

August 16, 1994

Docket No. 50-482

Mr. Neil S. Carns
President and Chief Executive Officer
Wolf Creek Nuclear Operating Corporation
Post Office Box 411
Burlington, Kansas 66839

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WReckley	OPA
CMcCracken	

Dear Mr. Carns:

SUBJECT: WOLF CREEK GENERATING STATION - AMENDMENT NO. 77 TO FACILITY
OPERATING LICENSE NO. NPF-42 (TAC NO. M88896)

The Commission has issued the enclosed Amendment No. 77 to Facility Operating License No. NPF-42 for the Wolf Creek Generating Station. The amendment consists of changes to the Technical Specifications (TS) in response to your application dated February 24, 1994.

The amendment revises TS 4.7.1.2.1.a to require that the turbine-driven and motor-driven auxiliary feedwater pumps be tested at least quarterly on a staggered basis instead of the previously required testing once per 31 days on a staggered basis. The revised surveillance frequency is consistent with the guidance issued in Generic Letter 93-05, "Line-Item Technical Specification Improvements to Reduce Surveillance Requirements for Testing During Power Operation." The Bases to TS 3/4.7.7, Emergency Exhaust System - Auxiliary Building, and TS 3/4.9.13, Emergency Exhaust System - Fuel Building, are also revised to eliminate the reference to the use of automatic control for the emergency exhaust system heaters.

A copy of our related Safety Evaluation is enclosed. The Notice of Issuance will be included in the Commission's next biweekly Federal Register notice.

Sincerely,

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY:

William D. Reckley, Project Manager
Project Directorate IV-2
Division of Reactor Projects III/IV
Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation

Enclosures:

1. Amendment No. 77 to NPF-42
2. Safety Evaluation

cc w/enclosures:
See next page

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OFFICE	PDIV-2/LA	PDIV-2/PM	NRR/SPLB	OGC R MW	PDIV-2/D
NAME	esp EPeyton	WDR WReckley:ye	CMcCracken	no legal objection RWeisman	TQuay TMS
DATE	7/13/94	7/13/94	7/18/94	8/11/94	8/12/94

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William D. Reckley, Project Manager
Project Directorate IV-2
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Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation

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NAME	EPeyton	WReckley:ye	CMcCracken	No legal objection RW Eisman	TQuay
DATE	7/13/94	7/13/94	7/18/94	8/11/94	8/12/94

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UNITED STATES
NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20555-0001

August 16, 1994

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Mr. Neil S. Carns
President and Chief Executive Officer
Wolf Creek Nuclear Operating Corporation
Post Office Box 411
Burlington, Kansas 66839

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A copy of our related Safety Evaluation is enclosed. The Notice of Issuance will be included in the Commission's next biweekly Federal Register notice.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "William D. Reckley". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, sweeping flourish at the end.

William D. Reckley, Project Manager
Project Directorate IV-2
Division of Reactor Projects III/IV
Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation

Enclosures:

1. Amendment No. 77 to NPF-42
2. Safety Evaluation

cc w/enclosures:

See next page

Mr. Neil S. Carns

- 2 -

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UNITED STATES
NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20555-0001

WOLF CREEK NUCLEAR OPERATING CORPORATION

WOLF CREEK GENERATING STATION

DOCKET NO. 50-482

AMENDMENT TO FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE

Amendment No. 77
License No. NPF-42

1. The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) has found that:
 - A. The application for amendment to the Wolf Creek Generating Station (the facility) Facility Operating License No. NPF-42 filed by the Wolf Creek Nuclear Operating Corporation (the Corporation), dated February 24, 1994, complies with the standards and requirements of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (the Act), and the Commission's rules and regulations set forth in 10 CFR Chapter I;
 - B. The facility will operate in conformity with the application, as amended, the provisions of the Act, and the rules and regulations of the Commission;
 - C. There is reasonable assurance: (i) that the activities authorized by this amendment can be conducted without endangering the health and safety of the public, and (ii) that such activities will be conducted in compliance with the Commission's regulations;
 - D. The issuance of this license amendment will not be inimical to the common defense and security or to the health and safety of the public; and
 - E. The issuance of this amendment is in accordance with 10 CFR Part 51 of the Commission's regulations and all applicable requirements have been satisfied.

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2. Accordingly, the license is amended by changes to the Technical Specifications as indicated in the attachment to this license amendment and Paragraph 2.C.(2) of Facility Operating License No. NPF-42 is hereby amended to read as follows:

2. Technical Specifications

The Technical Specifications contained in Appendix A, as revised through Amendment No. 77, and the Environmental Protection Plan contained in Appendix B, both of which are attached hereto, are hereby incorporated in the license. The Corporation shall operate the facility in accordance with the Technical Specifications and the Environmental Protection Plan.

3. The license amendment is effective as of its date of issuance and shall be implemented within 30 days of its date of issuance.

FOR THE NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Theodore R. Quay

Theodore R. Quay, Director
Project Directorate IV-2
Division of Reactor Projects III/IV
Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation

Attachment:
Changes to the Technical
Specifications

Date of Issuance: August 16, 1994

ATTACHMENT TO LICENSE AMENDMENT NO. 77

FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE NO. NPF-42

DOCKET NO. 50-482

Replace the following pages of the Appendix A Technical Specifications with the attached pages. The revised pages are identified by Amendment number and contain marginal lines indicating the areas of change. The corresponding overleaf pages are also provided to maintain document completeness.

REMOVE

3/4 7-4
3/4 7-5
B 3/4 7-4
B 3/4 9-3

INSERT

3/4 7-4
3/4 7-5
B 3/4 7-4
B 3/4 9-3

TABLE 3.7-2

STEAM LINE SAFETY VALVES PER LOOP

<u>VALVE NUMBER</u>				<u>LIFT SETTING* (+3%)**</u>	<u>ORIFICE SIZE</u>
<u>Loop 1</u>	<u>Loop 2</u>	<u>Loop 3</u>	<u>Loop 4</u>		
V055	V065	V075	V045	1185 psig	16.0 sq. in.
V056	V066	V076	V046	1197 psig	16.0 sq. in.
V057	V067	V077	V047	1210 psig	16.0 sq. in.
V058	V068	V078	V048	1222 psig	16.0 sq. in.
V059	V069	V079	V049	1234 psig	16.0 sq. in.

* The lift setting pressure shall correspond to ambient conditions of the valve at nominal operating temperature and pressure.

**After testing, the valves will be left at $\pm 1\%$.

PLANT SYSTEMS

AUXILIARY FEEDWATER SYSTEM

LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

3.7.1.2 At least three independent steam generator auxiliary feedwater pumps and associated flow paths shall be OPERABLE with:

- a. Two motor-driven auxiliary feedwater pumps, each capable of being powered from separate emergency busses, and
- b. One steam turbine-driven auxiliary feedwater pump capable of being powered from an OPERABLE steam supply system.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3.

ACTION:

- a. With one auxiliary feedwater pump inoperable, restore the required auxiliary feedwater pumps to OPERABLE status within 72 hours or be in at least HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours and in HOT SHUTDOWN within the following 6 hours.
- b. With two auxiliary feedwater pumps inoperable, be in at least HOT STANDBY within 6 hours and in HOT SHUTDOWN within the following 6 hours.
- c. With three auxiliary feedwater pumps inoperable, immediately initiate corrective action to restore at least one auxiliary feedwater pump to OPERABLE status as soon as possible.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.7.1.2.1 Each auxiliary feedwater pump shall be demonstrated OPERABLE:

- a. At least once per quarter on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS by:
 - 1) Verifying that each motor-driven pump develops a discharge pressure of greater than or equal to 1535 psig on recirculation flow when tested pursuant to Specification 4.0.5;
 - 2) Verifying that the steam turbine-driven pump develops a discharge pressure of greater than or equal to 1625 psig at a flow of greater than or equal to 120 gpm when the secondary steam supply pressure is greater than 900 psig. The provisions of Specification 4.0.4 are not applicable for entry into MODE 3;

PLANT SYSTEMS

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (Continued)

- b. At least once per 31 days by:
- 1) Verifying that each non-automatic valve in the flow path that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position is in its correct position; and
 - 2) Verifying that each automatic valve in the flow path is in the fully open position whenever the Auxiliary Feedwater System is placed in automatic control or when above 10% RATED THERMAL POWER.
- c. At least once per 18 months during shutdown by:
- 1) Verifying that each automatic valve in the ESW supply to the auxiliary feedwater pumps actuates to its full open position upon receipt of an Auxiliary Feedwater Pump Suction Pressure-Low test signal,
 - 2) Verifying that each auxiliary feedwater pump starts as designed automatically upon receipt of an Auxiliary Feedwater Actuation test signal, and
 - 3) Verifying that each auxiliary feedwater motor-operated discharge valve limits the flow to each steam generator from the motor-driven pump to less than or equal to 320 gpm.

4.7.1.2.2 An auxiliary feedwater flow path shall be demonstrated OPERABLE following each COLD SHUTDOWN of greater than 30 days prior to entering MODE 2 by verifying normal flow to at least two steam generators from one auxiliary feedwater pump.

PLANT SYSTEMS

CONDENSATE STORAGE TANK

LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

3.7.1.3 The condensate storage tank (CST) shall be OPERABLE with a contained water volume of at least 281,000 gallons.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3.

ACTION:

With the CST inoperable, within 4 hours either:

- a. Restore the CST to OPERABLE status or be in at least HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours and in HOT SHUTDOWN within the following 6 hours, or
- b. Demonstrate the OPERABILITY of the Essential Service Water (ESW) System as a backup supply to the auxiliary feedwater pumps and restore the CST to OPERABLE status within 7 days or be in at least HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours and in HOT SHUTDOWN within the following 6 hours.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.7.1.3.1 The CST shall be demonstrated OPERABLE at least once per 12 hours by verifying the contained water volume is within its limits when the tank is the supply source for the auxiliary feedwater pumps.

4.7.1.3.2 The ESW System shall be demonstrated OPERABLE at least once per 12 hours by verifying that the ESW System is in operation whenever the ESW System is the supply source for the auxiliary feedwater pumps.

PLANT SYSTEMS

BASES

ULTIMATE HEAT SINK (Continued)

The limitations on minimum water level and maximum temperature are based on providing a 30-day cooling water supply from the Essential Service Water pumps to safety-related equipment without exceeding its design basis temperature and is consistent with the recommendations of Regulatory Guide 1.27, "Ultimate Heat Sink for Nuclear Plants," March 1974.

3/4.7.6 CONTROL ROOM EMERGENCY VENTILATION SYSTEM

The OPERABILITY of the Control Room Emergency Ventilation System ensures that: (1) the ambient air temperature does not exceed the allowable temperature for continuous-duty rating for the equipment and instrumentation cooled by this system, and (2) the control room will remain habitable for operations personnel during and following all credible accident conditions. Operation of the system with the heaters operating to maintain low humidity using automatic control for at least 10 continuous hours in a 31-day period is sufficient to reduce the buildup of moisture on the charcoal adsorbers and HEPA filters. The OPERABILITY of this system in conjunction with control room design provisions is based on limiting the radiation exposure to personnel occupying the control room to 5 rems or less whole body, or its equivalent. This limitation is consistent with the requirements of General Design Criterion 19 of Appendix A, 10 CFR Part 50. ANSI N510-1975 and N510-1980 will be used as procedural guides for surveillance testing. Surveillance testing provides assurance that system and component performances continue to be in accordance with performance specifications for Wolf Creek Unit 1, including applicable parts of ANSI N509-1976.

When determining compliance with action statement requirements, addition to the RCS of boric acid water with a concentration greater than or equal to the minimum required RWST concentration shall not be considered to be a positive reactivity change.

3/4.7.7 EMERGENCY EXHAUST SYSTEM - AUXILIARY BUILDING

The OPERABILITY of the Emergency Exhaust System ensures that radioactive materials leaking from the ECCS equipment within the Auxiliary Building following a LOCA are filtered prior to reaching the environment. Operation of the system with the heaters operating to maintain low humidity for at least 10 continuous hours in a 31-day period is sufficient to reduce the buildup of moisture on the charcoal adsorbers and HEPA filters. The operation of this system and the resultant effect on offsite dosage calculations was assumed in the safety analyses. ANSI N510-1975 and N510-1980 will be used as procedural guides for surveillance testing. The surveillance requirements associated with the HEPA filters, charcoal adsorbers and heaters are stated in 4.9.13.

REFUELING OPERATIONS

BASES

3/4.9.9 CONTAINMENT VENTILATION SYSTEM

The OPERABILITY of this system ensures that the containment purge penetrations will be automatically isolated upon detection of high radiation levels within the containment. The OPERABILITY of this system is required to restrict the release of radioactive material from the containment atmosphere to the environment.

3/4.9.10 and 3/4.9.11 WATER LEVEL - REACTOR VESSEL and STORAGE POOL

The restrictions on minimum water level ensure that sufficient water depth is available to remove 99% of the assumed 10% iodine gap activity released from the rupture of an irradiated fuel assembly. The minimum water depth is consistent with the assumptions of the safety analysis.

3/4.9.12 SPENT FUEL ASSEMBLY STORAGE

The restrictions placed on spent fuel assemblies stored in Region 2 of the spent fuel pool ensure inadvertent criticality will not occur.

3/4.9.13 EMERGENCY EXHAUST SYSTEM - FUEL BUILDING

The limitations on the Emergency Exhaust System ensure that all radioactive material released from an irradiated fuel assembly will be filtered through the HEPA filters and charcoal adsorber prior to discharge to the atmosphere. Operation of the system with the heaters operating to maintain low humidity for at least 10 continuous hours in a 31-day period is sufficient to reduce the buildup of moisture on the adsorbers and HEPA filters. The OPERABILITY of this system and the resulting iodine removal capacity are consistent with the assumptions of the safety analyses. ANSI N510-1975 and N510-1980 will be used as procedural guides for surveillance testing.



UNITED STATES
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WASHINGTON, D.C. 20555-0001

SAFETY EVALUATION BY THE OFFICE OF NUCLEAR REACTOR REGULATION
RELATED TO AMENDMENT NO. 77 TO FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE NO. NPF-42
WOLF CREEK NUCLEAR OPERATING CORPORATION
WOLF CREEK GENERATING STATION
DOCKET NO. 50-482

1.0 INTRODUCTION

By application dated February 24, 1994, Wolf Creek Nuclear Operating Corporation (the licensee) requested changes to the Technical Specifications (Appendix A to Facility Operating License No. NPF-42) for the Wolf Creek Generating Station. The proposed changes would revise TS 4.7.1.2.1.a to require that the turbine-driven and motor-driven auxiliary feedwater pumps be tested at least quarterly on a staggered basis instead of the previously required testing once per 31 days on a staggered basis. The revised surveillance frequency is consistent with the guidance issued in Generic Letter 93-05, "Line-Item Technical Specification Improvements to Reduce Surveillance Requirements for Testing During Power Operation." The proposed changes also include the Bases to TS 3/4.7.7, Emergency Exhaust System - Auxiliary Building, and TS 3/4.9.13, Emergency Exhaust System - Fuel Building, to eliminate the reference to the use of automatic control for the emergency exhaust system heaters.

2.0 BACKGROUND

The NRC has completed a comprehensive examination of surveillance requirements in TS that require testing during power operation. The evaluation is documented in NUREG-1366, "Improvements to Technical Specification Surveillance Requirements," dated December 1992. The staff found that while the majority of testing at power is important, safety can be improved, equipment degradation decreased, and an unnecessary burden on personnel resources eliminated by relaxing a small fraction of the TS testing intervals. Based on the results of the evaluations documented in NUREG-1366, the NRC issued Generic Letter 93-05, "Line-Item Technical Specifications Improvements to Reduce Surveillance Requirements for Testing During Power Operation," dated September 27, 1993.

Section 9.1 of NUREG-1366, discusses the potential advantages of reduced surveillances for the auxiliary feedwater pumps. As noted in the report, although performance of surveillances is an important mechanism in the identification of problems with the auxiliary feedwater pumps, the testing also contributes to the degradation of the pump and system unavailability. The analyses used in the report found that a monthly surveillance test interval may be contributing to auxiliary feedwater (AFW) pump unavailability

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through failures and equipment degradation. The report recommended a change in the testing frequency to a quarterly interval. Another advantage of the quarterly testing is that it is consistent with the requirements of the ASME Code.

The licensee's request to eliminate the words "using automatic control" in the TS Bases for 3/4.7.7 and 3/4.9.13 is a result of problems encountered with the humidity control feature of the emergency exhaust system heaters. The heaters were designed to operate, based on input from a relative humidity sensor, to maintain low humidity of the air entering the emergency filter absorber units. A modification to the fuel building emergency exhaust system was implemented in which the relative humidity sensors were bypassed to allow continuous operation of the heaters whenever the emergency exhaust system fans are operating. A similar modification may be implemented for the auxiliary building emergency exhaust system.

3.0 EVALUATION

The change proposed by the licensee regarding an increase in the auxiliary feedwater system surveillance test interval from monthly to quarterly is consistent with the recommendation in NUREG-1366. In addition to the studies referenced in NUREG-1366, the licensee provided a surveillance history of the auxiliary feedwater pumps at Wolf Creek Generating Station. The operating experience at Wolf Creek was stated to involve no failures of the two (2) motor-driven pumps during 228 tests and five (5) failures of the turbine-driven pump during 132 surveillance tests. The staff finds the operating history of the pumps to be compatible with the recommended surveillance interval in NUREG-1366. Therefore, the staff finds the proposed change to the auxiliary feedwater pumps' surveillance test intervals to be acceptable.

The proposed changes to the Bases of TS 3/4.7.7 and 3/4.9.13 are associated with a completed modification to the fuel building emergency exhaust system and a potential modification to the auxiliary building emergency exhaust system. The change deletes the words "using automatic control" to reflect the bypassing of the relative humidity sensors for heater control. The heaters are used to limit the humidity of air entering the exhaust filters. The design changes involve having the heaters in operation whenever the emergency exhaust systems fans are operating. The modification increases the emergency exhaust system reliability by ensuring the operation of the heaters while the fans are operating, regardless of the humidity level or operability of the humidity sensor. The revised Bases pages have been incorporated into the Wolf Creek Generating Station Technical Specifications.

4.0 STATE CONSULTATION

In accordance with the Commission's regulations, the Kansas State Official was notified of the proposed issuance of the amendment. The State official had no comments.

5.0 ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATION

The amendment changes a surveillance requirement. The NRC staff has determined that the amendment involves no significant increase in the amounts, and no significant change in the types, of any effluents that may be released offsite, and that there is no significant increase in individual or cumulative occupational radiation exposure. The Commission has previously issued a proposed finding that the amendment involves no significant hazards consideration, and there has been no public comment on such finding (59 FR 17610). Accordingly, the amendment meets the eligibility criteria for categorical exclusion set forth in 10 CFR 51.22(c)(9). Pursuant to 10 CFR 51.22(b) no environmental impact statement or environmental assessment need be prepared in connection with the issuance of the amendment.

6.0 CONCLUSION

The Commission has concluded, based on the considerations discussed above, that: (1) there is reasonable assurance that the health and safety of the public will not be endangered by operation in the proposed manner, (2) such activities will be conducted in compliance with the Commission's regulations, and (3) the issuance of the amendment will not be inimical to the common defense and security or to the health and safety of the public.

Principal Contributor: W. Reckley, NRR

Date: August 16, 1994