

# **RIC 2003**

## **Risk-Informed Activities, Session T3**

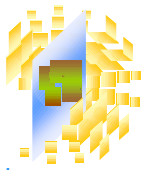
**My Favorite Complaints**

**Dr. George Apostolakis**

**Professor**

**Massachusetts Institute of Technology**

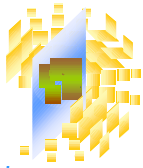
**April 17, 2003**



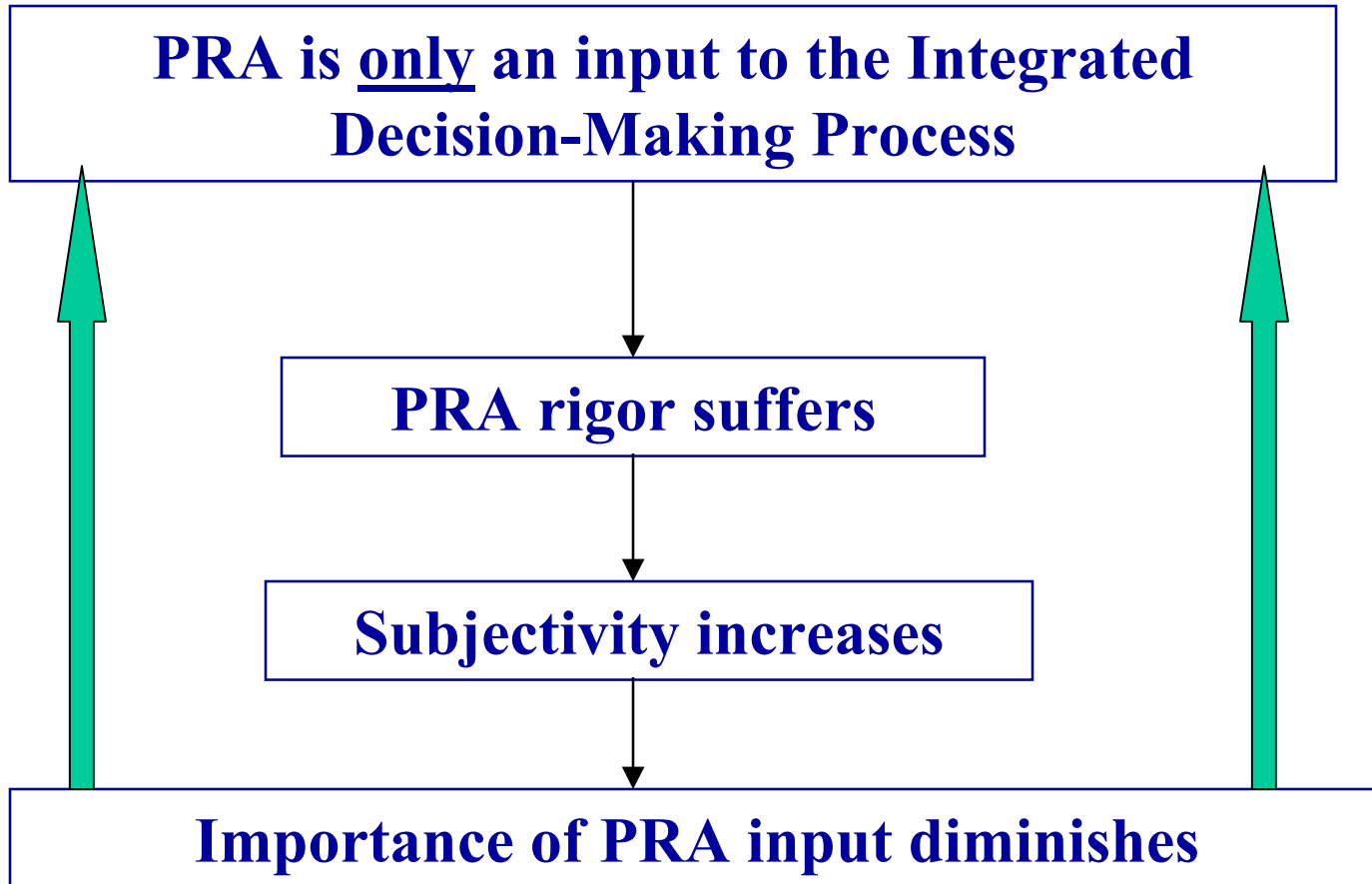
# **My Favorite Complaints**

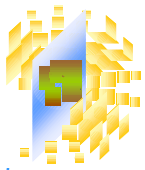
**George E. Apostolakis**  
**Massachusetts Institute of Technology**  
[apostola@mit.edu](mailto:apostola@mit.edu)

**Regulatory Information Conference**  
**Washington, DC**  
**April 17, 2003**



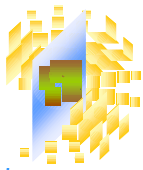
# An Unexpected Consequence of Good Intentions





# Uncertainty Analysis

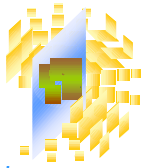
- **WASH-1400 quantified parameter uncertainties.**
- **These are not very important in most applications.**
- **Consequences:**
  - **Uncertainty analysis is viewed as an unnecessary burden.**
  - **Simple sensitivity analyses are employed instead.**
- **The uncertainties that matter are due to:**
  - **Model inadequacies**
  - **Incompleteness**



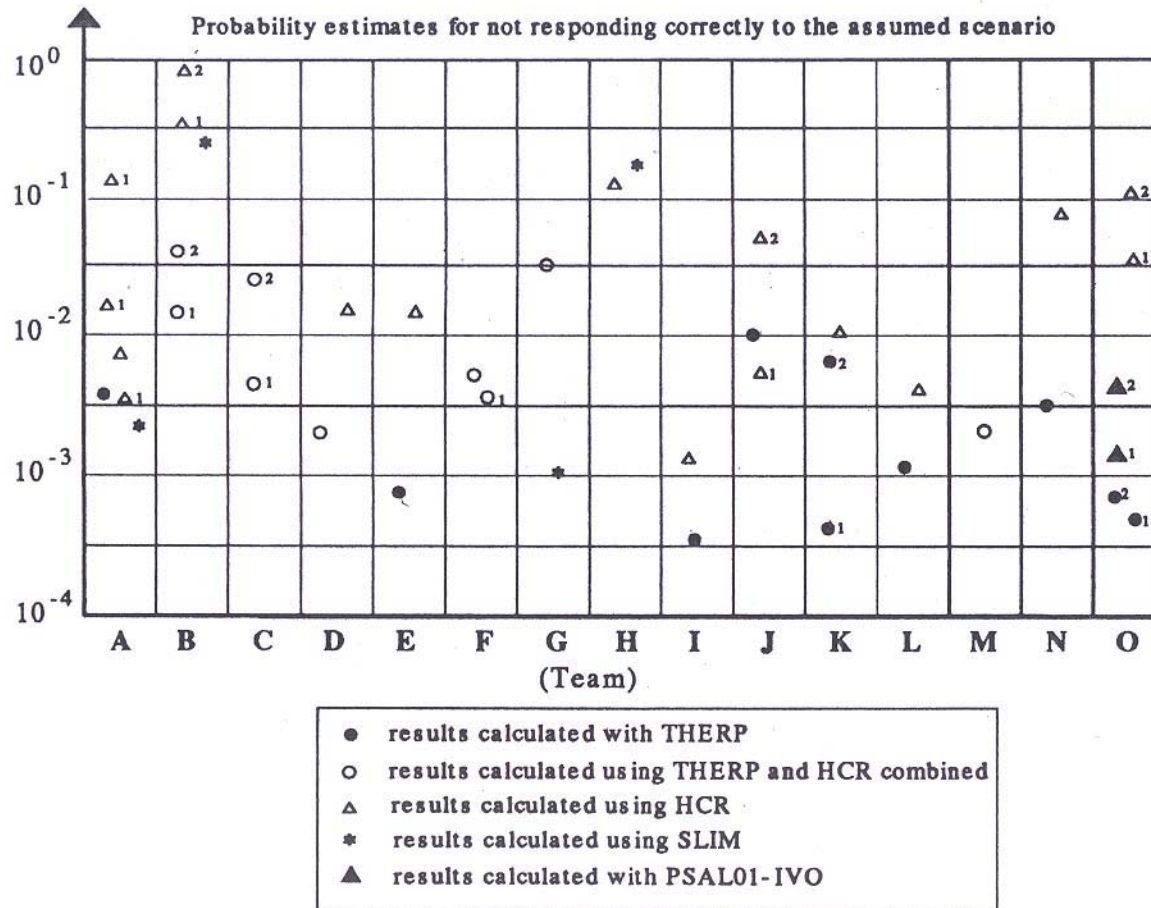
# Model Uncertainties

## Examples

- **Human Reliability Models**
- **Reactor Coolant Pump Seal LOCA timing**
- **HVAC success criteria**
- **Seismic fragility curves**

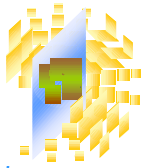


# The European Benchmark Exercise on HRA (1989)



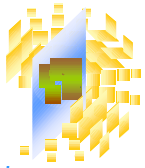
A. Poucet, PSA '89, Pittsburgh, April 2-7, 1989.

Department of Nuclear Engineering



## Can We Do Better?

- **Identify important models/assumptions through sensitivity analyses.**
- **Evaluate their probabilities utilizing the totality of available evidence and employing expert opinions.**
- **Propagate all uncertainties to final results and identify major contributors.**



# How Can We Improve Completeness?

- **Make better use of the wealth of information produced by the NRC, e.g.,**
  - **The Accident Sequence Precursor Program**
  - **The Augmented Investigation Team Reports**
  - **The Component Reliability Reports**