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ROBERT C MECREDY VICE PRESIDENT NUCLEAR OPERATIONS

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December 20, 2002

Mr. Robert L. Clark U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission ATTN: Document Control Desk Washington, D.C. 20555-0001

Subject: LER 2002-002, Small Breach in Ventilation System Results in Potentially Not Being Able to Mitigate the Consequences of an Accident R.E. Ginna Nuclear Power Plant Docket No. 50-244

Dear Mr. Clark:

The attached Licensee Event Report LER 2002-002 is submitted in accordance with 10 CFR 50.73, Licensee Event Report System, item (a)(2)(v)(D).

Very truly yours,

Kolus Meccely Robert C. Mecredy

 xc: Mr. Robert L. Clark (Mail Stop O-8-C2) Project Directorate I
Division of Licensing Project Management Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
One White Flint North
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Rockville, MD 20852

> Regional Administrator, Region I U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission 475 Allendale Road King of Prussia, PA 19406

U.S. NRC Ginna Senior Resident Inspector

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NRC FORM 366 (7-2001) U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) (See reverse for required number of digits/characters for each block) 1. FACILITY NAME R. E. Ginna Nuclear Power Plant						50 hours. Reported lessons learned are incorporated into the licensing process and fee back to industry Send comments regarding burden estimate to the Records Managemen Branch (T-6 E6), U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001, o by internet e-mail to bjs1@nrc.gov, and to the Desk Officer, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, NEOB-10202 (3150-0104), Office of Management and Budget, 2. DOCKET NUMBER 3. PAGE						llection request process and fed ds Management 20555-0001, or Information and dget, E				
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9. OPERA	TING	1	T		11. THIS RE	PORT	IS SUBM	ITTED I	URSUANT	ъ	HE REQUIREME	NTS OF 10	OF 10 CFR § (Check all that apply)			
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16. ABSTRACT (Limit to 1400 spaces, i e., approximately 15 single-spaced typewritten lines)

On November 8, 2002, the plant was in Mode 1 at approximately 100% steady state reactor power. At approximately 0905 EST, it was discovered that there was a small breach in a flexible connection at the inlet of the Control Room HVAC system (system VI) Return Air Fan (AKF08). The plant entered Technical Specification Limiting Condition for Operation 3.0.3 for approximately 40 minutes while temporary repairs were made.

It was determined that the small breach in the flexible connection could have caused an in-leakage into the Control Room greater than that assumed in the accident analysis. This was reported to the NRC within eight hours of the determination per 10 CFR 50.72(b)(3)(v)(D).

The cause of the small breach was a partial failure of a flexible connection.

Corrective action to prevent recurrence is listed in Section V.B.

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NRC FC (1-2001)	DRM 366A				NUCLEAR RE	GULATORY CO	MMISSIO
		EE EVENT R	EPORT	(LER)			
	1. FACILITY NAME	2. DOCKET		6. LER NUMBE	<u> </u>	3. PAC	λE
R.E. 6	ainna Nuclear Power Plant	05000244	YEAR 2002	SÉQUENTIAL NUMBER	REVISION NUMBER	2 OF	7
17. NAF	RRATIVE (If more space is required, use additional copies	of NRC Form 366A					
I.	PRE-EVENT PLANT CONDITIONS	:					
	On November 8, 2002 the plant was in Unrelated to plant activities, an engined tour of the Control Building Air Handl The Control Room HVAC system (VI) to isolate and re-circulate the air upon radioactivity or toxic gas.	ering manager ing Room.) is designed to	was cond	lucting a rou conditioned	air to the (tour, includin Control Roor	g a
II.	DESCRIPTION OF EVENT:						
	A. EVENT:						
	On October 29, 2002, the syste Handling Room, specifically for return air fan AKF08 for the Co was intact.	r the inlet flexi	ble conne	ctor (FCON) SCS152	at the suction	n of
	On November 8, 2002, at appro Control Building Air Handling rubber fabric of this flexible con outside air to be drawn into the	Room, an eng nnector. It wa	neering n s reported	nanager disc	overed a si	mall breach ir	1 the
	The initial report was that the f collar, creating an unisolable of 10" in arc length, and created a observations determined that th which is formed in the metal co would allow outside air flow in indicated that a breach of this s rate listed in the Ginna Station Table 6.4-1. With this informa fulfill its safety function to miti volume of air in-leakage into th accident analysis.	pening. At the small breach is ne rubber fabric ollar during ins to the system size could have Updated Final tion it was ass gate the conse	time, the n the Core was not allation of n the pos allowed Safety A umed that quences of	"tear" was introl Room e torn, but ha of the fabric." t accident re in-leakage in nalysis Report the system of an accident	identified t envelope. d pulled ou) A breach ecirculation n excess of ort (UFSAI would not it. It was	o be approxin (Subsequent at of the crim at this location mode. Eval the assumed R) Section 6.4 have been at determined th	mately p ion uation: leak 4, ble to

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7. NARRATIVE	(If more space is required, use additional co	pies of NRC Form 366.	4)				_	
	The Control Room Operator and the plant entered Ginna S for Operation (LCO) 3.0.3. approximately 0945 EST, Te sealed the opening between t seal. The system was then do repairs/modification, a unit s A non-emergency eight hour Operations Center at approx also notified at this time.	Station Improved The operators pre- emporary Modifie the flexible conne- eclared operable hutdown was no-	d Technica repared to cation (TM ector and t and ITS I t required	Al Specification initiate a unit (A) 2002-0011 the metal colla LCO 3.0.3. wa and a load rec 50.72(b)(3)(v)	ns (ITS) shutdow was inst r, provid s exited. luction w (D), was	Limiting on, if rec alled. T ling an a Due to vas not made t	g Con quired This T air tigl the t comm to the	ditior . At M ht imely enceo NRC
B.	INOPERABLE STRUCTUR THE EVENT: None	₹ES, COMPONI	ENTS, OR	R SYSTEMS 7	THAT C	ONTRI	BUTI	ED T
C.	DATES AND APPROXIMA	ATE TIMES OF	MAJOR (OCCURREN	CES:			
	• November 8, 2002, 0)905 EST: Even	t date and	time.				
	• November 8, 2002, 0	905 EST: Disco	overy date	and time.				
	• November 8, 2002, 0)945 EST: Temp	oorary rep	airs completed	1.			
	• November 8, 2002, 1	230 EST NRC	Operation	ns Center is no	otified of	this eve	ent pe	r 10
	CFR 50.72(b)(3)(v)(operation					
D.	CFR 50.72(b)(3)(v)(D)	•	S AFFECTED	:			

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NRC FORM 366A (1-2001)

U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER)

1. FACILITY NAME	2. DOCKET		6. LER NUMBER	3. PAGE			
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R.E. Ginna Nuclear Power Plant	05000244	2002	002	00	4	OF	1

17. NARRATIVE (If more space is required, use additional copies of NRC Form 366A)

E. METHOD OF DISCOVERY:

The condition was self-identified by engineering management personnel during a routine plant tour.

F. SAFETY SYSTEM RESPONSES:

The Control Room HVAC system was declared inoperable due to inability to fulfill its safety function, but the system continued to function to provide air to the Control Room. No actuation of Control Room HVAC isolation was required during this event.

III. CAUSE OF EVENT:

The cause of the separation was attributed to an inappropriate load being applied to the top area of the duct, which caused tension at the flexible connector's collar. This resulted in partial failure of the flexible connection.

The characteristics of the Temporary Modification make visual inspection of the affected connection impossible at this time. Given the known physical characteristics of the small breach, it was determined that further evaluation must be conducted when the connection is disassembled for replacement. Due to the Technical Specification requirements for operability of the Control Room HVAC system, it is expected that this will occur during the next refueling outage.

Security Log sheets, which document entrance and exit dates and times to the Control Building Air Handling Room, were obtained from the date the connector was last inspected by the system engineer until the discovery date. The sheets were used in determining work activities that could have taken place during this period of approximately one week. Work activities were identified, but none that occurred in the vicinity of the affected flexible connection. Selected maintenance and testing personnel who entered the room during this period were interviewed, and no one recalled standing on the duct or placing any loads on the duct.

This event is NUREG-1022 Cause Code (A), "Personnel Error".

NRC FORM 366A

U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER)

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R.E. Ginna Nuclear Power Plant	05000244	2002	002	00	5	OF	7

17. NARRATIVE (*If more space is required, use additional copies of NRC Form 366A***)**

IV. ASSESSMENT OF THE SAFETY CONSEQUENCES OF THE EVENT:

This event is reportable in accordance with 10 CFR 50.73, Licensee Event Report System, item (a)(2)(v)(D), which requires a report of, "Any event or condition that could have prevented the fulfillment of the safety function of structures or systems that are needed to: ... (D) Mitigate the consequences of an accident". The in-leakage due to the small breach was estimated to be greater than the assumed leak rate in the accident analysis, as described in the UFSAR.

An assessment considering the consequences and implications of this event resulted in the following conclusions:

There were no operational or safety consequences and implications attributed to the increase in in-leakage because:

- Although the estimated in-leakage of outside air was in excess of that assumed in the UFSAR, the actual amount was only 1.1 % of the total flow in the system. In addition, during accident conditions, approximately 25 % of the total flow is diverted through the charcoal filter unit down stream of the in-leakage. This filtration would serve to reduce the effect of any excess activity ingested into the system due to the in-leakage. During the time that the small breach existed, the as-left leak rates for containment, and for ECCS piping located outside the containment (which contain radioactive fluids post-LOCA) was less than leak rates assumed in accident analyses. Thus, the actual source of radioactive nuclides was less, counterbalancing the impact of the increased air in-leakage.
- Area radiation monitor R-1 continuously monitors radiation levels in the Control Room. In addition, any event that results in a significant release would require entry into the Nuclear Emergency Response Plan, which requires the shift Radiation Protection (RP) technician to report to the Control Room. Given the status of R-1 and other plant indications, the shift RP technician would perform Control Room habitability surveys as needed. Should the activity concentration reach unacceptable levels, the RP technician would implement appropriate protective actions. Some of the contingencies available are respirators and potassium iodide tablets to limit the uptake of radioactive iodine.
- The on-site chemicals which could result in a toxic gas situation (chlorine, ammonia, hydrazine, sulfuric acid, and sodium hydroxide) are in a liquid state. Therefore, due to the slower evaporation rate, the Control Room atmosphere is less likely to reach hazardous airborne concentrations during a spill. In addition, the sulfuric acid and sodium hydroxide tanks in the primary demineralizer room have been emptied and are no longer in use. Similar tanks in the condensate demineralizer building are located in separate pits which prevents inadvertent mixing of these chemicals. The next most likely toxic gas release source is gaseous chlorine located at the Town of Ontario water plant,

U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION (1-2001) LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER)										
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17. NARI	RATIVE (h	f more spac	ce is required, use additional copies	s of NRC Form 366A	6 A)					
			prevailing winds in the a storage tanks were to ru other directions, the dis atmosphere. Finally, the be readily apparent to the Self Contained Breathin additional units located	area would ten upture. Howe tance involved e presence of t he operators d in a building a	The plant. The water plant is in a location where the nd to blow the gas away from the plant if the town ever, even when the winds would tend to blow in d would allow significant dilution of the gas in the these gasses in the Control Room atmosphere would due to the noxious nature of the fumes. There are five (SCBA) units located in the Control Room with adjacent to the Control Room.					
	Based on the above, it is concluded that the plant operated as designed, that there were no unreviewed safety questions, and that the public's health and safety was assured at all times.									
V.	CORI	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:								
	A. ACTION TAKEN TO RETURN AFFECTED SYSTEMS TO PRE-EVENT NORMAL STATUS:									
		•	between the flexible con	nnector fabric	-0011 was implemented to close the small breach and the metal collar and to provide an air tight seal. yers of insulation, to seal the existing connection.					
		•			ntrol Building Air Handling Room were examined ondition and configuration.					
	B.	ACTI	ON TAKEN OR PLANN	NED TO PREV	VENT RECURRENCE:					
		•	flexible connector will h area will be carefully in inspected to determine this inspection yield sig	be disassemble spected, and a if a different ro nificant inform	established during the 2003 refueling outage, the ed and replaced. During disassembly, the affected after the flexible connector is removed, it will be root cause for the failure can be identified. Should nation relating to a different root cause, appropriate ed and a revised LER will be transmitted to the NRC.					
		•	U 1	• •	0059 has been initiated to evaluate the flexible tion of the duct adjacent to flexible connector					

• Two (2) large warning signs will be installed on the duct, to replace the smaller sign currently installed near the affected flexible connector.

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NBC FORM 366A U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION									
U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION (1-2001) LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER)									
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17. NARRATIVE (If	more space is required, use addition	onal copies of NRC Form 366	5A)	····· - ···					
VI. ADDI	TIONAL INFORMATIO	DN:							
А.	FAILED COMPONEN	TS:							
	The failed component is "Ventglas", manufactured by Vent Fabrics, Inc. The specific application is as flexible connector SCS152 in the Control Room HVAC system.								
В.	PREVIOUS LERS ON	SIMILAR EVENTS	:						
				e following results: LER ith similar contributing fa					
C.				YSTEM (EIIS) COMPC OMPONENT OR SYST					
COMPONEN		EEE 803 ION IDENTIFIER	SYSTI	IEEE 805 EM IDENTIFICATION					
Air Handling	Unit A	AHU	VI	(Control Building/Contr Environmental Control					
Fan	I	FAN	VI						
Flexible Conr	FCON	VI							
D.	SPECIAL COMMENT	rs:							
	None								
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