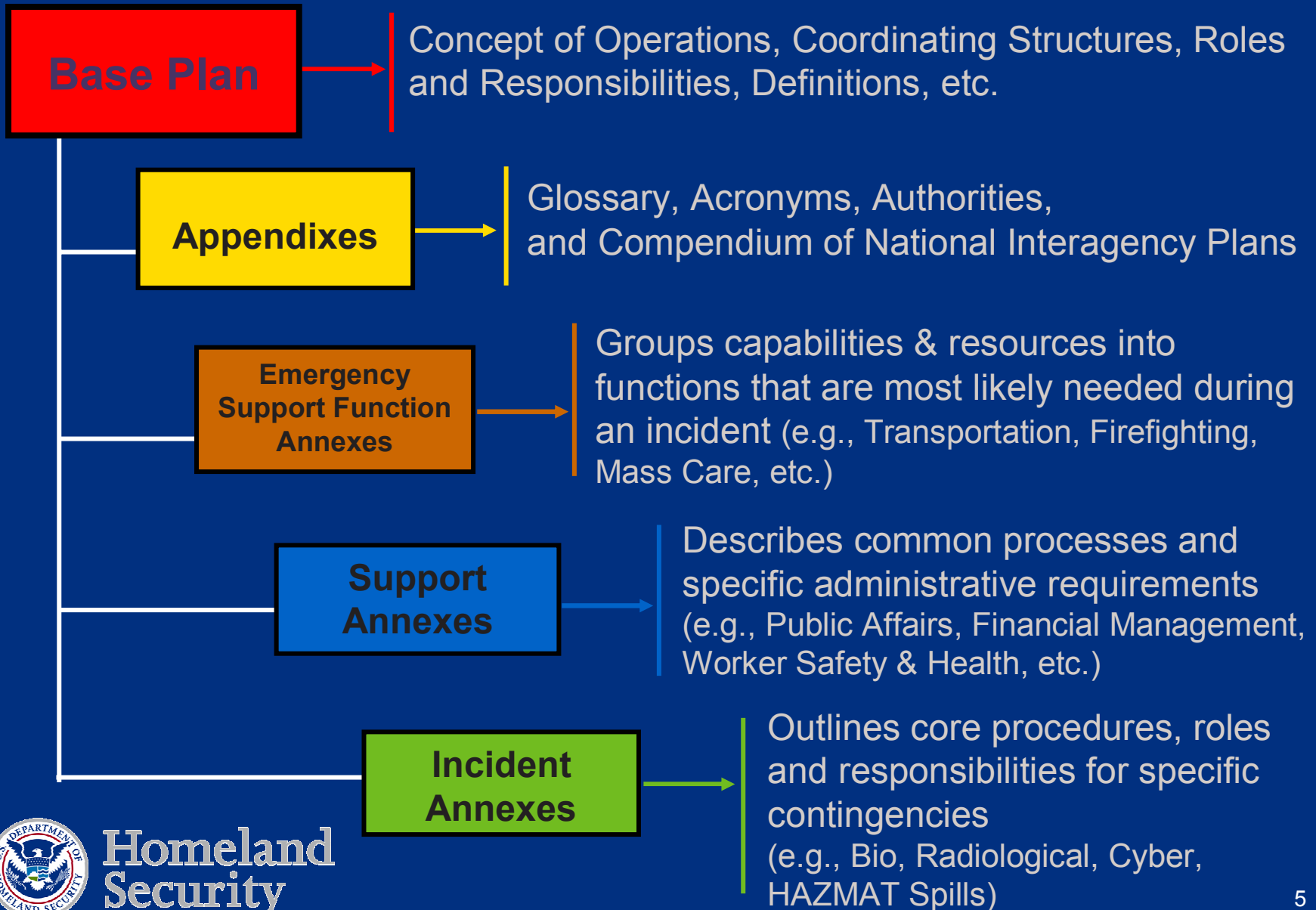
- Homeland Security Ops Center (HSOC)
- Interagency Incident Management Group (IIMG)
- Principal Federal Official (PFO)
- Joint Field Office (JFO)



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**Foundation: National Incident Management  
System (NIMS)**

# Organization of the NRP



# Scope/Applicability

## Incidents of National Significance

### (HSPD-5 Criteria):

- When another Federal department or agency has requested DHS assistance
- When State/local capabilities are overwhelmed and Federal assistance is requested
- When an incident substantially involves more than one Federal department/agency
- When the Secretary has been directed by the President to assume incident management responsibilities



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# Concept of Operations

- Incidents handled at lowest possible jurisdictional level
- Consultation/coordination with other departments/agencies to:
  - Assess national implications
  - Determine need for full or partial NRP activation
- Multiagency coordinating structures activated to provide standardized approach for implementing Federal responsibilities:
  - Direct implementation of Federal authorities
  - Federal support to State, local and tribal governments
  - Federal-to-Federal support
  - Proactive response to catastrophic incidents
- Coordinating structures provide **national capability**
  - Ability to address impacts to the rest of the country, execute immediate nation-wide actions to avert or prepare for subsequent events, and manage multiple incidents



# Emergency Support Function (ESFs)

- ESF 1: Transportation
- ESF 2: Communications
- ESF 3: Public Works & Engineering
- ESF 4: Firefighting
- ESF 5: Emergency Management
- ESF 6: Mass Care, Housing & Human Services
- ESF 7: Resource Support
- ESF 8: Public Health and Medical Services
- ESF 9: Urban Search & Rescue
- ESF 10: Oil & Hazardous Materials
- ESF 11: Agriculture & Natural Resources
- ESF 12: Energy
- ESF 13: Public Safety & Security
- ESF 14: Long-term Community Recovery and Mitigation
- ESF 15: External Affairs



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# Support Annexes

- Financial Management
- International Coordination
- Logistics Management
- Private Sector Coordination
- Public Affairs
- Science and Technology
- Tribal Relations
- Volunteer and Donations Management
- Worker Safety and Health



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# Incident Annexes

- Biological Incident
- Catastrophic Incident
- Cyber Incident
- Food and Agriculture Incident
- Nuclear/Radiological Incident
- Oil and Hazardous Materials Incident
- Terrorism Incident Law Enforcement and Investigation



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# Development Process

- Federal Interagency Writing Team (Sub-group of DTRIM PCC)
- Coordination with key stakeholder groups:
  - Emergency Support Function Leaders Group
  - National Response Team
  - State, Local, Tribal Review (Homeland Security Advisors + First Responder associations)
  - Homeland Security Advisory Council
  - American Red Cross
- Homeland Security Council/Other EOP Entities



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# Stakeholder Review

- Federal Input through DTRIM PCC
  - Approximately two dozen contributing agencies
- State & Local Government/First Responder Associations
  - Approximately two dozen contributing organizations (e.g. Fraternal Order of Police, Int'l Association of Emergency Managers, Int'l Association of Fire Chiefs, Nat'l league of Cities, Nat'l Governors Association, etc.)
- Private Sector/NGOs
  - Approximately one dozen contributing organizations (e.g. American Red Cross, Business Execs for Nat'l Security, US Chamber of Commerce, Nat'l Business Roundtable, Save a Life Foundation, etc.)



# NRP Roll-Out Strategy

- National announcement
- Federal partner/Congressional briefings
- Seminars and briefings
  - Five intergovernmental/interagency seminars in key locations
    - Miami, Chicago, Los Angeles, Seattle, New York
    - Briefings and workshops at other regularly scheduled conferences and meetings
- Training
  - Web-based training through FEMA/EMI
  - Distance learning through EENET Satellite broadcast
  - Interagency coordination of ongoing training

