

South Texas Project Electric Generating Station P.O. Box 289 Wadsworth, Texas 77483

February 5, 2004 NOC-AE-04001674 10CFR50.73

U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Attention: Document Control Desk One White Flint North 11555 Rockville Pike Rockville, MD 20852

South Texas Project Unit 2 Docket No. STN 50-499 Licensee Event Report 2-03-004 Standby Diesel Generator 22 Failure

Pursuant to 10CFR50.73, the South Texas Project submits the attached Unit 2 Licensee Event Report 2-03-004 regarding the failure of Standby Diesel Generator 22. This event did not have an adverse effect on the health and safety of the public.

Commitments are listed in the Corrective Actions section of the attached report.

If there are any questions on this submittal, please contact either P. L. Walker at (361) 972-8392 or me at (361) 972-7849.

E. D. Halpin Plant General Manager

PLW Attachment: LER 2-03-004

1522

NOC-AE-04001674 Page 2 of 2

cc: (paper copy)

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I THIS OCCU	his occurred approximately 18 minutes after the diesel generator was loaded to 100% during the										eralui wa	s Iuau	eu		% uu	ring me

This occurred approximately 18 minutes after the diesel generator was loaded to 100% during the surveillance. The failure caused significant peripheral damage to the cylinders, pistons, frame, control systems, lubrication system, crankshaft, and bearings on the engine, as well as the starting air system components located adjacent to the engine.

The root cause of the failure is microcracks that developed on the position 9 Master Connecting Rod during the manufacturing process. The microcracks later propagated due to high cycle fatigue until the master connecting rod failed.

Corrective actions include inspection of the master connecting rods of all Standby Diesel Generators to ensure that similar cracking had not occurred elsewhere.

This event resulted in no personnel injuries, no offsite radiological releases, and no damage to other safety-related equipment. Unit 2 continued to operate at 100% power after the event.

NRC FORM 366 (7-2001)

NRC	FORM 366A	U.S. NUCLE	R REGULATOR	Y COMMISSION
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LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER)

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1. FACILITY NAME	2. DOCKET	(6. LER NUMBER			3. PAGE	5
South Texas Unit 2	05000 499	YEAR	SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	REVISION NUMBER	2	OF	7
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NARRATIVE (If more space is required, use additional copies of NRC Form 366A) (17)

I. DESCRIPTION OF EVENT

A. REPORTABLE EVENT CLASSIFICATION

This event is reportable pursuant to 10CFR50.73(a)(2)(i)(B). The South Texas Project has determined, based on metallurgical analysis of the failed parts, that Standby Diesel Generator 22 was inoperable for an undetermined period of time and could not have satisfied Technical Specification requirements for operability in the times specified under Technical Specification 3.8.1.1, Action b.

B. PLANT OPERATING CONDITIONS PRIOR TO EVENT

South Texas Project Unit 2 was in Mode 1 operating at 100% power.

C. STATUS OF STRUCTURES, SYSTEMS, AND COMPONENTS THAT WERE INOPERABLE AT THE START OF THE EVENT AND THAT CONTRIBUTED TO THE EVENT

Standby Diesel Generator 22 was the only component affected by this event.

D. NARRATIVE SUMMARY OF THE EVENT, INCLUDING DATES AND APPROXIMATE TIMES

On December 9, 2003, an operability test of Standby Diesel Generator 22 was performed in accordance with surveillance procedures. Standby Diesel Generator 22 was started at 0942 and initially loaded at 0947. The generator load was increased to 25% at 0950, 50% at 1000, 75% at 1010, and 100% at 1020. At 1038, the 9R master connecting rod and associated parts failed. The engine continued to run until the fuel racks were manually closed approximately six minutes later.

At the time of the engine failure, the Plant Operator monitoring the diesel locally was taking the first set of diesel logs as directed by the surveillance procedure. The Plant Operator was standing at the northwest corner of the engine recording the crankcase differential pressure reading when a loud noise came from the engine. The local Plant Operator immediately left the diesel engine area and returned to the local control panel area where multiple alarms were indicated. At the same time that the noise occurred, the Main Control Room received a diesel trouble alarm. The licensed operator in the Main Control Room observed indication of no electrical load and no engine oil pressure for Standby Diesel Generator 22. The Main Control Room Operator put the diesel control switch in "Pull-To-Stop," but the engine continued to run.

The local Plant Operator notified the Main Control Room of the alarms, that no oil or jacket water pressure was indicated, and that the diesel was still running at approximately 600 rpm. The local Plant Operator was instructed by the Main Control Room to locally push the two emergency stop buttons. The buttons were pushed immediately, but the diesel engine continued to run. A second licensed Operator left the Main Control Room and went to the Standby Diesel Generator 22 bay to aid in tripping the diesel engine locally. The local Plant Operator and he both tried the emergency stop push buttons, again with no response, and then went to the remote trip location for the air intake butterfly valve. The licensed Operator was unable to trip the air intake butterfly valve at the overspeed governor. Seeing some of the engine damage and significant amounts of smoke-like oil fumes in the area, the licensed Operator then went to the fuel oil storage tank room and closed the fuel isolation valve to the engine. The licensed Operator returned to the butterfly remote trip to try again to isolate it. At

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a (1	about the same time, a second l diesel area. The second license fuel racks needed to be closed closing the fuel racks. The air in	acensed Operator co ed Operator co . The engine htake butterfly	ncurred w was stopp valve was	ith the arrivi ed at appro then succes	ng Plant Oper ng Plant C ximately f sfully clos	rators Operat 1044 b sed at	entere tors that by mar the va	d th at the nuall alve.
	At about the same time the engithe Shift Supervisor in the Mai Brigade was dispatched at 1044 arrived at Standby Diesel Ger significant amount of fuel/lubric bosed a fire hazard. At 1048, the short period with maximum vent that there was no fire. The Fire/	ne was stoppe n Control Roo l under the pro herator 22, no ation oil fumes ne Fire Brigade tilation, the Fire Explosion prod	d, the seco m that the cedure for smoke of in the air confirme Brigade redure was	ond licensed fire brigad Fire/Explos flames we and oil on d that no fla Leader notif s exited at 11	Operator e be calle ion. Whe re found, the floor mes were ied the Ma 12.	recon ed out n the but the which e prese ain Co	nmend fire brighere w could ent. Al	ed t Fir gad 'as hav fter ?oor
	See Attachment 1 for a diagram	showing the n	naster and	articulated	rods.			
I	Damage Assessment and Inves	tigation						
 	Following the incident, the Star was controlled to protect the ir Pictures were taken of the dan anything being moved or touc incident were interviewed and d	ndby Diesel G ntegrity of frac naged diesel a hed. All Ope ata collected b	enerator 2 tured surf and the ejections perations period efore the content	2 room was aces for fut ected compo ersonnel on end of shift.	s cordone ure metal onents on duty and	d off Ilurgic the fi d invo	and ac al ana loor pri lved ir	ces lysis or t า th
1 (1 1	initial examination of the engi cylinders and corresponding major components were ejecte included:	ne revealed c oving parts. F d out of the rig	lestruction Portions of ght (east)	of the 9-F the engine side of the	light (9R) center fra engine.	and ame v The ej	9-Left vith se ected j	(91 vera part
. •	• The 9L articulated rod,							
•	• The 9R piston,							
	 A piece of the end of the crankshaft, 	position 9 ma	ster rod th	nat attaches	to the ar	ticulat	ed rod	ar
•	 A crankshaft counterweight 	, ,,						
	A center frame inspection c	loor, and						
	• Pieces of the center frame	itself.						
	The 9L piston crown was lodge other parts and debris were four	d in its cylinde nd in the crank	r. The maj case.	or part of th	e position	9 mas	ster roc	i an
•	Shutdown air is needed to trip the local emergency stop push control air and shutdown air lin unsuccessful. When the Ope overspeed governor, the plunge could not be tripped will be add	the diesel engi buttons. How es, which is wl erators attemp er could not be tressed as part	ne from the ever, eject ny the trip ted to trip e pulled ou of replaci	te Main Con ted parts se attempts fro the air int at. The reas	trol Room verely date on those t ake butte son why t	n switc maged two st erfly v he bu	ch and d the d ations alve a tterfly v	froi lies wer t th valv
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The crack initiated on the master connecting rod in the area (ligament) between the crankshaft LER 2-03-004 (DG 22).doc

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the fracture essentially e section showing overloa	extended across the v d. The other side of	the fractu	ire extended	approxim	nately	3.5" ai	ngled
the fracture essentially e section showing overloa toward the articulating ro	extended across the v d. The other side of od bushing surface, fo	the fractu blowed by	re extended r failure due t	approxim o overloa	nately d.	3.5" ai	ngled
the fracture essentially e section showing overloa toward the articulating re Visible "beach marks", found on a fracture surfa the master rod cranksha	extended across the v ad. The other side of od bushing surface, fo which indicate that a ace on the position 9 r ft bearing bore and th	vidth of th the fractu blowed by crack wa master roo ne articula	re extended failure due t as propagate d at the comr ted rod pin b	approxim o overloa d by cycl non ligam ore. The	ic stre ent al articu	3.5" and esses, rea bet ulated r	

tensile stresses. Since the firing stroke imposes compressive stresses, it does not cause fatigue cracking. Because of this, the stress in the region of the fracture is independent of engine load and crack propagation is related only to the number of master rod piston exhaust strokes.

Summary of Root Cause

The root cause of the diesel engine failure was microcracks created on the position 9 master connecting rod during the manufacturing process. The microcracks propagated due to high cycle fatigue until the master connecting rod failed.

The crack began in a region of microcracks at the surface of the master rod bearing bore. The crack initiation area was at the bottom of a small indentation made after the master rod failure (the area was struck during the failure). The indentation was a smooth, high energy impact zone with directional lines, and partially overlapped the fracture surface. The surface features in the bottom of the indentation and next to the indentation at the fracture surface were examined and the indentation was found to not be the stress riser that initiated the crack. The surface features in both areas are comparable. Both areas exhibit surface microcracking. The microcracking orientation is parallel to the failure fracture surface.

Based on the Scanning Electron Microscope inspection of the high cycle fatigue crack initiation site and based on inspection of the upper connecting rod bearing shell, there is no evidence of foreign material entrapped between the bearing shell and the connecting rod crankshaft bearing bore. There is also no evidence of fretting fatigue, large inclusions, or foreign material at the crack initiation site. The crack actually initiated from two sites. The two crack fronts grew together over a short distance, indicating they were very close in proximity and very similar in initiation time (simultaneous).

The ligament sees alternating stresses and these stresses allowed the microcracks to slowly propagate through the master rod until critical crack size was reached. The surface features and microcracking are consistent with damage produced during manufacture (such as from tool chatter) followed by the honing that is normally done as part of the manufacturing process. The force required to produce the microcracks would only be seen during machining operations.

		1. FACILITY NAME	2. DOCKET	6	LER NUMBER			3. PAG	
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		No human performance issues	were noted with	n respect to	o this event.				
	E.	METHOD OF DISCOVERY O	OF EACH CO	MPONEN	T FAILURE	, SYSTE	MĴFA	ILURE	, OR
		This condition was identified du	ring a routine s	urveillance	e test of Star	dby Dies	el Ger	nerator	22.
	EVE	NT-DRIVEN INFORMATION							
	Α.	SAFETY SYSTEMS THAT RES	SPONDED						
		The failure of Standby Diesel C state.	Generator 22 c	aused no o	other safety	systems	to stai	rt or ch	ange
	В.	DURATION OF SAFETY SYS		BILITY				•	
	·	hours and in cold shutdown wi done to Standby Diesel Gene anticipated that shutdown of L written. Consequently, an em NRC to increase the allowed o until the next scheduled refueli request used both determinis change. NRC approval of the 2003.	thin the following thin the following and 2 would be bergency Tech butage time to ing outage while stic and proba- increase in a	ng 24 hou supporting required nical Spec 113 days le Standby abilistic an llowed out	rs. Conside equipment under the T cification cha , allowing U Diesel Ger guments in age time wa	ring the , the Sou Technical ange was nit 2 to c nerator 22 support as given	extent th Te Specis prop ontinu is rep of th on De	ification osed to be oper oaired. is one ecembe	nage roject ns as the ration The -time er 30,
	C.	SAFETY CONSEQUENCES A	ND IMPLICAT	IONS OF 1	THE EVENT				
		The Onsite Standby Power independent, physically sepa associated load groups design a 4.16 kV ESF bus and the ele Supply Systems of Units 1 and generator and load group of independent from the other tw (i.e., Load Group) is independent mitigate the consequences of a	Supply Syste rated, standby ated Train A, T ctrical loads co d 2 operate ind a particular u o standby dies dent but is no a design basis	ms of Ur rain B, and onnected to dependent nit is also del genera t totally re accident.	hits 1 and generators d Train C. E o that bus. ly of each o physically tors and the dundant; tw	2 each supplying Each load The Onsi ther. Ea separate ir load gr vo trains	consi pow group te Sta ch sta d and oups. are n	st of er to consis ndby P ndby c electr Each ecessa	three three sts of ower liese ically train train
		The South Texas Project has I present.	no indications t	hat potent	tial for a con	nmon-mo	de fai	lure ma	ay be
		The deterministic component assurance that the plant retain the reduced capability resulting	of the basis f ns a substantia from the inop	for the ex al capabilit erable dies	tended allow y to mitigate sel. Design	wed outa e design margin is	ge tin basis suffic	ne pro events ient wh	vides with ien:
		 Postulating a design basis allowed outage time, or 	accident and a	a single fa	ilure while t	he plant i	s in th	ne exte	ndec
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	certain cases) the design basi located in the RCS loop associ	s accidents ex iated with the o	cept for a perating tr	large break ain of safety	LOCA winjection.	here t	he bre	ak is	
	The current average core dama the current large early release	age frequency frequency is 5.	for the So 18E-07/ye	uth Texas Pi ar.	roject is 9.	.08E-(06/yea	r and	
	RG 1.174 requires that the tota less than 1E-04/year and 1E- outage time extension are well	al core damage 05/year, respe within the crite	frequenc ctively. ria establi	y and large The values a shed in RG	early relea associated 1.174.	ase fre d with	equence the c	cy be liesel	
	Reactor power was reduced wa for Standby Diesel Generator approval was received.	hile waiting for 22. Power ou	NRC appr tput was	oval to exter reduced to	nd the allo approxima	wed o ately (outage 33% b	time efore	
III.	CAUSE OF THE EVENT								
	The root cause of the diesel engin connecting rod during the manufacturing until the master connecting rod failed.	e failure was gprocess. The	microcrac microcrack	ks created (s propagate	on the p d due to l	ositio nigh c	n 9 m ycle fa	naster tigue	
IV.	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS								
	1. Repair Standby Diesel Generator	r 22 and associ	ated dama	aged equipm	ient.	<u>`</u> .			
	2. Phased array ultrasonic testing of and Unit 2 has been completed.	all standby die Similar areas o	sel genera f cracking	ator master o have not be	connecting en found.	g rods	in Uni	it 1	
v.	PREVIOUS SIMILAR EVENTS						,		
	Failures of Cooper Bessemer KSV of facilities, as well as at the South Tex same reason as this event. There hav applications and in non-KSV engines Project diesel failure.	diesel engine c kas Project. H ve also been in s, but none ha	onnecting owever, n stances of d the sar	rods have o other failu connecting ne cause as	occurred ires have rod failure s the rece	at ot occu es in r ent S	her nu rred fo non-nu outh T	clear or the clear exas	
VI.	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION				5. ·				
	Visual examination of the bearing be Generator 22 identified some areas generally small areas, 1/8" to 5/16" a particle technique (MT) examination linear indications within the boundaries	ores of the ter of surface di across, with a of these featur s of a subset of	n master sturbance roughene es in mid- these fea	connecting on the bor d appearand January, 20 tures.	rods from e surface ce. Fluor 04, found	a Star es. T rescer I sma	ndby D These nt mag Il cract)iesel were Inetic k-like	
	Metallurgical and metallographic evic ejected connecting rods from SDG 2 conditions present in the connectin Accordingly, there is no reason to sus	dence shows t 22 are consequence of rods prior spect that similar for that similar	hat the sr lences of to the fra ar features	nall anomal the inciden icture of m s are presen	ies seen t. They o aster con t in the co	in the do no nectii onnec	e nine ot repre ng roc sting ro	non- esent 1 #9. ds in	

NRC FORM 366A U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATOR (1-2001) LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (Y COMMISSION LER)						
1. FACILITY NAME	2. DOCKET		6. LER NUMBER			3. PAG	3
South Texas Unit 2	05000 499	YEAR	SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	REVISION NUMBER	7	OF	7
		2003	04	00			

NARRATIVE (If more space is required, use additional copies of NRC Form 366A) (17)

Attachment 1 Diagram of Connecting Rods

