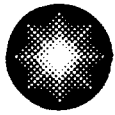


Maria Korsnick
Vice President

1503 Lake Road
Ontario, New York 14519-9364
585.771.3494
585.771.3943 Fax
maria.korsnick@constellation.com



Constellation Energy

R.E. Ginna Nuclear Power Plant

March 30, 2005

Ms. Donna M. Skay
Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
ATTN: Document Control Desk
Washington, D.C. 20555-0001

Subject: Transmittal of Core Operating Limits Report (COLR)
R.E. Ginna Nuclear Power Plant
Docket No. 50-244

Dear Ms. Skay:

In accordance with the R.E. Ginna Nuclear Power Plant Improved Technical Specification 5.6.5, which requires the submittal of revisions to the COLR, the attached report is hereby submitted. Should there be any questions, please contact Thomas L. Harding at (585)-771-3384 for additional information.

Very truly yours,

Mary G. Korsnick

Attachment

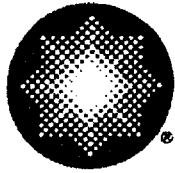
xc: Ms. Donna M. Skay (Mail Stop O-8-C2)
Project Directorate I
Division of Licensing Project Management
Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
11555 Rockville Pike
Rockville, MD 20852

Regional Administrator, Region 1
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
475 Allendale Road
King of Prussia, PA 19406

U.S. NRC Ginna Senior Resident Inspector

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R.E. Ginna Nuclear Power Plant

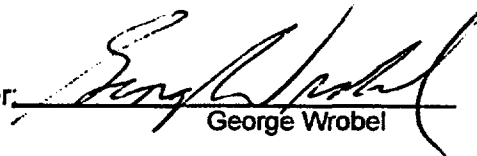
R.E. Ginna Nuclear Power Plant

Core Operating Limits Report COLR

Cycle 32

Revision 0

Responsible Manager:


George Wrobel

Effective Date:

3-29-05
03-29-2005

Controlled Copy No. _____

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1.0 CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT

This Core Operating Limits Report (COLR) for the R.E. Ginna Nuclear Power Plant has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Technical Specification 5.6.5.

The Technical Specifications affected by this report are listed below:

- 3.1.1 SHUTDOWN MARGIN (SDM)
- 3.1.3 MODERATOR TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT (MTC)
- 3.1.5 Shutdown Bank Insertion Limit
- 3.1.6 Control Bank Insertion Limits
- 3.2.1 Heat Flux Hot Channel Factor ($F_Q(Z)$)
- 3.2.2 Nuclear Enthalpy Rise Hot Channel Factor ($F_{\Delta H}^N$)
- 3.2.3 AXIAL FLUX DIFFERENCE (AFD)
- 3.4.1 RCS Pressure, Temperature, and Flow Departure from Nucleate Boiling (DNB) Limits
- 3.9.1 Boron Concentration

2.0 OPERATING LIMITS

The cycle-specific parameter limits for the specifications listed in Section 1.0 are presented in the following subsections. These limits have been developed using the NRC approved methodologies specified in Technical Specification 5.6.5. All items that appear in capitalized type are defined in Technical Specification 1.1, Definitions.

2.1 SHUTDOWN MARGIN¹

(LCO 3.1.1)

- 2.1.1 The SHUTDOWN MARGIN in MODE 2 with $K_{\text{eff}} < 1.0$ and MODES 3 and 4 shall be greater than or equal to the limits specified in Figure COLR - 1 for the number of reactor coolant pumps in operation (non main feedwater operation).
- 2.1.2 The SHUTDOWN MARGIN in MODE 4 when both reactor coolant pumps are not OPERABLE and in operation and in MODE 5 shall be greater than or equal to the one loop operation curve of Figure COLR - 1.
- 2.1.3 The SHUTDOWN MARGIN required in LCO 3.1.4, LCO 3.1.5, LCO 3.1.6, LCO 3.1.8, and LCO 3.4.5 shall be greater than the limits specified in Figure COLR - 1 for the number of reactor coolant pumps in operation and the status of the main feedwater system.

2.2 MODERATOR TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT¹

(LCO 3.1.3)

- 2.2.1 The Moderator Temperature Coefficient (MTC) limits are:

The BOL ARO/HZP - MTC shall be less positive than +5.0 pcm/°F for power levels below 70% RTP and less than or equal to 0 pcm/°F for power levels at or above 70% RTP.

The EOL ARO/RTP - MTC shall be less negative than -42.9 pcm/°F.

where:

ARO stands for All Rods Out

BOL stands for Beginning of Cycle Life

EOL stands for End of Cycle Life

HZP stands for Hot Zero Power

RTP stands for RATED THERMAL POWER

2.3 Shutdown Bank Insertion Limit¹

(LCO 3.1.5)

2.3.1 The shutdown bank shall be fully withdrawn which is defined as ≥ 221 steps.

2.4 Control Bank Insertion Limits¹

(LCO 3.1.6)

2.4.1 The control banks shall be limited in physical insertion as shown in Figure COLR - 2.

2.4.2 The control banks shall be moved sequentially with a 100 (± 5) step overlap between successive banks.

2.5 Heat Flux Hot Channel Factor ($F_Q(Z)$)²

(LCO 3.2.1)

2.5.1 $F_Q(Z) \leq ((F_Q) * K(Z) / P)$ when $P > 0.5$

$F_Q(Z) \leq ((F_Q) * K(Z) / 0.5)$ when $P \leq 0.5$

where:

Z is the height in the core,

$F_Q = 2.45$,

$K(Z)$ is provided in Figure COLR - 3, and

$P = \text{THERMAL POWER} / \text{RATED THERMAL POWER}$

2.6 Nuclear Enthalpy Rise Hot Channel Factor ($F_{\Delta H}^N$)¹

(LCO 3.2.2)

2.6.1 $F_{\Delta H}^N \leq F_{\Delta H}^{RTP} * (1 + PF_{\Delta H} * (1-P))$

where:

$F_{\Delta H}^{RTP} = 1.75$,

$PF_{\Delta H} = 0.3$, and

$P = \text{THERMAL POWER} / \text{RATED THERMAL POWER}$

2.7 AXIAL FLUX DIFFERENCE³

(LCO 3.2.3)

2.7.1 The AXIAL FLUX DIFFERENCE (AFD) target band is $\pm 5\%$. The actual target bands are provided by Procedure RE-11.1.

2.7.2 The AFD acceptable operation limits are provided in Figure COLR - 4.

2.8 RCS Pressure, Temperature, and Flow Departure from Nucleate Boiling (DNB) Limits⁴

(LCO 3.4.1)

2.8.1 The pressurizer pressure shall be ≥ 2205 psig.

2.8.2 The RCS average temperature shall be ≤ 577.5 °F.

2.8.3 The RCS total flow rate shall be $\geq 177,300$ gpm (includes 4% minimum flow uncertainty per Revised Thermal Design Methodology).

2.9 Boron Concentration¹

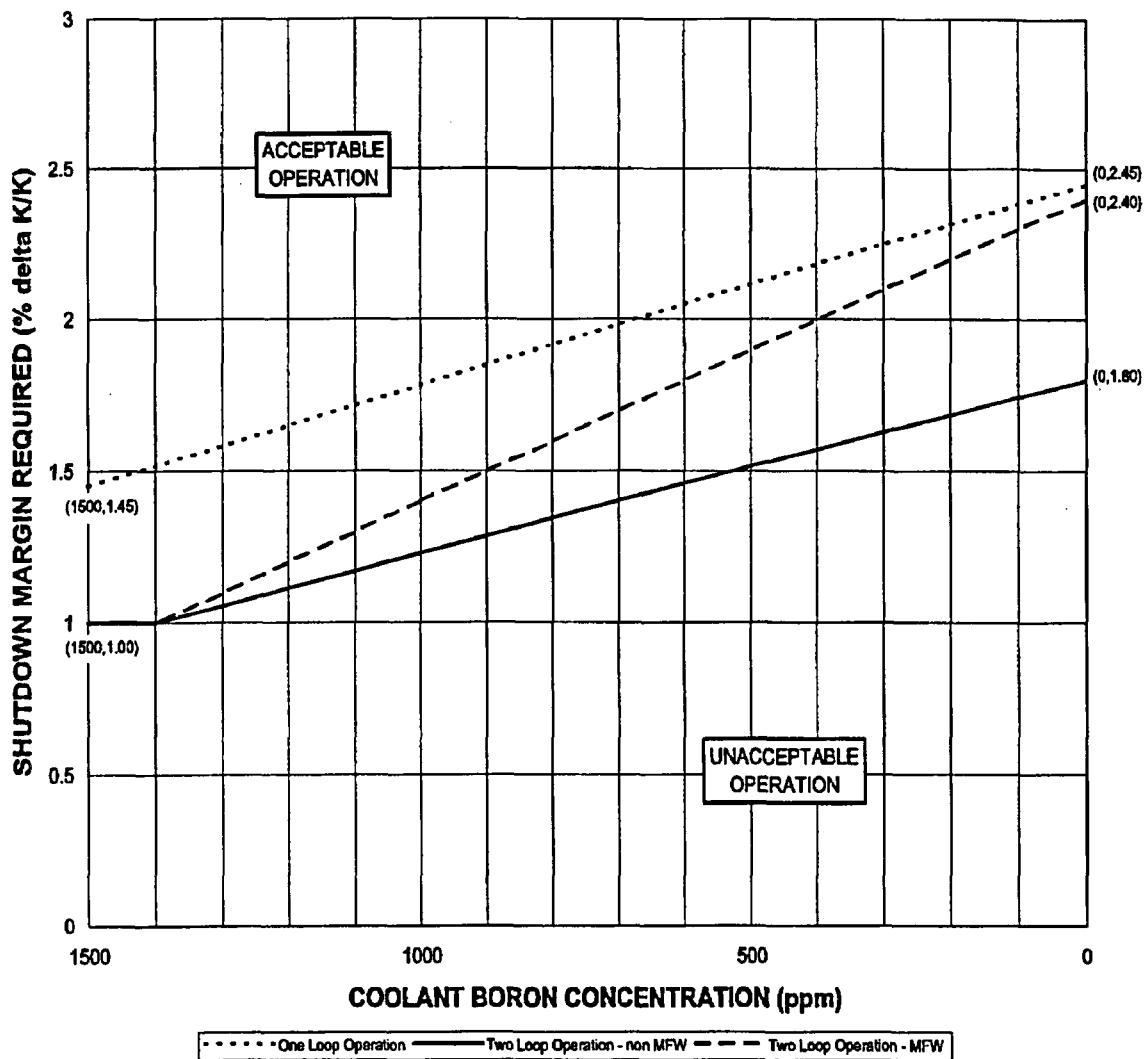
(LCO 3.9.1)

2.9.1 The boron concentrations of the hydraulically coupled Reactor Coolant System, the refueling canal, and the refueling cavity shall be ≥ 2300 ppm.

3.0 REFERENCES

1. WCAP-9272-P-A, Westinghouse Reload Safety Evaluation Methodology, July 1985.
2. WCAP-10054-P-A and WCAP-10081-A, "Westinghouse Small Break ECCS Evaluation Model Using the NOTRUMP Code," August 1985.
3. WCAP-10924-P-A, Volume 1, Revision 1, "Westinghouse Large-Break LOCA Best-Estimate Methodology, Volume 1: Model Description and Validation Responses to NRC Questions," and Addenda 1,2,3, December 1988.
4. WCAP-10924-P-A, Volume 2, Revision 2, "Westinghouse Large-Break LOCA Best-Estimate Methodology, Volume 2: Application to Two-Loop PWRs Equipped with Upper Plenum Injection," and Addendum 1, December 1988.

5. WCAP-10924-P-A, Volume 1, Revision 1, Addendum 4, "Westinghouse Large-Break LOCA Best-Estimate Methodology, Volume 1: Model Description and Validation, Addendum 4: Model Revisions," March 1991.
6. WCAP-13677-P-A, "10 CFR 50.46 Evaluation Model Report: WCOBRA/TRAC Two-Loop Upper Plenum Injection Model Updates to Support ZIRLO™ Cladding Option," February 1994.
7. WCAP-12610-P-A, "VANTAGE + Fuel Assembly Reference Core Report," April 1995.
8. WCAP-8385, "Power Distribution Control and Load Following Procedures - Topical Report," September 1974.
9. WCAP-11397-P-A, "Revised Thermal Design Procedure", April 1989.

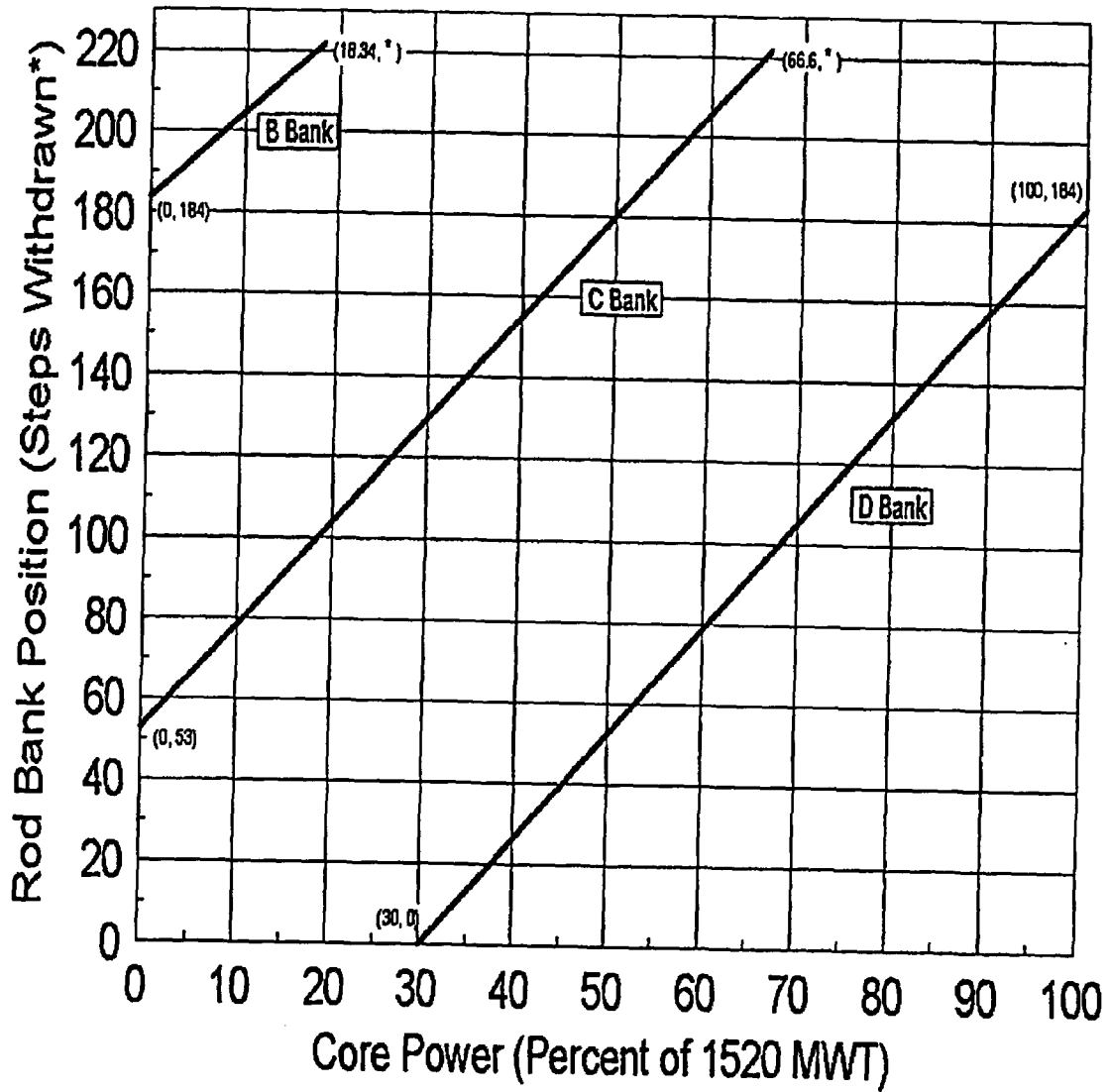


NOTE:

Two Loop Operation - non MFW means that the main feedwater system is not supplying the steam generators.

Two Loop Operation - MFW means that the main feedwater system is supplying the steam generators.

Figure COLR - 1
REQUIRED SHUTDOWN MARGIN



*The fully withdrawn position is defined as ≥ 221 steps.

Figure COLR - 2
CONTROL BANK INSERTION LIMITS

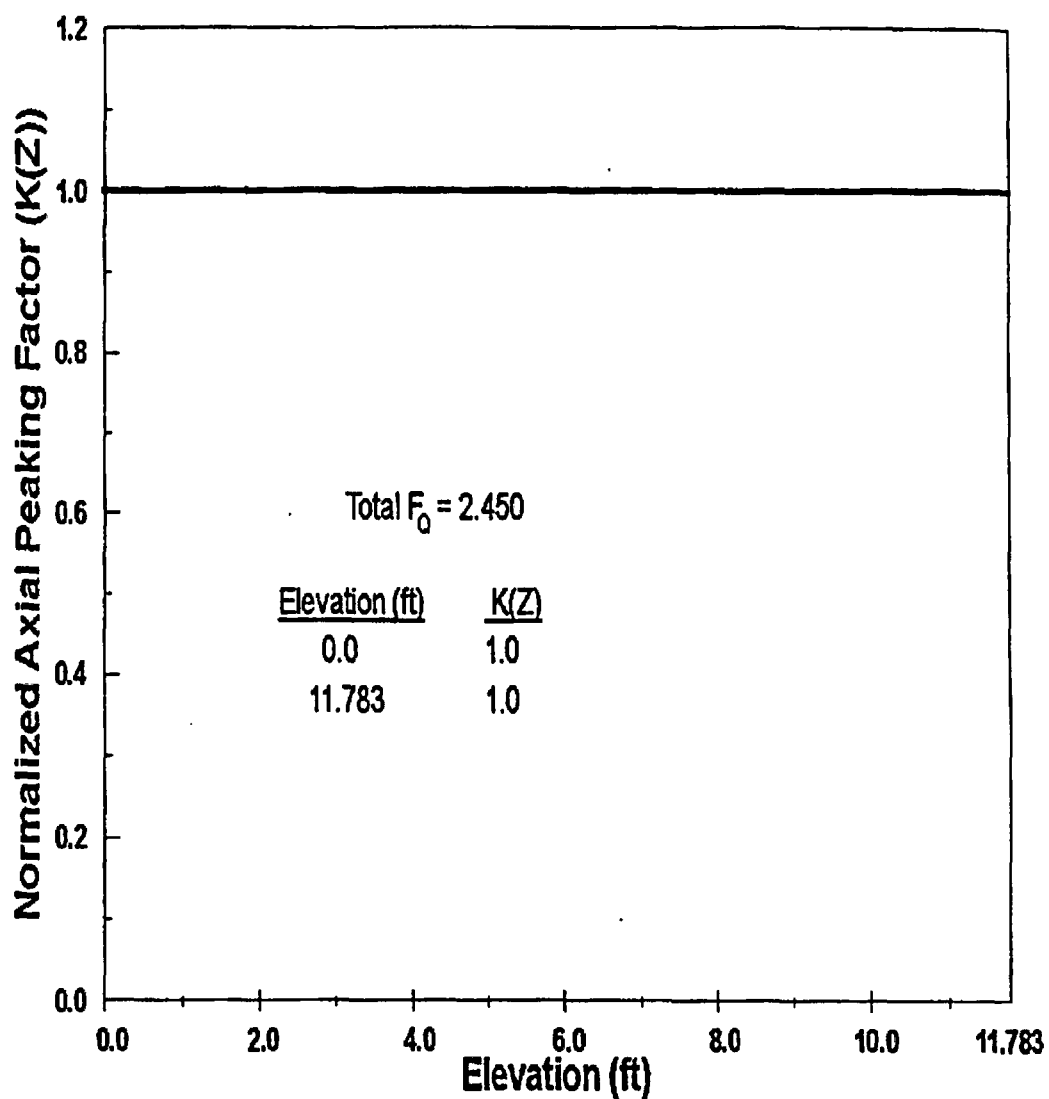


FIGURE 3

Figure COLR - 3
 $K(Z)$ - NORMALIZED $F_Q(Z)$ AS A FUNCTION OF CORE HEIGHT

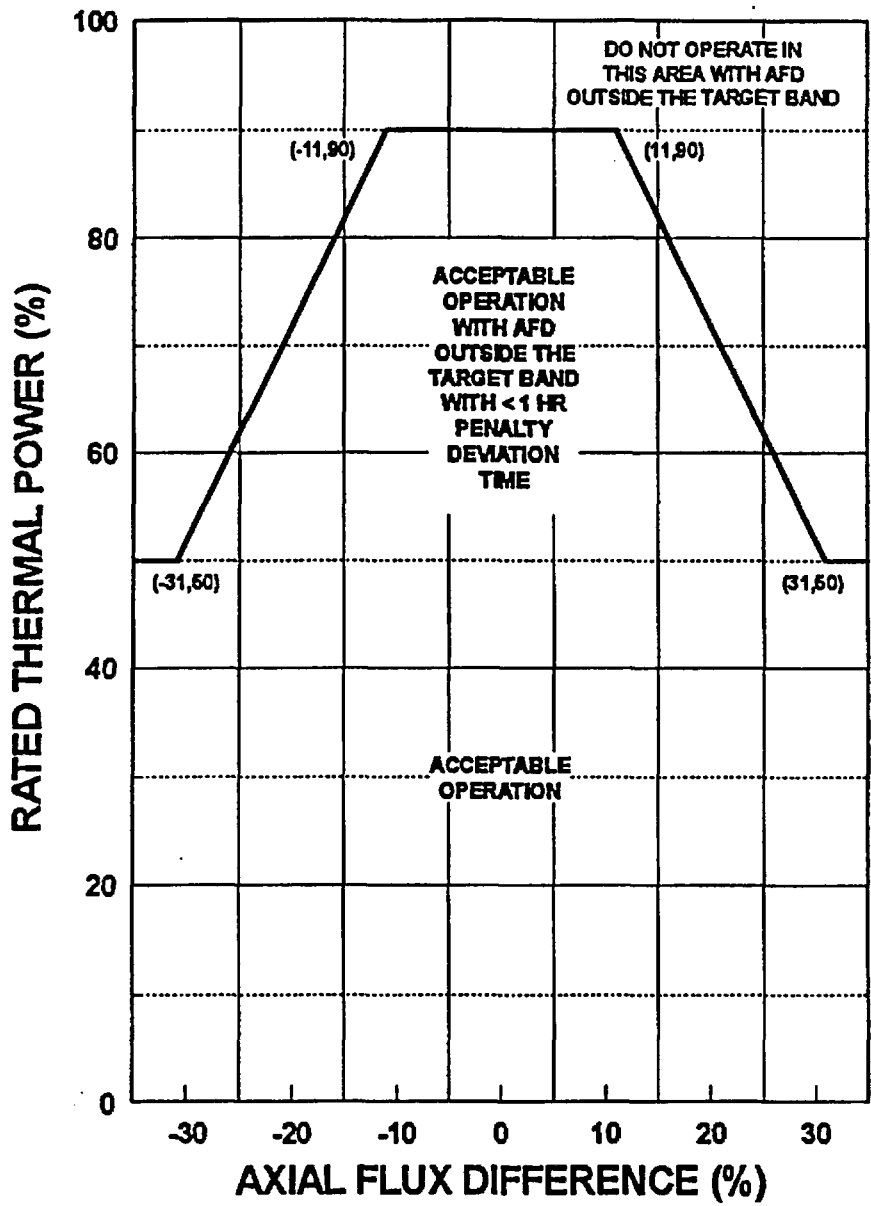


FIGURE 4

Figure COLR - 4
AXIAL FLUX DIFFERENCE ACCEPTABLE OPERATION LIMITS AS A FUNCTION OF RATED THERMAL POWER

END NOTES

1. (Limits generated using Reference 1)
2. (Limits generated using References 1 through 7)
3. (Limits generated using References 1 and 8)
4. (Limits generated using Reference 9)