## Official Transcript of Proceedings

## **NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION**

Title:

Deposition of Phillip L. Reynolds

**Docket Number:** 

50-390-CivP et al.

Location:

Chattanooga, Tennessee

Date:

Thursday, November 8, 2001

Work Order No.:

**NRC-103** 

Pages 1-54

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NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION  + + + + + +  ATOMIC SAFETY AND LICENSING BOARD X  In the Matter of:  : Docket Nos. 50-390-CivP  TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY: 50-327-CivP; 50-328-CivP  (Watts Bar Nuclear Plant, : 50-259-CivP; 50-260-CivP  Unit 1; Sequoyah Nuclear : 50-296-CivP  Plant, Units 1&2; Browns : ASLBP No.  Ferry Nuclear Plant, Units : 01-791-01-CivP  1, 2 & 3) : EA 99-234 X  The deposition of  PHILLIP L. REYNOLDS,  was taken by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, pursuant to Notice, commencing at 12:48 p.m. on Thursday, November 8, 2001 at the offices of Tennessee Valley Authority, Room 9 South, 701 Edney Building,	1	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
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22 11th and Market Streets, Chattanooga, Tennessee.	22	11th and Market Streets, Chattanooga, Tennessee.
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24	24	
25	25	

1	APPEARANCES OF COUNSEL:
2	On behalf of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission:
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1	P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S
2	(12:48 p.m.)
3	MR. DAMBLY: This is a deposition on
4	November 8 in the matter of TVA, Atomic Safety &
5	Licensing Board Panel Number 01-791-01-CivP.
6	Whereupon,
7	PHILLIP L. REYNOLDS
8	appeared as a witness herein and, having been first
9	duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:
10	MR. DAMBLY: It's interesting, I looked
11	one time and did you know the penalties for lying
12	under 1001 are higher than for perjury? If you lie to
13	the government when you're not under oath, it's worse
14	than if you're under oath. I thought that was a
15	little strange.
16	(Laughter.)
17	MR. DAMBLY: They may have corrected that,
18	but go ahead, swear me in, I'll get a shorter time.
19	EXAMINATION
20	BY MR. DAMBLY:
21	Q Would you please state your name for the
22	record?
23	A Phillip L. Reynolds.
24	Q And where are you employed?
25	A I'm employed by the Tennessee Valley

1	Authority in Chattanooga, Tennessee.
2	Q How long have you been with TVA?
3	A I have been with TVA 14 a little more
4	than 14 years.
5	Q You started in
6	A 1987, April 6, 1987.
7	Q And what position did you start at?
8	A I was hired in as a Labor Relations
9	Specialist.
10	Q Good job. And was that here in
11	Chattanooga?
12	A Yes, it was here in Chattanooga.
13	Q Going back, prior to coming to TVA, what's
14	your professional experience?
15	A Prior to coming to work for TVA, in I
16	don't remember the exact months in 1985, I was
17	employed by Arizona Public Service at the Palo Verde
18	Nuclear Generating Station as industrial relations
19	specialist I believe that was the title.
20	Prior to that, in the 1975 or '76 time
21	frame, I was initially employed at the Clinton Nuclear
22	Station for the construction company, which at that
23	time was Baldwin Associates, and I held positions
24	started out in the payroll department and held a
	l

variety of positions and ultimately, my last position

held there was manager of the human resources 1 2 organization for the construction company. 3 Okay. What's your educational background? 4 I have a Bachelor's degree in -- I have a Α 5 double major in social work and psychology from Southern Illinois University. 6 7 That'd be a good thing to have in labor 8 relations. 9 Along with patience. Α 10 Yeah. Okay. You joined what was -- just Q go through your career history at TVA. 11 12 Α Like I said, I joined TVA in 19 --13 April 6, 1987 as a Labor Relations Specialist. 14 spent approximately six months in the Chattanooga 15 office. I was subsequently assigned to the Sequoyah 16 Nuclear Plant in the '88 -- late '87, early '88 time 17 frame. I spent --18 That was labor relations? 0 19 Α Yeah, I was assigned there as a Labor Relations Specialist. In -- gosh, '90, '91 time 20 frame, I was -- changed positions, came to the 21 22 Chattanooga -- back to Chattanooga, was -- I think I was called Manager of Employee Relations. 23 I had the 24 fitness for duty program, equal employment opportunity

program and I had responsibility for Department of

Labor complaints and there may have been something else that I may not remember -- that I don't remember off the top of my head.

I subsequently -- gosh, a year or two later, when they formed what was called the Generating Group, where they combined the nuclear and fossil organizations under Mr. Kingsley at that time, I was named a Manager of Labor Relations for the Generating Group.

Q That's like the '93 time frame?

Yeah, probably. And then in '94 time Α frame, I assumed the responsibilities of -- the called position then was Manager of Employee Relations. I had all the HR activities for the -- the Generating Group split and it went back to just a nuclear group and a fossil group -- and I was Manager of Employee Relations for the nuclear organization and I had -- the sites were a dotted line reporting relationship to me and a hard line relationship to the site vice president, and I had the corporate -- Chattanooga office reporting directly to me.

And then in '95 time frame, I was -became the General Manager of Nuclear Human Resources,
I had safety, training, human resources, labor

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relations reporting to me at that time and I reported to the Chief Nuclear Officer.

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About two years ago, in '98 or so, I was promoted to Vice President of Nuclear Support and I had the whole human resource function, business services, the concerns resolution program and security reporting to me.

And about -- I think in July of this year, I was -- became the Vice President of Operation Support for the Chief Operating Officer's Organization and I have human resources, safety and technical training for the Chief Operating Officer's Organization, which includes fossil, nuclear, transmission, power supply, river systems operations and engineering and then bulk power training and those kinds of things.

Back to when you were the Manager of Employee Relations in Chattanooga in '90, '91, you had fitness for duty and DOL complaints. talking the ERA kind of complaints or anything to do with Department of Labor?

I was the -- at that time, we had a large Α number of -- I think at that time, was it 210s -- we had a large number of 210 complaints. And I came in to help manage through that process.

1 MR. MARQUAND: Other DOL types of 2 complaints are fairly infrequent. BY MR. DAMBLY: 3 In the '94, '95 -- well, even before that 4 0 5 -- when is the first time you worked with Mr. Boyles? 6 Gosh, my first contact with Mr. Boyles was 7 when I went to Sequoyah in that '88 time frame. 8 Boyles was, at that time the organization's name was 9 Employee Concerns Organization. Mr. Boyles was the 10 employee concerns representative at Sequoyah and just 11 because of space, the area they were in, I had an office assigned there also. That's how I first got to 12 13 know him. How about Mr. Easley? 14 0 15 Gosh, I guess I've known Mr. Easley from Α 16 when I first started to work at TVA, I believe he was 17 in the human resource organization at that time. 18 that would have been my first contact. I didn't 19 really get to -- didn't have much interface with him 20 until later on in my career, but you know, knew who 21 Ben was and those kind of things. And how about Mr. McGrath? 22 0 23 You know, I met Mr. McGrath when he Α initially came to work at TVA, you know, kind of 24 25 infrequent contacts beyond that. I mean, he was on --

I don't remember what position he hire in to, but just 1 2 kind of more in a -- not until I came downtown in that 3 '91, '92 time frame did I have much contact with him, so it was more on a professional level than anything. 4 5 And Mr. McArthur or Dr. McArthur? 0 6 You know, it'd be the same kind of 7 scenario, just more or less when I came downtown and if he was here at that point in time. I'm not even 8 9 sure when Mr. McArthur hired in. Okay, how about Mr. Fiser? 10 11 Α I knew Mr. Fiser when -- when I was out at Sequoyah initially in that '88, '89 time frame -- I 12 13 don't know if he was there when I first went out there, but I remember him being out there as a 14 15 chemistry -- either chemistry superintendent or chemistry manager out at the Sequoyah Nuclear Plant 16 and I worked with him out there. So I've known Mr. 17 Fiser since '88, '89 time frame. 18 19 0 Mr. Harvey? 20 I think I've met him once. Α 21 Now at some point, did you become I guess 22 supervisor, manager, whatever, over Boyles and Easley? 23 Α Yes, I did. When was that, which job? 24 Q That would have been when I was the 25 Α

Manager of Employee Relations after the split of the 1 Generating Group, so it would have been I think in 2 3 that '94 time frame that I referred to. 4 Q Okay. 5 Α And I may be off a few months here, but that was the progression of my titles or my jobs, but 6 7 I think '94 time frame seems to --8 Okay, and in the '94 time frame, 0 9 Boyles a direct report to you or was there management 10 in between? 11 He probably would have been a direct Α report to me, I believe. 12 13 MR. MARQUAND: What about Naomi Lindsey? Oh, yeah, that's right. 14 THE WITNESS: 15 I'm trying to think -- Mr. Boyles, at one time, and I 16 don't know the -- I can't tell you the sequences for 17 sure -- at one point in time, I reported to a 18 gentleman who was the Vice President of Employee 19 Relations for the Generating Group. Mr. Boyles was 20 his staff assistant. When I took that job in '95, replacing him, I'm not positive but I believe I had --21 22 there's somebody who filled my old job as Manager of Employee Relations and that position at that point in 23 time in that '95 time frame would have reported to --24

Brent said Naomi Lindsey was in that Manager of

1	Employee Relations and I was the General Manager of
2	Human Resources.
3	Q So Ms. Lindsey would have reported to you
4	
5	A Would have reported to me and then Mr.
6	Boyles would have reported to her.
7	Q And where would Ben Easley have been in
8	that organization?
9	A I believe he probably would have reported
10	to Mr. Boyles at that point in time.
11	Q And Milissa Westbrook, did she report to
12	Boyles or did she have a different
13	A You know, I don't remember the exact time
14	frame, but I know Mr. Boyles had a staff that included
15	Milissa and Ben and Pat Crowe and Debbie Lane and one
16	other person.
17	Q I'm sure, at this point in time, you're
18	aware of Mr. Fiser having filed a couple of DOL
19	complaints.
20	MR. MARQUAND: At what time?
21	MR. DAMBLY: Today oh, yeah.
22	A Yes, sir, I am.
23	MR. DAMBLY: I wasn't talking about '90
24	whatever he had.
25	THE WITNESS: I was involved in his first

1 complaint and his subsequent complaint. BY MR. DAMBLY: 2 3 Okay, so when he filed the one in' 93, you 4 knew about it then. Yes, I did. 5 Α And that was because you had that function 6 0 7 under you, the DOL complaints still or --8 Α Right. Yeah, I had -- you know, I was 9 either in the Employee Relations role or I had the DOL 10 complaints reporting directly to me. So I was aware 11 of the complaint at that point in time. 12 And you were also -- when did you learn 0 '96, would that have been 13 about the sort of 14 contemporaneously also? Yeah, I mean, you know, it would have been 15 Α 16 through the -- I had an individual that worked for me, 17 it was either Kathy Welch or Donna Green, that had a position called Federal Appeals Officer. You know, 18 19 our process was they would get the complaint and 20 they'd come brief me, I'd brief management, I'd go to the IG for their 21 prepare a letter to So it would have been kind of our 22 investigation. normal process about the way we went about things. 23 Okay. Getting back to the '93 complaint, 24

that complaint was settled when TVA made Mr. Fiser an

offer of his position -- the position he was complaining about?

A Yeah, I think , as I remember that complaint, Mr. Fiser had been in a position as chemistry superintendent or chemistry manager at Sequoyah. There was -- I believe there were some issues regarding his performance and being able to improve the chemistry program at Sequoyah. We had a gentleman in the central office named Bill Jocher and we rotated those two individuals -- Mr. Jocher went to Sequoyah and Mr. Fiser came into the Chattanooga area.

In, you know, the time frame is '92, '93, I'm not sure, but we had gone through -- I had talked about when we were down at the enforcement conference, you know, our head count had traveled from about 12,000 people in the '88 time frame to I think today we're at 2900 and some. But you know, every year we were pretty much having some reductions in force and what happened is Mr. Fiser was just rotated and we didn't change, you know, his job descriptions and his duties and when we started to go through the reduction in force, we found him on the wrong position description and I knew I didn't have a very good case in front -- if he filed an MSPB complaint, I wouldn't have a very good case, so we went back and -- and he

subsequently filed a DOL complaint and so I went back 1 2 and recommended to management that we make him an 3 offer of a position, to resolve his issues. The '94 -- I don't know if I should call 4 0 5 it reorg or not -- at some point in the '94 time frame 6 after Mr. Fiser came back as a chemistry program 7 manager, there was a combination I guess of chemistry 8 program manager position and the environmental program 9 into a chemistry and environmental program management. 10 Did you have any involvement in that? 11 Α You know, I wouldn't have been involved in 12 writing position descriptions or posting them. 13 know at one time that we had had the chemistry 14 organization and environmental organization separated 15 and then we combined them and then subsequently in the 16 '96 time frame again, we separated the organizations 17 again. 18 So, I don't know, did I answer your 19 question? 20 You weren't personally involved -- I don't 0 even know, was that just an internal -- that was not 21 22 a RIF or anything, that was just they took -- did 23 anybody lose their job in that '94? 24 Oh, I don't know. It could have, I mean 25 the process you've got to go through is if they are --

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and I may mess the terms up, but if they don't have rights to the position or it's not a transfer, then yeah, at that time we would have issued them a RIF notice and then we would have applications on the jobs and things like that. I don't know the details of what actually occurred, but in general, that's what would have occurred.

Q The question -- within the human resources organization at TVA since you've been involved, particularly in management positions, what kind of training do you provide to incoming HR specialists, labor relation specialists, whatever, you know, within that organization in OPM RIF regulations, that sort of stuff?

A I can speak for my own experience, if that would be helpful to you. When I came to TVA in '87, Mr. Runyan came in sometime shortly after that and being out at Sequoyah, you know, I guess at the end of fiscal year '87 or somewhere in there, Mr. Runyan announced that we were going to have some reductions and we had things like double severance and additional years of credit and stuff like that. And we had to go through a reduction in force. I kind of remember pretty well that all of us were kind of sitting in the office saying, you know, what are we supposed to do.

Because we weren't too sure, because it wasn't a position that TVA had been -- or the folks in that office had been through very often.

You know, we made calls to our attorneys and we learned that process, we read the regulations, you know, we looked at contracts and we went back to our legal staff and labor relations staff and got interpretations. We made some, you know, mistakes. We had a lot of Merit Systems Protection Board complaints filed the first time out at Sequoyah, I think we had something like 150 or something like that.

And then as a result of that, the attorneys -- our Office of General Counsel -- based on the number that we were getting and what the numbers in the future looked like that we were going to continue to go down. I went through a training session with them about how to prepare the MSPB package, what the RIF regulations were, what had to be contained in it and all that. So that's how I got my training.

Most of the people who are here today have been through that training and I only have maybe two or three new folks in the organization, so I've got, you know, kind of the seasoned veterans on hand now

1 that can help people walk through those situations. 2 Hopefully, we won't have any more of those, but you 3 know, I've got some seasoned people who have been 4 through those situations. That's how I learned and we all kind of 5 6 learned as a group together, I would say. 7 I've got to believe Ms. Westbrook is an 0 8 expert because not only has she done it from the 9 employee relations side, but since she's been RIF'd 10 six times, she's got a pretty keen knowledge of --11 Yeah, she's -- I've probably even issued A 12 her one or two. 13 That will certainly get your curiosity up 14 to learn about it. 15 Now jumping right into the good old '96 --16 Α Okav. -- reorg -- '95, '96 reorg, the one that 17 18 resulted ultimately in the second DOL complaint for 19 Mr. Fiser. 20 Α Okay. 21 How did that reorg come about? 0 22 I'm going to have to speak to it from the Α 23 standpoint of where the whole nuclear organization was 24 rather than just a specific job because I had 25 discussions or we as a senior management team had a

lot of discussions about that.

We had been -- I think at that point in time we were getting ready to start Watts Bar. Browns Ferry 3 was complete. The organization had kind of placed itself that it was going to have to move from kind of a construction-driven organization to an operation-driven organization.

In that, you know, in 1988, we had started this series of downsizing, that we had taken the organization from, you know, 11-12,000 -- you know, high 11 to almost 12,000 people, to that point we were maybe around 4000 folks. And we had gone through a tremendous amount of -- well, you know, we had 135 DOL complaints, most of anybody in the country. You know, I was getting 150 to 200 MSPB complaints annually at the locations, I had over 1000 grievances. And if you looked at those in terms of classifying them by what was the cause of them, it was I got RIF'd.

So knowing that you're getting ready to move to an operational, five units operating, you wanted to do -- Oliver and I had a lot of discussions about we had to find ways to stabilize the workforce. We had a new chairman coming on who was concerned about all the letters and the issues that were raised from employees about the instability of the

1 organization and we had been using Tim Martin & 2 Associates to kind of match our staffing numbers up 3 because we had a target to go to like half a person 4 per installed megawatt, was kind of the target we had 5 at that point in time. 6 We decided as a senior management team, 7 this '96, '97 time frame, we're done. No more 8 reductions in force, we're going to be at that point 9 where our workforce is going to be starting to mature 10 and we're going to have to start going the other way, we're going to have to start hiring people. 11 12 So in that, we wanted to look 13 engineering in total, at the corporate office and in 14 site locations. We also had, you know, pretty -- our 15 labor cost was a little out of whack with the rest of 16 the industry and what we'd seen in benchmarks. 17 that was another issue that we were concerned with. So we were looking at engineering, we looking at all 18 19 the corporate office functions and those were probably 20 the two primary areas. And that would have -- you 21 know, that probably involved about 900 folks in those 22 areas, of the engineering and corporate office. 23 Q And that 900 -- not a reduction of 900 but 24 900 --

900 positions that we were taking a look

1 at, that's what I'm saying there. 2 So based on that, Mr. Kingslev said look, we know what the 2000 number are -- and everybody 3 concurred with it, we know where we're going in 2000, 4 you know, let's make this cut now, you know, let's not 5 6 drag this on for another four years. We're moving to 7 the operational side of this organization, we need 8 some stability within our organization and 9 employees need to kind of recover and heal the wounds, 10 so to speak. 11 So with that, we went in and started looking at all the organizations and, you know, where 12 13 we needed to make reductions. I'm thinking like in 14 the Chattanooga area, there was somewhere between 50 15 to 100 employees or positions that were eliminated. That's a ballpark figure, it's somewhere around that. 16 17 And this was -- in '96, if I understood 18 what you said, Mr. Kingsley made the decision to go 19 from what they actually had on board, I guess, to what 20 you wanted in 2000 --21 As close --A 22 --in '96. 0 23 Correct. As close as we could get to the 24 2000 numbers, so we didn't have this continuous -- you 25 know, that we'd have a RIF in '96, another one in '97,

another one in '98, another one in '99, if we didn't 1 2 get to those numbers. He said I've got to stabilize the workforce and everybody agreed with him on that, 3 because we were all kind of tired of going through 4 5 It was some pretty tough times. I was under the impression from the PEC we 6 7 had with Mr. McGrath, that he had the option to come down between '96 and 2000 and he decided for his 8 organization, for the same reasons you just said, that 9 he would do it all at once. But the impression he 10 gave us, from what he told us, he could have spread it 11 12 out, he just didn't want to linger in that, but to do 13 it all at once. That was pretty much the decision that we 14 Α that, 15 had as organization, to do from my an recollection. I remember Oliver getting a lot of heat 16 from the chairman about when are you going to be done, 17 I remember those Board presentations of our 18 Oliver. 19 business plan in there too. Now did you yourself have any -- the 20 organization, that chart at that time, what was your 21 relationship with Mr. McGrath? Were you on the same 22 level, above? 23 I was a direct report to Mr. Kingsley, I 24

think that Mr. McGrath probably would have reported to

1 the senior VP of Nuclear Ops, who would have either 2 been Ike Zeringue or Dan Naumann, I think. 3 reason I'm a little bit vague on that is that Ike came 4 in from Browns Ferry, was senior VP of Nuclear Ops, 5 was here for a short period of time and Oliver sent 6 him up to Watts Bar to help with restart and all that, 7 but -- so Mr. McGrath and I -- he probably reported to 8 the senior VP where I reported to Oliver. 9 Because you were a VP at that point? 0 10 Α No, I was not, I was General Manager. 11 Q General Manager. 12 Α Yes. 13 Was there a VP for HR at that point? 0 14 No, there was not. I was the -- the time Α 15 I took the job, another thing they did within TVA-wide 16 was they reduced the number of officers in the 17 They had about 80 and they went to 35 or company. 18 something like that. 19 0 The 2000 goals, if you will, the numbers 20 that you were going to come down, were those matched 21 up by positions or were they matched up, 22 organization, the chemistry group needs to drop X 23 number, the environmental group needs to drop, rad con 24 needs to drop -- was it that specific or that group?

It was -- and I don't know how familiar

Α

you are with the Tim Martin studies that we had --Is that the Tim Martin that used to be in Region I for the NRC or is it a different Tim Martin? No, this is a different Tim Martin, I think. chemistry, environmental. the maintenance shop

He's a guy out of Virginia that does -- his specialty -- well, in fact, he just went out of business, sold his business. His specialty is he will go in and he'll give you information regarding, you know, plants in the United States, you know, what their staffing levels are overall -- I mean long-term, short-term contractors they may have -- and then he will break it down into functional areas. So it could be into maintenance or maintenance planning or And from that we established -- and what he does is, you know, here's what the average is, here's what the best staffing levels are and then here's what the -- I don't remember the right word he used, but it was kind of like the virtual organization. I mean, if you took from Monticello and the engineering from Browns Ferry and you put this composite together, it had these numbers. Our target was always to get to kind of what the best performing plants and their staffing numbers were. But he would be able to break it down

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1 for you, like in human resources or whatever areas, 2 but it would be a number -- his only separation would 3 primarily be was it admin or clerical 4 professional. You know, it wouldn't go down to how 5 many chemists or how many mechanics and that kind of 6 thing. 7 0 This is an org chart called Nuclear 8 Operations Support, Radiology and Chemistry Control 9 and it's dated 2/13/95 and it says an organization 10 under Mr. Moody and I guess down at the bottom, you've 11 got rad con, chemistry and I forget what the third one 12 is. 13 Environmental, Α rad monitoring and 14 instrumentation. 15 Now in the 2000 numbers, would Q 16 there have been a number for the bottom three groups 17 combined or would it have been broken down into rad 18 con needed to only be so big and chemistry needed to 19 only be so big? Was there discretion in the manager 20 to decide okay, I've got to come down by three, I'll 21 pick one from each or three from one, or do you 22 recall? 23 I don't recall if there were specific 24 numbers for the rad control or the chemistry or There could have been, but I don't 25 environmental.

know off the top of my head. 1 2 Okay, just off the top of your head, do 3 you recall how much discretion individual managers 4 had, I guess not at the first level, but above them, 5 that had more than one --6 I was one of those and I can relate to you 7 my experience. I had a -- in this time frame, I had 8 a staff of about 55. Part of it was driven by what my 9 Tim Martin numbers were and part of it was driven by 10 what my next yr's budget was. So I made decisions 11 that, you know, maybe I'll drop a labor relations 12 person and I'll keep another admin person, you know. 13 Generally a manager had that latitude to make the 14 staffing mix, I guess would be the right word, about 15 what they needed in the organization. 16 If you saw there was going to be -- you 17 were back in the old days and there was going to be a 18 bunch of RIFs, you had the latitude to keep more people that were in that specialty rather than 19 20 something else. 21 Α Right. 22 Okay. With regard to when you're going to 23 do either a -- I guess these were called --24 Α Surplus. -- surplus as opposed to reduction, but 25 Q

1	you followed the same procedures basically?
2	MR. MARQUAND: You mean to identify the
3	people?
4	THE WITNESS: As to who would get a
5	surplus notice?
6	MR. DAMBLY: Right.
7	THE WITNESS: Yes, it's essentially the
8	same process.
9	BY MR. DAMBLY:
10	Q If you had called it a RIF, it wouldn't
11	have affected people differently other than they'd go
12	out the door immediately instead of a year down the
13	road?
14	A I'm not sure I understand the question.
15	Q If you had done a reduction in force ion
16	196
17	A It would have been the same results as the
18	surplus, yes.
19	Q Okay. I mean the difference was the
20	people who didn't end up with a job in the surplus
21	went to TVA Services for a year; if it was a reduction
22	in force, they would have gone 30 days I guess or 60
23	out the door.
24	A Yeah. Employees had an opportunity to
. 25	extend their employment if they wished to.
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1	Q Now within the organization
2	A Within the Department of Human Resources?
3	Q Well, the group that was downsizing,
4	Nuclear I guess is what we were calling it. I guess
5	you split back into, at this point,
6	A At the time this happened, I was the
7	General Manager of Nuclear Human Resources.
8	Q Okay, and well, I'm looking at
9	Milissa's notes and at that point, the nuclear
10	organization had there wasn't one generating group,
11	you were back to nuclear
12	A No.
13	Q For this reorganization, the process, who
14	makes decisions on who made decisions on new
15	positions that needed to be posted versus
16	interchangeable positions for which you'd go through
17	the register that process?
18	A The individual human resource officers,
19	like Milissa Westbrook, were the ones who would make
20	that determination.
21	Q And did you get involved in those
22	decisions?
23	A I got involved in one.
24	Q Mr. Fiser?
25	A No, actually I wasn't involved in Mr.

Fiser's -- after the fact, I was of course. 1 2 Oh, you're talking about Mr. McArthur's? 3 Α Mr. McArthur's. I was briefed by Mr. 4 Boyles and Mr. Easley on that. 5 Okav. And why did you end up involved in 0 6 that one? 7 It was a fairly high profile, senior Α manager position, there had been -- you know, I 8 9 believe at that time, in the -- you know, at the time he'd went through that job, there was a lot of turmoil 10 11 in the chemistry organization and Mr. Fiser had filed a complaint -- had filed previous complaints and 12 13 things like that, but primarily because it was a senior manager position, they came to me with the 14 15 recommendation and Ι concurred with their recommendation on it. 16 17 What was their recommendation? They had -- and I may be off on years 18 Α here, but I think I can explain the sequence -- in the 19 early '90 time frame, Mr. McArthur had had a position 20 that included chemistry, environmental, had security 21 in it and maybe industrial safety and something else, 22 I don't remember exactly what it was. But there had 23 24 been -- I think maybe it was '91 -- and that was kind 25 of his job position of record. And you know, he'd

held that job for a period of time and then we had split chemistry and rad con and I can't tell you if he was -- maybe he was in rad con, I think, and then when we recombined it in this reorganization, Mr. Easley had researched it and found that Mr. McArthur's position description had never changed and based on the advice that -- I'm talking about the advice from Mr. Easley and my concurrence with his and Mr. Boyles' decision, that if we ran a RIF and called this new -called this position that was going into the organization as chemistry and rad con manager, that they felt like because of Mr. McArthur's previous job description and his job description of record, he had rights to that position. If you could explain for me -- because

If you could explain for me -- because I've heard that before and I appreciate it, I just don't understand. In the TVA organization, is this a function of the fact that either there never was a position description written for I guess the radiological control manager job that he was in or is it a function that if you held this one job before and it came back into being, you had some kind of rights?

A It was because there was -- excuse me -- a screw up. When he left that original position and went into -- and I don't remember the sequence, if it

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was rad con manager -- my folks should have written him or had a new position description -- you know, one of these documents -- prepared for him, he signed off on it and his supervisor signed off on it. They didn't do that and they messed up. So we didn't do our job very well.

Q I guess, you know, one of the questions is was there ever a PD written for that job, because I think, at least if my memory is correct, Mr. McArthur thought there was one and somehow it was not there. He did get performance -- I got at least one performance appraisal for him with elements and standards for a director of radiological control.

A Uh-huh.

Q How would one have elements and standards in a performance appraisal for a job that they weren't in, I guess?

A I'm trying to -- what happened is when he moved into that new position, we should have written him a job. I think -- I don't know who his -- I can't read the initials, so I can't tell you who he was reporting to at that time -- at this time. But they assigned objectives in a performance appraisal and assigned him those things to do during the year. I mean I don't -- in my opinion as a human resource

1 person, if I got a position -- if I had a performance 2 appraisal that was just essentially a regurgitation of 3 the employee's position description, it's probably not 4 a very good performance appraisal, because you give an 5 employee broad and general things to do and then you 6 get specific things you want to work on that year and 7 goals that you want to achieve, and you know, projects to take forward. And those are the kinds of things 8 9 that you ought to be evaluating somebody on an annual basis -- if that makes sense. 10 11 MR. MARQUAND: In other words, people were 1.2 given assignments much more specific than is stated in 13 the position description. BY MR. DAMBLY: 14 15 Although for those who are under OPM, I 16 think the elements and standards are supposed to flow 17 from the duties of the position, which is supposed to 18 flow from the PD. If somebody developed elements and 19 standards for a job -- I guess one question I've got 20 then, back when Mr. McArthur -- in an earlier org 21 chart -- you guys provided us a lot of org charts, which is helpful --22 23 We used to have a lot of them. Α

find the one for when Mr. McArthur had the -- Dr.

This must be the post -- I'm trying to

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32 1 McArthur had the -- I think he had rad con under him 2 in '90. Was there a person that was like the rad con 3 control manager under Mr. McArthur back in '90, '91 4 time frame? I thought I had a chart with that on it. 5 I have no idea. 6 The reason I was asking the question is if 0 7 you had a person -- when Dr. McArthur had this manager 8 technical programs that had the functions under it 9 that he then re-inherited I guess in '96 and under 10 that technical program manager, there was a rad 11 control manager with similar duties to the 12 responsibilities that Dr. McArthur had when he was rad 13 control manager, would your process be to get that PD 14 and say this is the PD for the position, or do you 15 guys have -- each individual has to have a PD assigned

control manager, would your process be to get that PD and say this is the PD for the position, or do you guys have -- each individual has to have a PD assigned to their name somehow, with their name written on it?

I mean we would have a generic grade 15 attorney position and if you don't -- if you get promoted to a

15, that's your PD. We didn't put it in your file, so

you don't have one. I don't know if I'm being clear.

A I think I understand.

MR. MARQUAND: I'm not sure I understand and I'm not sure the record is clear what the question is.

BY MR. DAMBLY:

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Do you have generic PDs? 1 0 2 At that point in time, I had probably 3 close to 15-1600 managers in the organization. I also 4 had close to 15 to 1600 individualized position 5 descriptions. I now have about 1000 managers in the organization and I now have 300. 6 7 So my response to your question is every 8 person had a PD that was written for when they took 9 the job or when they were in the job, so they were 10 individualized, they were not, you know, a generic, 11 you are a manager in nuclear power position. were individualized. Does that answer the question? 12 13 0 Yes. 14 Α Very good. 15 Back in that time frame when you were 0 16 doing like the reduction for '96, I think OPM has booklets and whatever in which they suggest that if 17 18 you're going to do a RIF, you do some preplanning and 19 make sure employee records are accurate and things 20 like that, if that's what you're going to use as your basis for -- did TVA do any of those kinds of 21 22 activities? I am not aware of us doing any preplanning 23 Α or activities, I the -- I'm not aware of any, no. 24

And I take it, because I've heard

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it from Mr. Marquand a few times, TVA's position is with Dr. McArthur that even though he clearly was not in the position of manager, technical programs in 1996, he was the rad con manager, and he clearly had a PD that had nothing to do with his job, was not his job, that somehow in determining what official position he's in, you have to use something that you know is wrong as the basis for making those kinds of decisions.

I had to use what would be considered -if I'd gone in front of a Merit Systems Protection
Board judge, you know, my experience there had been
that they didn't really care what an individual did,
they took me back to what was their official position
on record contained in their personal history record.
So based on that decision, you know that's -- I don't
know if that's the one -- but that technical programs
manager and the recommendation from Mr. Easley and Mr.
Boyles was, you know, we feel this is his position of
record, be tough to defend anything else, we think he
has rights to the job. You know, I discussed it with
them and I concurred with them.

Q Okay. Now were you also involved in a comparison of the duties in this technical program manager job and the corporate radiological and

chemical manager -- chemistry control manager job to 1 2 determine they were interchangeable? 3 Α Is that the --4 0 The old one and the one that he got. 5 Α I did not go down and go through line by line on each one of the PDs, I relied on -- Mr. Boyles 6 7 and Mr. Easley had done the comparison and looked it. 8 I discussed their recommendation but I didn't go 9 through the individual PDs, no. 10 Do you, in your position, in dealing with 11 your subordinates, is there a difference in how you 12 view, for interchangeability purposes, management 13 positions and human manager positions -- people 14 managers as opposed to a technical manager? Dr. McArthur managed 15 Fiser versus Dr. McArthur. 16 people, Fiser managed chemistry Mr. programs, 17 environmental programs. It says manager but he didn't 18 manage anybody. 19 Uh-huh. Α 20 Managed a technical program. you're making interchangeability determinations, is 21 22 there a difference in how one would look at the job description and the duties that are listed and how 23 much direct connect there would have to be between the 24 25 PDs for a technical manager versus a people manager?

Α My response to you would be that review of a senior manager who is managing three or four functional areas versus a review that you would do over a manager who is managing a programmatic area, that the review you conduct would be -- you know, is more functional, managing the rad con area, managing the rad con area. I mean it would be manages or provides advice on BWR chemistry issues, provides advice on BWR chemistry issues. It's more of a functional analysis that you do in job-related activities rather than saying that because they manage people, it's different. I mean, I think that the analysis that you do and how you make a determination are the same.

Q Maybe boiled down to its essence, would TVA or would you take the position if you manage an organization, let's say you're at X level and you've got four direct reports and they cover three or four technical areas and there's another position that's been created that's at the same level as the one this person is in and it has two of the same and two different technical areas, would you take the position that a manager can manage both and managers are basically fungible across at a certain level; or if you are managing rad con in one place and then there

was a chemistry opened up, would you say no, then you can't do that? I mean, do you look at managers as basically fungible or do they have to be managing the same functions for it to be --

Α Functional areas -- if I can expound. You know, I've got a situation going on right now where I have -- we are looking in the nuclear organization, where I have a business service manager and we are taking a look at moving the -- combining our business services which does all our budgeting and tracks against how much we're spending on work orders and all that, and combining or bringing into that organization our corrective action program, you know, more from the analysis part of it -- what pieces of equipment are breaking on a continuous basis and where we're writing corrective actions for. I'm having the same discussions today in that -- does John Walker, a manager of business services -- if I move the corrective action program over there, have I created a new job or is it a job that needs to be -- it's a vacant job and I need to do some kind of selection for that position.

So I'm going through that issue right now with that job. Does that make sense?

Q It'd be helpful if you tell me what your

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decision is, but --

A I haven't made it yet because I'm not sure.

Q Okay.

A And another one of the factors entering that is that, you know, it really doesn't change the market price of the job, it's not changing the grade level, so to speak, but we're sitting here really struggling with this issue; you know, is this a new job or is it not a new job. And if it's not a new job, then I think John Walker has rights to it, but if it is a new job, then I'm probably going to be in a senior management selection arena.

Q And it's not like this is any secret because I think I asked these questions at the PEC, but if you compare McArthur's '90 job and McArthur's '96 job, there's a lot of -- several significant, I guess, areas that he had maybe in '90 that he doesn't have and some that he didn't have in '90 that he does in '96. Certainly there's no one-for-one by any stretch. In fact, a comparison, quite frankly, of Fiser's environmental -- chemistry and environmental manager and chemistry management positions are a whole lot closer.

A Yeah, I guess one thing we looked at in

that is that when Mr. Fiser, when I offered him the position in that '93 time frame for chemistry manager's position and then we subsequently combined chemistry and environmental, we made a determination at that time that those jobs probably ought to be posted, because we thought they'd changed enough.

Mr. Fiser applied on one of those positions and was selected and then -- you know, so we do the reverse, we go back and split them again and you kind of go back and say well, you know, when you combined them, you said they'd changed enough that you had to post it, so you're splitting them, you probably ought to post them again.

Q And I guess the one question I asked before and you didn't know and I don't know, maybe Brent does, when you combined them in '94 and all the people had to then apply for them, if you combined say three chemistry program manager positions and one environmental program manager position and made four chemistry and environmental program manager positions, there was nobody really left out, you had four people and four jobs and you posted it, might have been a different situation than if you had five and were going to four or three, because somebody is going to be odd man out. I don't know if that was involved in

1 '94 or not. 2 MR. MARQUAND: I think we gave you that 3 selection package and you could determine how many 4 people applied who weren't selected. 5 MR. DAMBLY: In '94. 6 MR. MARQUAND: And that would show you the 7 odd man out. 8 THE WITNESS: I don't remember that. 9 BY MR. DAMBLY: 10 Do y'all have any rule of thumb you use as 11 to what percentage of duties would have to stay the 12 same for a position to be interchangeable? 13 You know, my rule of thumb has been it has 14 to be the preponderance. For me to give you a 15 percentage, you know, I've never worked from a 75 or 16 60 percent or anything like that. I've had a rule 17 that it has to be a preponderance and bounce it off 18 your peers and make sure they think it's 19 interchangeable also. You know, always when in doubt, 20 talk to your attorneys too. 21 0 Dangerous thing to do. 22 MR. MARQUAND: Dangerous for the attorneys 23 too. 24 THE WITNESS: You know, I've spent two

days with these guys now, so I can't talk to bad about

when

1 them. 2 MR. DAMBLY: Particularly 3 preponderance, at least in the sense we normally use 4 it, is anything over 50 percent. 5 BY MR. DAMBLY: So I'm assuming you're not meaning if 6 7 you've got more than 50 percent, that that's a 8 preponderance. 9 I'm sorry, if there's more --10 If there's a similarity, if there's a 11 tracking of duties from one position to the other and 12 from the old position to the new, more than 40 percent 13 of the duties come over, that's not what you're 14 talking about for preponderance? 15 Yeah, I wouldn't sit there and say, you Α 16 know, it's 50.7 percent that makes it preponderance, 17 I think it needs to be -- you know, and I understand that my judgment on that can be overturned too, like 18

> in MSPB, but you know, we've tried to see where there was a clear correlation and a preponderance of the duties moved with the new job. Maybe along those lines, when you look at a PD and you do a comparison between two PDs, do you assume in that comparison that each function listed -say he's got 10 responsibilities, do you assume that **NEAL R. GROSS COURT REPORTERS AND TRANSCRIBERS** 1323 RHODE ISLAND AVE., N.W. WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005-3701 (202) 234-4433

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each one is 10 percent of the job? 1 No, I don't. I mean it depends on -- I'll 2 3 give you a good example, the guy who took my job as Vice President of Nuclear Support has security 4 5 business services. You know, securities right now is 6 more than 10 percent of his job. 7 I'd be willing to bet that, yeah. So I mean, it can fluctuate in terms of 8 Α 9 that, but you know, just because there's 10 items 10 listed on it -- because, number 10 is probably going 11 to be other duties as assigned, you know, I wouldn't 12 say that there's a numerical value of 10 percent for 13 10 activities to make 100 percent. 14 MR. MAROUAND: And it may be -- you've 15 been focusing on the identity of functions between the 16 two job descriptions, it may be that there may be a function of one of the job descriptions that is so 17 much weightier or something else that it throws it 18 19 apart. 20 MS. EUCHNER: But how would you know that? 21 MR. MARQUAND: That's why you go to the 22 specialist. MR. DAMBLY: How would the HR person know 23 24 who -- I mean what percentage of the time a given 25 individual is putting on this duty versus this duty,

which is -- there's clear testimony, I'm sure you're aware, that in spite of the fact that there was some desire to put environmental and chemical together, or chemistry together, the three guys who had been doing the chemistry did 95 percent of the time chemistry and five percent environmental, and the guy who was doing environmental did almost full time environmental and very little chemistry. So in point of fact, you know, there's testimony in the record that Mr. Fiser was spending 95 percent of the time on chemistry, which would seem to be a preponderance. If you're weighting actually what the job description was having him do, by anybody's definition, 95 percent is going to come out a preponderance.

A Uh-huh.

Q I mean how is the HR specialist supposed to know whether that's the case or --

A Where they're spending their time at, is that the question? You know, the HR folks are assigned areas -- just like in this case, Mr. Easley was assigned the chemistry and environmental organization. He had other duties, I can't tell you what they were off the top of my head, but they have a fairly close working relationship with those organizations and have a pretty -- I mean, you know,

we work with them on doing salary adjustments to disciplinary letters to performance appraisals to helping them write new job descriptions. So they have a pretty good feel of their organization in terms of, you know, where people are spending their time and those kind of things. I mean, you know, there's no kind of guide chart that says are they spending this, it's a -- human resource work in some respects is a little bit of an art -- some science.

Q Is it true, as we've been told, that when they did this combination back in '94 that resulted first in the combined chemistry and environmental, that that was basically almost a training or a hopeful that you could cross pollinate the two groups into all being able to do everything?

A I don't know if it was that or not. I mean, I think it was, you know -- it was also part of staff sizes are coming down, we've got to find a way to do more with less people, let's combine some areas and see if they can perform those duties. But, you know, in terms of making one out of two, I don't know the answer to that, the discussion.

Q You were not involved at all, I take it, in the actual selection process in '96 for the new position that Mr. Fiser --

1 Α No, I was not. I'm rarely involved in the 2 selection process, because I've got lots of them going 3 on all the time. 4 And that's a lucky thing for you, I'm 5 sure. With respect to TVA policy, is there any 6 difference in posting for PG-1 through 11 positions 7 and the PG-senior positions? 8 Α At this point in time or --9 O Well, back in the '94 through '96 time 10 frame. 11 Α There was a -- and I'm not sure if it was 12 a lawsuit or a settlement or whatever, but anyway, 13 there was an individual by the name of Wes Molly, who, 14 through whatever, and it may have been a lawsuit, 15 claimed that minorities were not getting proper 16 opportunities for advancement in the organization. 17 TVA sent out a -- it became a TVA policy, initially I 18 believe, to post all positions 1 through 8 -- pay 19 grade 1 through pay grade 8. Some time after that, 20 they had a revision to that where they said let's --21 we're now going to post all vacant positions 1 through 22 senior level, so it excluded the officer level and 23 that kind of thing. That's what I'm familiar with. 24 Okay. There wasn't anything that said we 25 have more leeway on posting senior positions than 1

1	through 11 positions?
2	MR. MARQUAND: What he's saying is
3	originally there was.
4	A Originally it was just 1 through 8.
5	Subsequently it went to 1 through seniors. Now was
6	there any leeway?
7	Q The subsequently occurred before '94? I
8	think the memo went out in '93.
9	A I don't know for sure. I mean I know
10	there were a sequence of events that it was 1 through
11	8 and then it was 1 through senior and time frames
12	that it occurred, I don't know.
13	Q Let me show you a document that you signed
14	or approved.
15	A Okay. Business practice.
16	Q Business practice dated '93 that says 1
17	through senior.
18	A Okay, yeah, all vacant permanent, i.e.,
19	duration of one year or longer, PG-1 through senior
20	management and specialist positions must be posted for
21	not less than seven working days TVA-wide prior to
22	being filled. Okay.
23	MR. MARQUAND: Now this isn't a TVA
24	policy, this is a TVA Nuclear business practice.
25	MR. DAMBLY: Okay, but that's

1 THE WITNESS: Yeah, but it was generated 2 as a result of a TVA-wide document that was sent out. 3 BY MR. DAMBLY: But this was the controlling business 4 5 practice in the '94, '95 time frame, '96 time frame 6 for what had to be posted. 7 Α Yeah. 8 0 Back in the '96 reorg, how many people did 9 you have working for you and how many did you have to 10 cut through a RIF? 11 I seem to think I had approximately -- in 12 the Chattanooga office, I had about 35 and I took that 13 down to about 17, somewhere in there. 14 Okay, and that was all done one time? 15 There wasn't a series of RIFs? 16 I believe so -- you know, I'll tell you 17 this, when I took over the organization in that '95 18 time frame, when I became General Manager, I had about 19 55 folks, so I'd taken it from 55 down to ultimately 20 that 17. So that went a bit in the '95 time frame and then '96, '97, I took it from like 35 to 17. I think 21 22 that's when Ms. Westbrook got one of her letters. 23 Nowadays people have an excuse for not 24 opening their mail, so that's --25 Okay, going to the '96 chemistry position

1 and Mr. Fiser's DOL complaint --2 Α Okay. 3 -- after you heard that he'd filed it --4 actually I think, if I remember correctly, he told Mr. 5 Easley or Mr. Boyles that if they posted that 6 position, he was going to file one. Did anybody come 7 and talk to you about that before he actually filed? 8 Α I don't know if they did or not. They may 9 have, but, you know, I don't know. 10 Did you have any involvement, either then 11 or when he actually filed it, with the people involved 12 in making the selection and the selection review 13 board, whatever, somehow through Mr. Easley or Mr. 14 Boyles, in making sure they did things right? Did you 15 give any directions to be especially careful? 16 No, I didn't give them any directions to 17 be especially careful. The -- I went through the 18 packages after the filing of the complaint and looked 19 at the information. But I would expect -- you know, my 20 expectations and I think if you talked to any of my 21 folks, they'd tell you this -- is that I've only got 22 one kind of rule, you'd better do the right thing. 23 And I have and to this day have a lot of confidence in 24 the integrity of Mr. Boyles and Mr. Easley that they 25 would do the right thing.

1 I think awhile back when we were talking 0 2 about Dr. McArthur's position, you indicated that 3 Boyles and Easley came to you and recommended that he 4 was entitled to roll over. 5 Α Yes, that's true. 6 0 for some reason. I'm under 7 impression that Mr. Easley disagreed and thought that 8 position should be posted. Had that been somehow 9 resolved before they talked to you? 10 A When -- you know, I can remember -- I was 11 sitting on the sixth floor at Lookout Place over there 12 and I remember sitting in Mr. Boyles' office one day and he and Mr. Easley talking to me about it. 13 14 concurred with their decision and it has only been 15 since we've gone through these proceedings and, you 16 know, even the enforcement conference, was I aware 17 that Mr. Easley ever said anything that this job 18 should not be posted. I'll tell you this, he never 19 came to me and said, you know, this is wrong, we 20 should post this job, or any of that. 21 Okay. Were you involved in setting up the 22 TVA Services Organization at all? 23 Α No. I mean I had briefings on it and 24 things like that, but I was not involved in its 25 interworkings or where it was located or any of that

1 stuff.

Q I had I guess the impression from a more recent conference that there was union involvement in setting that up, there was a negotiated process, is that --

A As I recall, there was some discussions with the unions and negotiations with them regarding the establishment of a services organization and this issue of surplussing people into it and the one year period of time and the options. You know, any time you're affecting terms and conditions of employment, you have to sit down and talk to the union. So I wasn't involved in those discussions, but yeah, there was discussions. I would get briefings on what was going on with that.

Q It just occurred to me a minute ago -- is TVA Services or was TVA Services Organization -- did that -- did people from both the nuclear side and the non-nuclear side end up there or was it a function of the nuclear part of TVA?

A No, it was applicable to all TVA organizations. The initial what we called employee transition program was initially run out of the corporate human resource organization and then they set up kind of a separate services organization but

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I'm not even sure where it reported out of, but it was where whether you were nuclear or fossil or transmission or river ops person, you went to the TVA Services Organization.

Q Okay. The '96 complaint that Mr. Fiser filed, if I understand correctly, at some point, you offered him the chemical program manager PWR position in settlement?

I don't know if he had filed the complaint or not at that point in time, he may have. I had had some ongoing -- like I said, I knew Gary from back in the chemistry organization, I had worked with him on settling the other one, I always felt like I had a pretty good rapport with him. He came by to see me or we met, I don't know if I told him to come see me or whatever, but he and I met and, you know, just kind of general discussions and we were under -- you know, as you probably well know, we were under a lot of scrutiny from the NRC because we had so many DOL complaints. And you know, I'd go down to Atlanta for these enforcement conferences and what have you done to try to settle these and resolve these complaints. And we had hired an individual who was kind of reporting to the Board but working with Mr. Kingsley -- Hudson Reagan -- that was a special advisor on

these complaints, and these kind of things. And we took a posture that our first objective was to try to resolve them. I think the NRC had also kind of changed the -- or was looking at changing what became escalated actions and some of those things and did you try to mitigate it and all that.

So at that point in time, my mode of operations was if I can get in there and try to settle the case, whether I'm right, wrong or indifferent, go do it. And I went and discussed the issue with Mr. Kingsley, you know, so I could get approval to do it, and he said, you know, Phil, if it'll keep us from getting -- if we can resolve a complaint, let's try and do it, let's go ahead and offer him a position and see what happens. So yeah, I did offer him a position as a chemistry program manager, I don't know if it was PWR or what, but yeah, in the chemistry organization, working back in his job to try to resolve his complaint.

O Now --

A I'll tell you what, I don't think that was contingent upon him resolving the complaint, I think I just offered him a job, quite frankly. I didn't have a settlement agreement or anything like that.

MR. MARQUAND: It was not a settlement.

1	THE WITNESS: I just offered him a job.
2	BY MR. DAMBLY:
3	Q And was this before the selection of
4	Harvey was made?
5	A Gosh it was after. Because he was
6	headed to the services organization and we were having
7	some discussions with him about how much severance and
8	he had made a monetary offer to me of, gosh, you know,
9	quite a bit of money and years of service credit and
10	things that I was not able to do. So I offered him a
11	job, yeah.
12	Q If he had taken the offer, what were y'all
13	going to do with Harvey? Or were you planning to
14	carry an extra position?
15	A I was at that point, we were planning
16	on just carrying an extra position.
17	Q Oh, okay.
18	MR. MARQUAND: Counsel, you realize I've
19	let you inquire about that, but I would object if you
20	attempted to offer that at trial.
21	MR. DAMBLY: Yeah, I appreciate that.
22	Although I guess now since he said it wasn't an offer
23	of settlement, I guess you wouldn't have much of a
24	basis to object.
25	MR. MARQUAND: It'd be the same as Rule

1	404, it's not a settlement offer.
2	(Brief pause.)
3	MR. DAMBLY: It looks like we may well be
4	finished. Let's take a quick minute.
5	(Brief pause.)
6	MR. DAMBLY: We're finished.
7	(Whereupon, the deposition was concluded
8	at 2:09 p.m.)
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