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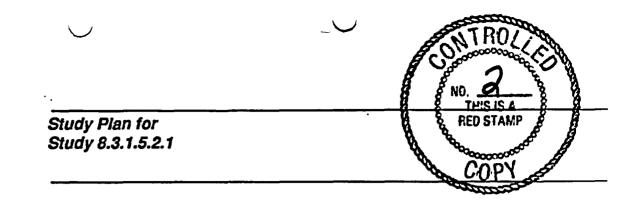
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# Characterization of the Yucca Mountain Quaternary Regional Hydrology

**Revision 1** 

U.S. Department of Energy Office of Civilian Radioactive Waste Management Washington, DC 20585

Prepared by U.S. Geological Survey Study 8.3.1.5.2.1

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Characterization of the Yucca Mountain Quaternary Regional Hydrology

## YUCCA MOUNTAIN PROJECT STUDY PLAN APPROVAL FORM

T-AD-088 9/90



Study Plan Number \_\_\_\_\_\_8.3.1.5.2.1\_\_\_\_

Study Plan Title Characterization of the Yucca Mountain Quaternary Regional Hydrology

Revision Number <u>1</u>

Prepared by: <u>U. S. Geological Survey</u>

Date: January, 1991

Approved:

Director, Regulatory and Site Evaluation Division / Date

Effective Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_ February 28, 1991

### YMP-USGS-SP 8.3.1.5.2.1, RO

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parameter-value range. The alternate methods will be utilized only if the primary (selected) method is impractical to measure the parameter(s) of interest. In some cases, there are many approaches to conducting the test. In those cases, only the most common methods are included in the tables. The selected methods in Table 3.3-3 were chosen wholly or in part on the basis of accuracy, precision, duration of methods, expected range, and interference with other tests and analyses.

The accuracy and precision of methods are difficult to quantify before actual testing and implementation of the methodology. Generally, for method selection, the accuracy and precision prediction is a relative judgement based on the USGS investigators' familiarity with, and understanding of, the method. For selected methods, if values for accuracy and precision exist, they will be listed within the USGS technical procedures.

Similarly, the duration of a method is difficult to quantify. The duration of some methods may be seconds, whereas the duration of others may be months. The methods, however, have been selected so that the parameters of interest can be evaluated reasonably within the schedule of the study (Section 5.1). The total duration of the method is dependent on the number of times it is implemented, which is dependent on the spatial variability of a parameter within or among geohydrologic units, the accuracy and precision of the method, the number of available samples, and desired level of confidence in reproducibility of the measurement.

The methods were also selected by considering their ranges of measurement. It would be senseless to select a method that could not provide accurate data within the expected range of the sitecharacterization parameter of interest. Again, the expected range of method is difficult to quantify without actual testing or implementation of the technique. The USGS investigators, however, have selected methods which they believe are suitable to provide accurate data within the expected range of the sitecharacterization parameter. Some of the expected ranges of sitecharacterization parameters have been bracketed by previous data collection and are shown in Table 3.3-3.

Finally, the interference of a given method with other tests in the site-characterization program was considered in selecting the method. Generally, the selected methods will have little or no interference with other tests and analyses. In cases where methods do interfere, the USGS investigators have planned their testing sequences accordingly, in order to maximize data collection and minimize interference.

#### 3.3.4 Technical procedures and quality-assurance program

The USGS quality-assurance (QA) program for the YMP requires the evaluation of study plan activities to determine the applicable QA criteria. A QA Grading Report that identifies the criteria applied to this activity will be prepared and approved following applicable YMP procedures. The QA Grading Report is distributed as a separate controlled document from the study plan.

The technical procedures which will be utilized in this activity are standard procedures derived from the scientific literature appropriate to the various techniques. These procedures have been adapted to compensate for site-specific conditions and incorporate the quality-assurance requirements of the Yucca Mountain Project.

Table 3.3-4 provides a tabulation of technical procedures applicable to this activity technical procedures for chemical analyses for this activity appear in Table 3.5-2). The technical procedures are listed according to the tests/analyses of Table 3.3.3. Approved procedures are identified with a number and a procedure effective date. Procedures that require preparation do not have procedure numbers. Procedures that are identified as "needed" in the table will be completed and available 30 days before the associated testing is started.

Equipment requirements and instrument calibration are described in the technical procedures. Lists of equipment stepwise procedures for the use and calibration of equipment, limits, accuracy, handling, and calibration needs, quantitative or qualitative acceptance criteria of results, description of data documentation, identification, treatment, and control of samples, and records requirements are included in these documents.

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## Table 3.3-4. Technical procedures for the past discharge areas (SCP Activity 8.3.2.5.2.1.3) Dashes (--) indicate information is not available and to be determined.

(Technical procedures will be in place 30 and 60 days prior to commencement of work for standard and non-standard procedures, respectively.)

Technical procedure number	Technical procedure	Effective date
(INM-USGS-)		

#### Remote-sensing analysis and verification

GP-01,81	Geologic mapping	11/08/88
KP-128,80	Development of methods to calibrate remote-sensing sufficial data against hydrologic and related properties of representative meterials in a Southern-Nevada ground-water besin, Nevada and California	in prep.
KP-158,R0	Nydrology and hydraulic nature of fracture zones and lineaments determined from remote sensing and hydrologic analysis (tentative procedure)	in prep.
KP-173,R0	Data collection protocol for plant community analysis	06/23/88

#### Estimate character of ground-water discharge using peleontologic, isotopic, and geochemical data

GCP-01,R0	Radiometric-age data bank	06/15/81
GCP-02,81	Labeling, identification, and control of samples for geochemistry and isotope geology	06/20/87
GCP-03,R1	Uranium-series dating	85\60\20
GCP-05,81	Radium-equivalent uranium, thorium, and potassium analysis by gamma-ray spectrométry	03/09/88
GCP-06,20	Potassium-argon dating	06/15/81
GCP-08,21	Fission-track dating	05/26/88
GP-02,R0	Subsurface investigations	03/01/83
GP-03,R0	Stratigraphic studies	03/01/83

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Table 3.3-4. Technical procedures for the past discharge areas (SCP Activity 8.3.2.5.2.1.3) -- Continued

 Technical
 Technical procedure
 Effective

 procedure number
 date

 (NUM-USGS-)

#### Estimate character of ground-water discharge using paleontologic, isotopic, and geochemical data

H <b>P-01,RO</b>	Nethods for determining water level	01/11/82
HP-08,80	Nethods for determination of inorganic substances in water	08/06/82
HP-11,80	Nethods for determination of radioactive substances in water	06/18/82
HP-13,80	Collection and field analysis of unsaturated-zone ground-water samples	08/29/63
HP+23,R1	Collection and field analysis of saturated-zone ground-water samples	11/04/83
HP-25,R0	Methods for measuring water levels using the Dodge Logging Van (1-127610)	07/20/84
HP-26, RQ	Nethod for calibrating water-level measurement equipment using the reference steel tape	08/14/84
HP-34,80	Preliminary method for measuring discharge for an equifer test using a staff gage and a calibrated container	05/15/85
HP-37,81	Drilling and coring unconsolidated sediments	11/18/88
HP-39, RQ	Method for determining water levels using the trailer-mounted hoist (1-134719)	In prep.
HP-54,R0	Water-flow measurements using weirs, flumes, and barrels	05/16/88
HP-71,R0	Nethod for monitoring water-level changes using a Campbell Scientific 21% Micrologger	09/01/87
HP-75,80	Method for measuring water levels in wells using reeled (2,600-ft and 2,800-ft) steel tape	06/22/87
HP-76, RO	Diatom enumeration studies	04/08/85

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#### Table 3.3-4. Technical procedures for the past discharge areas (SCP Activity 8.3.2.5.2.1.3) -- Continued

Technical	Technical procedure	Effective
procedure number		date
(NMH-USGS-)		

Estimate cha	racter of ground-water discharge using paleontologic, isotopic, and	geochemical data
NP-78,R1	Normarine calcareous-microfossil sample preparation and data acquisition procedures	06/13/88
HP-79,R0	Analysis of fossil pollen from lake sediments	10/20/86
HP-83,R0	Drilling and casing of observation holes in sand deposits	06/22/87
NP-91,R0	Collection and field analysis of surface-water samples	10/07/87
KP-99,R0	Instructions for operation of a well sounder for measuring water levels	06/08/88
Needed	Underwater procedures	
TVS-ESS-DP-16,R2	Siemens X-ray diffractometer procedure	02/02/86
T¥S-ESS-OP-24,RO	Alignment of Siemens diffrectometer	11/24/82
TVS-E55-0P-25,R1	Clay-mineral separation and preparation for X-ray diffraction	02/05/86
TW8-E55-0P-51,R0	Nettler NSO sample-weighing procedure	02/05/86
TVS-ESS-OP-52,RO	Making fused discs with Junior orbit shaker	02/05/86
Tus-Ess-0P-53,R0	Pulverizing with Spex 8500 Shatterbox	02/05/86
TWS-ESS-0P-117,R0	Instrumental neutron ectivation	08/15/88
GCP-17,81	Determination of the isotopic ratio H/D in water	67/19/88
KP-173,R0	Data collection protocol for plant community analysis	06/23/88
NP-85,R0	Method of monitoring water-level changes using a pressure transducer and the Fluke 2280 & Data Logger	In prep.

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# Table 3.3-4. Technical procedures for the past discharge areas (SCP Activity 8.3.2.5.2.1.3) -- Continued

			· ·
Technical		Technical procedure	Effective
procedure number		•	date
(XWI-USGS-)			· .

#### Estimate character of ground-water discharge using peleontologic, isotopic, and geochemical data

TW3-E53-0P-11, R0	Procedure for x-ray fluorescence analysis	01/14/88
TV3-E53-0P-112,R0	Operating instruction for International Scientific Instrument Model DS-130 scanning electron microscope and TRACOR northern series II x-ray analyzer	01/27/58
GCP-04,R1	Uranium-trend dating	05/27/88
GCP-07, R1	Mineral separation for geochemistry and isotopic analysis	05/27/88

#### Estimation of pest-potentiometric head by analysis of mineral deposits

GCP-01, R0	Radiomstric-ege data bank	06/15/81
GCP-02,81	Labeling, identification, and control of samples for geochemistry and isotope geology	06/20/87
GCP-03,81	Uranium-series dating	03/09/88
GCP-05,R1	Radium-equivalent uranium, thorium, and potassium analysis by gamma-ray spectrometry	03/09/88
GCP-06,20	Potassium-argon dating	06/15/81
GCP-08,81	Fission-track dating	05/26/88
GP-02,80	Subsurface investigations	03/01/83
GP-03, RO	Stratigraphic studies	03/01/83
HP-08, 20	Nethods for determination of inorganic substances in water	08/06/82

#### Table 3.3-4. Technical procedures for the past discharge areas (SCP Activity 8.3.2.5.2.1.31 -- Continued

Technical	Technical procedure	Effective
procedure number		date
(NUM-USGS-)		

#### Estimation of past-potentiometric head by enalysis of mineral deposits

KP-11,R0	Methods for determination of radioactive substances in water	06/18/82
XP-23,R1	Collection and field analysis of saturated-zone ground-water samples	11/04/83
HP-37,R1	Orilling and coring unconsolidated sediments	11/18/88
NP-73,R0	Method for measuring water levels in wells using reeled (2,600-ft and 2,800-ft) steel tape	06/22/87
NP-78,R1	Normarine calcareous-microfossil sample preparation and data acquisition procedures	06/13/88
KP-79,R0	Analysis of fossil pollen from take sediments	10/20/86
Keeded	Underwater procedures	••
Keeded	Procedure for conducting well inventory	••
NP-164,R0	Processing of soil, sediment, and water samples for chrysophyte cysts	01/27/89
GCP-04,R1	Uranium-trand dating	05/27/88
GCP-07,R1	Mineral separation for geochemistry and isotopic analysis	05/27/88
Needed	Seismic-reflection surveys	••

#### Electromegnetic (EN) ground conductivity

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# Table 3.3-4. Technical procedures for the past discharge areas (SCP. Activity 8.3.2.5.2.1.3) -- Continued

· · ·		·	· · · ·	
Technical		Technical p	rocedure	Effective
procedure number				date
(XIIN-USGS-)				

#### Estimation of storage coefficient

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Needed	Storage coefficient estimation by vertical-variability method	••
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Table 3.6-1. <u>Summary of tests and methods for the analog recharge</u> activity (SCP 8.3.1,5.2.1.4)--Continued

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Nethods (sele	cted and elternate)		haracterization parameter	Expected range
· · ·	Geoct	memistry of srid-z	one infiltration	
· ·		<b>.</b>		
Characterization of mineralogy and cham			unsaturated-zone	Soil mineralogy 0-100
(selected)		vater		wt% soil chemistry 0-100 wt%
	•		2.5	<pre>i sort chemistry 0-100 ets i (general published</pre>
	•		a an that	literature)
	2 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
eochronology of un	saturated zone by all		*	C-14 0-50 km
practicable methods			· · · · ·	U-series 0-400 ka
(selected)	•			desert varnish, not yet
		· · · ·		known for site
· .			* .	TL, not yet known for
				site (limits of
1. • •	•	•		technique)
	,		•	a <b>l</b>
	turated-zone hydrologi			K, 10 <sup>-3</sup> to 10 <sup>-10</sup>
characteristics				CR/Sec
(selected)			*	n <sub>e</sub> , 0-60 vol % (general
			· · · ·	published literature)
lessurgence of otes	runoff characteristic	•		0-1 m <sup>3</sup> /sec (general
(selected)		3		<pre>0*1 WF/Sec (general published literature)</pre>
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
evelop and test un	laturated-zone			
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precision prediction is a relative judgement based on the USGS investigators' familiarity with, and understanding of, the method. For selected methods, if values for accuracy and precision exist, they will be listed within the USGS technical procedures.

Similarly, the duration of a method is difficult to quantify exactly. The duration of some methods may be seconds, whereas the duration of others may be months. The methods, however, have been selected so that the parameters of interest can be evaluated reasonably within the schedule of the study (Section 5.1). Furthermore, the total duration of the method is dependent on the number of times it is implemented, which is dependent on the spatial variability of a parameter within or among geohydrologic units, the accuracy and precision of the method, the number of available samples, and desired level of confidence in reproducibility of the measurement.

The methods were also selected by considering their ranges of measurement. It would be senseless to select a method that could not provide accurate data within the expected range of the sitecharacterization parameter of interest. Again, the expected range of method is difficult to quantify without actual testing or implementation of the technique. The USGS investigators, however, have selected methods which they believe are suitable to provide accurate data within the expected range of the sitecharacterization parameter. Some of the expected ranges of sitecharacterization parameters have been bracketed by previous data collection and are shown in Table 3.4-1.

Finally, the interference of a given method with other tests in the site-characterization program was considered in selecting the method. Generally, the selected methods will have little or no interference with other tests and analyses. In cases where methods do interfere, the USGS investigators have planned their testing sequences accordingly, in order to maximize data collection and minimize interference.

#### 3.4.4 Technical procedures and quality-assurance program

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The USGS quality-assurance (QA) program for the YMP requires the evaluation of study plan activities to determine the applicable QA criteria. A QA Grading Report that identifies the criteria applied to this activity will be prepared and approved following applicable YMP procedures. The QA Grading Report is distributed as a separate controlled document from the study plan.

The technical procedures which will be utilized in this activity are standard procedures derived from the scientific literature appropriate to the various techniques. These procedures have been adapted to compensate for site-specific conditions and incorporate the quality-assurance requirements of the Yucca Mountain Project.

Table 3.4-2 provides a tabulation of technical procedures applicable to this activity. The technical procedures are listed according to the tests/analyses of Table 3.4-1. Approved procedures are identified with a number and a procedure effective date. Procedures that require preparation do not have procedure numbers. Procedures that are identified as "needed" in the table will be completed and available 30 days before the associated testing is started.

Equipment requirements and instrument calibration are described in the technical procedures. Lists of equipment stepwise procedures for the use and calibration of equipment, limits, accuracy, handling, and calibration needs, quantitative or qualitative acceptance criteria of results, description of data documentation, identification, treatment, and control of samples, and records requirements are included in these documents.

January 11, 1991

#### Table 3.4-2 <u>Technical procedures for analog recharge activity</u> (SCP Activity 9.3.1.5.2.1.4) (Dashes (++) indicate information is not available and to be determined.

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#### (Technical procedures will be in place 30 and 60 days prior to commencement of work for standard and non-standard procedures, respectively.)

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Technical	Technical procedure	Effective
procedure number		date
(Hun-USGS+)		

#### Data collection for mesic-zone sites by hydrologic-budget modeling and chloride-ion, mass-balance modeling

HP-08, R0	Methods for determination of inorganic substances in water	08/06/82
HP-16,R2	Collection and preservation of atmospheric precipitation samples for deuterium and oxygen=18 analyses	06/13/58
HP-54,20	Vater-flow measurements using weirs, flumes, and barrels	05/16/88
KP-71,80	Nethod for monitoring water-level changes using a Campbell Scientific 21% Micrologger	09/01/87
KP-91,80	Collection and field analysis of surface-water samples	10/07/87
HP-110,80	Extraction of pore waters by centrifuge methods	65/68/68
HP-125,R0	Nethod for extraction of pore water from tuff cores by triaxial compression	05/20/88
HP-126,20	Extraction of residual water from tuff samples by vacuum distillation	06/15/88
Xeeded	Soil hydrologic properties	••
Keeded	Evaluation of contemporary packrat middens	••
x <b>p-93,</b> 20	Nethod for processing electronic data from a Campbell Scientific 21% Micrologger into water levels	05/11/88
GP-27,R1	Trench wall and natural outcrop sampling for coordinated studies	06/07/88
HP-173,R0	Data collection protocol for plant community analysis	06/23/88
xP-163,R0	Meteorological monitoring of Yucca Hountain and vicinity (tentative procedure)	In prep.
HP-166,R0	Stream discharge measurements using a pygmy meter	05/18/88

#### Table 3.4-2 Technical procedures for analog recharge activity (SCP Activity 8.3.1.5.2.1.4) -- Continued

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Technical	Technical procedure	Effective
procedure number		date
(NUM-USGS-)		

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#### Data collection for mesic-zone sites by hydrologic-budget modeling and chloride-ion, mass-balance modeling

HP-170,R0	Nethod for measuring temperature using a Campbell Scientific, Inc. 107 temperature probe	05/27/88
HP-167,80	Precipitation measurement using a Selfort weighing rain gage	06/09/88
KP-168,80	Neasurement of energy flux density by a pyranometer	06/09/88
HP-171,80	Low-tension vadose moisture sampling	06/08/88
HP-172,80	Water level measurement using a ten-turn potentiometer	06/09/88
NP-25,R1	Nethod for measuring water level using a portable multiconductor	••

#### Estimation of recharge by hydrologic-budget modeling

Keeded

#### Nydrologic budget modeling

#### Estimation of recharge by chloride-ion, mess-belance modeling

Keedad	Chloride mass-belance modeling	••
Needed	Reference software documentation	••

#### Geochemistry of arid-zone infiltration

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#### Table 3.4-2 Technical procedures for analog recharge activity (SCP Activity 9.3.1.5.2.1.4) -- Continued

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Technical		Technical procedure	Effective
procedure number		· •	date
(NIN-USGS-)			

### Geochemistry of arid-zone infiltration

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methods do interfere, the USGS investigators have planned their testing sequences accordingly, in order to maximize data collection and minimize interference.

#### 3.5.4 Technical procedures and quality-assurance program

The USGS quality-assurance (QA) program for the YMP requires the evaluation of study plan activities to determine the applicable QA criteria. A QA Grading Report that identifies the criteria applied to this activity will be prepared and approved following applicable YMP procedures. The QA Grading Report is distributed as a separate controlled document from the study plan.

The technical procedures which will be utilized in this activity are standard procedures derived from the scientific literature appropriate to the various techniques. These procedures have been adapted to compensate for site-specific conditions and incorporate the quality-assurance requirements of the Yucca Mountain Project.

Table 3.5-2 provides a tabulation of technical procedures applicable to this activity. The technical procedures are listed according to the tests/analyses of Table 3.5-1. Approved procedures are identified with a number and a procedure effective date. Procedures that require preparation do not have procedure numbers. Procedures that are identified as "needed" in the table will be completed and available 30 days before the associated testing is started.

Equipment requirements and instrument calibration are described in the technical procedures. Lists of equipment stepwise procedures for the use and calibration of equipment, limits, accuracy, handling, and calibration needs, quantitative or qualitative acceptance criteria of results, description of data documentation, identification, treatment, and control of samples, and records requirements are included in these documents.

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#### Table 3.5-2 <u>Technical procedures for the calcite and opaline silica vein</u> <u>deposits (SCP Activity 8.3.1.5.2.1.4)</u> (Dashes (--) indicate information is not available and to be determined.

#### (Technical procedures will be in place 30 and 60 days prior to commencement of work for standard and non-standard procedures, respectively.)

Technical	Technical procedure	Effective
procedure number (XVIN-USGS-)		date .
(Hun Course )		

#### Field investigations

GP-01,80	Geologic mepping	03/01/83
GP-05, R0	Geologis support activities	03/01/83
GP-07,20	Geologic trenching studies	08/14/84
GP-15,20	Inventory of drill-hole core	03/20/87
GP-16, R0	Procedure for the handling and storage of drill core at the core Library	03/20/87
GP-19, RO	Procedure for the identification, handling, and disposition of drill-hole core and cutting samples from the drill site to the core library	03/06/87
HP-37, RO	Preliminary procedure for drilling and coring of wet- and dry-take sediments	08/14/84
TUS-ESS-0P-04,82	Kandling, storage, and shipping of samples	04/02/85
TW3-ESS-0P-101,R0	Sample, identification, and control for mineralogy and petrology studies	04/17/87
GP-27,81	Trench well and natural outcrop sampling for coordinated studies	06/07/88
	- <u>Mineralogical testa</u>	
TV8-E55-0P-04,82	Nandling, storage, and shipping of samples	04/02/85
TV3-E53-DP-04,84	Thin-section preparation	07/08/86
TV3-E53-DP-16, 22	Siemens X-ray diffractometer procedure	02/02/86

#### Table 3.5-2 Technical procedures for the calcite and opaline silica vein deposits (SCP Activity 8.3.1.5.2.1.4)--Continued

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Technical	Terbalast according	
Technical	Technical procedure	Effective
procedure number		date
(NUM-USGS-)		

#### <u>Mineralogical\_tests</u>

TWS-ESS-DP-24,RO	Alignment of Siemens diffractometer	11/24/82
TWS-ESS-OP-25,R1	Clay-mineral separation and preparation for X-ray diffraction	02/05/86
TWS-ESS-DP-50,RO	Sputter coating with gold	04/03/86
TWS-ESS-DP-56,RO	Brinkman automated grinding procedure	02/05/86
GCP-07,R1	Nineral separation for geochemistry and isotopic analysis	05/27/88

#### Geochemical tests

TVS-ESS-OP-04,R2	Nandling, storage, and shipping of samples	04/02/85
TUS-ESS-OP-06,R2	Carbon coating of samples with DV-502 vacuum	02/05/86
TWS-ESS-DP-07,R2	Microprobe operating procedure	07/08/86
TW3-E55-DP-19,R1	Sample preparation: Rock powders	11/24/62
TWS-ESS-DP-20,R1	Preparation of fused-glass beads from rock powder	11/24/82
TWS-ESS-DP-50,RO	Sputter coating with gold	04/03/86
TWS-ESS-OP-51,RO	Nettler N80 sample-weighing procedure	02/05/86
TWS-ESS-DP-52,R0	Making fused discs with Junior orbit shaker	02/05/86
TWS+ESS+OP-53,RO	Pulverizing with Spex 8500 Shatterbox	02/05/86
Tus-ess-dp-54,rd	Crushing with 50-ton hydraulic press	02/05/86

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# Table 3.5-2 Technical procedures for the calcite and opaline silica yein deposits (SCP Activity 8.3.1.5.2.1.4) -- Continued

Technical procedure number (NWH-USGS-)	Technical procedure	Effective date
	Geochemical_tests	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
WS-ESS-DP-55,RO	Rock-splitting with 50-ton hydraulic press	02/05/86
13-E53-DP-56, 20	Brinkman automated grinding procedure	02/05/86
eded .	Instrumental neutron activation	••
9-E53-DP-11,20	Procedure for x-ray fluorescence analysis	01/14/88
18-ESS-DP-112,RO	Operating instruction for International Scientific Instrument Model DS-130 scanning electron microscope and TRACOR northern series II x-ray analyzer	01/27/88
	Fluid-inclusion investigations	
s-ess-ap-04, 12	Handling, storage, and shipping of samples	04/02/85
P-14,R1	Extraction and recovery of water from calsite-hosted inclusion fluids	07/19/88
8-E55-DP-113,R0	Temperature determination from fluid inclusion studies	01/27/88
ided -	Quadrupole mass spectrometry	••
	Geochronologic investigations	
P-02,R1	Labeling, identification, and control of samples for geochemistry and isotope geology	01/20/8 <b>7</b>

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#### Table 3.5-2 <u>Technical procedures for the calcite and opaline silica vain</u> <u>deposits (SCP Activity 8.3.1.5.2.1.4)--Continued</u>

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Technical	Technical procedure	Effective
procedure number		date
(NUN-USGS-)		

#### Geochronologic investigations

GCP-06,80	Potassium-argon dating	06/15/81
GCP-08,R1	Fission-track dating	05/26/88
GCP-09,80	Spike calibration	06/15/81
GCP-11,R1	Laboratory preparation of pedogenic carbonate rinds for radiometric dating	04/29/88
TL/3-ESS-0P-04,R2	Nandling, storage, and shipping of samples	04/02/85
tus-ntsca-op-14,R1	One-time research and development work	05/19/89
TWS-ESS-0P-20,81	Preparation of fused-glass beads from rock powder	• 11/24/82
TWS-ESS-DP-50,RO	Sputter coating with gold	04/03/86
TWS-ESS-DP-51,RO	Nettler N80 sample-weighing procedure	02/05/86
TW3-E53-0P-52,R0	Making fused discs with Junior orbit shaker	02/05/86
T43-E53-0P-53,R0	Pulverizing with Spex 8500 Shatterbox	02/05/86
TVS-ESS-DP-54,80	Crushing with 50-ton hydraulic press	02/05/86
Tv3-E53-0P-55,80	Rock-splitting with 50-ton hydraulic press	02/05/86
Tus-Ess-0P-56,80	Srinkmen automated grinding procedure	02/05/86
Needed	Instrumental neutron activation	••
Keeded	Electron spin resonance dating	••
Tus-ess-0p-113,80	Temperature determination from fluid inclusion studies	01/27/88

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### Table 3.5-2 <u>Technical procedures for the calgite and opaline silica vein</u> <u>deposits (SCP Activity 9.3.2.5.2.2.4) --Continued</u>

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Technical procedure number (NWN-USGS-)	Technical procedure	Effective date
	Geochronologic investigations	<u> </u>
1 <b>43-ESS-DP-11, RO</b>	Procedure for x-ray fluorescence analysis	01/14/88
CP-04,R1	Uranium-trend dating	05/27/88
	Tracer-isotope_investigations	
CP-02,11	Labeling, identification, and control of samples for geochemistry and isotope geology	01/20/87
CP-13,R0	U-Th-Pb isotope geochemistry	04/29/88
CP-12,R0	Rb-Sr isotope geochemistry	01/25/88
	Stable-isotope_investigationg	
		المراجعين المراجع
H3-E53-0P-04,82	Nandling, storage, and shipping of samples	04/02/85
CP-14,81	Extraction and recovery of water from calcite-hosted inclusion fluids	07/19/88
CP-15,R1	Oxygen isotope analysis of opeline-cilics, chalcedony, and quartz	07/19/88
CP-16,81	Carbonate carbon and oxygen factope analyses	07/19/88
CP-17, R1	Determination of the isotopic ratio H/D in water	07/19/88

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#### Table 3.5-2 <u>Technical procedures for the calcite and opaline silica vain</u> <u>deposits (SCP Activity 8.3.1.5.2.1.4)--Continued</u>

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	Technical procedure	Technical procedure	Cate

#### Paleontological investigations

NP-08,80	Nethods for determination of inorganic substances in water	08/06/82
KP-11,R0	Methods for determination of radioactive substances in water	06/18/82
KP-23,R1	Collection and field analysis of saturated-zone ground-water samples	11/04/83
NP-76,R0	Diatom enumeration studies	04/08/85
KP-78,R1	Nonmerine calcareous-microfossil sample preparation and data acquisition procedures	06/13/88
NP-79,80	Analysis of fossil pollen from lake sediments	10/20/86
TVS-ESS-QP-04,RZ	Kandling, storage, and shipping of samples	04/02/85
NP-164,R0	Processing of soil, sediment, and water samples for chrysophyte cysts	in prep.
	<u>Hydrologic investigations and analyses</u>	
NP-23,R1	Collection and field analysis of saturated-zone ground-water samples	11/04/83
NP-91,R0	Collection and field analysis of surface-water samples	10/07/87
1¥3-E53-0P-04,82	Mandling, storage, and shipping of samples	04/02/85

HP-164,R0 Processing of soil, sediment, and water samples for chrysophyte In prep.
cysts

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Table 3.5-2 <u>Technical procedures for the calcite and opaline silica vein</u> deposits (SCP Activity 8.3.1.5.2.1.4) -- Continued

