

UNITED STATES  
NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION  
OFFICE OF NUCLEAR REACTOR REGULATION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20555-0001

October 4, 1995

NRC INFORMATION NOTICE 95-47: UNEXPECTED OPENING OF A SAFETY/RELIEF VALVE  
AND COMPLICATIONS INVOLVING SUPPRESSION POOL  
COOLING STRAINER BLOCKAGE

Addressees

All holders of operating licenses or construction permits for nuclear power reactors.

Purpose

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) is issuing this information notice to alert addressees to a recent failure of a safety/relief valve (SRV) to remain closed during steady-state reactor operation and the attendant complications involving suppression pool cooling including strainer blockage. It is expected that recipients will review the information for applicability to their facilities and consider actions, as appropriate, to avoid similar problems. However, suggestions contained in this information notice are not NRC requirements; therefore, no specific action or written response is required.

Description of Circumstances

On September 11, 1995, the Limerick Unit 1 plant was being operated at 100 percent power when control room personnel observed alarms and other indications that one SRV ("M") was open. Emergency procedures were implemented. Attempts to close the valve were unsuccessful and within 2 minutes a manual reactor scram was initiated. The main steam isolation valves were closed to reduce the cooldown rate of the reactor vessel. The maximum cooldown rate was 54 °C/hr [130 °F/hr]. Before the SRV opened, the licensee was running the "A" loop of suppression pool cooling to remove heat being released into the pool by leaking SRVs.

The licensee has 2-stage vertical discharge SRVs manufactured by Target Rock Corporation. This particular valve design, which is oriented such that condensate collects on the main stage valve seat, is believed to be the cause of the continual problems with main stage leakage and is unique to the Limerick units. Other licensees use Target Rock valves that have a similar 2-stage design, but that are configured to discharge horizontally without condensate collecting on the valve seat. Even though the licensee had modified the valve bodies to promote drainage of condensate buildup, these leaking valves were assumed to still have the same leakage problem through the main stage valve seat.

Shortly after the manual scram, and with the SRV still open, the "B" loop of suppression pool cooling was started. Operators continued working to close

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the SRV and slow the cooldown of the reactor vessel. Approximately 30 minutes later, fluctuating motor current and flow were observed on the Unit 1 "A" suppression pool cooling loop. Cavitation was believed to be the cause and the loop was secured.

After checking out the pump, the "A" pump was restarted, but at only 8 kL/m [2000 gpm], a small fraction of the original flow. No problems were observed so the flow rate was gradually increased to 32 kL/m [8500 gpm]. No problems were observed so the licensee continued to operate the pump at a constant flow. A pressure gauge located on the pump suction was observed to have a gradually lower reading, which was believed to be indicative of an increased pressure drop across the pump suction strainer located in the suppression pool. After about 30 minutes of additional operation, the suction pressure remained constant.

The rest of the reactor shutdown was routine and there were no further complications.

### Discussion

#### Safety Relief Valve:

Shortly after the licensee started up following a refueling outage in March 1994, three SRVs ("F," "M," and "S") were leaking, as determined by tailpipe temperatures which ranged from 79 °C [175 °F] to 104 °C [220 °F]. These valves had been refurbished and reset before the restart and they were not leaking when installed. However, SRVs "M" and "S" had been stroked during a 3550 kPa [500-psi] automatic depressurization system operability test. Reactor operation continued from March 1994 until September 1995, except for two short mini-outages. Prior to the recent opening of the "M" SRV, SRVs "D" and "L" were also observed to be leaking. Tailpipe temperatures of the five leaking SRVs were reported as ranging between 102 °C [215 °F] to 141 °C [285 °F] and, because of prior experience, the leakage was believed to be past the main stage valve seat. Tailpipes at Limerick are uninsulated.

After the September 11, 1995 shutdown, the leaking SRVs were removed and the "M" and "S" SRVs sent offsite for inspection to determine the root cause for the "M" SRV opening. The "M" SRV was found to have been leaking through the pilot valve; the other four valves were leaking through the main valve. Disassembly of the "M" SRV disclosed that the pilot valve disk was badly eroded; the nose of the disk had been steam cut 360 degrees around the disk and had separated from the rest of the disk. The interior of the disk and the push rod also showed evidence of erosion. The pilot valve seat was eroded, but to a lesser degree. The reason for the initial leakage is not known. The pilot valve seat and disk were fabricated of Stellite 6 and Stellite 6B, respectively, and were not expected to erode so severely.

The licensee has replaced the five leaking SRVs and has resumed operation. The licensee is investigating techniques for identifying whether the leakage is through the pilot valve or main stage valve. Until such a technique is

found, the licensee will assume that all leakage is through the pilot valve and will monitor tailpipe temperatures so that a plan for valve replacement will be developed by the time the tailpipe temperature exceeds 121 °C [250 °F]; a tailpipe temperature of 135 °C [275 °F] will cause an immediate reactor shutdown. A steam leakage through the pilot valve of about 450 kg/hr [1000 lb/hr] is estimated to cause a tailpipe temperature of 121 °C [250 °F].

Testing has demonstrated that this amount of leakage will not cause either the pilot valve or the main stage valve to open. Actual experience at Limerick Unit 1 showed that the "M" SRV operated for more than a year with a tailpipe temperature in excess of 121 °C [250 °F] before it failed. The last recorded temperature of the uninsulated tailpipe before the SRV opened was 141 °C [285 °F]; the temperature was recorded as 146 °C [295 °F] a week earlier.

#### Suppression Pool:

Limerick Unit 1 has been in commercial operation since 1986 without having had the suppression pool cleaned; cleaning was scheduled for the 1996 refueling outage. The pool of Unit 2 was cleaned during the 1995 refueling outage.

After a plant cooldown following the blowdown event, a diver was sent into the Unit 1 suppression pool to observe the condition of the strainers and general pool cleanliness. Each strainer is a "T" arrangement with two truncated cones fabricated from perforated plate; the entire cone surface is covered by a 12x12 316 L stainless steel wire mesh. The suction strainer in the "A" loop of suppression pool cooling was found to be covered with a thin "mat" of material, consisting of fibers and sludge. The "B" strainer had a similar covering, but to a lesser extent. These are the two loops that had been used for suppression pool cooling necessitated by the leaking SRVs. The other strainers in the pool were covered with a dusting of sludge. Debris was subsequently brushed off the surface of the strainers, and the suppression pool floor and water were cleaned by use of a temporary filtration system.


It is believed that, during operation of the suppression pool cooling system, the strainer filtered out fibers that were in the pool water. The resulting "mat" of fibers improved the filtering action of the strainers thereby collecting sludge and other material on the surface of the strainer. Whether the blowdown caused by the SRV opening increased the rate of accumulation on the strainer is not known. The licensee removed about 635 kg [1400 lb] of debris from the pool of Unit 1. A similar amount of material had previously been removed from the Unit 2 pool.

Analysis showed that the sludge was primarily iron oxides and the fibers were of a polymeric nature. The source of the fibers has not been positively identified, but the licensee has determined that the fibers were not inherent with the suppression pool. There was no trace of either fiberglass or asbestos fibers.

Related Generic Communications

- NRC Information Notice 95-06: "Potential Blockage of Safety-Related Strainers by Material Brought Inside Containment"
- NRC Information Notice 93-34 and Supplement 1: "Potential for Loss of Emergency Core Cooling Function due to a Combination of Operational and Post-LOCA Debris in Containment"
- NRC Bulletin 93-02 and Supplement 1: "Debris Plugging of Emergency Core Cooling Suction Strainers"
- NRC Information Notice 92-85: "Potential Failures of Emergency Core Cooling Systems caused by Foreign Material Blockage"
- NRC Information Notice 92-71: "Partial Plugging of Suppression Pool Strainers at a Foreign BWR"

This information notice requires no specific action or written response. If you have any questions about the information in this notice, please contact one of the technical contacts listed below or the appropriate Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation project manager.

  
Dennis M. Crutchfield, Director  
Division of Reactor Program Management  
Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation

Technical contacts: Robert Elliott, NRR  
(301) 415-1397

Jerry Carter, NRR  
(301) 415-1153

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List of Recently Issued NRC Information Notices

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LIST OF RECENTLY ISSUED  
 NRC INFORMATION NOTICES

Information Notice No.	Subject	Date of Issuance	Issued to
95-46	Unplanned, Undetected Release of Radioactivity from the Exhaust Ventilation System of a Boiling Water Reactor	10/06/95	All holders of OLs or CPs for nuclear power reactors.
95-12, Supp. 1	Potentially Nonconforming Fasteners Supplied by A&G Engineering II, Inc.	10/05/95	All holders of OLs or CPs for nuclear power reactors.
95-45	American Power Service Falsification of American Society for Nondestructive Testing (ASNT) Certificates	10/04/95	All holders of OLs or CPs for nuclear power reactors.
95-44	Ensuring Compatible Use of Drive Cables Incorporating Industrial Nuclear Company Ball-Type Male Connectors	09/25/95	All Radiography Licensees.
95-43	Failure of the Bolt-Locking Device on the Reactor Coolant Pump Turning Vane	09/28/95	All holders of OLs or CPs for nuclear power reactors designed by Westinghouse Electric Corporation (W).
95-42	Commission Decision on the Resolution of Generic Issue 23, "Reactor Coolant Pump Seal Failure"	09/22/95	All holders of OLs or CPs for nuclear power reactors.
95-41	Degradation of Ventilation System Charcoal Resulting from Chemical Cleaning of Steam Generators	09/22/95	All holders of OLs or CPs for nuclear power reactors.
95-40	Supplemental Information to Generic Letter 95-03, "Circumferential Cracking of Steam Generator Tubes"	09/20/95	All holders of OLs or CPs for nuclear power reactors.
95-39	Brachytherapy Incidents Involving Treatment Planning Errors	09/19/95	All U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Medical Licensees.

OL = Operating License  
 CP = Construction Permit

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