
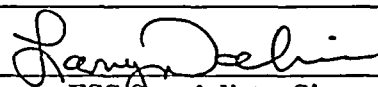
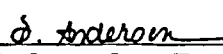
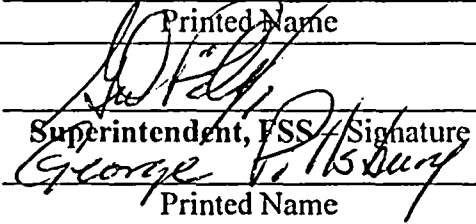



**MAINE YANKEE
FINAL STATUS SURVEY RELEASE RECORD
FA-0100 CONTAINMENT BUILDING
SURVEY UNIT 1**

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<div>Reviewed By: <u></u></div> <div style="text-align: center;">FSS Specialist – Signature <u>Larry Dockins</u> Printed Name</div>	Date: <u>10/28/04</u>
<div>Reviewed By: <u></u></div> <div style="text-align: center;">Independent Review – Signature <u>D. ANDERSON</u> Printed Name</div>	Date: <u>11/22/04</u>
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<div>Approved By: <u></u></div> <div style="text-align: center;">FSS, MOP – Signature <u>JONES R. BAKER</u> Printed Name</div>	Date: <u>12/7/04</u>

**MAINE YANKEE
FINAL STATUS SURVEY RELEASE RECORD
FA-0100 CONTAINMENT BUILDING
SURVEY UNIT 1**

A. SURVEY UNIT DESCRIPTION

Survey Unit 1 is located in Survey Area FA 0100, the Containment Building interior. The Containment Building is located in the restricted area between the Fuel Building and the Spray Building centered at site coordinates 407,575 N and 623,810 E. The Containment Building is shown in relation to other major site structures in map FA 0100. All maps referenced in this release record are provided in Attachment 1, unless otherwise noted.

Survey Unit 1 consisted of the surface of the interior walls (steel liner) from El. -4 feet to approximately El. 17 feet. The physical configuration of Survey Unit 1 in relation to the remaining survey units in the Containment Building is provided in map FA 0100-UNITS (Attachment 1).

The survey unit has a surface area of approximately 858.4 m².

B. SURVEY UNIT DESIGN INFORMATION

The survey unit was known to have been contaminated to levels in excess of the release limits and required an extensive remediation effort prior to FSS. Given the high probability of residual contamination, the area was designated a Class 1 survey unit per the LTP.

The survey unit design parameters are shown in Table 1. Given a relative shift of 1.3, it was determined that 21 direct measurements were required for the Sign Test. Each sample location was determined using a fixed square grid with a random start point. These locations are presented on survey map FA0100-U1-DIRECTS (Attachment 1). Once the direct readings were completed, removable contamination samples were obtained at each measurement location.

A 100% scan coverage of the area was required. The survey was designed to include 444 scan grids of approximately 2 m² each. Instrument scan setpoints were conservatively set below the DCGL_{EMC}, as shown in Table 2-2 (Attachment 2). The location of the scan grids is shown on maps FA 0100-U1-A through FA 0100-U1-H and FA 0100-U1-GH (Attachment 1).

To accommodate measurement geometry requirements for surfaces of non-uniform smoothness (including junctures), the SHP-360 and 43-68 probes were used to augment the scan survey. First, a 43-37 scan was performed on all surfaces, including those unlikely to meet geometry requirements for that model of probe. Then a repeat scan, using the SHP-360, was performed on areas with surface irregularities that required a smaller probe size. Ninety-degree surface junctures (i.e., wall-wall) were scanned using the 43-68 probe. Wall to floor junctures within the Containment liner were 45-degree angles and did not require special survey measures. As part of the Asbestos Abatement Project during early phases of decommissioning, lockdown was applied to the liner walls above El. -2 feet. All instrument efficiencies were reduced to account for the potential that some lockdown remained on the walls following Containment demolition and remediation activities.

Background values were established for each particular instrument probe application based on ambient background values in the survey unit. No material backgrounds were included because of the minor background contribution from bare steel. The background values, listed in Table 1, were used to establish net activity for direct measurements, scan investigation levels, and to confirm the scan MDCs used were appropriate.

The instruments used in this survey unit are listed by model and serial number in Attachment 2 (Table 2-1). Scan MDCs are also listed in Attachment 2 (Table 2-2) and are also compared to the DCGL, the investigation level, and the $DCGL_{EMC}$. As shown in this table, the scan MDC is less than the investigation criteria in all cases, thus providing high confidence (95% or higher) that an elevated area would be detected in the scanning process. Since the investigation level at the alarm setpoint was always less than the design $DCGL_{EMC}$, no EMC sample size adjustment was necessary.

TABLE 1
SURVEY UNIT DESIGN PARAMETERS

Survey Unit	Design Criteria	Basis
Area	858.4 m ²	Section 5, LTP, Class 1 (Reference 1)
Number of Direct Measurements Required	21	Based on an LBGR of 9,000 dpm/100 cm ² , sigma ¹ of 6,853 dpm/100 cm ² , and a relative shift of 1.3. Type I = Type II = 0.05
Sample Area	40.88 m ²	858.4 m ² / 21 samples ²
Sample Grid Spacing	6.39 m	(40.88) ^{1/2}
Scan Grid Area	2 m ²	
Area Factor	1.2	50 m ² / 40.88 m ² per LTP, Revision 3
Scan Area	858.4 m ²	Class 1 – 100%
Background		
43-68 Direct and Scan (flat surfaces)	918 dpm/100 cm ²	Ambient only, efficiency reduced for lockdown coating
SHP-360 Scan (surface irregularities)	1,343 dpm/100 cm ²	Ambient only, efficiency reduced for lockdown coating
43-68 Junctures	2,167 dpm/100 cm ²	Ambient only, efficiency reduced for lockdown coating
43-37 Scans	477 dpm/100 cm ²	Ambient only, efficiency reduced for lockdown coating
Scan Investigation Level	DCGL plus background	See Table 2-2 (Attachment 2)
DCGL	18,000 dpm/100 cm ²	LTP, Rev. 3 (Reference 1)
Design $DCGL_{EMC}$	21,600 dpm/100 cm ²	LTP, Rev. 3 (Reference 1)

¹ From LTP Revision 3, Table 5-1A for Containment El. -2 ft., A0100.

² This survey unit was initially designed for N=21 samples. The N=21 design led to a survey unit map with 24 locations on the systematic grid.

C. SURVEY RESULTS

Twenty-four direct measurements were made in Survey Unit 1. All direct measurements were less than the DCGL. Direct measurement data are presented in Table 2.

Scanning resulted in 27 verified alarms. Twenty-six alarms occurred while scanning flat surfaces with the 43-37 probe. One alarm was verified while scanning irregular surfaces with the SHP-360. In addition, one juncture survey was investigated based on professional judgment and one 43-37 flat survey (M158) was evaluated for a discrepancy in the data. The subsequent investigation work is discussed in the following section.

TABLE 2
DIRECT MEASUREMENTS

Sample Location	Gross Activity dpm/100 cm ²	Net Activity (Table 1 Background Subtracted) dpm/100 cm ²
FA0100-1-M001	4,592	3,674
FA0100-1-M002	1,088	170
FA0100-1-M003	1,300	382
FA0100-1-M004	714	-204
FA0100-1-M005	964	46
FA0100-1-M006	1,240	322
FA0100-1-M007	2,177	1,259
FA0100-1-M008	877	-41
FA0100-1-M009	1,194	276
FA0100-1-M010	1,039	121
FA0100-1-M011	1,217	299
FA0100-1-M012	1,852	934
FA0100-1-M013	1,081	163
FA0100-1-M014	1,334	416
FA0100-1-M015	1,799	881
FA0100-1-M016	2,143	1,225
FA0100-1-M017	1,485	567
FA0100-1-M018	1,447	529
FA0100-1-M019	1,988	1,070
FA0100-1-M020	2,094	1,176
FA0100-1-M021	1,066	148
FA0100-1-M022	1,032	114
FA0100-1-M023	926	8
FA0100-1-M024	1,655	737
Sample Mean	1,513	595
Median	1,270	352
Standard Deviation	785	785
Sample Range	714 – 4,592	-204 – 3,674

D. SURVEY UNIT INVESTIGATIONS PERFORMED AND RESULTS

The scan process identified 27 locations of potentially elevated activity. An investigation was performed for each location, plus one additional grid based on professional judgment, using survey investigation package XA0100-01. Also, the data for grid C158 was evaluated and included with the investigation results. The investigation results and assessment are summarized in Attachment 3 (Table 3-1).

E. SURVEY UNIT DATA ASSESSMENT

An analysis of the direct sample measurement results, including the mean, median, standard deviation, and sample range, are provided in Table 2. The direct measurements were all below the DCGL without subtracting background. The maximum result, with background subtracted, is equivalent to 3,674 dpm/100 cm². When adjusted for background (ambient background subtracted), the mean residual contamination level is 595 dpm/100 cm². For a DCGL of 18,000 dpm/100 cm², this is equivalent to an annual dose rate of 0.01 mrem/y.³

The 29 grids of potential elevated activity were investigated and/or evaluated as shown in Table 3-1 of Attachment 3 and determined to be approximately 10% of the Elevated Measurement Comparison unity limit, thereby satisfying the EMC criterion.

F. ADDITIONAL DATA EVALUATION

Attachment 4 provides additional data evaluation associated with Survey Unit 1, including relevant statistical information. Based on survey unit direct measurement data, this attachment provides the Sign Test Summary, Quantile Plot, Histogram, and Retrospective Power Curve.

1. The Sign Test Summary provides an overall summary of design input (Table 1) and resulting calculated values used to determine the required number (N) of direct measurements (per LTP Section 5.4.2). The Sign Test Summary is a separate statistical analysis that also calculates the mean, median, and standard deviation of the direct measurements.

The critical value and the result of the Sign Test are provided in the Sign Test Summary Table, as well as a listing of the key release criteria. As shown in the table, all of the key release criteria were clearly satisfied for FSS of this survey unit.

2. The Quantile Plot was generated from direct measurement data listed in Table 2 and indicates general symmetry about the median. The data set and plot are consistent with expectations for a Class 1 survey unit. There is no reason to conclude that the data set represents other than random variations in a Class 1 basement survey unit. It also should be noted that the maximum net activity (3,674 dpm/100 cm² at location M001) is well below the DCGL of 18,000 dpm/100 cm².

³ This annual dose equivalent is based on LTP Table 6-11 which shows the contaminated concrete dose contribution (for surfaces contaminated at the DCGL) to be 0.301 mrem/y.

3. A histogram plot was also developed on the direct measurement values. This plot shows that the direct data were essentially a log-normal distribution with one outlier.
4. A Retrospective Power Curve was constructed based on FSS results. The curve shows that the survey unit having a mean residual activity at a small fraction of the DCGL, has a high probability ("power") of meeting the release criteria. Thus, it can be concluded that the direct measurement data support rejection of the null hypothesis, providing high confidence that the survey unit satisfied the release criteria and that the data quality objectives were met.

As mentioned in Section B, removable contamination samples were obtained at each (direct) measurement location. In that this survey unit involved a (backfilled) basement and not a standing building, the removable contamination measurements were not applicable to release decisions for the survey unit. However, the samples were obtained and evaluated, indicating less than MDA values for alpha (i.e., ≤ 4.7 dpm/100 cm²) and beta activity equal to a maximum of 18 dpm/100 cm². Thus, in comparison with the mean survey unit net activity (Table 2), the removable contamination sampling effort indicated that the majority of activity is fixed.

G. CHANGES IN INITIAL SURVEY UNIT ASSUMPTIONS ON EXTENT OF RESIDUAL ACTIVITY

The survey was designed as a Class 1 area; the results were consistent with that classification. The post-remediation direct measurement sample standard deviation was less than the design sigma. Thus, a sufficient number of sample measurements were taken.

H. LTP CHANGES SUBSEQUENT TO SURVEY UNIT FSS

The FSS of Survey Unit 1 was designed and performed using the criteria of the approved LTP Revision 3 Addenda (Reference 1, 2, 3) and the license amendment for activated concrete (Reference 4).

I. CONCLUSION

The FSS of this survey unit was designed based on the LTP designation as a Class 1 area. The survey design parameters are presented in Table 1. The required number of direct measurements was determined for the Sign Test in accordance with the LTP. As presented in Table 2, all beta direct measurements were less than the DCGL of 18,000 dpm/100 cm².

A Sign Test Summary analysis demonstrated that the Sign Test criteria were satisfied. The direct measurement sigma was determined to be less than that used for design, thus indicating that a sufficient number of samples were taken.

The Retrospective Power Curve shown in Attachment 4 confirmed that sufficient samples were taken to support rejection of the null hypothesis, providing high confidence that the survey unit satisfied the release criteria and the data quality objectives were met. Attachment 4 also revealed that direct measurement data represented essentially a log-normal distribution, with variance consistent with expectations for a Class 1 survey unit.

The scan survey design for this survey unit was developed in accordance with the LTP with significant aspects of the design discussed in Section B and Table 1. Attachment 3 shows the areas identified by verified alarms and provides the results of the investigation actions. The areas under investigation were evaluated using the appropriate area factor. The survey unit was determined to satisfy the elevated measurement comparison unity rule per the LTP methodology.

In addition, while not part of the release decision criteria, removable contamination sampling confirmed that the majority of remaining activity in this basement survey unit was fixed.

It is concluded that FA0100 Survey Unit 1 meets the release criteria of 10CFR20.1402 and the State of Maine enhanced criteria.

J. REFERENCES

1. Maine Yankee License Termination Plan, Revision 3, October 15, 2002
2. Maine Yankee letter to the NRC, MN-02-061, dated November 26, 2002
3. NRC letter to Maine Yankee, dated February 28, 2003
4. Maine Yankee letter to NRC, MN-03-049, dated September 11, 2003

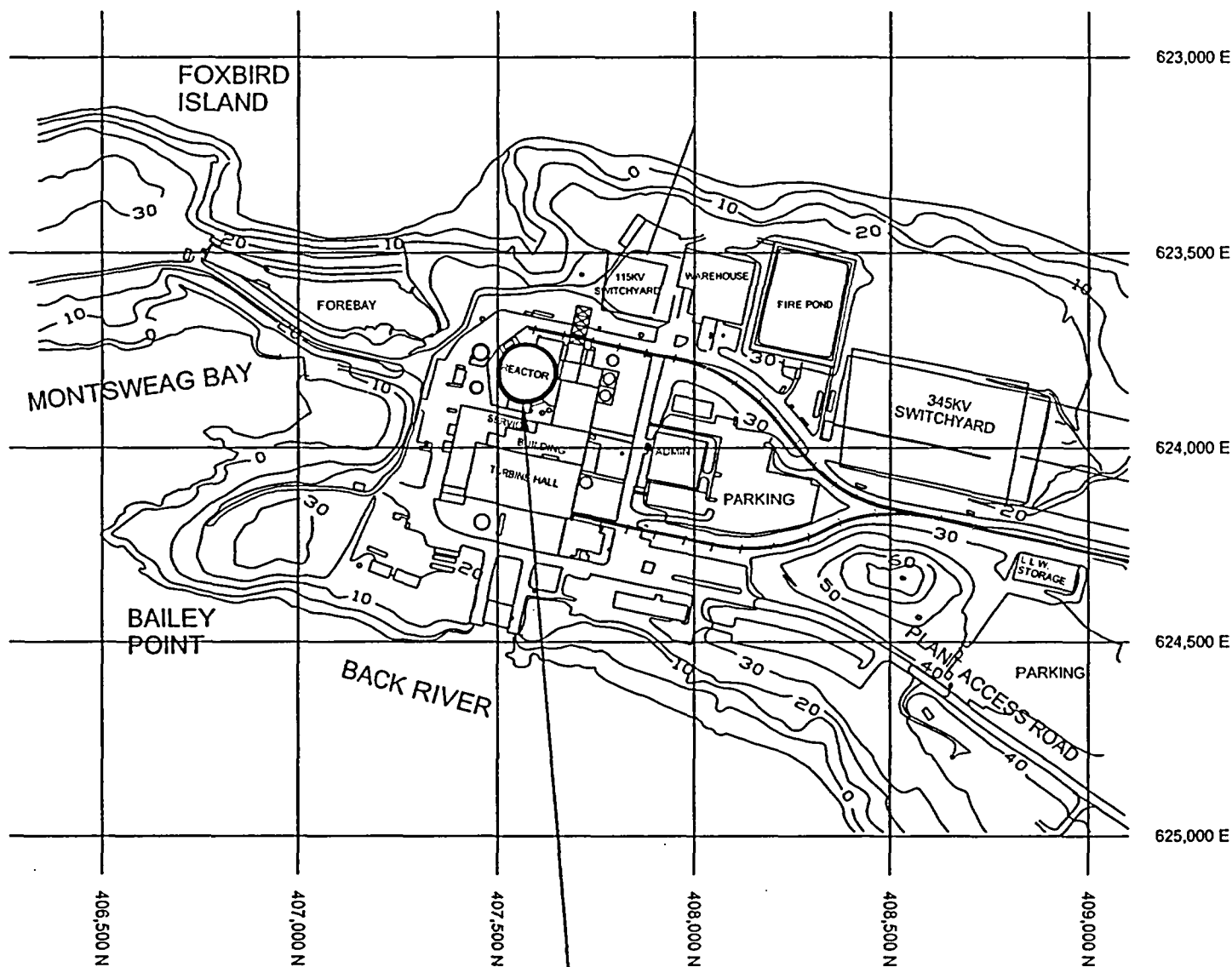
Attachment 1

Survey Unit Maps

Survey Type: ☐ Characterization ☐ Turnover ☒ Final Status Survey

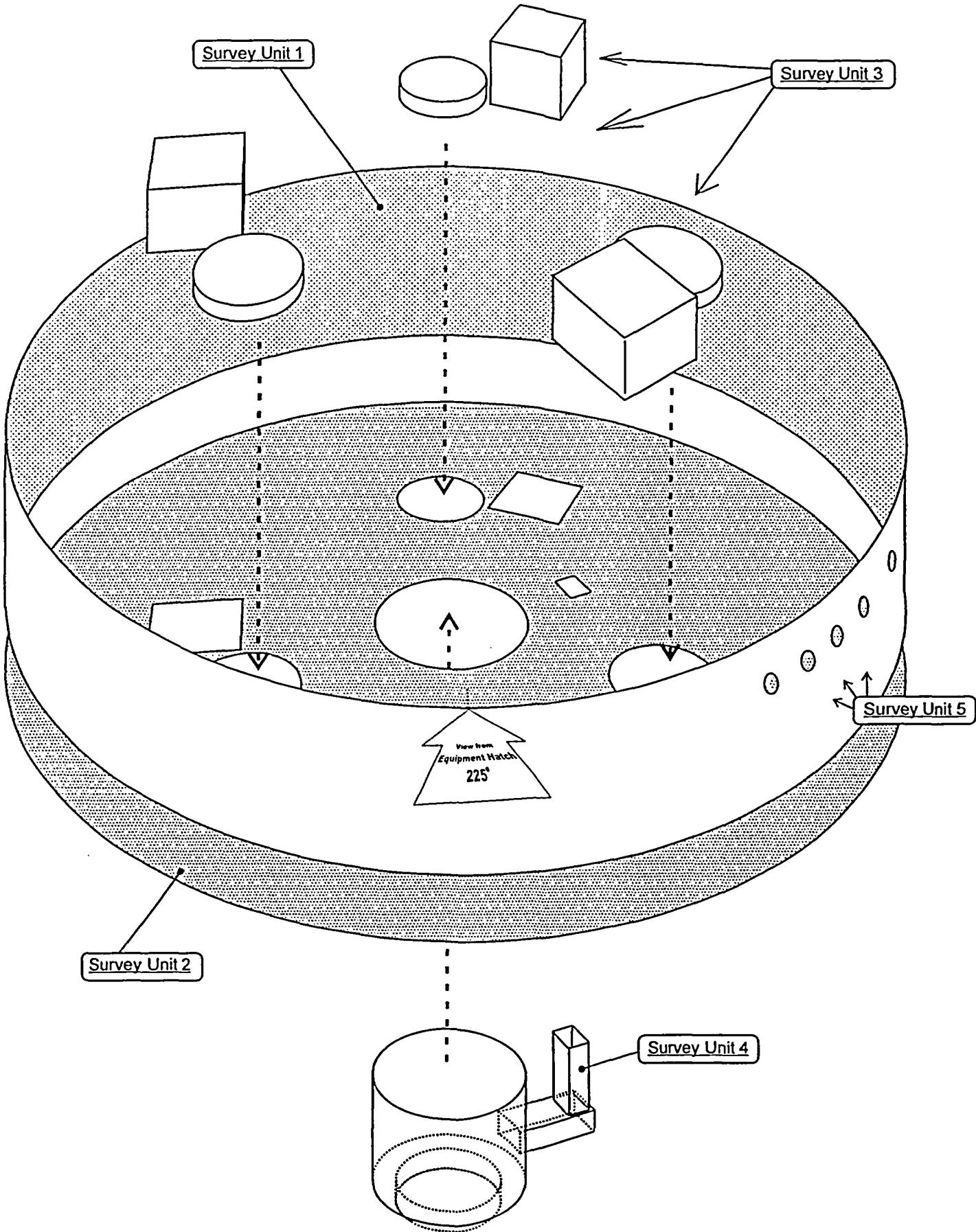
Survey Area Name: Reactor Containment Building

Note: Grid based on Maine State Coordinate System
(West Zone) NAD 1927



Survey Area: FA 0100





A

B

C

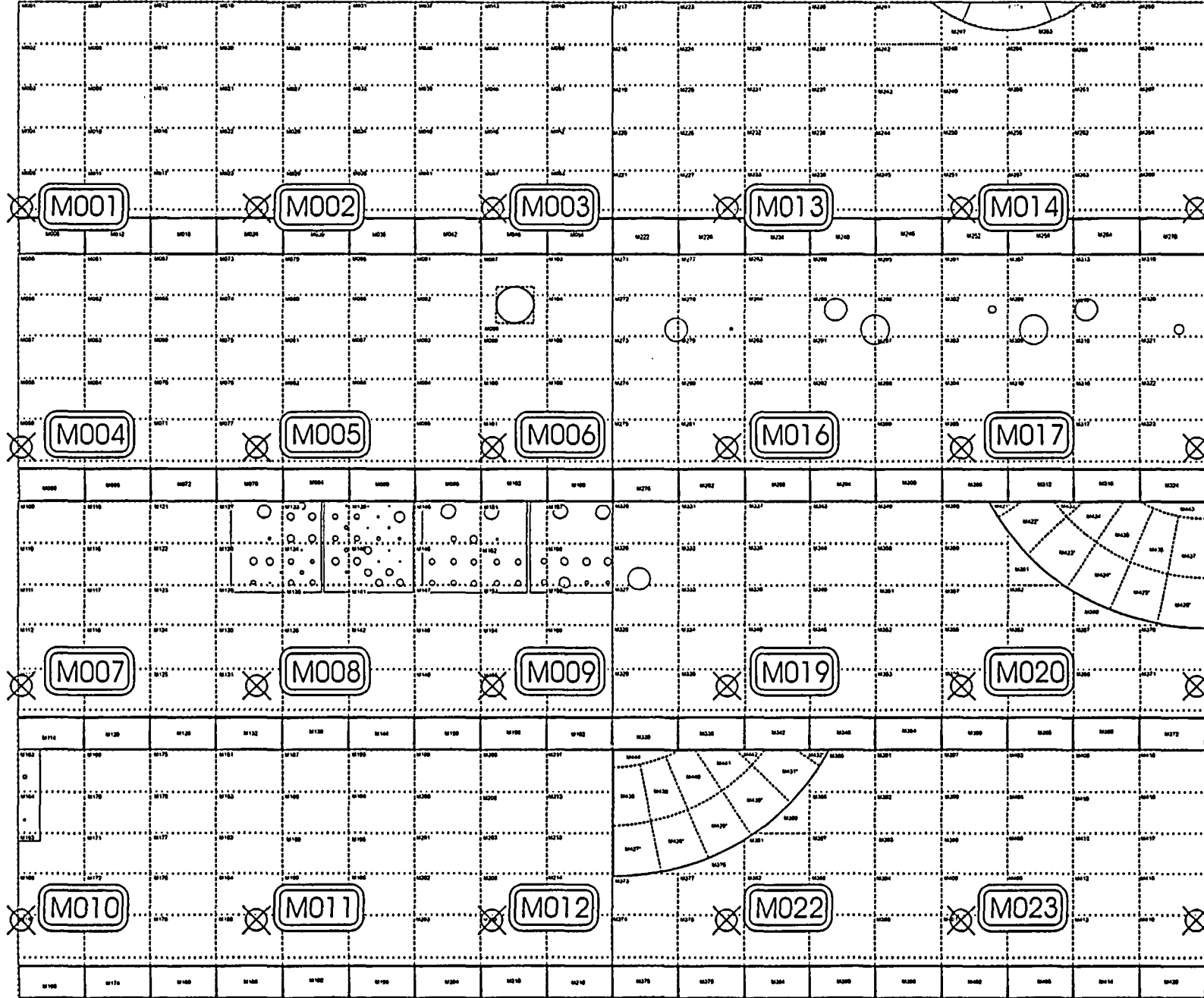
D

E

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G

H

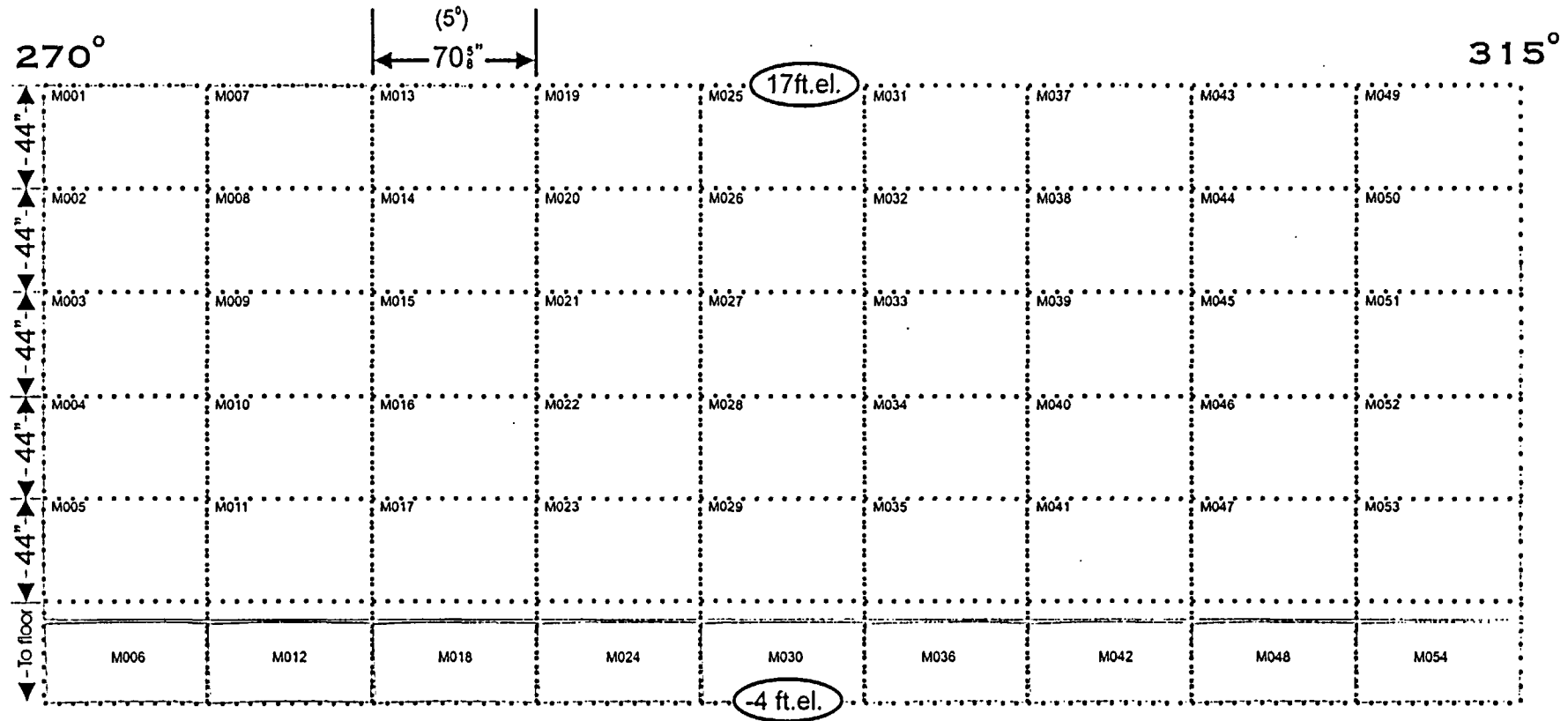


Survey Type: ☐ Verification

☐ Turnover

☒ Final Status Survey

Survey Area Name: Containment Bldg. Survey Unit 1

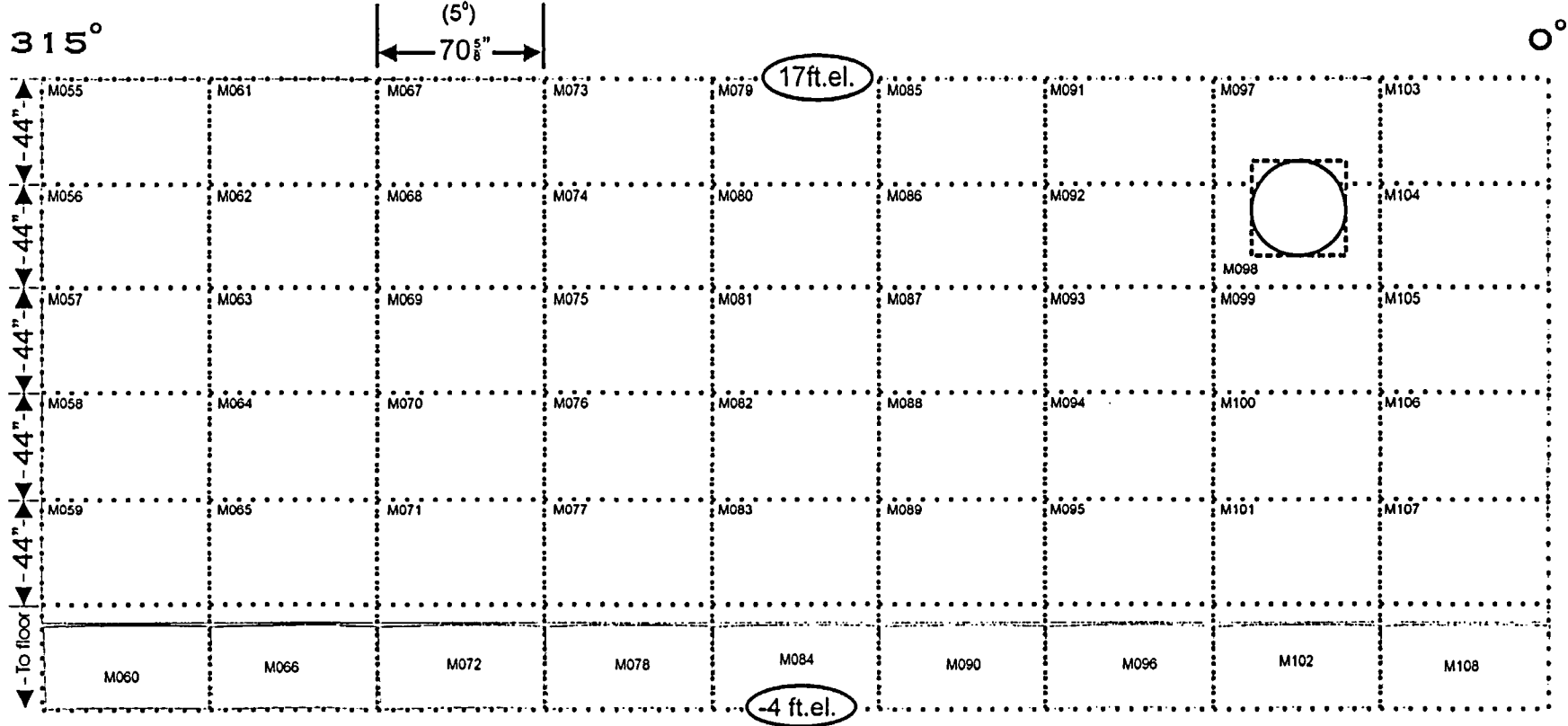


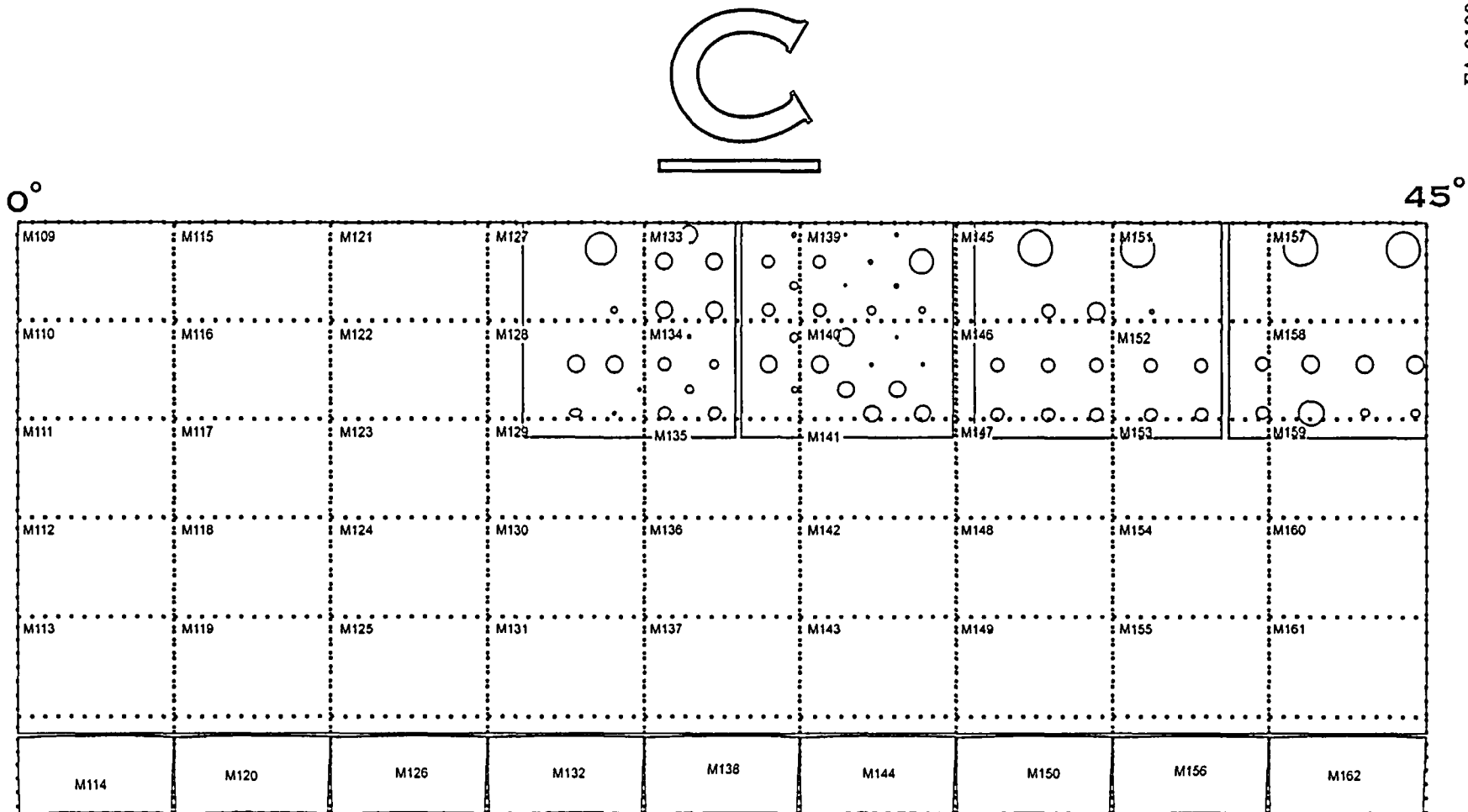
Survey Type: ☐ Verification

☐ Turnover

☒ Final Status Survey

Survey Area Name: Containment Bldg. Survey Unit 1



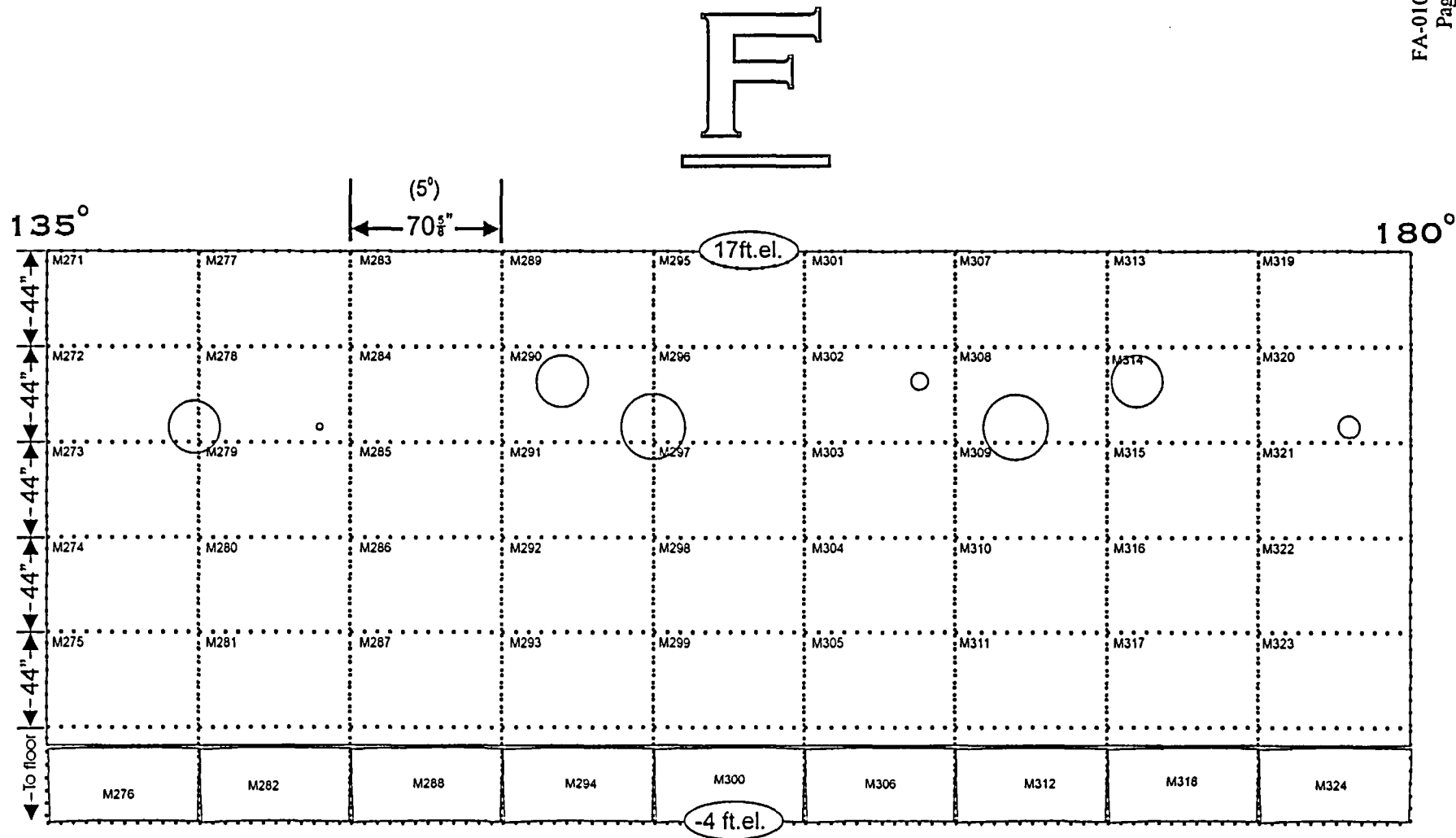


45°

M163	M169	M175	M181	M187	M193	M199	M205	M211
M164	M170	M176	M182	M188	M194	M200	M206	M212
M165	M171	M177	M183	M189	M195	M201	M207	M213
M166	M172	M178	M184	M190	M196	M202	M208	M214
M167	M173	M179	M185	M191	M197	M203	M209	M215
M168	M174	M180	M186	M192	M198	M204	M210	M216

D

90°



Survey Type: ☐ Verification

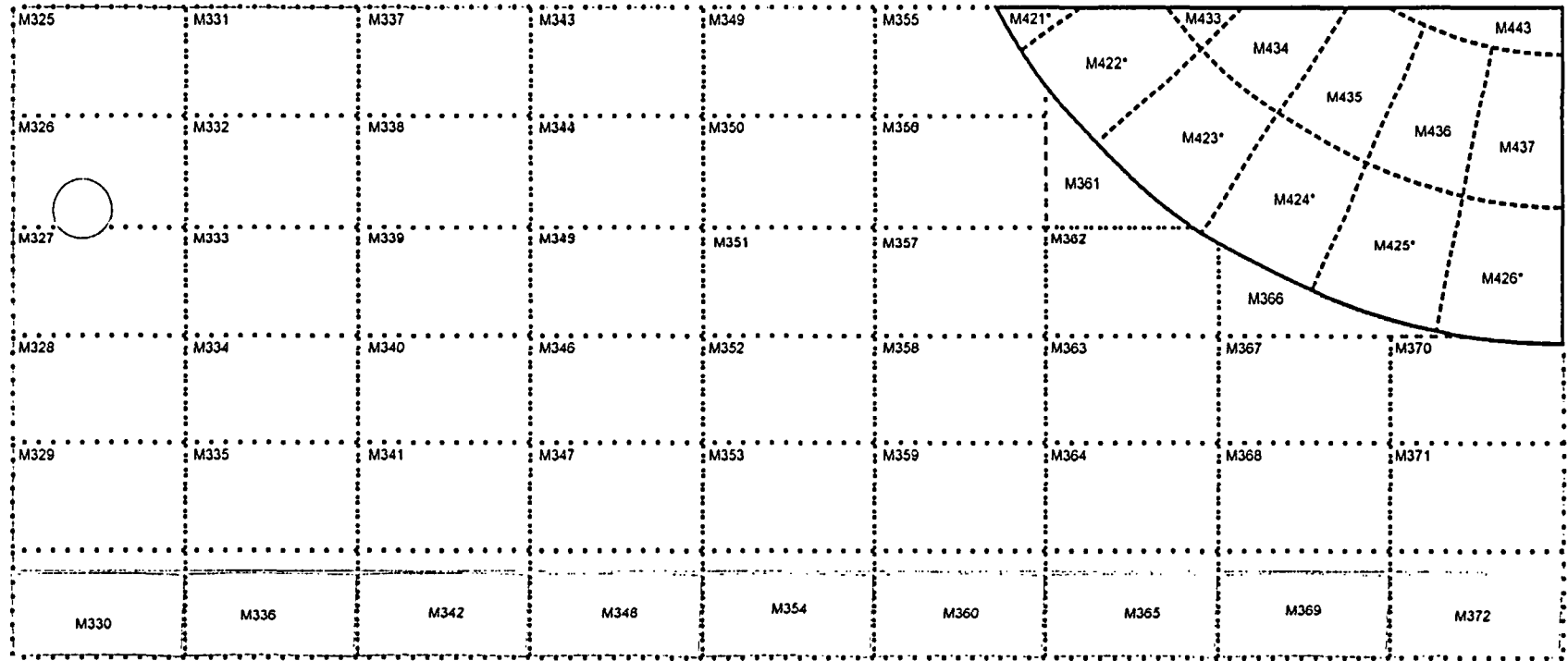
☐ Turnover

☒ Final Status Survey

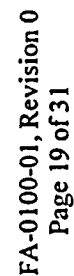
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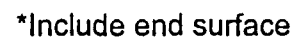
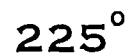
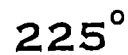
Containment Bldg. Survey Unit 1

180°



G





Attachment 2

Survey Unit Instrumentation

TABLE 2-1**INSTRUMENT INFORMATION**

E-600 S/N	Probe S/N (type)
2617	190752 (43-37)
1625	190329 (43-37)
2488	190327 (43-37)
1933	190750 (43-37)
2489	190751 (43-37)
1606	190285 (43-37)
2621	190669 (43-37)
1648	168748 (43-37)
1928	190283 (43-37)
1929	148952 (43-37)
1648	148952 (43-37)
1933	455 (SHP-360)
2618	453 (SHP-360)
1645	453 (SHP-360)
1933	464 (SHP-360)
2488	148938 (43-68)
1933	148937 (43-68)
1648	148937 (43-68)
1648	148932 (43-68)
1933	149075 (43-68)
1625	149069 (43-68)

TABLE 2-2**INSTRUMENT SCAN MDC, DCGL, INVESTIGATION LEVEL, AND DESIGN DCGL_{EMC}**

Detector	43-68 Flats	43-68 Junctures	SHP-360 Surface Irregularities	43-37 Flats
Scan MDC (dpm/100 cm ²)	1,134 (Note 1)	2,676 (Note 1)	3,209 (Note 1)	2,006 (Note 1)
DCGL (dpm/100 cm ²)	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000
Investigation Level (Alarm Setpoint) dpm/100 cm ² (Reference 2)	18,896 ~ DCGL plus Background	20,153 ~ DCGL plus Background	19,468 ~ DCGL plus Background	20,188 ~ DCGL plus Background (Note 2)
Design DCGL _{EMC} (dpm/100 cm ²) (from RR Table 1)	21,600	21,600	21,600	21,600

- NOTES:** 1. Scan MDC from LTP Rev. 3, Table 5-6, was adjusted for a change in efficiency due to different materials and/or geometry.
2. Investigation level was calculated for only 126 cm² of detection surface area.

Attachment 3

Investigation Table

TABLE 3-1
INVESTIGATION TABLE

Scan Alarm			Scan Investigation		DCGL _{EMC} Comparison			
Elevated Area Grid No.	Alarm Setpoint (cpm) ⁴	Initial Scan Value (cpm)	Maximum Scaler Value (cpm) ⁵	Area (cm ²)	Area Factor (AF) ⁶	DCGL _{EMC} (dpm/100 cm ²)	Elevated Area Activity (dpm/100 cm ²) ⁷	DCGL _{EMC} Comparison Factor
M009 (43-37)	6,410	7,940	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	< DCGL	0.00E+00
M086 (43-37)	6,410	12,130	16,350	50	10,000	1.80E+08	61,791	3.43E-04
M099 (43-37)	6,410	23,200	19,570	50	10,000	1.80E+08	73,961	4.11E-04
M100 (43-37)	6,410	8,050	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	< DCGL	0.00E+00
M129 (43-37)	6,410	6,740	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	< DCGL	0.00E+00
M152 (43-37)	6,410	8,400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	< DCGL	0.00E+00
M158 (43-37)	6,410	6,690	6,690	20,000	25	4.50E+05	25,283	5.62E-02
M166 (43-37)	6,410	6,670	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	< DCGL	0.00E+00
M207 (43-37)	6,410	6,960	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	< DCGL	0.00E+00

⁴ Juncture, 43-37, and SHP-360 surveys were performed with alarm setpoints equal to 3600 cpm, 8800 cpm, and 1000 cpm, respectively. All data was evaluated with the lower setpoints shown in this table.

⁵ Scan alarms occurring with the 43-37 were investigated with the 43-68 detector. All 43-37 alarm grids were rescanned with a 43-68 probe and an alarm setpoint of 5000 cpm. Values shown as N/A indicate peak hold readings during the 43-68 scan that were below the investigation level.

⁶ For investigation purposes, consistent with LTP dose modeling for basement concrete surfaces and LTP Section 6.8.1, a conservative area factor was determined by the formula of $AF = 50 \text{ m}^2/\text{actual size of the elevated area}$.

⁷ As an additional conservatism, the background and survey unit mean activity have not been subtracted in calculating the elevated area activity.

Scan Alarm			Scan Investigation		DCGL _{EMC} Comparison			
Elevated Area Grid No.	Alarm Setpoint (cpm) ⁴	Initial Scan Value (cpm)	Maximum Scaler Value (cpm) ⁵	Area (cm ²)	Area Factor (AF) ⁶	DCGL _{EMC} (dpm/100 cm ²)	Elevated Area Activity (dpm/100 cm ²) ⁷	DCGL _{EMC} Comparison Factor
M264 (43-37) (Area 1)	6,410	10,750	5,360	200	2,500	4.50E+07	20,257	4.50E-04
M264 (43-37) (Area 2)	6,410	10,750	5,410	150	3,333	6.00E+07	20,446	3.41E-04
M266 (43-37)	6,410	14,290	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	< DCGL	0.00E+00
M268 (43-37)	6,410	6,690	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	< DCGL	0.00E+00
M269 (43-37) (Area 1)	6,410	9,520	8,730	200	2,500	4.50E+07	32,993	7.33E-04
M269 (43-37) (Area 2)	6,410	9,520	2,590	35	N/A	N/A	< DCGL	0.00E+00
M270 (43-37)	6,410	9,400	4,880	60	N/A	N/A	< DCGL	0.00E+00
M274 (43-37)	6,410	6,780	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	< DCGL	0.00E+00
M275 (43-37)	6,410	11,500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	< DCGL	0.00E+00
M287 (43-37)	6,410	23,500	25,400	80	6,250	1.13E+08	95,994	8.53E-04
M318 (43-37)	6,410	12,650	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	< DCGL	0.00E+00
M327 (43-37)	6,410	18,420	19,300	345	1,449	2.61E+07	72,940	2.80E-03
M327 (SHP-360) (Area 1)	580	889	593 (SHP-360)	50	10,000	1.80E+08	19,905	1.11E-04
M327 (SHP-360) (Area 2)	580	889	845 (SHP-360)	480	1,042	1.88E+07	28,363	1.51E-03

Scan Alarm			Scan Investigation		DCGL _{EMC} Comparison			
Elevated Area Grid No.	Alarm Setpoint (cpm) ⁴	Initial Scan Value (cpm)	Maximum Scaler Value (cpm) ⁵	Area (cm ²)	Area Factor (AF) ⁶	DCGL _{EMC} (dpm/100 cm ²)	Elevated Area Activity (dpm/100 cm ²) ⁷	DCGL _{EMC} Comparison Factor
M332 (43-37) (Area 1)	6,410	11,150	9,270	300	1,667	3.00E+07	35,034	1.17E-03
M332 (43-37) (Area 2)	6,410	11,150	3,670	80	N/A	N/A	< DCGL	0.00E+00
M333 (43-37)	6,410	15,730	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	< DCGL	0.00E+00
M334 (43-37) (Area 1)	6,410	16,040	8,200	400	1,250	2.25E+07	30,990	1.38E-03
M334 (43-37) (Area 2)	6,410	16,040	3,270	60	N/A	N/A	< DCGL	0.00E+00
M335 (43-37)	6,410	56,800	23,800	120	4,167	7.50E+07	89,947	1.20E-03
M341 (43-37)	6,410	9,170	1,340	1,380	N/A	N/A	< DCGL	0.00E+00
M354 (43-37)	6,410	129,200	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	< DCGL	0.00E+00
M365 (43-37)	6,410	7,430	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	< DCGL	0.00E+00
M381 (43-68 - Juncture)	2,260	547	356	N/A	N/A	N/A	< DCGL	0.00E+00
M389 (43-37)	6,410	6,750	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	< DCGL	0.00E+00
Survey Unit Remainder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	DCGL = 18,000	Survey Unit Mean = 595	3.31E-02
							Total	1.01E-01

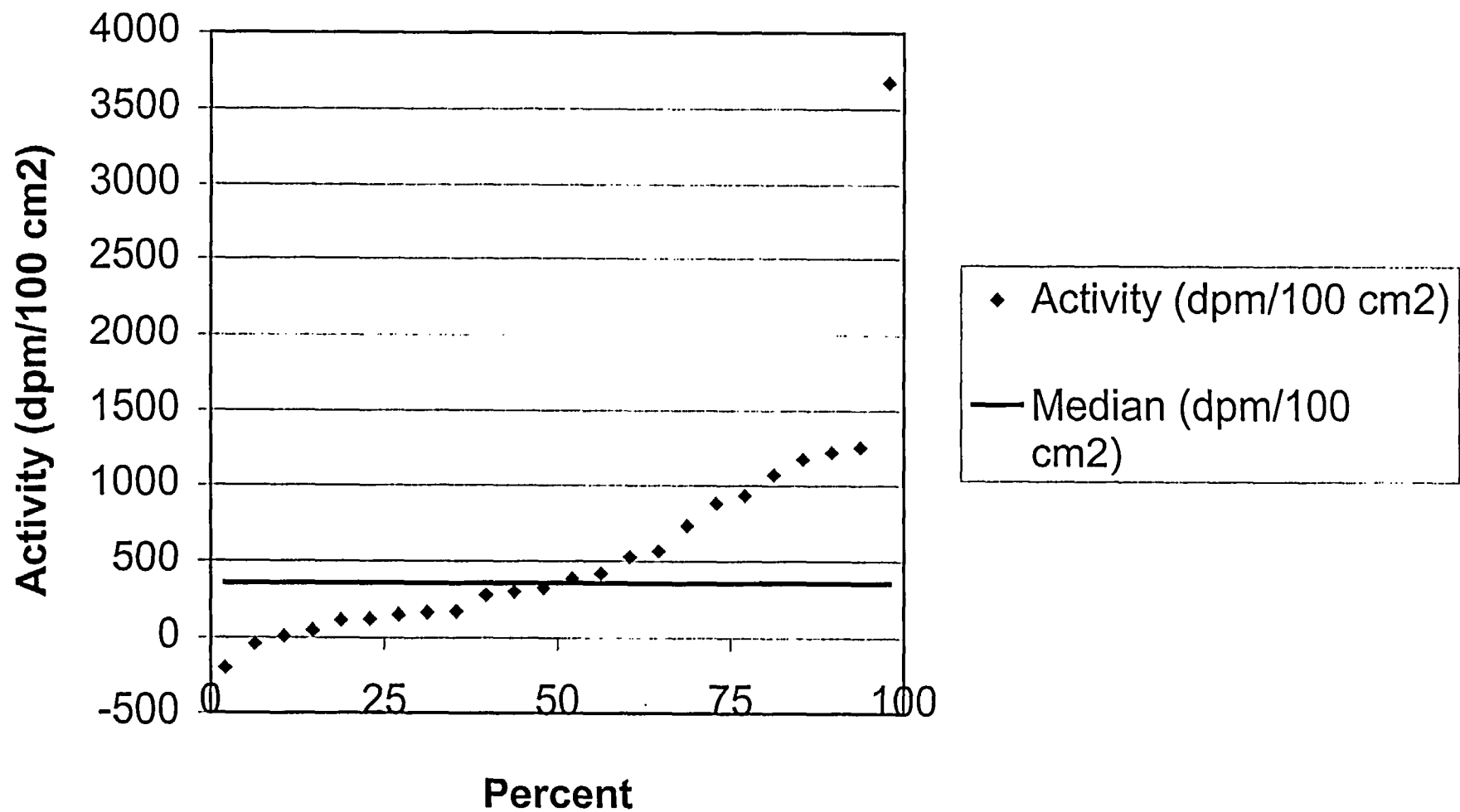
Attachment 4

Statistical Data

Survey Package FA-0100 Unit 1 Surface Sign Test Summary

Evaluation Input Values		Comments
Survey Package:	FA-0100	Containment Bld
Survey Unit:	01	
Evaluator:	GP	
DCGL _w :	18,000	
DCGL _{emc} :	21,600	
LBGR:	9,000	
Sigma:	6,853	
Type I error:	0.05	
Type II error:	0.05	
Total Instrument Efficiency:	21.0%	
Detector Area (cm ²):	126	
Material Type:	N/A	Choosing 'N/A' sets material background to "0"
Calculated Values		Comments
Z _{1-α} :	1.645	
Z _{1-β} :	1.645	
Sign p:	0.903199	
Calculated Relative Shift:	1.3	
Relative Shift Used:	1.3	Uses 3.0 if Relative Shift >3
N-Value:	17	
N-Value+20%:	21	
Static Data Values		Comments
Number of Samples:	24	
Median:	352	
Mean:	595	
Net Static Data Standard Deviation:	784	
Total Standard Deviation:	784	SRSS
Maximum:	3,674	
Sign Test Results		Comments
Adjusted N Value:	24	
S+ Value:	24	
Critical Value:	16	
Criteria Satisfaction		Comments
Sufficient samples collected:	Pass	
Maximum value <DCGL _w :	Pass	
Median value <DCGL _w :	Pass	
Mean value <DCGL _w :	Pass	
Maximum value <DCGL _{emc} :	Pass	
Total Standard Deviation <=Sigma:	Pass	
Sign test results:	Pass	
Final Status		Comments
The survey unit passes all conditions:	Pass	

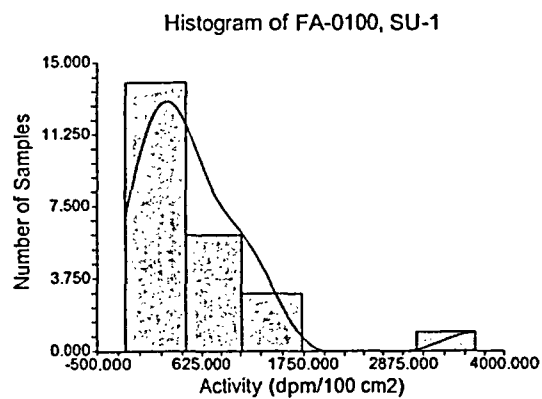
FA-0100 SU-1 Quantile Plot



One-Sample T-Test Report

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Database C:\Program Files\NCSS97\FA0100SU-1.S0
Variable C2

Plots Section



One-Sample T-Test Power Analysis

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Chart Section

