Oct. 31, 2003

Page 1 of 1

MANUAL HÀRD COPY DISTRIBUTION DOCUMENT TRANSMITTAL 2003-51885

USER INFORMATION:

Name: GI

EMPL#:28401 CA#:0363

Address: NUC.32 Phone#: 204-3194

TRANSMITTAL INFORMATION:

LACH*ROSE M

TO: CERLAGH-DOCE_M-> 10/31/2003 LOCATION: DOCUMENT CONTROL DESK FROM: NUCLEAR RECORDS DOCUMENT CONTROL CENTER (NUCSA-2) THE FOLLOWING CHANGES HAVE OCCURRED TO THE HARDCOPY OR ELECTRONIC MANUAL ASSIGNED TO YOU:

245 - 245 - DOSE ASSESSMENT SUPERVISOR

REMOVE MANUAL TABLE OF CONTENTS DATE: 10/27/2003

ADD MANUAL TABLE OF CONTENTS DATE: 10/30/2003

CATEGORY: PROCEDURES TYPE: EP ID: EP-PS-245 REPLACE: REV:5

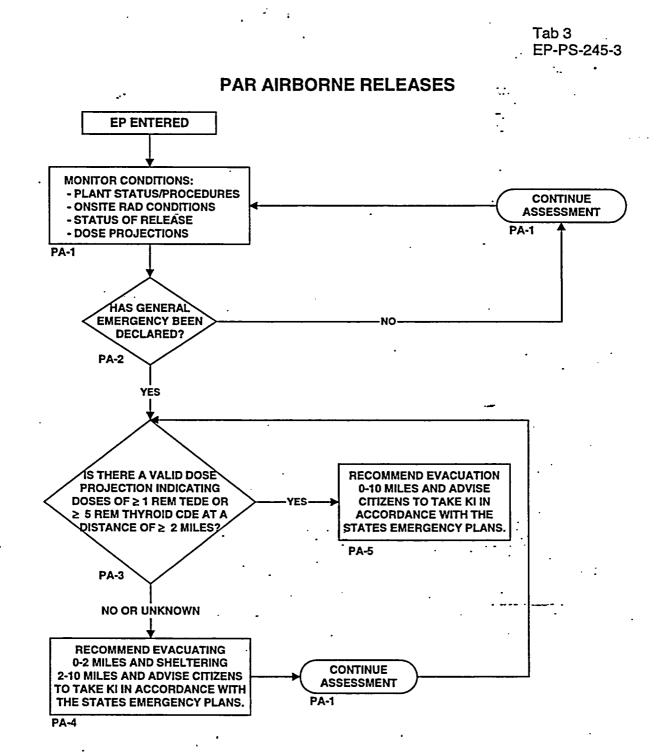
REPLACE: REV:5

REMOVE: PCAF 2003-1638 REV: N/A

ADD: PCAF 2003-1638 REV: N/A

UPDATES FOR HARD COPY MANUALS WILL BE DISTRIBUTED WITHIN 5 DAYS IN ACCORDANCE WITH DEPARTMENT PROCEDURES. PLEASE MAKE ALL CHANGES AND ACKNOWLEDGE COMPLETE IN YOUR NIMS INBOX UPON RECEIPT OF HARD COPY. FOR ELECTRONIC MANUAL USERS, ELECTRONICALLY REVIEW THE APPROPRIATE DOCUMENTS AND ACKNOWLEDGE COMPLETE IN YOUR NIMS INBOX.





NOTES:

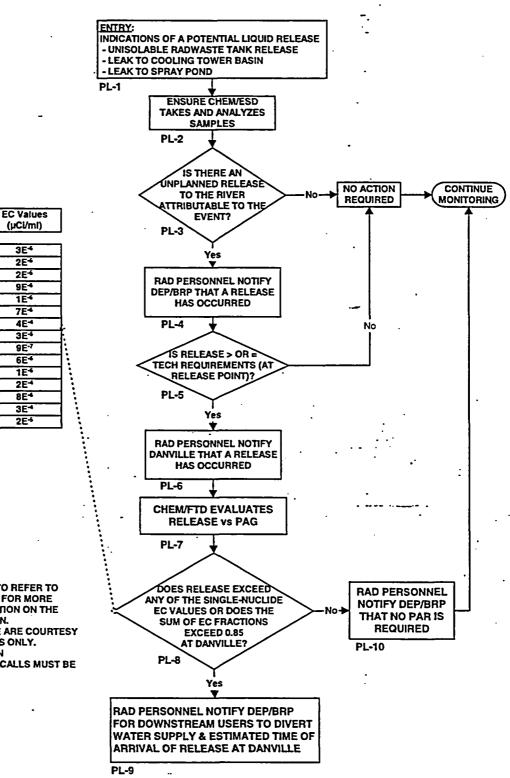
- 1. PA-# CAN BE USED TO REFER TO PROCEDURE STEPS FOR MORE DETAILED INFORMATION ON THE ACTION TO BE TAKEN.
- .2. DOSE PROJECTIONS DO <u>NOT</u> INCLUDE DOSE ALREADY RECEIVED.
- 3. TEDE WHOLE BODY (TEDE) IS THE SUM OF EFFECTIVE DOSE EQUIVALENT RESULTING FROM EXPOSURE TO EXTERNAL SOURCES. THE COMMITTED EFFECTIVE DOSE EQUIVALENT (CEDE) FROM ALL SIGNIFICANT INHALATION PATHWAYS AND THE DOSE DUE TO GROUND DEPOSITION.
- 4. CDE COMMITTED DOSE EQUIVALENT TO THE CHILD THYROID.

PAR LIQUID RELEASES

Tab 3

•••••

EP-PS-245-3



NOTES:

1. PL-# CAN BE USED TO REFER TO PROCEDURE STEPS FOR MORE DETAILED INFORMATION ON THE ACTION TO BE TAKEN.

RADIONUCLIDE

Co-60

Sr-91 Mo-99

Te-132

1-131

I-133 I-134

1-135

Cs-134

Cs-136

Cs-137

Ba-139

Ba-140 Ba-141

Np-239

2. CALLS TO DANVILLE ARE COURTESY INFORMATION CALLS ONLY. PROTECTIVE ACTION RECOMMENDATION CALLS MUST BE MADE BY DEP/BRP.

EP-AD-000-126, Revision 11, Page 2 of 6

PUBLIC PROTECTIVE ACTION RECOMMENDATION GUIDE

AIRBORNE RELEASES

D PA-1 MONITOR CONDITIONS FOR PAR APPLICATION

The following conditions should be continuously evaluated to determine if a PAR should be implemented or changed:

- Plant status and prognosis for changes in conditions
- Onsite radiological conditions
- Status of actual or potential radioactive releases
- Offsite dose projections or actual offsite radiological conditions
- Escalation in Emergency Classification (i.e., General)

(Go to PA-2)

□ PA-2 HAS A GENERAL EMERGENCY BEEN DECLARED?

- YES → If a GENERAL EMERGENCY has been declared, a PAR must be made within 15 minutes of the emergency declaration...The PAR requirement is found in NUREG-0654. (Go to PA-3)
- NO If a GENERAL EMERGENCY has not been declared, continue to monitor plant status, parameter trends, and prognosis for termination or escalation of the event. (Go to PA-1)

□ PA-3 IS THERE A VALID DOSE PROJECTION INDICATING DOSES OF \geq 1 REM TEDE OR \geq 5 REM CDE CHILD THYROID AT A DISTANCE OF > 2 MILES?

- YES If the projected doses at 2 miles are ≥ 1 REM TEDE or ≥ 5 REM CDE child thyroid, then full evacuation (0-10 miles) is recommended. (Go to PA-5)
- □ NO/UNKNOWN (Go to PA-4)

PA-4 RECOMMEND EVACUATION 0-2 MILES; SHELTER 2-10 MILES AND ADVISE CITIZENS TO TAKE KI IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STATE'S EMERGENCY PLANS.

Limited Evacuation (0-2 miles) and sheltering is appropriate for events that are significant enough to cause a General Emergency classification and dose projections are low, unknown, or below full evacuation guidelines. A recommendation is also given to the state to advise citizens to take KI in accordance with the state's emergency plans.

□ PA-5. EVACUATE 0-10 MILES AND ADVISE CITIZENS TO TAKE KI IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STATE'S EMERGENCY PLANS.

Full evacuation of members of the general public is recommended at this point based on the emergency classification and dose projections. A recommendation is also given to the state to advise citizens to take KI in accordance with the state's emergency plans.

LIQUID

PL-1 ENTRY

This section is entered when there are indications of a potential unplanned radioactive liquid release.

Indications of potential unplanned releases include:

- an unisolable radwaste tank release
- leaks to cooling tower basin
- leak to spray pond

(Go to PL-2)

PL-2 CHEMISTRY/ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLING DIRECTOR (ESD) TAKES AND ANALYZES SAMPLE

(Go to PL-3)

PL-3 IS THERE AN UNPLANNED RELEASE TO THE RIVER?

YES — An unplanned release to the river has occurred when event-related radioactive materials are released to the river that are not controlled by the release methodologies described in the ODCM and applicable Chemistry procedures.

(Go to PL-4)

NO — If there is no unplanned release to the river, then no notifications are required and monitoring should continue.

PL-4 RAD PERSONNEL NOTIFY DEP/BRP THAT A RELEASE HAS OCCURRED

Depending on which facility is activated, the notification to BRP will be made by the RPC (TSC), Dose Assessment Supervisor, or Radiological Liaison at the EOF.

DO NOT MAKE ANY PROTECTIVE ACTION RECOMMENDATIONS AT THIS TIME.

Go to PL-5)

EP-AD-000-126, Revision 11, Page 4 of 6

LIQUID (CONT'D)

PL-5 IS RELEASE ≥ TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS LIMITS (AT THE RELEASE POINT)?

❑ YES — Releases are at or greater than Technical Requirements limits when Chemistry determines that the limits are exceeded based on methodologies described in the ODCM and applicable Chemistry procedures.

(Go to PL-6)

NO — If the release is < Technical Requirements limits, then no further notifications are required and monitoring should continue.

PL-6 RAD PERSONNEL NOTIFY DANVILLE THAT A RELEASE HAS OCCURRED

Depending on which facility is activated, the notification to Danville will be made by the RPC (TSC), Dose Assessment Supervisor, or Radiological Liaison at the EOF.

DO NOT MAKE ANY PROTECTIVE ACTION RECOMMENDATIONS AT THIS TIME.

(Go to PL-7)

□ PL-7 CHEM/FTD EVALUATES RELEASE VERSUS PAGs

The results of the sample analysis are compared to the PAGs for radionuclides in drinking water. The analysis calculates the expected concentration at Danville, taking into account the dilution afforded by the river.

PL-8 DOES RELEASE EXCEED PAGs (AT DANVILLE)?

YES — If a single isotope exceeds its effluent concentration (EC) value or the sum of EC fractions exceeds 0.85, then a protective action recommendation should be made for downstream water users (e.g., Danville) to DIVERT DRINKING WATER supply to a backup supply or terminate user intake until the release has passed.

(Go to PL-9)

NO — If the PAGs are not exceeded, monitoring should continue and the State should be notified that no PAR for the liquid release is required.

(Go to PL-10)

LIQUID (CONT'D)

□ PL-9 RAD PERSONNEL NOTIFY DEP/BRP OF PAR

Depending on which facility is activated, the PAR notification to DEP/BRP will be made by the RPC (TSC), Dose Assessment Supervisor, or Radiological Liaison at the EOF. The PAR FORM shall be used to document the PAR.

DO NOT COMMUNICATE THE PROTECTIVE ACTION RECOMMENDATION TO DANVILLE. THE DEP/BRP IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THIS COMMUNICATION AND ANY COMMUNICATION TO OTHER DRINKING WATER SUPPLIERS OR WATER USERS.

□ PL-10 RAD PERSONNEL NOTIFY DEP/BRP

No PAR is required. Depending on which facility is activated, the RPC (TSC), Dose Assessment Supervisor, or Radiological Liaison at the EOF shall notify DEP/BRP that no PAR is required.

Tab 5 EP-PS-245-5 Affected Unit Control No. **PROTECTIVE ACTION RECOMMENDATION FORM** SUSQUEHANNA STEAM ELECTRIC STATION □ This is a Drill This is an Actual Event Preparer: The EMERGENCY CLASSIFICATION is: □ Site Area Emergency □ General Emergency □ Unusual Event □ Alert Basis: EAL # This represents: □ Initial Classification □ Escalation □ Reduction □ No Change in the Classification Status **Emergency Action(s) implemented onsite:** Evacuation of non-essential personnel □ None KI to onsite personnel Local Area Evacuation . □ Site Accountability □ Other Bases: The PROTECTIVE ACTION RECOMMENDATION is: No Protective Action Recommendation Required

Evacuate 0-2 miles and Shelter 2-10 miles and advise	Divert Danville Drinking Water*					
citizens to take KI in accordance with the State's	Relocation					
emergency plans.	Control of Access					
Evacuate 0-10 miles and advise citizens to take KI	Contamination Controls/Decon					
in accordance with the State's emergency plans	□ Other					
*Expected arrival of release at Danville:						
	No Change in the Protective Action Recommendation					

Tab 5 EP-PS-245-5

The BASIS for the Protective Action Recommendation is:

Plant Status

· Status of Radioactive Release: Event-related release in progress? □ Yes □ No

•	<u> </u>									
Total Site Release Rate	Airborne	Liquid								
< Tech Requirements Limit										
≥ Tech Requirements Limit										
NOTE: TRM Limits (μCi/min): Noble Gas 1.00E+6; Iodine 1.04E+2; Particulate 7.72 E+2 (Airborne releases)										
Based on:										
Data measured in the field confirm release rate estimations: \Box Yes \Box No \Box N/A										
Weather Conditions: Wind Speed Wind Direction										
Dose Projections: □ TEDE > 1 rem or thyroid CDE > 5 rem at 2 miles □ TEDE > 1 rem or thyroid CDE > 5 rem at EPB □ TEDE ≤ 1 rem and thyroid CDE ≤ 5 rem at EPB										
Other:		•								
Approval:	Date/Time:									
Emergency Director or Recovery Manager approval required if change in Classification or Protective Action Recommendation. RPC or DASU approval if no change in the Classification or Protective Action Recommendation.										
RPC or DASU approval if no change in the	Classification or Protective	e Action								
RPC or DASU approval if no change in the Recommendation.	Classification or Protective	e Action								
RPC or DASU approval if no change in the Recommendation.		e Action								

EP-AD-000-110, Revision 11, Page 2 of 2

Tab 5 EP-PS-245-5

. ``

SHIFT TAKEOVER CHECKLIST

1. Accident Status: (DASU)

- a. Current Emergency Classification: None Unusual Event Alert Site Area General EAL #
- b. Affected Unit(s): 1 2 Both None
- c. Onsite Emergency Actions: O None O Local Area Evacuation O Site Accountability D Evacuation of non-essential personnel
- d. Plant Status:
- e. Current PAR: _____

3.

- a. Accident dose calculation method in use: Menu B Menu C Menu D Menu E-W Menu G b. Accident Source Term Selection: ATWS Coolant Activity Leak (LOCA) DP-No Fuel Damage (LOCA) Cladding Failure (LOCA) Fuel Melt Fuel Handling Accident (Percent Clad Failure or Fuel Melt: _____)

	· ·					Tab 5 EP-PS	5-245-5		
c.	Projected Doses (TEDE):	@ EPB	@ 2 mi		@ 10 mi		_	•	•
d.	Proj. Doses (THY CDE):	@ EPB	_ @ 2 mi		@ 10 mi		_	•	
θ.	Has release occurred or is one in	progress? Y N	If yes: Ga	seous	Liquid	1			•
f.	Release type: Monitore	dU	nmonitored						
. Fie	ld Data: (FTD)		•				• .		
a.	Status of Monitoring Teams:	•	· ·						
Tea	am Name	<u>Status</u>	· .					•	_
<u> </u>	•	. <u> </u>	•••• •		· ·	•			
.					•				
	<u>.</u>	· .			· · ·	<u> </u>			
<u>.</u>	Measured Field Dose Rates:				•				
				l		•	٠	<u>ب</u> ، با	::
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•					· · · · ·	
c.	Meteorological Conditions:		•	•					:
	Wind From	Wind Speed	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ		Affected Sector	-	-		
	Stability Class	Precipitation:	None		L M	Н			

.

EP-AD-000-217, Revision 3, Page 2 of 2