

**TRANSMITTAL OF MEETING HANDOUT MATERIALS FOR
IMMEDIATE PLACEMENT IN THE PUBLIC DOMAIN**

*This form is to be filled out (typed or hand-printed) by the person who announced the meeting (i.e., the person who issued the meeting notice). The completed form, and the attached copy of meeting handout materials, will be sent to the Document Control Desk on the same day of the meeting; under no circumstances will this be done later than the working day after the meeting.
Do not include proprietary materials.*

DATE OF MEETING

09/25/2002

The attached document(s), which was/were handed out in this meeting, is/are to be placed in the public domain as soon as possible. The minutes of the meeting will be issued in the near future. Following are administrative details regarding this meeting:

Docket Number(s) 50-348 AND 50-364

Plant/Facility Name FARLEY, UNITS 1 AND 2

TAC Number(s) (if available) _____

Reference Meeting Notice AUGUST 19, 2002

Purpose of Meeting
(copy from meeting notice) TO DISCUSS KAOWOOL ISSUES

NAME OF PERSON WHO ISSUED MEETING NOTICE

F. RINALDI

TITLE

PROJECT MANAGER

OFFICE

NRR

DIVISION

DLPM

BRANCH

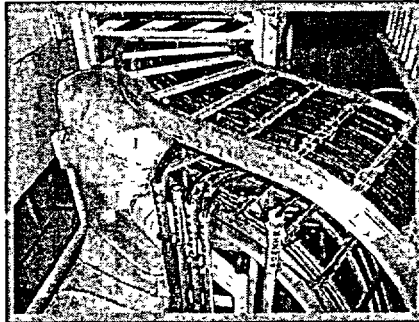
PD II-1

Distribution of this form and attachments:

Docket File/Central File
PUBLIC

DF0

Raceway Fire Barrier Resolution Project



Farley Nuclear Plant

Project Status

September 25, 2002



AGENDA

- Kaowool Recap
- Current Resolution Status
- Risk Informed / Performance Based – Fire Modeling of SWIS

Kaowool Recap

FNPN selected and installed Kaowool to meet original raceway fire protection requirements BTP APCSB 9.5-1 (late 70's)

FNPN requested and was granted specific Appendix R exemptions to 1hr fire barrier requirements based on Kaowool use. (mid 80s)

NRC questioned technical basis of exemptions and acknowledges their approval but no longer understands the basis for granting (1999)

SNC commits to address NRC concerns (2000)

Current Resolution Status

19 Fire Areas Affected

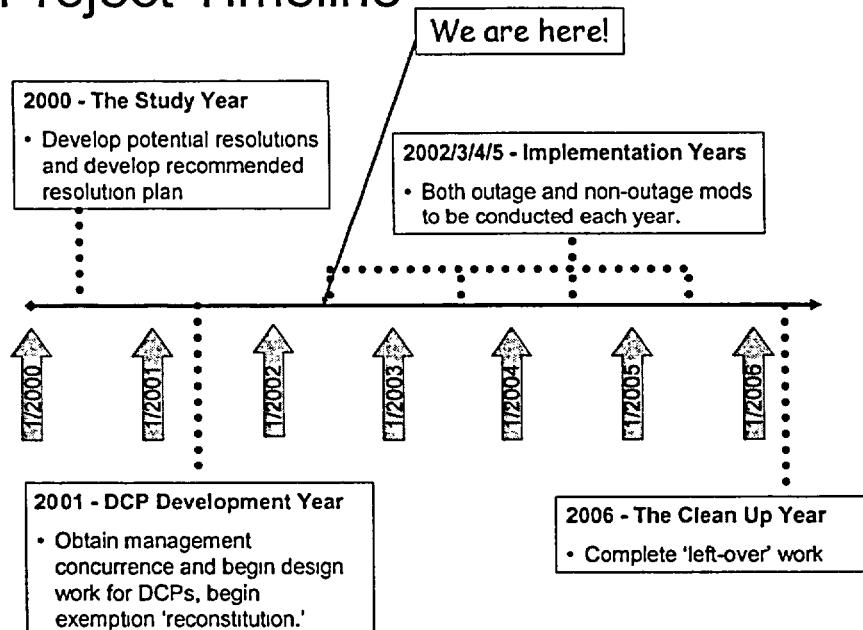
Preferred Solutions are:

- Reroute Cable
- Install Fire Rated cables
- Installation of Local Indication
- Add controls to Hot Shutdown Panel
- Enhance operator actions
- Service Water Intake Structure Fire Modeling
- Administrative Controls
- Upgraded Fire Barrier Walls
- Exemptions

Current Resolution Status

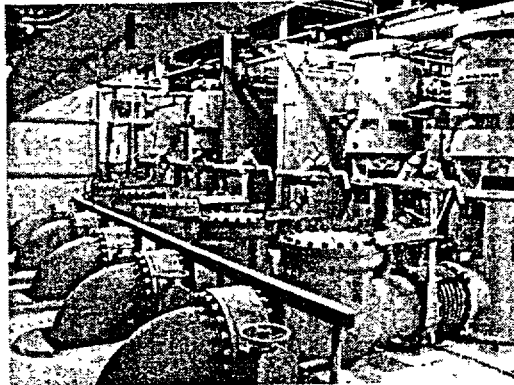
- 30 to 35 Design Change Packages will be developed
- 5 DCP's have been issued. One is complete; several are being worked during the current Unit 2 outage.
- Our Plan is to be complete with all modifications by end of year 2005.

Project Timeline



Risk Informed / Performance Based Modeling at the SWIS

SWIS houses the service water
pumps (ultimate heat sink)



Raceway Fire Barrier Resolution

Modeling at the SWIS

- Approximately 1350 feet of Appendix R Kaowool
- Rerouting is not feasible
- Removal of current wrap may involve complex personnel protection requirements
- Rewrapping cable with new wrap does not provide significant safety improvement

Raceway Fire Barrier Resolution

Modeling at the SWIS

- SNC has conducted a pilot study of a risk informed / performance based fire model at the SWIS
- Pilot performed by outside consultants and follows the guidelines of NFPA 805
- Model Results:
 - A fire of sufficient magnitude to cause loss of function of redundant trains of cables is extremely unlikely
 - Much better improvement in CDF/LERF is achieved by other modifications than re-wrapping cable trays

Modeling at the SWIS

Modeling of SWIS has shown that other modifications do provide a safety improvement

- Isolation of a DG Control Circuit
- Elimination of the need for Unit 2 service water booster pumps by modification of service water pump seals
- Enhancement of the swing pump fire barrier to prevent spreading fire from one train to another.

Conclusions

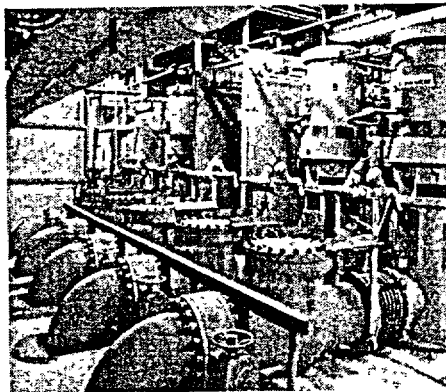
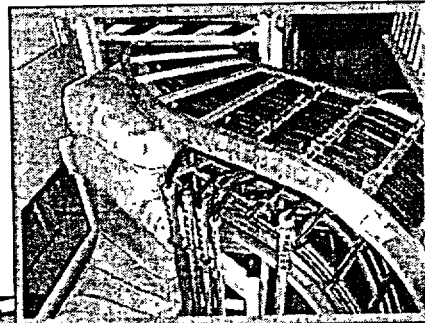
SNC is on schedule to complete all Kaowool fire barrier work by end of 2005.

This date is contingent on the acceptance of fire modeling for the SWIS

Pilot Fire modeling of the SWIS has shown that modifications as opposed to re-wrapping of cables improves plant safety

Utilization of risk insights and fire modeling can result in greater safety improvement than strict compliance with Appendix R

QUESTIONS ??



QUESTIONS ??