

EXPLANATION

10.4 m, 69° Large fault scarp—Tick on downslope side; maximum relief across scarp greater than about 10 m, as determined from field studies or estimated from aerial photographs; value in meters is maximum relief across fault scarp; value in degrees is maximum scarp slope angle

5.9 m, 33° Small fault scarp—Tick on downslope side; maximum relief across scarp less than about 10 m; value in meters is maximum relief across fault scarp; value in degrees is maximum scarp slope angle

— Linear fault-related feature—Most are trenches, aligned notches, low scarps, aligned drainages, and vegetation lineaments

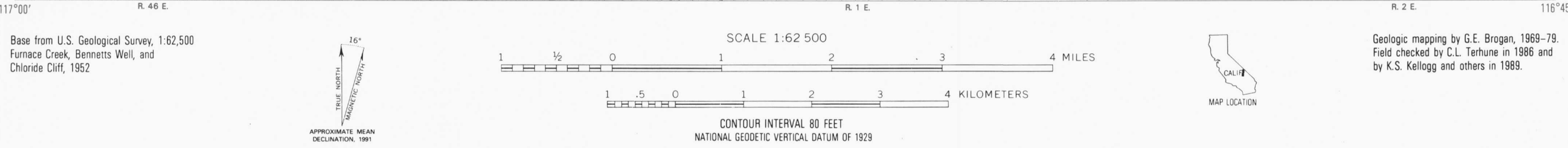
..... Subtle and (or) discontinuous fault-related feature—Many are vegetation and tonal-contrast (as interpreted from aerial photographs) lineaments

Geomorphic surfaces

Q1B No to light desert varnish and inactive but well-defined bar and channel topography. Late Holocene age (about 200–2,000 years old)

Q1C Medium to dark desert varnish and subdued bar-and-swale topography. Holocene age (about 2,000–10,000 years old)

Q2 Dark desert varnish and smooth geomorphic surface. Pleistocene age (greater than 10,000 years; predates Lake Manly in Death Valley)



LINEAR FEATURES OF THE MUSTARD CANYON, GOLDEN CANYON, ARTISTS DRIVE, BADWATER TURTLEBACK, AND BLACK MOUNTAINS SECTIONS, DEATH VALLEY FAULT ZONE, CALIFORNIA

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