February 11, 2005

- LICENSEE: Constellation Energy Group, Inc.
- FACILITY: Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, Units 1 and 2
- SUBJECT: SUMMARY OF A CONFERENCE CALL HELD ON JANUARY 25, 2005, BETWEEN THE U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION AND THE CONSTELLATION ENERGY GROUP INC. CONCERNING THE REVIEW FOR THE NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION, UNITS 1 AND 2, LICENSE RENEWAL APPLICATION (TAC NOS. MC3272 AND MC3273)

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission staff and representatives of Constellation Energy Group Inc. (CEG or the applicant) held a conference call on January 25, 2005, to discuss questions pertaining to the Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, Units 1 and 2 (NMP) license renewal application.

The conference call was useful in further clarifying the intent of the staff's followup questions to the applicant responses (ADAMS ML043630355) to the staff RAIs (ADAMS ML043270617). On the basis of the discussion, the applicant was able to better understand the staff's questions. No staff decisions were made during the meeting, and the applicant agreed to provide information for clarification in their final responses.

Enclosure 1 provides a list of the meeting participants. Enclosure 2 contains a listing of the staff's followup questions and the applicant's corresponding proposed responses which were used as discussion material during the telephone conference.

/RA/

N. B. (Tommy) Le, Senior Project Manager License Renewal Section A License Renewal and Environmental Impacts Program Division of Regulatory Improvement Programs Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation

Docket Nos.: 50-220 and 50-410

Enclosures: As stated

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RLEP RF N. Le (PM)

### E-MAIL:

RidsNrrDrip RidsNrrDe G. Bagchi K. Manoly W. Bateman J. Calvo R. Jenkins P. Shemanski N Iqbal RidsNrrDssa RidsNrrDipm D. Thatcher R. Pettis G. Galletti C. Li M. Itzkowitz (RidsOgcMailCenter) T. Smith M. Lemoncelli M. Mayfield A. Murphy S. Smith (srs3) S. Duraiswamy Y. L. (Renee) Li **RLEP** Staff \_\_\_\_\_ C. Holden R. Laufer P. Tam B. Fuller, RI E. Knutson, RI J. Trapp, RI T. Mensah

OPA

# LIST OF PARTICIPANTS FOR THE CONFERENCE CALL HELD ON BETWEEN THE U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION AND CONSTELLATION ENERGY GROUP, INC.

JANUARY 25, 2005

# Participants

Tommy Le Naeem Iqbal Cliff Marks Jon Woodfield Ken Duncan Dough Brandy Peter Mazzaforro Mike Fallins George Wrobel David Dellarion Dennis Vandeputte Paul Lucason

# <u>Affiliation</u>

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) NRC ISL Incorporated (ISL) ISL ISL ISL Constellation Energy Group (CNG) CNG CNG CNG CNG CNG CNG CNG

# REVIEW OF LICENSE RENEWAL APPLICATION (LRA) FOR NINE MILE POINT UNITS 1 AND 2 (NMP 1 AND NMP 2)

January 25, 2005

The staff has previously sent the following followup questions (e.g.; Followup Items) to the applicant. The applicants provided the staff with their draft responses for use as discussion material. The staff held a telephone conference with the applicant on January 25, 2005, to discussion the staff's Followup Items questions. The relevant staff's Followup Items questions, the applicant's responses to the staff's original RAIs are also provided as followed:

### FIRE PROTECTION FOLLOWUP ITEMS

(Followup Item 2.3.3.A.9-7) (Followup Item 2.3.3.B.13-1) (Followup Item 2.3.3.B.13-23) (Followup Item 2.3.3.B.13-25) (Followup Item 2.3.3.B.13-26)

# RAI 2.3.3.A.9-7 (Followup Item 2.3.3.A.9-7)

The scoping and screening LRA table associated with the fire detection and protection system includes the following component types as being subject to an AMR: filters/strainers, flow elements, and orifices. However, the intended function assigned to these components is "NSR Functional Support." LRA Table 2.0-1, "Intended Functions Abbreviations & Definitions" identifies intended functions applicable to these component types that are not identified in the LRA table associated with the fire detection and protection system. Aging management to ensure that the component level intended functions can be performed is necessary to ensure that the system level intended functions can be maintained. The intended functions include "filtration" and "flow restriction."

The staff requested that the applicant describe how the intended functions for these components were assigned and evaluated.

#### Applicant's Response and Staff's comment

In its response dated December 17, 2004, the applicant stated that because a component performs a particular function, such as filtration for a filter or flow restriction for a flow orifice, it does not mean that the function is an intended function for license renewal. A component function would only be considered an intended function (IF) if failure of that component would cause the failure of a system IF. Failure of the "filtration" or "flow restriction" functions for the above mentioned components would not prevent the NMP Unit 1 fire detection and protection system from performing its IF. Therefore, the only IF credited for these components is "NSR Functional Support" as identified in LRA Table 2.3.3.A.9-1.

The staff commented that the applicant's response does not adequately explain what intended functions, "NSR Functional Support" represent and how it is applied to all the component types in the fire detection and protection system including piping, valves, strainers, pumps, and orifices.

<u>Applicant's Draft Response</u>: The function for the Fire Protection System components that will be managed for license renewal are pressure boundary for each component type and filtration for those filters and strainers that prevent clogging of the downstream components. The term NSR Functional Support" is used in the NMP LRA to differentiate the functions provided by SR vs. NSR components.

# RAI 2.3.3.B.13-1 (Followup Item 2.3.3.B.13-1)

The GALL Report section for the fire water system, describes the requirements for aging management of the fire protection water system. It requires that an AMP be established to evaluate the aging effects of corrosion, MIC, biofouling of carbon steel and cast iron components in fire protection systems exposed to water.

The LRA discusses requirements for the fire detection and protection program but does not mention trash racks and traveling screens for the fire pump suction water supply. Trash racks and traveling screens are mentioned in the LRA section for the service water system, but are not listed in the associated LRA table for that system which contains the list of components that require aging management. They are not mentioned in the LRA.

The NMP2 UFSAR states that the trash racks and traveling screens are located upstream of the fire pump suctions to remove any major debris from the water. The staff asked the applicant to explain the apparent exclusion of the trash racks and traveling screens that are located upstream of the fire pump suctions from the scope of license renewal and from being subject to an AMR.

# Applicant' Response and Staff' comment

In its response dated December 17, 2004, the applicant stated that although the trash racks and traveling screens are addressed in NMP Unit 2 UFSAR Section 9.2.5 as preventing large debris from reaching the service water pumps, and, therefore, the fire pumps as well, the collection of debris on the trash racks and/or the traveling screens such that blockage could occur is not a license renewal intended function and are not credited under 10 CFR 50.48. If such a blockage were to occur, bypass valves automatically open to bypass the blockage and continue to supply water to the pump suctions.

Additionally, the fire pump suction headers have their own strainers in-line such that the loss of the trash racks or traveling screens would not challenge the operation of these pumps until repair/replacement of the damaged component could be performed.

The applicant further stated that the supports of the trash racks are within the scope of license renewal and subject to an AMR.

The staff commented that the applicant's response does not explain why the requirements for the fire detection and protection program are not applying to trash racks and traveling screens for the fire pump suction water supply. The applicant only explains that the trash racks and traveling screens are addressed in the NMP Unit 2 UFSAR, they perform no intended function. The staff finds this contrary to the NMP Unit 2 UFSAR which includes the original NMP Unit 2 fire protection SER as CLB.

<u>Applicant's Draft Response</u>: The NMP2 UFSAR contains a complete description of the fire protection capabilities and support systems, including, as a subset, the capabilities associated with compliance with 10CFR50.48. While the trash rakes and traveling screens are addressed in the UFSAR, they are not credited for compliance with 50.48. The NMP2 design includes a safety-related bypass line around the traveling screens and trash rakes and is used should these components become clogged. Therefore, the fire pumps would maintain sufficient suction in the event that clogging of these components occurred. This justification was verified by a review of the SERs associated with NMP2's compliance with 50.48.

# RAI 2.3.3.B.13-23 (Followup Item 2.3.3.B.13-23)

A license renewal drawing for the fire detection and protection system depicts a portion of the dry pipe sprinkler system for the reactor building railroad access bay as being excluded from the scope of license renewal and from being subject to an AMR. The applicant was asked to explain the apparent exclusion of this portion of the fire detection and protection system from the from requiring an AMR in accordance with 10 CFR 54.21(a).

# Applicant's Response and Staff's comment

In its response dated December 17, 2004, the applicant stated that the identified license renewal drawing, LR-43C-0 is correct and properly shows the components in question excluded from the scope of license renewal and from being subject to an AMR. The dry-pipe sprinkler system in the railroad access bay is not credited to meet the requirements of 10 CFR 50.48, and therefore not within the scope of license renewal in accordance with 10 CFR 54.4(a)(3) because it has no license renewal intended functions. The dry-pipe sprinkler system in question is correctly depicted on its license renewal drawing and is not subject to an AMR.

The staff commented that the applicant's response does not explain why the requirements for the fire detection and protection program are not applying to the dry-pipe sprinkler system. The applicant only explains that the dry-pipe sprinkler system in question is not credited to meet the requirements of 10 CFR 50.48, the staff finds this contrary to the UFSAR which includes the original NMP Unit 2 fire protection SER as CLB. The NMP Unit 2 UFSAR includes a description of this sprinkler system.

<u>Applicant's Draft Response</u> : The NMP2 UFSAR contains a complete description of the fire protection capabilities and support systems, including, as a subset, the capabilities associated with compliance with 10CFR50.48. The dry-pipe sprinkler system in question provide asset protection for a railroad access bay (analogous to a garage for a railroad car). The sprinkler system is provided for insurance purposes and does not protect any safe shutdown equipment or any components required for compliance with 50.48. This was verified via a review of the NMP2 SERs associated with 50.48.

# RAI 2.3.3.B.13-25 (Followup Item 2.3.3.B.13-25)

The NMP2 UFSAR describes criteria for fire resistance of interior finishes. It is not clear from review of the LRA, that interior finishes are included within the scope of license renewal. The applicant was asked to confirm that interior finishes are within the scope of license renewal in accordance with 10 CFR 54.4(a) and subject to an AMR in accordance with 10 CFR 54.21(a) or to explain their exclusion.

## Applicant's Response and Staff's comment

In its response dated December 17, 2004, the applicant explained that the UFSAR states that noncombustible and fire-resistive building and interior finish materials are used wherever practical throughout the plant, particularly in structures containing safety-related systems and components. The interior finishes, which consist of paint and floor coverings, serve no intended function and are not in scope for license renewal. The materials used to seal structural gaps and joints, that do have an intended function for 10 CFR 50.48, fire protection, can be found in the NMP LRA section for, fire stops and seals.

The staff commented that the applicant's response does not explain why the requirements for the fire detection and protection program are not applying to the interior finishes. The applicant explains that the interior finishes in question are not credited to meet the requirements of 10 CFR 50.48, the staff finds this contrary to the UFSAR which includes the original NMP Unit 2 fire protection SER as CLB. The NMP Unit 2 UFSAR includes a description of the fire resistance of interior finishes.

<u>Applicant's Draft Response</u>: The NMP2 UFSAR contains a complete description of the fire protection capabilities and support systems, including, as a subset, the capabilities associated with compliance with 10CFR50.48. The interior finishes addressed in the original RAI are cosmetic materials used within NMP2. These serve no function for compliance to 50.48 and are included in the fire loading for the area they are in. This was verified via a review of the NMP2 SERs associated with 50.48.

# RAI 2.3.3.B.13-26 (Followup Item 2.3.3.B.13-26)

The LRA identifies structures that are included within the scope of license renewal. The UFSAR identifies structures that are included in the fire protection licensing basis and thus should be considered within the scope of license renewal. However, the LRA does not include the condensate storage tank structure and the normal switchgear building that are included in UFSAR as structures within the scope of license renewal in accordance with 10 CFR 54.4(a). Because these structures support fire protection intended functions, the applicant was asked to explain their apparent exclusion from requiring an AMR.

# Applicant's Response and Staff's comment

In its response dated December 17, 2004, the applicant explained that the normal switchgear building and the condensate storage building are located in the protected area and are considered to be non-essential yard structures. Further the applicant explained that these structures do not meet any of the three criteria of 10 CFR 54.4, nor do they contain safety-related equipment, and do not house equipment required for safe plant shutdown, or radioactive material. Therefore, fire protection equipment in these structures is for asset protection only. Neither of these buildings is credited for 10 CFR 50.48, fire protection.

The staff commented that the applicant's response does not explain why the requirements for the fire detection and protection program are not applying to the condensate storage tank structure and the normal switchgear building. The applicant explains that the normal switchgear building and the condensate storage buildings are not credited to meet the requirements of 10 CFR 50.48, the staff finds this contrary to the UFSAR which includes the

Enclosure 2

original NMP Unit 2 fire protection SER as CLB. The NMP Unit 2 UFSAR includes a description of these structures.

<u>Applicant's Draft Response</u> : The NMP2 UFSAR contains a complete description of the fire protection capabilities and support systems, including, as a subset, the capabilities associated with compliance with 10CFR50.48. The fire protection features associated with the normal switchgear building and condensate storage building are provided for asset protection only. Since these buildings do not contain storage or components required for compliance with 50.48, the fire protection features for these systems or components required for compliance with 50.48, the fire protection for these buildings are not considered in-scope for license renewal. The NMP2 SERs for 50.48 were reviewed to confirm that the fire protection features for these two buildings were not credited.

Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, Units 1 and 2

CC:

Regional Administrator, Region I U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission 475 Allendale Road King of Prussia, PA 19406

Resident Inspector U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission P.O. Box 126 Lycoming, NY 13093

Supervisor Town of Scriba Route 8, Box 382 Oswego, NY 13126

Mr. James R. Evans LIPA P.O. Box 129 Lycoming, NY 10393

Charles Donaldson, Esquire Assistant Attorney General New York Department of Law 120 Broadway New York, NY 10271

Mr. Paul D. Eddy Electric Division NYS Department of Public Service Agency Building 3 Empire State Plaza Albany, NY 12223

C. Adrienne Rhodes Chairman and Executive Director State Consumer Protection Board 5 Empire State Plaza, Suite 2101 Albany, NY 12223-1556

Kathryn M. Sutton, Esquire Winston & Strawn 1400 L Street, NW Washington, DC 20005-3502 Mark J. Wetterhahn, Esquire Winston & Strawn 1400 L Street, NW Washington, DC 20005-3502

Mr. Michael J. Wallace President Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, LLC c/o Constellation Energy Group, Inc. 750 East Pratt Street Baltimore, MD 21202

Mr. James M. Petro, Jr., Esquire Counsel Constellation Energy Group 750 East Pratt Street, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor Baltimore, MD 21202

Mr. Peter R. Smith, President New York State Energy, Research, and Development Authority 17 Columbia Circle Albany, NY 12203-6399

Mr. Fred Emerson Nuclear Energy Institute 1776 I St., NW, Suite 400 Washington, DC 20006-3708

Mr. Mark Flaherty Manager - Fleet Licensing R.E. Ginna Nuclear Power Plant 1503 Lake Rd. Ontario, NY 14519

Mr. M. Steven Leonard General Supervisor - Nuclear Regulatory Matters Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, LLC P.O. Box 63 Lycoming, NY 13093 Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, Units 1 and 2 - 2 -

CC:

Mr. Peter Mazzaferro Site Project Manager - License Renewal Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, LLC P.O. Box 63 Lycoming, NY 13093

Mr. Mike Heffley Senior Vice President and Chief Nuclear Officer Constellation Generation Group 1997 Annapolis Exchange Parkway Suite 500 Annapolis, MD 21401

Mr. James A. Spina Vice President Nine Mile Point Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, LLC P.O. Box 63 Lycoming, NY 13093

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