

3. Power operation may continue for 24 hours, if the entire 138 kV or the entire 13.8 kV source of power is lost, provided the three diesel generators are operable. This operation may be extended beyond 24 hours provided the limiting condition is reported to the NRC within the subsequent 24-hour period with an outline of the plans for restoration of offsite power.
4. When 6.9 kV buses 5 and 6 are supplied through a 13.8/6.9 kV transformer, in addition to satisfying the requirements of Specification 3.7.B.3 above, the 6.9 kV bus tie breaker control switches 1-5, 2-5, 3-6, and 4-6 in the CCR shall be placed in the "pull-out" position and tagged to prevent an automatic transfer of the 6.9 kV buses 1, 2, 3 and 4.
5. One battery may be inoperable for 24 hours provided the other batteries and four battery chargers remain operable with one battery charger carrying the dc load of the failed battery's supply system.
6. One battery charger may be inoperable for 24 hours provided the following conditions are satisfied:
 - a. The other three battery chargers and their associated batteries are operable; and
 - b. The affected battery shall have the Specification 4.6.C.1 surveillance initiated within one hour of the time the battery charger is determined to be inoperable and the surveillance shall be repeated every eight hours thereafter to determine battery operability. This surveillance frequency shall be maintained until the battery is declared inoperable or until the battery charger is declared operable.

C. Gas Turbine Generators:

1. At least one gas turbine generator (GT-1, GT-2 or GT-3) and associated switchgear and breakers shall be operable at all times.
2. A minimum of 94,870 gallons of fuel for the operable gas turbine generator shall be available at all times.

Any two of three diesel generators, the station auxiliary transformer or the separate 13.8 to 6.9 kV transformer are each capable of supplying the minimum safeguards loads and therefore provide separate sources of power immediately available for operation of these loads. Thus, the power supply system meets the single failure criteria required of the safety systems.

Three (3) gas turbine generators are directly available to the Indian Point site. One is located onsite (GT-1) and two additional units are located at the adjacent Buchanan Substation (GT-2 and GT-3). One gas turbine generator is more than adequate to provide an additional contingency of backup electrical power for maintaining the plant in a safe shutdown condition. The specified gas turbine generator minimum fuel inventory of 94,870 gallons assures that one gas turbine generator will be capable of supplying more than the maximum electrical load for the Indian Point Unit No. 2 alternate safe shutdown power supply system (i.e., 1600 kW) for at least three (3) days. Commercial oil supplies and trucking facilities exist to assure deliveries of additional fuel oil within one day's notice.

Conditions of a system-wide blackout could result in a unit trip. Since normal offsite power supplies as required in Specification 3.7.A are not available for startup, it is desirable to be able to blackstart this unit with onsite power supplies as a first step in restoring the system to an operable status and restoring power to customers for essential service. Specification 3.7.D.1 provides for startup using the onsite gas turbine to supply the 6.9 kV loads and the diesels to supply the 480-volt loads. Tie breakers between the 6.9 kV and 480-volt systems are open so that the diesels would not be jeopardized in the event of any incident and would be able to continue to supply 480-volt safeguards power. The scheme consists of starting two reactor coolant pumps, one condensate pump, 2 circulating water pumps and necessary auxiliaries to bring the unit up to approximately 10% power. At this point, loads can be assumed by the main generator and power supplied to the system in an orderly and routine manner.

Specification 3.7.D.2 is identical with normal start-up requirements as in Specification 3.7.A except that offsite power is supplied exclusively from gas turbines with a minimum total power of 37 MW (nameplate rating), which is sufficient to carry out normal plant startup.

As a result of an investigation of the effect components, that might become submerged following a LOCA, may have on ECCS, containment isolation, and other safety-related functions, a fuse and a locked-open circuit breaker were provided on the electrical feeder to emergency lighting panel 218 inside containment. With the circuit breaker in the open position, containment electrical penetration H-70 is de-energized during the accident condition. Personnel access to containment may be required during power operation. Since it is highly improbable that a LOCA would occur during this short period of time, the circuit

B. DIESEL FUEL TANKS

A minimum oil storage of 48,000 gallons will be maintained for the station at all times.

C. STATION BATTERIES (NOS. 21, 22, 23, & 24)

1. Every month, the voltage of each cell, the specific gravity and temperature of a pilot cell in each battery and each battery voltage shall be measured and recorded.
2. Every 3 months, each battery shall be subjected to a 24-hour equalizing charge, and the specific gravity of each cell, the temperature reading of every fifth cell, the height of electrolyte, and the amount of water added shall be measured and recorded.
3. Each time data is recorded, new data shall be compared with old to detect signs of abuse or deterioration.
4. At least once every Refueling Interval (R#) each battery shall be subjected to a load test and a visual inspection of the plates.

D. GAS TURBINE GENERATORS

1. At monthly intervals, at least one gas turbine generator shall be started and synchronized to the power distribution system for a minimum of thirty (30) minutes with a minimum electrical output of 2000 kW.

The batteries are of the type that can be visually inspected, and this method of assuring the continued integrity of the battery is proven standard power plant practice.

The tests specified in Specifications 4.6.D and 4.6.E are designed to assure that at least one gas turbine generator will be available to provide power for operation of equipment if required. Since the Indian Point Unit No. 2 alternate safe shutdown power supply system demands a maximum electrical load of approximately 1600 kW, the required minimum test load will demonstrate adequate capability. In addition, the minimum gas turbine fuel oil storage volume of 94,870 gallons will conservatively assure at least three (3) days of operation of a gas turbine generator.

The specified test frequencies for the gas turbine generator(s) and associated fuel supply will be adequate to identify and correct any mechanical or electrical deficiency before it can result in a component malfunction or failure.

Reference

UFSAR Section 8.2