RAS 8319



## Post-Quench Ductility Results for Zry-4 and M5 Oxidized at 1000°C and 1100°C

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Table 1 Test Matrix for Oxidation of Samples for Post-Quench Ductility Tests. The times and ECR values listed correspond to those calculated using the Cathcart-Pawel weight gain correlation, a nominal wall thickness of 0.57 mm, and two-sided isothermal oxidation in steam. The relationship between ECR (%) and normalized weight gain ( $\Delta w$  in mg/cm<sup>2</sup>) is ECR = 1.538  $\Delta w$  for 0.57-mm-thick cladding.

Temperature °C	ECR %	Equivalent Oxidation Time s	
1000	5 10 15 17 20	210 841 1892 2430 3364	
1100	5 10 15 17 20	67 266 599 769 1065	
1200	5 10 15 17 20	25 99 222 285 394	
1260	5 10 15 17 20	14 58 130 167 231	

Table 2 Weight Gain ( $\Delta w$  in mg/cm<sup>2</sup>) and Measured ECR (%) Values for Zry-4 and M5 Oxidized in Steam at 1000°C. For Zry-4, ECR = 1.538  $\Delta w$ , while for M5 ECR = 1.437  $\Delta w$  because of its thicker wall (0.61 mm vs. 0.57 mm). Alloys were oxidized for the same ramp rate, hold time and cooldown rate for each nominal ECR value.

Cathcart-Pawel ECR, %	Material	Measured Weight Gain ( $\Delta w$ ), mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	Measured ECR, %
5	Zry-4	3.9	6.1
4.7	M5	3.0	4.3
10	Zry-4	7.2	11.0
9.3	M5	5.3	7.6
15	Zry-4	11.0	16.9
14.1	M5	7.4	10.7
17	Zry-4	12.5	19.3
16.0	M5	8.0	11.6
20	Zry-4	14.6	22.4
18.8	M5	9.2	, 13.3
20.7*	M5	8.6	12.4

\*Post-quench confirmation test sample generated at an equivalent time of  $\approx 4100$  s; note that the weight gain decreased from 9.3 to 8.6 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> with the increase of 700 s in oxidation time. Both samples exhibited smooth, black oxide layers with no indication of spallation.