

**EPRI**

6

**SOURCE TERM  
IN THE EPRI  
PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT**

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EPRI**

**To The  
Nuclear Waste Technical  
Review Board  
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- ① INFILT.
- ②  $\Delta$ WT GIVEN INFILT.
- ③ EARTHQUAKES
- ④  $\Delta$ WT GIVEN EQS.
- ⑤ VOLCANIC DIKES
- ⑥ REPOS. TEMP.
- ⑦ BOREHOLE FRAC.
- ⑧ E B S
- ⑨ SOLUB. & DISSOL
- ⑩ DIVER. OF INFILT.
- ⑪ FRAC. MTX COUP.
- ⑫ MATRIX SORPTION
- ⑬ SATUR. FLOW VELC.
- ⑭ HUMAN INTRUSION

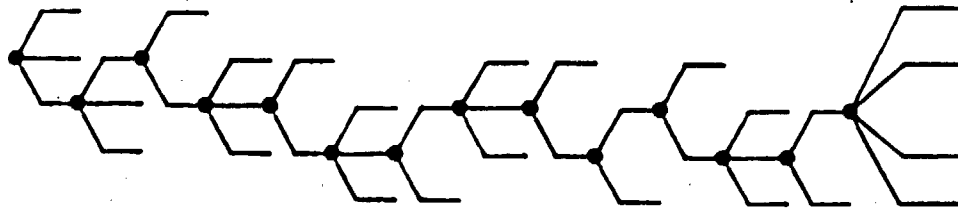


Figure 15-13. Master logic tree.

## WASTE PACKAGE DEGRADATION

- Weibull distributions for container & cladding failures
  - Threshold failure times
  - Mean lifetimes
  - Failure rate at mean lifetimes
- Degradation modes & failure mechanisms
  - Environmental, materials, closure, thermo-mechanical history
  - Deterministic models for Weibull parameters
  - Cladding: creep rupture & hydride reorientation

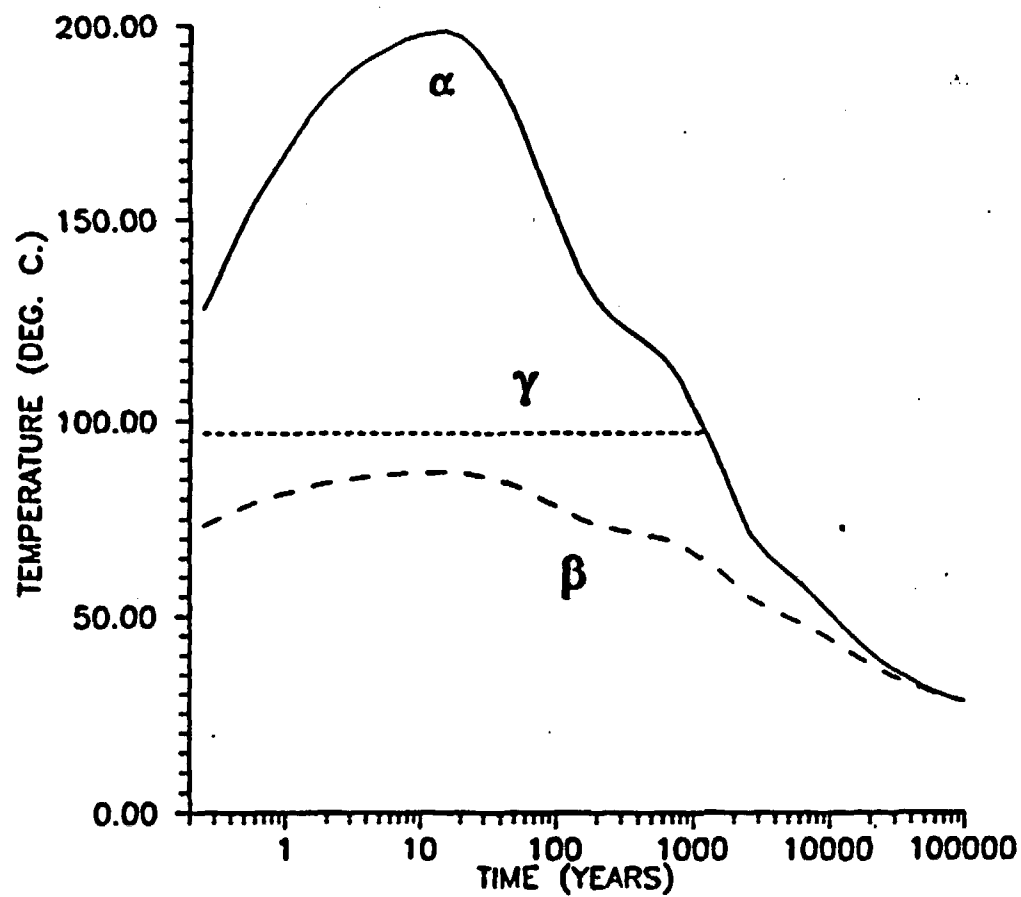


Figure 8-2. Three alternative curves showing temperatures at the outer surface of a waste emplacement hole as functions of time.

**Table 8-2**

**SUMMARY OF TEMPERATURE SCENARIOS AND FRACTIONS OF REPOSITORY  
AREA FOLLOWING EACH TEMPERATURE CURVE**

| <b>Scenario</b> | <b>Probability</b> | <b>Curve <math>\alpha</math></b> | <b>Curve <math>\beta</math></b> | <b>Curve <math>\gamma</math></b> |
|-----------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| <b>1</b>        | <b>0.6</b>         | <b>0.9</b>                       | <b>0</b>                        | <b>0.1</b>                       |
| <b>2</b>        | <b>0.3</b>         | <b>0.1</b>                       | <b>0</b>                        | <b>0.9</b>                       |
| <b>3</b>        | <b>0.1</b>         | <b>0</b>                         | <b>1.0</b>                      | <b>0</b>                         |

## ⑧ ENGINEERED BARRIER SYSTEM

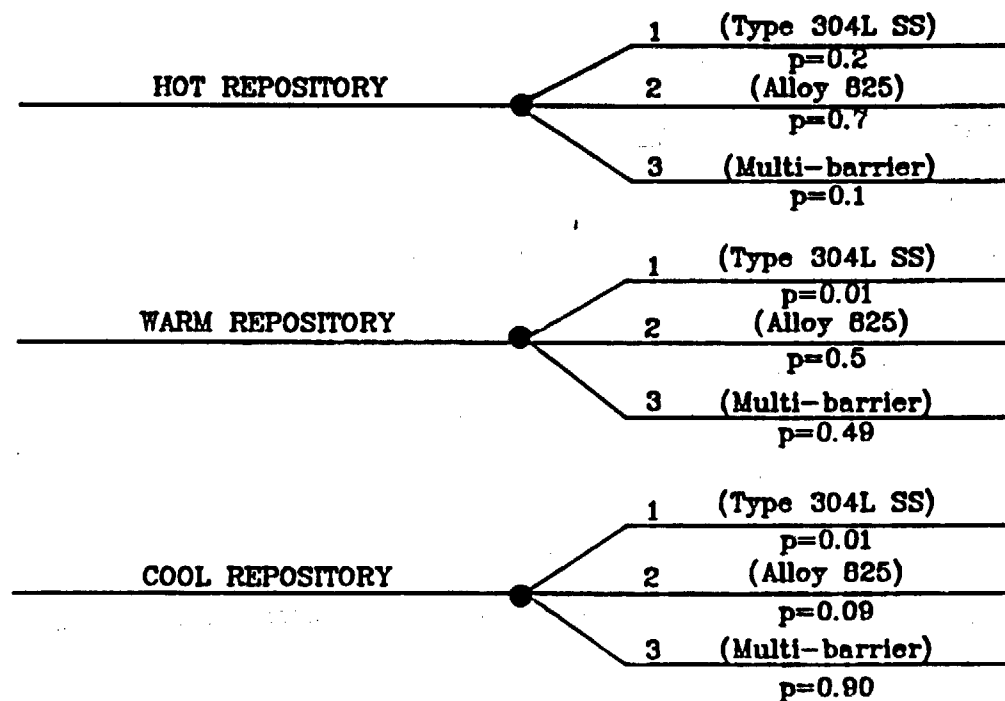


Figure 15-8. Logic tree node for engineered barrier system.

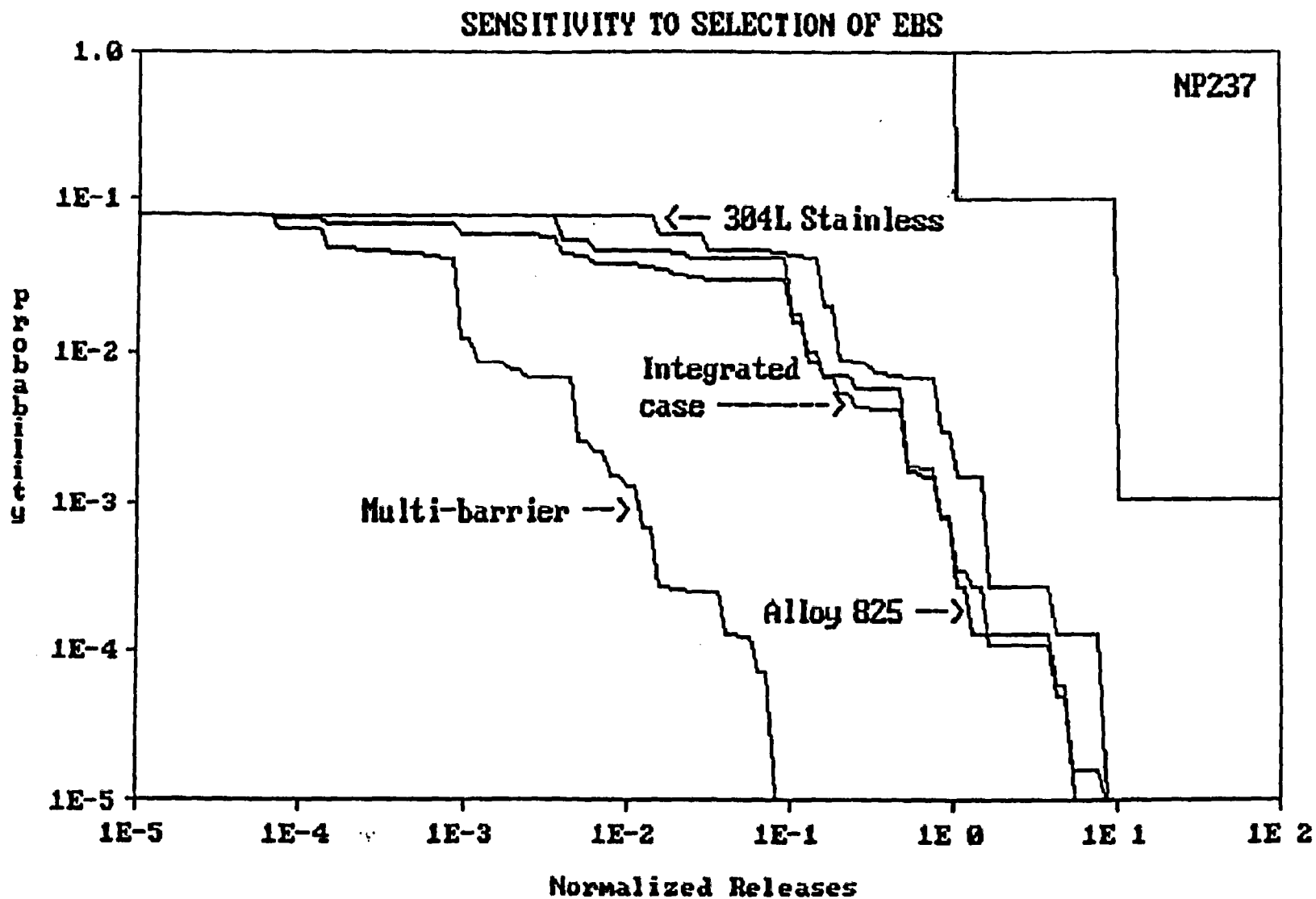


Figure 16-8. Sensitivity of CCDF for  $^{237}\text{Np}$  to selection of EBS.

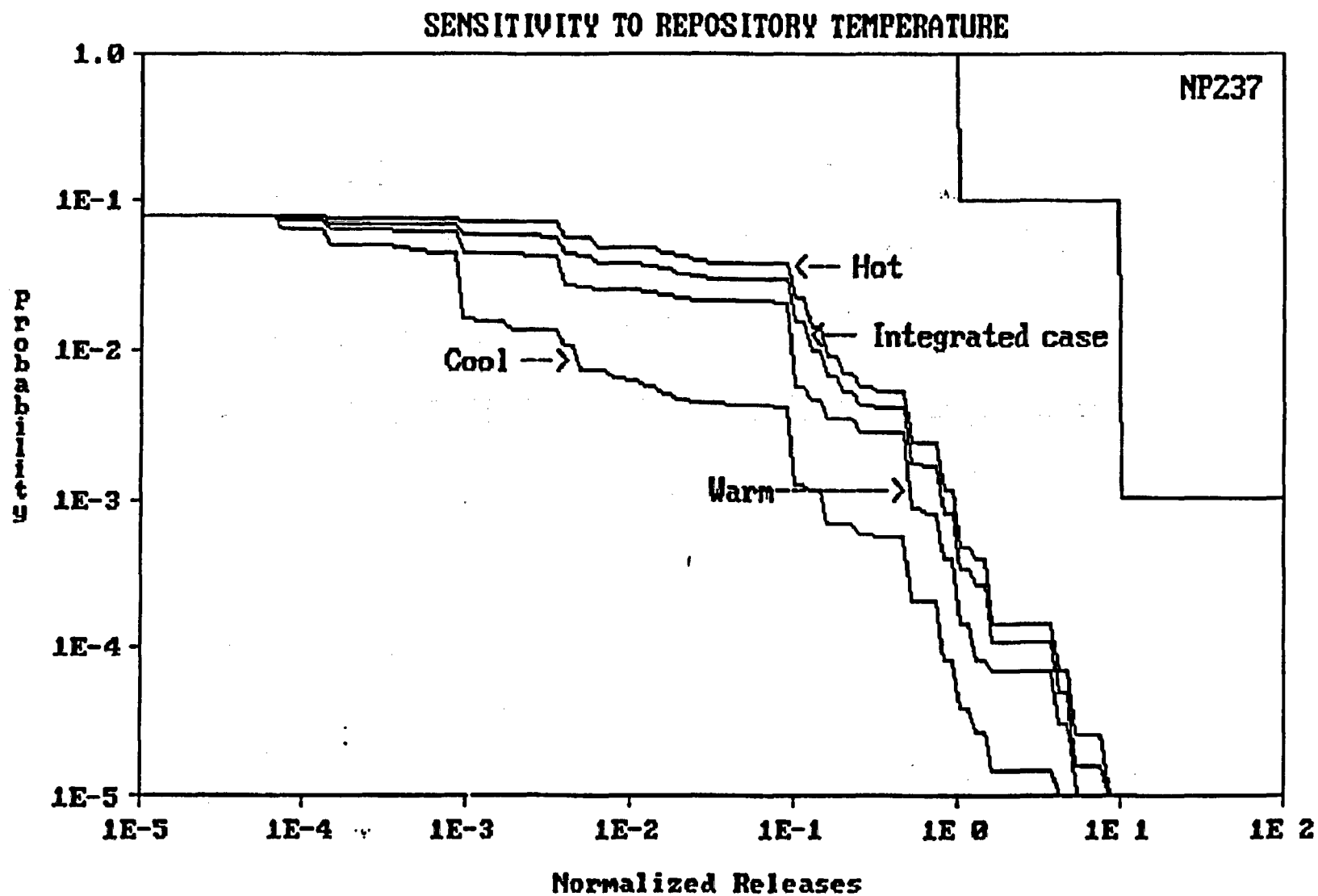


Figure 16-6. Sensitivity of CCDF for  $^{237}\text{Np}$  to repository temperature.

## DISSOLUTION & TRANSPORT OF WASTES

- Release modes
  - Dry: no release pathway
  - Wet drip: container fills to penetration
  - Moist: diffusive & advective pathways
- Chemical constraints on release
  - Dissolution (alteration, reaction) rates
  - Radioelement solubility limits

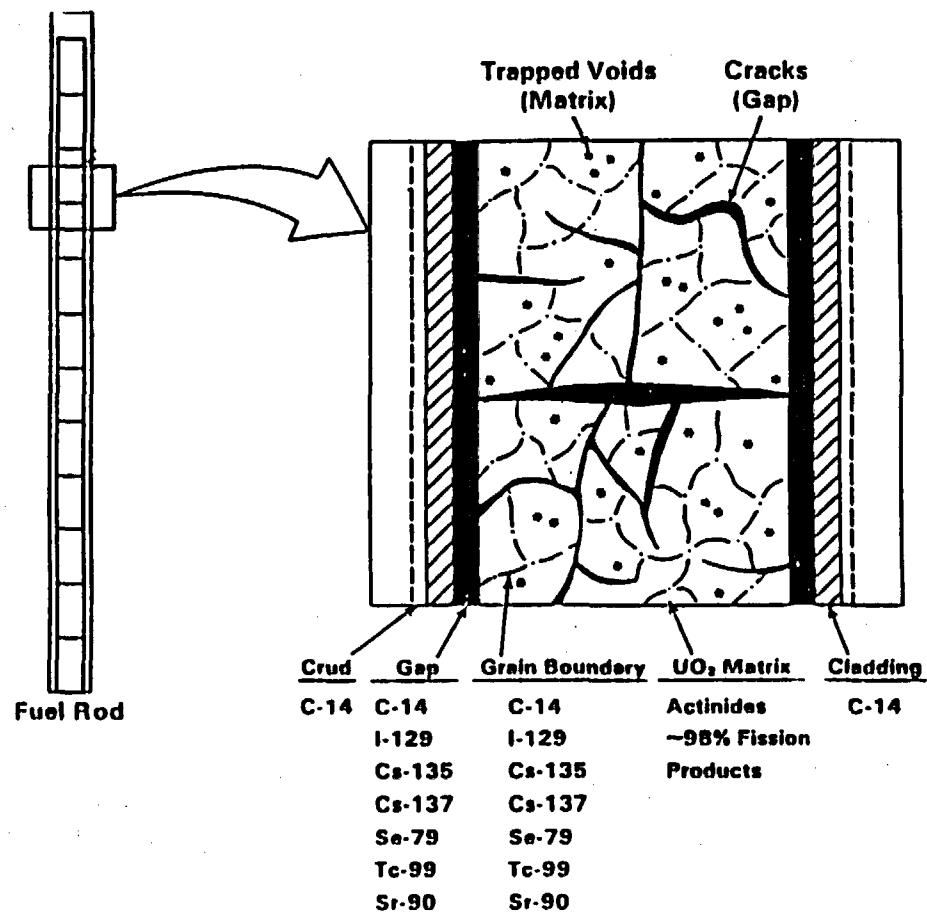


Figure 11-5. Schematic diagram of spent fuel showing different source regions with characteristic radionuclides (13).

TABLE 11-2

ESTIMATED PERCENT OF TOTAL RADIONUCLIDE INVENTORIES  
WITHIN THE SEPARATE REGIONS OF SPENT FUEL (1)

| <u>Nuclides</u> | <u>UO<sub>2</sub> Matrix</u> | <u>Gap (+ Grain Boundary)</u> | <u>Cladding</u> | <u>Surface Layer</u> |
|-----------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| C-14            | 35                           | 1                             | 63              | 1                    |
| Se-79           | 98                           | 2                             | ...             | ...                  |
| Tc-99           | 98                           | 2                             | ...             | ...                  |
| Sn-126          | 100                          | ...                           | ...             | ...                  |
| I-129           | 98                           | 2                             | ...             | ...                  |
| Cs-135          | 98                           | 2                             | ...             | ...                  |
| U-234           | 100                          | ...                           | ...             | ...                  |
| U-238           | 100                          | ...                           | ...             | ...                  |
| Np-237          | 100                          | ...                           | ...             | ...                  |
| Pu-239          | 100                          | ...                           | ...             | ...                  |
| Pu-240          | 100                          | ...                           | ...             | ...                  |
| Pu-242          | 100                          | ...                           | ...             | ...                  |
| Am-241          | 100                          | ...                           | ...             | ...                  |
| Am-243          | 100                          | ...                           | ...             | ...                  |
| Cm-245          | 100                          | ...                           | ...             | ...                  |

Table 11-4

SOLUBILITIES OF RADIOELEMENTS, IN gm/m<sup>3</sup>

| <u>Element</u> | <u>Low</u>        | <u>Moderate</u>   | <u>High</u>       |
|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| C              | 1.0               | 1.4               | $1.4 \times 10^2$ |
| Se             | $7.9 \times 10^2$ | $7.9 \times 10^3$ | $5.5 \times 10^5$ |
| Tc             | $3.5 \times 10^2$ | $1.0 \times 10^2$ | $9.9 \times 10^5$ |
| Sn             | $1.3 \times 10^4$ | $3.2 \times 10^3$ | $2.2 \times 10^2$ |
| I              | 1.0               | $3.9 \times 10^2$ | $1.0 \times 10^5$ |
| Cs             | 1.2               | $3.9 \times 10^2$ | $2.1 \times 10^3$ |
| Ra             | $1.0 \times 10^5$ | $4.0 \times 10^4$ | 0.1               |
| U              | 0.5               | 2.4               | $5.0 \times 10^1$ |
| Np             | $4.0 \times 10^4$ | $3.6 \times 10^2$ | $7.2 \times 10^2$ |
| Pu             | $6.0 \times 10^5$ | $9.6 \times 10^4$ | $4.3 \times 10^1$ |
| Am             | $1.5 \times 10^7$ | $9.6 \times 10^2$ | $9.6 \times 10^1$ |
| Cm             | $2.4 \times 10^9$ | $9.6 \times 10^2$ | $9.6 \times 10^1$ |

Chemical  
effects

gm/10<sup>6</sup>  
10<sup>-3</sup> g/l  
 $4.2 \times 10^6$  mole

10<sup>-6</sup> mole

### ⑨ SOLUBILITY AND DISSOLUTION RATE

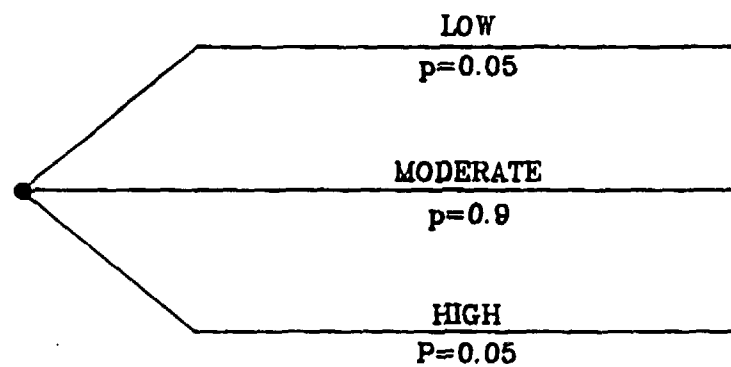


Figure 15-9. Logic tree node for solubility and dissolution rate.

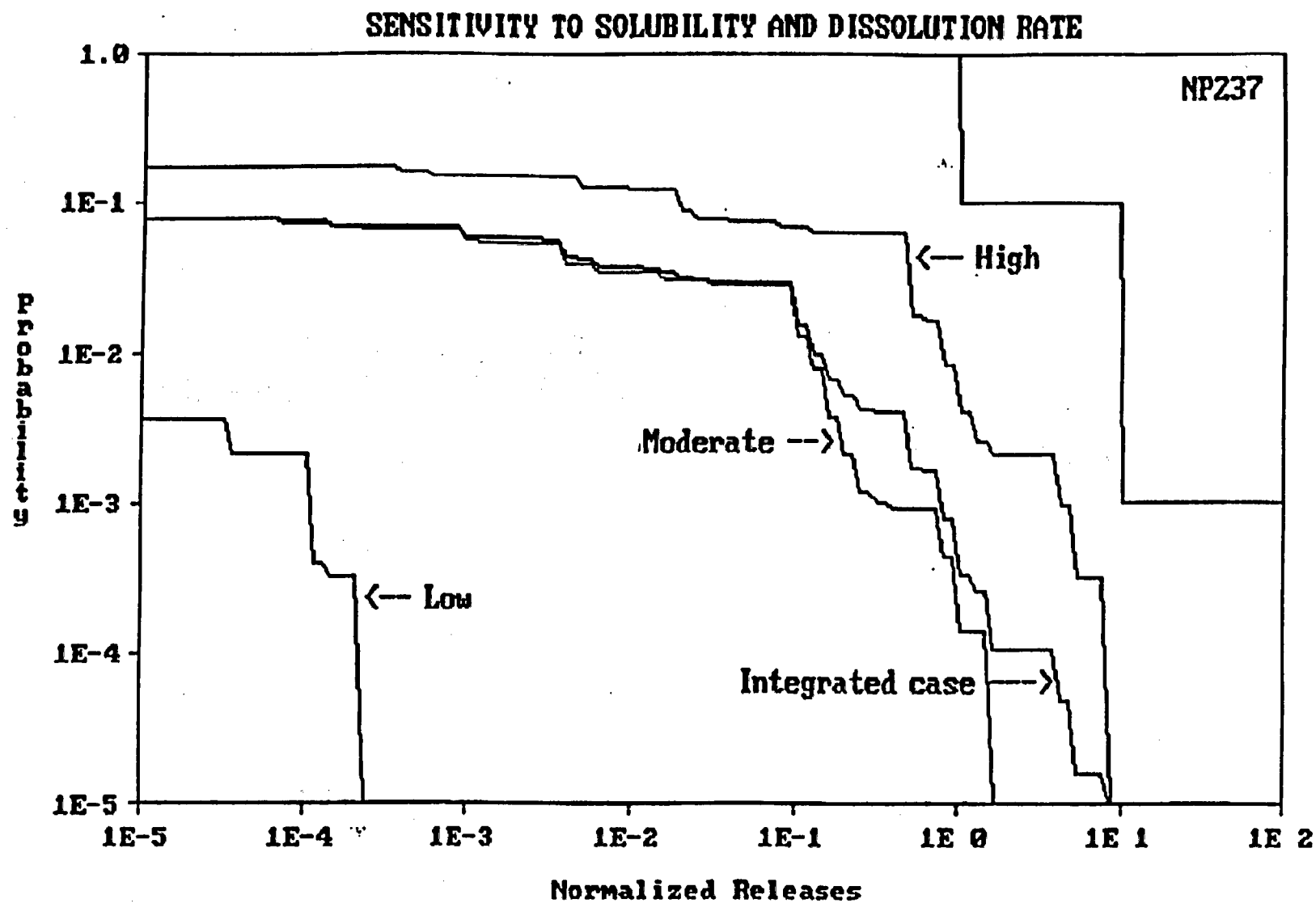
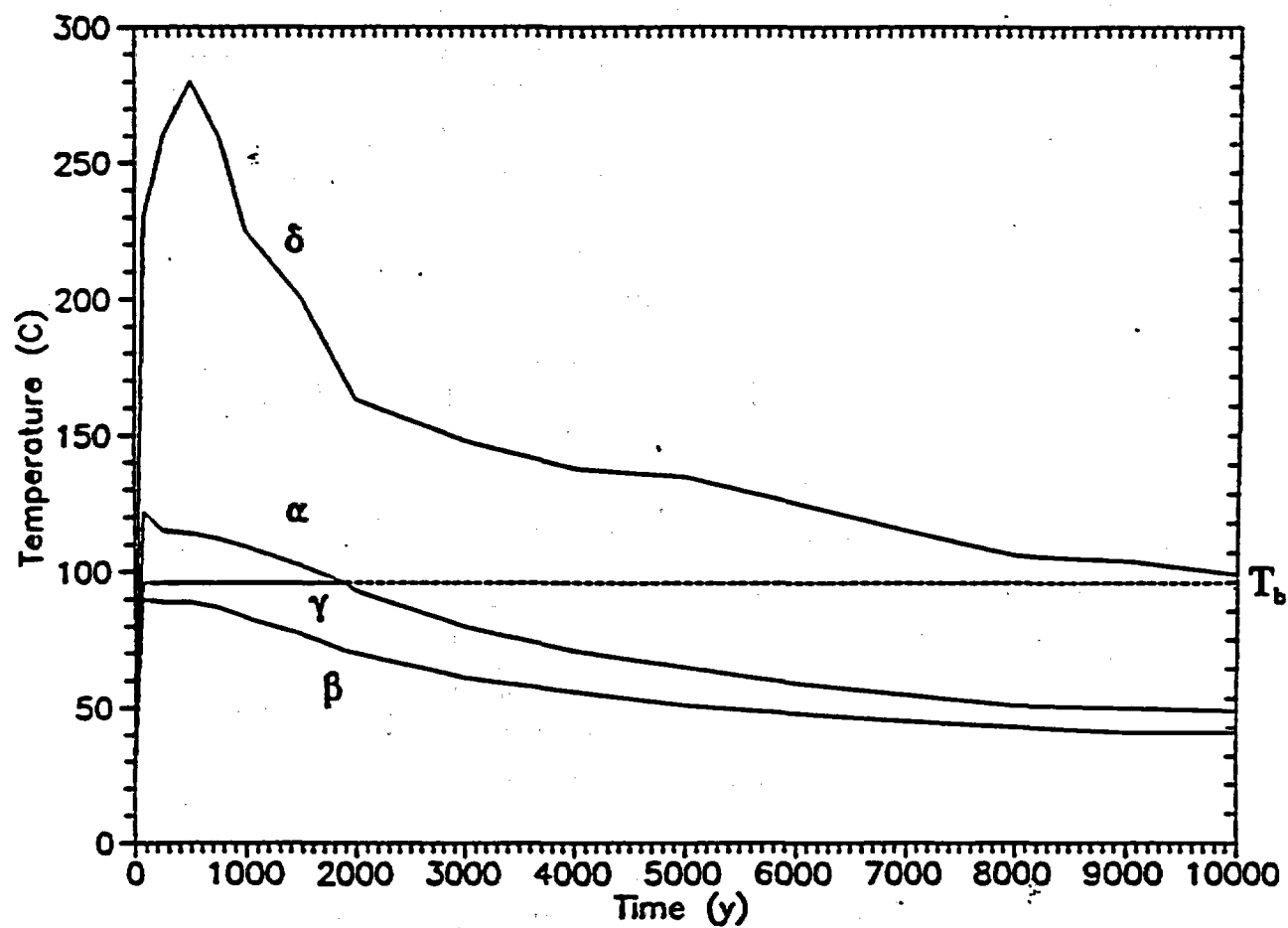


Figure 16-9. Sensitivity of CCDF for  $^{237}\text{Np}$  to solubility and dissolution rate.

## RECENT REFINEMENTS

- Meetings with LBL, UCB, LLNL & SNL
- 3 Alternative Thermal Loadings (Design Parameter)
- 3 Alternative Waste Containers (Design Parameter)
- 3 Heat-Transfer Mechanisms  
Conduction, Convection & Heat-Pipe
- 4 Time-Temperature Curves



**Fractions of Repository in Different Environments  
for APD=57 kW/acre**

**Conduction-dominated  
p=0.5**

|                | $\alpha$ | $\beta$ | $\gamma$ | $\delta$ | Total |
|----------------|----------|---------|----------|----------|-------|
| Dry            | .7       | .09     | .06      | 0        | .850  |
| Moist.-Contin. | .01      | .002    | .03      | 0        | .042  |
| Wet-Drip       | .02      | .004    | .02      | 0        | .044  |
| Episodic       | .02      | .004    | .04      | 0        | .064  |
| Total          | .75      | .10     | .15      | 0        | 1.0   |

**High Permeability  
p=0.2**

|                | $\alpha$ | $\beta$ | $\gamma$ | $\delta$ | Total |
|----------------|----------|---------|----------|----------|-------|
| Dry            | .32      | .36     | .07      | 0        | .750  |
| Moist- Contin. | .01      | .01     | .04      | 0        | .060  |
| Wet-Drip       | .01      | .015    | .03      | 0        | .055  |
| Episodic       | .06      | .015    | .06      | 0        | .135  |
| Total          | .400     | .400    | .200     | 0        | 1.0   |

**Water Mobile in Fractures  
p=0.3**

|                   | $\alpha$ | $\beta$ | $\gamma$ | $\delta$ | Total |
|-------------------|----------|---------|----------|----------|-------|
| Dry               | .25      | .04     | .1       | 0        | .390  |
| Moist-<br>Contin. | 0        | .025    | .15      | 0        | .175  |
| Wet-Drip          | .005     | .03     | .15      | 0        | .185  |
| Episodic          | .045     | .005    | .2       | 0        | .250  |
| Total             | .300     | .100    | .600     | 0        | 1.0   |

## **SOME KEY ISSUES**

- **EPA HLW Criteria**
  - **Regulatory & Licensing Implication**
- **EBS Design**
  - **Borehole or Drift Emplacement**
  - **Thermal Load**
  - **Waste Container (UCS?)**
  - **Backfill Materials**

## **SOME KEY SOURCE TERM ISSUES**

- **Solubility Data**
- **Spent Fuel Inventories**  
**(ESP. C-14)**
- **Alteration Rates**
- **Retardation**
- **Repository Water Chemistry**

## **PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT MODELING ISSUES (continued)**

- Detailed model to overview PA model
  - transfer function
- Levels of detail in overview models
- Incorporating probabilistic and deterministic aspects
- Cost and schedule implications

## **PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT MODELING ISSUES**

- **How can PA models be validated?**
  - **subsections with submodels**
  - **integrated system**
- **Bounding or conservative calculations vs. realistic or best measure calculations**
- **Self-consistency: heat, water, mass transport, and coupling**
- **Cell vs. homogeneous modeling of EBS**
- **Use of expert judgment**

## SITE UNCERTAINTIES

- Infiltration
  - What is it at repository elevation?
- Degree of fracturing
  - Spacing, sizes, ...
- Coupling between fracture & matrix flow
- Permeability of fractures (connectedness)
- Lateral flow distribution
  - Impermeable layers

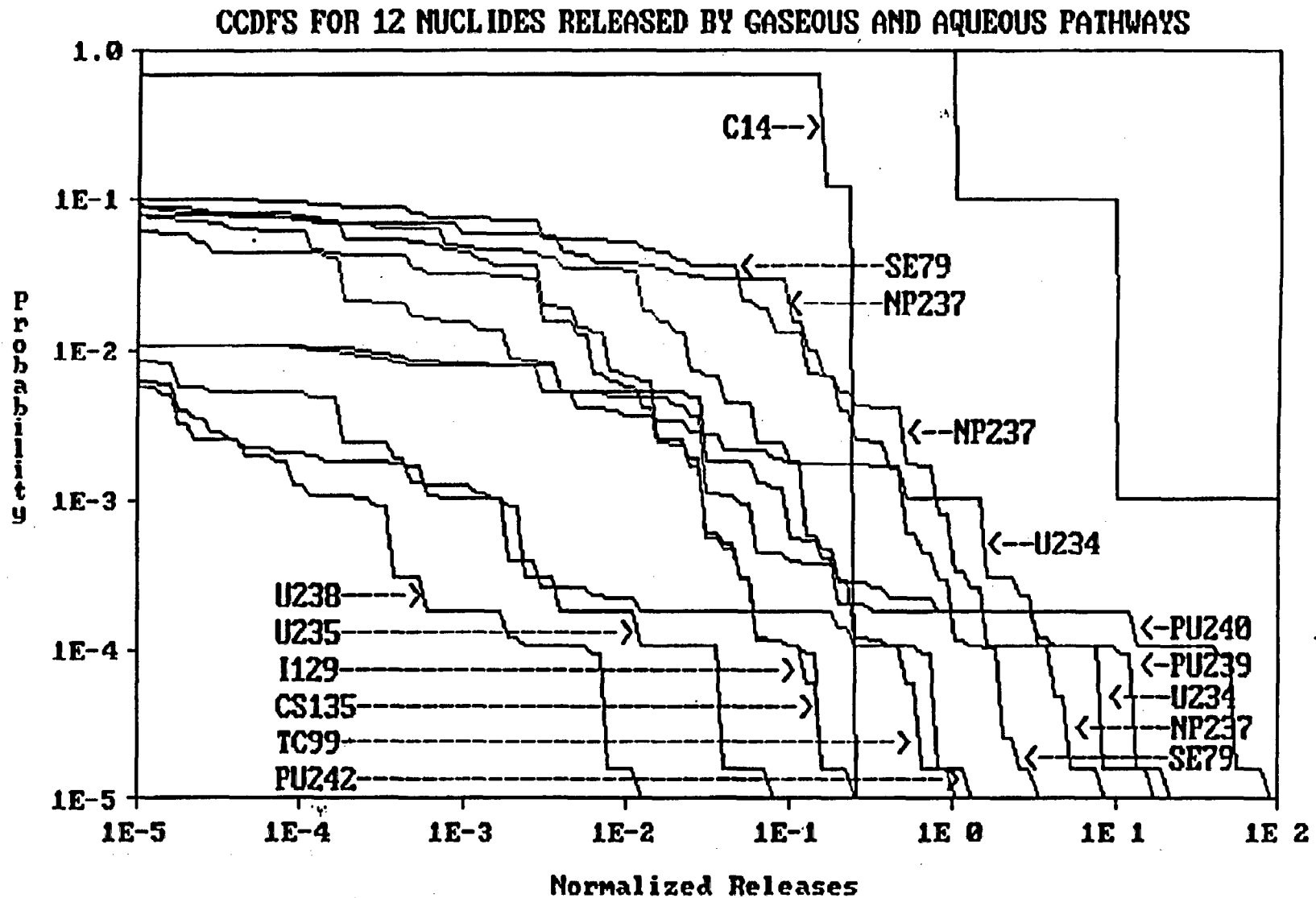


Figure 16-1. CCDFs for 12 nuclides released by gaseous and aqueous pathways.

## SOURCE TERM

- Release of radionuclides from near-field
  - Waste package degradation
  - Dissolution of waste
  - Transport of released radionuclides