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June 12, 2002 JAFP-02-0125

United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission Attn: Document Control Desk Mail Stop O-P1-17 Washington, D.C. 20555

Subject: James A. FitzPatrick Nuclear Power Plant Docket No. 50-333 License No. DPR-59

> Certification of Technical Specification and Technical Specification Bases Pages (License Amendment) as part of the Conversion to Improved Standard Technical Specifications

References: see last page of letter

Dear Sir,

This letter transmits a complete set of Technical Specification (TS) and TS Bases pages, which incorporates the initial TS submittal and all subsequent revisions (as provided in the list of references) for the conversion of the current Technical Specifications (CTS) to the Improved Technical Specifications (ITS), consistent with the Improved Standard Technical Specifications (NUREG-1433, Revision 1). Per the NRC Staff's request in Reference 9, Attachment 1 contains a certification that the TS and TS Bases provided in Attachment 2 are consistent with the original conversion submittal and associated revisions.

There are no new commitments contained in this letter. Should you have any questions, please contact Mr. Andrew Halliday at (315) 349-6055.

Very Truly Yours,

T. A. Sullivan // Vice President, Operations - JAF

Attachments: 1) Certification of the TS and TS Bases 2) Complete Set of TS and TS Bases Pages United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission Attn: Document Control Desk

Subject: Certification of Technical Specification and Technical Specification Bases Pages (License Amendment) as part of the Conversion to Improved Standard Technical Specifications

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cc:

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References:

- 1. NYPA letter, J. Knubel to USNRC Document Control Desk, Proposed Technical Specification Change (License Amendment) Conversion to Improved Standard Technical Specifications (JPN-99-008), dated March 31, 1999 (TAC No. MA5049)
- 2. NYPA letter, J. Knubel to USNRC Document Control Desk, Revision B to Proposed Technical Specification Change (License Amendment) Conversion to Improved Standard Technical Specifications (JPN-99-018), dated June 1, 1999
- 3. NYPA letter, Michael J. Colomb to USNRC Document Control Desk, Revision C to Proposed Technical Specification Change (License Amendment) Conversion to Improved Standard Technical Specifications (JAFP-99-0278), dated October 14, 1999
- 4. Entergy Nuclear Northeast letter, T. A. Sullivan to USNRC Document Control Desk, Revisions D, E, F, G, and H to Proposed Technical Specification Change (License Amendment) Conversion to Improved Standard Technical Specifications (JAFP-01-0133), dated May 31, 2001
- 5. Entergy Nuclear Northeast letter, T. A. Sullivan to USNRC Document Control Desk, Revision I to Proposed Technical Specification Change (License Amendment) Conversion to Improved Standard Technical Specifications (JAFP-01-0234), dated October 18, 2001
- 6. Entergy Nuclear Northeast letter, T. A. Sullivan to USNRC Document Control Desk, James A. FitzPatrick (JAF) Improved Technical Specifications (ITS) Submittal (JAFP-02-0029), dated February 6, 2002
- 7. Entergy Nuclear Northeast letter, T. A. Sullivan to USNRC Document Control Desk, Revision J to Proposed Technical Specification Change (License Amendment) Conversion to Improved Standard Technical Specifications (JAFP-02-0098), dated April 26, 2002
- 8. Entergy Nuclear Northeast letter, T. A. Sullivan to USNRC Document Control Desk, Revision K to Proposed Technical Specification Change (License Amendment) Conversion to Improved Standard Technical Specifications (JAFP-02-0124), dated June 11, 2002
- USNRC to Mr. Michael Kansler, Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc., Draft Safety Evaluation Regarding Proposed Conversion to Improved Standard Technical Specifications – James A. FitzPatrick Nuclear Power Plant, dated November 7, 2001

ATTACHMENT 1

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BEFORE THE UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

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In the Matter of Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc. James A. FitzPatrick Nuclear Power Plant

Docket No. 50-333

CERTIFICATION

Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc. certifies that the attached TS and TS Bases pages (Attachment 2), are consistent with the initial ITS submittal and all subsequent revisions (as provided in the list of references) for the conversion of the CTS to the ITS.

This application is filed in accordance with Section 10 CFR 50.90 of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission's regulations.

This application for amendment to the FitzPatrick Technical Specifications is consistent with the Improved Standard Technical Specifications (ISTS) in NUREG-1433, Revision 1, dated April 1995. The proposed license amendment request was prepared considering the guidance of Nuclear Energy Institute (NEI) NEI 96-06, "Improved Technical Specifications Conversion Guidance," dated August 1996.

Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc.

T. A. Sullivan Vice President, Operations-JAF

STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF OSWEGO Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12^{14} day of June 2002.

Notary Public

Barbara V. Page Notary Public-State of NY Oswego County / #01PA4602516 Comm. Expires <u>4/30/2006</u>

ATTACHMENT 2

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1.0 USE AND APPLICATION

1.1 Definitions

The defined terms of this section appear in capitalized type and are applicable throughout these Technical Specifications and Bases.				
Term	Definition			
ACTIONS	ACTIONS shall be that part of a Specification that prescribes Required Actions to be taken under designated Conditions within specified Completion Times.			
AVERAGE PLANAR LINEAR HEAT GENERATION RATE (APLHGR)	The APLHGR shall be applicable to a specific planar height and is equal to the sum of the heat generation rate per unit length of fuel rod for all the fuel rods in the specified assembly at the specified height divided by the number of fuel rods in the fuel assembly at the height.			
CHANNEL CALIBRATION	A CHANNEL CALIBRATION shall be the adjustment, as necessary, of the channel output such that it responds within the necessary range and accuracy to known values of the parameter that the channel monitors. The CHANNEL CALIBRATION shall encompass all devices in the channel required for channel OPERABILITY and the CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST. Calibration of instrument channels with resistance temperature detector (RTD) or thermocouple sensors may consist of an inplace qualitative assessment of sensor behavior and normal calibration of the remaining adjustable devices in the channel. The CHANNEL CALIBRATION may be performed by means of any series of sequential, overlapping, or total channel steps.			
CHANNEL CHECK	A CHANNEL CHECK shall be the qualitative assessment, by observation, of channel behavior during operation. This determination shall include, where possible, comparison of the channel indication and status to other indications or status derived from independent instrument channels measuring the same parameter.			

CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST	A CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST shall be the injection of a simulated or actual signal into the channel as close to the sensor as practicable to verify OPERABILITY of all devices in the channel required for channel OPERABILITY. The CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST may be performed by means of any series of sequential, overlapping, or total channel steps.	
CORE ALTERATION	CORE ALTERATION shall be the movement of any fuel, sources, or reactivity control components within the reactor vessel with the vessel head removed and fuel in the vessel. The following exceptions are not considered to be CORE ALTERATIONS:	
	 Movement of source range monitors, local power range monitors, intermediate range monitors, traversing incore probes, or special movable detectors (including undervessel replacement); and 	
	b. Control rod movement, provided there are no fuel assemblies in the associated core cell.	
	Suspension of CORE ALTERATIONS shall not preclude completion of movement of a component to a safe position.	
CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (COLR)	The COLR is the plant specific document that provides cycle specific parameter limits for the current reload cycle. These cycle specific limits shall be determined for each reload cycle in accordance with Specification 5.6.5. Plant operation within these limits is addressed in individual Specifications.	
DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131	DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 shall be that concentration of I-131 (microcuries/gram) that alone would produce the same thyroid dose as the quantity and isotopic mixture of I-131, I-132, I-133, I-134, and I-135 actually present. The thyroid dose conversion factors used for this calculation shall be those listed in International Commission on Radiological Protection Publication 30 (ICRP-30), "Limits for Intake by Workers," or in NRC Regulatory Guide 1.109, Rev. 1, 1977.	

ISOLATION INSTRUMENTATION RESPONSE TIME	The ISOLATION INSTRUMENTATION RESPONSE TIME shall be that time interval from when the monitored parameter exceeds its isolation initiation setpoint at the channel sensor until the isolation valve receives the isolation signal (e.g., de- energization of the main steam isolation valve solenoids). The response time may be measured by means of any series of sequential, overlapping, or total steps so that the entire response time is measured. In lieu of measurement, response time may be verified for selected components provided that the components and methodology for verification have been previously reviewed and approved by the NRC.	
LEAKAGE	LEA	KAGE shall be:
	a.	Identified LEAKAGE
		 LEAKAGE into the drywell, such as that from pump seals or valve packing, that is captured and conducted to a sump or collecting tank; or
		 LEAKAGE into the drywell atmosphere from sources that are both specifically located and known either not to interfere with the operation of leakage detection systems or not to be pressure boundary LEAKAGE;
	b.	Unidentified LEAKAGE
		All LEAKAGE into the drywell that is not identified LEAKAGE;
	c.	Total LEAKAGE
		Sum of the identified and unidentified LEAKAGE;
	d.	Pressure Boundary LEAKAGE
		LEAKAGE through a nonisolable fault in a Reactor Coolant System (RCS) component body, pipe wall, or vessel wall.
		(continued)

The LHGR shall be the heat generation rate per unit length of fuel rod. It is the integral of the heat flux over the heat transfer area associated with the unit length.
A LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST shall be a test of all logic components required for OPERABILITY of a logic circuit, from as close to the sensor as practicable up to, but not including, the actuated device, to verify OPERABILITY. The LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST may be performed by means of any series of sequential, overlapping, or total system steps so that the entire logic system is tested.
The MFLPD shall be the largest value of the fraction of limiting power density in the core. The fraction of limiting power density shall be the LHGR existing at a given location divided by the specified LHGR limit for that bundle type.
The MCPR shall be the smallest critical power ratio (CPR) that exists in the core for each type of fuel. The CPR is that power in the assembly that is calculated by application of the appropriate correlation(s) to cause some point in the assembly to experience boiling transition, divided by the actual assembly operating power.
A MODE shall correspond to any one inclusive combination of mode switch position, average reactor coolant temperature, and reactor vessel head closure bolt tensioning specified in Table 1.1-1 with fuel in the reactor vessel.
A system, subsystem, division, component, or device shall be OPERABLE or have OPERABILITY when it is capable of performing its specified safety function(s) and when all necessary attendant instrumentation, controls, normal or emergency electrical power, cooling and seal water, lubrication, and other auxiliary equipment that are required for the system, subsystem, division, component, or device to perform its specified safety function(s) are also capable of performing their related support function(s).

RATED THERMAL POWER (RTP)	RTP shall be a total reactor core heat transfer rate to the reactor coolant of 2536 MWt.		
REACTOR PROTECTION SYSTEM (RPS) RESPONSE TIME	The RPS RESPONSE TIME shall be that time interval from when the monitored parameter exceeds its RPS trip setpoint at the channel sensor until de-energization of the scram pilot valve solenoids. The response time may be measured by means of any series of sequential, overlapping, or total steps so that the entire response time is measured. In lieu of measurement, response time may be verified for selected components provided that the components and methodology for verification have been previously reviewed and approved by the NRC.		
SHUTDOWN MARGIN (SDM)	SDM shall be the amount of reactivity by which the reactor is subcritical or would be subcritical assuming that:		
	a. The reactor is xenon free;		
	b. The moderator temperature is $68^{\circ}F$; and		
	c. All control rods are fully inserted except for the single control rod of highest reactivity worth, which is assumed to be fully withdrawn. With control rods not capable of being fully inserted, the reactivity worth of these control rods must be accounted for in the determination of SDM.		
STAGGERED TEST BASIS	A STAGGERED TEST BASIS shall consist of the testing of one of the systems, subsystems, channels, or other designated components during the interval specified by the Surveillance Frequency, so that all systems, subsystems, channels, or other designated components are tested during n Surveillance Frequency intervals, where n is the total number of systems, subsystems, channels, or other designated components in the associated function.		
THERMAL POWER	THERMAL POWER shall be the total reactor core heat transfer rate to the reactor coolant.		

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TURBINE BYPASS SYSTEM RESPONSE TIME	The TURBINE BYPASS SYSTEM RESPONSE TIME consists of two components:
	 The time from initial movement of the main turbine stop valve or control valve until 80% of the assumed turbine bypass capacity is established; and
	b. The time from initial movement of the main turbine stop valve or control valve until initial movement of the turbine bypass valve.
	The response time may be measured by means of any series of sequential, overlapping, or total steps so that the entire response time is measured.

MODE	TITLE	REACTOR MODE SWITCH POSITION	AVERAGE REACTOR COOLANT TEMPERATURE (°F)
1	Power Operation	Run	NA
2	Startup	Refuel ^(a) or Startup/Hot Standby	NA
3	Hot Shutdown ^(a)	Shutdown	> 212
4	Cold Shutdown ^(a)	Shutdown	≤ 212
5	Refueling ^(b)	Shutdown or Refuel	NA

Table 1.1-1 (page 1 of 1) MODES

(a) All reactor vessel head closure bolts fully tensioned.

(b) One or more reactor vessel head closure bolts less than fully tensioned.

1.0 USE AND APPLICATION

1.2 Logical Connectors

PURPOSE The purpose of this section is to explain the meaning of logical connectors.

Logical connectors are used in Technical Specifications (TS) to discriminate between, and yet connect, discrete Conditions, Required Actions, Completion Times, Surveillances, and Frequencies. The only logical connectors that appear in TS are <u>AND</u> and <u>OR</u>. The physical arrangement of these connectors constitutes logical conventions with specific meanings.

BACKGROUND Several levels of logic may be used to state Required Actions. These levels are identified by the placement (or nesting) of the logical connectors and by the number assigned to each Required Action. The first level of logic is identified by the first digit of the number assigned to a Required Action and the placement of the logical connector in the first level of nesting (i.e., left justified with the number of the Required Action). The successive levels of logic are identified by additional digits of the Required Action number and by successive indentions of the logical connectors.

> When logical connectors are used to state a Condition, Completion Time, Surveillance, or Frequency, only the first level of logic is used, and the logical connector is left justified with the statement of the Condition, Completion Time, Surveillance, or Frequency.

EXAMPLES The following examples illustrate the use of logical connectors.

1.2 Logical Connectors

EXAMPLES (continued)	EXAMPLE 1.2-1				
	ACTIONS CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME		
	A. LCO not met.	A.1 Verify <u>AND</u> A.2 Restore			
		ne logical connector <u>AND</u> in Condition A, both Re mpleted.			

1.2 Logical Connectors

EXAMPLES (continued)	EXAMPLE 1.2-2 ACTIONS		
	CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
	A. LCO not met.	A.1 Trip	
		<u>OR</u>	
		A.2.1 Verify	
		AND	
		A.2.2.1 Reduce	
		<u>OR</u>	
		A.2.2.2 Perform	
		<u>OR</u>	
		A.3 Align	
			:

This example represents a more complicated use of logical connectors. Required Actions A.1, A.2, and A.3 are alternative choices, only one of which must be performed as indicated by the use of the logical connector OR and the left justified placement. Any one of these three Actions may be chosen. If A.2 is chosen, then both A.2.1 and A.2.2 must be performed as indicated by the logical connector <u>AND</u>. Required Action A.2.2 is met by performing A.2.2.1 or A.2.2.2. The indented position of the logical connector <u>OR</u> indicates that A.2.2.1 and A.2.2.2 are alternative choices, only one of which must be performed.

1.0 USE AND APPLICATION

1.3 Completion Times

PURPOSE	The purpose of this section is to establish the Completion Time convention and to provide guidance for its use.

BACKGROUND Limiting Conditions for Operation (LCOs) specify minimum requirements for ensuring safe operation of the plant. The ACTIONS associated with an LCO state Conditions that typically describe the ways in which the requirements of the LCO can fail to be met. Specified with each stated Condition are Required Action(s) and Completion Times(s).

DESCRIPTION The Completion Time is the amount of time allowed for completing a Required Action. It is referenced to the time of discovery of a situation (e.g., inoperable equipment or variable not within limits) that requires entering an ACTIONS Condition unless otherwise specified, providing the plant is in a MODE or specified condition stated in the Applicability of the LCO. Required Actions must be completed prior to the expiration of the specified Completion Time. An ACTIONS Condition remains in effect and the Required Actions apply until the Condition no longer exists or the plant is not within the LCO Applicability.

> If situations are discovered that require entry into more than one Condition at a time within a single LCO (multiple Conditions), the Required Actions for each Condition must be performed within the associated Completion Time. When in multiple Conditions, separate Completion Times are tracked for each Condition starting from the time of discovery of the situation that required entry into the Condition.

> Once a Condition has been entered, subsequent divisions, subsystems, components, or variables expressed in the Condition, discovered to be inoperable or not within limits, will <u>not</u> result in separate entry into the Condition unless specifically stated. The Required Actions of the Condition continue to apply to each additional failure, with Completion Times based on initial entry into the Condition.

DESCRIPTION (continued)	However, when a <u>subsequent</u> division, subsystem, component, or variable expressed in the Condition is discovered to be inoperable or not within limits, the Completion Time(s) may be extended. To apply this Completion Time extension, two criteria must first be met. The subsequent inoperability:
	 Must exist concurrent with the <u>first</u> inoperability; and
	b. Must remain inoperable or not within limits after the first inoperability is resolved.
	The total Completion Time allowed for completing a Required Action to address the subsequent inoperability shall be limited to the more restrictive of either:
	a. The stated Completion Time, as measured from the initial entry into the Condition, plus an additional 24 hours; or
	b. The stated Completion Time as measured from discovery of the subsequent inoperability.
	The above Completion Time extension does not apply to those Specifications that have exceptions that allow completely separate re-entry into the Condition (for each division, subsystem, component or variable expressed in the Condition) and separate tracking of Completion Times based on this re-entry. These exceptions are stated in individual Specifications.
	The above Completion Time extension does not apply to a Completion Time with a modified "time zero." This modified "time zero" may be expressed as a repetitive time (i.e., "once per 8 hours," where the Completion Time is referenced from a previous completion of the Required Action versus the time of Condition entry) or as a time modified by the phrase "from discovery" Example 1.3-3 illustrates one use of this type of Completion Time. The 10 day Completion Time specified for Condition A and B in Example 1.3-3 may not be extended.

(continued)

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EXAMPLES The following examples illustrate the use of Completion Times with different types of Conditions and changing Conditions.

EXAMPLE 1.3-1

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 Be in MODE 3. <u>AND</u> B.2 Be in MODE 4.	12 hours 36 hours

Condition B has two Required Actions. Each Required Action has its own separate Completion Time. Each Completion Time is referenced to the time that Condition B is entered.

The Required Actions of Condition B are to be in MODE 3 within 12 hours AND in MODE 4 within 36 hours. A total of 12 hours is allowed for reaching MODE 3 and a total of 36 hours (not 48 hours) is allowed for reaching MODE 4 from the time that Condition B was entered. If MODE 3 is reached within 6 hours, the time allowed for reaching MODE 4 is the next 30 hours because the total time allowed for reaching MODE 4 is 36 hours.

If Condition B is entered while in MODE 3, the time allowed for reaching MODE 4 is the next 36 hours.

EXAMPLES	EXAMPLE 1.3-2				
(continued)	ACTIONS				
	CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME		
	A. One pump inoperable.	A.1 Restore pump to OPERABLE status.	7 days		
	B. Required Action and associated Completion	B.1 Be in MODE 3. AND	12 hours		
	Time not met.	B.2 Be in MODE 4.	36 hours		

When a pump is declared inoperable, Condition A is entered. If the pump is not restored to OPERABLE status within 7 days, Condition B is also entered and the Completion Time clocks for Required Actions B.1 and B.2 start. If the inoperable pump is restored to OPERABLE status after Condition B is entered, Conditions A and B are exited, and therefore, the Required Actions of Condition B may be terminated.

When a second pump is declared inoperable while the first pump is still inoperable, Condition A is not re-entered for the second pump. LCO 3.0.3 is entered, since the ACTIONS do not include a Condition for more than one inoperable pump. The Completion Time clock for Condition A does not stop after LCO 3.0.3 is entered, but continues to be tracked from the time Condition A was initially entered.

While in LCO 3.0.3, if one of the inoperable pumps is restored to OPERABLE status and the Completion Time for Condition A has not expired, LCO 3.0.3 may be exited and operation continued in accordance with Condition A.

EXAMPLES EXAMPLE 1.3-2 (continued)

While in LCO 3.0.3, if one of the inoperable pumps is restored to OPERABLE status and the Completion Time for Condition A has expired, LCO 3.0.3 may be exited and operation continued in accordance with Condition B. The Completion Time for Condition B is tracked from the time the Condition A Completion Time expired.

On restoring one of the pumps to OPERABLE status, the Condition A Completion Time is not reset, but continues from the time the first pump was declared inoperable. This Completion Time may be extended if the pump restored to OPERABLE status was the first inoperable pump. A 24 hour extension to the stated 7 days is allowed, provided this does not result in the second pump being inoperable for > 7 days.

EXAMPLES (continued)	EXAMPLE 1.3-3					
	ACTIONS					
	CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME			
	A. One Function X subsystem inoperable.	A.1 Restore Function X subsystem to OPERABLE status.	7 days <u>AND</u> 10 days from discovery of failure to meet the LCO			
	B. One Function Y subsystem inoperable.	B.1 Restore Function Y subsystem to OPERABLE status.	72 hours <u>AND</u> 10 days from discovery of failure to meet the LCO			
	C. One Function X subsystem inoperable.	C.1 Restore Function X subsystem to OPERABLE status.	12 hours			
	<u>AND</u> One Function Y subsystem inoperable.	OR C.2 Restore Function Y subsystem to OPERABLE status.	12 hours			

EXAMPLES

EXAMPLE 1.3-3 (continued)

When one Function X subsystem and one Function Y subsystem are inoperable, Condition A and Condition B are concurrently applicable. The Completion Times for Condition A and Condition B are tracked separately for each subsystem, starting from the time each subsystem was declared inoperable and the Condition was entered. A separate Completion Time is established for Condition C and tracked from the time the second subsystem was declared inoperable (i.e., the time the situation described in Condition C was discovered).

If Required Action C.2 is completed within the specified Completion Time, Conditions B and C are exited. If the Completion Time for Required Action A.1 has not expired, operation may continue in accordance with Condition A. The remaining Completion Time in Condition A is measured from the time the affected subsystem was declared inoperable (i.e., initial entry into Condition A).

The Completion Times of Conditions A and B are modified by a logical connector, with a separate 10 day Completion Time measured from the time it was discovered the LCO was not met. In this example, without the separate Completion Time, it would be possible to alternate between Conditions A, B, and C in such a manner that operation could continue indefinitely without ever restoring systems to meet the LCO. The separate Completion Time modified by the phrase "from discovery of failure to meet the LCO" is designed to prevent indefinite continued operation while not meeting the LCO. This Completion Time allows for an exception to the normal "time zero" for beginning the Completion Time "clock". In this instance, the Completion Time "time zero" is specified as commencing at the time the LCO was initially not met, instead of at the time the associated Condition was entered.

EXAMPLES (continued)	EXAMPLE 1.3-4 ACTIONS				
		CONDITION	F	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
	Α.	One or more valves inoperable.	A.1	Restore valve(s) to OPERABLE status.	4 hours
	В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	AND	Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 4.	12 hours 36 hours

A single Completion Time is used for any number of valves inoperable at the same time. The Completion Time associated with Condition A is based on the initial entry into Condition A and is not tracked on a per valve basis. Declaring subsequent valves inoperable, while Condition A is still in effect, does not trigger the tracking of separate Completion Times.

Once one of the valves has been restored to OPERABLE status, the Condition A Completion Time is not reset, but continues from the time the first valve was declared inoperable. The Completion Time may be extended if the valve restored to OPERABLE status was the first inoperable valve. The Condition A Completion Time may be extended for up to 4 hours provided this does not result in any subsequent valve being inoperable for > 4 hours.

If the Completion Time of 4 hours (plus the extension) expires while one or more valves are still inoperable, Condition B is entered.

EXAMPLES (continued)		NOTE					
	valve.	Separate Condition entry is allowed for each inoperable valve.					
	CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME				
	A. One or more valves inoperable.	A.1 Restore valve to OPERABLE status.	4 hours				
	B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 Be in MODE 3. <u>AND</u> B.2 Be in MODE 4.	12 hours 36 hours				
	The Note above t	he ACTIONS Table is a meth	nod of modifying				

The Note above the ACTIONS Table is a method of modifying how the Completion Time is tracked. If this method of modifying how the Completion Time is tracked was applicable only to a specific Condition, the Note would appear in that Condition rather than at the top of the ACTIONS Table.

The Note allows Condition A to be entered separately for each inoperable valve, and Completion Times tracked on a per valve basis. When a valve is declared inoperable, Condition A is entered and its Completion Time starts. If subsequent valves are declared inoperable, Condition A is entered for each valve and separate Completion Times start and are tracked for each valve.

EXAMPLES EXAMPLE 1.3-5 (continued)

If the Completion Time associated with a valve in Condition A expires, Condition B is entered for that valve. If the Completion Times associated with subsequent valves in Condition A expire, Condition B is entered separately for each valve and separate Completion Times start and are tracked for each valve. If a valve that caused entry into Condition B is restored to OPERABLE status, Condition B is exited for that valve.

Since the Note in this example allows multiple Condition entry and tracking of separate Completion Times, Completion Time extensions do not apply.

EXAMPLE 1.3-6

ACTIONS

	CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	One channel inoperable.	A.1 Perform SR 3.x.x.x. <u>OR</u>	Once per 8 hours
		A.2 Place channel in trip.	8 hours
В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 Be in MODE 3.	12 hours

EXAMPLES EXAMPLE 1.3-6 (continued)

Entry into Condition A offers a choice between Required Action A.1 or A.2. Required Action A.1 has a "once per" Completion Time, which qualifies for the 25% extension, per SR 3.0.2, to each performance after the initial performance. The initial 8 hour interval of Required Action A.1 begins when Condition A is entered and the initial performance of Required Action A.1 must be complete within the first 8 hour interval. If Required Action A.1 is followed and the Required Action is not met within the Completion Time (plus the extension allowed by SR 3.0.2), Condition B is entered. If Required Action A.2 is followed and the Completion Time of 8 hours is not met, Condition B is entered.

If after entry into Condition B, Required Action A.1 or A.2 is met, Condition B is exited and operation may then continue in Condition A.

EXAMPLES (continued)	EXAMPLE 1.3-7 ACTIONS				
		CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
	Α.	One subsystem inoperable.	AND	Verify affected subsystem isolated. Restore subsystem to OPERABLE status.	1 hour <u>AND</u> Once per 8 hours thereafter 72 hours
	В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	<u>and</u>	Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 4.	12 hours 36 hours

Required Action A.1 has two Completion Times. The 1 hour Completion Time begins at the time the Condition is entered and each "Once per 8 hours thereafter" interval begins upon performance of Required Action A.1.

If after Condition A is entered, Required Action A.1 is not met within either the initial 1 hour or any subsequent 8 hour interval from the previous performance (plus the extension allowed by SR 3.0.2), Condition B is entered. The Completion Time clock for Condition A does not stop after Condition B is entered, but continues from the time Condition A was initially entered. If Required Action A.1 is met after Condition B is entered, Condition B is exited

EXAMPLES	EXAMPLE 1.3-7 (continued)
	and operation may continue in accordance with Condition A, provided the Completion Time for Required Action A.2 has not expired.
IMMEDIATE COMPLETION TIME	When "Immediately" is used as a Completion Time, the Required Action should be pursued without delay and in a controlled manner.

: .

1.0 USE AND APPLICATION

1.4 Frequency

PURPOSE The purpose of this section is to define the proper use and application of Frequency requirements.

DESCRIPTION Each Surveillance Requirement (SR) has a specified Frequency in which the Surveillance must be met in order to meet the associated Limiting Condition for Operation (LCO). An understanding of the correct application of the specified Frequency is necessary for compliance with the SR.

> The "specified Frequency" is referred to throughout this section and each of the Specifications of Section 3.0, Surveillance Requirement (SR) Applicability. The "specified Frequency" consists of the requirements of the Frequency column of each SR, as well as certain Notes in the Surveillance column that modify performance requirements.

Sometimes special situations dictate when the requirements of a Surveillance are to be met. They are "otherwise stated" conditions allowed by SR 3.0.1. They may be stated as clarifying Notes in the Surveillance, as part of the Surveillance, or both.

Situations where a Surveillance could be required (i.e., its Frequency could expire), but where it is not possible or not desired that it be performed until sometime after the associated LCO is within its Applicability, represent potential SR 3.0.4 conflicts. To avoid these conflicts, the SR (i.e., the Surveillance or the Frequency) is stated such that it is only "required" when it can be and should be performed. With an SR satisfied, SR 3.0.4 imposes no restriction.

The use of "met" or "performed" in these instances conveys specific meanings. A Surveillance is "met" only when the acceptance criteria are satisfied. Known failure of the requirements of a Surveillance, even without a Surveillance specifically being "performed," constitutes a Surveillance not "met." "Performance" refers only to the requirement to specifically determine the ability to meet the acceptance

1.4 Frequency

DESCRIPTION (continued)	Free acce Surv not perf cone	ceria. Some Surveillances contain notes that modify the quency of performance of the conditions during which the eptance criteria must be satisfied. For these veillances, the MODE entry restrictions of SR 3.0.4 may apply. Such a Surveillance is not required to be formed prior to entering a MODE or other specified dition in the Applicability of the associated LCO if any the following three conditions are satisfied:
	a.	The Surveillance is not required to be met in the MODE or other specified condition to be entered; or
·	b.	The Surveillance is required to be met in the MODE or other specified condition to be entered, but has been performed within the specified Frequency (i.e., it is current) and is known not to be failed; or
	c.	The Surveillance is required to be met, but not performed, in the MODE or other specified condition to be entered, and is known not to be failed.
		nples 1.4-3, 1.4-4, 1.4-5, and 1.4-6 discuss these cial situations.
EXAMPLES	Free	following examples illustrate the various ways that quencies are specified. In these examples, the licability of the LCO (LCO not shown) is MODES 1, 2, 3.
		(continued)

1.4 Frequency

EXAMPLES (continued)	EXAMPLE 1.4-1 SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	
	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	12 hours

Example 1.4-1 contains the type of SR most often encountered in the Technical Specifications (TS). The Frequency specifies an interval (12 hours) during which the associated Surveillance must be performed at least one time. Performance of the Surveillance initiates the subsequent interval. Although the Frequency is stated as 12 hours, an extension of the time interval to 1.25 times the interval specified in the Frequency is allowed by SR 3.0.2 for operational flexibility. The measurement of this interval continues at all times, even when the SR is not required to be met per SR 3.0.1 (such as when the equipment is inoperable, a variable is outside specified limits, or the plant is outside the Applicability of the LCO). If the interval specified by SR 3.0.2 is exceeded while the plant is in a MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability of the LCO, and the performance of the Surveillance is not otherwise modified (refer to Examples 1.4-3 and 1.4-4). then SR 3.0.3 becomes applicable.

If the interval as specified by SR 3.0.2 is exceeded while the plant is not in a MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability of the LCO for which performance of the SR is required, the Surveillance must be performed within the Frequency requirements of SR 3.0.2 prior to entry into the MODE or other specified condition. Failure to do so would result in a violation of SR 3.0.4.

EXAMPLES (continued)	EXAMPLE 1.4-2 SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS				
	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY			
	Verify flow is within limits.	Once within 12 hours after ≥ 25% RTP <u>AND</u> 24 hours thereafter			

Example 1.4-2 has two Frequencies. The first is a one time performance Frequency, and the second is of the type shown in Example 1.4-1. The logical connector "AND" indicates that both Frequency requirements must be met. Each time reactor power is increased from a power level < 25% RTP to $\geq 25\%$ RTP, the Surveillance must be performed within 12 hours.

The use of "once" indicates a single performance will satisfy the specified Frequency (assuming no other Frequencies are connected by "AND"). This type of Frequency does not qualify for the extension allowed by SR 3.0.2. "Thereafter" indicates future performances must be established per SR 3.0.2, but only after a specified condition is first met (i.e., the "once" performance in this example). If reactor power decreases to < 25% RTP, the measurement of both intervals stops. New intervals start upon reactor power reaching 25% RTP.

EXAMPLES (continued)	EXAMPLE 1.4-3 SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS				
	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY			
	NOTE Not required to be performed until 12 hours after ≥ 25% RTP.				
	Perform channel adjustment.	7 days			

The interval continues whether or not the plant operation is < 25% RTP between performances.

As the Note modifies the required performance of the Surveillance, it is construed to be part of the "specified Frequency." Should the 7 day interval be exceeded while operation is < 25% RTP, this Note allows 12 hours after power reaches $\geq 25\%$ RTP to perform the Surveillance. The Surveillance is still considered to be within the "specified Frequency." Therefore, if the Surveillance were not performed within the 7 day interval (plus the extension allowed by SR 3.0.2), but operation was < 25% RTP, it would not constitute a failure of the SR or failure to meet the LCO. Also, no violation of SR 3.0.4 occurs when changing MODES, even with the 7 day Frequency not met, provided operation does not exceed 12 hours with power $\geq 25\%$ RTP. Once the plant reaches 25% RTP, 12 hours would be allowed for completing the Surveillance. If the Surveillance were not performed within this 12 hour interval, there would then be a failure to perform a Surveillance within the specified Frequency, and the provisions of SR 3.0.3 would apply.

EXAMPLES (continued)	EXAMPLE 1.4-4 SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS					
	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY				
	Only required to be met in MODE 1.					
	Verify leakage rates are within limits.	24 hours				

Example 1.4-4 specifies that the requirements of this Surveillance do not have to be met until the plant is in MODE 1. The interval measurement for the Frequency of this Surveillance continues at all times, as described in Example 1.4-1. However, the Note constitutes an "otherwise stated" exception to the Applicability of this Surveillance. Therefore, if the Surveillance were not performed within the 24 hour interval (plus the extension allowed by SR 3.0.2), but the plant was not in MODE 1, there would be no failure of the SR nor failure to meet the LCO. Therefore, no violation of SR 3.0.4 occurs when changing MODES, even with the 24 hour Frequency exceeded, provided the MODE change was not made into MODE 1. Prior to entering MODE 1 (assuming again that the 24 hour Frequency were not met), SR 3.0.4 would require satisfying the SR.

EXAMPLES (continued)

EXAMPLE 1.4-5

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
Only required to be performed in MODE 1.	
Perform complete cycle of the valve.	7 days

The interval continues, whether or not the plant operation is in MODE 1, 2, or 3 (the assumed Applicability of the associated LCO) between performances.

As the Note modifies the required <u>performance</u> of the Surveillance, the Note is construed to be part of the "specified Frequency." Should the 7 day interval be exceeded while operation is not in MODE 1, this Note allows entry into and operation in MODES 2 and 3 to perform the Surveillance. The Surveillance is still considered to be performed within the "specified Frequency" if completed prior to entering MODE 1. Therefore, if the Surveillance were not performed within the 7 day (plus the extension allowed by SR 3.0.2) interval, but operation was not in MODE 1, it would not constitute a failure of the SR or failure to meet the LCO. Also, no violation of SR 3.0.4 occurs when changing MODES, even with the 7 day Frequency not met, provided operation does not result in entry into MODE 1.

Once the plant reaches MODE 1, the requirement for the Surveillance to be performed within its specified Frequency applies and would require that the Surveillance had been performed. If the Surveillance were not performed prior to entering MODE 1, there would then be a failure to perform a Surveillance within the specified Frequency, and the provisions of SR 3.0.3 would apply.

EXAMPLES (continued)	EXAMPLE 1.4-6				
	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS				
	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY			
	Not required to be met in MODE 3. Verify parameter is within limits.	24 hours			
	verny parameter is within minuts.	24 11001 5			
· · · ·	Example 1.4-6 specifies that the requireme Surveillance do not have to be met while t MODE 3 (the assumed Applicability of the a MODES 1, 2, and 3). The interval measurem Frequency of this Surveillance continues a described in Example 1.4-1. However, the an "otherwise stated" exception to the App Surveillance. Therefore, if the Surveilla performed within the 24 hour interval (plu allowed by SR 3 0.2) and the unit was in	he plant is in ssociated LCO is ent for the t all times, as Note constitutes licability of this nce were not s the extension			

performed within the 24 hour interval (plus the extension allowed by SR 3.0.2), and the unit was in MODE 3, there would be no failure of the SR nor failure to meet the LCO. Therefore, no violation of SR 3.0.4 occurs when changing MODES to enter MODE 3, even with the 24 hour Frequency exceeded, provided the MODE change does not result in entry into MODE 2. Prior to entering MODE 2 (assuming again that the 24 hour Frequency were not met), SR 3.0.4 would require satisfying the SR.

2.0 SAFETY LIMITS (SLs)

2.1 SLs

- 2.1.1 Reactor Core SLs
 - 2.1.1.1 With the reactor steam dome pressure < 785 psig or core flow < 10% rated core flow:

THERMAL POWER shall be $\leq 25\%$ RTP.

2.1.1.2 With the reactor steam dome pressure \geq 785 psig and core flow \geq 10% rated core flow:

MCPR shall be ≥ 1.09 for two recirculation loop operation or ≥ 1.10 for single recirculation loop operation.

- 2.1.1.3 Reactor vessel water level shall be greater than the top of active irradiated fuel.
- 2.1.2 Reactor Coolant System Pressure SL

Reactor steam dome pressure shall be \leq 1325 psig.

2.2 SL Violations

With any SL violation, the following actions shall be completed within 2 hours:

- 2.2.1 Restore compliance with all SLs; and
- 2.2.2 Insert all insertable control rods.

SLs 2.0

3.0 LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION (LCO) APPLICABILITY

- LCO 3.0.1 LCOs shall be met during the MODES or other specified conditions in the Applicability, except as provided in LCO 3.0.2 and LCO 3.0.7.
- LCO 3.0.2 Upon discovery of a failure to meet an LCO, the Required Actions of the associated Conditions shall be met, except as provided in LCO 3.0.5 and LCO 3.0.6.

If the LCO is met or is no longer applicable prior to expiration of the specified Completion Time(s), completion of the Required Action(s) is not required, unless otherwise stated.

- LCO 3.0.3 When an LCO is not met and the associated ACTIONS are not met, an associated ACTION is not provided, or if directed by the associated ACTIONS, the plant shall be placed in a MODE or other specified condition in which the LCO is not applicable. Action shall be initiated within 1 hour to place the plant, as applicable, in:
 - a. MODE 2 within 7 hours;
 - b. MODE 3 within 13 hours; and
 - c. MODE 4 within 37 hours.

Exceptions to this Specification are stated in the individual Specifications.

Where corrective measures are completed that permit operation in accordance with the LCO or ACTIONS, completion of the actions required by LCO 3.0.3 is not required.

LCO 3.0.3 is only applicable in MODES 1, 2, and 3.

LCO 3.0.4 When an LCO is not met, entry into a MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability shall not be made except when the associated ACTIONS to be entered permit continued operation in the MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability for an unlimited period of time. This Specification shall not prevent changes in MODES or other specified conditions in the Applicability that are required to comply with ACTIONS or that are part of a shutdown of the plant.

3.0 LCO APPLICABILITY

LCO 3.0.4 Exceptions to this Specification are stated in the individual Specifications.

LCO 3.0.4 is only applicable for entry into a MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability in MODES 1, 2, and 3.

- LCO 3.0.5 Equipment removed from service or declared inoperable to comply with ACTIONS may be returned to service under administrative control solely to perform testing required to demonstrate its OPERABILITY or the OPERABILITY of other equipment. This is an exception to LCO 3.0.2 for the system returned to service under administrative control to perform the testing required to demonstrate OPERABILITY.
- LCO 3.0.6 When a supported system LCO is not met solely due to a support system LCO not being met, the Conditions and Required Actions associated with this supported system are not required to be entered. Only the support system LCO ACTIONS are required to be entered. This is an exception to LCO 3.0.2 for the supported system. In this event, an evaluation shall be performed in accordance with Specification 5.5.12, "Safety Function Determination Program (SFDP)." If a loss of safety function is determined to exist by this program, the appropriate Conditions and Required Actions of the LCO in which the loss of safety function exists are required to be entered.

When a support system's Required Action directs a supported system to be declared inoperable or directs entry into Conditions and Required Actions for a supported system, the applicable Conditions and Required Actions shall be entered in accordance with LCO 3.0.2.

LCO 3.0.7 Special Operations LCOs in Section 3.10 allow specified Technical Specifications (TS) requirements to be changed to permit performance of special tests and operations. Unless otherwise specified, all other TS requirements remain unchanged. Compliance with Special Operations LCOs is optional. When a Special Operations LCO is desired to be met but is not met, the ACTIONS of the Special Operations LCO shall be met. When a Special Operations LCO is not desired to be met, entry into a MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability shall only be made in accordance with the other applicable Specifications.

3.0 SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENT (SR) APPLICABILITY

- SR 3.0.1 SRs shall be met during the MODES or other specified conditions in the Applicability for individual LCOs, unless otherwise stated in the SR. Failure to meet a Surveillance, whether such failure is experienced during the performance of the Surveillance or between performances of the Surveillance, shall be failure to meet the LCO. Failure to perform a Surveillance within the specified Frequency shall be failure to meet the LCO except as provided in SR 3.0.3. Surveillances do not have to be performed on inoperable equipment or variables outside specified limits.
- SR 3.0.2 The specified Frequency for each SR is met if the Surveillance is performed within 1.25 times the interval specified in the Frequency, as measured from the previous performance or as measured from the time a specified condition of the Frequency is met.

For Frequencies specified as "once," the above interval extension does not apply.

If a Completion Time requires periodic performance on a "once per . . ." basis, the above Frequency extension applies to each performance after the initial performance.

Exceptions to this Specification are stated in the individual Specifications.

SR 3.0.3 If it is discovered that a Surveillance was not performed within its specified Frequency, then compliance with the requirement to declare the LCO not met may be delayed, from the time of discovery, up to 24 hours or up to the limit of the specified Frequency, whichever is greater. This delay period is permitted to allow performance of the Surveillance. A risk evaluation shall be performed for any Surveillance delayed greater than 24 hours and the risk impact shall be managed.

If the Surveillance is not performed within the delay period, the LCO must immediately be declared not met, and the applicable Condition(s) must be entered.

When the Surveillance is performed within the delay period and the Surveillance is not met, the LCO must immediately be declared not met, and the applicable Condition(s) must be entered.

3.0 SR APPLICABILITY (continued)

SR 3.0.4 Entry into a MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability of an LCO shall not be made unless the LCO's Surveillances have been met within their specified Frequency. This provision shall not prevent entry into MODES or other specified conditions in the Applicability that are required to comply with Actions or that are part of a shutdown of the plant.

SR 3.0.4 is only applicable for entry into a MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability in MODES 1, 2, and 3.

3.1 REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

3.1.1 SHUTDOWN MARGIN (SDM)

LCO 3.1.1 SDM shall be $\ge 0.38\% \Delta k/k$, with the highest worth control rod analytically determined.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5.

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	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	SDM not within limits in MODE 1 or 2.	A.1	Restore SDM to within limits.	6 hours
Β.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
С.	SDM not within limits in MODE 3.	C.1	Initiate action to fully insert all insertable control rods.	Immediately
D.	SDM not within limits in MODE 4.	D.1	Initiate action to fully insert all insertable control rods.	Immediately
		AND		
				(continued)

ACTI	ONS
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CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
D. (continued)	D.2	Initiate action to restore secondary containment to OPERABLE status.	1 hour
	AND		
	D.3	Initiate action to restore one standby gas treatment (SGT) subsystem to OPERABLE status.	1 hour
	AND		
	D.4	Initiate action to restore isolation capability in each required secondary containment penetration flow path not isolated.	1 hour
E. SDM not within limits in MODE 5.	E.1	Suspend CORE ALTERATIONS except for control rod insertion and fuel assembly removal.	Immediately
	AND		
	E.2	Initiate action to fully insert all insertable control rods in core cells containing one or more fuel assemblies.	Immediately
	AND		
			(continued)

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CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
E. (continued)	E.3	Initiate action to restore secondary containment to OPERABLE status.	1 hour
	AND		
	E.4	Initiate action to restore one SGT subsystem to OPERABLE status.	1 hour
	AND		
	E.5	Initiate action to restore isolation capability in each required secondary containment penetration flow path not isolated.	1 hour

SDM 3.1.1

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SR 3.1.1.1 Verify SDM is $\geq 0.38\%$ $\Delta k/k$ with the highest Prior to eac	Y
worth control rod analytically determined. Worth control rod analytically determined. in vessel fur movement dur fuel loading sequence <u>AND</u> Once within 4 hours after criticality following fur movement witt the reactor pressure veso or control r	uel ring g er uel thin ssel

3.1 REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

- 3.1.2 Reactivity Anomalies
- LCO 3.1.2 The reactivity difference between the measured rod density and the predicted rod density shall be within $\pm 1\% \Delta k/k$.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

ACTIONS

	CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
Α.	Core reactivity difference not within limit.	A.1	Restore core reactivity difference to within limit.	72 hours
В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.1.2.1 Verify core reactivity difference betwee the measured rod density and the predict rod density is within ± 1% Δk/k.	n Once within ed 24 hours after reaching equilibrium conditions following startup after fuel movement within the reactor pressure vessel or control rod replacement <u>AND</u> 1000 MWD/T thereafter during operations in MODE 1

Control Rod OPERABILITY 3.1.3

3.1 REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

3.1.3 Control Rod OPERABILITY

LCO 3.1.3 Each control rod shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

ACTIONS

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each control rod.

CONDITION			REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	One withdrawn control rod stuck.	Rod wor be bypa LCO 3.3 Block I	NOTE th minimizer (RWM) may ssed as allowed by 2.2.1, "Control Rod nstrumentation," if d, to allow continued on.	
		A.1	Verify stuck control rod separation criteria met.	Immediately
		AND		
		A.2	Disarm the associated control rod drive (CRD).	2 hours
		AND		
				(continued)

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	(continued)	A.3	Perform SR 3.1.3.2 and SR 3.1.3.3 for each withdrawn OPERABLE control rod.	24 hours from discovery of Condition A concurrent with THERMAL POWER greater than the low power setpoint (LPSP) of the RWM
		AND		
		A.4	Perform SR 3.1.1.1.	72 hours
в.	Two or more withdrawn control rods stuck.	B.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
C.	One or more control rods inoperable for reasons other than Condition A or B.	C.1	RWM may be bypassed as allowed by LCO 3.3.2.1, if required, to allow insertion of inoperable control rod and continued operation. Fully insert	3 hours
			inoperable control rod.	
		AND		
		C.2	Disarm the associated CRD.	4 hours

ACTIONS	(continued)
ACTIONS	(CONCINUED)

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
D.	Not applicable when THERMAL POWER > 10% RTP.	D.1 <u>OR</u>	Restore compliance with BPWS.	4 hours
	Two or more inoperable control rods not in compliance with banked position withdrawal sequence (BPWS) and not separated by two or more OPERABLE control rods.	D.2	Restore control rod to OPERABLE status.	4 hours
Ε.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, C, or D not met. <u>OR</u> Nine or more control rods inoperable.	E.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

		SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR	3.1.3.1	Determine the position of each control rod.	24 hours
SR	3.1.3.2	Not required to be performed until 7 days after the control rod is withdrawn and THERMAL POWER is greater than the LPSP of the RWM.	
		Insert each fully withdrawn control rod at least one notch.	7 days
SR	3.1.3.3	Not required to be performed until 31 days after the control rod is withdrawn and THERMAL POWER is greater than the LPSP of the RWM.	
		Insert each partially withdrawn control rod at least one notch.	31 days
SR	3.1.3.4	Verify each control rod scram time from fully withdrawn to notch position 04 is ≤ 7 seconds.	In accordance with SR 3.1.4.1, SR 3.1.4.2, SR 3.1.4.3, and SR 3.1.4.4

Control Rod OPERABILITY 3.1.3

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)						
SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY					
SR 3.1.3.5 Verify each control rod does not go to the withdrawn overtravel position.	Each time the control rod is withdrawn to "full out" position <u>AND</u> Prior to declaring control rod OPERABLE after work on control rod or CRD System that could affect coupling					

3.1 REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

- 3.1.4 Control Rod Scram Times
- LCO 3.1.4 a. No more than 10 OPERABLE control rods shall be "slow," in accordance with Table 3.1.4-1; and
 - b. No more than 2 OPERABLE control rods that are "slow" shall occupy adjacent locations.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
Α.	Requirements of the LCO not met.	A.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

During single control rod scram time Surveillances, the control rod drive (CRD) pumps shall be isolated from the associated scram accumulator.

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.1.4.1	Verify each control rod scram time is within the limits of Table 3.1.4–1 with reactor steam dome pressure ≥ 800 psig.	Prior to exceeding 40% RTP after each reactor shutdown ≥ 120 days

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

		SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR	3.1.4.2	Verify, for a representative sample, each tested control rod scram time is within the limits of Table 3.1.4-1 with reactor steam dome pressure ≥ 800 psig.	120 days cumulative operation in MODE 1
SR	3.1.4.3	Verify each affected control rod scram time is within the limits of Table 3.1.4-1 with any reactor steam dome pressure.	Prior to declaring control rod OPERABLE after work on control rod or CRD System that could affect scram time
SR	3.1.4.4	Verify each affected control rod scram time is within the limits of Table 3.1.4-1 with reactor steam dome pressure ≥ 800 psig.	Prior to exceeding 40% RTP after fuel movement within the affected core cell <u>AND</u> Prior to exceeding 40% RTP after work on control rod or CRD System that could affect scram time

Control Rod Scram Times 3.1.4

Table 3.1.4-1 (page 1 of 1) Control Rod Scram Times

------NOTES-----1. OPERABLE control rods with scram times not within the limits of this Table are considered "slow."

2. Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions of LCO 3.1.3, "Control Rod OPERABILITY," for control rods with scram times > 7 seconds to notch position 04. These control rods are inoperable, in accordance with SR 3.1.3.4. and are not considered "slow." - - -

NOTCH POSITION	SCRAM TIMES(a)(b) when REACTOR STEAM DOME PRESSURE ≥ 800 psig (seconds)		
46	0.44		
36	1.08		
26	1.83		
06	3.35		

- (a) Maximum scram time from fully withdrawn position, based on de-energization of scram pilot valve solenoids at time zero.
- Scram times as a function of reactor steam dome pressure, when (b) < 800 psig, are within established limits.

Control Rod Scram Accumulators 3.1.5

3.1 REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

3.1.5 Control Rod Scram Accumulators

LCO 3.1.5 Each control rod scram accumulator shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

ACTIONS

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each control rod scram accumulator.

<u></u>	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	One control rod scram accumulator inoperable with reactor steam dome pressure ≥ 900 psig.	A.1	NOTE Only applicable if the associated control rod scram time was within the limits of Table 3.1.4-1 during the last scram time Surveillance. Declare the associated control rod scram time "slow."	8 hours
		<u>OR</u>		
		A.2	Declare the associated control rod inoperable.	8 hours

Control Rod Scram Accumulators 3.1.5

	CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
Β.	Two or more control rod scram accumulators inoperable with reactor steam dome pressure ≥ 900 psig.	B.1	Restore charging water header pressure to ≥ 940 psig.	20 minutes from discovery of Condition B concurrent with charging water header pressure < 940 psig
		AND		
		B.2.1	NOTE Only applicable if the associated control rod scram time was within the limits of Table 3.1.4-1 during the last scram time Surveillance.	
			Declare the associated control rod scram time "slow."	1 hour
		<u>OR</u>		
		B.2.2	Declare the associated control rod inoperable.	1 hour
C.	One or more control rod scram accumulators inoperable with reactor steam dome pressure < 900 psig.	C.1	Verify all control rods associated with inoperable accumulators are fully inserted.	Immediately upon discovery of charging water header pressure < 940 psig
		AND		
				(continued)

ACTIONS

	CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME	
C.	(continued)	C.2	Declare the associated control rod inoperable.	1 hour	
D.	Required Action B.1 or C.1 and associated Completion Time not met.	D.1	Not applicable if all inoperable control rod scram accumulators are associated with fully inserted control rods. Place the reactor mode switch in the shutdown position.	Immediately	

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

	SURVEILLANCE				
SR 3.1.5.1	Verify each control rod scram accumulator pressure is ≥ 940 psig.	7 days			

3.1 REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

- 3.1.6 Rod Pattern Control
- LCO 3.1.6 OPERABLE control rods shall comply with the requirements of the banked position withdrawal sequence (BPWS).

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2 with THERMAL POWER \leq 10% RTP.

ACTION	S
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	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	One or more OPERABLE control rods not in compliance with BPWS.	A.1	NOTE Rod worth minimizer (RWM) may be bypassed as allowed by LCO 3.3.2.1, "Control Rod Block Instrumentation." Move associated control rod(s) to correct position.	8 hours
		<u>OR</u> A.2	Declare associated control rod(s) inoperable.	8 hours

ACTI	ACTIONS (continued)					
CONDITION			REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME		
В.	Nine or more OPERABLE control rods not in compliance with BPWS.	B.1	NOTE Rod worth minimizer (RWM) may be bypassed as allowed by LCO 3.3.2.1. Suspend withdrawal of control rods.	Immediately		
		<u>AND</u> B.2	Place the reactor mode switch in the shutdown position.	1 hour		

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

	FREQUENCY	
SR 3.1.6.1	Verify all OPERABLE control rods comply with BPWS.	24 hours

- 3.1 REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS
- 3.1.7 Standby Liquid Control (SLC) System

LCO 3.1.7 Two SLC subsystems shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

ACTIONS

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	One SLC subsystem inoperable.	A.1	Restore SLC subsystem to OPERABLE status.	7 days
В.	Two SLC subsystems inoperable.	B.1	Restore one SLC subsystem to OPERABLE status.	8 hours
с.	Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	C.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

		SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR	3.1.7.1	Verify available volume of sodium pentaborate solution is within the limits of Figure 3.1.7-1.	24 hours
SR	3.1.7.2	Verify temperature of sodium pentaborate solution is within the limits of Figure 3.1.7-2.	24 hours
SR	3.1.7.3	Verify temperature of pump suction piping is within the limits of Figure 3.1.7-2.	24 hours
SR	3.1.7.4	Verify continuity of explosive charge.	31 days
SR	3.1.7.5	Verify the concentration of sodium pentaborate in solution is within the limits of Figure 3.1.7-1.	31 days <u>AND</u> Once within 24 hours after water or sodium pentaborate is added to solution <u>AND</u> Once within 24 hours after solution temperature is restored within the limits of Figure 3.1.7-2

(continued)

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SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

		FREQUENCY	
SR	3.1.7.6	31 days	
SR	3.1.7.7	Verify each pump develops a flow rate ≥ 50 gpm at a discharge pressure ≥ 1275 psig.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
SR	3.1.7.8	Verify flow through one SLC subsystem from pump into reactor pressure vessel.	24 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS
SR	3.1.7.9	Verify all heat traced piping between storage tank and pump suction is unblocked.	24 months <u>AND</u> Once within 24 hours after piping temperature is restored within the limits of Figure 3.1.7-2
SR	3.1.7.10	Verify sodium pentaborate enrichment is ≥ 34.7 atom percent B-10.	Prior to addition to SLC tank
		(continued)	

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

		FREQUENCY	
SR	3.1.7.11	Verify sodium pentaborate enrichment in solution in the SLC tank is \ge 34.7 atom percent B-10.	24 months

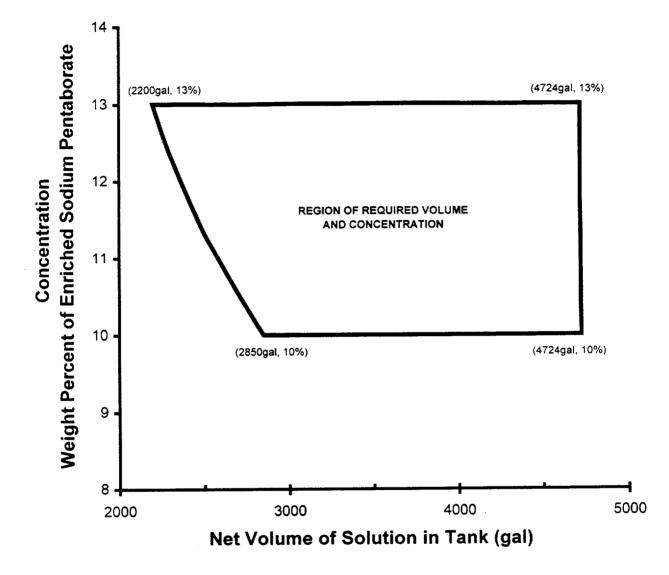


Figure 3.1.7-1 (page 1 of 1) Sodium Pentaborate Solution Volume Versus Concentration Requirements

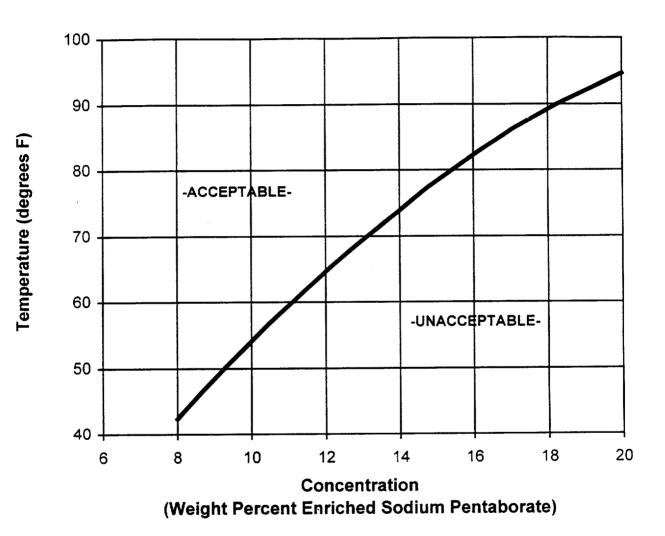


Figure 3.1.7-2 (page 1 of 1) Sodium Pentaborate Solution Temperature Versus Concentration Requirements

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3.1.7-6

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3.1 REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

3.1.8 Scram Discharge Volume (SDV) Vent and Drain Valves

LCO 3.1.8 Each SDV vent and drain valve shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

ACTIONS

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each SDV vent and drain line.

2. An isolated line may be unisolated under administrative control to allow draining and venting of the SDV.

<u> </u>	CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
Α.	One or more SDV vent or drain lines with one valve inoperable.	A.1	Isolate the associated line.	7 days
В.	One or more SDV vent or drain lines with both valves inoperable.	B.1	Isolate the associated line.	8 hours
С.	Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	C.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

		SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR	3.1.8.1		
		Verify each SDV vent and drain valve is open.	31 days
SR	3.1.8.2	Cycle each SDV vent and drain valve to the fully closed and fully open position.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
SR	3.1.8.3	24 months	

3.2 POWER DISTRIBUTION LIMITS

3.2.1 AVERAGE PLANAR LINEAR HEAT GENERATION RATE (APLHGR)

LCO 3.2.1 All APLHGRs shall be less than or equal to the limits specified in the COLR.

APPLICABILITY: THERMAL POWER ≥ 25% RTP.

ACTIONS

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	Any APLHGR not within limits.	A.1	Restore APLHGR(s) to within limits.	2 hours
В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1	Reduce THERMAL POWER to < 25% RTP.	4 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

	FREQUENCY	
SR 3.2.1.1	Verify all APLHGRs are less than or equal to the limits specified in the COLR.	Once within 12 hours after ≥ 25% RTP
		<u>AND</u> 24 hours thereafter

3.2 POWER DISTRIBUTION LIMITS

3.2.2 MINIMUM CRITICAL POWER RATIO (MCPR)

LCO 3.2.2 All MCPRs shall be greater than or equal to the MCPR operating limits specified in the COLR.

APPLICABILITY: THERMAL POWER ≥ 25% RTP.

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
Α.	Any MCPR not within limits.	A.1	Restore MCPR(s) to within limits.	2 hours
В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1	Reduce THERMAL POWER to < 25% RTP.	4 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

	SURVEILLANCE						
SR 3.2.2.1	3.2.2.1 Verify all MCPRs are greater than or equal to the limits specified in the COLR.						
		AND					
		24 hours thereafter					

MCPR 3.2.2

SURV	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)					
		SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY			
SR	3.2.2.2	Determine the MCPR limits.	Once within 72 hours after each completion of SR 3.1.4.1			
			AND			
			Once within 72 hours after each completion of SR 3.1.4.2			
			AND			
			Once within 72 hours after each completion of SR 3.1.4.4			

3.2 POWER DISTRIBUTION LIMITS

3.2.3 LINEAR HEAT GENERATION RATE (LHGR)

LCO 3.2.3 All LHGRs shall be less than or equal to the limits specified in the COLR.

APPLICABILITY: THERMAL POWER ≥ 25% RTP.

ACTIONS

<u></u>	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	Any LHGR not within limits.	A.1	Restore LHGR(s) to within limits.	2 hours
В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1	Reduce THERMAL POWER to < 25% RTP.	4 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.2.3.1 Verify all LHGRs are less than or equal to the limits specified in the COLR.	Once within 12 hours after ≥ 25% RTP <u>AND</u> 24 hours thereafter

3.2 POWER DISTRIBUTION LIMITS

3.2.4 Average Power Range Monitor (APRM) Gain and Setpoint

- LCO 3.2.4 a. MFLPD shall be less than or equal to Fraction of RTP;
 - Each required APRM Neutron Flux-High (Flow Biased)
 Function Allowable Value specified in the COLR shall be made applicable; or
 - c. Each required APRM gain shall be adjusted as specified in the COLR.

APPLICABILITY: THERMAL POWER ≥ 25% RTP.

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
Α.	Requirements of the LCO not met.	A.1	Satisfy the requirements of the LCO.	6 hours
В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1	Reduce THERMAL POWER to < 25% RTP.	4 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

		FREQUENCY	
SR	3.2.4.1		
		Verify MFLPD is within limits.	Once within 12 hours after ≥ 25% RTP <u>AND</u> 24 hours thereafter
SR	3.2.4.2	Not required to be met if SR 3.2.4.1 is satisfied for LCO 3.2.4.a requirements. Verify required APRM Neutron Flux-High (Flow Biased) Function Allowable Value or ARPM gains are adjusted for the calculated MFLPD.	12 hours

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

3.3.1.1 Reactor Protection System (RPS) Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.1.1 The RPS instrumentation for each Function in Table 3.3.1.1-1 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: According to Table 3.3.1.1-1.

ACTIONS

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each channel.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	One or more required channels inoperable.	A.1	Place channel in trip.	12 hours
		<u>OR</u>		
		A.2	Place associated trip system in trip.	12 hours
В.	One or more Functions with one or more required channels	B.1	Place channel in one trip system in trip.	6 hours
	inoperable in both trip systems.	<u>OR</u> B.2	Place one trip system in trip.	6 hours

ACTI	ONS (continued)			
	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
с.	One or more Functions with RPS trip capability not maintained.	C.1	Restore RPS trip capability.	1 hour
D.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B, or C not met.	D.1	Enter the Condition referenced in Table 3.3.1.1-1 for the channel.	Immediately
Ε.	As required by Required Action D.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.1.1-1.	E.1	Reduce THERMAL POWER to < 29% RTP.	4 hours
F.	As required by Required Action D.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.1.1-1.	F.1	Be in MODE 2.	6 hours
G.	As required by Required Action D.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.1.1-1.	G.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
Н.	As required by Required Action D.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.1.1-1.	Н.1	Initiate action to fully insert all insertable control rods in core cells containing one or more fuel assemblies.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

 Refer to Table 3.3.1.1-1 to determine which SRs apply for each RPS Function.

2. When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed for up to 6 hours provided the associated Function maintains RPS trip capability.

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		SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR	3.3.1.1.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	12 hours
SR	3.3.1.1.2	Not required to be performed until 12 hours after THERMAL POWER $\geq 25\%$ RTP. Verify the absolute difference between the average power range monitor (APRM) channels and the calculated power is $\leq 2\%$ RTP plus any gain adjustment required by LCO 3.2.4, "Average Power Range Monitor (APRM) Gain and Setpoint," while operating at $\geq 25\%$ RTP.	7 days
SR	3.3.1.1.3	Not required to be performed when entering MODE 2 from MODE 1 until 12 hours after entering MODE 2. Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	7 days
SR	3.3.1.1.4	Perform a functional test of each RPS automatic scram contactor.	7 days

RPS Instrumentation 3.3.1.1

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

		SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR	3.3.1.1.5	Verify the source range monitor (SRM) and intermediate range monitor (IRM) channels overlap.	Prior to fully withdrawing SRMs
SR	3.3.1.1.6	NOTE Only required to be met during entry into MODE 2 from MODE 1.	
		Verify the IRM and APRM channels overlap.	7 days
SR	3.3.1.1.7	Calibrate the local power range monitors.	1000 MWD/T average core exposure
SR	3.3.1.1.8	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	92 days
SR	3.3.1.1.9	 Neutron detectors are excluded. For Functions 1.a and 2.a, not required to be performed when entering MODE 2 from MODE 1 until 12 	
		entering MODE 2 from MODE 1 until 12 hours after entering MODE 2.	
		 For Function 2.b, the recirculation loop flow signal portion of the channel is excluded. 	
		Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	92 days

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

		SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR	3.3.1.1.10	Calibrate the trip units.	184 days
SR	3.3.1.1.11	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	24 months
SR	3.3.1.1.12	NOTE	
		Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	24 months
SR	3.3.1.1.13	Perform LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST.	24 months
SR	3.3.1.1.14	Verify Turbine Stop Valve-Closure and Turbine Control Valve Fast Closure, EHC Oil Pressure-Low Functions are not bypassed when THERMAL POWER is ≥ 29% RTP.	24 months
SR	3.3.1.1.15	 Neutron detectors are excluded. 	
		 "n" equals 2 channels for the purpose of determining the STAGGERED TEST BASIS Frequency. 	
		Verify the RPS RESPONSE TIME is within limits.	24 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS

Table 3.3.1.1-1 (page 1 of 3) Reactor Protection System Instrumentation

FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER TRIP SYSTEM	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION D.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
1. Intermediate Range Monitors					
a. Neutron Flux - I	High 2	3	G .	SR 3.3.1.1.1 SR 3.3.1.1.3 SR 3.3.1.1.4 SR 3.3.1.1.5 SR 3.3.1.1.6 SR 3.3.1.1.9 SR 3.3.1.1.13	≤ 120/125 divisions of full scale
	5(a)	3	Н	SR 3.3.1.1.1 SR 3.3.1.1.3 SR 3.3.1.1.4 SR 3.3.1.1.9 SR 3.3.1.1.13	≤ 120/125 divisions of full scale
b. Inop	2	3	G	SR 3.3.1.1.3 SR 3.3.1.1.4 SR 3.3.1.1.13	NA
	5 ^(a)	3	Н	SR 3.3.1.1.3 SR 3.3.1.1.4 SR 3.3.1.1.13	NA
 Average Power Range Monitors 	9				
a. Neutron Flux - (Startup)	High, 2	2	G	SR 3.3.1.1.1 SR 3.3.1.1.3 SR 3.3.1.1.4 SR 3.3.1.1.6 SR 3.3.1.1.7 SR 3.3.1.1.9 SR 3.3.1.1.13	≤ 15% RTP
b. Neutron Flux-H (Flow Biased)	igh 1	2	F	SR 3.3.1.1.1 SR 3.3.1.1.2 SR 3.3.1.1.4 SR 3.3.1.1.7 SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.9 SR 3.3.1.1.19 SR 3.3.1.1.12 SR 3.3.1.1.13 SR 3.3.1.1.15	As specified in the COLR and ≤ 117% RT
					(continue

(a) With any control rod withdrawn from a core cell containing one or more fuel assemblies.

Table 3.3.1.1.1 (page 2 of 3) Reactor Protection System Instrumentation

	FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER TRIP SYSTEM	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION D.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
2.	Average Power Range Monitors (continued)					
	c. Neutron Flux - High (Fixed)	1	2	F	SR 3.3.1.1.1 SR 3.3.1.1.2 SR 3.3.1.1.4 SR 3.3.1.1.7 SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.9 SR 3.3.1.1.13 SR 3.3.1.1.13	≤ 120% RTP
	d. Inop	1.2	2	G	SR 3.3.1.1.4 SR 3.3.1.1.7 SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.13	NA
3.	Reactor Pressure – High	1.2	2	6	SR 3.3.1.1.1 SR 3.3.1.1.4 SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.12 SR 3.3.1.1.13 SR 3.3.1.1.15	≤ 1080 psig
4.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - Low (Level 3)	1.2	2	G	SR 3.3.1.1.1 SR 3.3.1.1.4 SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.12 SR 3.3.1.1.13 SR 3.3.1.1.15	≥ 177 inches
5.	Main Steam Isolation Valve – Closure	1	8	F	SR 3.3.1.1.4 SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.12 SR 3.3.1.1.13 SR 3.3.1.1.15	≤ 15% closed
6.	Drywell Pressure – High	1.2	2	G	SR 3.3.1.1.1 SR 3.3.1.1.4 SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.12 SR 3.3.1.1.13 SR 3.3.1.1.15	≤ 2.7 psig

Table 3.3.1.1-1 (page 3 of 3) Reactor Protection System Instrumentation

	FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER TRIP SYSTEM	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION D.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
7.	Scram Discharge Volume Water Level – High					
	a. Differential Pressure Transmitter/Trip Unit	1,2	2	G	SR 3.3.1.1.1 SR 3.3.1.1.4 SR 3.3.1.1.9 SR 3.3.1.1.13	≤ 34.5 gallons
		5(a)	2	н	SR 3.3.1.1.1 SR 3.3.1.1.4 SR 3.3.1.1.9 SR 3.3.1.1.13	≤ 34.5 gallons
	b. Level Switch	1,2	2	G	SR 3.3.1.1.4 SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.12 SR 3.3.1.1.13	≤ 34.5 gallons
		5 ^(a)	2	Н	SR 3.3.1.1.4 SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.12 SR 3.3.1.1.13	≤ 34.5 gallons
8.	Turbine Stop Valve – Closure	≥ 29% RTP	4	E	SR 3.3.1.1.1 SR 3.3.1.1.4 SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.13 SR 3.3.1.1.14 SR 3.3.1.1.15	≤ 15% closed
9.	Turbine Control Valve Fast Closure, EHC Oil Pressure – Łow	≥ 29 % RTP	2	Ε	SR 3.3.1.1.1 SR 3.3.1.1.4 SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.12 SR 3.3.1.1.13 SR 3.3.1.1.14 SR 3.3.1.1.15	≥ 500 psig and ≤ 850 psig
10.	Reactor Mode Switch- Shutdown Position	1.2 5 ^(a)	1	G	SR 3.3.1.1.11 SR 3.3.1.1.13	NA
		·	1	H	SR 3.3.1.1.11 SR 3.3.1.1.13	NA
11.	Manual Scram	1,2	1	G	SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.13	NA
		5 ^(a)	1	Н	SR 3.3.1.1.8 SR 3.3.1.1.13	NA

(a) With any control rod withdrawn from a core cell containing one or more fuel assemblies.

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

3.3.1.2 Source Range Monitor (SRM) Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.1.2 The SRM instrumentation in Table 3.3.1.2-1 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: According to Table 3.3.1.2-1.

ACTIONS

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME	
Α.	One or more required SRMs inoperable in MODE 2 with intermediate range monitors (IRMs) on Range 2 or below.	A.1	Restore required SRMs to OPERABLE status.	4 hours	
В.	Three required SRMs inoperable in MODE 2 with IRMs on Range 2 or below.	B.1	Suspend control rod withdrawal.	Immediately	
с.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met.	C.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours	

ACTI	ONS (continued)	·····		
	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
D.	One or more required SRMs inoperable in MODE 3 or 4.	D.1	Fully insert all insertable control rods.	1 hour
		AND		
		D.2	Place reactor mode switch in the shutdown position.	1 hour
	One or more required SRMs inoperable in MODE 5.	E.1	Suspend CORE ALTERATIONS except for control rod insertion.	Immediately
		AND		
		E.2	Initiate action to fully insert all insertable control rods in core cells containing one or more fuel assemblies.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

Refer to Table 3.3.1.2-1 to determine which SRs apply for each applicable MODE or other specified condition.

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.1.2.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	12 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.1.2.2	 NOTES 1. Only required to be met during CORE ALTERATIONS. 2. One SRM may be used to satisfy more than one of the following. 	
	Verify an OPERABLE SRM detector is located in:	12 hours
	a. The fueled region;	
	b. The core quadrant where CORE ALTERATIONS are being performed, when the associated SRM is included in the fueled region; and	
	c. A core quadrant adjacent to where CORE ALTERATIONS are being performed, when the associated SRM is included in the fueled region.	
SR 3.3.1.2.3	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	24 hours
SR 3.3.1.2.4	Not required to be met with less than or equal to four fuel assemblies adjacent to the SRM and no other fuel assemblies in the associated core quadrant.	
	Verify count rate is ≥ 3.0 cps with a signal to noise ratio ≥ 2:1.	12 hours durin CORE ALTERATIONS
		1
		AND

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

		SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR	3.3.1.2.5	NOTE- The determination of signal to noise ratio is not required to be met with less than or equal to four fuel assemblies adjacent to the SRM and no other fuel assemblies in the associated core quadrant.	
		Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST and determination of signal to noise ratio.	7 days
SR	3.3.1.2.6	Not required to be performed until 12 hours after IRMs on Range 2 or below.	
		Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST and determination of signal to noise ratio.	31 days
SR	3.3.1.2.7	 Neutron detectors are excluded. 	
		 Not required to be performed until 12 hours after IRMs on Range 2 or below. 	
		Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	92 days

FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS
Source Range Monitor	2(a)	3	SR 3.3.1.2.1 SR 3.3.1.2.4 SR 3.3.1.2.6 SR 3.3.1.2.7
	3,4	2	SR 3.3.1.2.3 SR 3.3.1.2.4 SR 3.3.1.2.6 SR 3.3.1.2.7
	5	2(b)(c)	SR 3.3.1.2.1 SR 3.3.1.2.2 SR 3.3.1.2.4 SR 3.3.1.2.5 SR 3.3.1.2.7

Table 3.3.1.2.1 (page 1 of 1) Source Range Monitor Instrumentation

(a) With IRMs on Range 2 or below.

(b) Only one SRM channel is required to be OPERABLE during spiral offload or reload when the fueled region includes only that SRM detector.

(c) Special movable detectors may be used in place of SRMs if connected to normal SRM circuits.

Control Rod Block Instrumentation 3.3.2.1

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

- 3.3.2.1 Control Rod Block Instrumentation
- LCO 3.3.2.1 The control rod block instrumentation for each Function in Table 3.3.2.1-1 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: According to Table 3.3.2.1-1.

ACTIONS

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	One rod block monitor (RBM) channel inoperable.	A.1	Restore RBM channel to OPERABLE status.	24 hours
В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met. <u>OR</u> Two RBM channels inoperable.	B.1	Place one RBM channel in trip.	1 hour
С.	Rod worth minimizer (RWM) inoperable during reactor startup.	C.1 <u>OR</u>	Suspend control rod movement except by scram.	Immediately (continued)

Control Rod Block Instrumentation 3.3.2.1

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
C.	(continued)	C.2.1.1	Verify ≥ 12 rods withdrawn.	Immediately
		C.2.1.2	OR Verify by administrative methods that startup with RWM inoperable has not been performed in the current calendar year.	Immediately
		AND		
		 C.2.2	Verify movement of control rods is in compliance with banked position withdrawal sequence (BPWS) by a second licensed operator or other qualified member of the technical staff.	During control rod movement
D.	RWM inoperable during reactor shutdown.	D.1	Verify movement of control rods is in compliance with BPWS by a second licensed operator or other qualified member of the technical staff.	During control rod movement

ACTIONS (continued)

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
E.	One or more Reactor Mode Switch – Shutdown Position channels	E.1	Suspend control rod withdrawal.	Immediately
	inoperable.	AND E.2	Initiate action to fully insert all insertable control rods in core cells	Immediately
			rods in core cells containing one or more fuel assemblies.	

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- -----NOTES-----
- 1. Refer to Table 3.3.2.1-1 to determine which SRs apply for each Control Rod Block Function.
- When an RBM channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed for up to 6 hours provided the associated Function maintains control rod block capability.

		SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR	3.3.2.1.1	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	92 days
SR	3.3.2.1.2	Not required to be performed until 1 hour after any control rod is withdrawn at ≤ 10% RTP in MODE 2. Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	92 days

Control Rod Block Instrumentation 3.3.2.1

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued) SURVEILLANCE FREQUENCYNOTE..... SR 3.3.2.1.3 Not required to be performed until 1 hour after THERMAL POWER is ≤ 10% RTP in MODE 1. Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST. 92 daysNOTE..... SR 3.3.2.1.4 Neutron detectors are excluded. Verify the RBM is not bypassed: 92 days a. When THERMAL POWER is \geq 30% RTP; and b. When a peripheral control rod is not selected. SR 3.3.2.1.5NOTES-----1. Neutron detectors are excluded. 2. For Function 1.a, the recirculation loop flow signal portion of the channel is excluded. 92 days Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION. Verify the RWM is not bypassed when 24 months SR 3.3.2.1.6 THERMAL POWER is $\leq 10\%$ RTP.

(continued)

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Control Rod Block Instrumentation 3.3.2.1

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued) SURVEILLANCE FREQUENCYNOTE-----SR 3.3.2.1.7 Not required to be performed until 1 hour after reactor mode switch is in the shutdown position. 24 months Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST. -----NOTE-----SR 3.3.2.1.8 For Function 1.a, all portions of the channel except the recirculation loop flow signal portion are excluded. Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION. 24 months SR 3.3.2.1.9 Verify control rod sequences input to the Prior to RWM are in conformance with BPWS. declaring RWM OPERABLE following loading of sequence into RWM

	FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
1.	Rod Block Monitor				
	a. Upscale	(a)	2	SR 3.3.2.1.4 SR 3.3.2.1.5 SR 3.3.2.1.8	As specified in the COLR
	b. Inop	(a)	2	SR 3.3.2.1.1 SR 3.3.2.1.4	NA
	c. Downscale	(a)	2	SR 3.3.2.1.4 SR 3.3.2.1.5	≥ 2.5/125 divisions of full scale
2.	Rod Worth Minimizer	1 ^(b) ,2 ^(b)	1	SR 3.3.2.1.2 SR 3.3.2.1.3 SR 3.3.2.1.6 SR 3.3.2.1.9	NA
3.	Reactor Mode Switch - Shutdown Position	(c)	2	SR 3.3.2.1.7	NA

Table 3.3.2.1.1 (page 1 of 1) Control Rod Block Instrumentation

(a) THERMAL POWER \ge 30% RTP and no peripheral control rod selected.

(b) With THERMAL POWER \leq 10% RTP.

(c) Reactor mode switch in the shutdown position.

Feedwater and Main Turbine High Water Level Trip Instrumentation 3.3.2.2

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

3.3.2.2 Feedwater and Main Turbine High Water Level Trip Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.2.2 Three channels of feedwater and main turbine high water level trip instrumentation shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: THERMAL POWER ≥ 25% RTP.

ACTIONS

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each channel.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
Α.	One feedwater and main turbine high water level trip channel inoperable.	A.1	Place channel in trip.	7 days
Β.	Two or more feedwater and main turbine high water level trip channels inoperable.	B.1	Restore feedwater and main turbine high water level trip capability.	2 hours

Feedwater and Main Turbine High Water Level Trip Instrumentation 3.3.2.2

ACTIONS (continued)						
CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME			
C. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	C.1	Only applicable if inoperable channel is the result of inoperable feedwater pump turbine or main turbine stop valve. Remove affected stop valve(s) from service.	4 hours			
	<u>0r</u>					
	C.2	Reduce THERMAL POWER to < 25% RTP.	4 hours			

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed for up to 6 hours provided feedwater and main turbine high water level trip capability is maintained.

	FREQUENCY	
SR 3.3.2.2.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	24 hours

Feedwater and Main Turbine High Water Level Trip Instrumentation 3.3.2.2

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SURV	EILLANCE REQU	IREMENTS (continued)	1
		FREQUENCY	
SR	3.3.2.2.2	Only required to be performed when in MODE 4 for > 24 hours.	
		Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	92 days
SR	3.3.2.2.3	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION. The Allowable Value shall be ≤ 222.5 inches.	24 months
SR	3.3.2.2.4	Perform LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST including valve actuation.	24 months

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3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

3.3.3.1 Post Accident Monitoring (PAM) Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.3.1 The PAM instrumentation for each Function in Table 3.3.3.1-1 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

ACTIONS

1. LCO 3.0.4 is not applicable.

2. Separate Condition entry is allowed for each Function.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	One or more Functions with one required channel inoperable.	A.1	Restore required channel to OPERABLE status.	30 days
Β.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1	Initiate action in accordance with Specification 5.6.6.	Immediately
С.	One or more Functions with two required channels inoperable.	C.1	Restore one required channel to OPERABLE status.	7 days

ACTIONS	(continued)
TO LIGHT	

CONDITION			REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
D.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition C not met.	D.1	Enter the Condition referenced in Table 3.3.3.1-1 for the channel.	Immediately
Ε.	As required by Required Action D.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.3.1-1.	E.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
F.	As required by Required Action D.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.3.1-1.	F.1	Initiate action in accordance with Specification 5.6.6.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed for up to 6 hours provided the other required channel in the associated Function is OPERABLE.

	FREQUENCY	
SR 3.3.3.1.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK of each required PAM instrument channel.	31 days

PAM Instrumentation 3.3.3.1

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

		FREQUENCY	
SR	3.3.3.1.2	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION of each required PAM Primary Containment H_2 and O_2 Concentration Function channel.	92 days
SR	3.3.3.1.3	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION of each required PAM instrumentation channel except for the Primary Containment H_2 and O_2 Concentration Function channels.	24 months

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	FUNCTION	REQUIRED CHANNELS	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION D.1
1. Rea	actor Vessel Pressure	2	E
2. Rea	actor Vessel Water Level		
a.	Fuel Zone	2	E
b.	Wide Range	2	E
3. Sup	opression Pool Water Level (Wide Range)	2	E
4. Dry	well Pressure		
a.	Narrow Range	2	E
b.	Wide Range	2	E
5. Cor	ntainment High Range Radiation	2	F
6. Dry	well Temperature	2	E
7. Per	netration Flow Path PCIV Position	2 per penetration flow path (a)(b)	E
8. Pri	imary Containment H_2 & O_2 Concentration	2	E
9. Sup	opression Chamber Pressure	2	E
10. Sup	opression Pool Water Temperature	2	E
11. Dry	ywell Water Level	2	E

Table 3.3.3.1.1 (page 1 of 1) Post Accident Monitoring Instrumentation

(a) Not required for isolation values whose associated penetration flow path is isolated by at least one closed and deactivated automatic value, closed manual value, blind flange, or check value with flow through the value secured.

(b) Only one position indication channel is required for penetration flow paths with only one installed control room indication channel.

Remote Shutdown System 3.3.3.2

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

3.3.3.2 Remote Shutdown System

LCO 3.3.3.2 The Remote Shutdown System Functions shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

ACTIONS

1. LCO 3.0.4 is not applicable.

2. Separate Condition entry is allowed for each Function.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
Α.	One or more required Functions inoperable.	A.1	Restore required Function to OPERABLE status.	30 days
Β.	Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed for up to 6 hours.

		FREQUENCY	
SR	3.3.3.2.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK for each required instrumentation channel that is normally energized.	31 days
SR	3.3.3.2.2	Verify each required control circuit and transfer switch is capable of performing the intended function.	24 months
SR	3.3.3.2.3	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION for each required instrumentation channel.	24 months

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

- 3.3.4.1 Anticipated Transient Without Scram Recirculation Pump Trip (ATWS-RPT) Instrumentation
- LCO 3.3.4.1 Two channels per trip system for each ATWS-RPT instrumentation Function listed below shall be OPERABLE:
 - a. Reactor Vessel Water Level Low Low (Level 2); and
 - b. Reactor Pressure-High.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 1.

ACTIONS

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each channel.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME	
A. One or more channels inoperable.	A.1	Restore channel to OPERABLE status.	14 days	
	<u>OR</u>			
	A.2	Not applicable if inoperable channel is the result of an inoperable breaker.		
		Place channel in trip.	14 days	

	ONS (continued) CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME	
В.	One Function with ATWS-RPT trip capability not maintained.	B.1	Restore ATWS-RPT trip capability.	72 hours	
С.	Both Functions with ATWS-RPT trip capability not maintained.	C.1	Restore ATWS-RPT trip capability for one Function.	1 hour	
D.	Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	D.1	Only applicable if inoperable channel is the result of an inoperable RPT breaker. Remove the affected recirculation pump from service.	6 hours	
		<u>OR</u> D.2	Be in MODE 2.	6 hours	

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed for up to 6 hours provided the associated Function maintains ATWS-RPT trip capability.

	<u> </u>	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR	3.3.4.1.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	12 hours
SR	3.3.4.1.2	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	92 days
SR	3.3.4.1.3	Calibrate the trip units.	184 days
SR	3.3.4.1.4	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION. The Allowable Values shall be: a. Reactor Vessel Water Level-Low Low (Level 2): ≥ 105.4 inches; and b. Reactor Pressure-High: ≤ 1153 psig.	24 months
SR	3.3.4.1.5	Perform LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST including breaker actuation.	24 months

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

3.3.5.1 Emergency Core Cooling System (ECCS) Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.5.1 The ECCS instrumentation for each Function in Table 3.3.5.1-1 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: According to Table 3.3.5.1-1.

ACTIONS

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each channel.

<u></u>	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	One or more channels inoperable.	A.1 Enter the Condition referenced in Table 3.3.5.1-1 for the channel.		Immediately
В.	As required by Required Action A.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.5.1-1.	As required by B.1 Required Action A.1 and referenced in		1 hour from discovery of loss of initiation capability for feature(s) in both divisions (continued)

ACTIONS

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Β.	(continued)	B.2	NOTE Only applicable for Functions 3.a and 3.b. Declare High Pressure Coolant Injection (HPCI) System inoperable.	1 hour from discovery of loss of HPCI initiation capability
		AND		
		B.3	Place channel in trip.	24 hours
C.	As required by Required Action A.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.5.1-1.	C.1	<pre>1. Only applicable in MODES 1, 2, and 3.</pre>	
			 Only applicable for Functions 1.c, 1.d, 2.c, 2.d, and 2.f. 	
			Declare supported feature(s) inoperable when its redundant feature ECCS initiation capability is inoperable.	1 hour from discovery of loss of initiation capability for feature(s) in both divisions
		AND		
		C.2	Restore channel to OPERABLE status.	24 hours

ACTIONS ((continued)

CONDITION			REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME	
D.	As required by Required Action A.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.5.1-1.	D.1	NOTE Only applicable if HPCI pump suction is not aligned to the suppression pool.		
			Declare HPCI System inoperable.	1 hour from discovery of loss of HPCI initiation capability	
		AND			
		D.2.1	Place channel in trip.	24 hours	
		<u>OR</u>			
		D.2.2	Align the HPCI pump suction to the suppression pool.	24 hours	

ACTIONS	(continued)

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
E. As required by Required Action A.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.5.1-1.	E.1	1. Only applicable in MODES 1, 2, and 3.	
		 Only applicable for Functions 1.e, 1.f, and 2.g. 	
		Declare supported feature(s) inoperable when its redundant feature ECCS initiation capability is inoperable.	1 hour from discovery of loss of initiation capability for subsystems in both divisions
	AND		
	E.2	Restore channel to OPERABLE status.	7 days

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
F. As required by Required Action A.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.5.1-1.	F.1	Declare Automatic Depressurization System (ADS) valves inoperable.	1 hour from discovery of loss of ADS initiation capability in both trip systems
	AND		
	F.2	Place channel in trip.	96 hours from discovery of inoperable channel concurrent with HPCI or reactor core isolation cooling (RCIC) inoperable <u>AND</u> 8 days
G. As required by Required Action A.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.5.1-1.	G.1	Declare ADS valves inoperable.	1 hour from discovery of loss of ADS initiation capability in both trip systems
	AND		
			(continued)

ACTIONS

CONDITION			REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME	
G.	(continued)	G.2	Restore channel to OPERABLE status.	96 hours from discovery of inoperable channel concurrent with HPCI or RCIC inoperable <u>AND</u> 8 days	
Н.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition B, C, D, E, F, or G not met.	Н.1	Declare associated supported feature(s) inoperable.	Immediately	

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

NOTES-----

- 1. Refer to Table 3.3.5.1-1 to determine which SRs apply for each ECCS Function.
- 2. When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed as follows: (a) for up to 6 hours for Functions 3.c, 3.f, and 3.g; and (b) for up to 6 hours for Functions other than 3.c, 3.f, and 3.g provided the associated Function or the redundant Function maintains ECCS initiation capability.

		SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR	3.3.5.1.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	12 hours
SR	3.3.5.1.2	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	92 days
SR	3.3.5.1.3	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	92 days
SR	3.3.5.1.4	Calibrate the trip units.	184 days
SR	3.3.5.1.5	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	24 months
SR	3.3.5.1.6	Perform LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST.	24 months

		FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER FUNCTION	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION A.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
1.	Cor	e Spray System					
	a.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - Low Low Low (Level I)	1,2,3, 4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	4(b)	В	SR 3.3.5.1.1 SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 18 inches
	b.	Drywell Pressure - High	1,2,3	4 ^(b)	В	SR 3.3.5.1.1 SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≤ 2.7 psig
	c.	Reactor Pressure – Low (Injection Permissive)	1,2,3	4	C	SR 3.3.5.1.1 SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 410 psig and ≤ 490 psig
			4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	4	В	SR 3.3.5.1.1 SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 410 psig and ≤ 490 psig
	d.	Core Spray Pump Start - Time Delay Relay	1.2.3. 4 ^(a) . 5 ^(a)	1 per pump	C	SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≤ 12.34 seconds
	e.	Core Spray Pump Discharge Flow - Low (Bypass)	1,2,3, 4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	1 per pump	E	SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 510 gpm and ≤ 980 gpm
	f.	Core Spray Pump Discharge Pressure – High (Bypass)	1,2,3, 4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	1 per pump	E	SR 3.3.5.1.3 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 90 psig and ≤ 110 psig
2.		Pressure Coolant ection (LPCI) System					
	a.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - Low Low Low (Level 1)	1,2,3, 4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	4(b)	В	SR 3.3.5.1.1 SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 18 inches
							(continued)

Table 3.3.5.1-1 (page 1 of 5) Emergency Core Cooling System Instrumentation

(a) When associated ECCS subsystem(s) are required to be OPERABLE per LCO 3.5.2, ECCS - Shutdown.

(b) Also required to initiate the associated emergency diesel generator subsystem.

		FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER FUNCTION	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION A.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
-	LPC	I System (continued)					
	b.	Drywell Pressure - High	1.2.3	4 ^(b)	В	SR 3.3.5.1.1 SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≤ 2.7 psig
	c.	Reactor Pressure – Low (Injection Permissive)	1.2.3	4	С	SR 3.3.5.1.1 SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 410 psig and ≤ 490 psig
			4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	4	В	SR 3.3.5.1.1 SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 410 psig and ≤ 490 psig
	d.	Reactor Pressure - Low (Recirculation Discharge Valve Permissive)	1 ^(c) ,2 ^(c) . 3 ^(c)	4	C	SR 3.3.5.1.1 SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 295 psig
	e.	Reactor Vessel Shroud Level (Level O)	1,2,3	2	В	SR 3.3.5.1.1 SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 1.0 inches
	f.	Low Pressure Coolant Injection Pump Start - Time Delay Relay	1,2,3, 4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	1 per pump	С	SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	
		Pumps A, D					≤ 1.51 seconds
		Pumps B. C					≤ 6.73 seconds
							(continue

Table 3.3.5.1-1 (page 2 of 5) Emergency Core Cooling System Instrumentation

(a) When associated ECCS subsystem(s) are required to be OPERABLE per LCO 3.5.2.

(b) Also required to initiate the associated emergency diesel generator subsystem.

(c) With associated recirculation pump discharge valve open.

Table 3.3.5.1-1 (page 3 of 5) Emergency Core Cooling System Instrumentation

	FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER FUNCTION	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION A.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
LPC	I System (continued)	·				
g.	Low Pressure Coolant Injection Pump Discharge Flow - Low (Bypass)	1.2.3. 4 ^(a) , 5 ^(a)	l per subsystem	E	SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	
h.	Containment Pressure – High	1,2,3	4	В	SR 3.3.5.1.3 SR 3.3.5.1.6	
	h Pressure Coolant ection (HPCI) System					
a.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - Low Low (Level 2)	1. 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	4	В	SR 3.3.5.1.1 SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	inches
b.	Drywell Pressure - High	1. 2 ^(d) .3 ^(d)	4	В	SR 3.3.5.1.1 SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	
c.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - High (Level 8)	1. 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	2	C	SR 3.3.5.1.1 SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.6 SR 3.3.5.1.6	inches
d.	Condensate Storage Tank Level - Low	1, 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	4	D	SR 3.3.5.1.3 SR 3.3.5.1.6	
e.	Suppression Pool Water Level – High	1. 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	2	D	SR 3.3.5.1.3 SR 3.3.5.1.6	
f.	High Pressure Coolant Injection Pump Discharge Flow – Low (Bypass)	1. 2 ^(d) .3 ^(d)	1	E	SR 3.3.5.1.9 SR 3.3.5.1.0	
g.	High Pressure Coolant Injection Pump Discharge Pressure - High (Bypass)	1, 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	1	E	SR 3.3.5.1.3 SR 3.3.5.1.6	3 ≥ 25 psig 5 and ≤ 80 psig
	(-VF 200)					(continue

(a) When the associated ECCS subsystem(s) are required to be OPERABLE per LCO 3.5.2.

(d) With reactor steam dome pressure > 150 psig.

Table 3.3.5.1.1 (page 4 of 5) Emergency Core Cooling System Instrumentation

		FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER FUNCTION	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION A.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
4.		omatic Depressurization tem (ADS) Trip System A					
	a.	Reactor Vessel Water Level – Low Low Low (Level 1)	1. 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	2	F	SR 3.3.5.1.1 SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 18 inches
	b.	Automatic Depressurization System Initiation Timer	1. 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	1	G	SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≤ 134 seconds
	c.	Reactor Vessel Water Level – Low (Level 3)	1. 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	1	F	SR 3.3.5.1.1 SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 177 inches
	d.	Core Spray Pump Discharge Pressure - High	1, 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	2	G	SR 3.3.5.1.3 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 90 psig and ≤ 110 psig
	e.	Low Pressure Coolant Injection Pump Discharge Pressure - High	1, 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	4	G	SR 3.3.5.1.3 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 105 psig and ≤ 145 psig
5.	ADS	Trip System B					
	a.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - Low Low Low (Level 1)	1. 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	2	F	SR 3.3.5.1.1 SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 18 inches
	b.	Automatic Depressurization System Initiation Timer	1. 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	1	G	SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≤ 134 second
		r 1mC1					(continued)

(d) With reactor steam dome pressure > 150 psig.

Table :	3.3.5.1-1 (page	5 of 5)
Emergency Core	Cooling System	Instrumentation

	FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER FUNCTION	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION A.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
	S Trip System B continued)					
c.	Reactor Vessel Water Level – Low (Level 3)	1. 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	1	F	SR 3.3.5.1.1 SR 3.3.5.1.2 SR 3.3.5.1.4 SR 3.3.5.1.5 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 177 inches
d.	Core Spray Pump Discharge Pressure - High	1. 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	2	G	SR 3.3.5.1.3 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 90 psig and ≤ 110 psig
e.	Low Pressure Coolant Injection Pump Discharge Pressure - High	1. 2 ^(d) , 3 ^(d)	4	G	SR 3.3.5.1.3 SR 3.3.5.1.6	≥ 105 psig and ≤ 145 psig

(d) With reactor steam dome pressure > 150 psig.

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

3.3.5.2 Reactor Core Isolation Cooling (RCIC) System Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.5.2 The RCIC System instrumentation for each Function in Table 3.3.5.2-1 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 1, MODES 2 and 3 with reactor steam dome pressure > 150 psig.

ACTIONS

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each channel.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	One or more channels inoperable.	A.1	Enter the Condition referenced in Table 3.3.5.2-1 for the channel.	Immediately
Β.	As required by Required Action A.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.5.2-1.	B.1	Declare RCIC System inoperable.	1 hour from discovery of loss of RCIC initiation capability
		AND		
		B.2	Place channel in trip.	24 hours
C.	As required by Required Action A.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.5.2-1.	C.1	Restore channel to OPERABLE status.	24 hours

ACTIONS	(continued)
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	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
D.	As required by Required Action A.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.5.2-1.	D.1	NOTE Only applicable if RCIC pump suction is not aligned to the suppression pool. Declare RCIC System inoperable.	1 hour from discovery of loss of automatic RCIC initiation capability
		AND		
		D.2.1	Place channel in trip.	24 hours
		<u>OR</u>		
		D.2.2	Align RCIC pump suction to the suppression pool.	24 hours
Ε.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition B, C, or D not met.	E.1	Declare RCIC System inoperable.	Immediately

RCIC System Instrumentation 3.3.5.2

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

 Refer to Table 3.3.5.2-1 to determine which SRs apply for each RCIC Function.

2. When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed as follows: (a) for up to 6 hours for Functions 2 and 4; and (b) for up to 6 hours for Functions 1 and 3 provided the associated Function maintains RCIC initiation capability.

		FREQUENCY	
SR	3.3.5.2.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	12 hours
SR	3.3.5.2.2	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	92 days
SR	3.3.5.2.3	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	92 days
SR	3.3.5.2.4	Calibrate the trip units.	184 days
SR	3.3.5.2.5	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	24 months
SR	3.3.5.2.6	Perform LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST.	24 months

	FUNCTION	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER FUNCTION	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION A.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
1.	Reactor Vessel Water Level – Low Low (Level 2)	4	В	SR 3.3.5.2.1 SR 3.3.5.2.2 SR 3.3.5.2.4 SR 3.3.5.2.5 SR 3.3.5.2.6	≥ 126.5 inches
2.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - High (Level 8)	2	С	SR 3.3.5.2.1 SR 3.3.5.2.2 SR 3.3.5.2.4 SR 3.3.5.2.5 SR 3.3.5.2.6	≤ 222.5 inches
3.	Condensate Storage Tank Level – Low	4	D	SR 3.3.5.2.3 SR 3.3.5.2.6	≥ 59.5 inches
4.	Manual Initiation	1	с	SR 3.3.5.2.6	NA

Table 3.3.5.2-1 (page 1 of 1) Reactor Core Isolation Cooling System Instrumentation

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

3.3.6.1 Primary Containment Isolation Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.6.1 The primary containment isolation instrumentation for each Function in Table 3.3.6.1-1 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: According to Table 3.3.6.1-1.

ACTIONS

 Penetration flow paths may be unisolated intermittently under administrative controls.

2. Separate Condition entry is allowed for each channel.

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	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	One or more required channels inoperable.	A.1	Place channel in trip.	12 hours for Functions 2.a, 2.b, 2.d, 2.g, 5.e, 5.f, 6.b, 7.a, and 7.b <u>AND</u>
				24 hours for Functions other than Functions 2.a, 2.b, 2.d, 2.g, 5.e, 5.f, 6.b, 7.a, and 7.b
В.	One or more Functions with isolation capability not maintained.	B.1	Restore isolation capability.	1 hour

ACTI	ONS (continued)			
	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
С.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met.	C.1	Enter the Condition referenced in Table 3.3.6.1-1 for the channel.	Immediately
D.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.6.1-1.	D.1 <u>OR</u>	Isolate associated main steam line (MSL).	12 hours
		D.2.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
		AND		
		D.2.2	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours
Ε.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.6.1-1.	E.1	Be in MODE 2.	6 hours
F.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.6.1-1.	F.1	Isolate the affected penetration flow path(s).	1 hour
G.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.6.1-1.	G.1	Isolate the affected penetration flow path(s).	24 hours

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Н.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition F or G not met. <u>OR</u> As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.6.1-1.	H.1 <u>AND</u> H.2	Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 4.	12 hours 36 hours
Ι.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.6.1-1.	I.1 OR	Declare associated standby liquid control subsystem (SLC) inoperable.	1 hour
		I.2	Isolate the Reactor Water Cleanup System.	1 hour
J.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.6.1-1.	J.1 <u>OR</u>	Initiate action to restore channel to OPERABLE status.	Immediately
		J.2	Initiate action to isolate the Residual Heat Removal (RHR) Shutdown Cooling System.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- Refer to Table 3.3.6.1-1 to determine which SRs apply for each Primary Containment Isolation Function.
- 2. When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed as follows: (a) for up to 6 hours for Functions 2.d, 2.g, 7.a, and 7.b; and (b) for up to 6 hours for Functions other than 2.d, 2.g, 7.a, and 7.b provided the associated Function maintains isolation capability.

<u></u>	- ne	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR	3.3.6.1.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	12 hours
SR	3.3.6.1.2	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	92 days
SR	3.3.6.1.3	For Functions 1.f and 2.f, radiation detectors are excluded. Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	92 days
SR	3.3.6.1.4	Calibrate the trip units.	184 days
SR	3.3.6.1.5	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	24 months
SR	3.3.6.1.6	Calibrate the radiation detectors.	24 months
SR	3.3.6.1.7	Perform LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST.	24 months

SURVEILLANCE REQ	UIREMENTS (continued)				
	SURVEILLANCE				
SR 3.3.6.1.8	"n" equals 2 channels for the purpose of determining the STAGGERED TEST BASIS Frequency. Verify the ISOLATION INSTRUMENTATION RESPONSE TIME is within limits.	24 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS			

Table 3.3.6.1-1 (page 1 of 6) Primary Containment Isolation Instrumentation

	FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER TRIP SYSTEM	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION C.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
. Ma	in Steam Line Isolation					
a.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - Low Low Low (Level 1)	1,2,3	2	D	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7 SR 3.3.6.1.8	≥ 18 inches
b.	Main Steam Line Pressure – Low	1	2	E	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7 SR 3.3.6.1.8	≥ 825 psig
c.	Main Steam Line Flow - High	1,2,3	2 per MSL	D	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7 SR 3.3.6.1.8	≤ 125.9 psid
d.	Condenser Vacuum - Low	1, 2 ^(a) , 3 ^(a)	2	D	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≥ 8 inches Hg vacuum
e.	Main Steam Tunnel Area Temperature – High	1,2,3	8	D	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 195°F
f.	Main Steam Line Radiation - High	1.2,3	2	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.6 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 3 times Normal Full Power Background

(a) With any turbine stop valve not closed.

(b) Not used.

Table 3.3.6.1-1 (page 2 of 6) Primary Containment Isolation Instrumentation

	FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER TRIP SYSTEM	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION C.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
	rimary Containment solation					
a.	. Reactor Vessel Water Level - Low (Level 3)	1,2,3	2	H	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≥ 177 inches
þ.	. Drywell Pressure-High	1.2.3	2	н	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 2.7 psig
C	. Containment Radiation - High	1,2,3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 450 R/hr
d	. Drywell Pressure-High	1,2,3	2 ^(c)	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 2.7 psig
e	. Reactor Vessel Water Level - Low Low Low (Level 1)	1,2,3	2	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≥ 18 inches
f	. Main Steam Line Radiation - High	1,2,3	2	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.6 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 3 times Normal Full Power Background
g	n. Reactor Vessel Water Level – Low (Level 3)	1.2.3	2(c)	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≥ 177 inches

(continued)

(b) Not used.

(c) Only one trip system provided for each associated penetration.

Table 3.3.6.1-1 (page 3 of 6) Primary Containment Isolation Instrumentation

	FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER TRIP SYSTEM	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION C.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
Inj	h Pressure Coolant jection (HPCI) System lation					
	HPCI Steam Line Flow — High	1.2,3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 168.24 inches of water dP
b.	HPCI Steam Supply Line Pressure - Low	1,2,3	2	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≥ 61 psig and ≤ 90 psig
c.	HPCI Turbine Exhaust Diaphragm Pressure – High	1,2,3	2	F	SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 9.9 psig
d.	HPCI Steam Line Penetration (Drywell Entrance) Area Temperature - High	1,2,3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 160°F
e.	HPCI Steam Line Torus Room Area Temperature – High	1.2.3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 160°F
f.	RHR Heat Exchanger A Area Temperature – High	1.2.3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 170°F
g.	RHR Heat Exchanger B Area Temperature – High	1.2,3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 170°F
h.	RB Southwest Area of Elevation 272' Temperature - High	1.2.3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 144°F
i.	RB Southeast Area of Elevation 272' Temperature - High	1.2.3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 144°F
						(continue

Table 3.3.6.1-1 (page 4 of 6) Primary Containment Isolation Instrumentation

		FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER TRIP SYSTEM	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION C.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
3.		I System Isolation ntinued)					
	j.	HPCI Equipment Area Temperature - High	1.2.3	2	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 144°F
4.	Coo	ctor Core Isolation ling (RCIC) System lation					
	a.	RCIC Steam Line Flow — High	1.2.3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 272.26 inches of water dP
	b.	RCIC Steam Supply Line Pressure - Low	1,2,3	2	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≥ 58 psig and ≤ 93 psig
	c.	RCIC Turbine Exhaust Diaphragm Pressure - High	1,2,3	2	F	SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤5 psig
	d.	RCIC Steam Line Penetration (Drywell Entrance) Area Temperature - High	1,2,3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 160°F
	e.	RCIC Steam Line Torus Room Area Temperature - High	1.2.3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 160°F
	f.	RCIC Equipment Area Temperature - High	1.2.3	2	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 144°F

Table 3.3.6.1-1 (page 5 of 6) Primary Containment Isolation Instrumentation

		FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER TRIP SYSTEM	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION C.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
5.		ctor Water Cleanup CU) System Isolation					
	a.	RWCU Suction Line Penetration Area Temperature - High	1.2.3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 144°F
	b.	RWCU Pump Area Temperature - High	1,2.3	1 per room	F	SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 165°F for Pump Room A and ≤ 175°F for Pump Room B
	c.	RWCU Heat Exchanger Room Area Temperature - High	1,2,3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 155°F
	d.	SLC System Initiation	1,2	2 ^(d)	Ι	SR 3.3.6.1.7	NA
	e.	Reactor Vessel Water Level – Low (Level 3)	1,2,3	2	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≥ 177 inches
	f.	Drywell Pressure - High	1,2,3	2	F	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 2.7 psig
6.		utdown Cooling System Dation					
	a.	Reactor Pressure – High	1,2,3	1	F	SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 74 psig
	b.	Reactor Vessel Water Level – Low (Level 3)	3,4,5	2 ^(e)	J	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≥ 177 inches

(continued)

(d) SLC System Initiation only inputs into one of the two trip systems and only isolates one valve in the RWCU suction and return line.

(e) Only one trip system required in MODES 4 and 5 when RHR Shutdown Cooling System integrity maintained.

Table 3.3.6.1-1 (page 6 of 6) Primary Containment Isolation Instrumentation

FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER TRIP SYSTEM	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION C.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
rsing Incore Probe m Isolation					
eactor Vessel Water evel-Low (Level 3)	1,2,3	2	G	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≥ 177 inches
rywell ressure - High	1.2.3	2	G	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.4 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 2.7 psig

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

3.3.6.2 Secondary Containment Isolation Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.6.2 The secondary containment isolation instrumentation for each Function in Table 3.3.6.2-1 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: According to Table 3.3.6.2-1.

ACTIONS

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each channel.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	One or more channels inoperable.	A.1	Place channel in trip.	12 hours for Functions 1 and 2 <u>AND</u> 24 hours for Functions 3 and 4
В.	One or more Functions with secondary containment isolation capability not maintained.	B.1	Restore secondary containment isolation capability.	1 hour
С.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met.	C.1.1	Isolate the associated secondary containment penetration flow path(s).	1 hour
		<u>OR</u>		(continued)
				(continued)

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME	
C. (continued)	ntinued) C.1.2 Dec sec iso inc		1 hour	
	AND			
	C.2.1	Place the associated standby gas treatment (SGT) subsystem(s) in operation.	1 hour	
	<u>OR</u>			
	C.2.2	Declare associated SGT subsystem(s) inoperable.	1 hour	

ACTIONS

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

 Refer to Table 3.3.6.2-1 to determine which SRs apply for each Secondary Containment Isolation Function.

2. When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed for up to 6 hours provided the associated Function maintains secondary containment isolation capability.

 SURVEILLANCE
 FREQUENCY

 SR 3.3.6.2.1
 Perform CHANNEL CHECK.
 12 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)					
	FREQUENCY				
3.3.6.2.2	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	92 days			
3.3.6.2.3	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION	92 days			
3.3.6.2.4	Calibrate the trip units.	184 days			
3.3.6.2.5	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	24 months			
3.3.6.2.6	Perform LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST.	24 months			
	3.3.6.2.2 3.3.6.2.3 3.3.6.2.4 3.3.6.2.5	SURVEILLANCE3.3.6.2.2Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.3.3.6.2.3Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION3.3.6.2.4Calibrate the trip units.3.3.6.2.5Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.			

	FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER TRIP SYSTEM	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
1.	Reactor Vessel Water Level – Low (Level 3)	1,2,3, (a)	2	SR 3.3.6.2.1 SR 3.3.6.2.2 SR 3.3.6.2.4 SR 3.3.6.2.5 SR 3.3.6.2.6	≥ 177 inches
2.	Drywell Pressure - High	1,2,3	2	SR 3.3.6.2.1 SR 3.3.6.2.2 SR 3.3.6.2.4 SR 3.3.6.2.5 SR 3.3.6.2.6	≤ 2.7 psig
3.	Reactor Building Exhaust Radiation – High	1,2,3, (a),(b)	1	SR 3.3.6.2.1 SR 3.3.6.2.3 SR 3.3.6.2.6	≤ 24,800 cpm
4.	Refueling Floor Exhaust Radiation - High	1,2,3, (a),(b)	1	SR 3.3.6.2.1 SR 3.3.6.2.3 SR 3.3.6.2.6	≤ 2 4.8 00 cpm

Table 3.3.6.2.1 (page 1 of 1) Secondary Containment Isolation Instrumentation

(a) During operations with a potential for draining the reactor vessel.

(b) During CORE ALTERATIONS and during movement of irradiated fuel assemblies in secondary containment.

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

- 3.3.7.1 Control Room Emergency Ventilation Air Supply (CREVAS) System Instrumentation
- LCO 3.3.7.1 The Control Room Air Inlet Radiation-High channel shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2 and 3, During movement of irradiated fuel assemblies in the secondary containment, During CORE ALTERATIONS, During operations with a potential for draining the reactor vessel.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A. Channel inoperable.	A.1	Place the CREVAS System in the isolate mode of operation.	1 hour
	<u>OR</u> A.2	Declare both CREVAS subsystems inoperable.	1 hour

CREVAS System Instrumentation 3.3.7.1

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

When the channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into the Condition and Required Actions may be delayed for up to 6 hours.

SURVEILLANCEFREQUENCYSR 3.3.7.1.1Perform CHANNEL CHECK.12 hoursSR 3.3.7.1.2Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION. The
Allowable Value shall be ≤ 4000 cpm.92 days

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

3.3.7.2 Condenser Air Removal Pump Isolation Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.7.2 Four channels of the Main Steam Line Radiation-High Function for the condenser air removal pump isolation shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2 with any condenser air removal pump not isolated and any main steam line not isolated.

ACTIONS

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each channel.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME 24 hours
A. One or more required channels inoperable.	A.1 <u>OR</u>	Restore channel to OPERABLE status.	
	A.2	Not applicable if inoperable channel is the result of an inoperable isolation valve.	
		Place channel or associated trip system in trip.	24 hours

Condenser Air Removal Pump Isolation Instrumentation 3.3.7.2

ACTI	ACTIONS (continued)					
	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME		
В.	Condenser air removal pump isolation capability not maintained.	B.1	Restore isolation capability.	1 hour		
С.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met.	C.1 <u>OR</u>	Isolate the condenser air removal pumps.	12 hours		
		C.2	Isolate the main steam lines.	12 hours		
		<u>OR</u>				
		C.3	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours		

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed for up to 6 hours provided the associated Function maintains condenser air removal pump isolation capability.

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.7.2.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	12 hours

Condenser Air Removal Pump Isolation Instrumentation 3.3.7.2

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

		FREQUENCY	
SR	3.3.7.2.2	NOTE Radiation detectors are excluded.	
		Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION. The Allowable Value shall be ≤ 3 times Normal Full Power Background.	92 days
SR	3.3.7.2.3	Calibrate the radiation detectors.	24 months
SR	3.3.7.2.4	Perform LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST including isolation valve actuation.	24 months

Emergency Service Water (ESW) System Instrumentation 3.3.7.3

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

- 3.3.7.3 Emergency Service Water (ESW) System Instrumentation
- LCO 3.3.7.3 Four channels of ESW pressure instrumentation shall be OPERABLE.
- APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2 and 3.

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
Α.	One or more channels inoperable.	A.1	Place channel in trip.	24 hours
В.	Initiation capability not maintained in both logic systems.	B.1	Restore initiation capability.	1 hour
С.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met.	C.1	Declare associated ESW subsystem(s) inoperable.	Immediately

Emergency Service Water (ESW) System Instrumentation 3.3.7.3

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed for up to 6 hours provided the ESW pressure instrumentation maintains initiation capability.

	·····	FREQUENCY	
SR	3.3.7.3.1	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION. The Allowable Value shall be \ge 40 psig and \le 50 psig.	92 days
SR	3.3.7.3.2	Perform LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST.	24 months

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

- 3.3.8.1 Loss of Power (LOP) Instrumentation
- LCO 3.3.8.1 The LOP instrumentation for each Function in Table 3.3.8.1-1 shall be OPERABLE.
- APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3, When the associated emergency diesel generator (EDG) subsystem is required to be OPERABLE by LCO 3.8.2, "AC Sources - Shutdown."

ACTIONS

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each channel.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	One or more channels inoperable.	A.1	Place channel in trip.	1 hour
В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1	Declare associated EDG(s) inoperable.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

Refer to Table 3.3.8.1-1 to determine which SRs apply for each LOP Function.

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.8.1.1	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	24 months
SR 3.3.8.1.2	Perform LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST.	24 months

Table 3.3.8.1-1 (page 1 of 1) Loss of Power Instrumentation

FUNCTION	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER BUS	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
. 4.16 kV Emergency Bus Undervoltage (Loss of Voltage)			
a. Bus Undervoltage	2	SR 3.3.8.1.1 SR 3.3.8.1.2	\ge 80.2 V and \le 89.8 V
b. Time Delay	1	SR 3.3.8.1.1 SR 3.3.8.1.2	≥ 2.4 seconds and ≤ 2.6 seconds
 4.16 kV Emergency Bus Undervoltage (Degraded Voltage) 			
a. Bus Undervoltage	2	SR 3.3.8.1.1 SR 3.3.8.1.2	≥ 109.8 V and ≤ 111.4 V
b. Time Delay (LOCA)	1	SR 3.3.8.1.1 SR 3.3.8.1.2	≥ 8.4 seconds and ≤ 9.5 seconds
c. Time Delay (non-LOCA)	1	SR 3.3.8.1.1 SR 3.3.8.1.2	≥ 41.0 seconds and ≤ 46.6 seconds

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

3.3.8.2 Reactor Protection System (RPS) Electric Power Monitoring

- LCO 3.3.8.2 Two RPS electric power monitoring assemblies shall be OPERABLE for each inservice RPS motor generator set or alternate power supply.
- APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2, MODES 3, 4, and 5 with any control rod withdrawn from a core cell containing one or more fuel assemblies.

ACTI	ACTIONS				
	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME	
Α.	One or both inservice power supplies with one electric power monitoring assembly inoperable.	A.1	Remove associated inservice power supply(s) from service.	72 hours	
В.	One or both inservice power supplies with both electric power monitoring assemblies inoperable.	B.1	Remove associated inservice power supply(s) from service.	1 hour	
C.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met in MODE 1 or 2.	C.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours	

ACTIONS (continued)

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
D. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met in MODE 3, 4, or 5 with any control rod withdrawn from a core cell containing one or more fuel assemblies.	D.1 Initiate action to fully insert all insertable control rods in core cells containing one or more fuel assemblies.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.8.2.1	Only required to be performed prior to entering MODE 2 from MODE 3 or 4, when in MODE 4 for ≥ 24 hours. Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	184 days

RPS Electric Power Monitoring 3.3.8.2

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

		SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR	3.3.8.2.2 Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION of the electric power monitoring assemblies associated with the inservice RPS motor generator sets. The Allowable Values shall be:		24 months
		a. Overvoltage ≤ 132 V, with time delay set to ≤ 4 seconds.	
		b. Undervoltage \ge 112.5 V for RPS bus A and \ge 113.9 V for RPS bus B, with time delay set to \le 4 seconds.	
		c. Underfrequency ≥ 57 Hz, with time delay set to ≤ 4 seconds.	
SR	3.3.8.2.3	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION of the electric power monitoring assemblies associated with the inservice alternate power supplies. The Allowable Values shall be:	24 months
		a. Overvoltage ≤ 132 V, with time delay set to ≤ 4 seconds.	
		b. Undervoltage ≥ 109.9 V, with time delay set to ≤ 4 seconds.	
		c. Underfrequency ≥ 57 Hz, with time delay set to ≤ 4 seconds.	
SR	3.3.8.2.4	Perform a system functional test.	24 months

Recirculation Loops Operating 3.4.1

3.4 REACTOR COOLANT SYSTEM (RCS)

3.4.1 Recirculation Loops Operating

LCO 3.4.1 Two recirculation loops with matched flows shall be in operation and the reactor operating at core flow and THERMAL POWER conditions outside the Exclusion Region of the power-to-flow map specified in the COLR.

OR

One recirculation loop shall be in operation and the reactor operating at core flow and THERMAL POWER conditions outside the Exclusion Region of the power-to-flow map specified in the COLR with the following limits applied when the associated LCO is applicable:

- a. LCO 3.2.1, "AVERAGE PLANAR LINEAR HEAT GENERATION RATE (APLHGR)," single loop operation limits specified in the COLR;
- b. LCO 3.2.2, "MINIMUM CRITICAL POWER RATIO (MCPR)," single loop operation limits specified in the COLR;
- c. LCO 3.3.1.1, "Reactor Protection System (RPS) Instrumentation," Function 2.b (Average Power Range Monitors Neutron Flux-High (Flow Biased)), Allowable Value of Table 3.3.1.1-1 is reset for single loop operation; and
- d. LCO 3.3.2.1, "Control Rod Block Instrumentation," Function 1.a (Rod Block Monitor – Upscale), Allowable Value of Table 3.3.2.1-1 is reset for single loop operation.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

ACTIONS

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	One or two recirculation loops in operation with core flow and THERMAL POWER conditions within the Exclusion Region of the power-to-flow map.	A.1	Initiate action to exit the Exclusion Region.	Immediately
В.	Requirements of the LCO not met for reasons other than Condition A.	B.1	Satisfy the requirements of the LCO.	24 hours
C.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met. <u>OR</u> No recirculation loops in operation.	C.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours

Recirculation Loops Operating 3.4.1

		FREQUENCY	
SR	3.4.1.1	NOTE Only required to be performed in MODE 1. Verify reactor operating at core flow and THERMAL POWER conditions outside the Exclusion Region of the power-to-flow map specified in the COLR.	12 hours
SR	3.4.1.2	 Not required to be performed until 24 hours after both recirculation loops are in operation. Verify recirculation loop jet pump flow mismatch with both recirculation loops in operation is: a. ≤ 10% of rated core flow when operating at < 70% of rated core flow; and b. ≤ 5% of rated core flow when operating at ≥ 70% of rated core flow. 	24 hours

Jet Pumps 3.4.2

- 3.4 REACTOR COOLANT SYSTEM (RCS)
- 3.4.2 Jet Pumps

LCO 3.4.2 All jet pumps shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or more jet pumps inoperable.	A.1 Be in MODE 3.	12 hours

SR 3.4.2.1NOTES 1. Not required to be performed until 4 hours after associated recirculation loop is in operation. 2. Not required to be performed until 24 hours after > 25% RTP. Verify at least one of the following criteria (a or b) is satisfied for each operating recirculation loop: a. Recirculation pump flow to speed ratio differs by ≤ 5% from established patterns, and recirculation loop jet pump flow to recirculation pump speed ratio differs by ≤ 5% from established patterns. b. Each jet pump diffuser to lower plenum differential pressure differs by ≤ 20% from established patterns.		SURVEILLANCE						
	SR 3.4.2.1	 Not required to be performed until 4 hours after associated recirculation loop is in operation. Not required to be performed until 24 hours after > 25% RTP. Verify at least one of the following criteria (a or b) is satisfied for each operating recirculation loop: a. Recirculation pump flow to speed ratio differs by ≤ 5% from established patterns, and recirculation loop jet pump flow to recirculation pump speed ratio differs by ≤ 5% from established patterns. b. Each jet pump diffuser to lower plenum differential pressure differs by ≤ 20% 	24 hours					

- 3.4 REACTOR COOLANT SYSTEM (RCS)
- 3.4.3 Safety/Relief Valves (S/RVs)

LCO 3.4.3 The safety function of 9 S/RVs shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A. One or more required S/RVs inoperable.	A.1 <u>AND</u>	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
	A.2	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours

		SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR	3.4.3.1	Verify the safety function lift setpoint of the required S/RVs is 1145 ± 34.3 psig. Following testing, lift settings shall be within $\pm 1\%$.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
SR	3.4.3.2	Not required to be performed until 12 hours after reactor steam pressure and flow are adequate to perform the test. Verify each required S/RV opens when manually actuated.	24 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS for each valve solenoid

3.4 REACTOR COOLANT SYSTEM (RCS)

3.4.4 RCS Operational LEAKAGE

- LCO 3.4.4 RCS operational LEAKAGE shall be limited to:
 - a. No pressure boundary LEAKAGE;
 - b. ≤ 5 gpm unidentified LEAKAGE;
 - c. \leq 25 gpm total LEAKAGE averaged over the previous 24 hour period; and
 - d. \leq 2 gpm increase in unidentified LEAKAGE within the previous 24 hour period in MODE 1.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3.

ACTIONS

	CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
Α.	Unidentified LEAKAGE not within limit. <u>OR</u> Total LEAKAGE not within limit.	A.1	Reduce LEAKAGE to within limits.	4 hours
Β.	Unidentified LEAKAGE increase not within limit.	В.1 <u>OR</u>	Reduce unidentified LEAKAGE increase to within limits.	4 hours
				(continued)

ACTIONS

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Β.	(continued)	В.2	Verify source of unidentified LEAKAGE increase is not service sensitive type 304 or type 316 austenitic stainless steel.	4 hours
C.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met. <u>OR</u> Pressure boundary LEAKAGE exists.	C.1 <u>AND</u> C.2	Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 4.	12 hours 36 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.4.1	Verify RCS unidentified and total LEAKAGE and unidentified LEAKAGE increase are within limits.	4 hours

3.4 REACTOR COOLANT SYSTEM (RCS)

- 3.4.5 RCS Leakage Detection Instrumentation
- LCO 3.4.5 The following RCS leakage detection instrumentation shall be OPERABLE:
 - a. Drywell floor drain sump monitoring system;
 - b. One channel of the drywell continuous atmospheric particulate monitoring system; and
 - c. One channel of the drywell continuous atmospheric gaseous monitoring system.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3.

ACTIONS

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	Drywell floor drain sump monitoring system inoperable.		.4 is not applicable. Restore drywell floor drain sump monitoring system to OPERABLE status.	30 days
В.	One drywell continuous atmospheric monitoring system inoperable.	B.1	Not applicable when both drywell continuous atmospheric monitoring systems are inoperable. Perform SR 3.4.5.1.	Once per 8 hours

RCS Leakage Detection Instrumentation 3.4.5

ACTIONS (continued)

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
C.	Both drywell continuous atmospheric monitoring systems inoperable.	C.1 Analyze grab samples		Once per
			of drywell atmosphere.	12 hours
		AND		
		C.2	Restore one drywell continuous atmospheric monitoring system to OPERABLE status.	30 days
D.	associated Completion	D.1	Be in MODE 3.	12 hours
	Time of Condition A, B, or C not met.	AND		26 hours
		D.2	Be in MODE 4.	36 hours
Ε.	All required leakage detection systems inoperable.	E.1	Enter LCO 3.0.3.	Immediately

RCS Leakage Detection Instrumentation 3.4.5

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed for up to 6 hours provided the other required leakage detection instrumentation is OPERABLE.

		FREQUENCY	
SR	3.4.5.1	Perform a CHANNEL CHECK of drywell continuous atmospheric monitoring systems.	12 hours
SR	3.4.5.2	Perform a CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST of required leakage detection instrumentation.	31 days
SR	3.4.5.3	Perform a CHANNEL CALIBRATION of required leakage detection instrumentation.	92 days

- 3.4 REACTOR COOLANT SYSTEM (RCS)
- 3.4.6 RCS Specific Activity
- LCO 3.4.6 The specific activity of the reactor coolant shall be limited to DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 specific activity \leq 0.2 μ Ci/gm.
- APPLICABILITY: MODE 1, MODES 2 and 3 with any main steam line not isolated.

ACTIONS

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	Reactor coolant specific activity > 0.2 µCi/gm and ≤ 2.0 µCi/gm DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131.	LCO 3. A.1 <u>AND</u> A.2	Determine DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131. Restore DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 to within limits.	Once per 4 hours 48 hours
В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met. $\frac{OR}{Reactor \ coolant}$ specific activity > 2.0 μ Ci/gm DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131.	B.1 <u>AND</u> B.2.1 <u>OR</u>	Determine DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131. Isolate all main steam lines.	Once per 4 hours 12 hours
				(continued)

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
B. (continued)	B.2.2.1 Be in MODE 3. AND	12 hours
	B.2.2.2 Be in MODE 4.	36 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.6.1	Only required to be performed in MODE 1.	
	Verify reactor coolant DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 specific activity is ≤ 0.2 µCi/gm.	7 days

RHR Shutdown Cooling System-Hot Shutdown 3.4.7

3.4 REACTOR COOLANT SYSTEM (RCS)

3.4.7 Residual Heat Removal (RHR) Shutdown Cooling System-Hot Shutdown

LCO 3.4.7 Two RHR shutdown cooling subsystems shall be OPERABLE.

One RHR shutdown cooling subsystem may be inoperable for up to 2 hours for the performance of Surveillances.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 3, with reactor steam dome pressure less than the RHR cut in permissive pressure.

ACTIONS

1. LCO 3.0.4 is not applicable.

 Separate Condition entry is allowed for each RHR shutdown cooling subsystem.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or two RHR shutdown cooling subsystems inoperable.	A.1	Initiate action to restore RHR shutdown cooling subsystem(s) to OPERABLE status.	Immediately
	AND		
	A.2	Verify an alternate method of decay heat removal is available for each inoperable RHR shutdown cooling subsystem.	1 hour
	AND		
	A.3	Be in MODE 4.	24 hours

RHR Shutdown Cooling System-Hot Shutdown 3.4.7

		SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4	1.7.1	Not required to be met until 2 hours after reactor steam dome pressure is less than the RHR cut in permissive pressure. Verify each required RHR shutdown cooling subsystem manual, power operated, and automatic valve in the flow path that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, is in the correct position, or can be aligned to the correct position.	31 days

RHR Shutdown Cooling System-Cold Shutdown 3.4.8

3.4 REACTOR COOLANT SYSTEM (RCS)

3.4.8 Residual Heat Removal (RHR) Shutdown Cooling System-Cold Shutdown

LCO 3.4.8 Two RHR shutdown cooling subsystems shall be OPERABLE.

One RHR shutdown cooling subsystem may be inoperable for up to 2 hours for the performance of Surveillances.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 4.

ACTIONS

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each shutdown cooling subsystem.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or two RHR shutdown cooling subsystems inoperable.	A.1 Verify an alternate method of decay heat removal is available for each inoperable RHR shutdown cooling subsystem.	1 hour <u>AND</u> Once per 24 hours thereafter

RHR Shutdown Cooling System-Cold Shutdown 3.4.8

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.8.1	Verify each RHR shutdown cooling subsystem manual, power operated, and automatic valve in the flow path that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, is in the correct position, or can be aligned to the correct position.	31 days

3.4 REACTOR COOLANT SYSTEM (RCS)

3.4.9 RCS Pressure and Temperature (P/T) Limits

LCO 3.4.9 RCS pressure, RCS temperature, RCS heatup and cooldown rates, and the recirculation pump starting temperature requirements shall be maintained within limits.

APPLICABILITY: At all times.

ACTIONS

	CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME	
Α.	NOTE Required Action A.2 shall be completed if this Condition is entered. Requirements of the LCO not met in MODE 1, 2, or 3.	A.1 <u>AND</u> A.2	Restore parameter(s) to within limits. Determine RCS is acceptable for continued operation.	30 minutes 72 hours	
В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1 <u>AND</u> B.2	Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 4.	12 hours 36 hours	

ACTIONS (continued) CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
CNOTE Required Action C.2 shall be completed i this Condition is entered.		Initiate action to restore parameter(s) to within limits.	Immediately
Requirements of the LCO not met in other than MODES 1, 2, and 3.	C.2	Determine RCS is acceptable for operation.	Prior to entering MODE 2 or 3

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

		FREQUENCY			
SR	SR 3.4.9.1 Only required to be performed during RCS heatup and cooldown operations and RCS inservice leak and hydrostatic testing.				
		Veri	ту:		30 minutes
		a.	with Figu	pressure and RCS temperature are in the limits specified in ire 3.4.9-1 or Figure 3.4.9-2, as icable; and	
		b.		temperature change averaged over a hour period is:	
				≤ 100°F when the RCS pressure and RCS temperature are on or to the right of curve C of Figure 3.4.9-1 or Figure 3.4.9-2, as applicable, during inservice leak and hydrostatic testing;	
				≤ 20°F when the RCS pressure and RCS temperature are to the left of curve C of Figure 3.4.9-1 or Figure 3.4.9-2, as applicable, during inservice leak and hydrostatic testing; and	
				≤ 100°F during other heatup and cooldown operations.	

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

		SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR	3.4.9.2	Verify RCS pressure and RCS temperature are within the criticality limits specified in Figure 3.4.9-1 or Figure 3.4.9-2, as applicable.	Once within 15 minutes prior to control rod withdrawal for the purpose of achieving criticality
SR	3.4.9.3	 Only required to be met in MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4 during recirculation pump startup. Not required to be performed if SR 3.4.9.4 is satisfied. 	
		Verify the difference between the bottom head coolant temperature and the reactor pressure vessel (RPV) coolant temperature is ≤ 145°F.	Once within 15 minutes prior to each startup of a recirculation pump
SR	3.4.9.4	 Only required to be met in MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4 during recirculation pump startup. Not required to be met if SR 3.4.9.3 is satisfied. 	
		Verify the active recirculation pump flow exceeds 40% of rated pump flow or the active recirculation pump has been operating below 40% rated flow for a period no longer than 30 minutes.	Once within 15 minutes prior to each startup of a recirculation pump

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

		SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR	3.4.9.5	NOTE Only required to be met in MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4 during recirculation pump startup. Verify the difference between the reactor coolant temperature in the recirculation loop to be started and the RPV coolant temperature is $\leq 50^{\circ}$ F.	Once within 15 minutes prior to each startup of a recirculation pump
SR	3.4.9.6	NOTE- Only required to be performed when tensioning the reactor vessel head bolting studs. Verify, when the reactor vessel head bolting studs are under tension, reactor vessel flange and head flange temperatures are ≥ 90°F.	30 minutes
SR	3.4.9.7	Not required to be performed until 30 minutes after RCS temperature ≤ 100°F with any reactor vessel head bolting stud tensioned. Verify, when the reactor vessel head bolting studs are under tension, reactor vessel flange and head flange temperatures are ≥ 90°F.	30 minutes

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SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.9.8	Not required to be performed until 12 hours after RCS temperature ≤ 120°F with any reactor vessel head bolting stud tensioned. Verify, when the reactor vessel head bolting studs are under tension, reactor vessel flange and head flange temperatures are ≥ 90°F.	12 hours

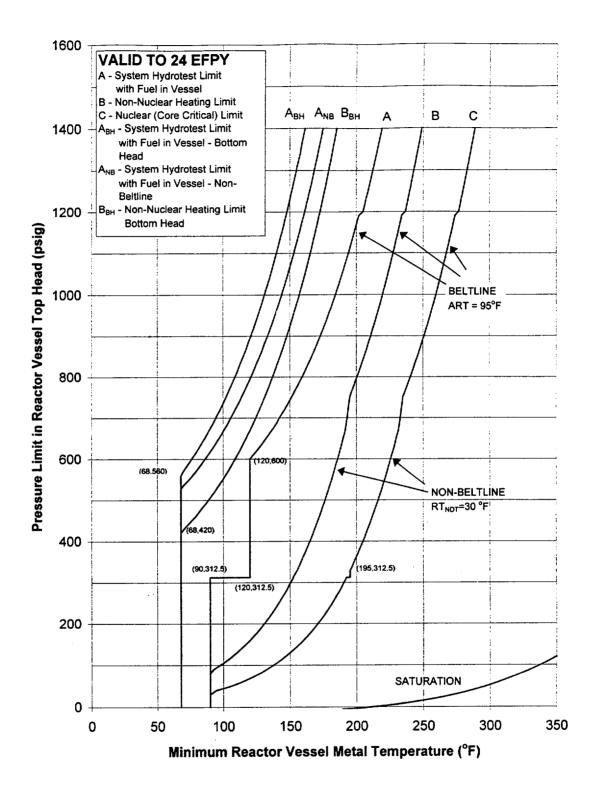


Figure 3.4.9-1 (page 1 of 1) Reactor Coolant System Pressure and Temperature Limits through 24 Effective Full Power Years (EFPY)

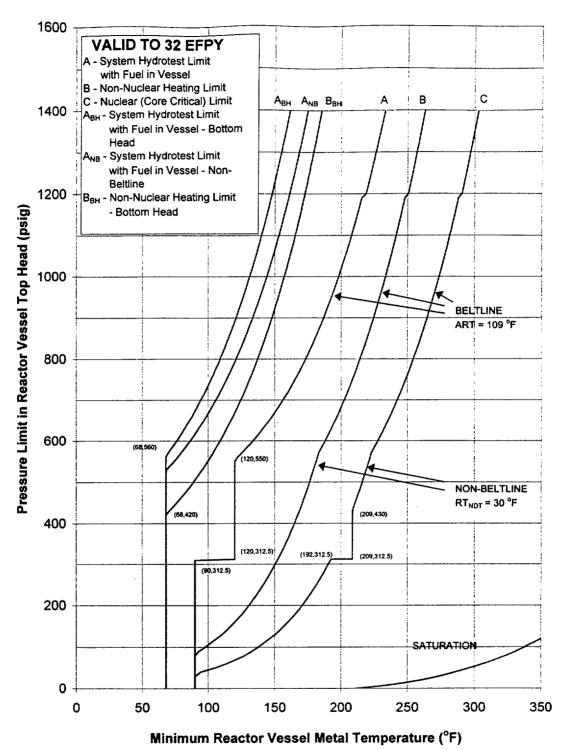


Figure 3.4.9-2 (page 1 of 1) Reactor Coolant System Pressure and Temperature Limits through 32 Effective Full Power Years (EFPY)